Efficient Synthesis of 2'-C-α-Aminomethyl-2'-deoxynucleosides

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Experimental

Methyl 3,5-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-2-α-hydroxymethyl-α-D-ribofuranoside (2): Under an argon atmosphere, sec-BuLi in cyclohexane (4.29 mL, 1.4 M, 6.0 mmol) was added to a suspension of triphenylmethylphosphonium bromide (2.14 g, 6.0 mmol) in THF (20 mL) at -78 °C. After the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, a solution of methyl 3,5-di-O-benzyl-2-keto-α-D-ribofuranoside (1) (1.18 g, 3.44 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was transferred slowly into the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 72 h. The reaction was guenched with tbutanol (5 mL), and stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The solid was filtered away and rinsed with ether. The filtrate was washed sequentially with saturated ammonium chloride and brine and dried over anhydrous $MgSO_4$. After solvent was removed, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 10% ethyl acetate in hexane to give methyl 3,5-di-O-benzyl-2-methylene-α-D-ribofuranoside: (714 mg, 61% yield): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) & 7.30 (m, 10H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 5.39 (s, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 4.63 (d, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.56-4.50 (m, 3H), 4.30 (m, 2H), 3.57 (m, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 146.9, 138.0, 137.8, 128.2, 128.1, 127.7, 127.62, 127.56, 127.4, 114.0, 104.0, 81.0, 78.3, 73.3, 70.8, 69.6, 54.7. Under argon, 9-BBN dimer (774 mg, 3.17 mmol) was added to a solution of methyl 3,5-di-O-benzyl-2-methylene- α -Dribofuranoside (1.079 g, 3.17 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at room temperature. After the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h, sodium perborate tetrahydrate (2.93 g, 19.0 mmol) and water (6 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x10mL). The organic layers were combined and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate (v/v=6/4) to give **2** (976 mg, 86% yield): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 7.35-7.20 (m, 10H), 5.00 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.2 Hz), 4.62-4.43 (m, 4H), 4.28 (m, 1H), 3.94 (dd, 1H, *J* = 7.6, 2.8 Hz), 3.87 (d, 2H, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 3.45-3.35 (m, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.41 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 137.9, 137.8, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.78, 127.68, 105.3, 83.0, 78.4, 73.4, 71.9, 70.3, 57.8, 55.5, 49.0; HRMS calcd for C₂₁H₂₆NaO₅ [MNa⁺] 381.1678, found 381.1689.

Methyl 3,5-di-*O*-benzyl-2-deoxy-2-α-phthalimidomethyl-α-D-ribofuranoside (3): To a solution of 2 (1.24 g, 3.47 mmol), phthalimide (614 mg, 4.17 mmol) and PPh₃ (1.10 g, 4.19 mmol) in dry THF (25 mL), was added DEAD (0.73 g, 4.2 mmol) at room temperature under argon. TLC showed the reaction was complete in 4 h. Methanol (4 mL) was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 min. The solvent was removed, and the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane to give 3 (1.528 g, 90% yield): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 7.76 (dd, 2H, J = 5.1, 3.1 Hz), 7.63 (d, 2H, J = 3.1 Hz), 7.30-7.18 (m, 10H), 4.95 (d, 1H, J = 4.7 Hz), 4.60-4.42 (m, 4H), 4.31 (m, 1H), 4.01 (m, 2H), 3.94 (dd, 1H, J = 7.3, 2.0 Hz), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.34 (m, 2H), 2.73 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.6, 137.6, 137.5, 133.4, 131.5, 127.8, 127.7, 127.1, 122.5, 104.7, 83.0, 78.4, 72.8, 71.7, 70.0, 55.1, 45.6, 32.5; HRMS calcd for C₂₉H₃₃N₂O₆ [MNH₄⁺] 505.2339, found 505.2319.

Methyl 3,5-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-2- α -[(α,α,α -trifluoroacetyl)aminomethyl]- α -D-

ribofuranoside (4): The mixture of 3 (1.218 g, 2.50 mmol), 33% methylamine in EtOH (6.2 mL, 50 mmol), and EtOH (25 mL) were loaded in a sealed tube and stirred in an 80 °C bath for 2.5 h. After it was cooled down, the solvent was removed, and the residue was dissolved into ether. The ether solution was washed with water, brine and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The solution was filtered and evaporated, and the residue was dried over vacuum for 30 min. The residue was then dissolved in a mixed solvent of dry dichloromethane and DMF (v/v 1:1). To the resulting solution, triethylamine (1.39 mL, 10.0 mmol) and S-ethyl trifluorothioacetate (0.79 g, 5.0 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. TLC showed the reaction was complete. The solvent was removed, and the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 20% ethyl acetate in hexane to give 4 (773 mg, 68% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) & 7.35-7.20 (m, 10H), 6.99 (brs, 1H), 4.92 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 4.57 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz), 4.50 (d, 1H, J = 12.1 Hz), 4.47 (d, 1H, J = 12.1 Hz), 4.36 (d, 1H, J = 12.2Hz), 4.28 (m, 1H), 3.91 (dd, 1H, J = 7.4, 2.3 Hz), 3.59 (m, 2H), 3.43 (m, 1H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.39-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 156.8 (q), 137.5, 137.3, 128.2, 128.1, 127.74, 127.67, 127.45, 127.42, 115.6 (q), 104.7, 82.7, 78.3, 73.1, 71.5, 70.0, 55.0, 45.0, 34.8; HRMS calcd for $C_{23}H_{30}N_2O_5F_3$ [MNH₄⁺] 471.2107, found 471.2097.

