Supporting Information

Synthesis of Tetrahydro-β-Carbolines via Isomerization of N-Allyltryptamines: A Metal-Catalyzed Variation on the Pictet-Spengler Theme

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General Methods

Unless otherwise stated, all reactions were run under an argon atmosphere. The glassware was dried over a Bunsen flame under vacuum, before contact with any of the reactants or solvents. All flasks were equipped with a rubber-septum, through which transport of chemicals, from or to the flask, was performed by use of a syringe equipped with a needle. Solvents were typically freshly distilled or dried over molecular sieves. All reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC), reversed-phase high-performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC), and/or reversed-phase ultra-performance liquid chromatography mass spectrometry (RP-UPLC/MS).

All solvents were of HPLC quality, and all commercially available reagents were used without further purification. Typically all new compounds were characterized with ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR, IR, TLC, RP-HPLC, MS (ESI), HRMS (ESI) and melting point. Some compounds were characterized by HSQC, HMBC and/or melting point. Known compounds were characterized with ¹H- and ¹³C NMR, TLC, RP-HPLC and MS alone. Intermediates, *N*-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (**3j**), *N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine, *N*-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine, and *N*-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine were only characterized by ¹H NMR.

In vacuo evaporation of solvents was performed using a rotary evaporator under house vacuum at various temperatures.

Analytical TLC was conducted using Merck aluminium sheets covered with silicagel C-60 F_{254} . The plates were either visualized under UV-light or stained by dipping in a developing agent followed by heating. KMnO₄ (3 g in H₂O (300 mL) along with K₂CO₃ (20 g) and 5% aqueous NaOH (5 mL)) and/or phosphomolybdic acid (PMA) (10 g in 200 mL EtOH) were used as developing agent.

Flash chromatography was performed using a glass column which was packed with Matrex 60 Å silicagel $(35 - 70 \,\mu\text{m} \text{ particles})$ as stationary phase. The liquid phase is specified in the experimental procedures.

Analytical HPLC was conducted on a Water Alliance 2695 RP-HPLC system using a Symmetry® C-18 column ($d 2.5 \mu m$, 4.6 x 75 mm, column temp: 25 °C flow 1 mL/min) with detection at 215 nm and 254 nm. Eluents A (0.1% TFA in H₂O) and B (0.1% TFA in MeCN) were used in a linear gradient (100% A to 100% B) in a run time of 13 min. HPLC analysis of screening experiments was performed using a linear gradient (100% A to 100% B) in a run time of 23 min.

For the recording of ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR either a Varian Mercury-300 spectrometer (operating at 300 MHz for proton and 75 MHz for carbon), or a Varian Unity Inova-500 spectrometer (operating at 500 MHz for ¹H NMR) were used. HSQC and HMBC were also recorded on a Varian Unity Inova-500 spectrometer. The chemical shifts (δ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) and the coupling constants (*J*) in Hz. Usually DMSO-*d*₆ and CDCl₃ were used as the solvent and signal positions were measured relative to the signal for DMSO (δ 2.50 ppm for ¹H NMR and δ 39.43 ppm for ¹³C NMR) and CHCl₃ (δ 7.26 ppm, for ¹H NMR and δ 77.36 ppm for ¹³C NMR). Multiplicities of peaks in ¹H NMR are given as: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet),), dd (double doublet), ddd (double doublet), tdt (double triplet), tdt (triplet), tdt (triplet), tt (triplet), tt (triplet), tt (triplet), ddq (double doublet), ddq

IR analysis was performed on a Bruker Alpha FT-IR spectrometer and reported in frequency of absorption (cm⁻¹).

Analytical LC/MS (ESI) analysis was performed on a Waters AQUITY RP-UPLC system equipped with a diode array detector using an AQUITY UPLC BEH C-18 column ($d 1.7 \mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm; column temp: 65 °C; flow: 0.6 mL/min). Eluents A (0.1% HCO₂H in H₂O) and B (0.1% HCO₂H in acetonitrile) were used in a linear gradient (5% B to 100% B) in a total run time of 2.6 min. The LC system was coupled to a SQD mass spectrometer. Analytical LC-HRMS (ESI) analysis was performed on an Agilent 1100 RP-LC system equipped with a diode array detector using a Phenomenex Luna C-18 column ($d 3 \mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm; column temp: 40 °C; flow: 0.4 mL/min). Eluents A (0.1% HCO₂H in H₂O) and B (0.1% HCO₂H in acetonitrile) were used in a linear gradient (20% B to 100% B) in a total run time of 15 min. The LC system was coupled to a Micromass LCT orthogonal time-of-flight mass spectrometer equipped with a Lock Mass probe operating in positive electrospray mode.

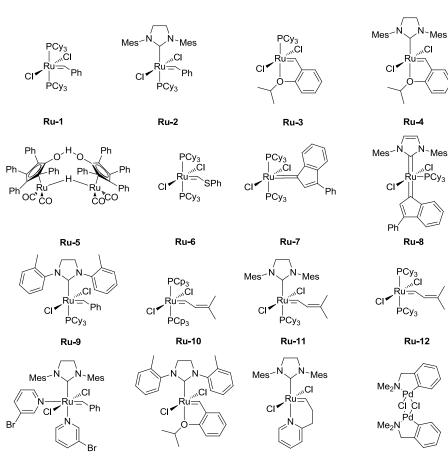
Melting points were measured using a Thomas Hoover capillary melting point apparatus.

Optimization of Metal-Catalyzed THBC Synthesis (1a to 2a)

General method for catalyst screening

Screening experiments were carried out in carousel equipment for parallel synthesis. All reactions were run in 20 - 30 mg scale (0.1 M concentration of starting material). Analysis aliquots of the reaction mixtures were taken out with the tip of a Pasteur pipette, followed by argon flush of the reaction tube. The samples were evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure prior to RP-HPLC analysis.

Structures of selected catalysts



Ru-14

Ru-13

Ru-15

Pd-1

Entry	Catalyst abbreviation	Catalyst name (commercial)
1	Ru-1	Grubbs catalyst 1 st generation
2	Ru-2	Grubbs catalyst 2 nd generation
3	Ru-3	Hoveyda-Grubbs catalyst 1 st generation
4	Ru-4	Hoveyda-Grubbs catalyst 2 nd generation
5	Ru-5	1-Hydroxytetraphenylcyclopentadienyl-(tetraphenyl-2,4- cyclopentadien-1-one)-μ- hydrotetracarbonyldiruthenium(II)
6	Ru-6	Bis(tricyclohexylphosphine)[(phenylthio)methylene]ruthonium (IV) dichloride
7	Ru-7	Bis(tricyclohexylphosphine)-3-phenyl-1H-inden-1- ylideneruthenium(IV) dichloride
8	Ru-8	Tricyclohexylphosphine[1,3-bis(2,4,6- trimethylphenyl)imidazol-2-ylidene][3-phenyl-1H-inden- 1-ylidene]ruthenium(II) dichloride
9	Ru-9	[1,3-Bis(2-methylphenyl)-2- imidazolidinylidene]dichloro(phenylmethylene) (tricyclohexylphosphine)ruthenium(II)
10	Ru-10	Dichloro(3-methyl-2- butenylidene)bis(tricyclopentylphosphine)ruthenium(II))
11	Ru-11	Dichloro[1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-2- imidazolidinylidene](3-methyl-2-butenylidene) (tricyclohexylphosphine)ruthenium(II)
12	Ru-12	Dichloro(3-methyl-2- butenylidene)bis(tricyclohexylphosphine)ruthenium(II)
13	Ru-13	Dichloro[1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-2- imidazolidinylidene](benzylidene)bis(3- bromopyridine)ruthenium(II)
14	Ru-14	Dichloro[1,3-bis(2-methylphenyl)-2- imidazolidinylidene](2- isopropoxyphenylmethylene)ruthenium(II)
15	Ru-15	Dichloro[1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-2- imidazolidinylidene][3-(2- pyridinyl)propylidene]ruthenium(II)
16	Pd-1	Di-µ-chlorobis[2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl- C,N]dipalladium(II)
17	(R)-TRIP	(<i>R</i>)-(–)-3,3'-Bis(triphenylsilyl)-1,1'-binaphthyl-2,2'-diyl hydrogenphosphate

Table SI-1. Catalyst abbreviations and names

	N Ph catalyst (15 mol%) toluene, reflux, 2 h	Ph H
	1a	2a
Entry	Catalyst	Conversion (%) ^{a, b}
1	None	0
2	TFA	0^{c}
3	(R)-TRIP	0^{c}
4	[Rh((<i>S</i> , <i>S</i>)MeBPE)(cod)]BF ₄	100^{d}
5	Rh(cod)Cl dimer	13
6	Rh(PPh ₃) ₃ Cl	100
7	$Rh(acac)(CO)_2$	42
8	$Pd(P(o-tolyl)_3)_2Cl_2$	0
9	$Pd(PPh_3)_4$	100
10	$Pd_2(dba)_3$	63
11	$Pd(PPh_3)_2Cl_2$	0
12	Pd-1	0
13	Pd(cod)Cl ₂	0
14	$Pd(Pt-Bu_3)_2$	100
15	Pd(PhCN) ₂ Cl ₂	0

Table SI-2. Transition metal catalysts for the synthesis of THBC 2a

^a Determined by RP-HPLC (215 nm); ^b Reaction mixtures were generally clean (>85% of 1a and 2a as determined by RP-HPLC); ^c Reaction carried out with 5 mol% of catalyst. ^d The reaction product was analyzed by chiral RP-HPLC and the enantiomeric excess was found to be <1%.

	N Ph catalyst (15 mol%) toluene, reflux, 2 h	N N H		
	1a	2a		
Entry	Catalyst	Conversion (%) ^{a, b}		
1	Ru-1	78		
2	Ru-2	100		
3	Ru-2 + (R)-TRIP	100°		
4	Ru-3	100		
5	Ru-4	100		
6	Ru-5	NA^d		
7	Ru-6	100		
8	Ru-7	100		
9	Ru-8	100		
10	Ru-9	100		
11	Ru-10	100		
12	Ru-11	95		
13	Ru-12	100		
14	Ru-13	100		
15	Ru-14	100		
16	Ru-15	36		
a Dotor	mined by PP UPI C (215 nm); b	Ponction mixtures were		

Table SI-3. Ruthenium catalysts for the synthesis of THBC 2a

^a Determined by RP-HPLC (215 nm); ^b Reaction mixtures were generally clean (>85% of **1a** and **2a** as determined by RP-HPLC); ^c The reaction product was analyzed by chiral RP-HPLC and the enantiomeric excess was found to be 17%; ^d Complex reaction mixture.

	N Ph catalyst (1 mol%) toluene, reflux, 2 h	N H H	'n	
	1a	2a		
Entry	Catalyst	Conversion (%) ^{a, b}		
Entry	Catalyst	6 h	23 h	
1	$[Rh((S,S)MeBPE)(cod)]BF_4$	16	25	
2	Rh(PPh ₃) ₃ Cl	76	100	
3	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	58	66	
4	$Pd(P(t-Bu)_3)_2$	5	14	
5	Ru-2	95	95	
6	Ru-2 + (R)-TRIP	23	25	
7	Ru-3	6	10	
8	Ru-4	30	47	
9	Ru-6	21	40	
10	Ru-7	17	26	
11	Ru-8	29	47	
12	Ru-9	95	100	
13	Ru-10	12	19	
14	Ru-11	19	42	
15	Ru-13	31	55	
16	Ru-14	100	100	

Table SI-4. Transition metal catalysts (1 mol%) for the synthesis of THBC 2a

^a Determined by RP-HPLC (215 nm); ^b Reaction mixtures were generally clean (>85% of 1a and 2a as determined by RP-HPLC).

	N Ph catalyst (0.1 mol%) toluene, reflux, 23 h	N N H
	1a	2a
entry	Catalyst	Conversion (%) ^{a, b}
1	Rh(PPh ₃) ₃ Cl	33
2	RuHCl(CO)(PPh ₃) ₃	14
3	Ru-2	97
4	Ru-9	42
5	Ru-14	95

Table SI-5. Transition metal catalysts (0.1 mol%) for the synthesis of THBC 2a

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^a Determined by RP-HPLC (215 nm); ^b Reaction mixtures were generally clean (>85% of **1a** and **2a** as determined by RP-HPLC).

Synthetic Procedures and Analytical Data for Tryptamine Derivatives

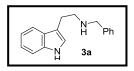
(3a-e, 3j and 1a-s)

N-benzyl-allylamine¹

In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, benzyl bromide (4.99 g, 3.46 mL, 29.2 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred suspension of K₂CO₃ (4.83 g, 35.1 mmol) in allyl amine (13.32 g, 17.5 mL, 233 mmol) over 45 min. The reaction was stirred at rt overnight, whereupon the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 25 mL). The filtrate was then evaporated *in vacuo*, and the crude product was distilled at 3.1 mbar, 75°C (kugehlror) to give the title compound as a clear oil (2.43 g, 57%). R_f = 0.26 (EtOAc; UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 93% (R_t = 4.01 min); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.21 (ddd, *J* = 10.7, 5.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 5.93 – 5.78 (m, 1H), 5.15 (ddd, *J* = 17.3, 3.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.09 – 5.00 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.12 (dd, *J* = 5.7, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (br. s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 140.7, 137.5, 127.9, 127.8, 126.3, 115.0, 52.2, 50.1; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₀H₁₄N [M + H]⁺ 148.1, found 148.1.

N-Benzyltryptamine (3a)²

General procedure (I): Reductive alkylation of tryptamine



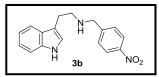
In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, tryptamine (2.50 g, 15.6 mmol) and benzaldehyde (1.66 g, 1.59 mL, 15.6 mmol) were dissolved in MeOH (63 mL). The reaction mixture was added molecular sieves (3Å) and stirred at rt. The reaction was monitored by TLC, and upon full conversion of benzaldehyde (24 h),

solid NaBH₄ (590 mg, 15.6 mmol) was added. After further 16 h of stirring, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which was washed with MeOH (2 x 50 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was taken up in sat. NaHCO₃ (50 mL), H₂O (50 mL) and EtOAc (100 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and washed with H₂O (50 mL) and brine (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo* to give the title compound as a brown oil (3.89g, >95%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. R_f = 0.25 (EtOAc; UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: > 95% (R_t = 5.77min); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.79 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.99 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.91 – 2.74 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 140.8, 136.2, 128.0, 127.9, 127.2, 126.4, 122.5, 120.8, 118.2, 118.0, 112.5, 111.3, 52.8, 49.5, 25.4; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₇H₁₉N₂ [M + H]⁺ 251.2, found 251.3.

¹ Mukharjee. S.; List. B. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2007, 129, 11336-11337

² David. B.; Martin. C.; Vanderwal. C. D. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2009**, 131, 3472-3473

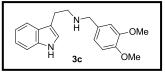
N-(4-Nitro)benzyltryptamine (3b)



Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of tryptamine (300 mg, 1.87 mmol), 4-nitrobenzaldehyde (283 mg, 1.87 mmol) and NaBH₄ (71 mg, 1.87 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as brown amorphous solid (525 mg, 95%). The compound was used in the next step without further

purification; HPLC purity: > 95% ($R_t = 5.86 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3404, 3052, 2920, 2850, 1559, 1507, 1452, 1100; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 8.20 – 8.09 (m, 2H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 2H), 2.91 – 2.83 (m, 2H), 2.83 – 2.75 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 149.6, 146.1, 136.2, 128.7, 127.2, 123.1, 122.5, 120.8, 118.2, 118.0, 112.4, 111.3, 52.0, 49.5, 25.5; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₇H₁₈N₃O₂ [M + H]⁺ 296.1, found 296.3.

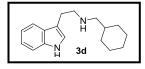
N-(3,4-Dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (3c)



Following **general procedure (I)**, the reaction of tryptamine (300 mg, 1.87 mmol), 3,4-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (311 mg, 1.87 mmol) and NaBH₄ (71 mg, 1.87 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a brown oil (550 mg, 95%). The compound was used in the next step without further

purification. $R_f = 0.32$ (MeOH:CH₂Cl (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: > 95% ($R_t = 5.61$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3368, 2913, 2833, 1607, 1513, 1259, 1231, 1137, 1024; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.79 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 6.88 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 3.71 (s, 6H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.35 (br. s, 1H), 2.93 – 2.64 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 148.5, 147.5, 136.2, 132.9, 127.2, 122.5, 120.8, 119.9, 118.3, 118.1, 112.4, 111.7, 111.4, 111.3, 55.4, 55.2, 52.4, 49.3, 25.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₉H₂₃N₂O₂ [M + H]⁺ 311.1760, found 311.1755.

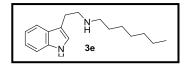
N-Cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (3d)



Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of tryptamine (300 mg, 1.87 mmol), cyclohexanecarbaldehyde (210 mg, 227 μ L, 1.87 mmol) and NaBH₄ (71 mg, 1.87 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a yellow oil (471 mg, >95%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. R_f =

0.22 (MeOH:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: > 95% ($R_t = 6.30 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3410, 3326, 3050, 2915, 2839, 1619, 1447, 1355, 1341, 1192; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.85 – 2.71 (m, 4H), 2.37 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.75 – 1.56 (m, 5H), 1.41 – 1.27 (m, 1H), 1.26 – 1.01 (m, 3H), 0.89 - 0.78 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 136.2, 127.2, 122.4, 120.7, 118.2, 118.0, 112.6, 111.2, 56.2, 50.5, 37.6, 31.1, 26.3, 25.6, 25.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₇H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 257.2018, found 257.2013.

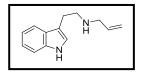
N-Heptyltryptamine (3e)



Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of tryptamine (300 mg, 1.87 mmol), heptanal (214 mg, 261 μ L, 1.87 mmol) and NaBH₄ (71 mg, 1.87 mmol) gave, after aqueous, work-up the title compound as a brown oil (449 mg, 93%). The compound was used in the next step without further

purification. $R_f = 0.18$ (MeOH:CH₂Cl₂ (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 93% ($R_t = 6.71$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3413, 2923, 2853, 1454, 1353, 1107; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.73 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 – 6.88 (m, 1H), 2.85 – 2.62 (m, 4H), 2.48 – 2.4 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.03 (m, 10H), 0.81 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 136.2, 127.2, 122.4, 120.7, 118.2, 118.0, 112.6, 111.3, 50.2, 49.3, 31.3, 29.6, 28.7, 26.8, 25.5, 22.1, 13.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₇H₂₇N₂ [M + H]⁺ 259.2174, found 259.2169.

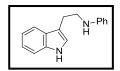
N-Allyltryptamine³



In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, 3-(2-bromoethyl)indole (1.00 g, 4.46 mmol) was added in portions to a stirred suspension of K_2CO_3 (740 mg, 5.35 mmol) in allylamine (7.96 g, 10.4 mL, 89.2 mmol) over 30 min. The reaction was stirred at rt overnight, whereupon the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad

of celite, which was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 25 mL). The filtrate was then evaporated *in vacuo*, and the residue was then purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:10:89), to give the title compound as a brown oil (876 mg, >95%). $R_f = 0.26$ (MeOH:CH₂Cl₂ (1:9); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 4.90$ min); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 7.8, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dt, J = 8.1, 0.9 Hz 1H), 7.20 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (ddt, J = 17.2, 10.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (ddd, J = 17.1, 3.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (ddd, J = 10.2, 3.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (dt, J = 6.0, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.01 – 2.92 (m, 4H), 1.64 (br. s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.1, 136.7, 127.7, 122.4, 122.3, 119.5, 119.2, 116.2, 114.2, 111.5, 52.7, 49.7, 26.1; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for $C_{13}H_{17}N_2$ [M + H]⁺ 201.1, found 201.3.

N-Phenyltryptamine



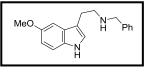
In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, 3-(2-bromoethyl)indole (500 mg, 2.23 mmol) was added in portions over 30 min to a stirred suspension of K_2CO_3 (370 mg, 2.68 mmol) in aniline (4.16 g, 4.01 mL, 44.6 mmol). The reaction was stirred at rt, whereupon the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which

was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 10 mL). The CH₂Cl₂ was removed *in vacuo*. Excess of aniline was removed by distillation (73 °C, 16 mbar), and the residue was then purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:35:64), to give the title compound as a brown solid (515 mg, >95%). m.p.: 83 – 86 °C; R_f = 0.39 (EtOAc:heptane (35:65); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% (R_t = 5.75 min); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.64 (ddt, *J* = 7.7, 1.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.58 (m, 2H), 3.72 (br. s, 1H), 3.49 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.5, 136.6, 129.6, 127.7, 122.4, 122.4,

³ Ascic. E.; Jensen. J. F.; Nielsen. T. E. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 5188-5191.

119.7, 119.04 117.6, 115.4, 113.3, 111.5, 44.2, 25.3; MS (ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{16}H_{17}N_2$ [M + H]⁺ 237.1, found 237.4.

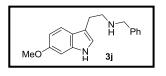
N-Benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine



Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of (5-methoxy)tryptamine (120 mg, 0.63 mmol), benzaldehyde (67 mg, 64 μ L, 0.63 mmol) and NaBH₄ (24 mg, 0.63 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a yellow oil (128 mg, 73%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.16 – 7.14 (m, *J* = 5.9, 4.4 Hz, 6H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 2.92 (s, 4H), 2.05 (br. s, 1H).

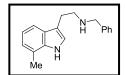
N-Benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (3j)



Following general **procedure** (**I**), the reaction of (6-methoxy)tryptamine (100 mg, 0.53 mmol), benzaldehyde (56 mg, 54 μ L, 0.53 mmol) and NaBH₄ (20 mg, 0.53 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a brown oil (143 mg, >95%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. ¹H

NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 5H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 2.90 (s, 4H), 1.74 (br. s, 1H).

N-Benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine

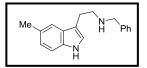


Following **general procedure (I)**, the reaction of (7-methyl)tryptamine (100 mg, 0.57 mmol), benzaldehyde (61 mg, 58 μ L, 0.57 mmol) and NaBH₄ (22 mg, 0.57 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a brown oil (112 mg, 74%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, 10, 7, 20, (1, 1, 1, 1, 1)), 7, 27, 7, 11 ((-51)), 6, 00, (-51) ((-21)), 2, 74 ((-21)), 2, 05

CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.11 (m, 5H), 6.99 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 2.95 – 2.88 (m, 4H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.76 (br. s, 1H).

N-Benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine

General procedure (II): Reductive alkylation of tryptamine HCl salts

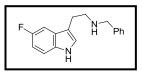


In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, Et_3N (96 mg, 132 μ L, 0.95 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of (5-methyl)tryptamine (hydrochloride salt) (200 mg, 0.95 mmol) in MeOH (4 mL). After 5 min, the reaction mixture was added benzaldehyde (101 mg, 97 μ L, 0.95 mmol) and

molecular sieves (3Å), and stirred at rt. The reaction was monitored by TLC, and upon full conversion of benzaldehyde (24 h), solid NaBH₄ (36 mg, 0.95 mmol) was added. After further 16 h of stirring, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which was washed with MeOH (2 x 15 mL). The filtrate was

evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was taken up in sat. NaHCO₃ (25 mL), H₂O (25 mL) and EtOAc (50 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and washed with H₂O (25 mL) and brine (25 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo* to give the title compound as a brown oil (236 mg, 94%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.06 (m, 6H), 6.96 – 6.91 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.5 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 2.91 (s, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.03 (br. s, 1H).

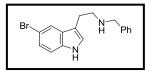
N-Benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine



Following **general procedure** (**II**), the reaction of (5-fluoro)tryptamine hydrochloride (200 mg, 0.93 mmol), Et₃N (94 mg, 130 μ L, 0.93 mmol), benzaldehyde (99 mg, 95 μ L, 0.93 mmol) and NaBH₄ (35 mg, 0.93 mmol) gave after aqueous work-up the title compound as a brown oil (231 mg, 92%). The

compound was used in the next step without further purification. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.28 – 7.08 (m, 7H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (td, *J* = 9.1, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 2.92 – 2.83 (m, 4H), 1.78 (s, 1H).

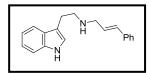
N-Benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine



Following **general procedure** (**II**), the reaction of (5-bromo)tryptamine hydrochloride (250 mg, 0.91 mmol), Et₃N (92 mg, 126 μ L, 0.91 mmol), benzaldehyde (96 mg, 92 μ L, 0.91 mmol) and NaBH₄ (34 mg, 0.91 mmol) gave after aqueous work-up the title compound as a brown oil (282 mg, 95%). The

compound was used in the next step without further purification. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.36 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.08 (m, 7H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 4.19 (br. s, 1H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 2.93 – 2.82 (m, 4H).

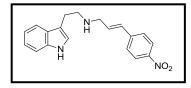
N-3-Phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine



Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of tryptamine (300 mg, 1.87 mmol), cinnamaldehyde (247 mg, 236 μ L, 1.87 mmol) and NaBH₄ (142 mg, 3.75 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a brown oil (439 mg, 85%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. R_f = 0.41

(MeOH:CH₂Cl₂ (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: > 95% (R_t = 6.41 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3412, 2915, 2838, 1448, 1353, 1229, 966, 736; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.79 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (dt, *J* = 15.9, 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (s, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 136.9, 136.2, 129.7, 129.5, 128.5, 127.2, 127.1, 126.0, 122.5, 120.8, 118.3, 118.1, 112.6, 111.3, 51.0, 49.6, 25.5; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₁₉H₂₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 277.1705, found 277.1702.

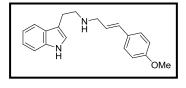
N-3-(4-Nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of tryptamine (600 mg, 3.75 mmol), *trans*-4-nitrocinnamaldehyde (664 mg, 3.75 mmol) and NaBH₄ (284 mg, 7.50 mmol) gave after aqueous work-up the title compound as a yellow powder (1.17 g, >95%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. m.p.: 83 – 86 °C; $R_f = 0.37$ (EtOAc; UV; KMnO₄);

HPLC purity: > 95% ($R_t = 6.40 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3412, 2914, 2839, 1594, 1507, 1454, 1336, 1105; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.79 (s, 1H), 8.19 – 8.13 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.02 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 0.9, 1H), 6.99 – 6.91 (m, 1H), 3.41 (d, *J* = 4.0 H012z, 2H), 2.85 (s, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 145.9, 143.8, 136.2, 135.3, 127.7, 127.2, 126.8, 123.8, 122.5, 120.8, 118.3, 118.1, 112.5, 111.3, 50.8, 49.6, 25.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₉H₂₀N₃O₂ [M + H]⁺ 322.1556, found 322.1550.

