
Chemical Communications

Host–Guest Association Prior to Threading in the Formation of Pseudorotaxanes from Bis(dialkylammonium ion)s and a Molecular Cage

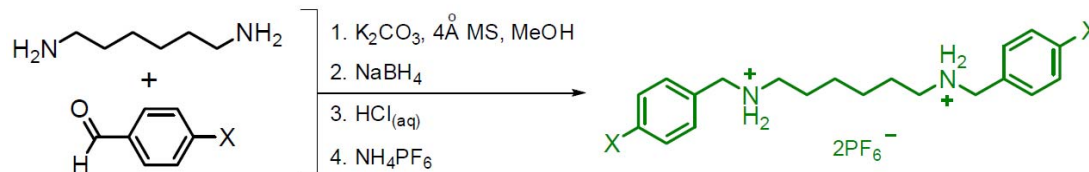
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Peng, and Sheng-Hsien Chiu*

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Experimental Section

General synthetic procedure for the threadlike salts [2–6-H₂][2PF₆]



Scheme S1. Synthesis of the threadlike salts [2–6-H₂][2PF₆].

4-Å Molecular sieves (0.3 g mmol⁻¹ of diamine), K₂CO₃ (2.4 equiv), and the pertinent para-substituted benzaldehyde (2.1 equiv) were added to a solution of 1,6-diaminohexane (0.1 M) in MeOH. The mixture was heated under reflux for 16 h, before being cooled to room temperature and filtered. NaBH₄ (5 equiv) was added to the filtrate and then the mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h. After concentration, the residue was taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with water (2 × 50 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (15 mL) and the solution acidified using 6 N HCl_(aq). The white precipitate was filtered, washed with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), dissolved in MeOH (15 mL), and treated with saturated NH₄PF_{6(aq)} (20 mL). The organic solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure; the precipitate was filtered, washed with water (5 mL), and dried.

[2-H₂][2PF₆]: 22 %; mp 260 °C (dec); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ = 1.31–1.37 (m, 4H), 1.59–1.67 (m, 4H), 3.00 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 4H), 4.13 (s, 4H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 4H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ = 26.8, 49.2, 52.3, 125.0, 131.3, 133.6, 133.7 (one aliphatic carbon signal was missing possibly because of signals overlapping); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for [2-H₂][PF₆]⁺ C₂₀H₂₈Br₂F₆N₂P⁺ 599.0261, found *m/z* 599.0295.

[3-H₂][2PF₆]: 80 %; mp 237–239 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ = 1.31–1.38 (m, 4H), 1.58–1.68 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 6H), 2.99 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 4H), 4.10 (s, 4H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 4H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ = 21.3, 26.3, 26.4, 48.7, 52.4, 128.6, 130.7, 131.1, 141.0; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for [3-H₂][PF₆]⁺ C₂₂H₃₄F₆N₂P⁺ 471.2364, found *m/z* 471.2391.

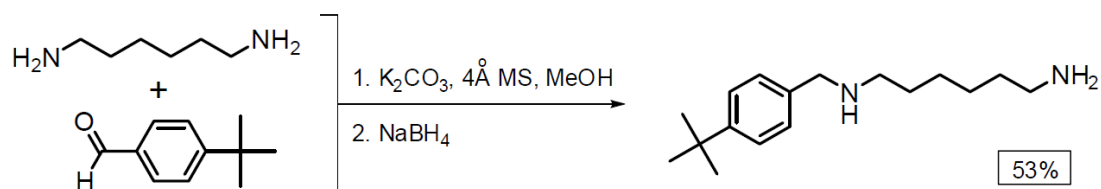
[4-H₂][2PF₆]: 60 %; mp 240–241 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ =

1.29–1.42 (m, 4H), 1.58–1.70 (m, 4H), 2.98 (t, $J = 7$ Hz, 4H), 3.81 (s, 6H), 4.09 (s, 4H), 6.44–6.81 (br, 4H), 6.98 (d, $J = 9$ Hz, 4H), 7.37 (d, $J = 9$ Hz, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 298 K): $\delta = 26.7, 26.7, 48.8, 52.5, 56.4, 115.6, 123.5, 132.9, 161.8$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $[\mathbf{4}\text{-H}_2][\text{PF}_6]^+$ $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{P}^+$ 503.2262, found m/z 503.2288.

$[\mathbf{5}\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$: 64 %; mp 250 °C (dec); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3CN , 298 K): $\delta = 1.31\text{--}1.37$ (m, 4H), 1.58–1.67 (m, 4H), 2.96–3.05 (m, 4H), 4.15 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 4H), 6.55–6.86 (br, 4H), 7.22 (dd, $J = 9, 9$ Hz, 4H), 7.50 (dd, $J = 6, 9$ Hz, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 298 K): $\delta = 26.8, 26.8, 49.2, 52.3, 117.4$ ($^3J_{\text{CF}} = 22$ Hz), 128.2 ($^4J_{\text{CF}} = 3$ Hz), 134.0 ($^2J_{\text{CF}} = 9$ Hz), 164.9 ($^1J_{\text{CF}} = 246$ Hz); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $[\mathbf{5}\text{-H}_2][\text{PF}_6]^+$ $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{28}\text{F}_8\text{N}_2\text{P}^+$ 479.1862, found m/z 479.1844.

$[\mathbf{6}\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$: 6 %; mp 257 °C (dec); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3CN , 298 K): $\delta = 1.28\text{--}1.43$ (m, 4H), 1.57–1.72 (m, 4H), 3.00 (t, $J = 8$ Hz, 4H), 4.15 (s, 4H), 7.40–7.57 (m, 10H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3CN , 298 K): $\delta = 26.8, 26.8, 49.2, 53.1, 130.6, 131.2, 131.5, 132.1$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $[\mathbf{6}\text{-H}_2][\text{PF}_6]^+$ $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{30}\text{F}_6\text{N}_2\text{P}^+$ 443.2045, found m/z 443.2050.

N-(4-*tert*-Butylbenzyl)-1,6-diaminohexane (**S1**)

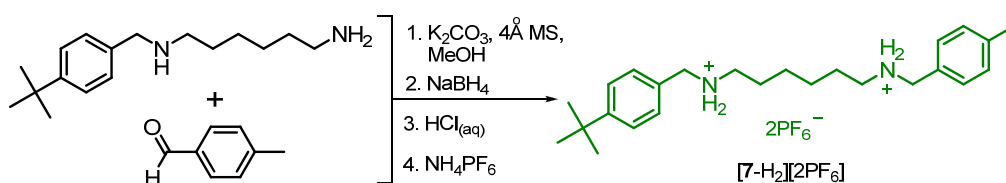


Scheme S2. Synthesis of *N*-(4-*tert*-butylbenzyl)-1,6-diaminohexane

4-Å Molecular sieves (0.3 g), K_2CO_3 (0.3 g), and 4-*tert*-butylbenzaldehyde (0.14 g, 0.9 mmol) were added to a solution of 1,6-diaminohexane (0.50 g, 4.3 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) and the mixture was heated under reflux for 16 h, before being cooled to room temperature and filtered. NaBH_4 (43 mg, 1.12 mmol) was added to the filtrate and then the mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h. After concentration, the residue was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) and water (100 mL) and then the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 × 30 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. The residue was purified

chromatographically (SiO₂; MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, 5:95 to 10:90) to afford a yellow liquid (0.12 g, 53%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ 1.09–1.67 (m, 17H), 2.62 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃, 298 K): δ 26.8, 27.2, 30.0, 31.4, 33.7, 34.4, 42.1, 49.5, 53.7, 125.3, 127.8, 137.4, 149.8; HRMS (ESI): calcd for [S1 + H]⁺ C₁₇H₃₁N₂⁺ *m/z* 263.2487, found *m/z* 263.2466.

The synthesis of threadlike salt [7-H₂][2PF₆]



Scheme S4. Synthesis of [7-H₂][2PF₆]

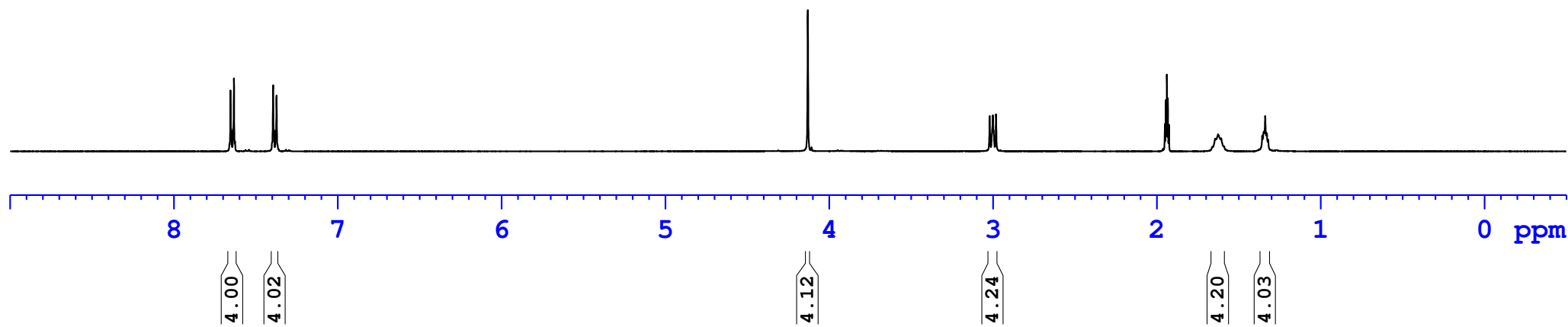
4-Å Molecular sieves (0.21 g), K₂CO₃ (0.21 g), and 4-methylbenzaldehyde (0.09 g, 0.8 mmol) were added to a solution of S1 (0.18 g, 0.7 mmol) in MeOH (4 mL) and the mixture was heated under reflux for 16 h, before being cooled to room temperature and filtered. NaBH₄ (0.03 g, 0.8 mmol) was added to the filtrate and then the mixture was heated under reflux for 6 h. After concentration, the residue was taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with water (2 × 50 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (15 mL) and the solution acidified using 6N HCl_(aq). The white precipitate was filtered, washed with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), dissolved in MeOH (15 mL), and treated with saturated NH₄PF_{6(aq)} (20 mL). The organic solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure; the precipitate was filtered, washed with water (5 mL), and dried to afford thread [7-H₂][2PF₆] as a white solid (0.32 g, 70 %). mp 241 °C (dec); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ = 1.29–1.42 (m, 13H), 1.57–1.72 (m, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.93–3.11 (m, 4H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 6.48–6.87 (br, 4H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K): δ = 21.7, 26.7, 26.8, 31.9, 35.9, 49.1, 49.2, 52.7, 52.8, 127.5, 129.0, 129.0, 131.2, 131.3, 131.5, 141.5, 154.4 (two aliphatic signals are missing possibly because of signals overlapping); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for [7-H₂][PF₆]⁺ C₂₅H₄₀F₆N₂P⁺ 513.2833, found *m/z* 513.2869.

7.655
7.634
7.395
7.374

4.130

3.022
3.002
2.983

1.952
1.946
1.940
1.934
1.928
1.627
1.358
1.349
1.339
1.330
1.321



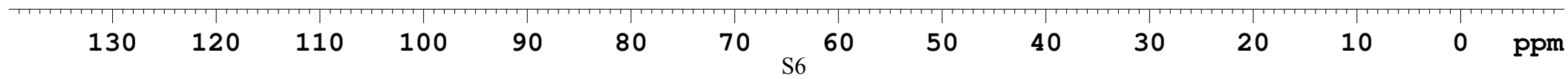
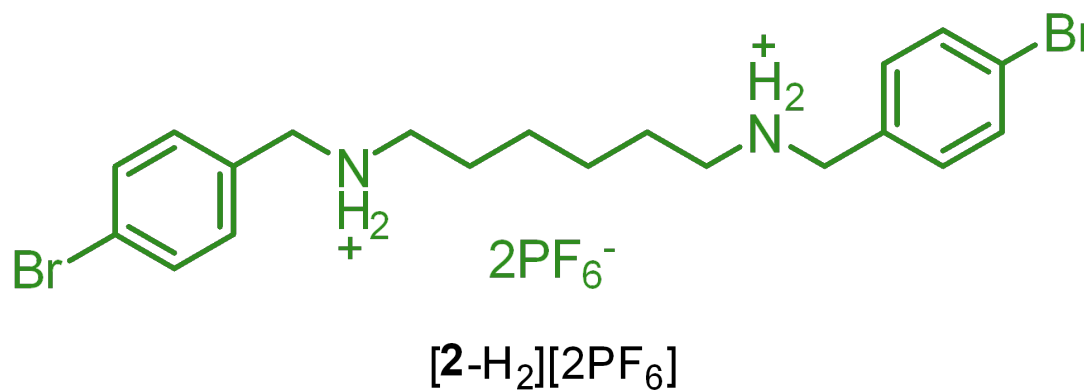
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133.614
131.284
125.001
118.797