3',5'-Di-O-benzyl-2'-deoxy-2'-C- α -phthalimidomethyluridine (5a):

Bis(trimethylsilyl)uracil was prepared under an argon atmosphere by the reaction of uracil (224 mg, 2.00 mmol) with refluxing TMS_2NH (5 mL) in the presence of

 $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ (5 mg) for 30 min. After the reaction mixture became clear, the excess TMS₂NH was evaporated under vacuum, and the residue was dried under vacuum for 1 h. Under argon, the persilvlated base was dissolved into acetonitrile (10 mL), and the solution was transferred into the flask containing compound **3** (244 mg, 0.501 mmol). SnCl₄ (0.234 mL, 2.00 mmol) was added in one-portion with vigorous stirring and exclusion of moisture. The homogeneous pale vellow solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. TLC showed that no starting material remained. The reaction mixture was quenched carefully by addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and stirred for 15 min. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane, and the organic phase was washed with brine and dried over MgSO₄. After evaporation of solvent, the product was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate (v/v=4/6) to give compound **5a** (261 mg, 92% yield). The β/α selectivity is 98:2 based on the ¹H NMR spectra of **5a**. β -anomer: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 9.41 (s, 1H), 7.80-7.60 (m, 5H), 7.36-7.23 (m, 10H), 6.14 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 5.26 (dd, 1H, J = 8.1, 1.7 Hz), 4.64 (d, 1H, J = 11.6 Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 11.6 Hz), 4.48 (s, 2H), 4.25 (m, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.81 (dd, 1H, J = 10.8, 2.8 Hz), 3.59 (dd, 1H, J = 10.8, 2.0 Hz), 3.02 (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 167.9, 163.2, 150.0, 139.8, 137.0, 136.9, 133.8, 131.6, 128.2, 127.82, 127.79, 127.5, 122.9, 101.7, 87.3, 82.0, 77.5, 73.2, 71.9, 69.2, 46.0, 33.4; HRMS calcd for $C_{32}H_{29}N_3O_7Na$ [MNa⁺] 590.1903, found 590.1883.

3',5'-Di-O-benzyl-2'-deoxy-2'-C- α -[(α,α,α -trifluoroacetyl)aminomethyl]uridine (5b): Bis(trimethylsilyl)uracil was prepared under an argon atmosphere by the reaction of uracil (112 mg, 1.00 mmol) with refluxing TMS₂NH (2.5 mL) in the presence of

 $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ (5 mg) for 30 min. After the reaction mixture became clear, the excess TMS₂NH was evaporated under vacuum, and the residue was dried under vacuum. Under argon, the persilvlated base was dissolved into acetonitrile (10 mL), and the solution was transferred into the flask containing compound 4 (109 mg, 0.24 mmol). SnCl₄ (0.12 mL, 1.0 mmol) was added in one-portion with vigorous stirring. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 3.5 h. TLC showed that no starting material remained. The reaction mixture was quenched carefully by addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and stirred for 15 min. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. After evaporation of solvent, the product was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate (v/v=1/1) to give compound **5b** (83 mg, 65% yield). The β/α selectivity is 96:4 based on the ¹H NMR spectra of **5b**. β-anomer: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 9.75 (brs, 1H), 7.77 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.50 (brs, 1H), 7.37-7.24 (m, 10H), 6.08 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 5.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 4.60-4.40 (m, 4H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 3.60-3.38 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 163.1, 157.3 (q), 150.9, 139.5, 136.7, 136.5, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.5, 116.0 (q), 102.5, 87.8, 82.3, 78.4, 73.4, 71.9, 69.2, 46.5, 36.4; HRMS calcd for $C_{26}H_{26}N_3O_6F_3Na$ [MNa⁺] 556.1671, found 556.1655.