N-3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine

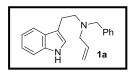


Following **general procedure** (I), the reaction of tryptamine (600 mg, 3.75 mmol), *trans*-4-methoxycinnamaldehyde (608 mg, 3.75 mmol) and NaBH₄ (284 mg, 7.50 mmol) gave, after aqueous work-up, the title compound as a brown oil (1.10 g, >95%). The compound was used in the next step without further purification. $R_f = 0.45$ (MeOH:CH₂Cl₂ (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC

purity: > 95% ($R_t = 6.45 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3411, 2923, 2832, 1607, 1151, 1449, 1245. 1149, 1035; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dt, *J* = 25, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.99 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 6.90 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.15 (dt, *J* = 16.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (S, 3H), 3.29 (dd, *J* = 23.7, 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (s, 4H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 158.4, 136.2, 129.5, 129.4, 127.2, 127.1, 126.9, 122.5, 120.7, 118.3, 118.0, 113.9, 112.5, 111.3, 55.0, 51.0, 49.5, 25.4; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₂₃N₂O [M + H]⁺ 307.1810, found 307.1804.

N-Allyl-N- benzyltryptamine (1a)

General procedure (III): Alkylation of secondary amines

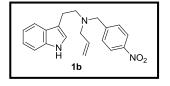


In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, allyl bromide (1.55 g, 1.11 mL, 12.8 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of *N*-benzyltryptamine (1.6 g, 6.4 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (2.85 g, 19.8 mmol) in DMF (20 mL). The reaction was stirred at rt, and was monitored by TLC. Upon full conversion of the starting material (30

min), the reaction mixture was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and water (80 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous phase was further extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), to give the title compound as a brown/yellow oil (1.76 g, 94%). R_f = 0.38 (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: > 95% (R_t = 6.28 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3417, 3058, 2972, 2801, 1454, 735; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 7.41 – 7.18 (m, 7H), 7.10 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.95 – 6.85 (m, 1H), 5.91 (ddt, *J* = 16.4, 10.2, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (dd, *J* = 17.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (dd, *J* =

10.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H)., 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.16 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.85 (dd, J = 9.8, 5.8 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (dd, J = 9.7, 5.7 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 139.5, 136.1, 136.0, 128.5, 128.0, 127.1, 126.7, 122.3, 120.7, 118.1, 118.0, 117.1, 112.4, 111.2, 57.3, 56.1, 53.6, 22.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₂₃N₂ [M + H]⁺ 291.1861, found 291.1855.

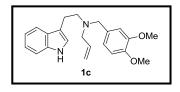
N-Allyl-N-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (1b)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (370 mg, 1.25 mmol), allyl bromide (303 mg, 217 μ L, 2.50 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (519 mg, 3.75 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a yellow oil (409 mg, >95%). R_f = 0.19 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95%

(R_t = 6.31 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3415, 2920, 2808, 1559, 1513, 1340; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.77 (s, 1H), 8.17 – 8.09 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dt, J = 1.2, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.94 – 6.85 (m, 1H), 5.91 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.2, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (dd, J = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 3.19 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.91 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.80 – 2.56 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 148.4, 146.3, 136.1, 135.7, 129.3, 127.1, 123.2, 122.5, 120.7, 118.1, 118.0, 117.5, 112.3, 111.3, 56.6, 56.3, 53.9, 22.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₂₂N₃O₂ [M + H]⁺ 336.1712, found 336.1707.

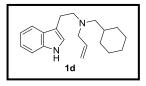
N-Allyl-*N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (1c)



Following **general procedure** (III), the reaction of *N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (400 mg, 1.29 mmol), allyl bromide (312 mg, 223 μ L, 2.58 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (534 mg, 3.87 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (434 mg, >95%). R_f = 0.20 (EtOAc:heptane

(1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 86% ($R_t = 6.04 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3372, 2932, 2833, 1591, 1511, 1455, 1259. 1228, 1146, 1025; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.76 (s, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.12 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.79 (dt, *J* = 11.8, 8.1 Hz, 4H), 5.99 – 5.84 (m, 1H), 5.24 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.79 – 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 3.16 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.92 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.74 – 2.64 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 148.5, 147.6, 136.2, 136.1, 131.8, 127.2, 122.4, 120.7, 120.5, 118.2, 118.0, 117.1, 112.5, 112.0, 111.3, 111.2, 57.0, 56.0, 55.4, 55.21, 53.4, 22.3; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₂H₂₇N₂O₂ [M + H]⁺ 351.2073, found 351.2067.

N-Allyl-*N*-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (1d)

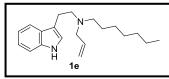


Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (330 mg, 1.17 mmol), allyl bromide (283 mg, 202 μ L, 2.34 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (485 mg, 3.57 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (282 mg, 81%). R_f = 0.26 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 86% (R_t = 6.80

min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3418, 2920, 2848, 2798, 1454; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.71 (d, J = 31.3 Hz,

1H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.91 – 5.74 (m, 1H), 5.21 (dd, J = 16.3, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.83 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.70 – 2.63 (m, 2H), 2.26 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.74 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 2H), 1.64 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 3H), 1.44 (ddd, J = 10.6, 7.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.25 – 1.05 (m, 3H), 0.88 – 0.70 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 137.2, 136.9, 127.9, 123.1, 121.4, 118.8, 118.7, 117.4, 113.3, 112.0, 61.1, 57.9, 55.4, 36.3, 32.0, 27.1, 26.3, 23.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₃₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 297.2331, found 297.2325.

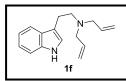
N-Allyl-*N*-heptyltryptamine (1e)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-heptyltryptamine (310 mg, 1.20 mmol), allyl bromide (290 mg, 207 μ L, 2.40 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (497 mg, 3.60 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil

(223 mg, 63%). $R_f = 0.23$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 81% ($R_t = 7.16$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3416, 2924, 2854, 1455, 1352, 1091; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.95 – 5.81 (m, 1H), 5.27 – 5.20 (m, 1H), 5.16 (dd, J = 14.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.20 – 3.14 (m, 2H), 2.88 – 2.77 (m, 2H), 2.74 – 2.62 (m, 2H), 1.49 – 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.38 – 1.13 (m, 11H), 0.94 – 0.80 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 136.5, 136.1, 127.2, 122.4, 120.7, 118.1, 118.0, 116.6, 112.6, 111.3, 56.6, 56.1, 54.1, 52.9, 31.3, 28.6, 26.8, 26.6, 22.4, 22.1, 13.9; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₀H₃₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 299.2487, found 299.2484.

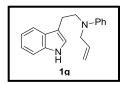
N,*N*-Diallyltryptamine (1f)



In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, and a reflux condenser, diallylamine (257 mg, 326 μ L, 2.67 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of 3-(2-bromoethyl)indole (500 mg, 2.23 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (431 mg, 3.12 mmol) in MeCN (2 mL). The reaction was stirred at reflux, and was monitored by TLC. Upon full

conversion of the starting material (16 h), the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 10 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*, to give the title compound as a light green oil (319 mg, 59%). $R_f = 0.26$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 5.41 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3441, 2921, 2897, 1455, 1418, 1352, 1105, 994, 917, 736; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 5.91 – 5.76 (m, 2H), 5.21 – 5.11 (m, 2H), 5.10 – 5.04 (m, 4H), 3.16 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4H), 2.92 – 2.81 (m, 2H), 2.80 – 2.70 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.5, 135.9, 127.8, 122.1, 121.8, 119.4, 119.2, 118.0, 114.7, 111.4, 57.2, 54.2, 23.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₆H₂₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 241.1705, found 241.1697.

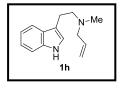
N-Allyl-*N*-phenyltryptamine (1g)



In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, allyl bromide (888 mg, 549 μ L, 6.35 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of *N*-phenyltryptamine (300 mg,

1.27 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (526 mg, 3.81 mmol) in DMF (3.5 mL). The reaction was stirred at rt, and was monitored by TLC. Upon full conversion of the starting material (4 h) the reaction mixture was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) and water (30 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous phase was further extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*, to give the title compound as a light brown powder (342 mg, >95%). m.p.: 66 – 68 °C; R_f = 0.36 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% (R_t = 6.86 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3388, 1667, 1594, 1503, 1358, 1231, 1165; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.55 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dt, *J* = 8.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.12 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 6.66 – 6.58 (m, 1H), 5.84 – 5.67 (m, 1H), 5.14 – 5.07 (m, 1H), 5.06 – 5.02 (m, 1H), 3.84 (dt, *J* = 4.8, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 3.60 – 3.51 (m, 2H), 2.99 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 6.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.4, 136.5, 134.5, 129.7, 129.4, 127.7, 122.3, 122.0, 119.6, 119.0, 116.2, 113.9, 112.4, 111.5, 53.6, 51.7, 23.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₉H₂₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 277.1705, found 277.1700.

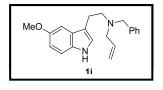
N-Allyl-N-methyltryptamine (1h)



In a round-bottomed flask fitted with a magnetic stirring bar, and a reflux condenser *N*-methyl-allylamine (190 mg, 257 μ L, 2.68 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of 3-(2-bromoethyl)indole (500 mg, 2.23 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (432 mg, 3.12 mmol) in MeCN (2 mL). The reaction was stirred at reflux, and was monitored by TLC. Upon full conversion of the starting material (16 h), the reaction mixture was filtered through a

pad of celite, which was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 10 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*, to give the title compound as a light green oil (247 mg, 52%). $R_f = 0.19$ (EtOAc; UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 4.92 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3414, 2920, 2850, 2793, 1454, 1352, 1338, 1010, 994, 921, 735; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.62 (ddt, J = 7.7, 1.4, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.1, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.25 – 5.18 (m, 1H), 5.18 – 5.13 (m, 1H), 3.13 (dt, J = 6.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 3.01 – 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.77 – 2.70 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.5, 135.5, 127.7, 123.0, 122.0, 119.2, 119.0, 118.2, 114.1, 111.5, 61.1, 58.0, 42.2, 23.4; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₄H₁₈N₂ [M + H]⁺ 215,2, found 215.3.

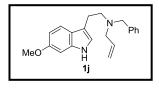
N-Allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine (1i)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine (120 mg, 0.43 mmol), allyl bromide (104 mg, 74 μ L, 0.86 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (177 mg, 1.28 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (116 mg, 85%). R_f = 0.25 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC

purity: 81% ($R_t = 6.13 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3416, 2930, 2828, 1584, 1484, 1452, 1214, 1027, 920; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.10 (m, 5H), 6.86 (dd, J = 7.5, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (ddt, J = 16.7, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 3.17 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.89 – 2.83 (m, 2H), 2.78 – 2.71 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.2, 131.8, 131.7, 129.7, 128.6, 128.7, 122.9, 122.8, 112.5, 112.2, 100.8, 58.2, 56.3, 54.8, 53.8, 22.8; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂O [M + H]⁺ 321.1967, found 321.1960.

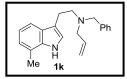
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (1j)



Following **general procedure** (III), the reaction of *N*-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (130 mg, 0.46 mmol), allyl bromide (112 mg, 80 μ L, 0.93 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (192 mg, 1.39 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (131 mg, 86%). R_f = 0.21 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC

purity: >95% ($R_t = 6.07 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3412, 2923, 2831, 1627, 1498, 1453, 1305, 1258, 1198, 1131; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.09 (m, 6H), 6.77 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (ddt, J = 16.5, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 – 5.11 (m, 1H), 5.11 – 5.05 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 2H), 3.13 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.88 – 2.79 (m, 2H), 2.73 (ddd, J = 11.6, 6.7, 2.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.6, 139.8, 137.2, 136.2, 129.3, 128.5, 127.11, 122.3, 120.6, 119.7, 117.7, 114.6, 109.3, 94.9, 58.4, 57.2, 55.9, 54.3, 23.2; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂O [M + H]⁺ 321.2, found 321.4.

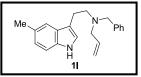
N-Allyl-N- benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (1k)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (100 mg, 0.49 mmol), allyl bromide (118 mg, 85 μ L, 0.98 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (203 mg, 1.47 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (108 mg, 72%). R_f =

0.45 (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 90% ($R_t = 6.58 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3421, 2919, 2799, 1494, 1452, 1340, 1066, 917; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.36 – 7.07 (m, 6H), 6.98 – 6.85 (m, 3H), 5.87 (ddt, J = 16.6, 10.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.11 – 5.06 (m, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.14 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.94 – 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.79 – 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.6, 136.0, 129.3, 128.5, 127.3, 127.2, 122.7, 121.6, 120.5, 119.7, 117.9, 116.9, 115.2, 58.4, 57.1, 54.3, 23.3, 16.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 305.2018, found 305.2012.

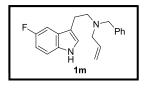
N-Allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (11)



Following **general procedure** (**III**), the reaction of *N*-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (220 mg, 0.83 mmol), allyl bromide (201 mg, 144 μ L, 1.66 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (345 mg, 2.50 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (193 mg,

76%). $R_f = 0.18$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 92% ($R_t = 6.61$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3416, 3027, 2918, 2803, 1452, 1227, 1091, 994, 918; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.35 – 7.10 (m, 7H), 6.91 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.89 (ddt, J = 16.6, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (dd, J = 17.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 2H), 3.16 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.91 – 2.79 (m, 2H), 2.80 – 2.68 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.5, 136.0, 134.6, 129.1, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 127.0, 123.5, 121.8, 118.7, 117.6, 114.0, 110.8, 58.2, 57.0, 54.0, 23.0, 21.6; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 305.2018, found 305.2013.

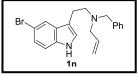
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (1m)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (210 mg, 0.78 mmol), allyl bromide (189 mg, 136 μ L, 1.56 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (324 mg, 2.35 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (131 mg, 54%). R_f = 0.45 (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% (R_t = 6.38

min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3428, 2918, 2803, 1582 1484, 1420, 1173, 934, 792, 738, 698; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.31 – 7.09 (m, 6H), 7.03 (dd, J = 9.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (td, J = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (ddt, J = 16.6, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 – 5.12 (m, 1H), 5.12 – 5.06 (m, 1H), 3.62 (s, 2H), 3.14 (dt, J = 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.87 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.75 – 2.63 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.8 (d, $J_{C-F} = 232.5$ Hz, 1C), 139.4, 135.9, 133.3, 129.3, 128.5, 127.2, 123.8, 117.9, 114.6, 114.5, 112.0 (d, $J_{C-F} = 9.8$ Hz, 1C), 110.2 (d, $J_{C-F} = 26.2$ Hz, 1C), 103.9 (d, $J_{C-F} = 22.5$ Hz, 1C), 58.4, 57.1, 54.0, 23.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₂₂FN₂ [M + H]⁺ 309.1767, found 309.1767.

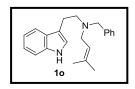
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(6-bromo)tryptamine (1n)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine (240 mg, 0.73 mmol), allyl bromide (176 mg, 126 μ L, 1.46 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (302 mg, 2.19 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a brown oil (209 mg,

78%). $R_f = 0.31$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 6.90$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3425, 2923, 2803, 1665, 1452, 1093, 791, 737, 698; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.11 (m, 6H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.92 – 5.77 (m, 1H), 5.19 – 5.11 (m, 1H), 5.11 – 5.06 (m, 1H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 3.12 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.83 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.73 – 2.60 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.7, 136.2, 135.1, 129.7, 129.2, 128.5, 127.3, 124.9, 123.1, 121.8, 117.8, 114.6, 112.8, 112.7, 58.5, 57.2, 54.0, 23.1; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BrN₂ [M + H]⁺ 369.0966, found 369.0964.

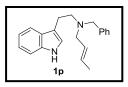
N-Benzyl-N-(3,3-dimethyl)allyltryptamine (10)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-benzyltryptamine (400 mg, 1.60 mmol), (3,3-dimethyl)allyl bromide (262 mg, 203 μ L, 1.76 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (662 mg, 4.79 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a light yellow oil (468 mg, 92%). R_f = 0.21 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: > 95% (R_t = 6.84 min);

IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3417, 3027, 2915, 2807, 1493, 1354, 1092; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.74 (s, 1H), 7.41 – 7.15 (m, 7H), 7.10 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.91 (dd, J = 7.9, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (s, 2H), 3.10 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.91 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.67 (dd, J = 9.5, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.70 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 139.8, 136.1, 133.9, 128.5, 128.0, 127.1, 126.6, 122.3, 121.9, 120.7, 118.1, 118.0, 112.5, 111.2, 57.5, 53.7, 50.7, 25.7, 22.5, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 319.2174, found 319.2169.

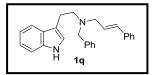
N-Benzyl-N-crotyltryptamine (1p)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-benzyltryptamine (720 mg, 2.88 mmol), crotyl bromide (777 mg, 592 μ L, 5.75 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (1.19 g, 8.62 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a yellow oil (682 mg, 78%). R_f = 0.23 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 88% (R_t = 6.67 min); IR

(neat) cm⁻¹: 3418, 3025, 2916, 2801, 1454, 1353, 1228, 996; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.75 (s, 1H), 7.41 – 7.26 (m, 6H), 7.26 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (td, J = 7.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.71 – 5.40 (m, 2H), 3.63 (s, 1H), 3.09 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.90 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.71 – 2.60 (m, 2H), 1.67 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 139.7, 136.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.6, 127.1, 126.6, 122.3, 120.7, 118.1, 117.9, 112.5, 111.2, 57.2, 55.2, 53.4, 22.3, 17.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 305.2018, found 305.2012.

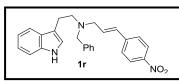
N-Benzyl-N-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1q)



Following **general procedure (III)**, the reaction of *N*-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (380 mg, 1.38 mmol), benzyl bromide (263 mg, 183 μ L, 1.53 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (577 mg, 4.18 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc:heptane; 1:3), the title compound as a

yellow oil (330 mg, 66%). $R_f = 0.25$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 91% ($R_t = 7.41$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3420, 3025, 2919, 2799, 1493, 1454; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.74 (s, 1H), 7.46 – 7.17 (m, 12H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.45 – 6.30 (m, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 19.7 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (s, 2H), 2.96 – 2.80 (m, 2H), 2.77 - 2.72 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 139.6, 136.7, 136.1, 131.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.1, 127.7, 127.2, 127.1, 126.7, 126.1, 122.4, 120.7, 118.2, 118.0, 112.5, 111.2, 57.5, 55.5, 53.7, 22.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₆H₂₇N₂ [M + H]⁺ 367.2174, found 367.2170.

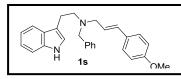
N-Benzyl-N- 3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1r)



Following **general procedure** (III), the reaction of *N*-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (200 mg, 0.62 mmol), benzyl bromide (117 mg, 81 μ L, 0.69 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (258 mg, 1.87 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel

(Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a yellow oil (242 mg, 95%). $R_f = 0.30$ (EtOAc:heptane (3:7); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 7.28$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3415, 2924, 2803, 1666, 1619, 1493, 1454, 1107; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.74 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 – 7.20 (m, 8H), 7.09 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.72 – 6.60 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.39 – 3.33 (m, 2H), 2.97 – 2.85 (m, 2H), 2.80 – 2.69 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 162.2, 146.1, 143.5, 136.14, 128.7, 128.7, 128.1, 127.1, 127.01 126.9, 123.8, 122.5, 120.7, 118.2, 118.0, 111.3, 57.5, 55.2, 35.7, 30.7;HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₆H₂₆N₃O₂ [M + H]⁺ 412.2025, found 412.2021.

N-Benzyl-N-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1s)



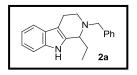
Following **general procedure** (III), the reaction of *N*-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (400 mg, 1.31 mmol), benzyl bromide (246 mg, 171 μ L, 1.44 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (541 mg, 3.92 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel

(Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:2:97), the title compound as a yellow oil (495 mg, >95%). $R_f = 0.43$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 7.31$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3419, 2926, 2833, 1666, 1606, 1509, 1454, 1245, 1174, 1030; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.73 (s, 1H), 7.41 – 7.21 (m, 9H), 7.07 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 – 6.81 (m, 3H), 6.52 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dt, J = 15.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 3.30 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.94 – 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.78 – 2.65 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 158.6, 139.7, 136.1, 131.3, 129.4, 128.6, 128.1, 127.3, 127.1, 126.6, 125.1, 122.4, 120.7, 118.2, 118.0, 113.9, 112.5, 111.2, 57.5, 55.6, 55.0, 53.6, 22.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₆H₂₉N₂O [M + H]⁺ 397.2280, found 397.2276.

Synthesis of THBCs 2a-s

THBC 2a

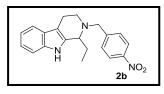
General procedure IV: Formation of THBCs via tandem isomerization/N-alkylimimium ion cyclization



In a Schlenk tube fitted with a magnetic stirring bar and a reflux condenser, **1a** (200 mg, 0.69 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (31.9 mg, 0.034 mmol) were dissolved in toluene (6.9 mL). The reaction was stirred at reflux, and was monitored by TLC. Upon full conversion of the starting material (5 h), the reaction mixture was filtered through a

pad of celite, which was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 20 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*, and the residue was then purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:1:98), to give the title compound as a yellow oil (179 mg, 90%). $R_f = 0.31$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 89% ($R_t = 6.34$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3408, 3082, 3027, 2929, 2841, 1449, 1227; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.66 (s, 1H), 7.38 - 7.26. (m, 7H), δ 7.02 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (d, *J* = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (s, 1H), 3.19 - 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.85 - 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.52 (s, 1H), 1.91 - 1.71 (m, 2H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 139.8, 135.8, 135.6, 128.6, 128.1, 126.8, 126.7, 120.3, 118.1, 117.4, 110.8, 106.2, 57.7, 56.7, 44.9, 26.0, 18.0, 10.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₂₃N₂ [M + H]⁺ 291.1861, found 291.1854.

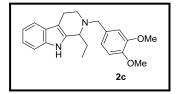
THBC 2b



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1b** (250 mg, 0.75 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (34.5 mg, 0.037 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:1:98), the title compound as a yellow powder (214 mg, 86%). m.p.: 56 – 58 °C; $R_f = 0.22$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 6.44$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3402,

2931, 1559, 1513, 1340; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.67 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 3.58 – 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.14 – 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.83 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.76 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 2.57 – 2.52 (m, 1H), 1.93 – 1-73 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 148.5, 146.4, 135.8, 135.3, 129.4, 126.7, 123.3, 120.3, 118.1, 117.4, 110.8, 106.1, 58.3, 56.0, 45.0, 26.0, 18.0, 10.3; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₀H₂₂N₃O₂ [M + H]⁺ 336.1712, found 336.1710.

THBC 2c

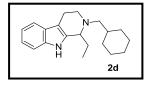


Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1c** (300 mg, 0.86 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (39.6 mg, 0.043 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:20:79), the title compound as a yellow crystal (232 mg, 77%). m.p.: 69 – 72 °C; $R_f = 0.32$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:1); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 88% ($R_t = 6.28$ min); IR

(neat) cm⁻¹: 3366, 2932, 2835, 1511, 1462, 1451, 1257, 1257, 1229, 1135, 1024; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.63 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 – 6.79 (m, 5H), 3.73 (s,

6H), 3.70 - 3.46 (m, 3H), 3.16 - 3.07 (m, 1H), 2.89 - 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.58 - 2.42 (m, 1H), 1.79 (ddq, J = 28.4, 14.2, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 148.5, 147.6, 135.8, 135.7, 132.1, 126.8, 120.5, 120.2, 118.0, 117.4, 112.1, 111.3, 110.7, 106.0, 57.1, 56.3, 55.4, 55.2, 44.9, 26.2, 18.0, 10.5; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for $C_{22}H_{27}N_2O_2$ [M + H]⁺ 351.2073, found 351.2067.

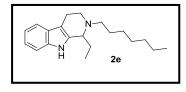
THBC 2d



Following **general procedure** (**IV**), the reaction of **1d** (200 mg, 0.67 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (31.2 mg, 0.034 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (171 mg, 86%). R_f = 0.20 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% (R_t = 6.74 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3407, 2918, 2846, 1464, 1446; ¹H

NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.43 – 3.34 (m, 1H), 3.18 – 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.82 – 2.62 (m, 2H), 2.45 (dt, *J* = 10.5, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (qd, *J* = 12.6, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.86 – 1.53 (m, 7H), 1.51 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.25 – 1.05 (m, 4H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.88 – 0.72 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2, 136.0, 127.7, 121.4, 119.4, 118.3, 110.9, 108.6, 60.7, 59.8, 45.9, 36.8, 32.3, 32.0, 27.5, 27.3, 26.7, 18.5, 11.0; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₀H₂₉N₂ [M + H]⁺ 297.2331, found 297.2326.

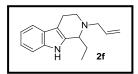
THBC 2e



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1e** (150 mg, 0.50 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (23.2 mg, 0.025 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:5:94), the title compound as a brown oil (103 mg, 69%); $R_f = 0.21$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 7.39$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3408,

2925, 2854, 1464, 1452; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.62 (s, J = 24.5 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dt, J = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dt, J = 7.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (dd, J = 7.0, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (ddd, J = 14.0, 8.8, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (ddd, J = 22.5, 8.5, 4.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 1.94 – 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.22 (m, 8H), 0.96 – 0.73 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 136.7, 136.5, 127.4, 120.9, 118.7, 118.0, 111.5, 107.1, 58.9, 53.2, 45.9, 32.1, 29.4, 28.3, 27.5, 26.6, 22.8, 18.9, 14.7, 11.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₀H₃₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 299.2487, found 299.2482.

THBC 2f

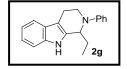


Following **general procedure** (**IV**), the reaction of **1f** (100 mg, 0.42 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (19.2 mg, 0.021 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:25:74), the title compound as a brown oil (71 mg, 71%). $R_f = 0.17$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC

purity: >95% ($R_t = 5.47 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3406, 2931, 1464, 1449, 1299, 918, 737; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.50 (ddd, J = 7.3, 1.5, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 5.96 (ddt, J = 16.9, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 – 5.15 (m, 1H), 5.15 – 5.11 (m, 1H), 3.62 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.29 – 3.23 (m, 2H), 3.23 – 3.19 (m, 1H), 2.95 (ddd, J = 13.1, 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (dddd, J = 14.3, 9.2, 5.1, 1.3

Hz, 1H), 2.60 (dddd, J = 5.9, 4.7, 3.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 1.89 – 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.0, 136.1, 135.5, 127.6, 121.6, 119.6, 118.4, 117.5, 110.9, 108.4, 57.9, 56.6, 45.6, 27.4, 18.5, 11.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₁₆H₂₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 241.1705, found 241.1704.