52.286
49.244

26.754

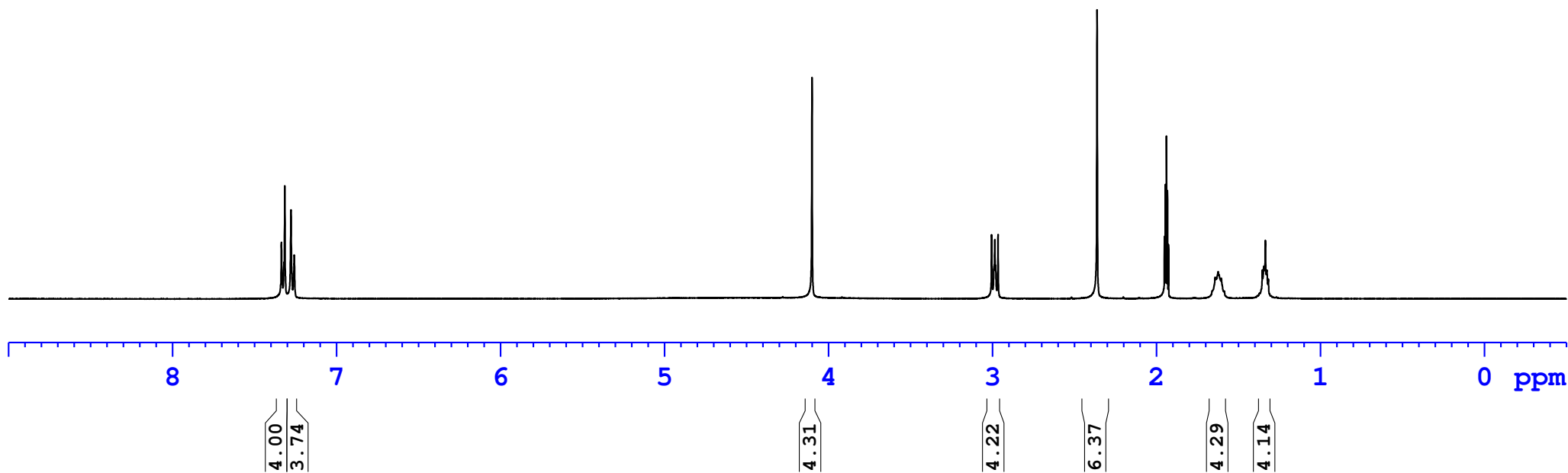
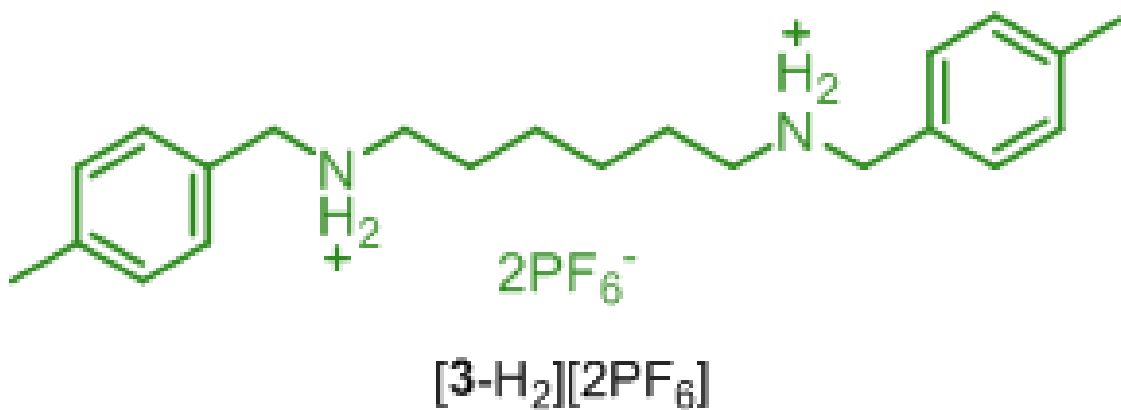
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2.203
1.997
1.790
1.583
1.377
1.170



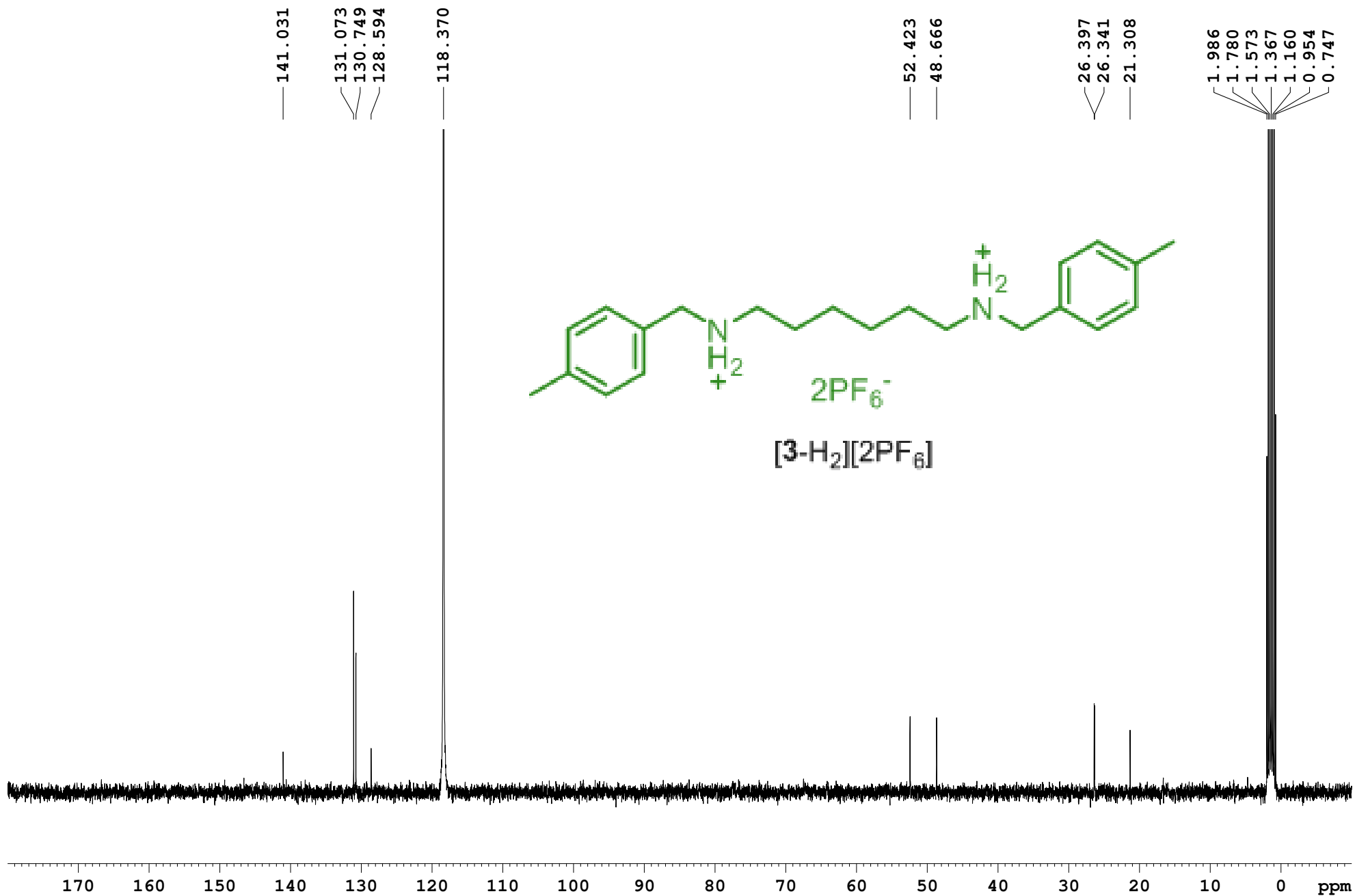
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7.315
7.277
7.258

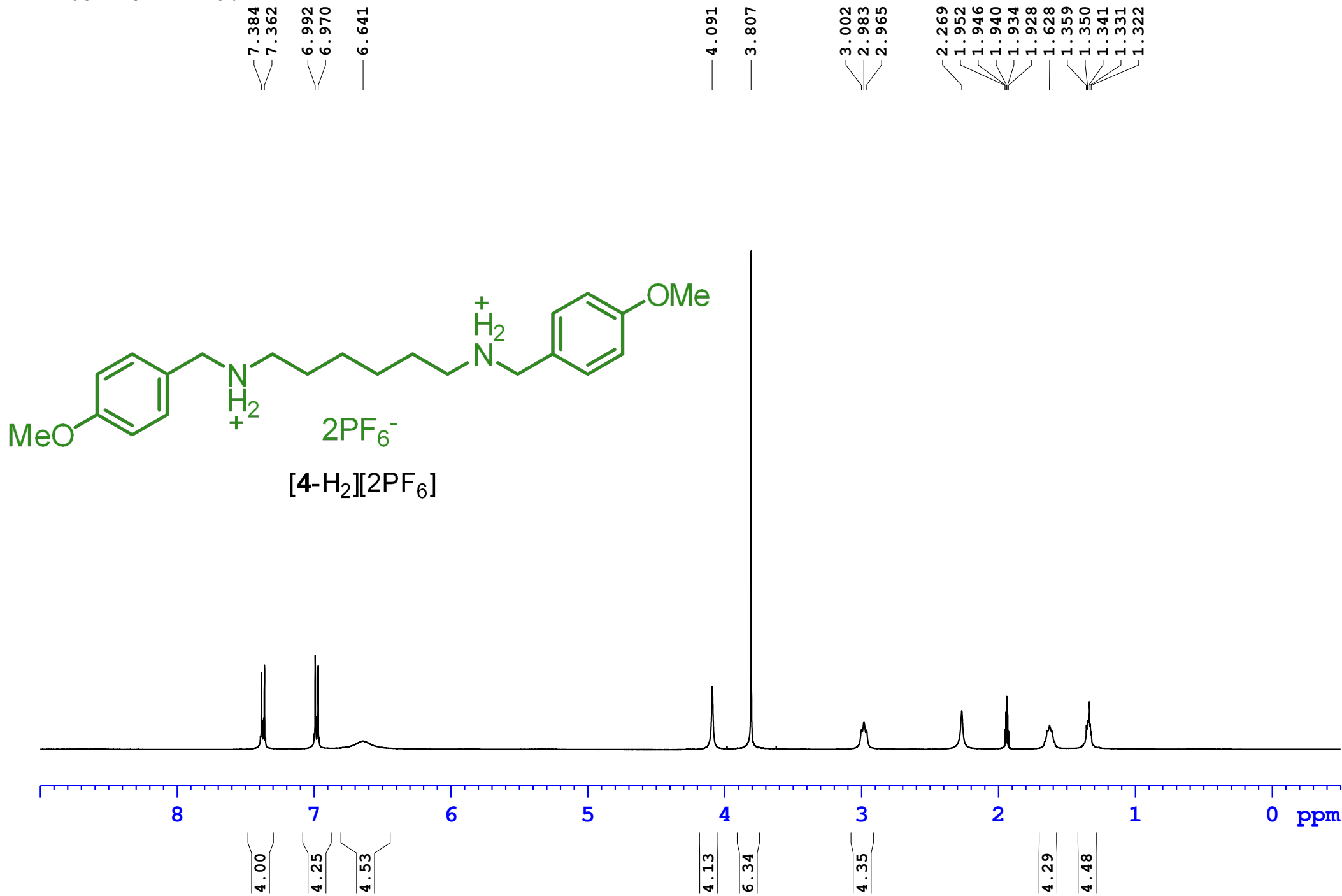
4.102

3.006
2.987
2.967
2.363
1.952
1.946
1.940
1.934
1.928
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1.605
1.587
1.355
1.346
1.337
1.328
1.319