N^{4} -Acetyl-3',5'-di-O-benzyl-2'-deoxy-2'-C- α -phthalimidomethylcytidine (6a):

Persilylated N^4 -acetylcytosine was prepared under an argon atmosphere by the reaction of N^4 -acetylcytosine (306 mg, 2.0 mmol) with refluxing TMS₂NH (5 mL) in the presence of (NH₄)₂SO₄ (5 mg) for 30 min to get a clear solution. The excess TMS₂NH was evaporated under vacuum, and the residue was dried under vacuum for 1 h. Under argon, the persilylated base was dissolved into acetonitrile (10 mL), and the solution was

transferred into the flask containing compound **3** (244 mg, 0.501 mmol). SnCl₄ (0.234 mL, 2.00 mmol) was added in one-portion with vigorous stirring and exclusion of moisture at 0 °C. The homogeneous pale yellow solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. TLC showed that no starting material remained. The reaction mixture was quenched carefully by addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and stirred for 15 min. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane, and the organic phase was washed with brine and dried over MgSO₄. After evaporation of solvent, the product was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 3% methanol in chloroform to give compound **6a** (273 mg, 90% yield). The β/α selectivity is >99:1 based on the ¹H NMR spectra of **6a**. β -anomer:

¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 10.43 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.81 (dd, 2H, *J* = 5.4, 3.0 Hz), 7.66 (dd, 2H, *J* = 5.4, 3.0 Hz), 7.40-7.23 (m, 10H), 7.00 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 6.04 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 4.74 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 4.56 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 4.49 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 4.47 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.4 Hz), 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.93 (m, 1H), 3.64 (m, 1H), 2.97 (m, 1H), 1.93 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 171.4, 168.5, 162.8, 154.5, 144.4, 137.1, 137.0, 133.7, 132.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.02, 127.97, 127.9, 127.7, 123.0, 96.1, 88.9, 81.8, 75.0, 73.4, 72.3, 67.7, 46.4, 34.1, 24.4; HRMS calcd for C₃₄H₃₂N₄O₇Na [MNa⁺] 631.2169, found 631.2172.

N^4 -Acetyl-3',5'-di-O-benzyl-2'-deoxy-2'-C- α -[(α,α,α -

trifluoroacetyl)aminomethyl]cytidine (6b): Persilylated N^4 -acetylcytosine was prepared under an argon atmosphere by the reaction of N^4 -acetylcytosine (153 mg, 1.00 mmol) with refluxing TMS₂NH (2.5 mL) in the presence of (NH₄)₂SO₄ (5 mg) for 30 min.

After the reaction mixture became clear, the excess TMS₂NH was evaporated under vacuum, and the residue was dried under vacuum. Under argon, the persilylated base was dissolved into acetonitrile (10 mL), and the solution was transferred into the flask containing compound 4 (113 mg, 0.25 mmol). SnCl₄ (0.12 mL, 1.0 mmol) was added in one-portion with vigorous stirring. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. TLC showed that no starting material remained. The reaction mixture was quenched carefully by addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (5 mL) and stirred for 15 min. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. After evaporation of solvent, the product was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with hexane/ethyl acetate (v/v=4/6) to give compound **6b** (119 mg, 83% yield). The β/α selectivity is 91:9 based on the ¹H NMR spectra of **6b**. β -anomer: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 9.90 (brs, 1H), 8.71 (brs, 1H), 8.40 (d, 1H, J = 7.2 Hz), 7.45-7.20 (m, 11H), 5.93 (d, 1H, J = 2.8 Hz), 4.54 (m, 2H), 4.42 (m, 2H), 4.27 (m, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.80 (m, 1H), 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.47 (m, 1H), 2.64 (m, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 170.9, 163.0, 157.8 (q), 155.7, 144.5, 136.9, 136.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.9, 115.8 (q), 97.1, 89.7, 82.6, 75.6, 73.6, 72.7, 67.7, 47.1, 37.5, 24.7; HRMS calcd for $C_{28}H_{29}N_4O_6F_3Na$ [MNa⁺] 597.1937, found 597.1963.

N^6 -Octanoyl-3',5'-di-O-benzyl-2'-deoxy-2'-C- α -phthalimidomethyladenosine (8):

Persilylated N^6 -octanoyladenine (7) was prepared *in situ* under an argon atmosphere by the reaction of N^6 -octanoyladenine (261 mg, 1.00 mmol) and *N*,*O*bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide (0.49 mL, 2.0 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (15 mL) in a 50 °C bath for 30 min. To the resulting solution at room temperature, **3** (244 mg, 0.501

mmol) was added, followed by the addition of TMSOTf (0.18 mL, 1.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to 50 °C for 3.5 h. TLC showed only small amount of product formed. The reaction mixture was then heated to reflux for 2 h. After it was cooled to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The product was extracted with dichloromethane. The solvent was removed, the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 1% methanol in chloroform to give **8** (0.244 g, 68% yield). The β/α selectivity is 96:4 based on the ¹H NMR spectra of 8. β-anomer: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 8.83 (brs, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 7.63-7.55 (m, 4H), 7.36-7.25 (m, 10H), 6.34 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 4.65-4.58 (m, 3H), 4.52 (d, 1H, J = 12.0 Hz), 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.35 (dd, 1H, J = 5.8, 2.8 Hz), 4.16 (dd, 1H, J = 14.4, 10.0 Hz), 4.00 (dd, 1H, J = 14.4, 4.4 Hz), 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.77 (dd, 1H, J = 10.4, 4.9 Hz), 3.62 (dd, 1H, J = 10.4, 3.7 Hz), 2.75 (t, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.25 (m, 8H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 172.8, 167.8, 151.9, 150.5, 148.7, 142.0, 137.4, 137.0, 133.7, 131.3, 128.41, 128.37, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 122.8, 121.7, 87.9, 82.4, 78.7, 73.4, 71.7, 69.3, 44.8, 37.7, 34.2, 31.6, 29.1, 28.9, 24.8, 22.5, 14.0; HRMS calcd for $C_{41}H_{44}N_6O_6Na$ [MNa⁺] 739.3215, found 739.3235.