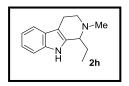
THBC 2g



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1g** (130 mg, 0.47 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (65.3 mg, 0.071 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (64 mg, 49%). $R_f = 0.34$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:4); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity:

86% ($R_t = 7.13$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3399, 3340, 2957, 2923, 2853, 1695, 1595, 1452; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 6.96 (m, 5H), 6.90 (dd, J = 8.8, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (tt, J = 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (ddd, J = 13.9, 5.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (ddd, J = 14.0, 11.4, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dddd, J = 16.6, 11.4, 5.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (ddd, J = 15.3, 4.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.05 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.1, 136.1, 135.9, 129.5, 127.5, 121.9, 119.7, 118.7, 118.4, 116.5, 111.0, 109.4, 57.6, 42.3, 27.9, 20.0, 11.7; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₁₉H₂₁N₂ [M + H]⁺ 277.1705, found 277.1705

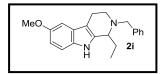
THBC 2h



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1h** (100 mg, 0.47 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (21.6 mg, 0.023 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N: heptane:EtOAc; 1:20:79), the title compound as a yellow oil (75 mg, 75%). $R_f = 0.17$ (EtOAc; UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 93% ($R_t = 5.47$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3410, 2932, 2791, 1450, 1374, 1128; ¹H NMR (300 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.57 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.12 (dtd, *J* = 14.4, 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 3.47 (t, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.24 – 3.09 (m, 1H), 2.84 – 2.71 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.96 (dqd, *J* = 14.7, 7.4, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dqd, *J* = 14.6, 7.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.3, 135.1, 127.6, 121.6, 119.6, 118.3, 111.0, 109.0, 61.5, 50.6, 42.4, 25.7, 19.76, 9.9; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₄H₁₈N₂ [M + H]⁺ 215,2, found 215.3.

THBC 2i

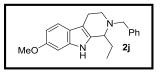


Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1i** (80 mg, 0.25 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (11.5 mg, 0.0012 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (51 mg, 64%); $R_f = 0.25$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄);

HPLC purity: >95% ($R_t = 6.20 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3406, 2930, 2830, 1589, 1481, 1452, 1434, 1295, 1211, 1150, 1027; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.35 – 7.16 (m, 5H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 1H), 3.77 – 3.71 (d, 13.5, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (ddd, J = 14.9, 9.5, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dddd, J = 8.8, 7.0, 6.3, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (dt, J = 8.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.81 – 1.64 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃)

δ 154.1, 139.7, 136.3, 131.0, 129.0, 128.30, 127.8, 127.1, 111.4, 111.2, 107.9, 100.5, 58.3, 57.3, 56.1, 45.1, 27.3, 18.3, 10. 8; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 321.1967, found 321.1962.

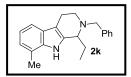
THBC 2j



Following general **procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1j** (100 mg, 0.31 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (14.4 mg, 0.017 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (76 mg, 76%). $R_f = 0.23$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄);

HPLC purity: 69% ($R_t = 6.18 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3368, 1687, 1458, 1200, 1158, 1048, 1003; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.37 – 7.10 (m, 6H), 6.75 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.70 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (ddd, J = 14.9, 9.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (ddt, J = 7.5, 5.2, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (dt, J = 8.5, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 1.78 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.3, 140.3, 136.8, 134.5, 129.2, 128.5, 127.2, 122.2, 118.8, 108.9, 108.2, 95.4, 58.4, 57.6, 56.2, 45.4, 27.5, 18.6, 11.0; MS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₄N₂ [M + H]⁺ 321,2, found 321,5.

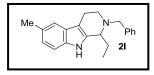
THBC 2k



Following **general procedure** (**IV**), the reaction of **1k** (80 mg, 0.26 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (12.2 mg, 0.013 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a yellow oil (64 mg, 80%). $R_f = 0.34$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC

purity: 83% ($R_t = 6.78 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3416, 2929, 1541, 1452, 1335, 903; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.34 – 7.14 (m, 6H), 6.99 – 6.93 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (ddd, J = 14.4, 9.7, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.90 – 2.70 (m, 2H), 2.50 (dt, J = 8.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.81 – 1.69 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.0, 135.4, 135.2, 129.0, 128.3, 127.0, 122.2, 119.9, 119.6, 115.9, 108.7, 58.1, 57.4, 45.0, 27.5, 18.3, 16.9, 10.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 305.2018, found 305.2013.

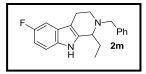
THBC 21



Following **general procedure** (**IV**), the reaction of **11** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (22.8 mg, 0.025 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (121 mg, 81%). $R_f = 0.30$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄);

HPLC purity: 94% ($R_t = 6.76 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3405, 2929, 1451, 1388, 1315, 1300; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.34 – 7.08 (m, 7H), 6.90 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 20.6 Hz, 1H), 3.55 – 3.44 (m, 1H), 3.15 (ddd, J = 14.7, 9.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.91 – 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.61 – 2.42 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.84 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.0, 135.7, 134.2, 129.0, 128.4, 128.3, 127.6, 127.0, 123.0, 117.9, 110.5, 107.5, 77.1, 58.1, 57.3, 45.1, 27.2, 21.6, 18.3, 10.7; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 305.2018, found 305.2013.

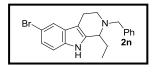
THBC 2m



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1m** (100 mg, 0.32 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (15.0 mg, 0.016 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (42 mg, 42%). $R_f = 0.34$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC

purity: >95% (R_t = 6.41 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3419, 2930, 2803, 1584, 1482, 1318, 1130, 848, 765; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.34 – 7.10 (m, 6H), 7.06 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dt, *J* = 9.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (ddd, *J* = 10.9, 7.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.87 – 2.66 (m, 2H), 2.46 (dt, *J* = 8.7, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 1.81 – 1.64 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.1 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 232.5 Hz, 1C), 140.1, 137.8, 132.6, 129.2, 128.5, 128.0 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 9.8 Hz, 1C), 127.3, 111.4 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 9.8 Hz, 1C), 109.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 26.3 Hz, 1C), 108.7 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 4.5 Hz, 1C), 103.5 (d, *J*_{C-F} = 23.3 Hz, 1C), 58.4, 57.6, 45.3, 27.4, 18.5, 11.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₀H₂₂FN₂ [M + H]⁺ 309.1767, found 309.1764.

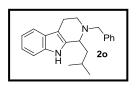
THBC 2n



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1n** (80 mg, 0.22 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (10.0 mg, 0.011 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (54 mg, 68%). $R_f = 0.27$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄);

HPLC purity: 78% ($R_t = 7.00 \text{ min}$); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3418, 2961, 2928, 1579, 1436, 1312, 1298, 1261, 1207, 792; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.07 (m, 7H), 3.73 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (ddd, J = 10.8, 7.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.87 – 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.46 (dt, J = 8.3, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 1.84 – 1.63 (m, 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 138.6, 135.9, 133.7, 128.3, 128.1, 127.5, 126.3, 119.9, 111.6, 111.3, 106.9, 57.3, 56.5, 53.63, 44.1, 26.2, 17.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₀H₂₂BrN₂ [M + H]⁺ 369.0966, found 369.0969

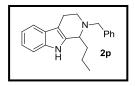
THBC 20



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **10** (200 mg, 0.63 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)Cl (87.2 mg, 0.094 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:1:98), the title compound as a brown oil (52 mg, 26%). $R_f = 0.21$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:9); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 71% ($R_t = 7.01$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3245, 2950, 2928, 2865, 2841, 1452,

1343, 1300, 1050, 1025, 1006; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.67 (s, 1H), 7.40 – 7.20 (m, 7H), 7.05 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.94 (td, J = 7.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.69 – 3.56 (m, 2H), 3.19 – 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.94 – 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.47 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 1.96 – 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.68 (ddd, J = 14.0, 10.1, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 1.46 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 0.85 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.66 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 139.8, 136.1, 135.7, 128.9, 128.0, 126.8, 126.8, 120.2, 118.0, 117.3, 110.7, 105.2, 56.6, 53.8, 43.5, 43.2, 24.1, 23.6, 21.5, 16.7; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 319.2174, found 319.2163

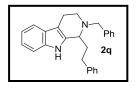
THBC 2p



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1p** (150 mg, 0.49 mmol) and **Ru-9** (58.6 mg, 0.074 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:1:98), the title compound as a brown oil (101 mg, 67%). $R_f = 0.39$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 73% ($R_t = 6.67$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3406; 2954, 2929, 1600, 1493, 1452, 1052, 1008; ¹H NMR (300

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.14 (m, 6H), 7.11 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.60 – 3.50 (m, 1H), 3.22 – 3.12 (m, 1H), 2.91 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.56 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 1.77 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.51 – 1.29 (m, 2H), 0.78 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.0, 135.9, 135.8, 129.0, 128.3, 127.5, 127.0, 121.4, 119.3, 118.1, 110.8, 107.8, 57.4, 56.5, 44.8, 37.0, 19.6, 18.0, 14.3; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₁H₂₅N₂ [M + H]⁺ 305.2018, found 305.2011.

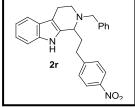
THBC 2q



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1q** (150 mg, 0.41 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (18.9 mg, 0.0204 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:1:98), the title compound as a brown oil (98 mg, 65%). $R_f = 0.20$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:9); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 93% ($R_t = 7.35$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3402, 3227, 2934, 2842, 1494, 1452,

1050, 1034, 1006; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 10.71 (s, 1H), 7.46 – 7.31 (m, 5H), 7.31 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 3H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (dd, J = 8.2, 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.15 (ddd, J = 14.1, 9.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.87 – 2.74 (m, 2H), 2.65 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.52 – 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.23 – 1.94 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 142.4, 139.7, 135.9, 135.4, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 128.2, 126.8, 126.8, 125.5, 120.4, 118.1, 117.5, 110.9, 106.3, 56.7, 56.4, 44.6, 35.2, 31.6, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: calcd for C₂₆H₂₇N₂ [M + H]⁺ 367.2174, found 367.2170.

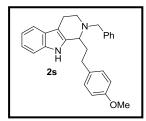
THBC 2r



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1r** (150 mg, 0.36 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (50.6 mg, 0.055 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), the title compound as a brown oil (65 mg, 43%). R_f = 0.27 (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 82% (R_t = 7.37 min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3406, 2938, 2840, 1598, 1512, 1450, 1299, 1007; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00 – 7.97 (m, 1H), 7.97 – 7.93 (m,

1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.19 (m, 7H), 7.11 – 6.99 (m, 4H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.59 (dd, J = 8.7, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.28 – 3.15 (m, 1H), 3.00 – 2.62 (m, 5H), 2.60 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.12 – 1.86 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.8, 146.4, 136.2, 129.5, 129.4, 128.7, 127.5, 127.4, 123.8, 121.9, 119.7, 118.4, 111.1, 108.4, 57.6, 55.9, 45.3, 36.0, 32.3, 18.1; HRMS (ESI) m/z: calcd for C₂₆H₂₆N₃O₂ [M + H]⁺ 412.2025, found 412.2019.

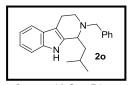
THBC 2s



Following **general procedure (IV)**, the reaction of **1s** (250 mg, 0.63 mmol) and Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (87.5 mg, 0.095 mmol) gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:MeOH:CH₂Cl₂; 1:1:98), the title compound as a brown oil (97 mg, 39%). $R_f = 0.26$ (EtOAc:heptane (1:3); UV; KMnO₄); HPLC purity: 90% ($R_t = 7.35$ min); IR (neat) cm⁻¹: 3409, 2932, 2836, 1609, 1510, 1254, 1298, 1232, 1175, 1009; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 10.69 (s, 1H), 7.42 –

7.33 (m, 5H), 7.27 (dd, J = 7.5, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.73 – 3.64 (m, 5H), 3.13 (ddd, J = 14.2, 9.2, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.84 – 2.73 (m, 2H), 2.58 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.52 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.09 – 1.99 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 157.2, 139.7, 135.9, 135.5, 134.2, 129.1, 128.7, 128.1, 126.8, 126.6, 120.3, 118.1, 117.4, 113.6, 110.8, 106.2, 56.7, 56.3, 54.8, 44.5, 35.5, 30.7, 17.8; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₇H₂₉N₂O [M + H]⁺ 397.2280, found 397.2276.

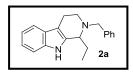
Synthesis of THBC 20



In a Schlenk tube fitted with a magnetic stirring bar and a reflux condenser, freshly titrated *n*-BuLi (0.57 mmol, 36.2 mg, 1.1 M in hexanes, 514 μ L) was added to a suspension of Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (261 mg, 0.28 mmol) in toluene (4.2 mL). The mixture was stirred for 20 min at rt, after which a solution of **10** (300 mg, 0.94 mmol) in added. The maction was stirred at reflux and was manitored by TLC. After 22 hours

toluene (4.2 mL) was added. The reaction was stirred at reflux and was monitored by TLC. After 23 hours, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which was washed with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 20 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), to give the title compound as a yellow oil (152 mg, 51%).

Synthesis of THBC 2a: One-Pot Reaction



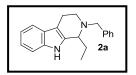
In a Schlenk tube fitted with a magnetic stirring bar and a reflux condenser, allyl bromide (16 mg, 11.4 μ L, 0.13 mmol) was added to a stirred suspension of *N*-benzyltryptamine (30 mg, 0.12 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (23 mg, 0.17 mmol) in toluene (1.1 mL). The reaction was stirred at reflux and was monitored by TLC. Upon full

conversion of the starting material (16 h), Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl (16.6 mg, 0.018 mmol) was added. After further 2 h of stirring, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, which was washed with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 5 mL). The filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (Et₃N:EtOAc:heptane; 1:10:89), to give the title compound as a yellow oil (25 mg, 71%).

Synthesis of THBCs 2a-e and 2j: Pd-Catalyzed Tandem Tsuji-Trost Allylation/Isomerization/Cyclization

General procedure V: Synthesis of THBCs via Pd-catalyzed Tsuji-Trost /isomerization/ cyclization sequence

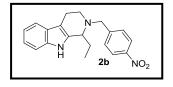
THBC 2a



In a Schlenk tube fitted with a magnetic stirring bar and a reflux condenser, *N*-benzyltryptamine (48 mg, 0.19 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (1.6 ml). Allylmethylcarbonate (18.6 mg, 18.2 μ l, 0.16 mmol) was added, followed by Pd(PPh₃)₄ (28.0 mg, 0.024 mmol). The reaction was stirred at reflux and was

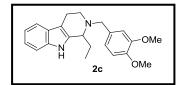
monitored by TLC. After 4 h, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and transferred to column chromatography for purification on silica gel (EtOAc:hexanes; 1:3), to give the title compound (40 mg, 85%).

THBC 2b



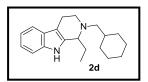
Following **general procedure** (V), the reaction of *N*-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (61.0 mg, 0.20 mmol), allylcarbonate (20 mg, 19.6 μ l, 0.17 mmol), and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (59 mg, 0.051 mmol), gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc:hexanes; 1:6), the title compound (49 mg, 86%).

THBC 2c



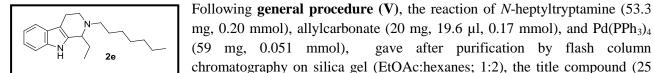
Following **general procedure** (V), the reaction of *N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (64.0 mg, 0.20 mmol), allylcarbonate (20 mg, 19.6 μ l, 0.17 mmol), and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (59 mg, 0.051 mmol), gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc:hexanes; 1:1), the title compound (49 mg, 81%).

THBC 2d



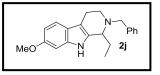
Following **general procedure** (**V**), the reaction of *N*-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (53.0 mg, 0.20 mmol), allylcarbonate (20 mg, 19.6 μ l, 0.17 mmol), and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (59 mg, 0.051 mmol), gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc:hexanes; 1:8), the title compound (34 mg, 67%).

THBC 2e



mg, 48%).

THBC 2j.



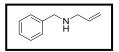
Following general procedure **(V)**, the reaction of N-benzyl-(6methoxy)tryptamine (56.0 mg, 0.20 mmol), allylcarbonate (20 mg, 19.6 µl, 0.17 mmol), and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (29.0 mg, 0.025 mmol), gave after purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc:hexanes; 1:6), the title compound

gave after purification by flash column

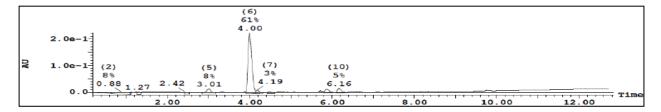
(37 mg, 67%).

RP-HPLC Chromatograms, IR, ¹H-, and ¹³C NMR Spectra for all Compounds

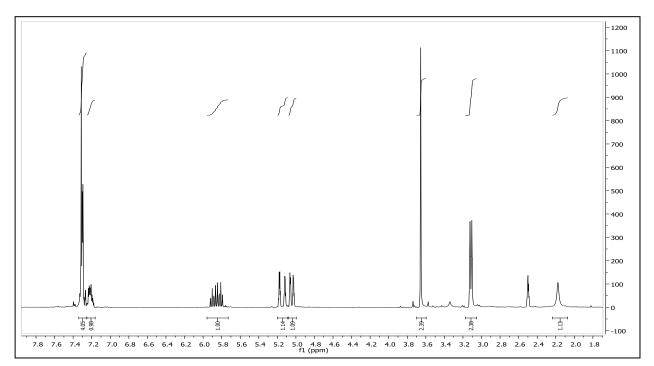
N-Benzyl-allylamine



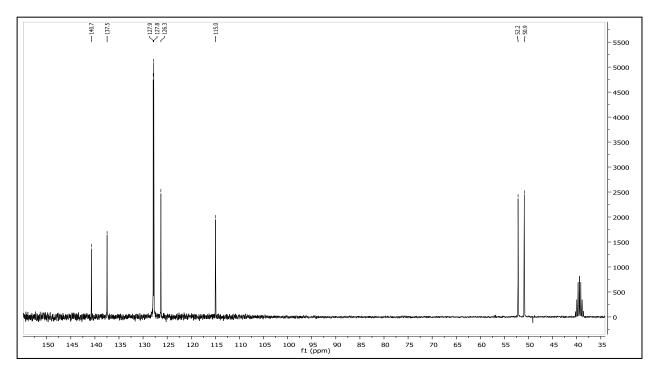
RP-HPLC of *N*-benzyl-allylamine



¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-allylamine

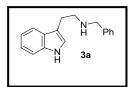


¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyl-allylamine



Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications This journal is C The Royal Society of Chemistry 2012

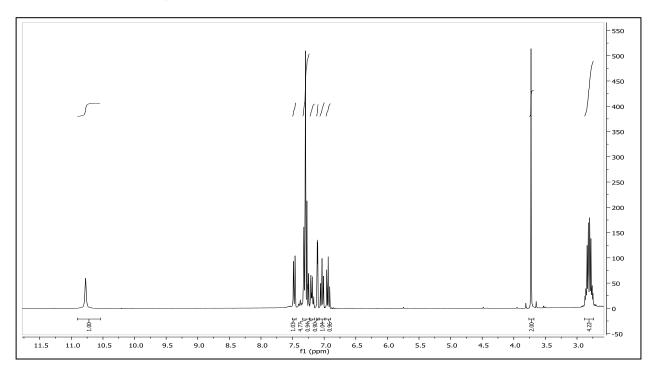
N-Benzyltryptamine (3a)



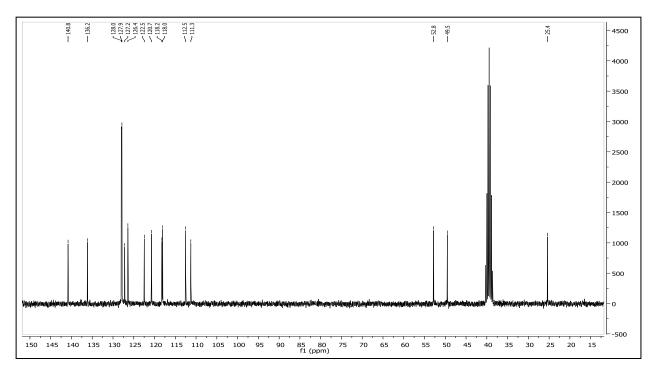
RP-HPLC of *N***-benzyltryptamine (3a)**

				(10) 57% 5.77			
AU	2.0e-1 1.0e-1 (2) 17% 0.0		(8) 3% 4.31				
) , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00 Time

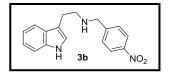
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyltryptamine (3a)



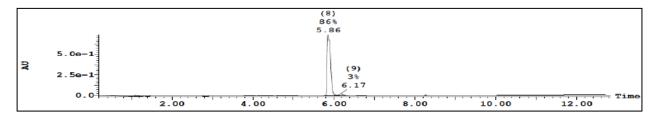
¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyltryptamine (3a)



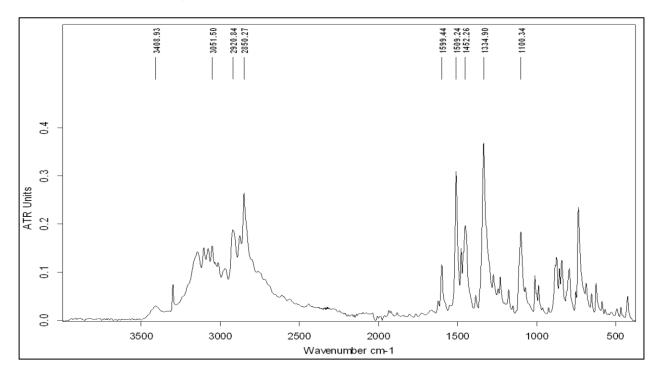
N-(4-Nitro)benzyltryptamine (3b)

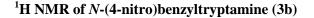


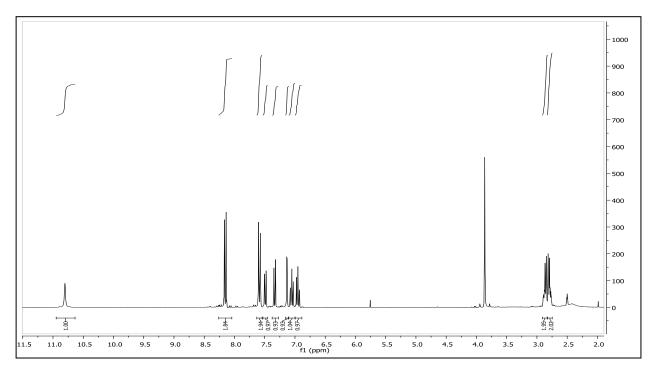
RP-HPLC of *N*-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (3b)



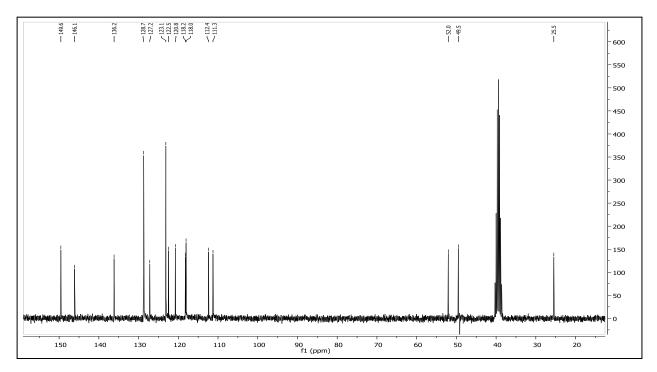
IR of N-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (3b)



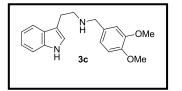




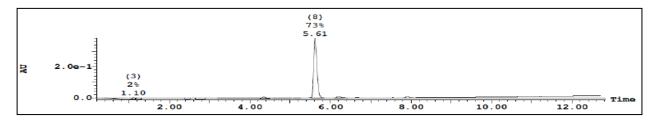
¹³C NMR of *N*-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (3b)



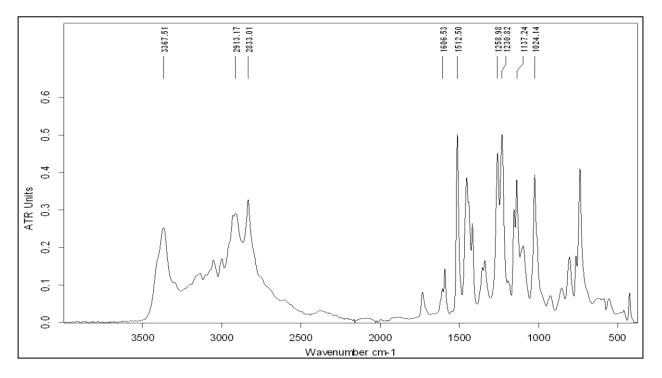
N-(3,4-Dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (3c)

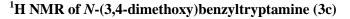


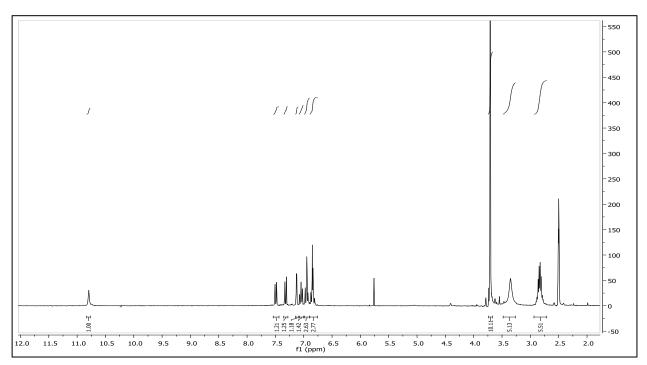
RP-HPLC of *N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (3c)



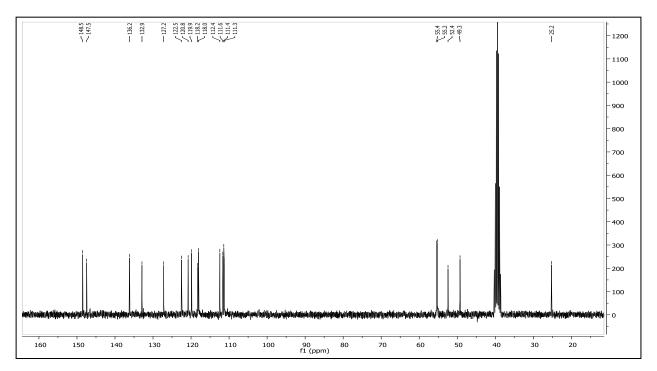
IR of N-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (3c)



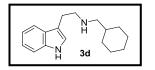




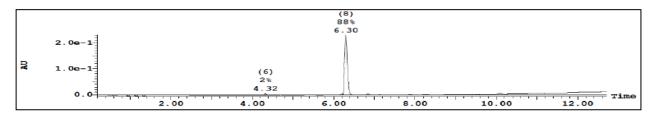
¹³C NMR of *N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (3c)



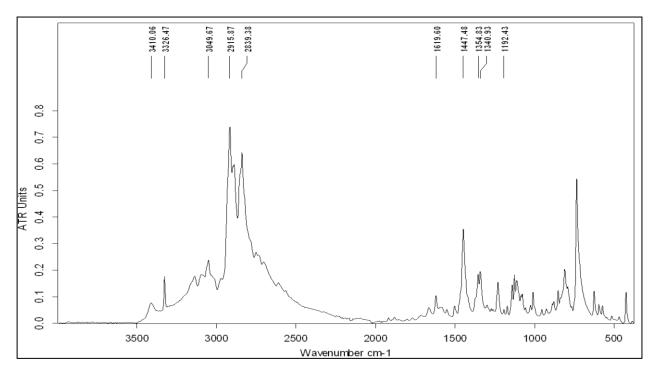
N-Cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (3d)