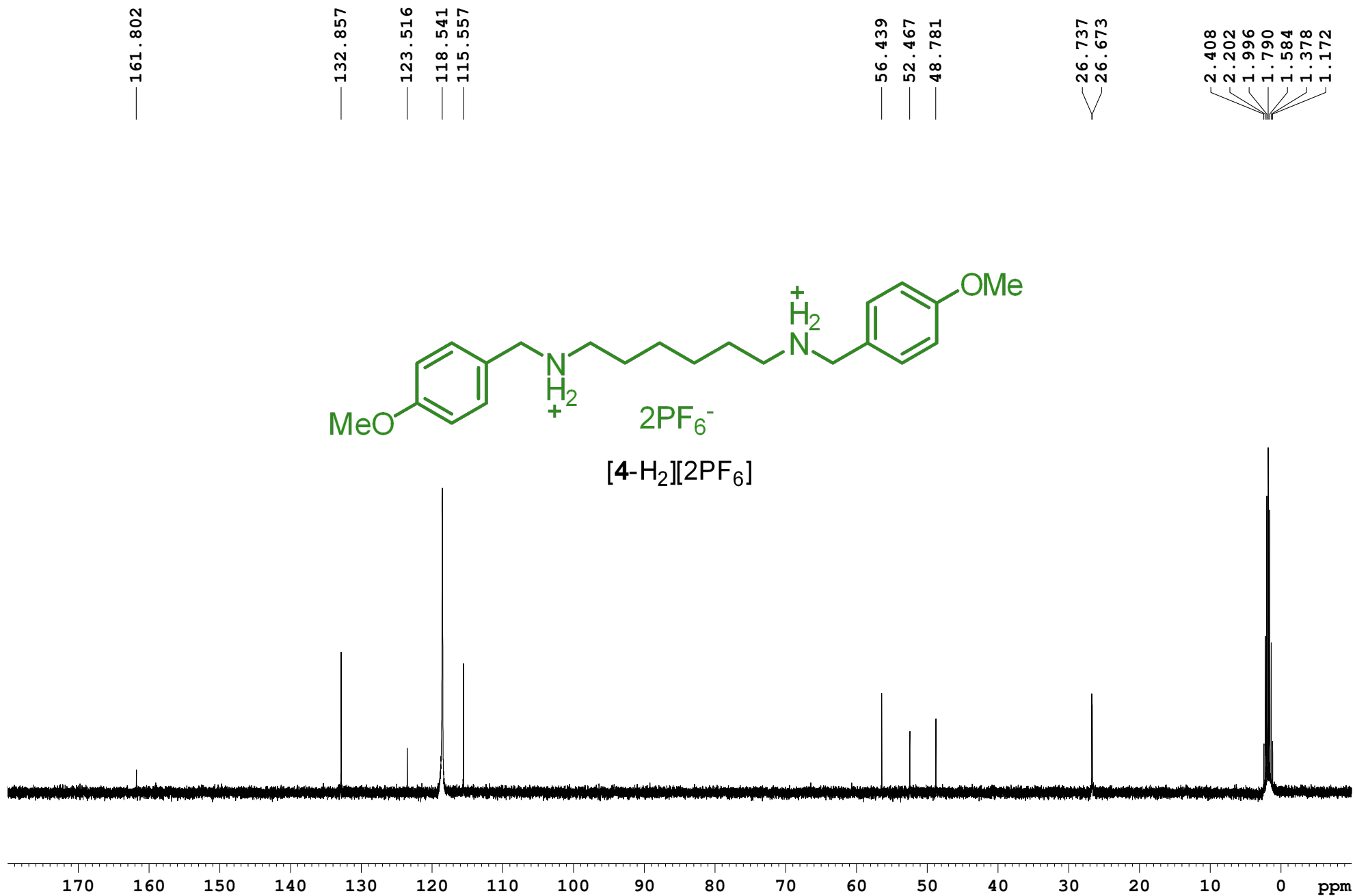


29-diPCB-1.94-





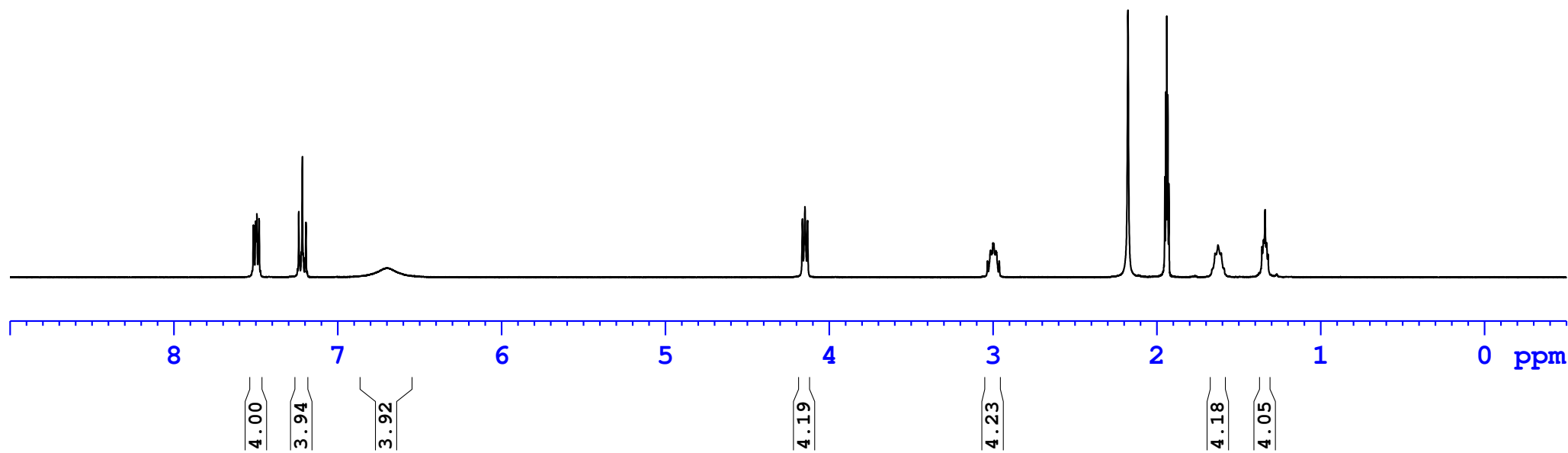
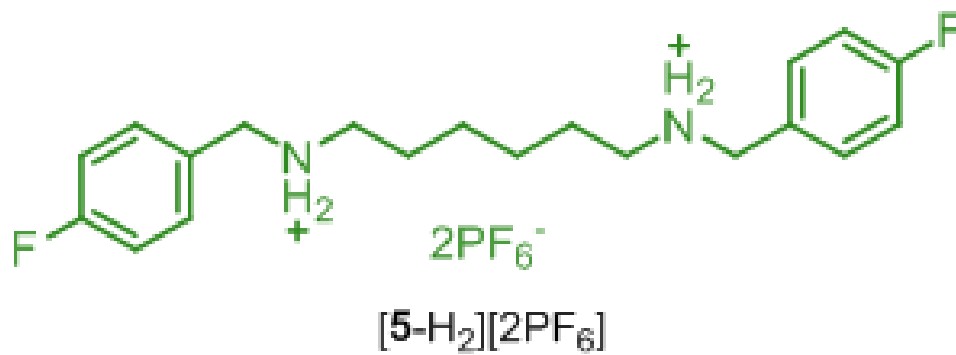
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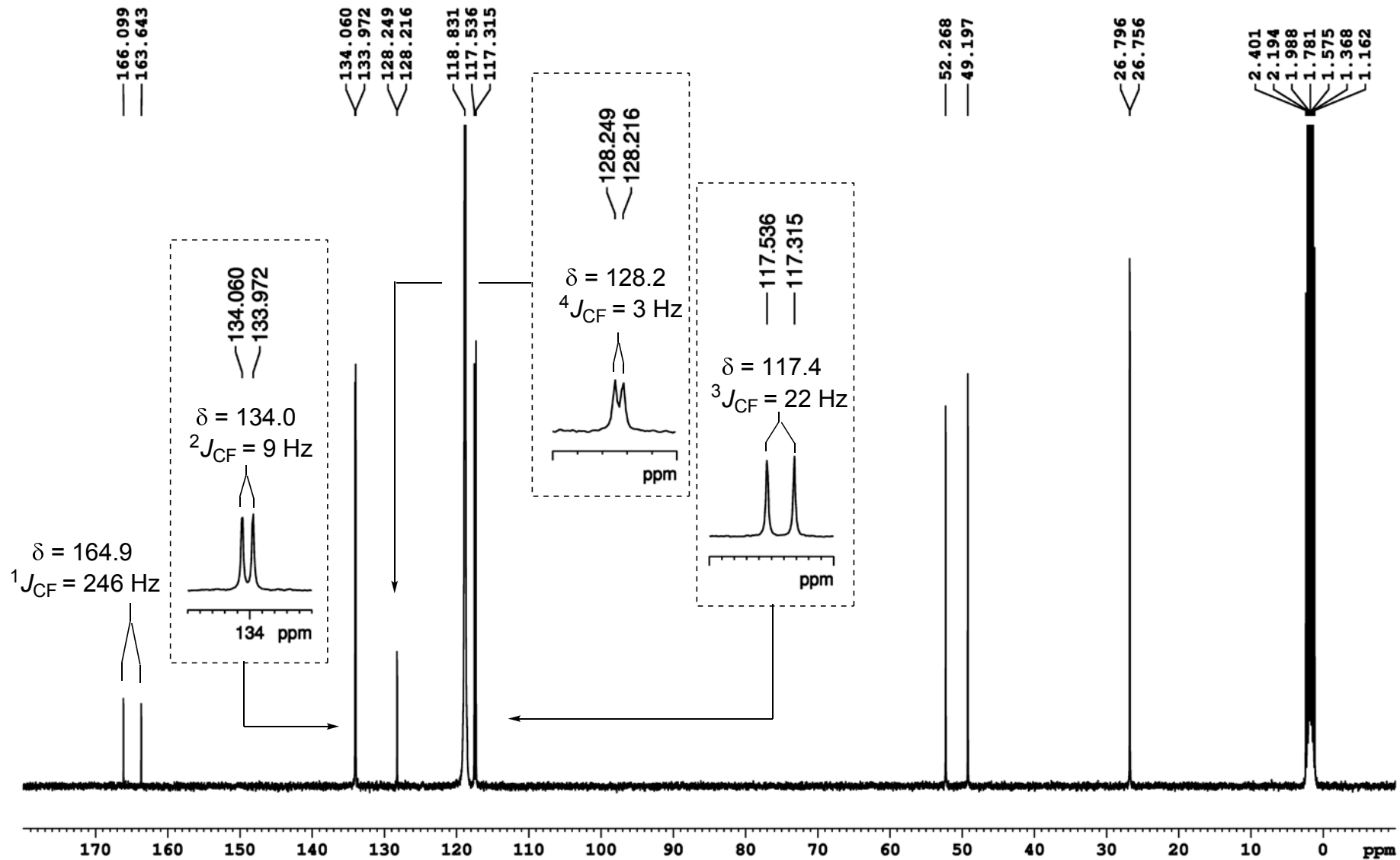
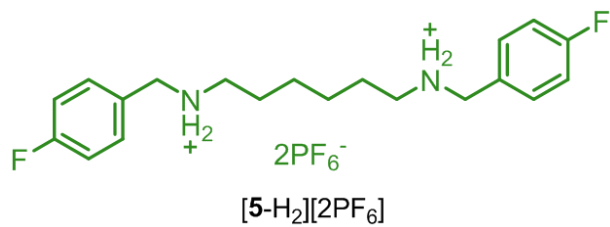


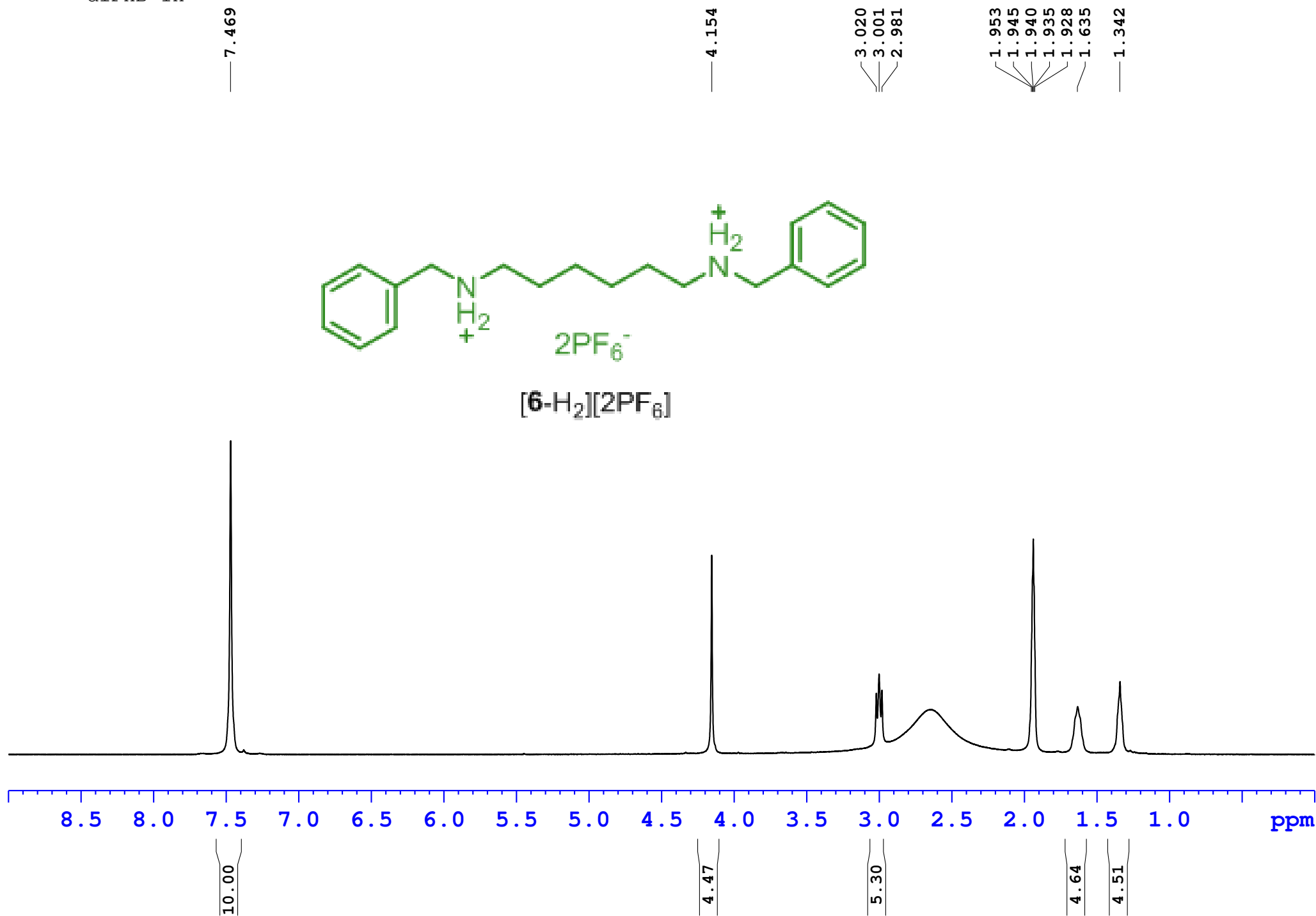
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7.501
7.493
7.479
7.238
7.215
7.194
— 6.698

4.165
4.149
4.133

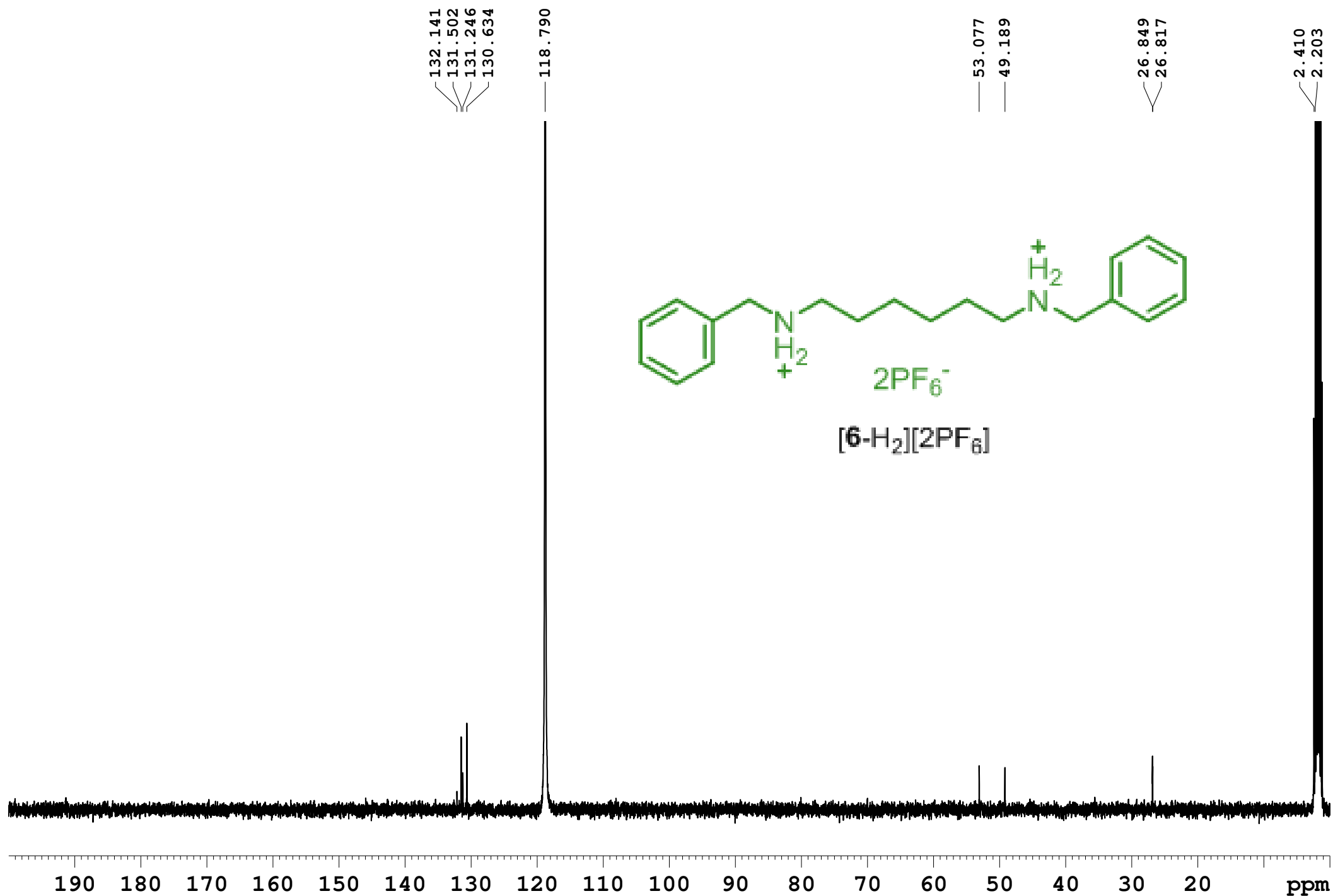
3.035
3.015
3.007
3.001
2.996
2.983
2.963
2.177
1.952
1.946
1.940
1.934
1.928
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1.628
1.608
1.359
1.350
1.341
1.331
1.322