N^2 -Acetyl-3',5'-di-O-benzyl-2'-deoxy-O⁶-(diphenylcarbamoyl)-2'-C- α -

phthalimidomethylguanosine (10): Persilylated N^2 -acetyl- O^6 -(diphenylcarbamoyl)guanine (9) was prepared under an argon atmosphere by the reaction of N^2 -acetyl- O^6 -(diphenylcarbamoyl)-guanine (582 mg, 1.50 mmol) and N_iO -bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide (0.73 mL, 3.0 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (20 mL) in a 80 °C bath for 15 min. To the resulting solution at room temperature, **4** (339 mg, 0.695 mmol) was added, followed by the addition of TMSOTf (0.27 mL, 1.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 1.5 h. After it was cooled to room temperature, the reaction was neutralized with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The solid was filtered off. The filtrate was washed with brine. The organic layer was evaporated, the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 2% methanol in chloroform to give **8** (0.338 g, 58% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.55-7.27 (m, 24H), 6.20 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 4.64 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.8 Hz), 4.61 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.1 Hz), 4.54 (d, 1H, *J* = 11.8 Hz), 4.51 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.1 Hz), 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.31 (dd, 1H, *J* = 5.6, 1.7 Hz), 4.23 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.3, 10.5 Hz), 3.90 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.3, 4.5 Hz), 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.67 (dd, 1H, *J* = 10.3, 4.6 Hz), 3.55 (dd, 1H, *J* = 10.3, 3.5 Hz), 2.49 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 171.1, 167.6, 155.5, 153.9, 151.6, 149.8, 143.2, 141.6, 137.2, 136.9, 134.1, 130.7, 129.0, 128.43, 128.39, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.6, 122.7, 120.5, 87.6, 82.6, 79.1, 73.4, 71.6, 69.6, 44.6, 34.2, 25.0; HRMS calcd for C₄₈H₄₁N₇O₈Na [MNa⁺] 866.2909, found 866.2872.

2'-Deoxy-2'-C- α -phthalimidomethyluridine (11a):

Method A: To the solution of **5a** (243 mg, 0.43 mmol) in ethyl acetate (15 mL), Pd(OH)₂ on active carbon (20% wt., 30 mg, 0.043 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 17 h. TLC showed the reaction was not complete. Additional Pd(OH)₂ on active carbon (20% wt., 30 mg, 0.043 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 5 h. TLC showed the reaction was complete. The catalyst was filtered off, rinsed with methanol. The solvent was removed, the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with ethyl acetate to give **11a** (103 mg, 62% yield).

Method B: Under argon atmosphere, to a solution of **5a** (227 mg, 0.40 mmol) in dry dichloromethane (15 mL) at -78 °C, boron trichloride (1.0 M in CH₂Cl₂, 8.0 mL, 8.0 mmol) was slowly added. After the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 4 h, a mixed solvent of CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂ (v/v 1:1) (15 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 30 min. The solvent was removed, and the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 5% methanol in chloroform to give **11a** (139 mg, 90% yield).

¹H NMR (DMF- d_6 /TMS) δ 7.99 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.84 (m, 4H), 6.13 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 5.56 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 4.47 (dd, 1H, J = 5.5, 2.3 Hz), 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.74 (m, 2H), 3.02 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (DMF- d_6) δ 168.7, 163.4, 151.5, 141.0, 134.9, 132.7, 123.5, 102.6, 88.0, 87.3, 72.0, 62.4, 47.1, 34.3; HRMS calcd for C₁₈H₁₈N₃O₇ [MH⁺] 388.1145, found 388.1142.

2'-Deoxy-2'-*C*-α-[(α, α, α -trifluoroacetyl)aminomethyl]uridine (11b): To the solution of **5b** (79 mg, 0.15 mmol) in ethyl acetate (5 mL), Pd(OH)₂ on active carbon (20% wt., 11 mg, 0.015 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 17 h. TLC showed the reaction was complete. The catalyst was filtered off, rinsed with methanol. The solvent was removed, the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with ethyl acetate to give **11b** (43 mg, 81% yield). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD/TMS) δ 7.97 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.5 Hz), 6.09 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 5.72 (d, 1H, *J* = 6.5 Hz), 4.34 (dd, 1H, *J* = 4.5, 1.5 Hz), 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.75 (m, 2H), 3.64 (dd, 1H, *J* = 11.2, 5.7 Hz), 3.46 (m, 1H), 2.70 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD) δ 165.9, 159.2 (q), 152.4, 142.3, 117.2 (q), 103.2, 88.6, 88.4, 73.1, 63.0, 48.7, 36.9; HRMS calcd for $C_{12}H_{15}N_3O_6F_3$ [MH⁺] 354.0913, found 354.0916.