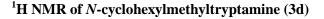


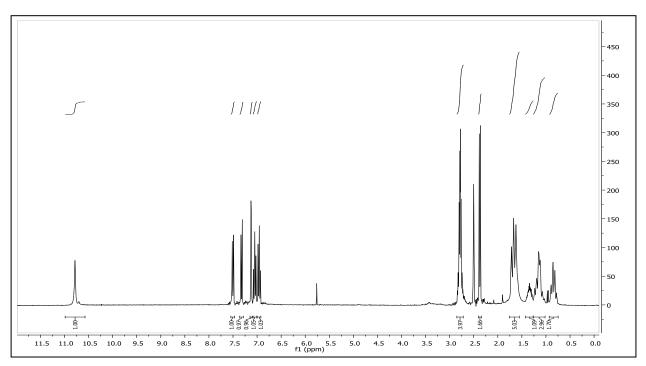
RP-HPLC of *N***-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (3d)**



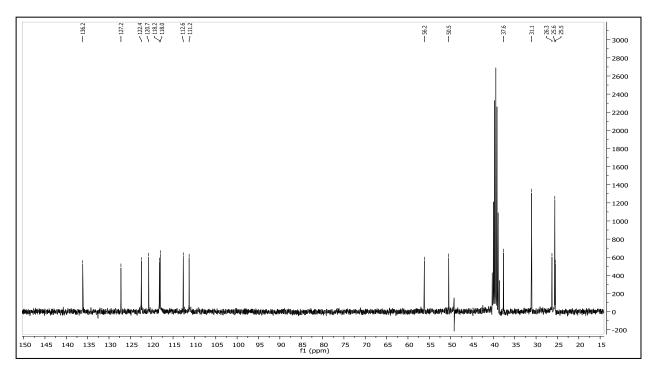
IR of N-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (3d)



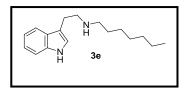




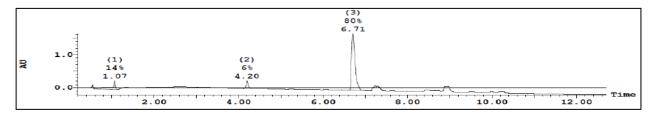
¹³C NMR of *N*-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (3d)



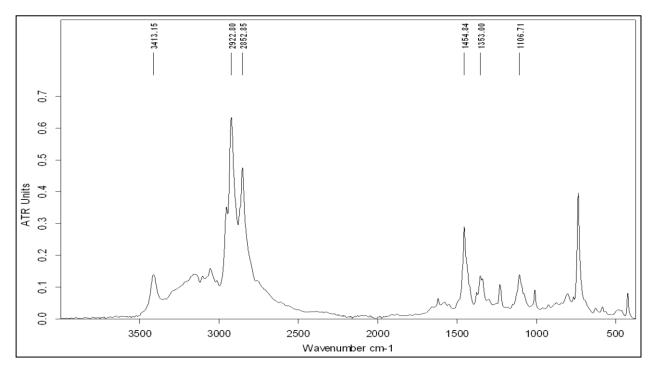
N-Heptyltryptamine (3e)



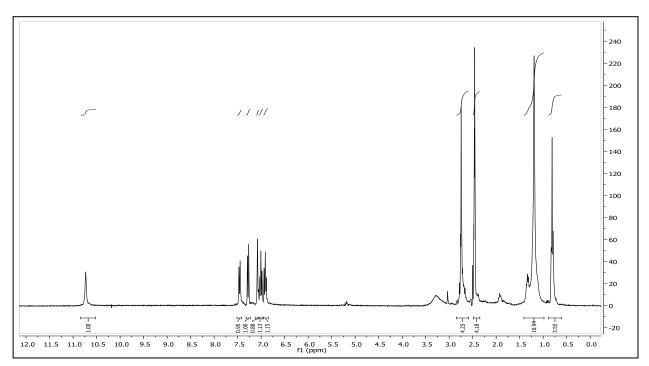
RP-HPLC of *N*-heptyltryptamine (3e)



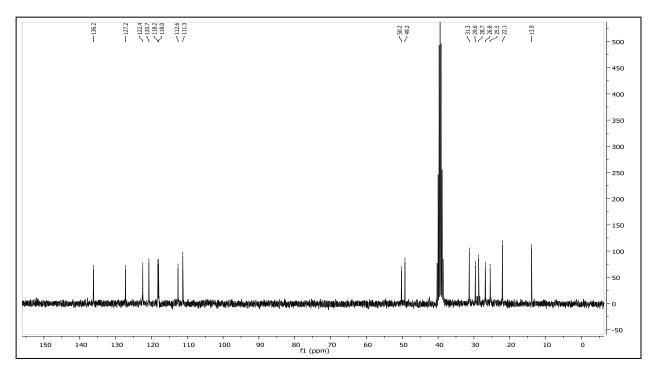
IR of *N*-heptyltryptamine (3e)



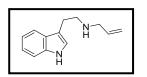
¹H NMR of *N*-heptyltryptamine (3e)



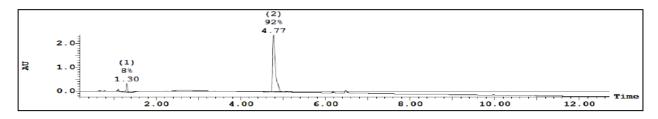
¹³C NMR of *N*-heptyltryptamine (3e)



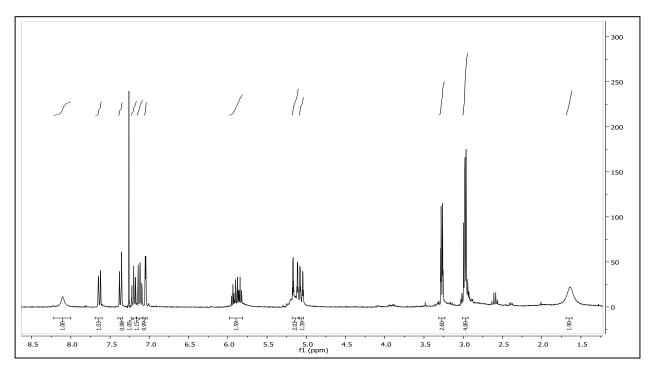
N-Allyltryptamine



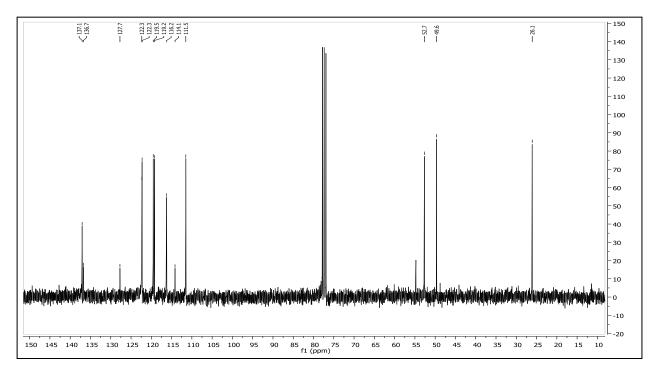
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyltryptamine



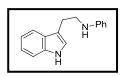
¹H NMR of *N*-allyltryptamine



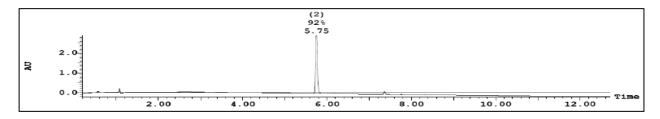
¹³C NMR of *N*-Allyltryptamine



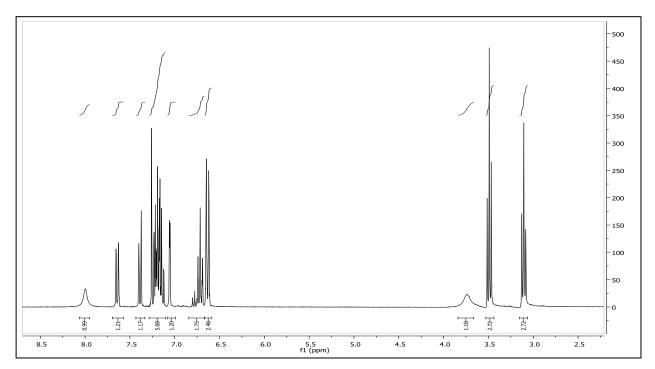
N-Phenyltryptamine



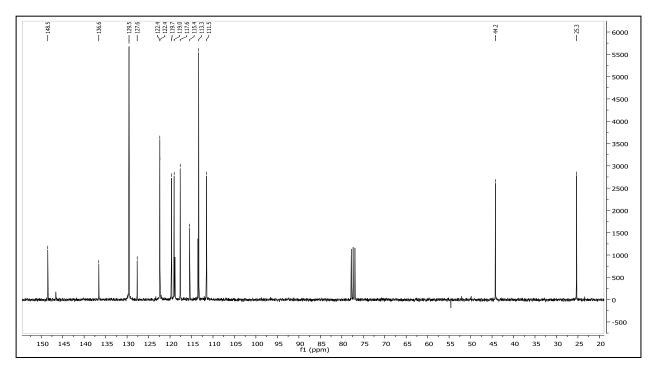
RP-HPLC of *N*-phenyltryptamine



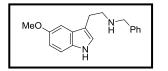
¹H NMR of *N*-phenyltryptamine



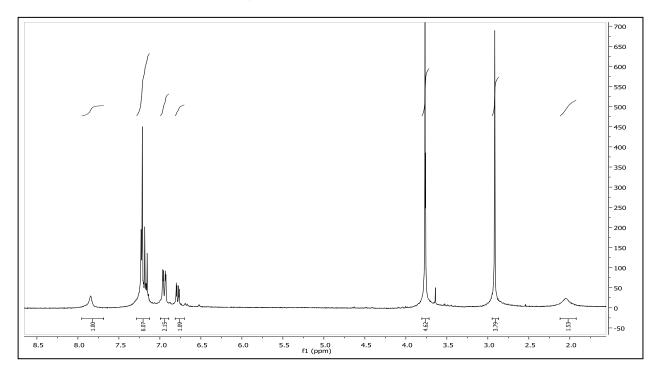
¹³C NMR of *N*-phenyltryptamine



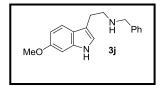
N-Benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine



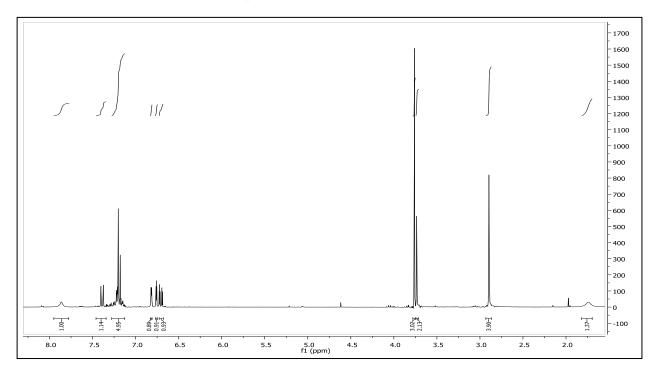
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine



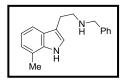
N-Benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (3j)



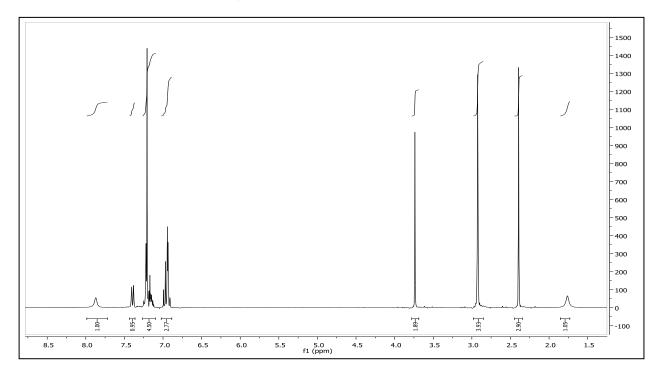
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (3j)



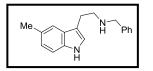
N-Benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine



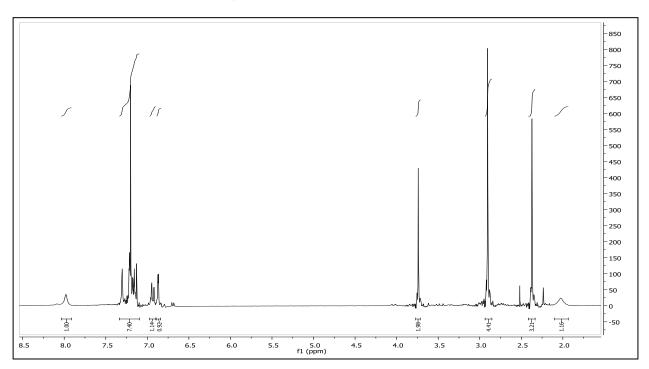
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine



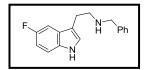
N-Benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine



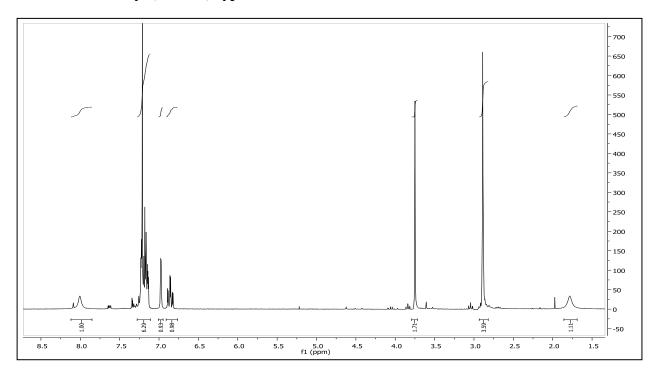
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine



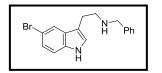
N-Benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine



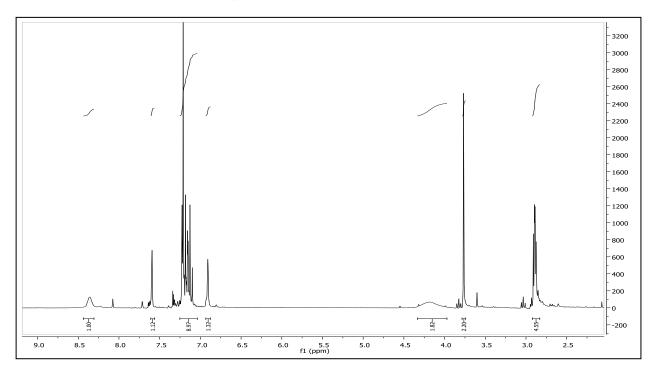
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine



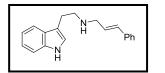
N-Benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine



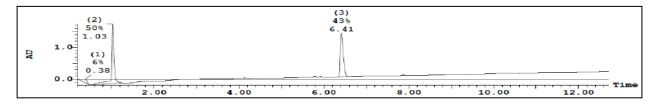
¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine



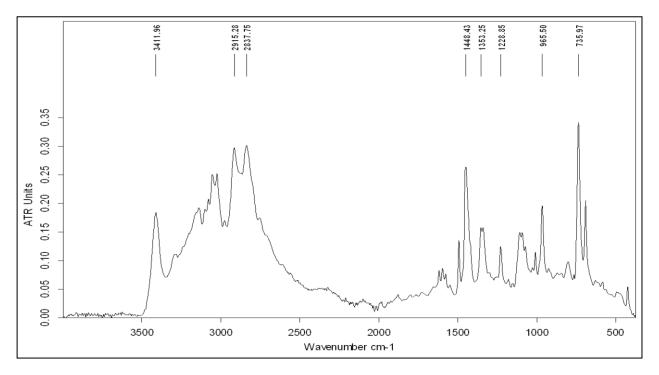
N-3-Phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine



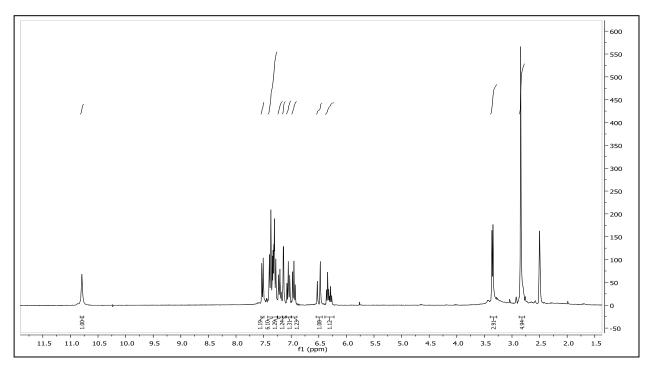
RP-HPLC of *N***-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine**



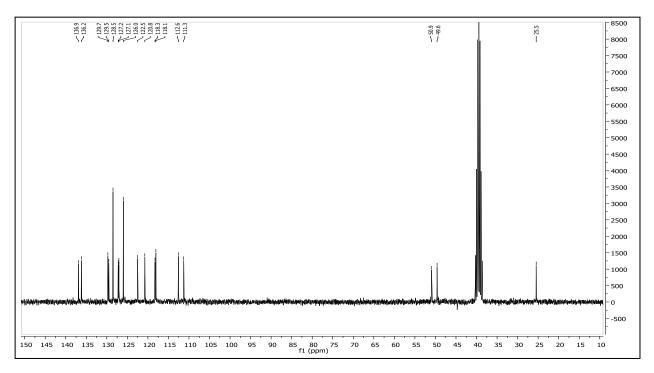
IR of N-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine



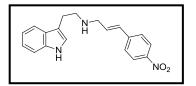




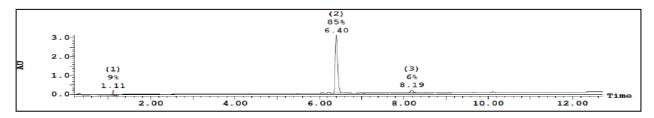
¹³C NMR of *N*-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine



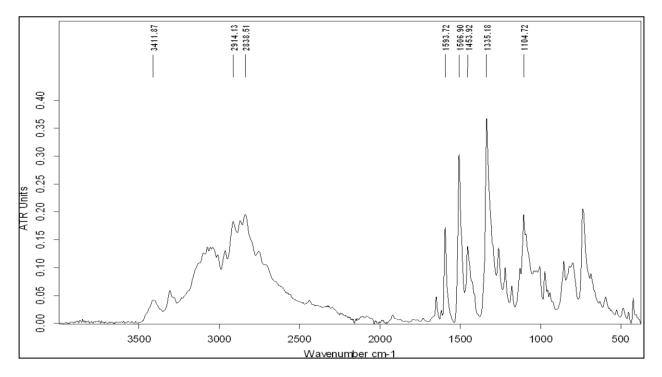
N-3-(4-Nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine

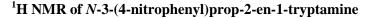


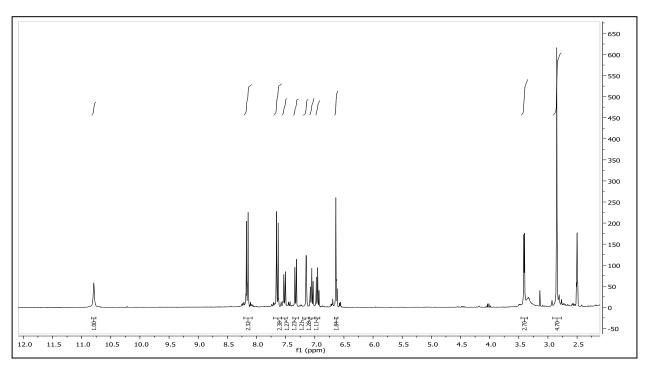
RP-HPLC of *N*-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



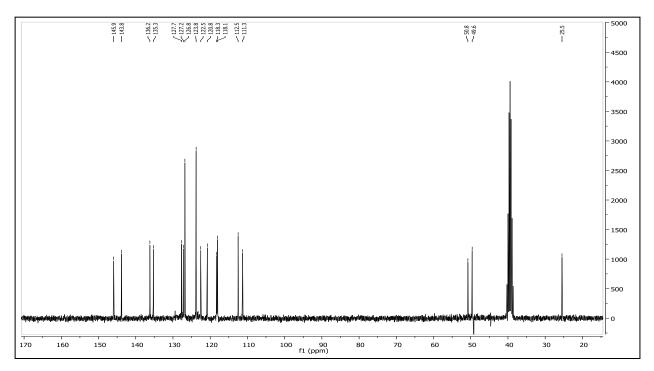
IR of N-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



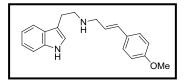




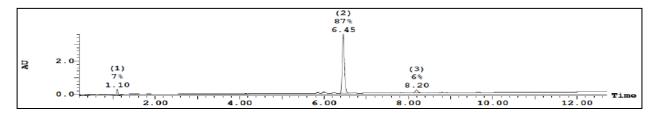
¹³C NMR of *N*-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



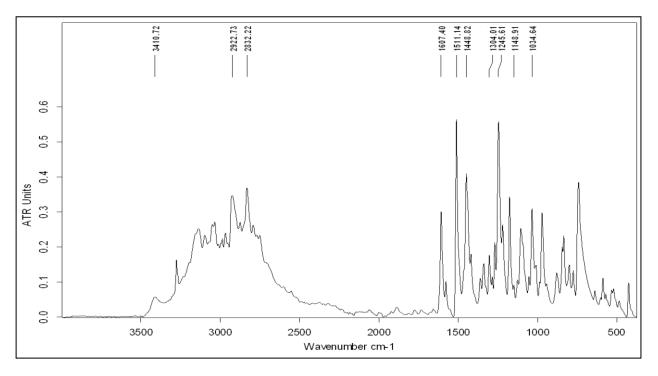
N-3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine

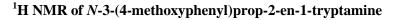


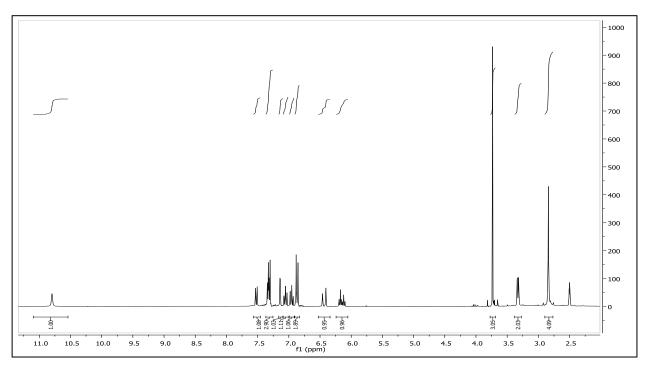
RP-HPLC of *N*-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



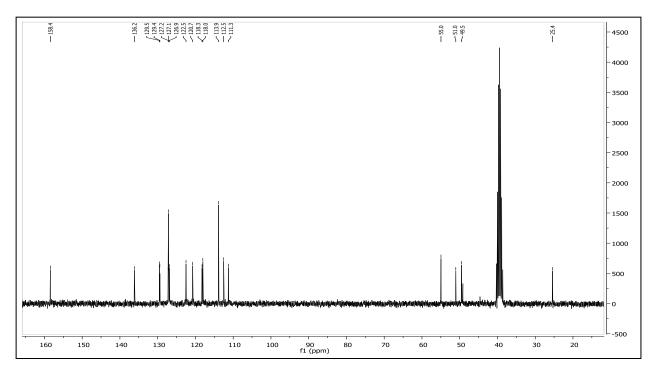
IR of N-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



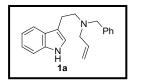




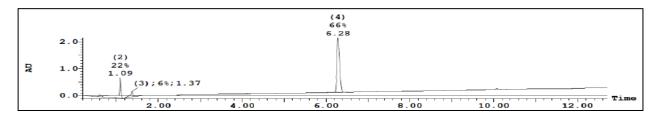
¹³C NMR of *N*-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine



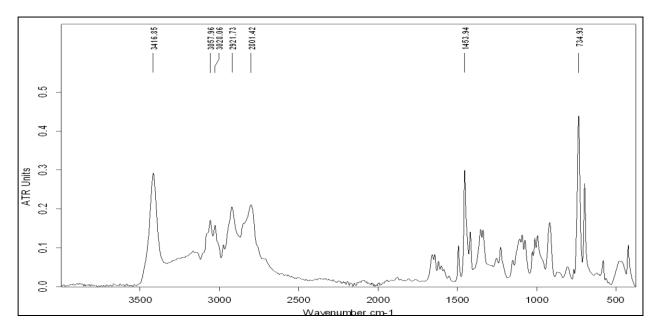
N-Allyl-N-benzyltryptamine (1a)

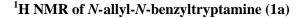


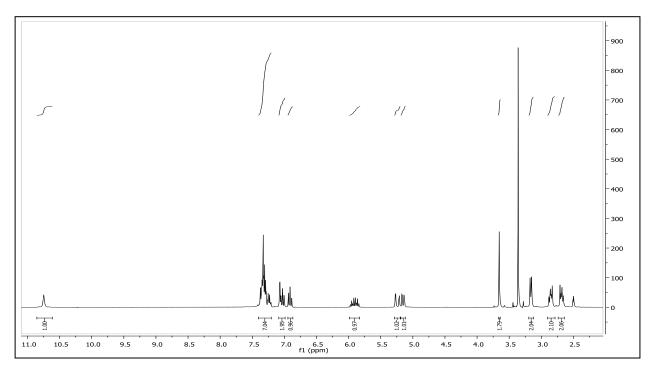
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyltryptamine (1a)



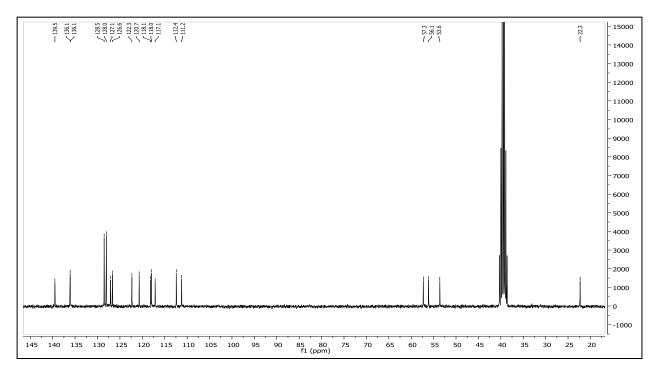
IR of N-allyl-N-benzyltryptamine (1a)



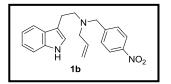




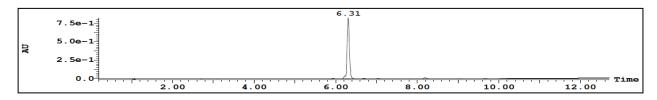
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyltryptamine (1a)