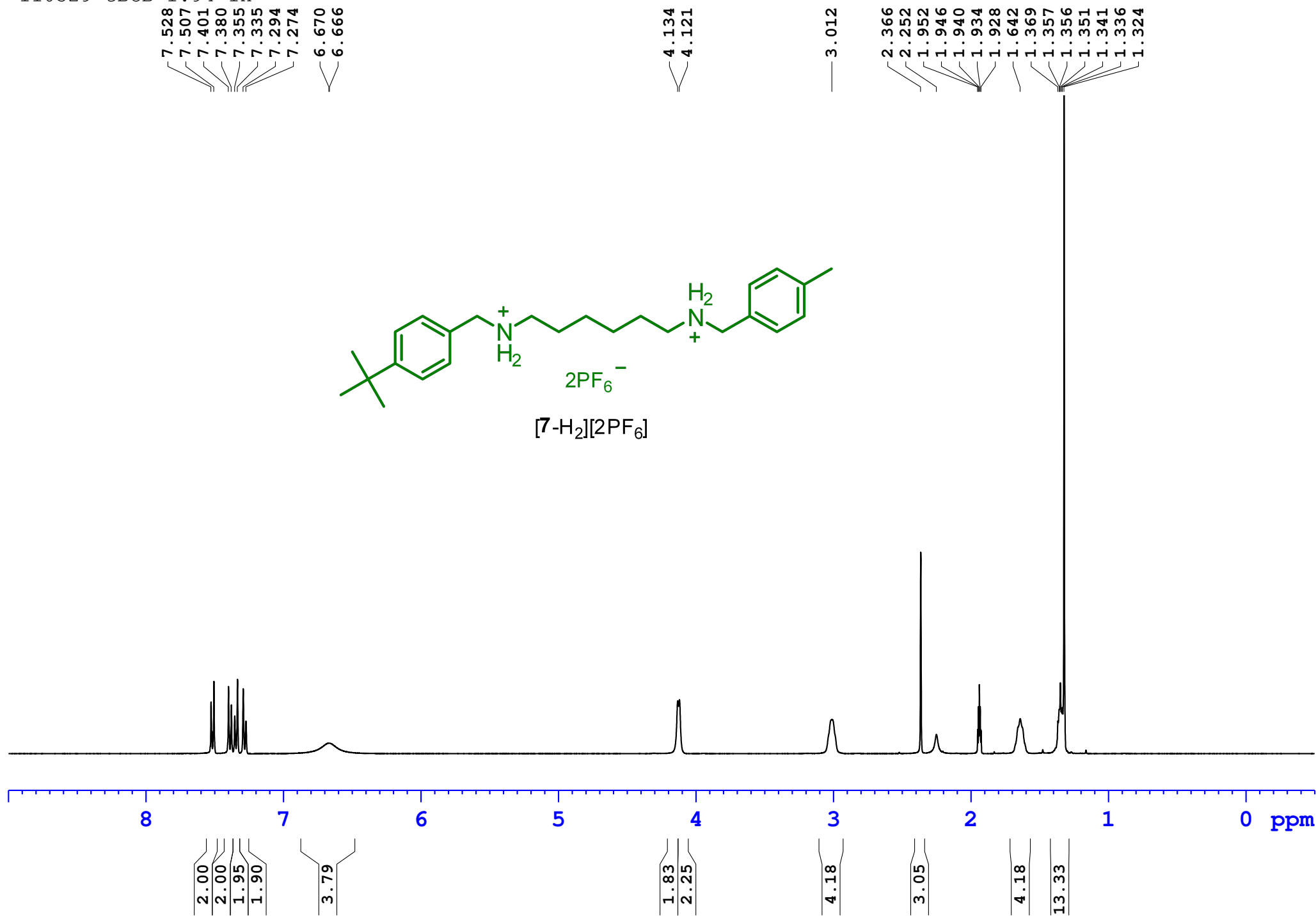




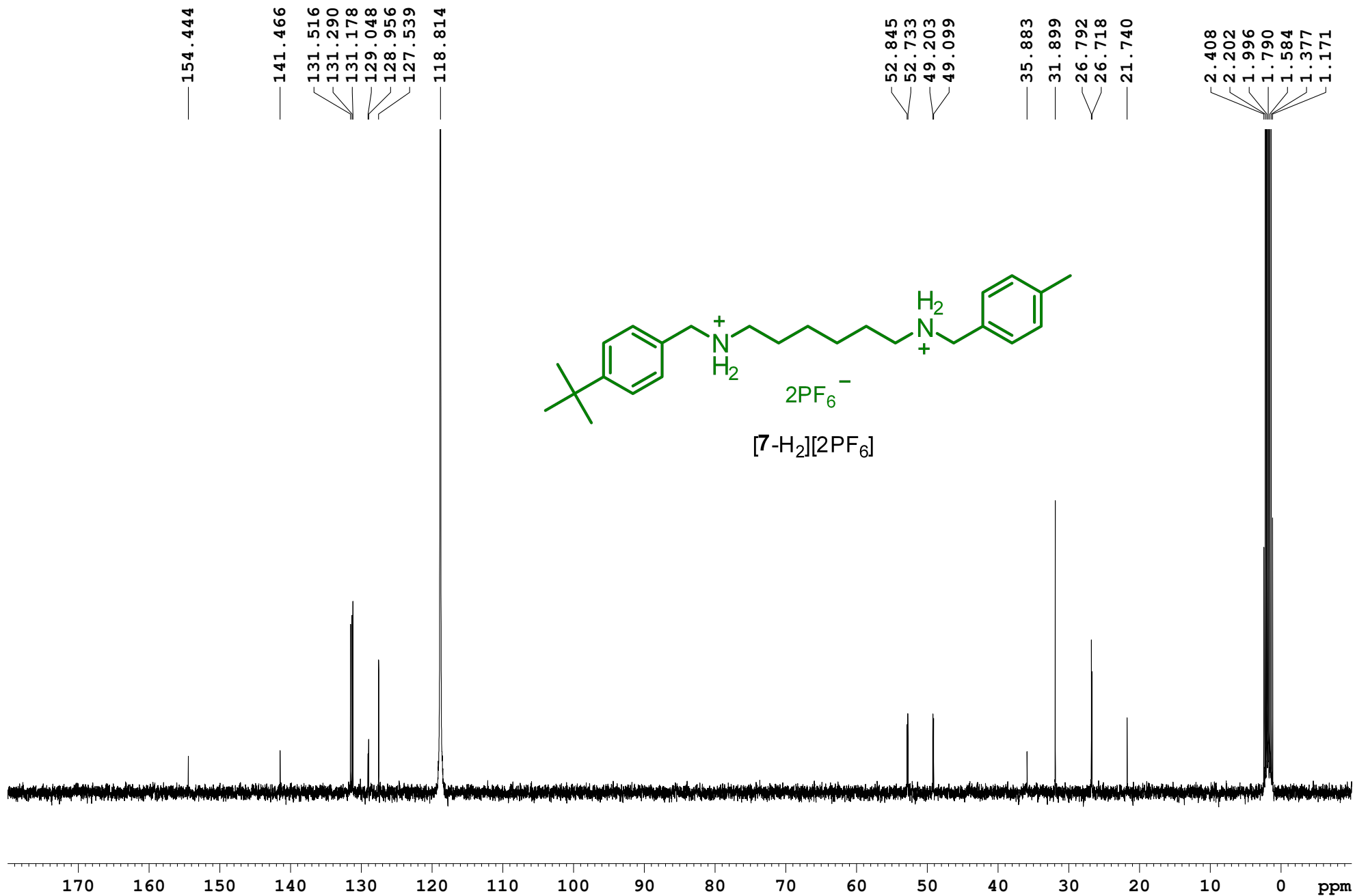


diPHB-1H





329-tBCB-1.94-



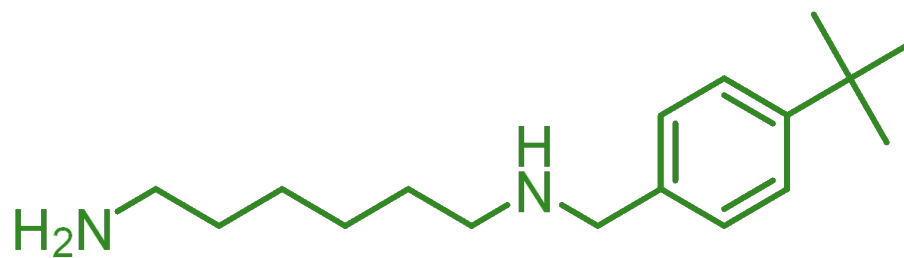
110226-tBN*

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7.314
7.240
7.233
7.213

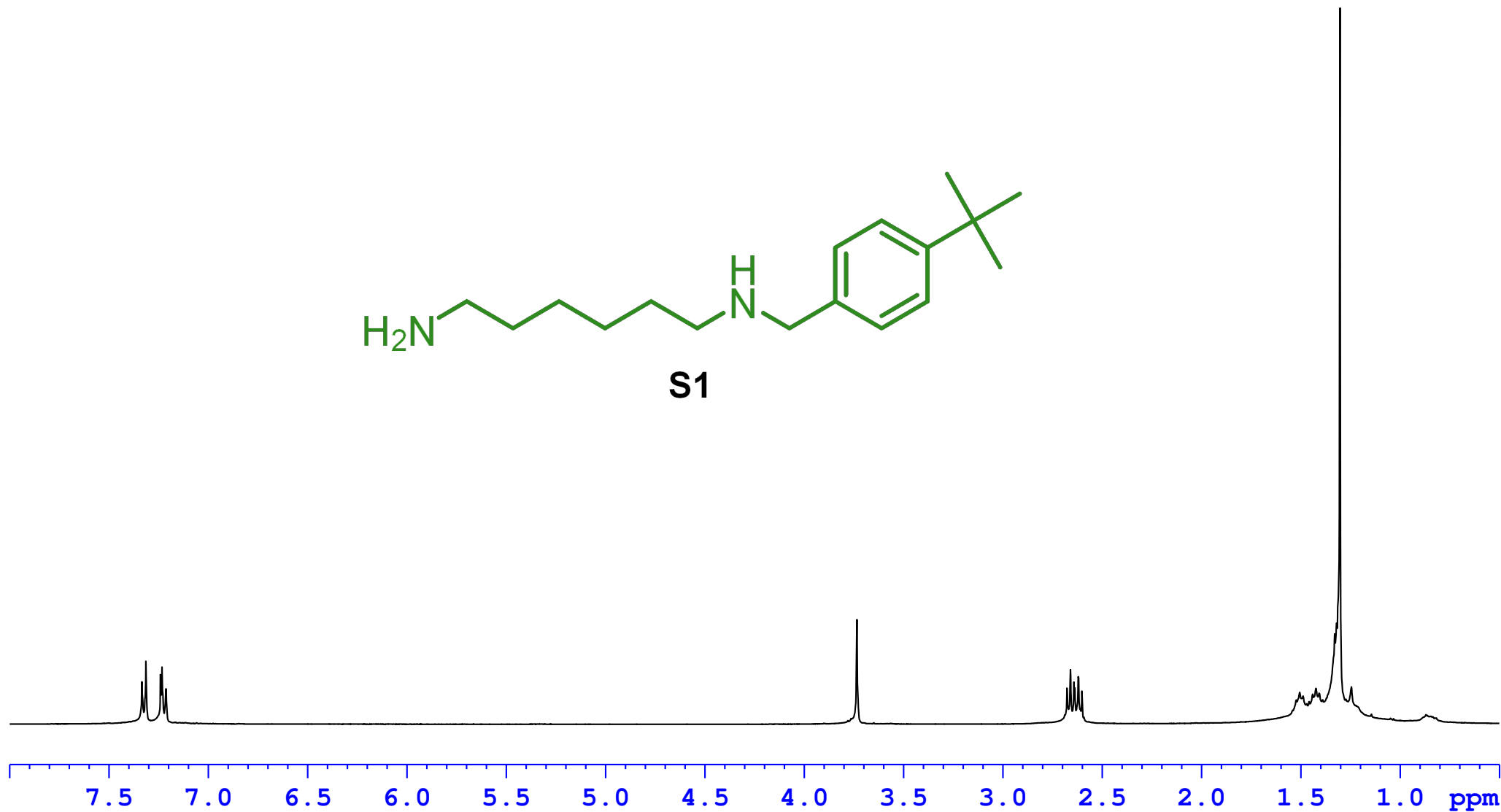
3.735

2.677
2.660
2.642
2.638
2.620
2.602

1.523
1.506
1.488
1.470
1.458
1.440
1.424
1.408
1.390
1.329
1.320
1.274
1.245



S1



2.14
2.27

2.00

4.14

26.11

S17

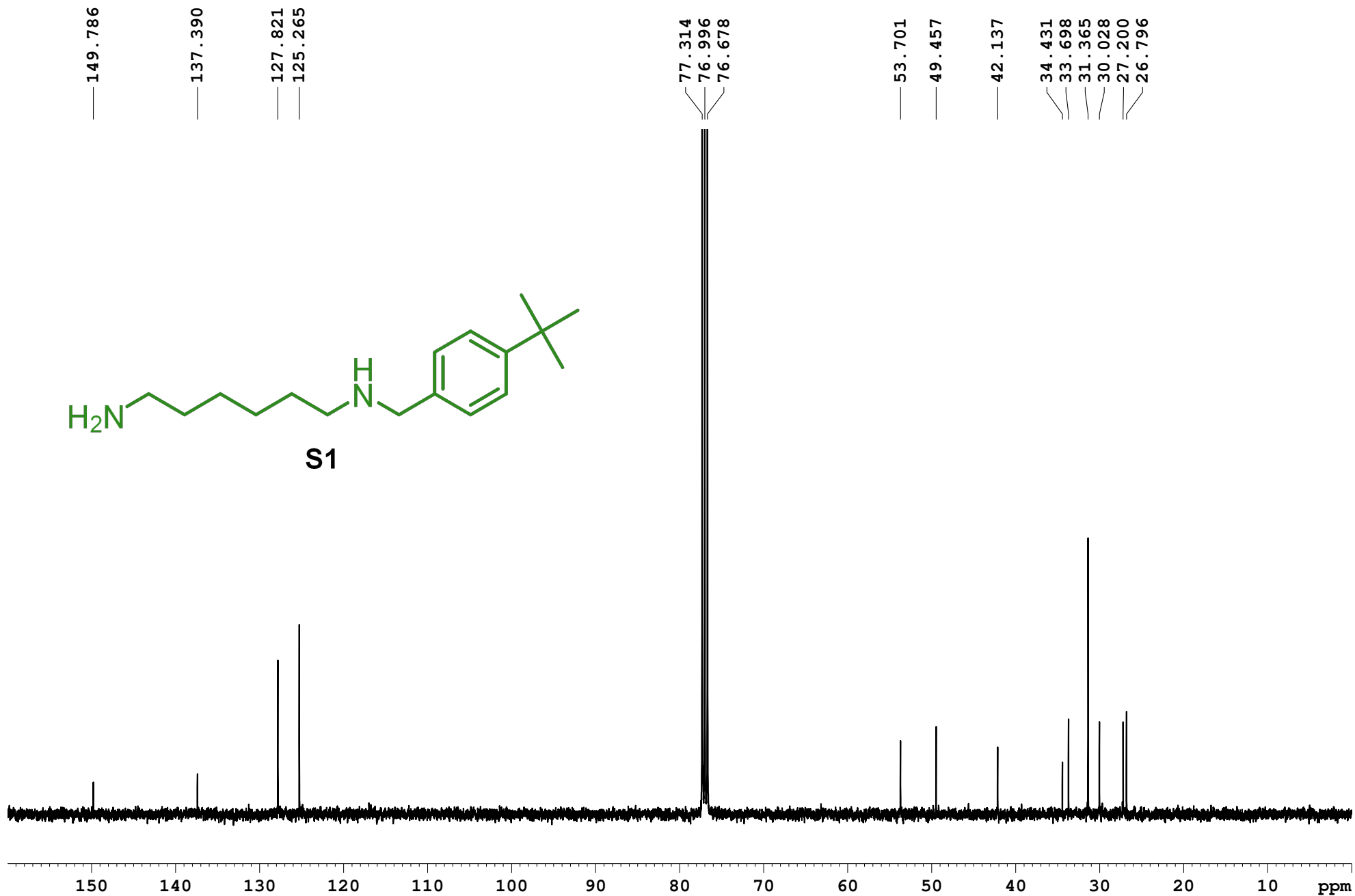


Figure S1

HC-HSQC, 400 MHz, CD₃CN

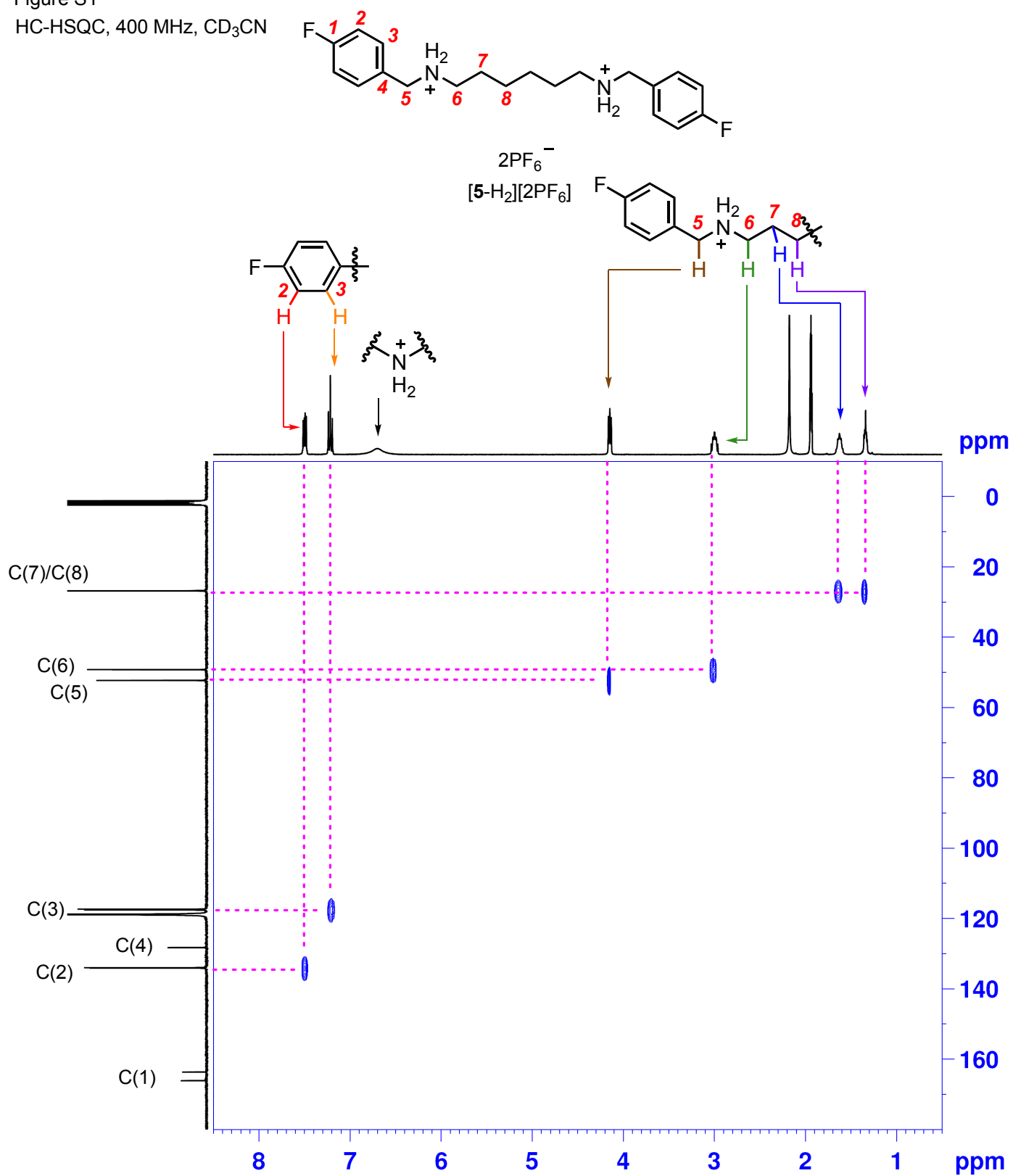


Figure S1. HSQC spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃CN, 298 K) of the threadlike salt [5-H][2PF₆].

The aromatic carbon signals of the threadlike salt [5-H][2PF₆] were identified based on the C–F couplings and cross signals appeared in ^{13}C NMR and HSQC spectra, respectively. The signals of the aliphatic protons were identified from their chemical shifts and cross signals appeared in HSQC spectra.