2'-Deoxy 2'-C-α-phthalimidomethykytidine (12): Under argon atmosphere, to a solution of **6a** (231 mg, 0.38 mmol) in dry dichloromethane (15 mL) at -78 °C, boron trichloride (1.0 M in CH₂Cl₂, 7.6 mL, 7.6 mmol) was slowly added. After the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 2.5 h, then warmed to 0 °C for 30 min, the reaction was quenched with CH₃OH (10 mL) at 0 °C and stirred at room temperature for 12 h. The solvent was removed, and the residue was dissolved into water. The aqueous solution was washed with chloroform. The aqueous layers were combined and evaporated to dryness. The product was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 20% methanol in ethyl acetate containing 0.4% triethylamine to give **12** (146 mg, 99% yield). ¹H NMR (D₂O) δ 7.65-7.50 (m, 4H), 7.42 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 5.91 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 5.57 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 4.35 (m, 1H), 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.88 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.5, 10.6 Hz), 3.69 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.5, 5.0 Hz), 3.63 (m, 2H), 2.86 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (D₂O) δ 169.9, 165.5, 157.1, 141.8, 135.5, 131.2, 123.8, 97.1, 88.2, 86.8, 72.3, 62.2, 44.4, 34.4; HRMS calcd for C₁₈H₁₉N₄O₆ [MH⁺] 387.1305, found 387.1290.

2'-Deoxy-N⁶-octanoyl-2'-C- α -phthalimidomethyladenosine (13): Under argon atmosphere, to a solution of 8 (69 mg, 0.069 mmol) in dry dichloromethane (5 mL) at -78 °C, boron trichloride (1.0 M in CH₂Cl₂, 7.6 mL, 7.6 mmol) was slowly added. After the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (1.0 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 30 min. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous solution was extracted with dichloromethane. The aqueous layers were combined and evaporated to dryness. The product was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 4% methanol in chloroform to give **13** (27 mg, 52% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 8.70 (brs, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.82-7.73 (m, 4H), 5.99 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.8 Hz), 5.94 (brs, 1H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.36 (brs, 1H), 4.27 (m, 1H), 4.00-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.69 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.2, 3.8 Hz), 3.47 (m, 1H), 2.92 (t, 2H, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.20 (m, 8H), 0.89 (t, 3H, *J* = 6.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 173.6, 168.4, 151.8, 150.1, 149.8, 142.9, 134.3, 131.3, 123.4, 122.9, 88.8, 88.4, 72.6, 63.3, 48.4, 37.9, 31.6, 29.1, 29.0, 24.7, 22.5, 14.0; HRMS calcd for C₂₇H₃₂N₆O₆Na [MNa⁺] 559.2281, found 559.2254.

N^2 -Acetyl-2'-deoxy- O^6 -(diphenylcarbamoyl)-2'-C- α -phthalimidomethylguanosine (14):

Method A: To the solution of **10** (160 mg, 0.190 mmol) in ethyl acetate (15 mL), $Pd(OH)_2$ on active carbon (20% wt., 82 mg, 0.117 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 16 h. TLC showed the reaction was not complete. Additional $Pd(OH)_2$ on active carbon (20% wt., 82 mg, 0.117 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 96 h. TLC showed the reaction was almost complete. The catalyst was filtered off, rinsed with chloroform. The solvent was removed, the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 3% methanol in chloroform to give **14** (62 mg, 49% yield).

Method B: To the solution of **10** (260 mg, 0.308 mmol) in ethyl acetate (20 mL), Pd on active carbon (10% wt., 163 mg, 0.154 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 14 h. TLC showed the reaction was not complete. Additional Pd on active carbon (10% wt., 163 mg, 0.154 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 96 h. TLC showed the reaction was still not complete. Additional Pd on active carbon (10% wt., 326 mg, 0.308 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 48 h. TLC showed the reaction was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 48 h. TLC showed the reaction was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 48 h. TLC showed the reaction was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 48 h. TLC showed the reaction was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 48 h. TLC showed the reaction was added and the mixture was stirred under hydrogen for additional 48 h. TLC showed the reaction was almost complete. The catalyst was filtered off, rinsed with chloroform. The solvent was removed, the residue was isolated by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 3% methanol in chloroform to give **14** (100 mg, 49% yield).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃/TMS) δ 8.36 (brs, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 7.67-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.22 (m, 10H), 6.04 (d, 1H, J = 9.2 Hz), 4.49 (m, 1H), 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.80 (m, 3H), 3.71 (dd, 1H, J = 12.2, 2.0 Hz), 3.45 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃) δ 170.4, 168.4, 156.0, 154.2, 151.7, 150.1, 143.8, 141.6, 134.4, 131.2, 129.2, 127.5, 125.8, 123.3, 121.6, 87.62, 87.55, 72.4, 62.9, 47.8, 33.0, 25.0; HRMS calcd for C₃₄H₂₉N₇O₈Na [MNa⁺] 686.1970, found 686.1941.