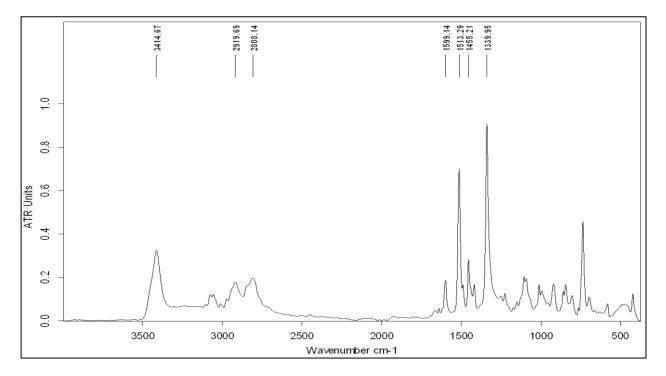
N-Allyl-N-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (1b)

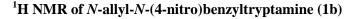


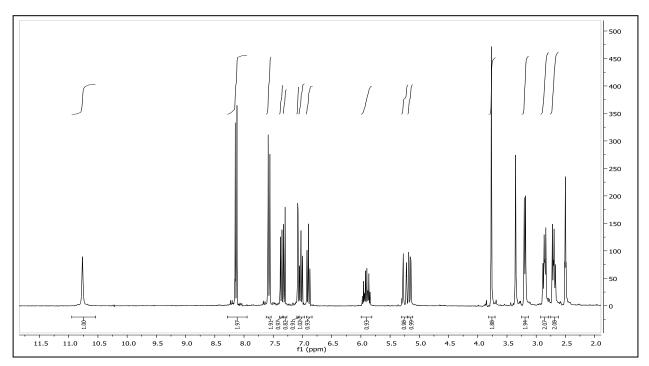
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (1b)



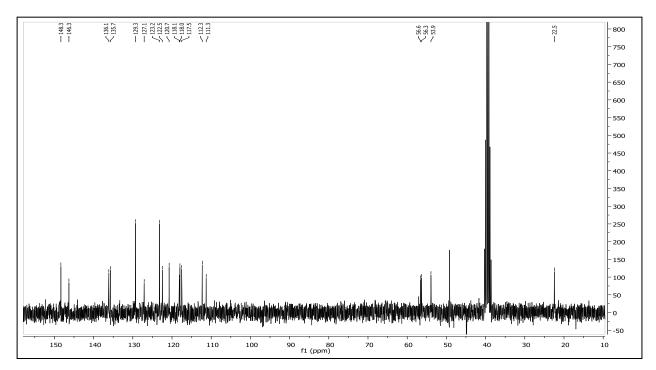
IR of N-allyl-N-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (1b)



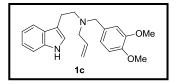




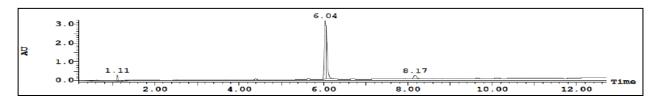
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-(4-nitro)benzyltryptamine (1b)



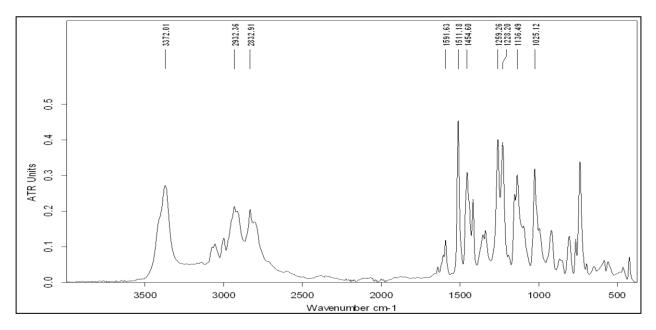
N-Allyl-*N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (1c)

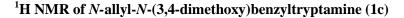


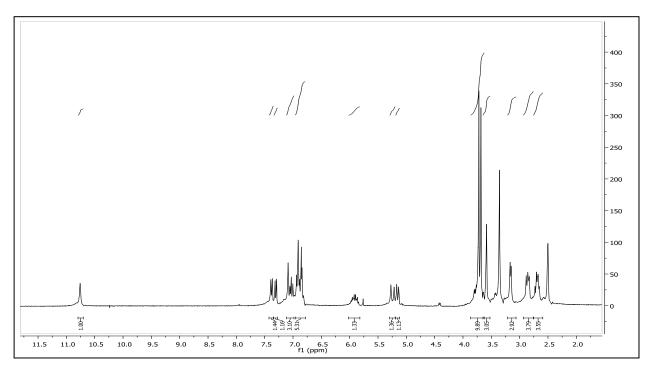
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (1c)



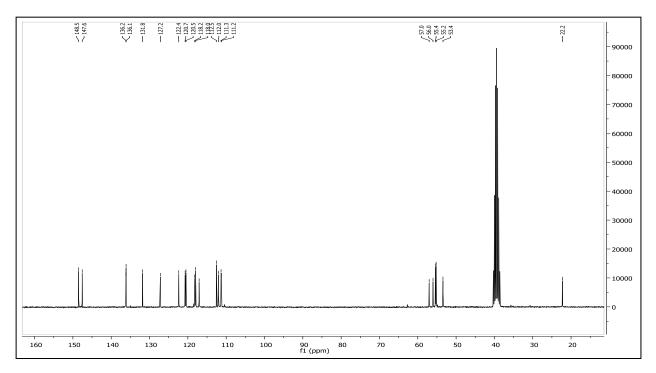
IR of *N*-allyl-*N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (1c)



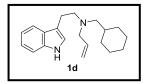




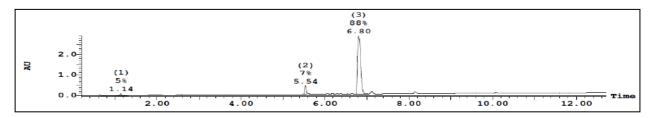
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-(3,4-dimethoxy)benzyltryptamine (1c)



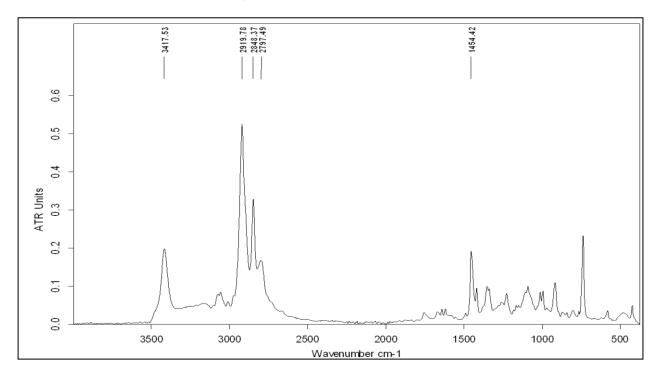
N-Allyl-N-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (1d)

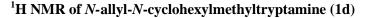


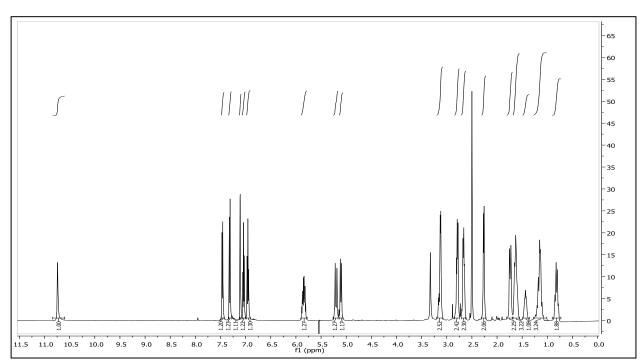
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (1d)



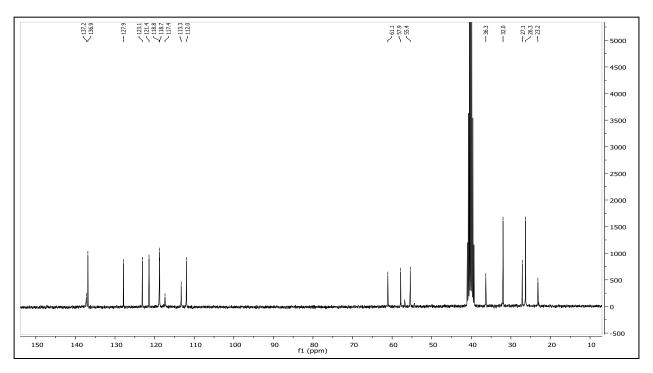
IR of N-allyl-N-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (1d)



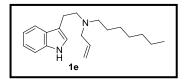




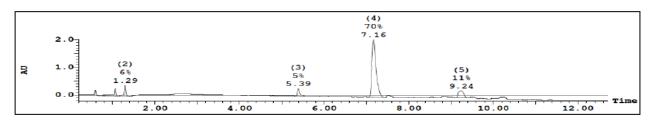
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-cyclohexylmethyltryptamine (1d)



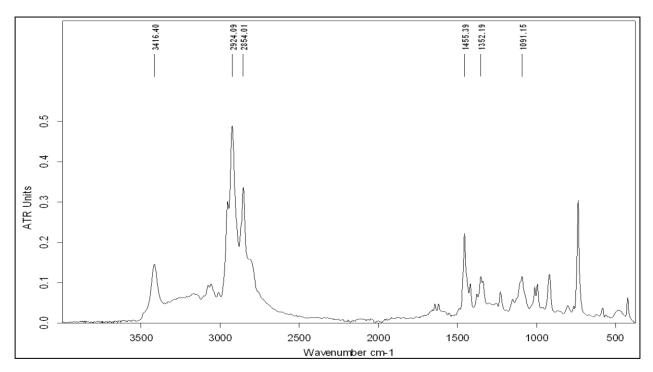
N-Allyl-*N*-heptyltryptamine (1e)

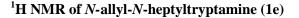


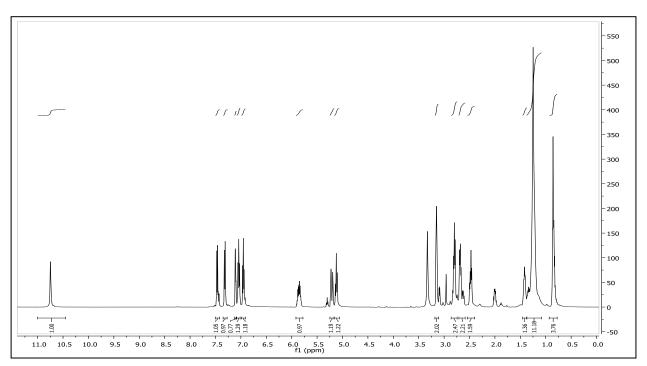
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-heptyltryptamine (1e)



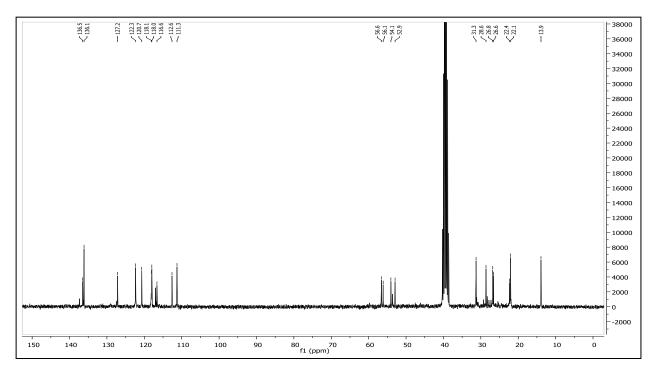
IR of N-allyl-N-heptyltryptamine (1e)



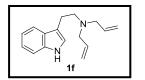




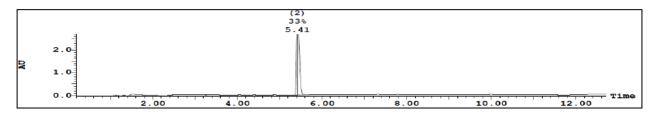
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-heptyltryptamine (1e)



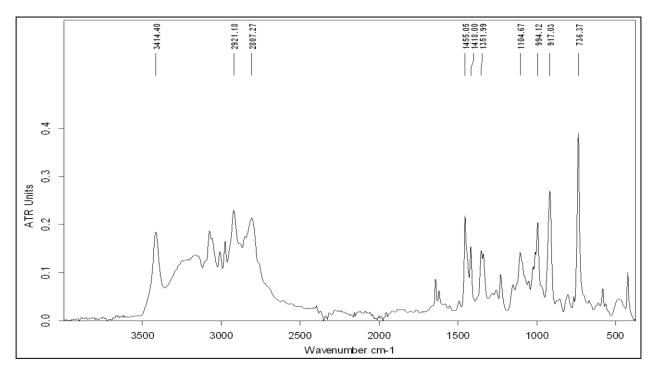
N,*N*-Diallyltryptamine (1f)



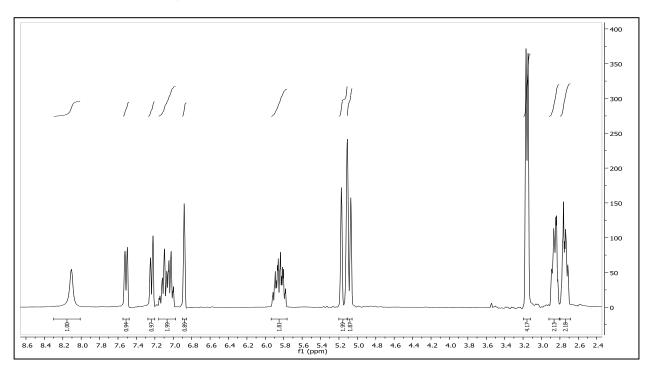
RP-HPLC of *N*,*N*-diallyltryptamine (1f)



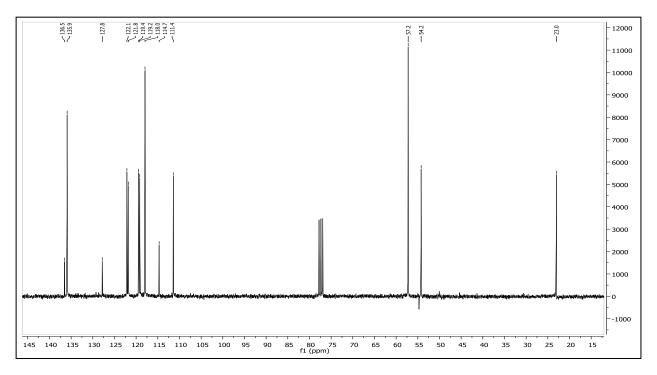
IR of N,N-diallyltryptamine (1f)



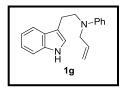
¹H NMR of *N*,*N*-diallyltryptamine (1f)



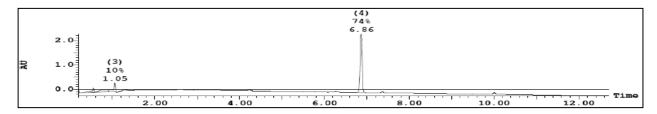
¹³C NMR of *N*,*N*-diallyltryptamine (1f)



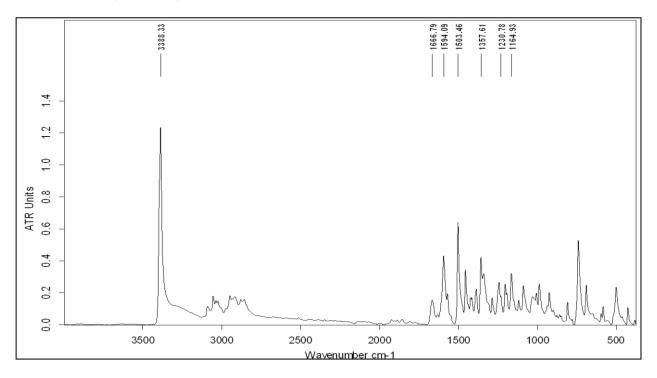
N-Allyl-N-phenyltryptamine (1g)



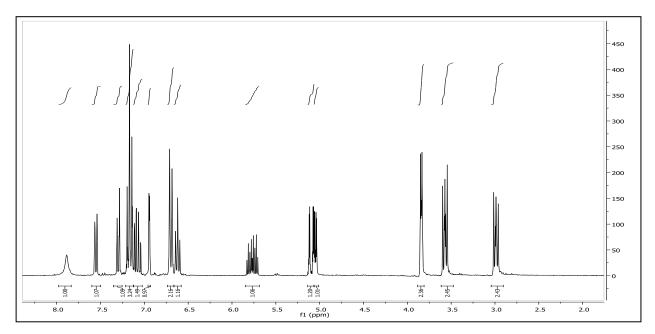
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-phenyltryptamine (1g)



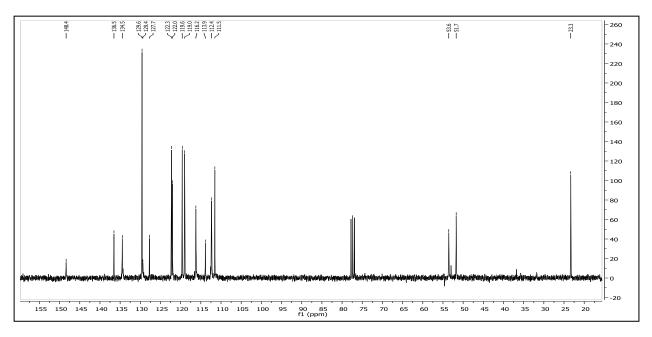
IR of N-allyl-N-phenyltryptamine (1g)



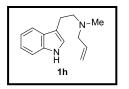
¹H NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-phenyltryptamine (1g)



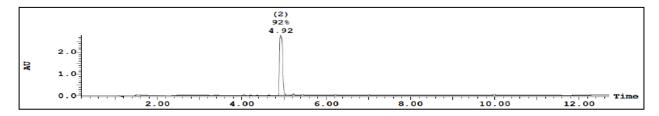
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-phenyltryptamine (1g)



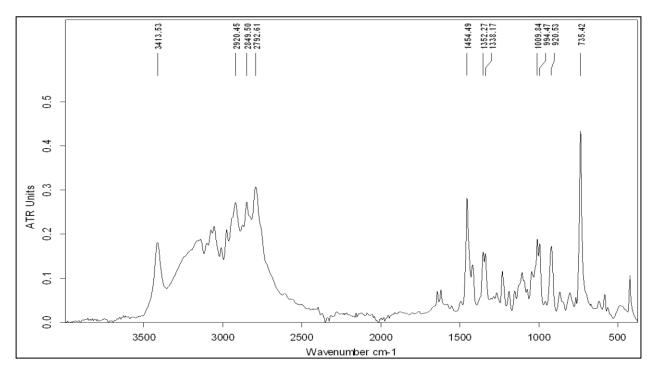
N-Allyl-N-methyltryptamine (1h)

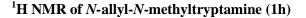


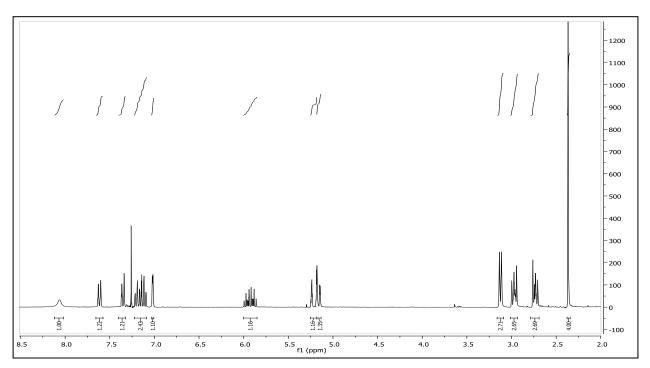
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-methyltryptamine (1h)



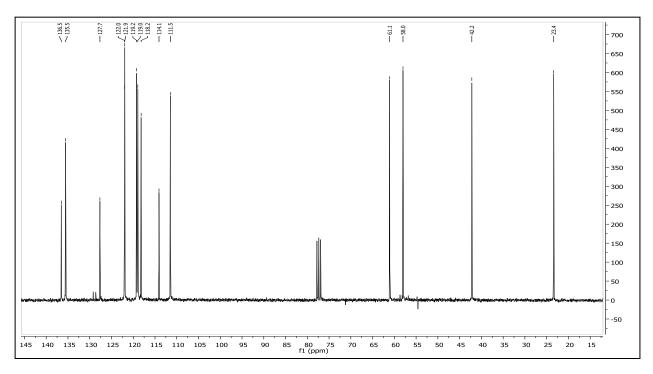
IR of N-allyl-N-methyltryptamine (1h)



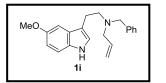




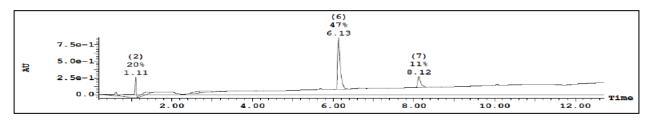
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-methyltryptamine (1h)



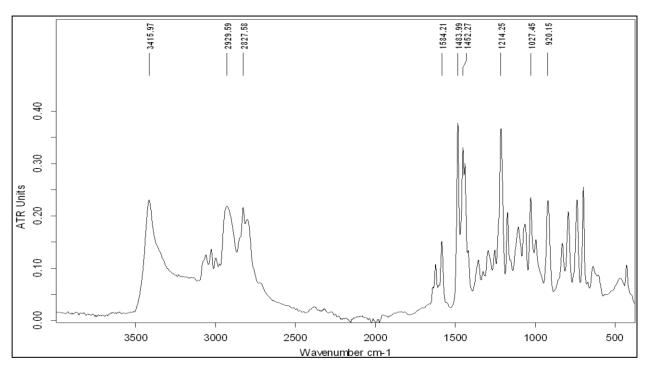
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine (1i)

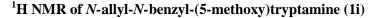


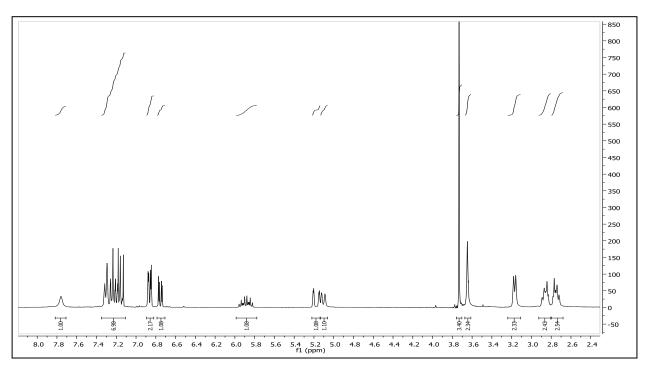
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine (1i)



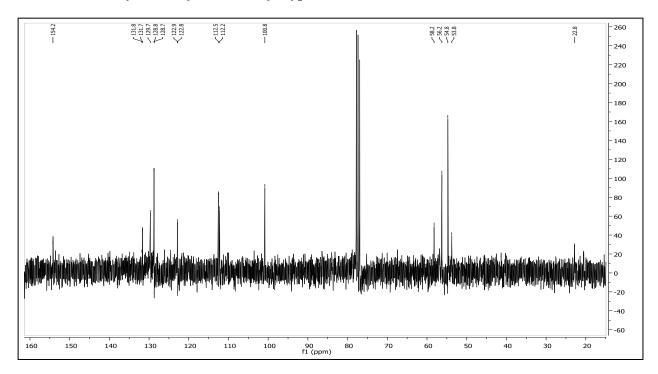
IR of N-allyl-N-benzyl-5-(methoxy)tryptamine (1i)



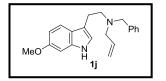




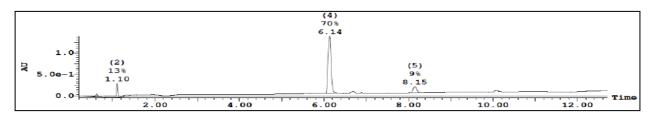
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methoxy)tryptamine (1i)



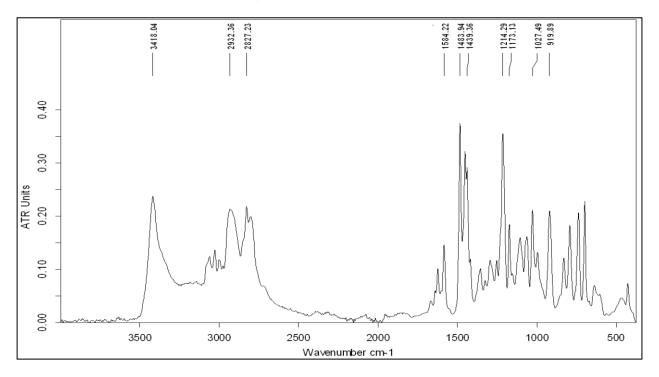
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (1j)

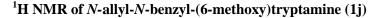


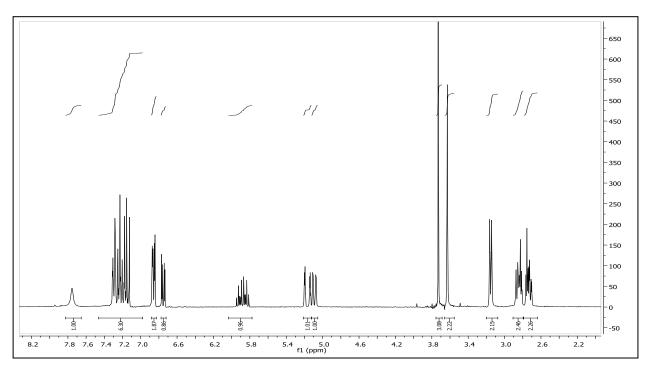
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (1j)



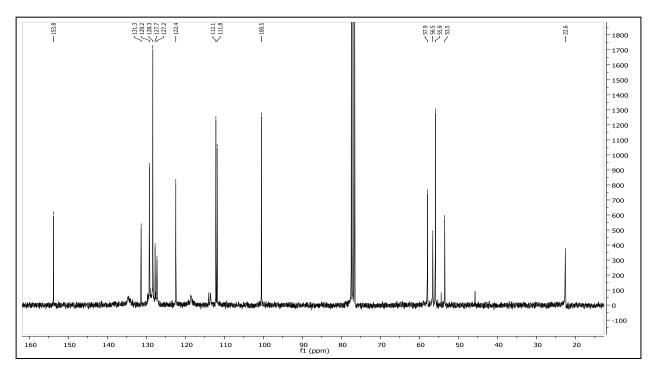
IR of N-allyl-N-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (1j)



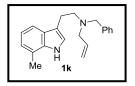




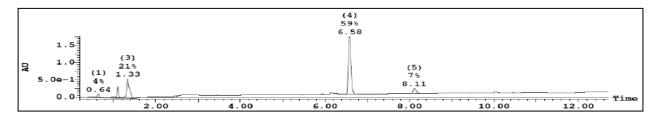
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(6-methoxy)tryptamine (1j)



