

## Supporting Information

Title: Stable G-Quadruplex Structure in a Hydrated Ion pair: Cholinium Cation and Dihydrogen Phosphate Anion

Authors: Kyoko Fujita and Hiroyuki Ohno\*

Department of Biotechnology, Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology,  
Koganei, Tokyo 184-8588, JAPAN

\*Corresponding author: E-mail: ohnoh@cc.tuat.ac.jp, Tel and Fax: +81-42-388-7024

### **Materials and Methods.**

We purchased dG<sub>3</sub>(T<sub>2</sub>AG<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> from Operon Biotechnologies (Eurofins Scientific S.E., Japan) and used it without further purification. Cholinium dihydrogen phosphate ([ch][dhp]), cholinium dibutyl phosphate ([ch][dBp]) and 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium dihydrogen phosphate ([C4mim][dhp]) were synthesised by a modified method of the previous one.<sup>[1]</sup> Phosphocholine calcium chloride solution was treated on an anion exchange resin (Amberlite IRN78), and then on a cation exchange resin (Tulsion-93). After treatment, the solvent was evaporated and the product was dried under reduced pressure. *n*-Tetrabutylphosphonium glycine salt ([P<sub>4,4,4,4</sub>][Gly]) was synthesised by the

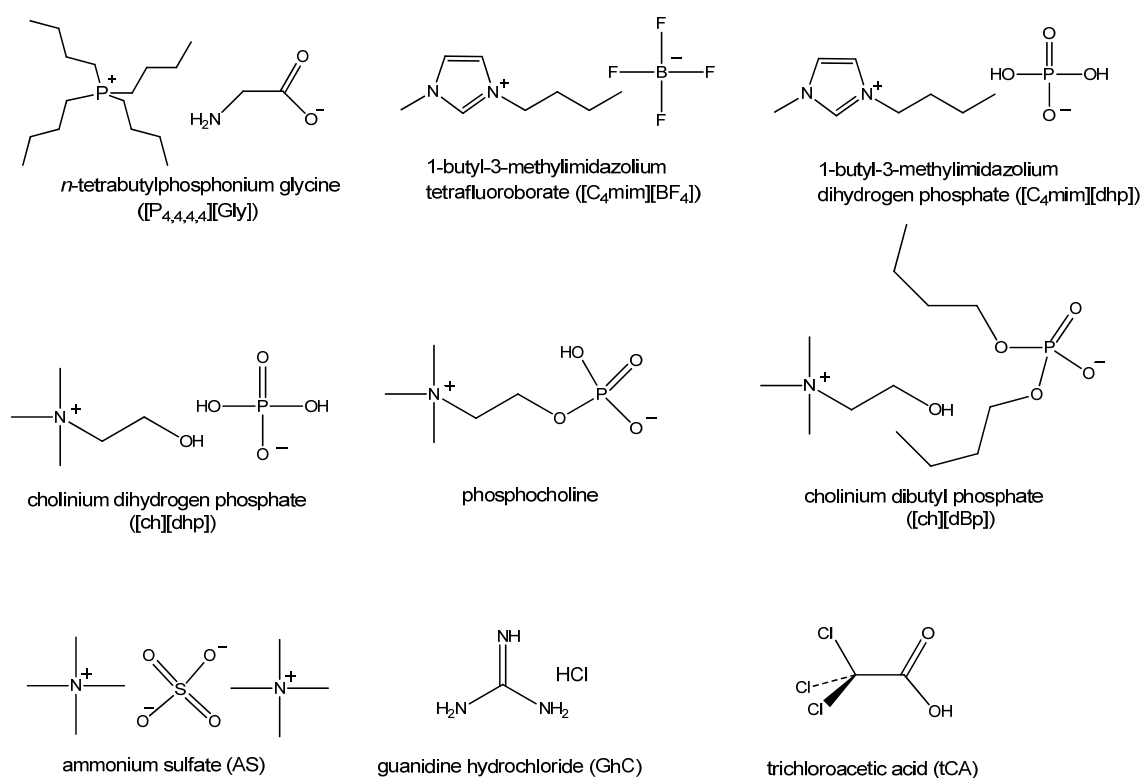
method as described in a literature.<sup>[2]</sup> Synthesised products were identified with <sup>1</sup>H NMR, DSC, and electrospray mass spectrometry. 1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate ([C4mim][BF<sub>4</sub>]), ammonium sulfate, guanidine hydrochloride, trichloroacetic acid, and other chemicals were all purchased from Kanto Chemical Co. Ltd.