$2'-C-\alpha$ -Aminomethyl-2'-deoxyuridine (15a):

From 11a: To a solution of 11a (31 mg, 0.080 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL), *n*-butylamine (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 60 h. The solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved into water (25 mL), washed with dichloromethane (3x10 mL). The aqueous layer was evaporated, the residue was purified by silica gel

chromatography, eluting with 10% methanol in chloroform, followed by methanol containing 0.5% Et_3N to give 15a (20 mg, 97% yield).

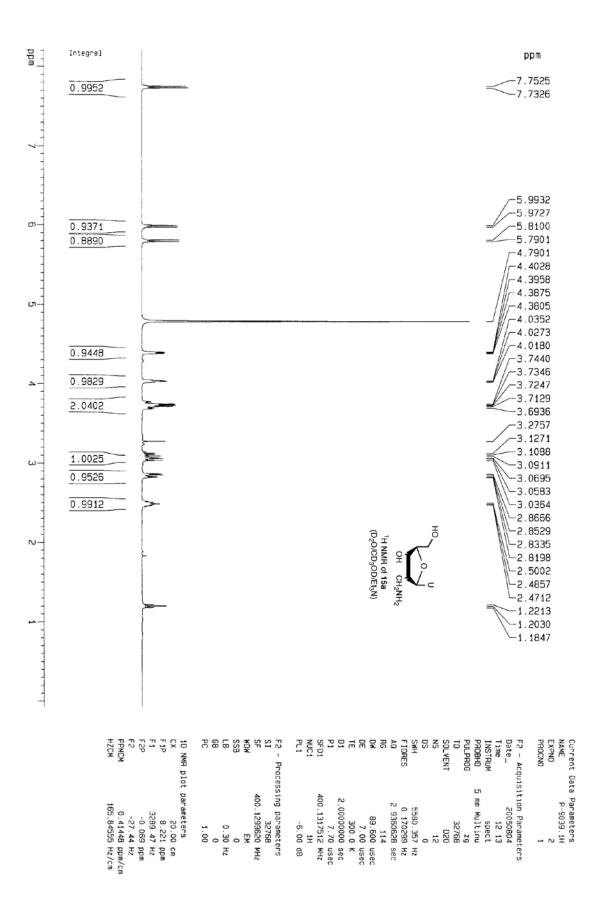
From 11b: To a solution of 11b (25 mg, 0.072 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL), *n*-butylamine (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 60 h. The solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved into water (25 mL), washed with dichloromethane (3x10 mL). The aqueous layer was evaporated, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with 10% methanol in chloroform, followed by methanol containing 0.5% Et₃N to give 15a (15 mg, 81% yield).

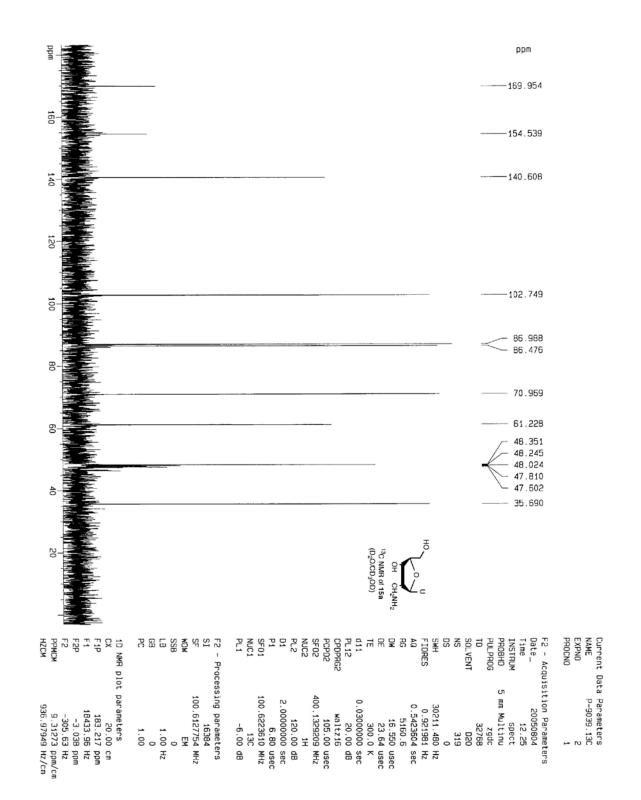
¹H NMR (D₂O) δ 7.74 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 5.98 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 5.80 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 4.39 (m, 1H), 4.03 (m, 1H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 3.07 (m, 1H), 2.84 (dd, 1H, *J* = 13.2, 5.5 Hz), 2.49 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (D₂O) δ 170.0, 154.5, 140.6, 102.7, 87.0, 86.5, 71.0, 61.2, 48.4, 35.7; HRMS calcd for C₁₀H₁₆N₃O₅ [MH⁺] 258.1090, found 258.1082.