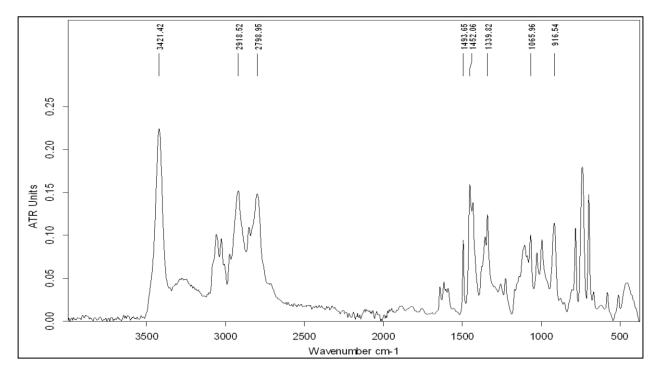
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (1k)



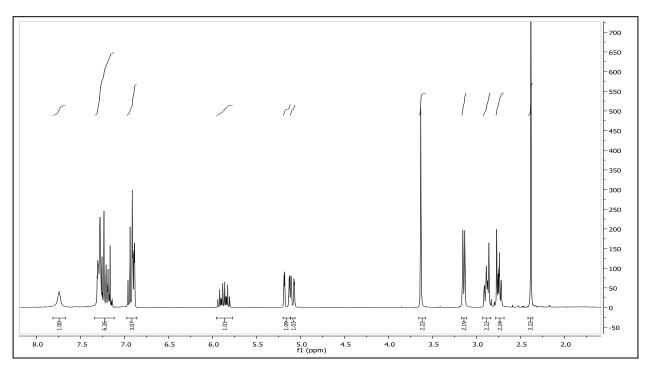
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (1k)



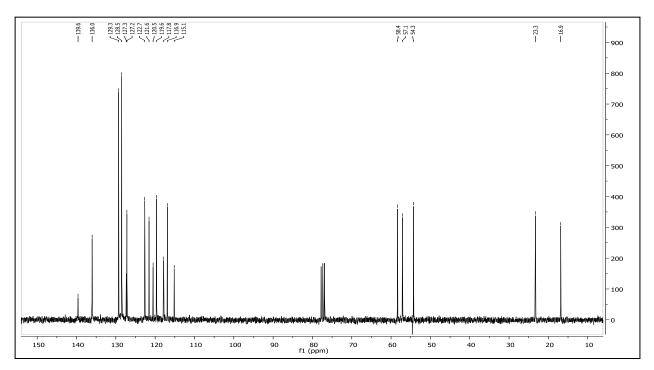
IR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (1k)



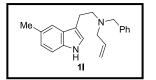
¹H NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (1k)



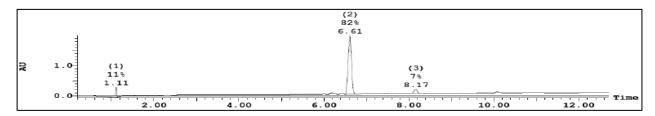
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(7-methyl)tryptamine (1k)



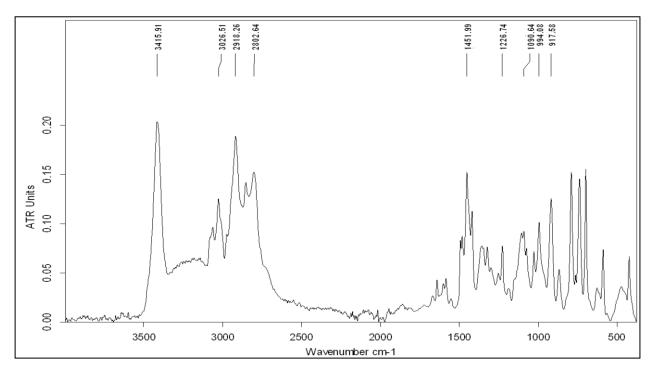
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (11)



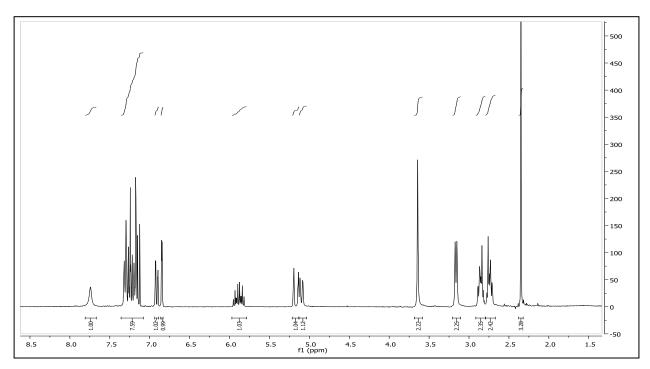
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (11)



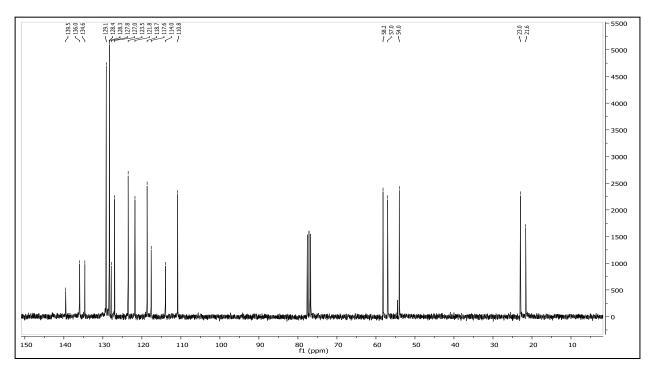
IR of N-allyl-N-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (11)



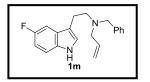
¹H NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (11)



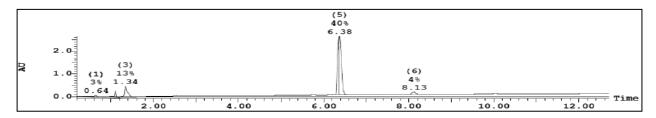
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-methyl)tryptamine (11)



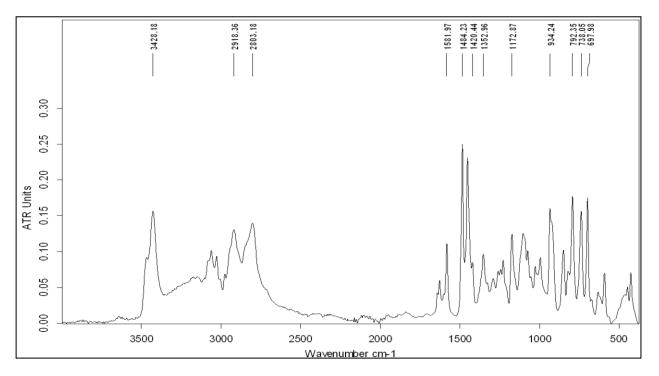
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (1m)



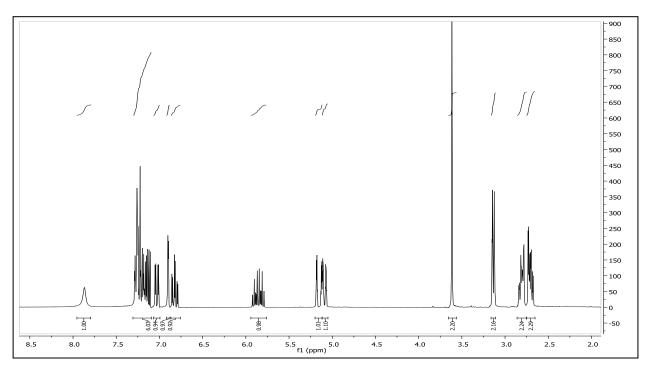
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (1m)



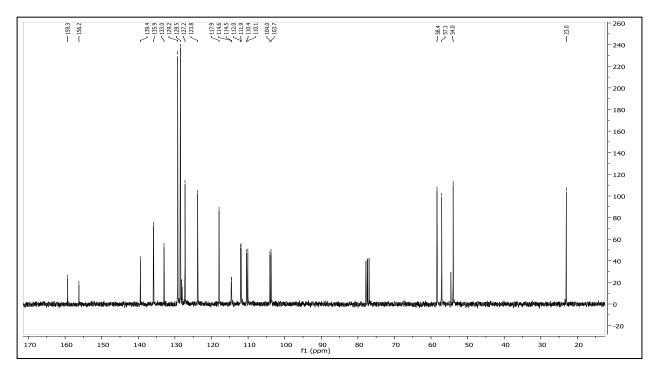
IR of N-allyl-N-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (1m)



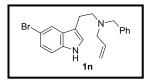
¹H NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (1m)



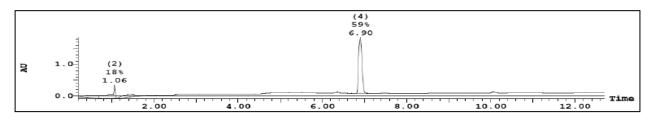
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-fluoro)tryptamine (1m)



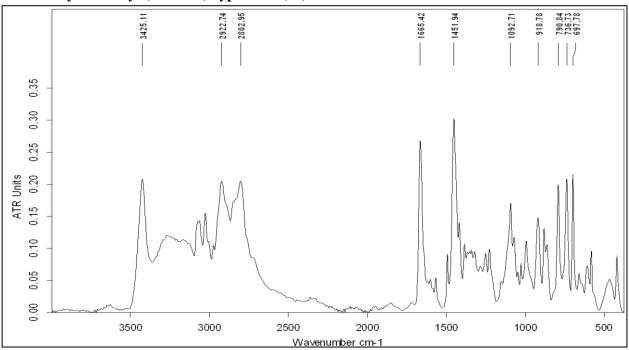
N-Allyl-N-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine (1n)



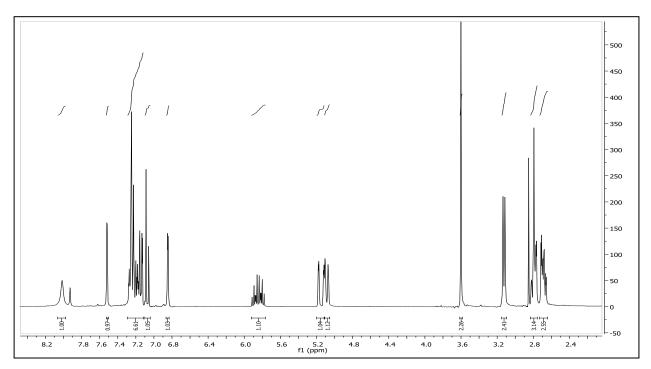
RP-HPLC of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine (1n)



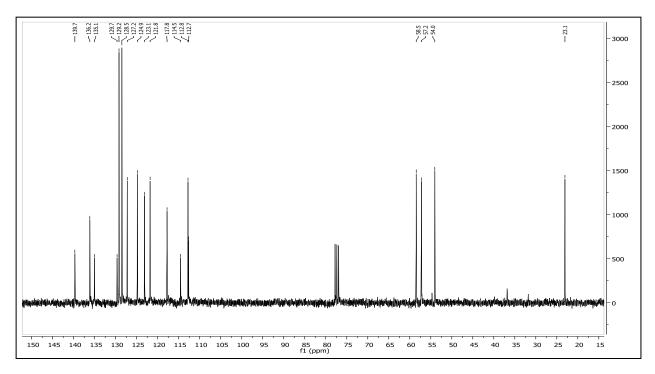
IR of N-allyl-N-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine (1n)



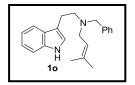
¹H NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine (1n)



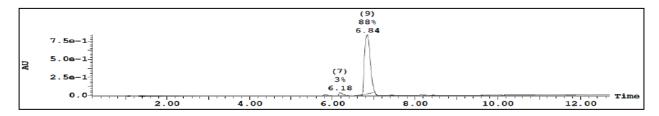
¹³C NMR of *N*-allyl-*N*-benzyl-(5-bromo)tryptamine (1n)



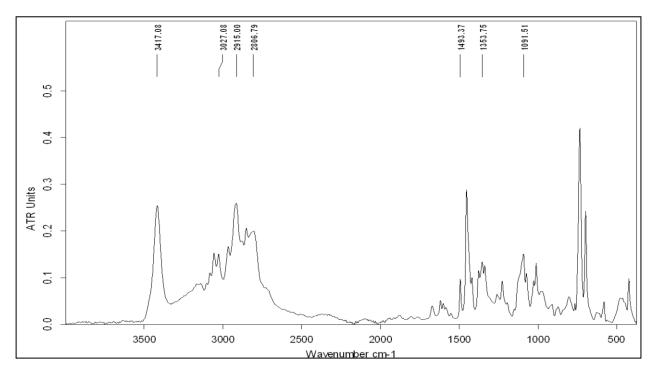
N-Benzyl-N-(3,3-dimethyl)allyltryptamine (10)

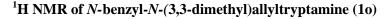


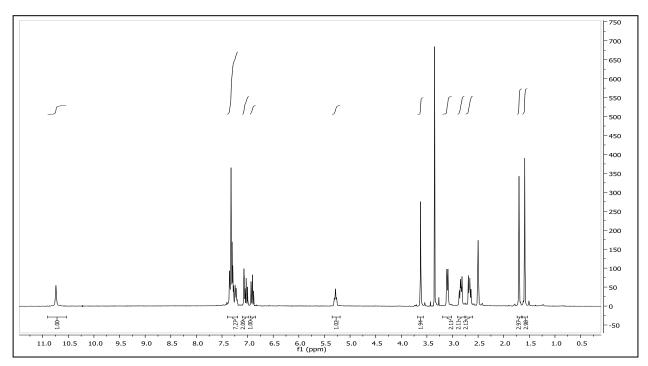
RP-HPLC of *N*-benzyl-*N*-(3,3-dimethyl)allyltryptamine (10)



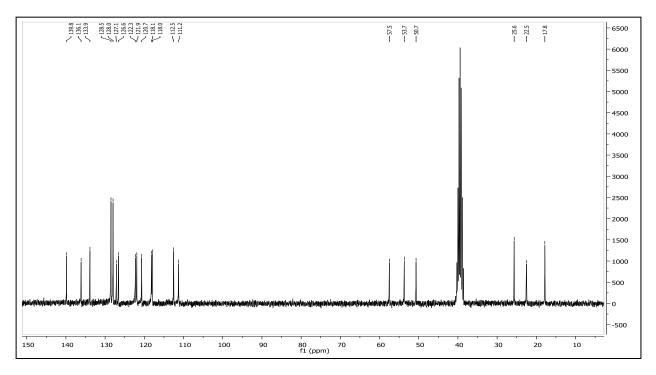
IR of N-benzyl-N-(3,3-dimethyl)allyltryptamine (10)



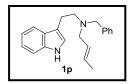




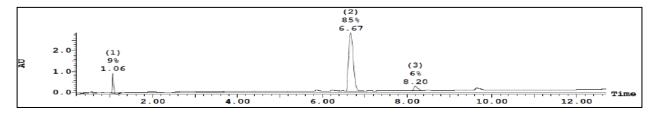
¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-(3,3-dimethyl)allyltryptamine (10)



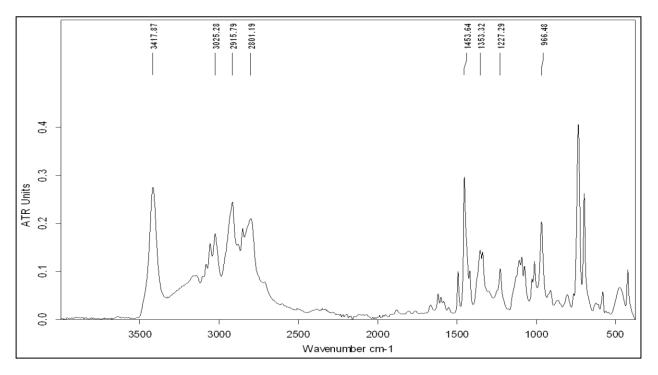
N-Benzyl-N-crotyltryptamine (1p)

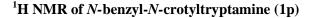


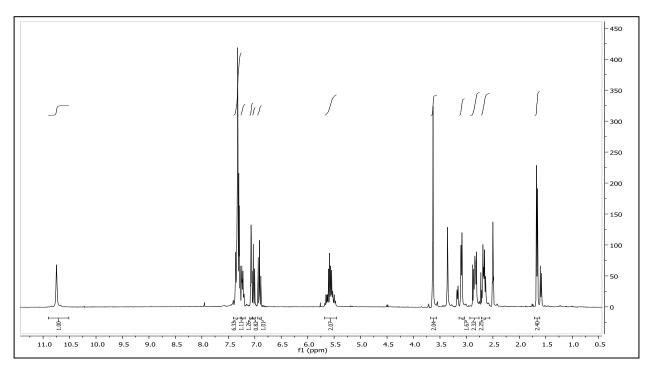
RP-HPLC of *N*-benzyl-*N*-crotyltryptamine (1p)



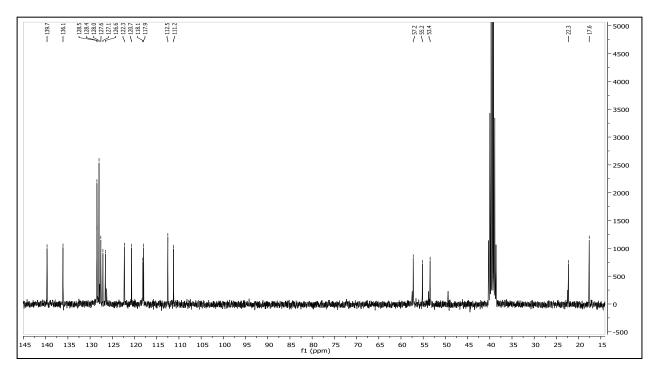
IR of N-benzyl-N-crotyltryptamine (1p)



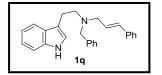




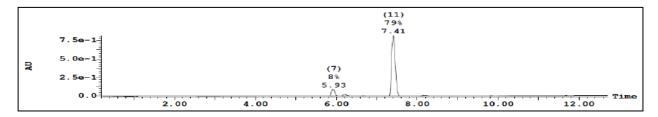
¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-crotyltryptamine (1p)



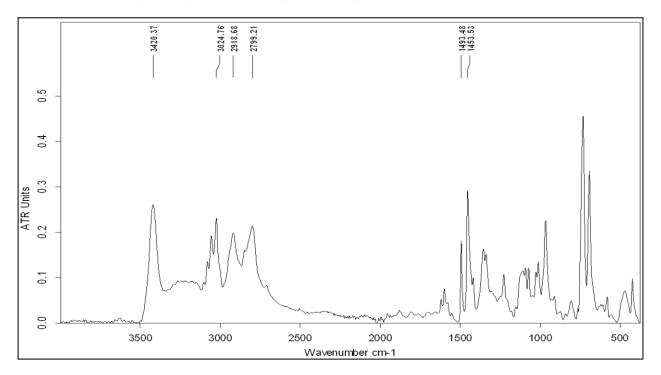
N-Benzyl-N-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1q)

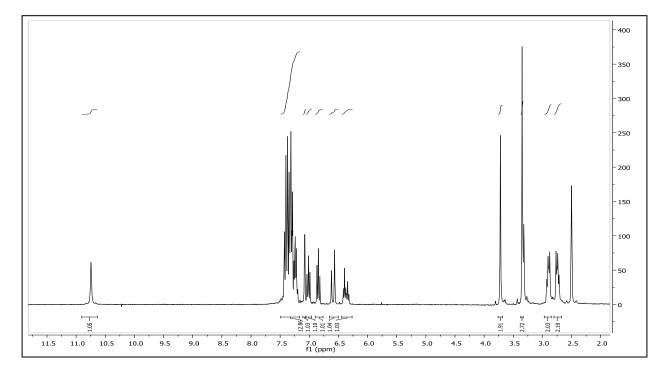


RP-HPLC of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1q)



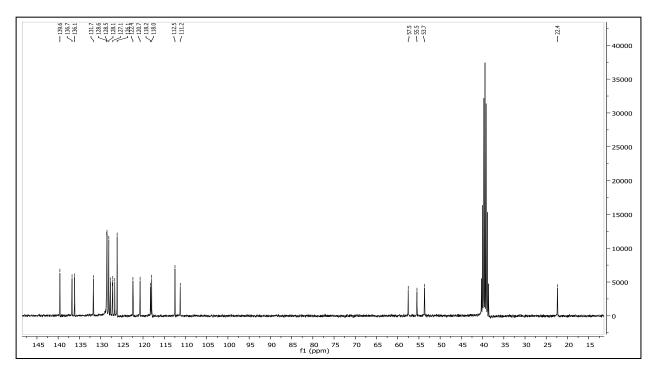
IR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1q)



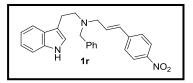


¹H NMR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1q)

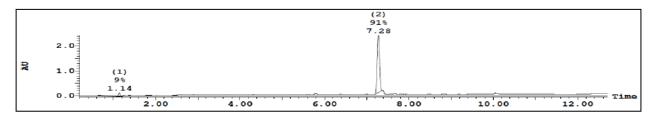
¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1q)



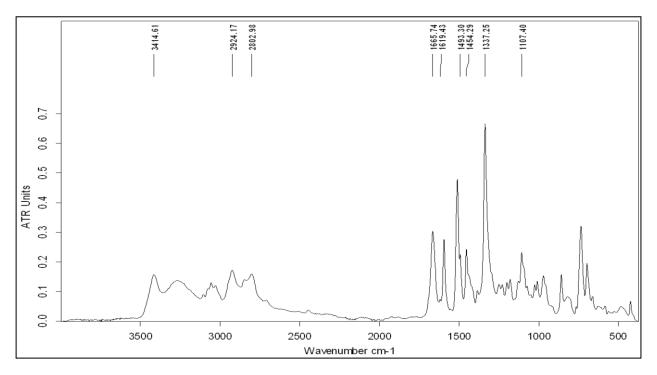
N-Benzyl-N-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1r)

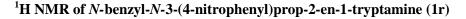


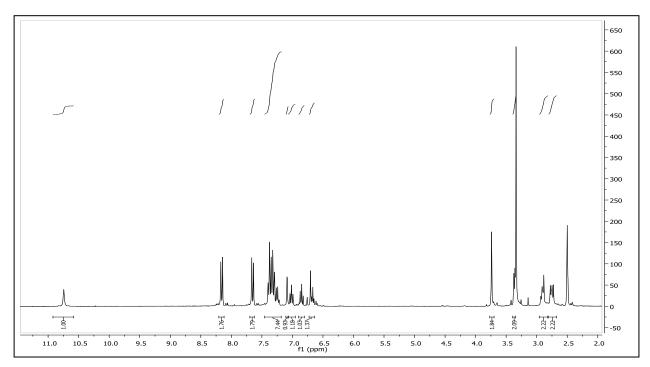
RP-HPLC of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1r)



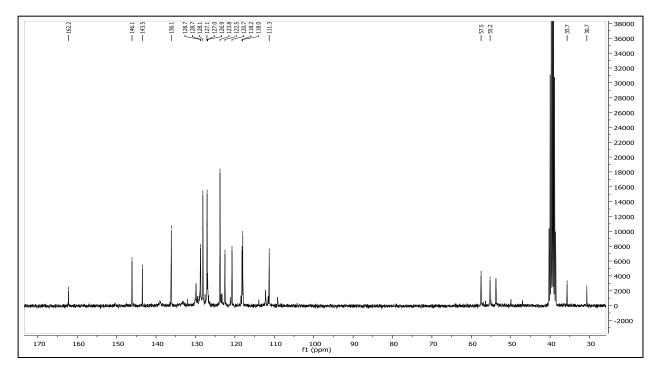
IR of N-benzyl-N-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1r)



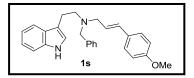




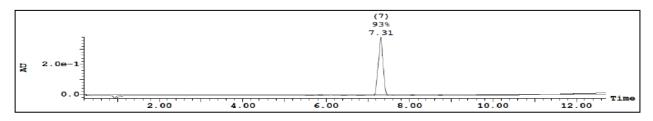
¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-(4-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1r)



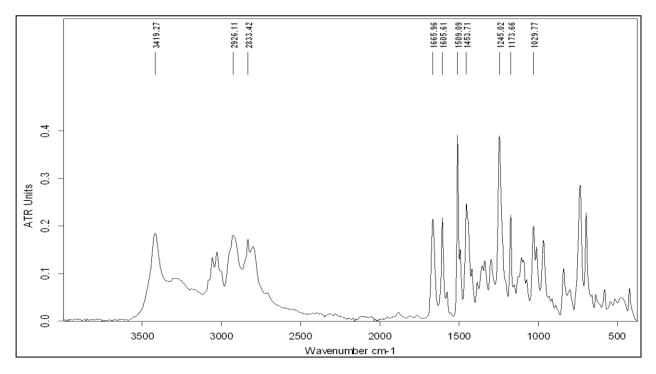
N-Benzyl-N-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1s)

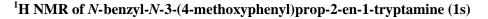


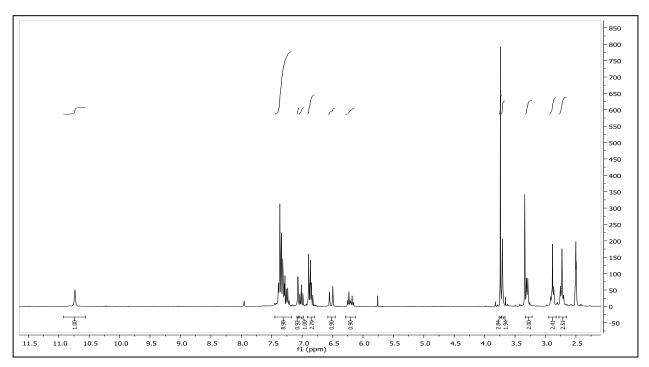
RP-HPLC of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1s)



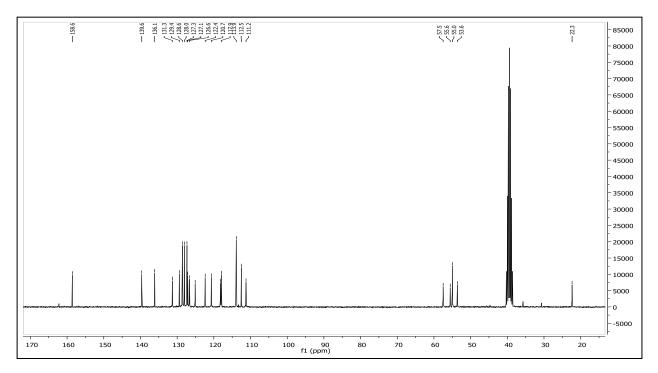
IR of N-benzyl-N-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1s)



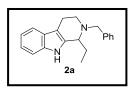




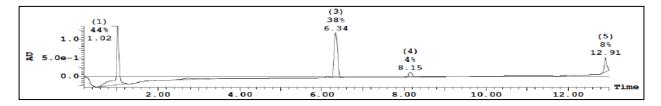
¹³C NMR of *N*-benzyl-*N*-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-tryptamine (1s)