Figure S2

COSY of $[1 \cdot 2\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$

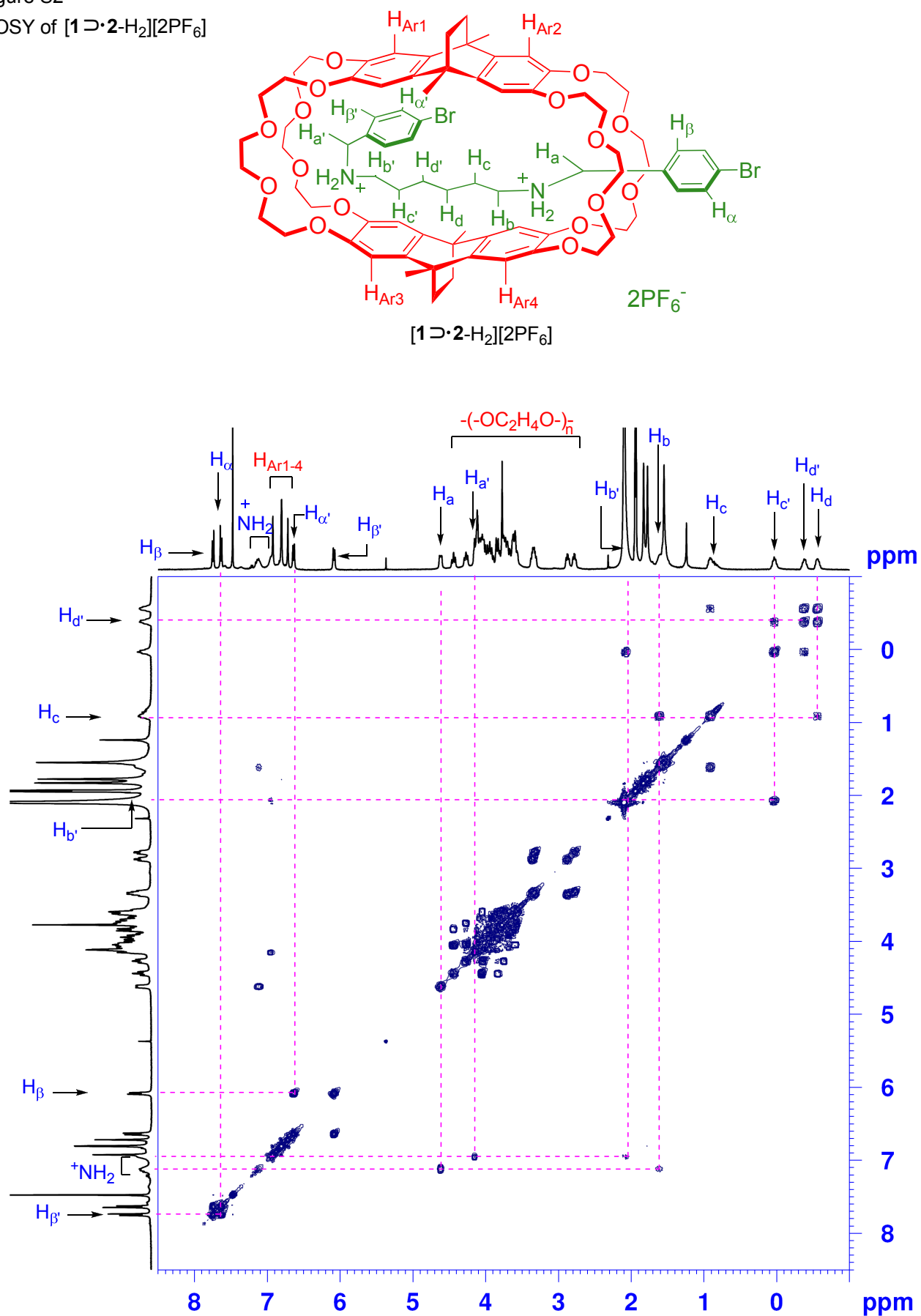


Figure S2. COSY spectrum [400 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \cdot 2\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[2\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$ at 298 K for 13 h.

Figure S3

NOESY of $[1 \supset 2\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$

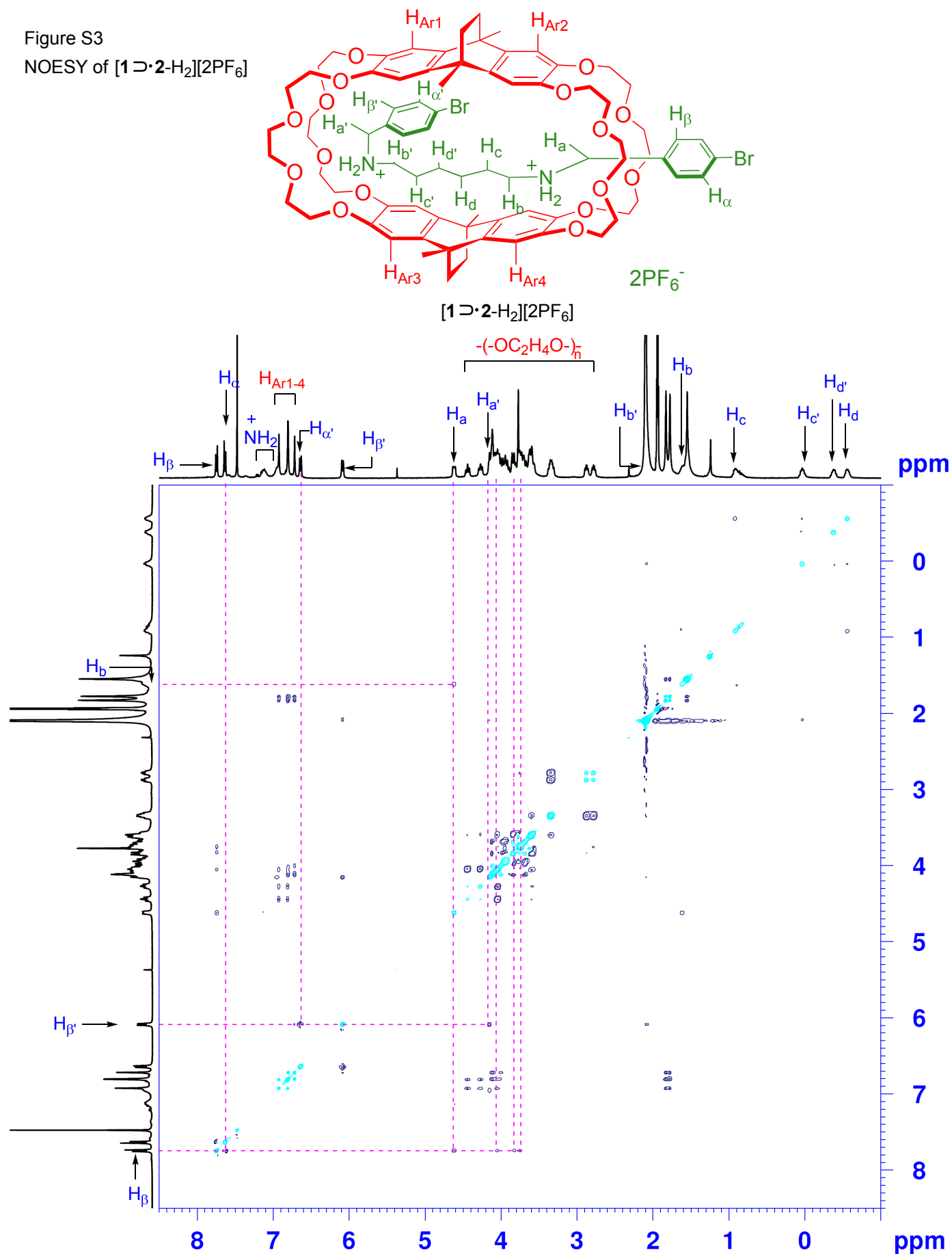


Figure S3. NOESY spectrum [400 MHz, $CDCl_3/CD_3CN$ (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \supset 2\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage 1 and the threadlike salt $[2\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$ at 298 K for 13.5 h.