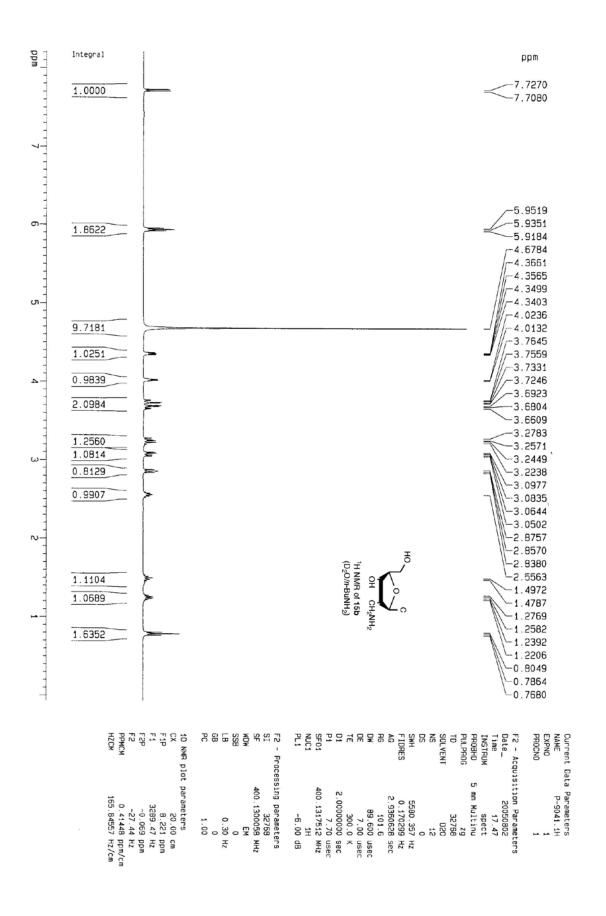
2'-*C*-α-Aminomethyl-2'-deoxycytidine (15b): To a solution of 12 (38.6 mg, 0.10 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL), *n*-butylamine (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 60 h. The solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved into water (30 mL), washed with dichloromethane (3x10 mL). The aqueous layer was evaporated to give 15b (25 mg, 98% yield). ¹H NMR (D₂O) δ 7.72 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 5.95-5.92 (m, 2H), 4.35 (dd, 1H, J = 6.5, 3.8 Hz), 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.74 (dd, 1H, J = 12.6, 3.4 Hz), 3.67 (dd, 1H, J = 12.6, 4.8 Hz), 3.25 (dd, 1H, J = 13.3, 8.5 Hz), 3.07 (dd, 1H, J = 13.3, 5.7 Hz), 2.56 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (D₂O) δ 166.0, 157.5, 140.8, 96.6, 87.4, 86.2, 70.5, 60.9, 46.6, 35.6; HRMS calcd for C₁₀H₁₇N₄O₄ [MH⁺] 257.1250, found 257.1251. 2'-*C*-α-Aminomethyl-2'-deoxyadenosine (15c): To a solution of 13 (49 mg, 0.091 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL), *n*-butylamine (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 24 h. The solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved into water (30 mL), washed with dichloromethane (3x10 mL). The aqueous layer was evaporated, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with ethanol/water/Et₃N (v/v/v 7.5:2.5:0.05) to give 15b (218 mg, 71% yield). ¹H NMR (D₂O) δ 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 6.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 4.62 (dd, 1H, J = 5.6, 1.7 Hz), 4.25 (m, 1H), 3.82 (m, 2H), 3.30 (dd, 1H, J = 12.8, 9.6 Hz), 3.20 (m, 1H), 2.93 (dd, 1H, J = 12.8, 4.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (D₂O) δ 155.7, 152.6, 148.5, 140.5, 119.1, 88.1, 86.9, 71.4, 61.9, 47.4, 35.3; HRMS calcd for C₁₁H₁₇N₆O₃ [MH⁺] 281.1362, found 281.1353.