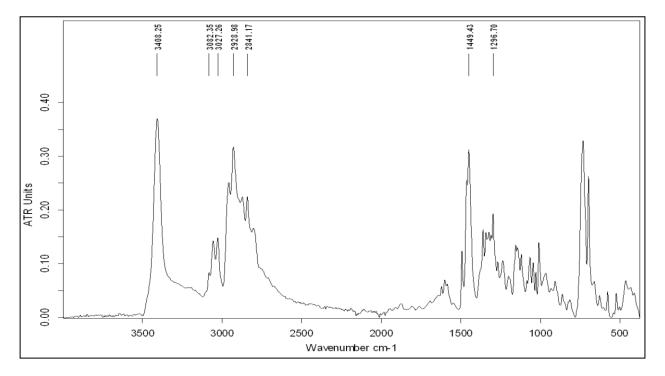
THBC 2a



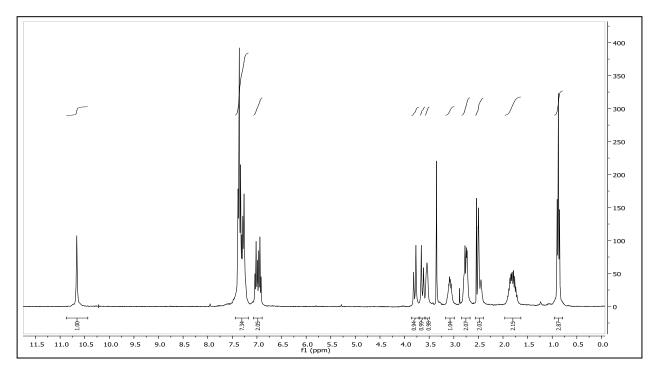
RP-HPLC of THBC 2a



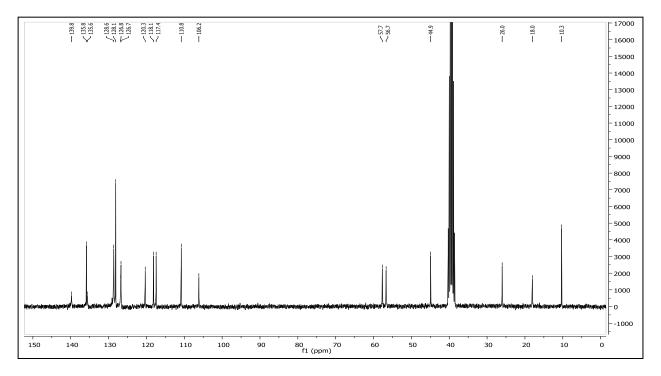
IR of THBC 2a



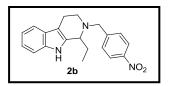
¹H NMR of THBC 2a



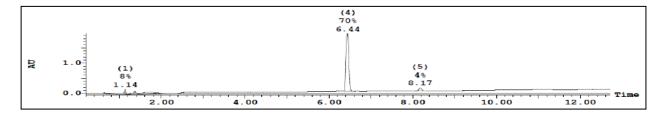
¹³C NMR of THBC 2a



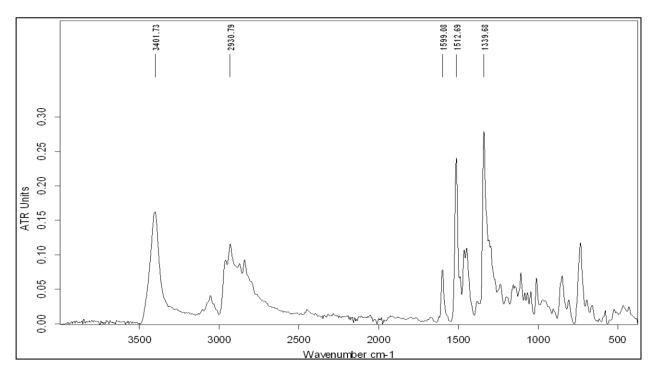
THBC 2b



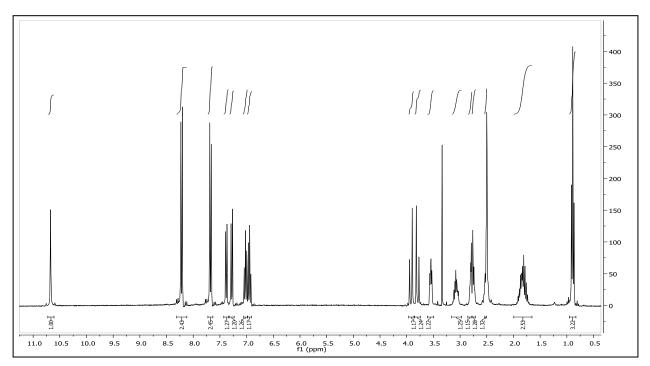
RP-HPLC of 2b



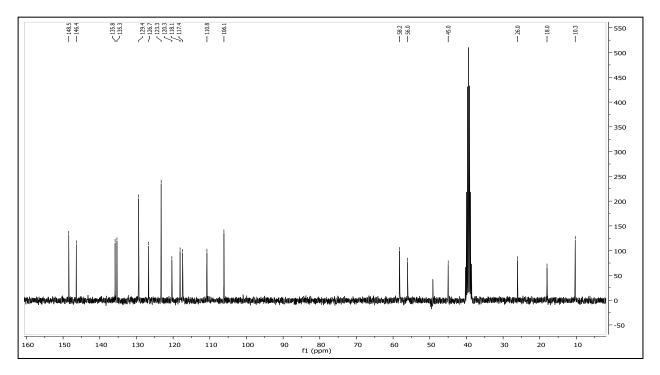
IR of 2b



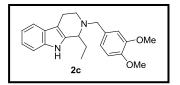




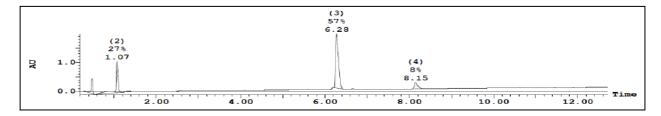
¹³C NMR of 2b



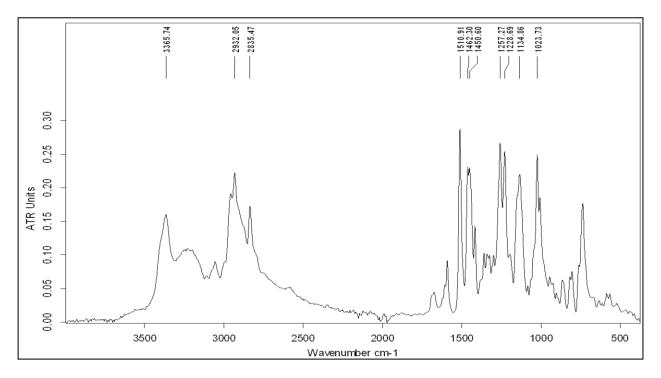
THBC 2c



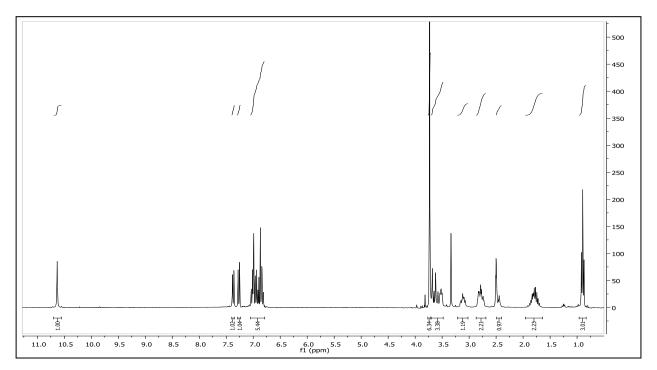
RP-HPLC of 2c



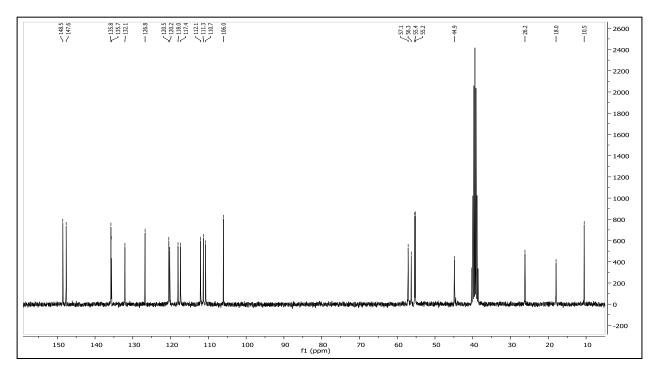
IR of 2c



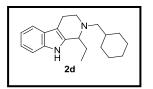




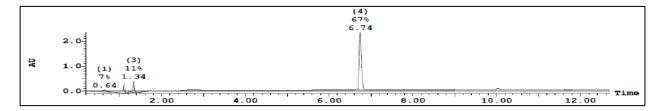
¹³C NMR of 2c



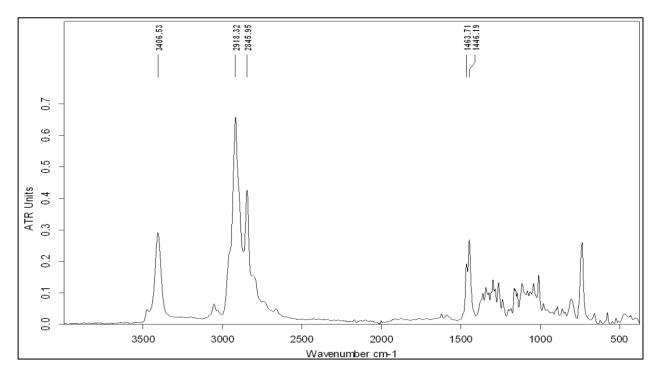
THBC 2d



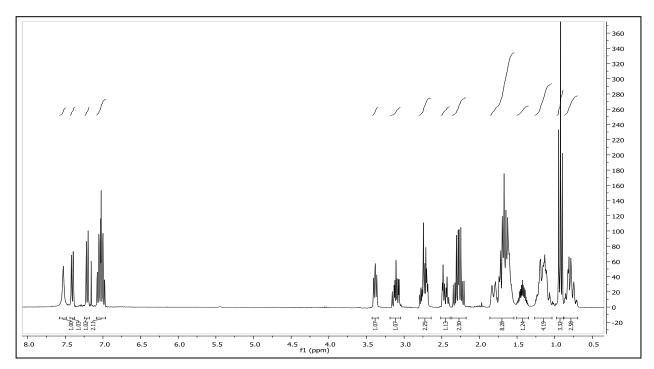
RP-HPLC of 2d



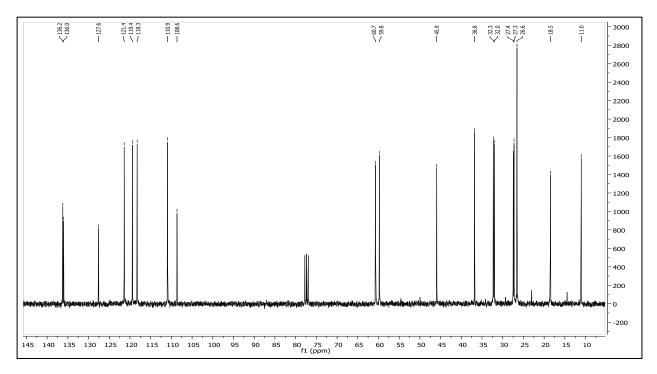
IR of 2d



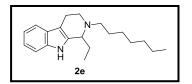




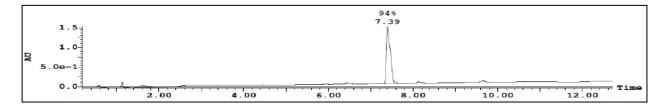
¹³C NMR of 2d



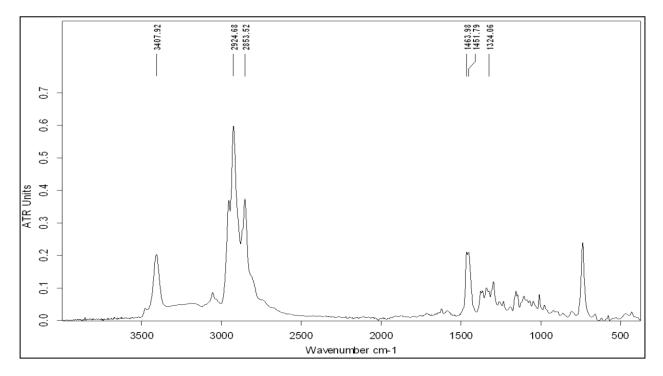
THBC 2e



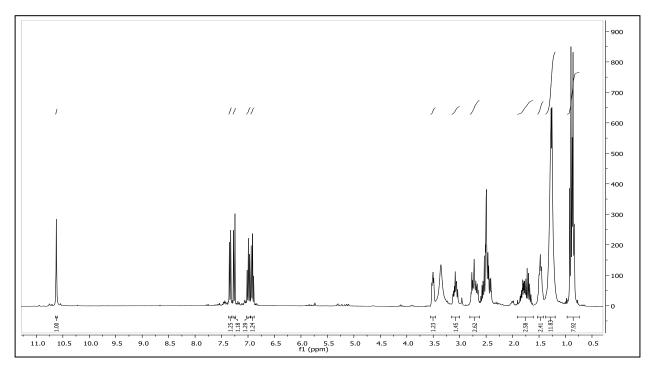
RP-HPLC of 2e



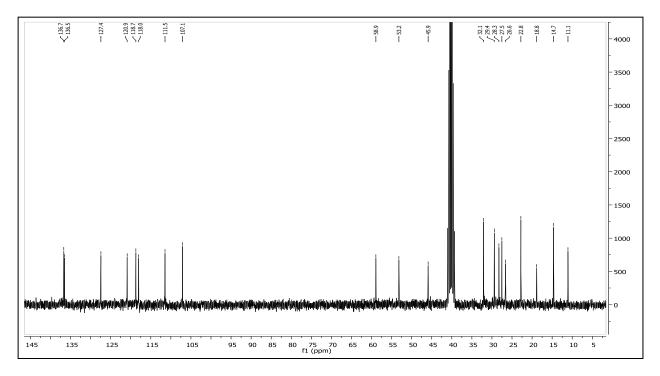
IR of 2e



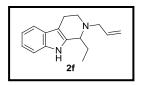




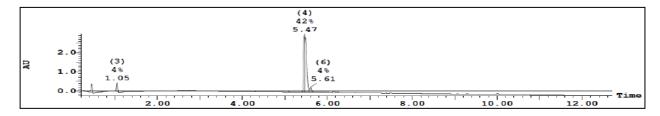
¹³C NMR of 2e



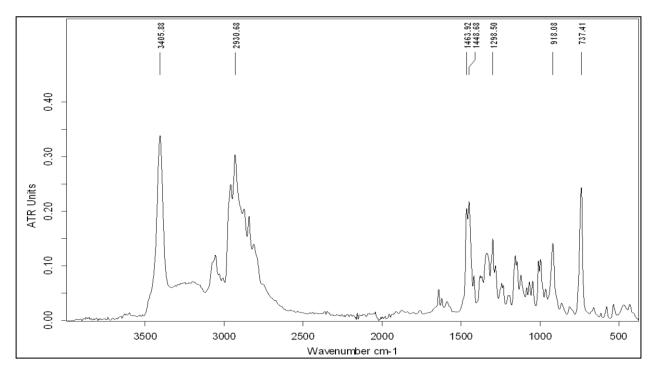
THBC 2f



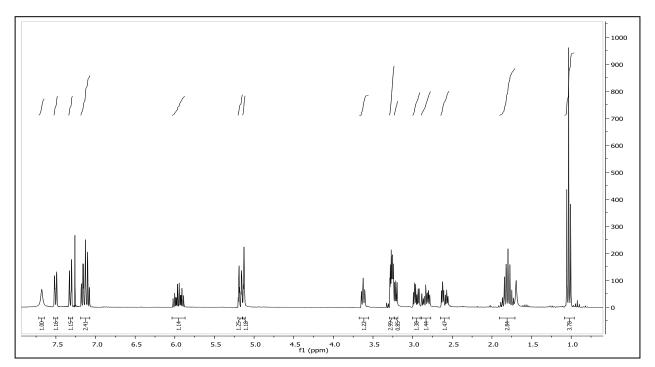
RP-HPLC of 2f



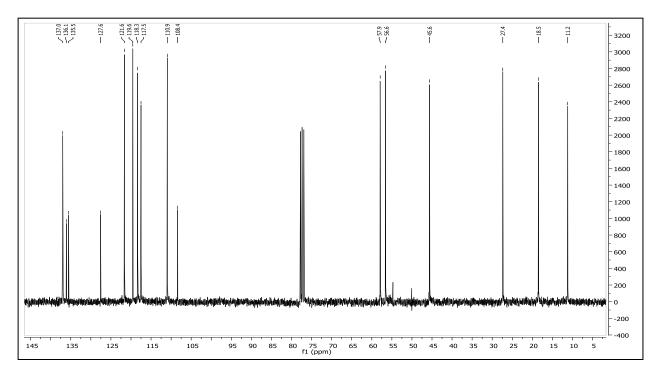
IR of 2f



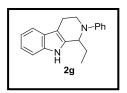




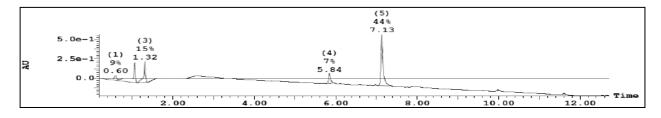
¹³C NMR of 2f



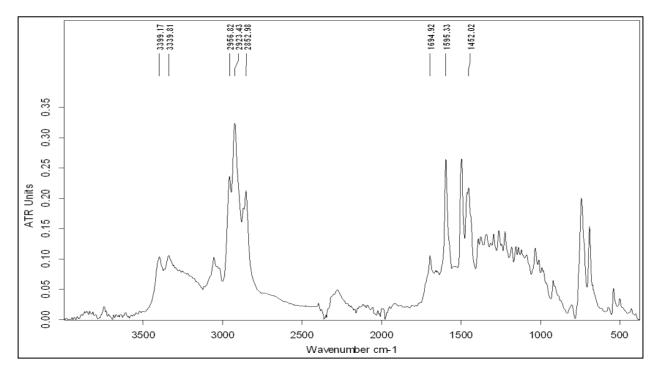
THBC 2g



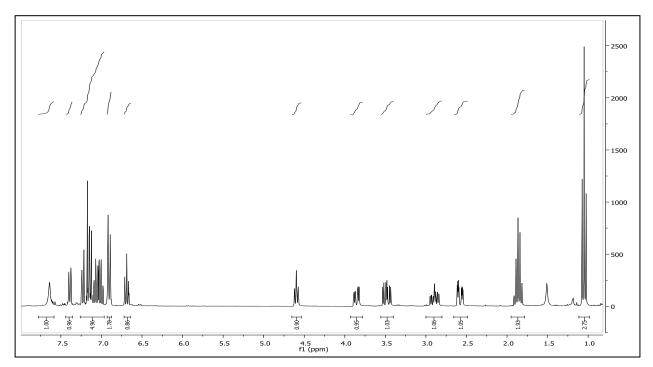
RP-HPLC of 2g



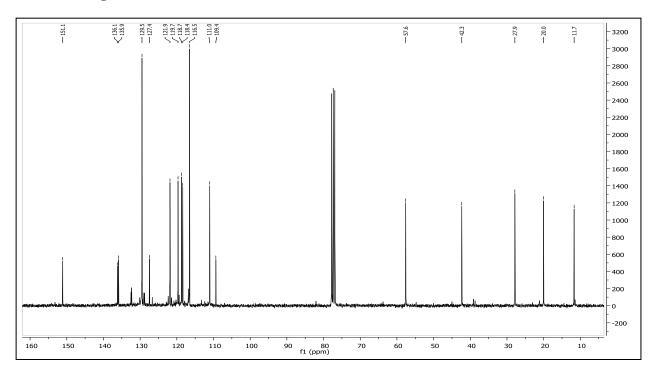
IR of 2g



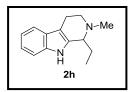




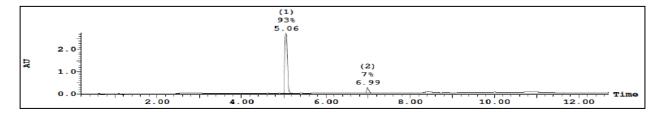
¹³C NMR of 2g



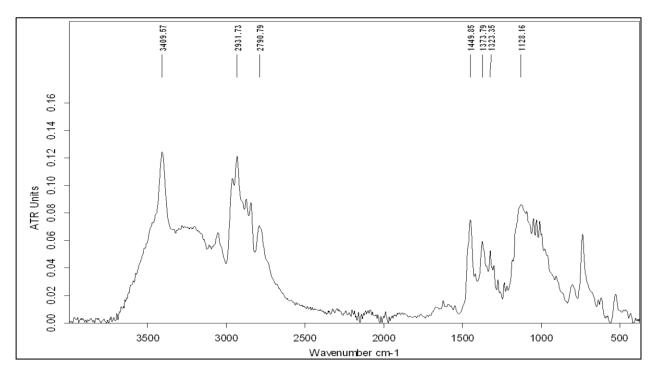
THBC 2h



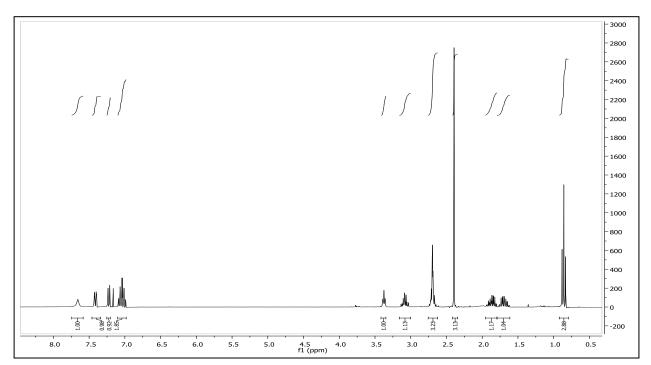
RP-HPLC of 2h



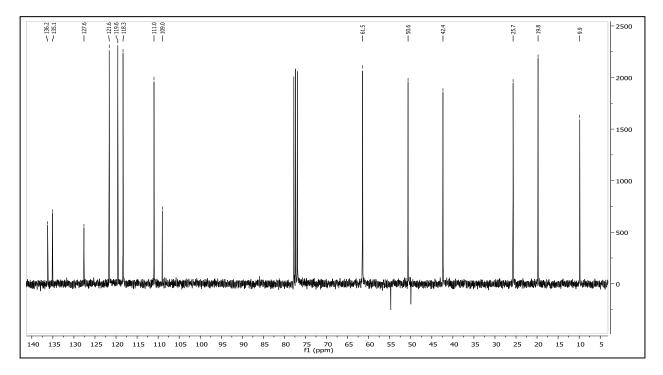
IR of 2h



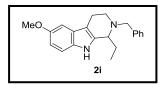




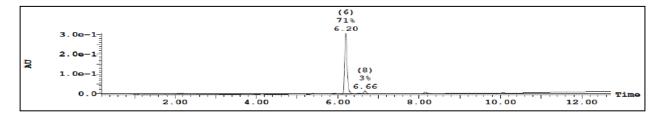
¹³C NMR of 2h



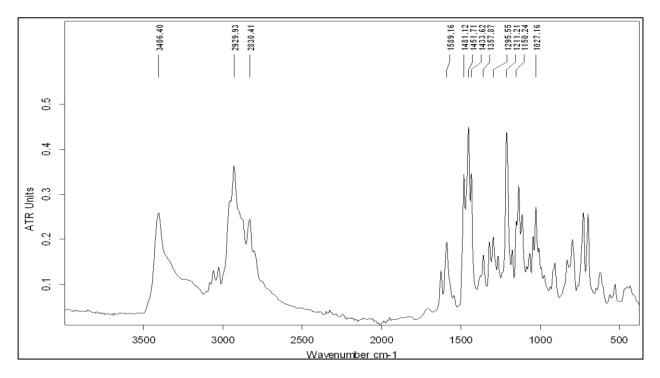
THBC 2i



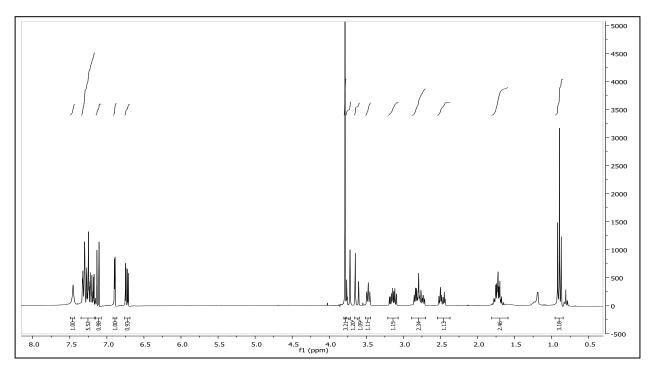
RP-HPLC of 2i



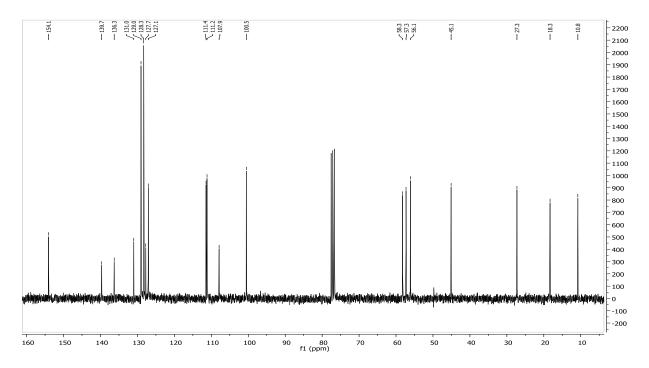
IR of 2i



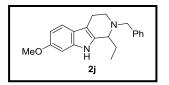
¹H NMR of 2i



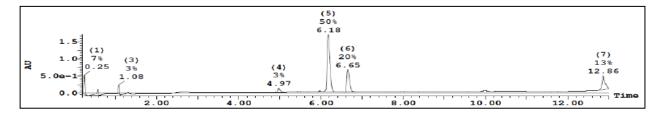
¹³C NMR of 2i



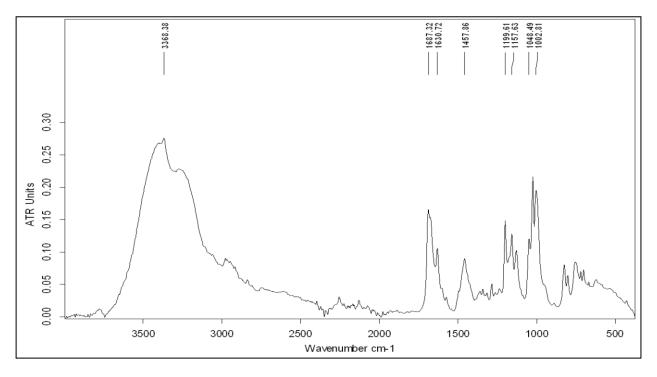
THBC 2j