Assignment of Signals in ^1H NMR Spectra of the Complex [1 \rightarrow 2- H_2][2 PF_6] Based on Its 2D COSY and NOESY Spectra

From NOESY

H_α ($\delta = 4.62$) \rightarrow H_β ($\delta = 7.74$) \rightarrow H_α ($\delta = 7.63$) and $-(\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})-$ [protons of the tri(ethylene glycol) chains of host **1**; $\delta = 3.54$ – 4.19]

$\text{H}_{\beta'}$ ($\delta = 6.08$) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ ($\delta = 6.64$) and $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ [$\delta = 4.14$ – 4.19 , overlapped with $-(\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})-$]

H_α was the characteristic signal for benzylic protons adjacent to an $^+\text{NH}_2$ center threaded through the cavity of DB24C8.

$\text{H}_{\beta'}$ was shielded strongly by the aromatic moiety of the molecular cage and shifted upfield significantly.

From COSY

H_β ($\delta = 7.74$) \rightarrow H_α ($\delta = 7.63$)

$\text{H}_{\beta'}$ ($\delta = 6.08$) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ ($\delta = 6.64$)

H_α ($\delta = 4.62$) \rightarrow $^+\text{NH}_2$ ($\delta = 7.05$ – 7.18 , threaded) \rightarrow H_b ($\delta = 1.59$ – 1.67)

$^+\text{NH}_2$ ($\delta = 6.90$ – 7.01 , face-to-face complexed) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ ($\delta = 4.14$ – 4.19) and $\text{H}_{b'}$ ($\delta = 2.00$ – 2.08)

The threaded $^+\text{NH}_2$ center may experience stronger [$^+\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$] hydrogen bonding interactions, thereby shifting it further downfield relative to the face-to-face complexes one.

H_b ($\delta = 1.59$ – 1.67) \rightarrow H_c ($\delta = 0.87$ – 0.97) \rightarrow H_d ($\delta = -0.62$ to -0.50) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{d'}$ ($\delta = -0.44$ to -0.33) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{c'}$ ($\delta = -0.04$ to $+0.11$) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{b'}$ ($\delta = 2.00$ – 2.08)

Figure S4

COSY of $[1 \supset 3\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$

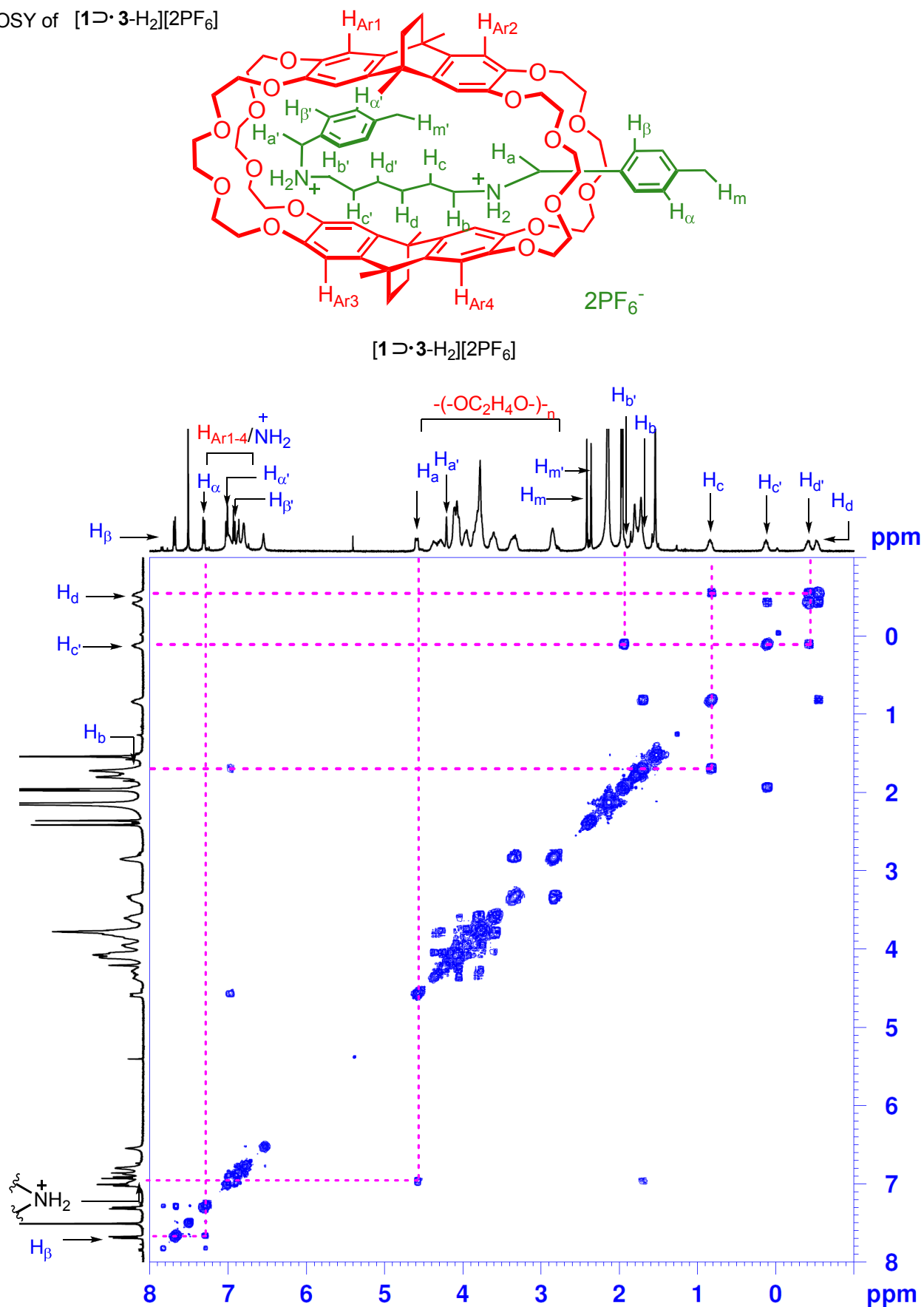


Figure S4. COSY spectrum [400 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \supset 3\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[3\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$ at 298 K for 3.3 days.

Figure S5
NOESY of $[1 \supset 3\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$

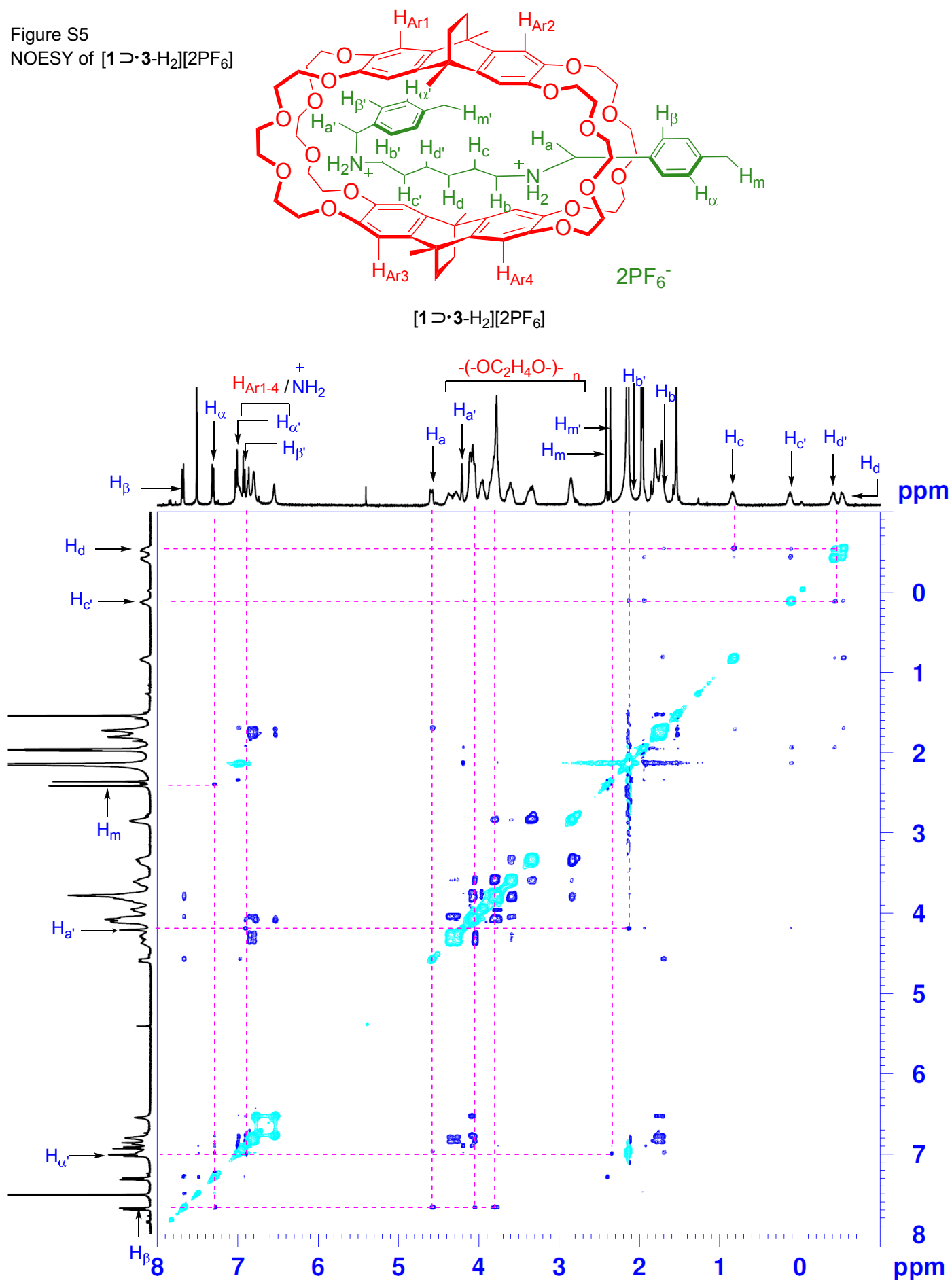


Figure S5. NOESY spectrum [400 MHz, $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \supset 3\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[3\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$ at 298 K for 3.3 days.

Assignment of Signals in ^1H NMR Spectra of the Complex [1 \rightarrow 3- H_2][2PF $_6$] Based on Its 2D COSY and NOESY Spectra

From NOESY

H_a ($\delta = 4.56$) \rightarrow H_β ($\delta = 7.66$) \rightarrow H_α ($\delta = 7.28$) and $-(\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})-$ [protons of the tri(ethylene glycol) chains of host **1**; $\delta = 3.51$ – 4.42 , overlapped with H_a]

H_α ($\delta = 7.28$) \rightarrow H_m ($\delta = 2.39$); (so H_m was known)

H_a was the characteristic signal for benzylic protons adjacent to an $^+\text{NH}_2$ center threaded through the cavity of DB24C8.

From COSY

H_a ($\delta = 4.56$, t, $J = 7$ Hz, 2H) \rightarrow $^+\text{NH}_2$ ($\delta = 6.74$ – 7.03 ; overlapped with $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$, $\text{H}_{\beta'}$, and $\text{H}_{\text{Ar}1-4}$)

From NOESY

H_m ($\delta = 2.31$) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ ($\delta = 6.99$)

From COSY

$\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ ($\delta = 6.99$) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{\beta'}$ ($\delta = 6.89$)

From NOESY

$\text{H}_{\beta'}$ ($\delta = 6.89$) \rightarrow H_a ($\delta = 4.56$) \rightarrow H_b ($\delta = 2.04$ – 2.22 , overlapped with signal for water)

$\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ and $\text{H}_{\beta'}$ were shielded strongly by the aromatic moiety of the molecular cage and shifted upfield significantly.