Solutions of dG<sub>3</sub>(T<sub>2</sub>AG<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> were prepared at 10 μM in all solvents. All samples and control were prepared and kept at 90 °C for 5 min, then cooled slowly down to room temperature before measurements.

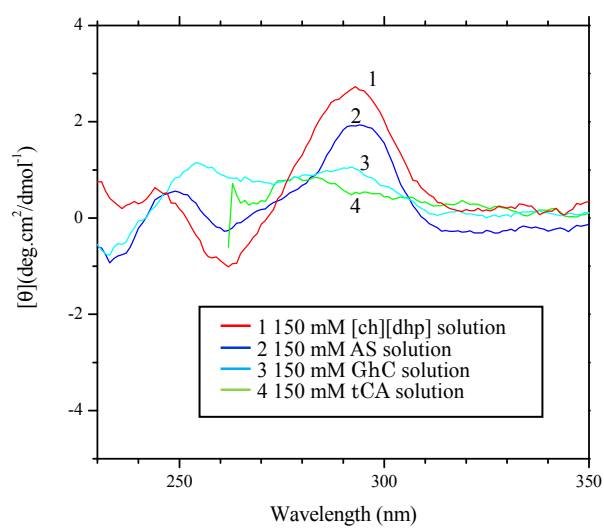
The CD spectra of the G-quadruplex were obtained using a J-720 spectropolarimeter (JASCO Co., Ltd., Japan) at 20 °C with a 1.0 mm path length quartz cell. The measurement was carried out with wavelength range between 230 and 350 nm at a rate of 200 nm/min. Each spectrum was obtained as an average of five scans. For thermal denaturation studies, the samples were heated with rate of 1 °C/min from 20 °C.

#### References

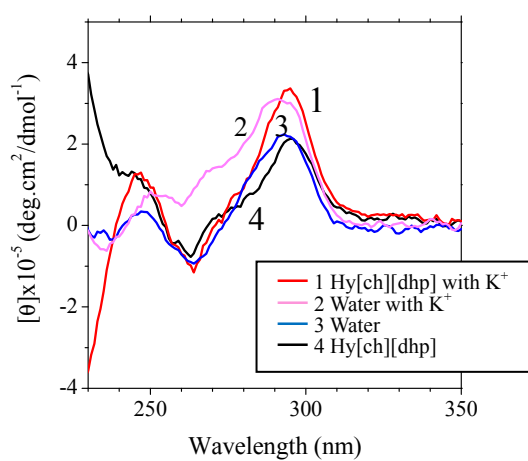
- [1] K. Fujita, D. R. MacFarlane, M. Forsyth, M. Yoshizawa-Fujita, K. Murata, N. Nakamura, H. Ohno, *Biomacromolecules* **2007**, *8*, 2080.
- [2] J. Kagimoto, K. Fukumoto, H. Ohno, *Chem. Commun.*, **2006**, *21*, 2254



**Figure S1.** Structure of cations and anions for ILs examined in this study.



**Figure S2.** CD spectra of  $dG_3(T_2AG_3)_3$  in aqueous solution with 150 mM [ch][dhp] and organic salts.



**Figure S3.** CD spectra of  $dG_3(T_2AG_3)_3$  in water and Hy[ch][dhp] with and without potassium ion.