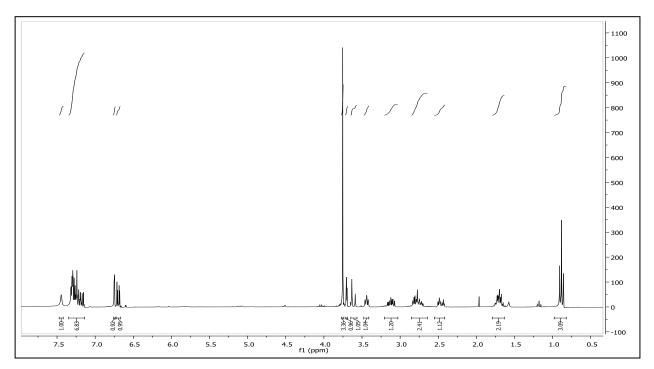
RP-HPLC of 2j



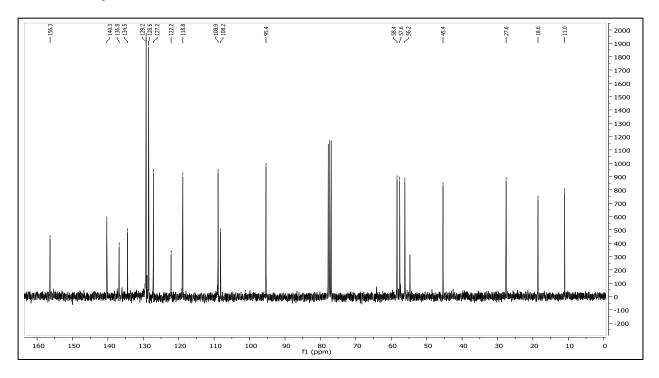
IR of 2j



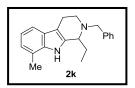




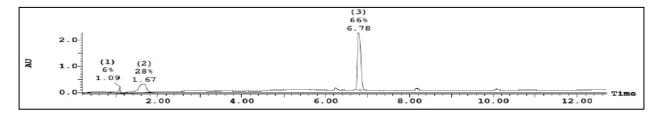
¹³C NMR of 2j



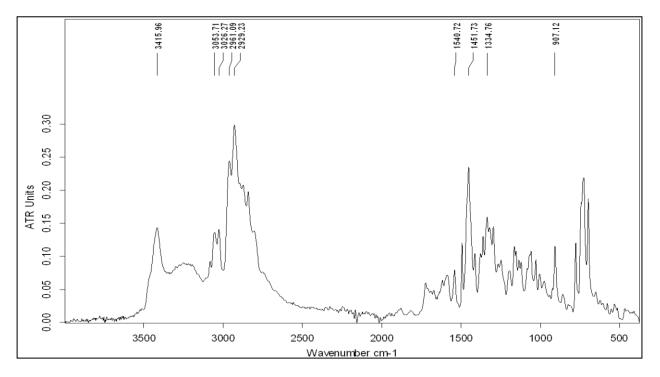
THBC of 2k



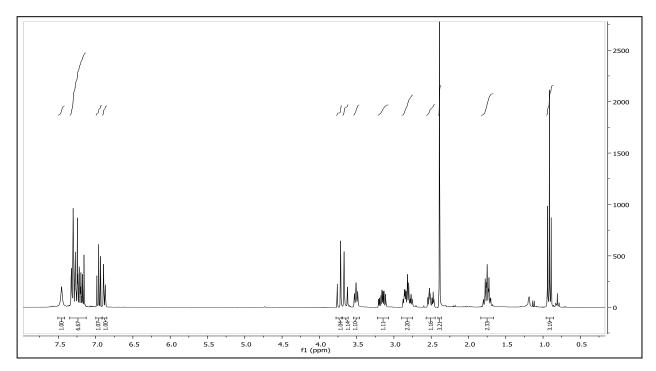
RP-HPLC of 2k



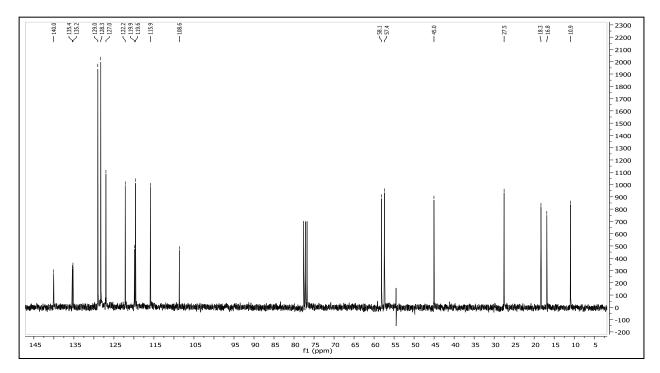
IR of 2k



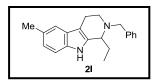




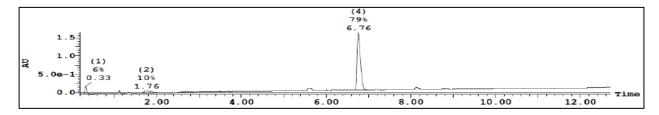
¹³C NMR of 2k



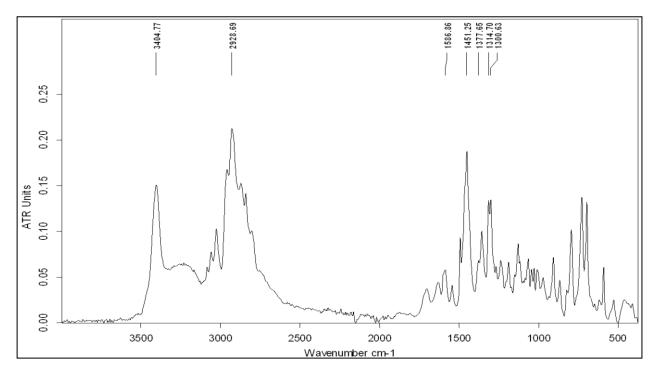
THBC 2l



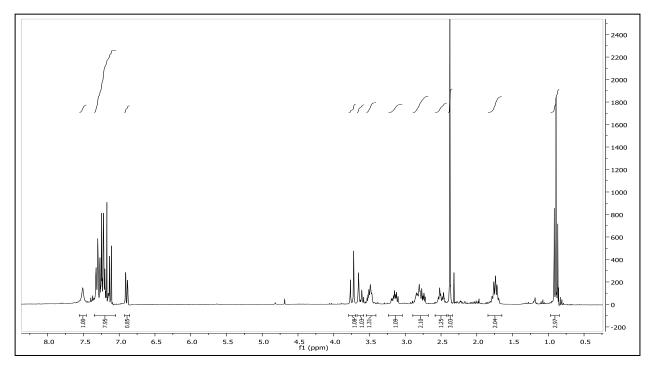
RP-HPLC of 2l



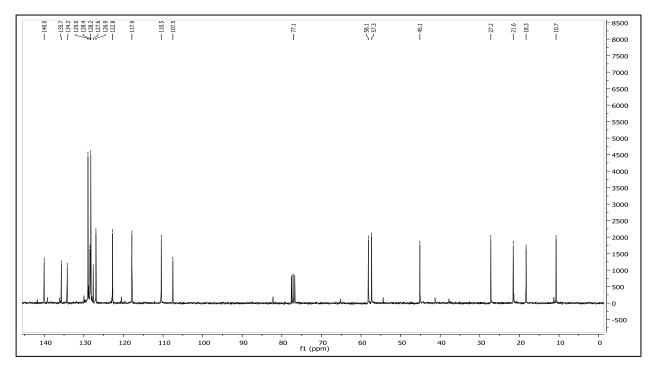
IR of 2l



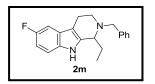




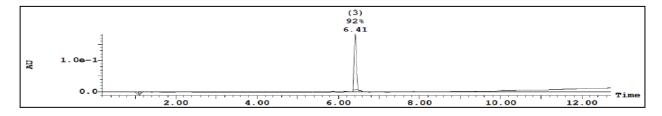
¹³C NMR of 2l



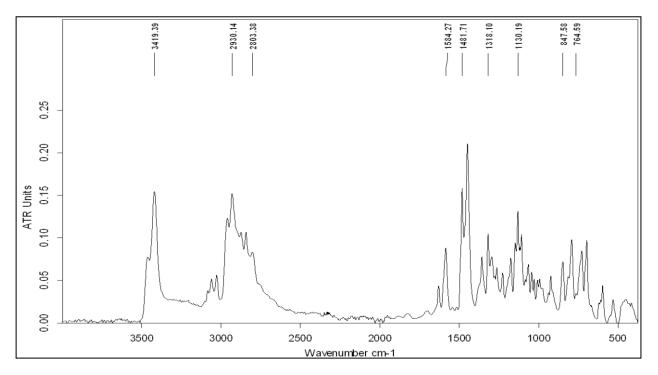
THBC 2m



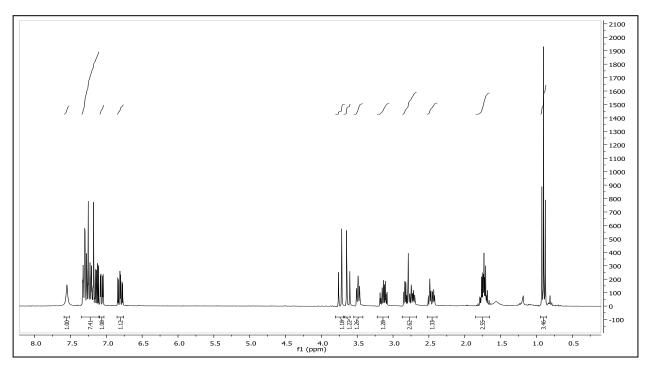
RP-HPLC of 2m



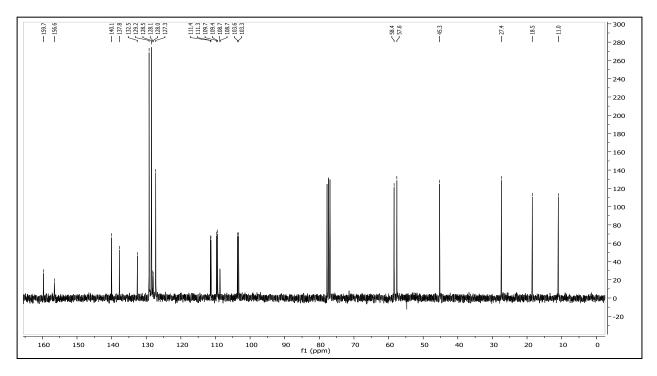
IR of 2m



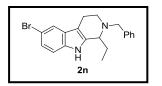




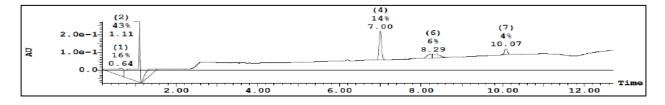
¹³C NMR of 2m



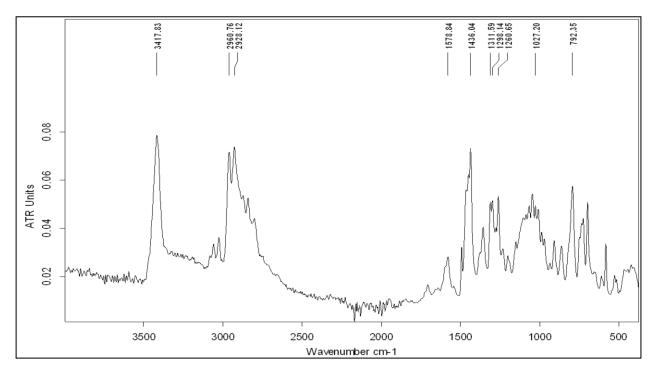
THBC 2n



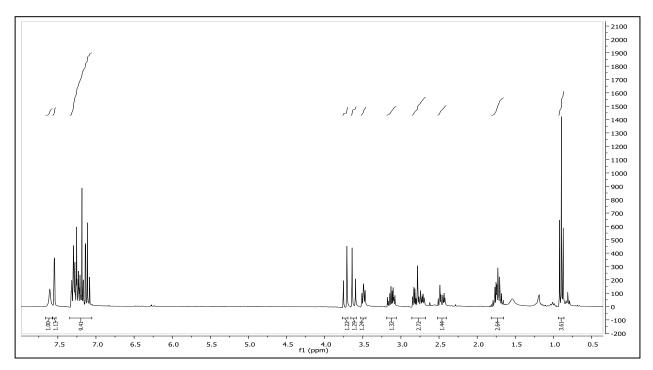
RP-HPLC of 2n



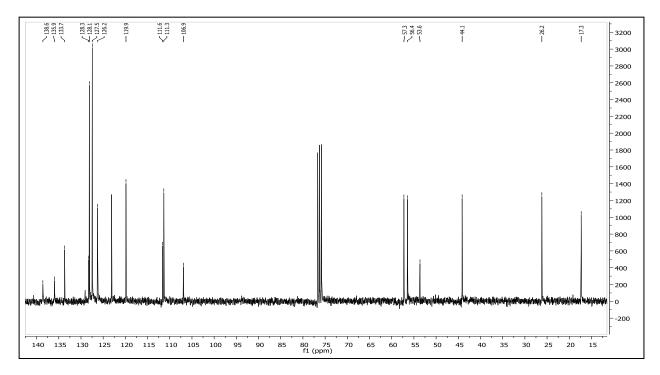
IR of 2n



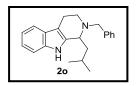




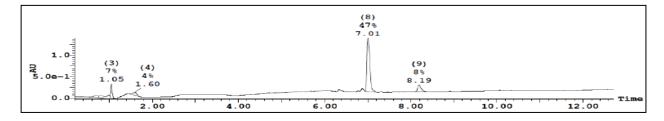
¹³C NMR of 2n



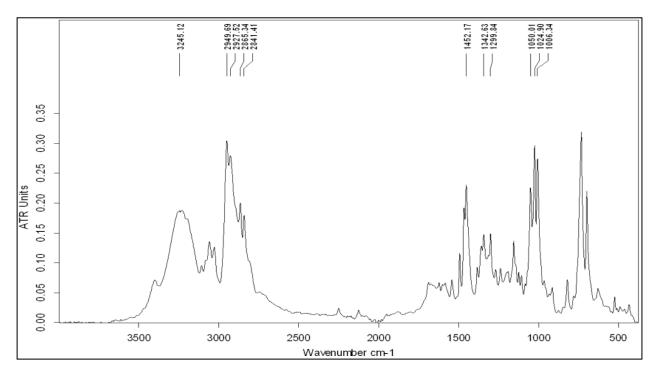
THBC 20



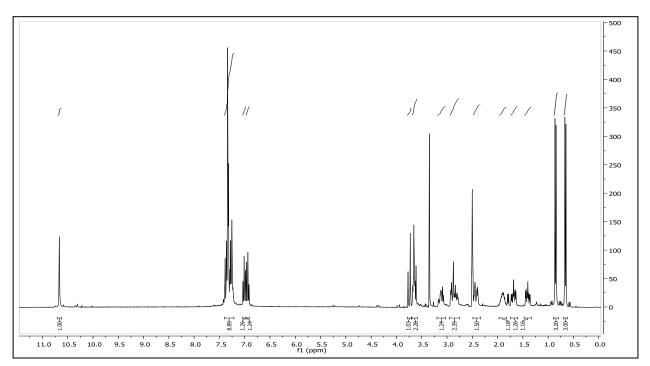
RP-HPLC of 20



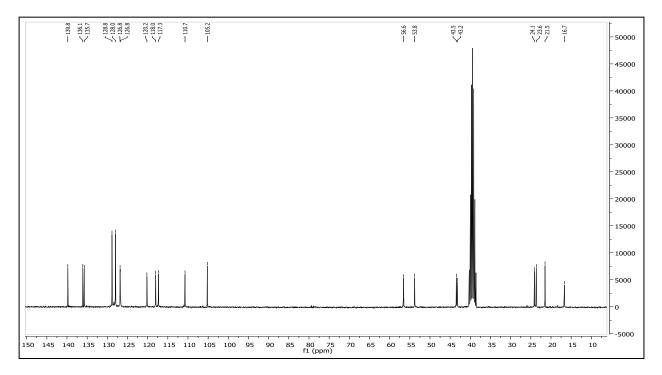
IR of 20



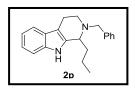




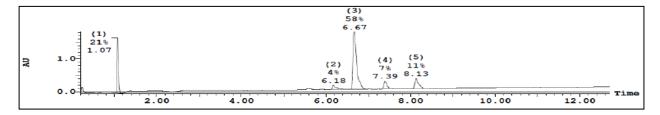
¹³C NMR of 20



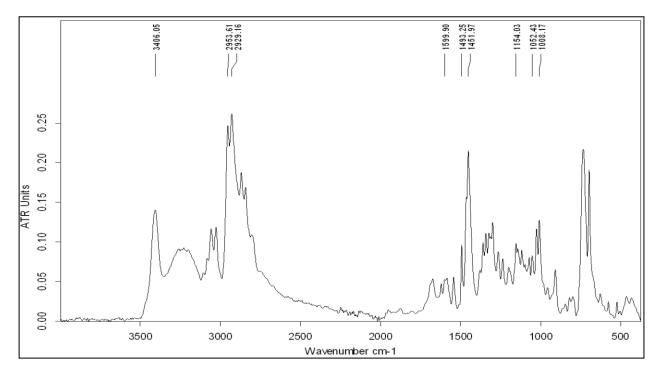
THBC 2p



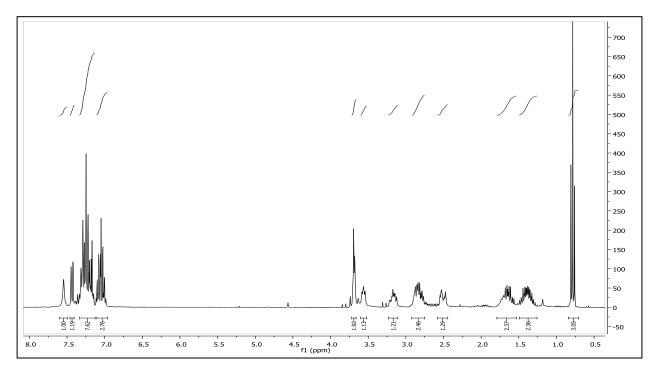
RP-HPLC of 2p



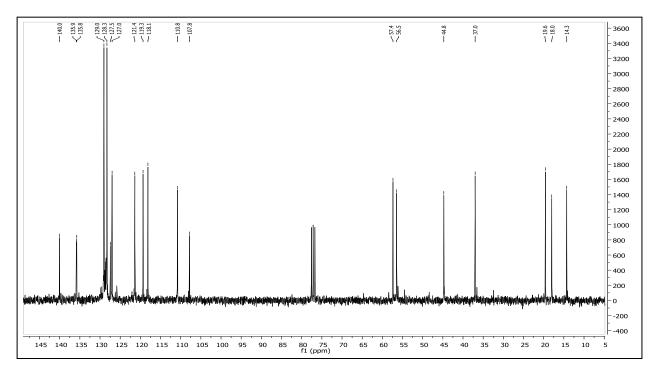
IR of 2p



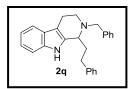
¹H NMR of 2p



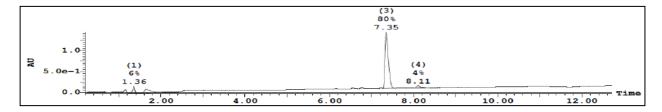
¹³C NMR of 2p



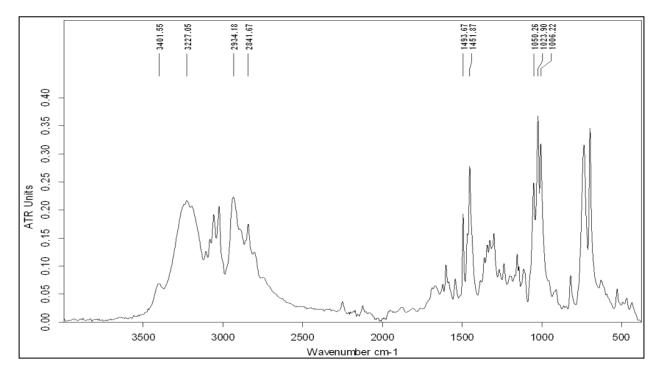
THBC 2q



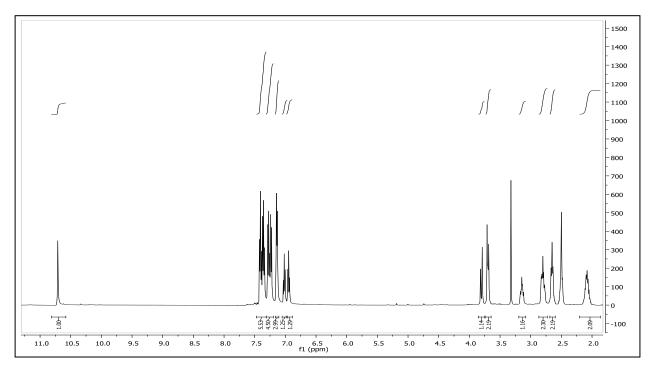
RP-HPLC of 2q



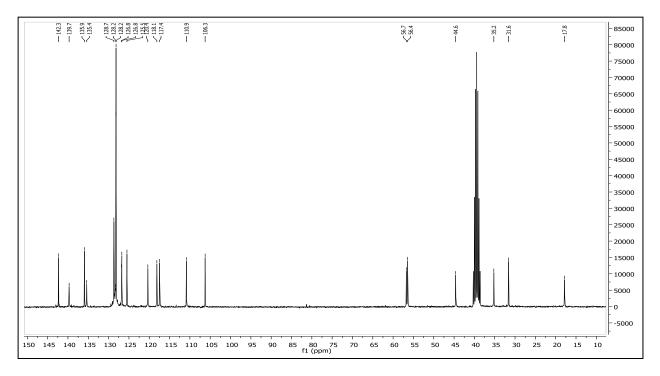
IR of 2q



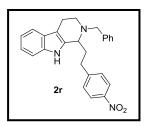




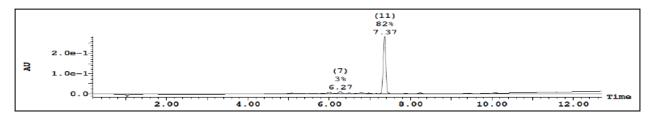
¹³C NMR of 2q



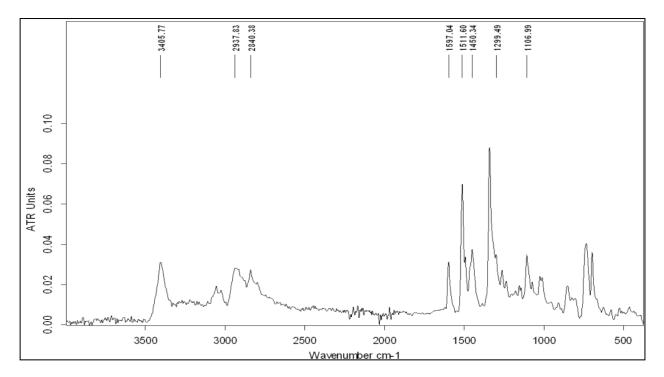
THBC 2r



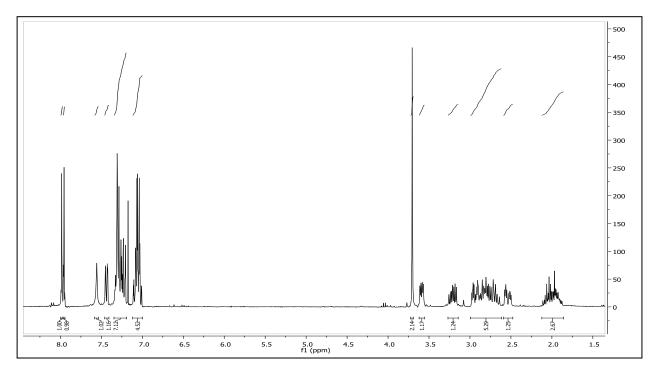
RP-HPLC of 2r



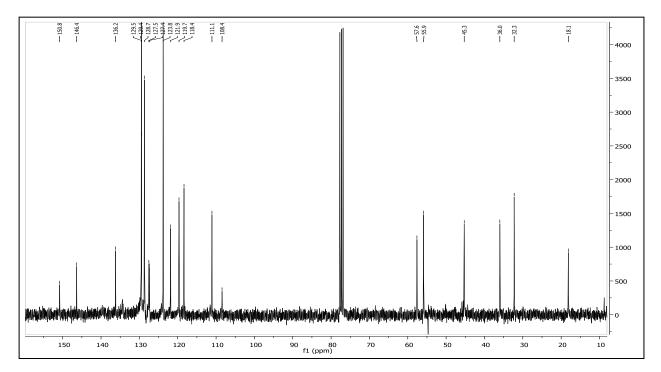
IR of 2r



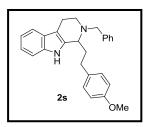
¹H NMR of 2r



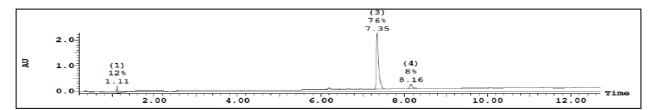
¹³C NMR of 2r



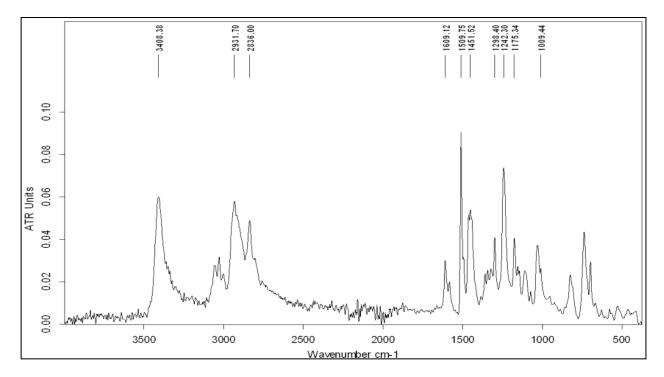
THBC 2s



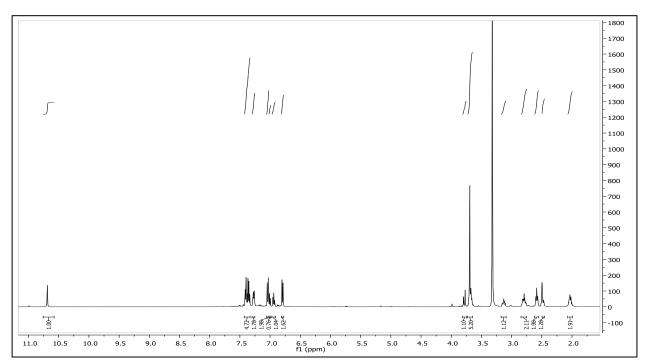
RP-HPLC of 2s



IR of 2s







¹³C NMR of 2s