From COSY

H_b ($\delta = 2.04$ – 2.22 , overlapped with signal for water) \rightarrow H_c ($\delta = 0.75$ – 0.88) \rightarrow H_d ($\delta = -0.50$ to -0.36) \rightarrow H_d ($\delta = -0.63$ to -0.50) \rightarrow H_c ($\delta = 1.49$ – 1.55) \rightarrow H_b ($\delta = 1.64$ – 1.81 ; overlapped with the signals for the aliphatic protons of the molecular cage)

Figure S6
COSY of $[1 \supset \cdot 4\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$

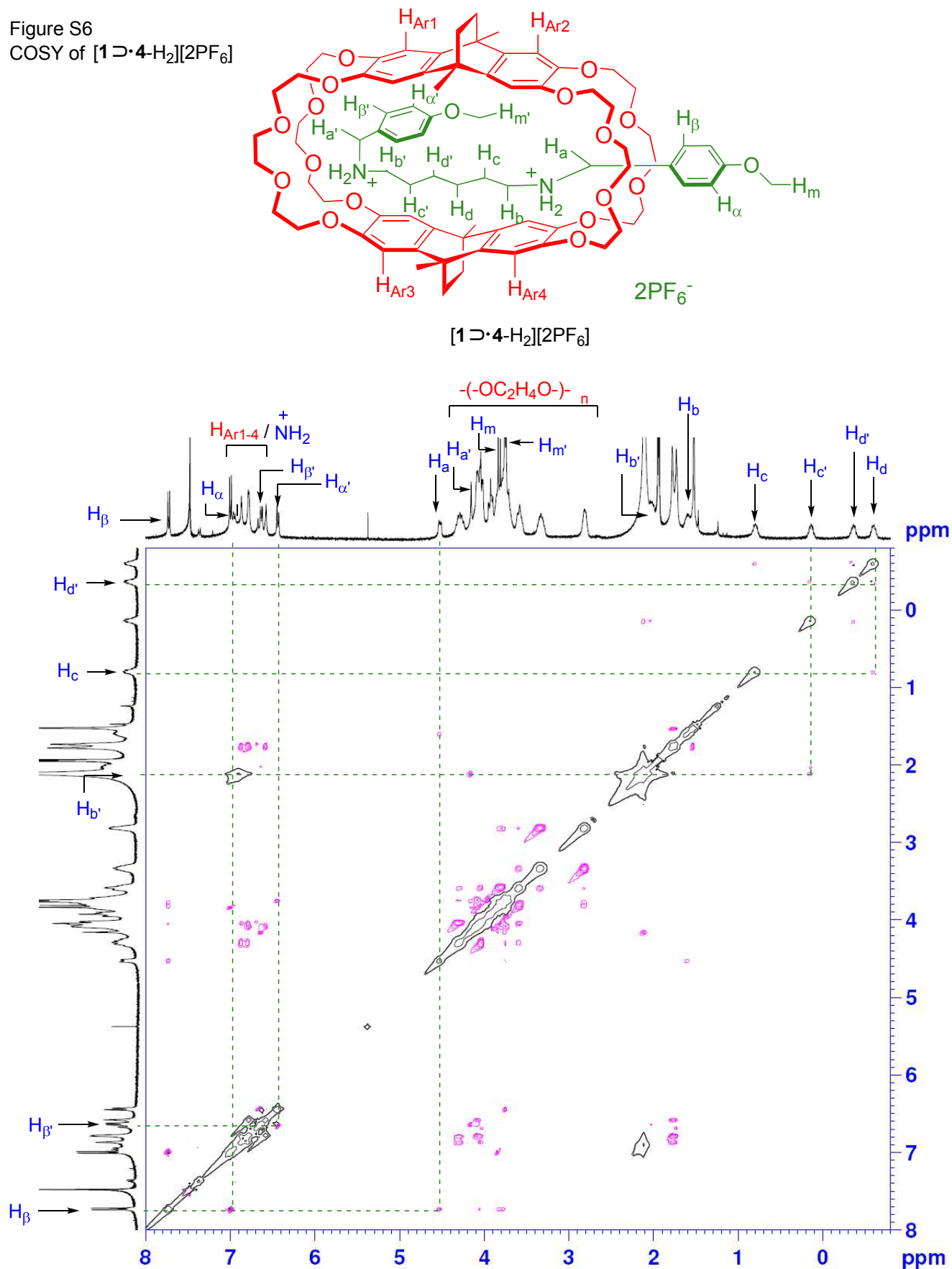


Figure S6. COSY spectrum [400 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃CN (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \supset \cdot 4\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[4\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$ at 298 K for 2.4 days.

Figure S7

NOESY of $[1\text{D}\cdot 4\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$

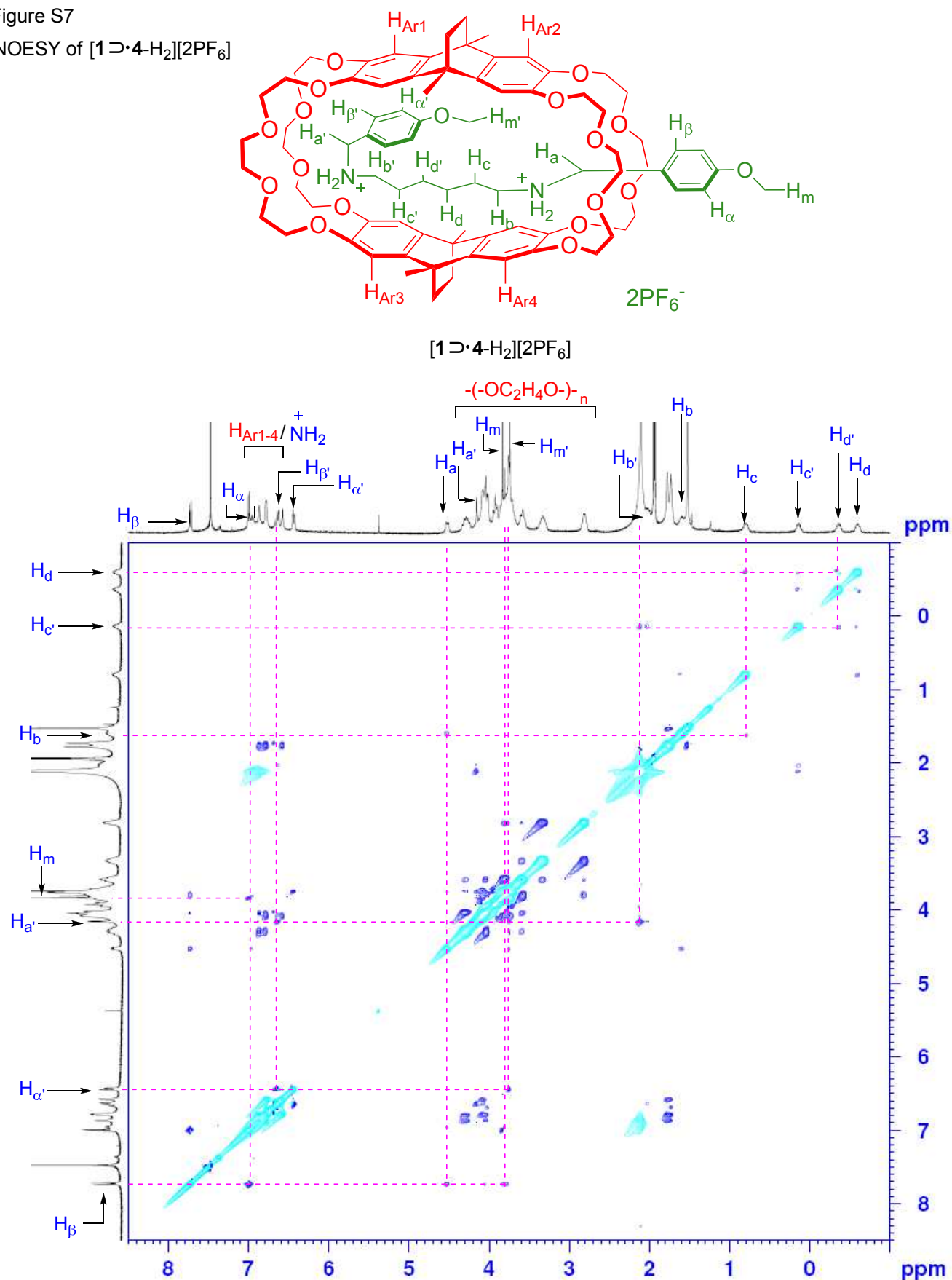


Figure S7. NOESY spectrum [400 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃CN (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1\text{D}\cdot 4\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[4\text{-H}_2][2\text{PF}_6]$ at 298 K for 2.4 days.

Assignment of Signals in ^1H NMR Spectra of the Complex [1 \rightarrow 4- H_2][2 PF_6] Based on Its 2D COSY and NOESY Spectra

From NOESY

H_α ($\delta = 4.52$) \rightarrow H_β ($\delta = 7.73$) \rightarrow H_α ($\delta = 7.00$), and $-(\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})-$ [protons of the tri(ethylene glycol) chains of host **1**; $\delta = 3.50$ – 4.40]

H_α ($\delta = 7.00$) \rightarrow H_m ($\delta = 3.84$)

H_α ($\delta = 4.52$, t, $J = 7$ Hz, 2H) \rightarrow H_b ($\delta = 1.57$ – 1.66) \rightarrow H_c ($\delta = 0.73$ – 0.88)

H_α was the characteristic signal for benzylic protons adjacent to an $^+\text{NH}_2$ center threaded through the cavity of DB24C8.

From COSY

H_c ($\delta = 0.73$ – 0.88) \rightarrow H_d ($\delta = -0.67$ to -0.52) \rightarrow H_d' ($\delta = -0.43$ to -0.26) \rightarrow H_c' ($\delta = 0.07$ – 0.23) \rightarrow H_b' ($\delta = 1.99$ – 2.06)

From NOESY

H_b' ($\delta = 1.99$ – 2.06) \rightarrow H_α' ($\delta = 4.16$) \rightarrow H_β' ($\delta = 6.63$)

From COSY

H_β' ($\delta = 6.63$) \rightarrow H_α' ($\delta = 6.44$)

H_α' and H_β' were shielded strongly by the aromatic moiety of the molecular cage and shifted upfield significantly.

From NOESY

H_α' ($\delta = 6.44$, d, $J = 9$ Hz, 2H) \rightarrow H_m' ($\delta = 3.74$)

H_m' was shielded by the aromatic moiety of the molecular cage and shifted upfield to a greater extent than was H_m).

Figure S8
COSY of $[1 \cdot 6-H_2][2PF_6]$

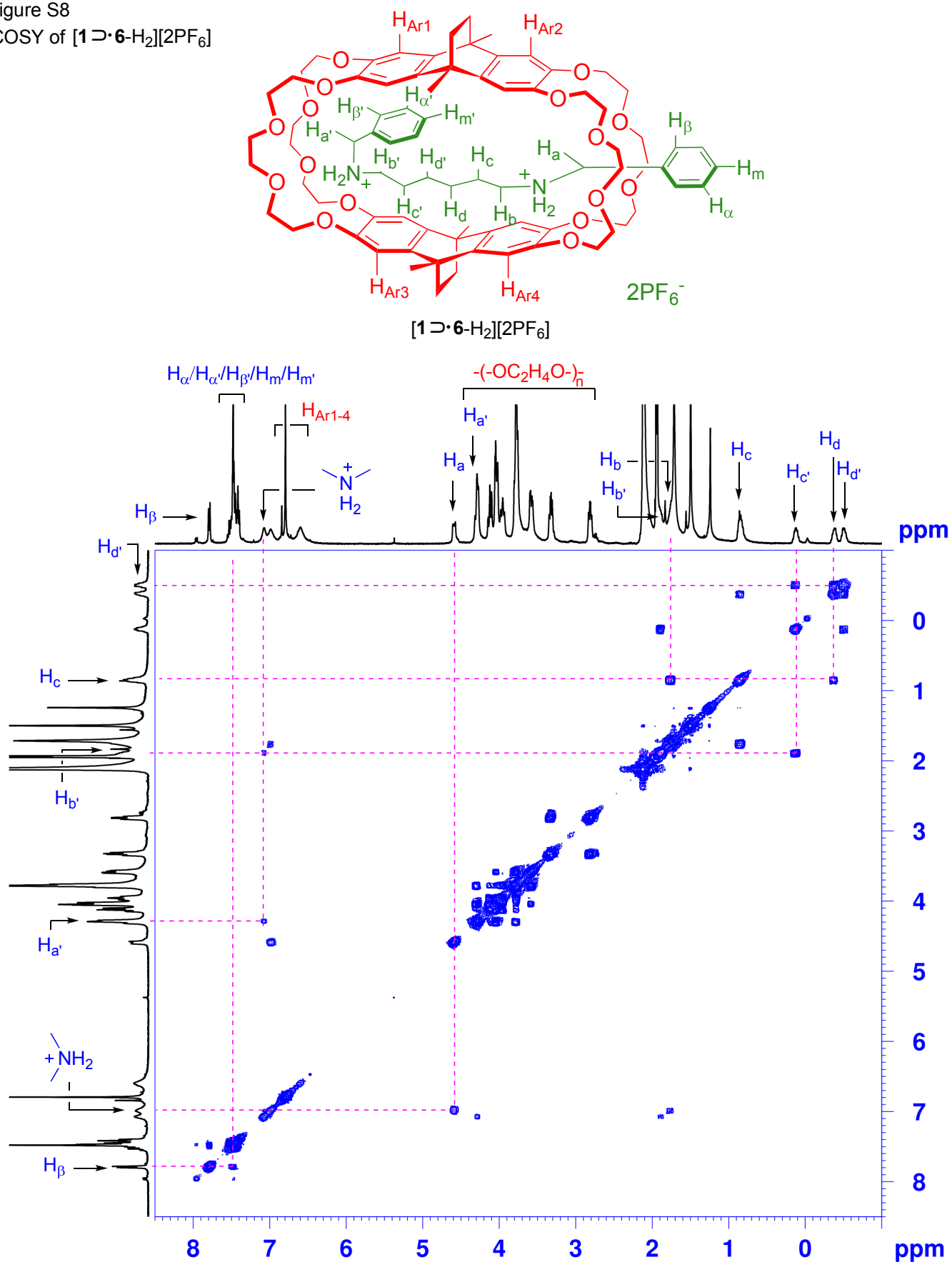


Figure S8. COSY spectrum [400 MHz, $CDCl_3/CD_3CN$ (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \cdot 6-H_2][2PF_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[6-H_2][2PF_6]$ at 298 K for 8 h.