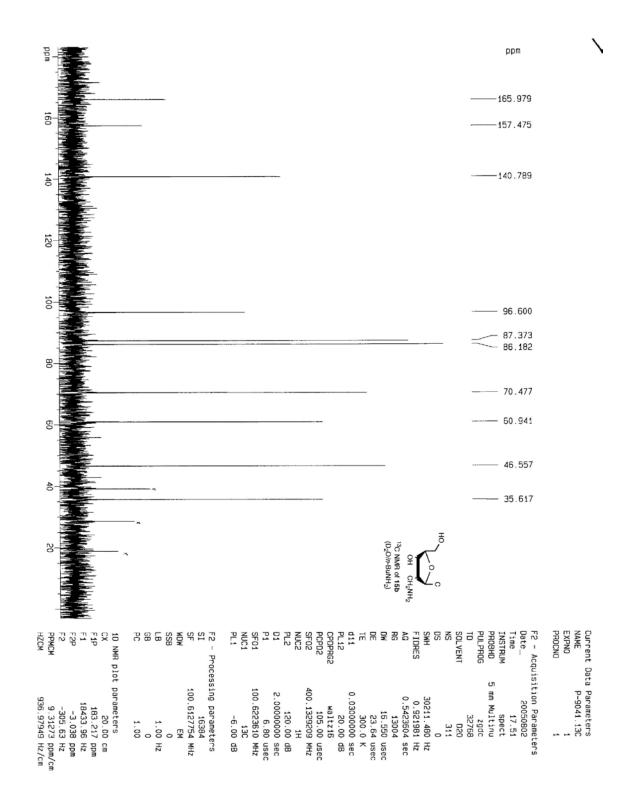
2'-*C*-α-Aminomethyl-2'-deoxyguanosine (15d): To a solution of 13 (61 mg, 0.092 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL), *n*-butylamine (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 15 h. The solvent was removed, the residue was dissolved into water (20 mL), washed with dichloromethane (3x20 mL). The aqueous layer was evaporated, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with ethanol/water/Et₃N (v/v/v 7.5:2.5:0.05) to give 15b (24 mg, 88% yield). ¹H NMR (D₂O) δ 7.78 (s, 1H), 5.81 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.48 (dd, 1H, J = 5.8, 2.2 Hz), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.67 (m, 2H), 3.30 (dd, 1H, J = 13.0, 9.6 Hz), 3.12 (m, 1H), 3.00 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (D₂O) δ 159.6, 154.6, 152.0, 138.5, 117.4, 88.6, 87.1, 71.8, 62.4, 46.4, 35.8; HRMS calcd for C₁₁H₁₅N₆O₄ [M-H⁺] 295.1154, found 295.1140.

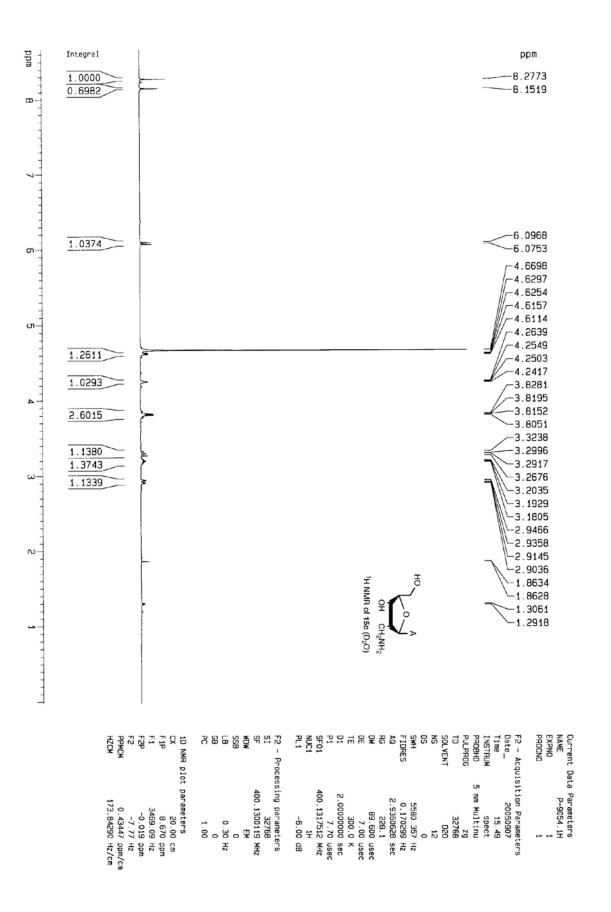
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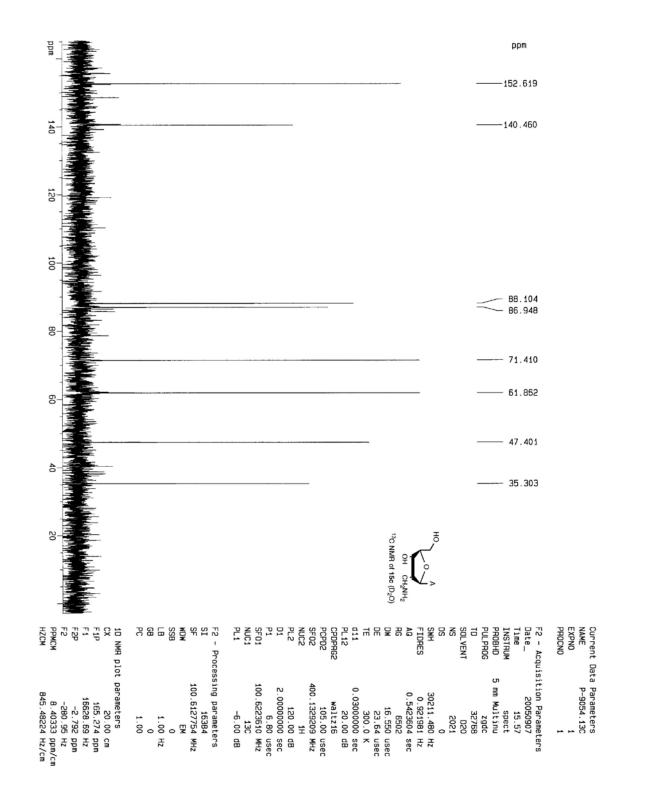












S22