Figure S9
NOESY of $[1 \cdot 6-H_2][2PF_6]$

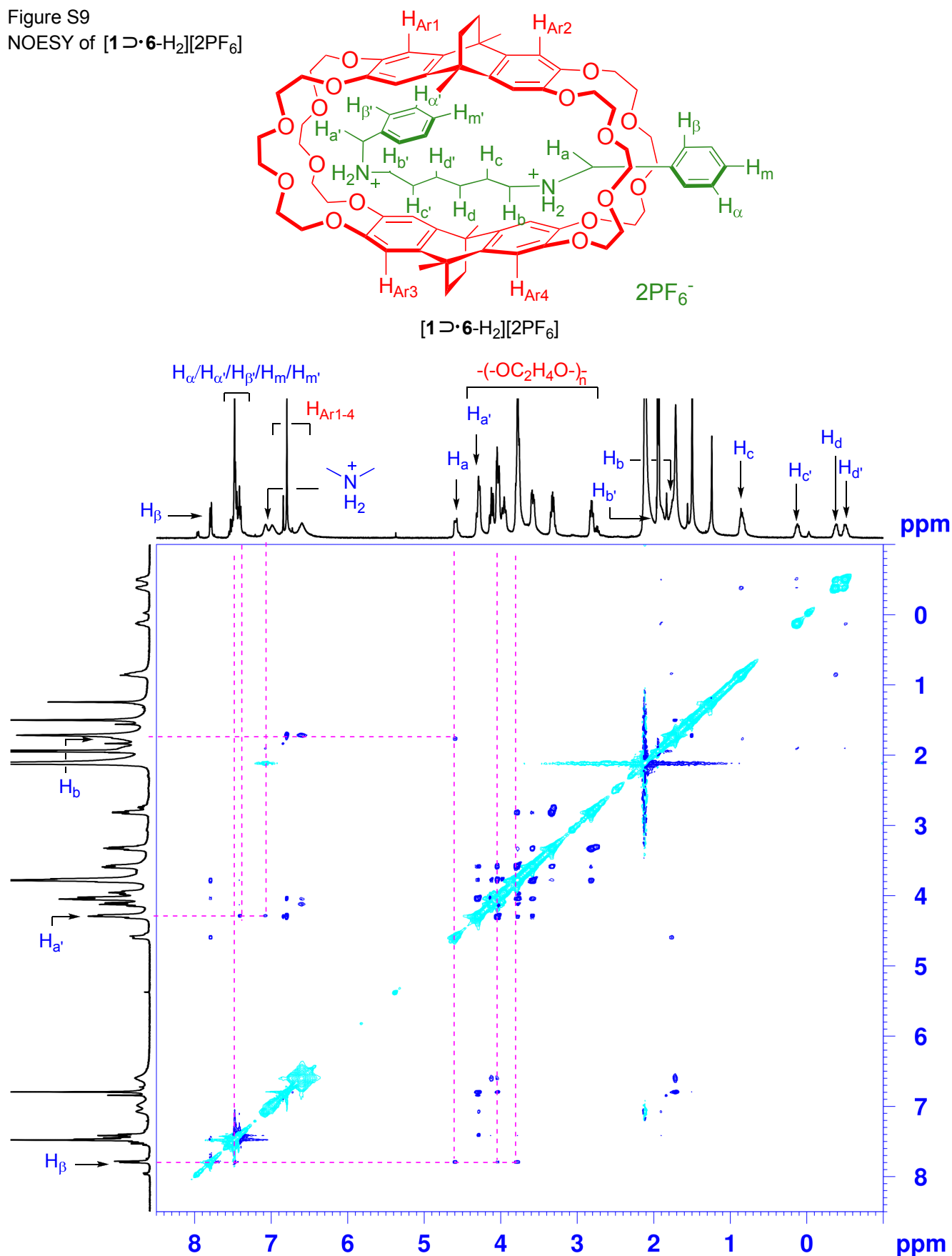


Figure S9. NOESY spectrum [400 MHz, $CDCl_3/CD_3CN$ (1:1), 298 K] of the complex $[1 \cdot 6-H_2][2PF_6]$, recorded after mixing the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt $[6-H_2][2PF_6]$ at 298 K for 8 h.

Assignment of Signals in ^1H NMR Spectra of the Complex [**1**⊃**6**- H_2][2PF_6] Based on Its 2D COSY and NOESY Spectra

From NOESY

H_a ($\delta = 4.59$) \rightarrow H_β ($\delta = 7.79$) \rightarrow H_α ($\delta = 7.32$ – 7.58 , overlapped with $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$, $\text{H}_{\beta'}$, H_m , and $\text{H}_{m'}$) and $-(\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})-$ [protons of the tri(ethylene glycol) chains of host **1**; $\delta = 3.40$ – 4.19]

H_a ($\delta = 4.59$) \rightarrow H_b ($\delta = 1.75$ – 1.81 ; overlapped with the aliphatic signals of the molecular cage **1**)

H_a was the characteristic signal for benzylic protons adjacent to an $^+\text{NH}_2$ center threaded through the cavity of DB24C8.

From COSY

H_b ($\delta = 1.75$ – 1.81 , overlapped with the aliphatic signals of the molecular cage **1**) \rightarrow H_c ($\delta = 0.73$ – 0.92) \rightarrow H_d ($\delta = -0.44$ to -0.32) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{d'}$ ($\delta = -0.58$ to -0.44) \rightarrow H_c' ($\delta = 0.07$ – 0.20) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{b'}$ ($\delta = 1.86$ – 1.92 , overlapped with the aliphatic signals of the molecular cage **1**)

From NOESY

$\text{H}_{b'}$ ($\delta = 1.86$ – 1.92) \rightarrow $^+\text{NH}_2$ ($\delta = 6.43$ – 6.69) \rightarrow $\text{H}_{a'}$ [$\delta = 4.55$ – 4.65 , overlapped with the tri(ethylene glycol) signals of the molecular cage **1**] \rightarrow $\text{H}_{\beta'}$ ($\delta = 7.32$ – 7.58 , overlapped with H_α , $\text{H}_{\alpha'}$, H_m , and $\text{H}_{m'}$)

$\text{H}_{\alpha'}$ and $\text{H}_{\beta'}$ were shielded by the aromatic moiety of the molecular cage and shifted upfield.

Table S1. Kinetic data for threading of the face-to-face-complexed aromatic termini of [1⊃x-H₂][2PF₆] into the DB24C8-like opening of the molecular cage **1** to form completely threaded complexes [1⊃x-H₂][2PF₆]

Complex formed ^[a]	Terminal substituent	<i>k</i> (s ⁻¹) ^[b,c]	Δ <i>G</i> [‡] ^[c,d] (kcal mol ⁻¹)	Δ <i>H</i> [‡] ^[e] (kcal mol ⁻¹)	Δ <i>S</i> [‡] ^[e] (cal mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹)
[1⊃2-H ₂][2PF ₆]	Br	(2.2 ± 0.2) × 10 ⁻⁷	26.5 ± 0.1	11.4 ± 6.1	-50.2 ± 19.6
[1⊃3-H ₂][2PF ₆]	CH ₃	(8.6 ± 0.9) × 10 ⁻⁸	27.1 ± 0.1	19.7 ± 0.8	-24.6 ± 2.6
[1⊃4-H ₂][2PF ₆]	OCH ₃	(1.4 ± 0.1) × 10 ⁻⁷	26.8 ± 0.1	18.3 ± 1.9	-28.6 ± 6.1
[1⊃5-H ₂][2PF ₆]	F	(6.2 ± 0.9) × 10 ⁻⁶	24.5 ± 0.1	9.2 ± 3.9	-51.6 ± 12.6
[1⊃6-H ₂][2PF ₆]	H	(1.7 ± 0.3) × 10 ⁻⁶	25.3 ± 0.1	20.3 ± 1.2	-16.6 ± 3.8

[a] Experiments were performed using an equimolar mixture (4.00 mM) of the molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt. The 90% confidence limits for *k*, Δ*G*[‡], Δ*H*[‡] and Δ*S*[‡] were evaluated by the least-squares method. [b] Value of *k* were obtained either from the slope of the straight line in the plot of ln([A₀]/[A_t]) against *t* {using the relationship of ln([A₀]/[A_t]) = *kt*}. [c] Calculated at 298 K. [d] Value of Δ*G*[‡] were calculated using the relationship Δ*G*[‡] = -*RT* ln(*kh*/*k_BT*), where *R*, *h*, and *k_B* correspond to the gas, Plank, and Boltzmann constants, respectively. [e] Value of Δ*H*[‡] and Δ*S*[‡] were obtained from the intercept and slope of the straight line in the plot of Δ*G*[‡] against *T* (using the relationship Δ*G*[‡] = Δ*H*[‡] - *T*Δ*S*[‡]).

Experiments were performed using an equimolar (4 mM) mixture of molecular cage **1** and the threadlike salt in CDCl₃^[S-a] / CD₃CN (1:1). The rate constant (*k*) for the threading process were determined from the slope of the straight line in the plot of ln([A₀]/[A_t]) against *t*, measured at five temperatures. The value of [A₀] = [A_t] + [P_t] and [A_t] were determined from the reciprocal of the molar ratio of the face-to-face complex to the completely threaded pseudorotaxane in the solution, measured from the integrated signals in ¹H NMR spectra: [1/4 integral of H_{β'} (4H) + 1/2 integral of H_β (2H)] / [1/2 integral of H_β (2H)]. The value of Δ*G*[‡] (kcal mol⁻¹) were calculated using the relationship

$$\Delta G^{\ddagger} = -RT \ln(kh/k_B T)$$

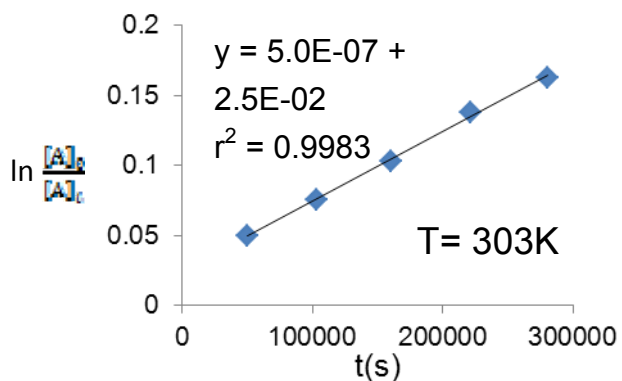
where *R*, *h* and *k_B* correspond to the gas, Plank and Boltzmann constants, respectively. The value of Δ*H*[‡] (kcal mol⁻¹) and Δ*S*[‡] (cal mol⁻¹) were obtained from the intercept and slope, respectively, of the straight lines in the plots of Δ*G*[‡] against *T*, using the relationship

$$\Delta G^{\ddagger} = \Delta H^{\ddagger} - T\Delta S^{\ddagger}$$

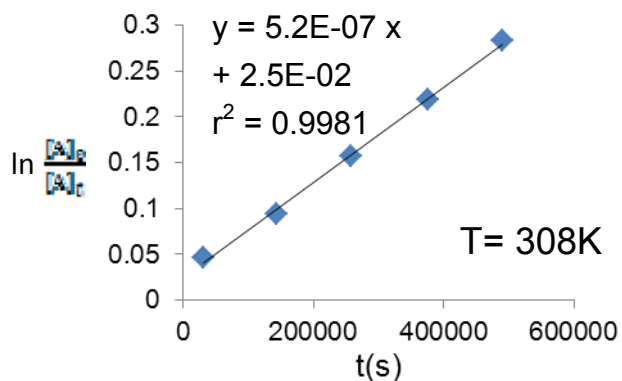
[S-a] To avoid possible disruptive effects caused by Cl⁻ anion or by the decomposition of PF₆⁻ into PF₅ and F⁻ in CDCl₃, the deuterated solvent used in kinetic experiments was treated with K₂CO₃ and Na₂S₂O₃ and distilled prior to performing these studies.

X = Br and [1⇌2-H₂][2PF₆] was the product formed.

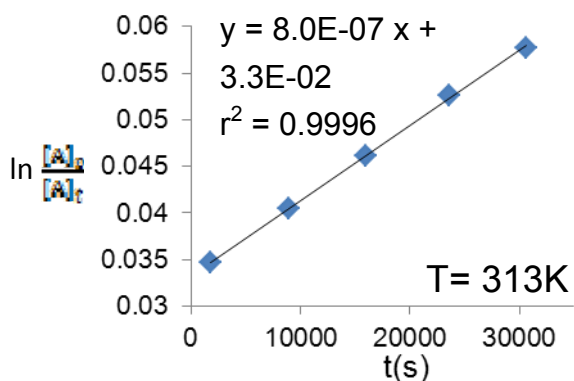
In these experiments, [A_t] and [P_t] were determined by integration of the signals at δ 7.73 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H) and δ 7.86 (d, J = 5 Hz, 4H), respectively.



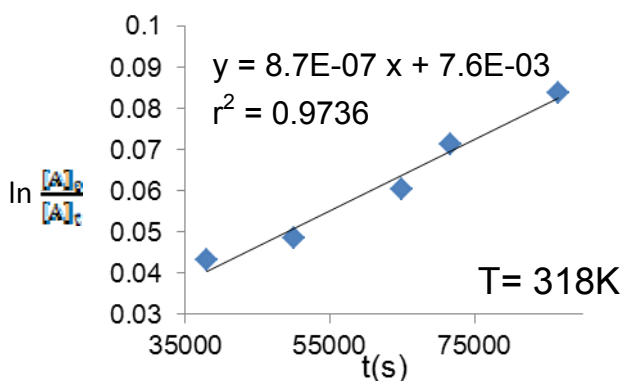
$k = (5.0 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 26.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



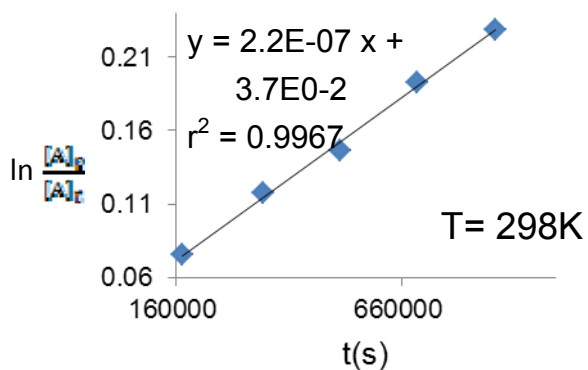
$k = (5.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 26.9 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



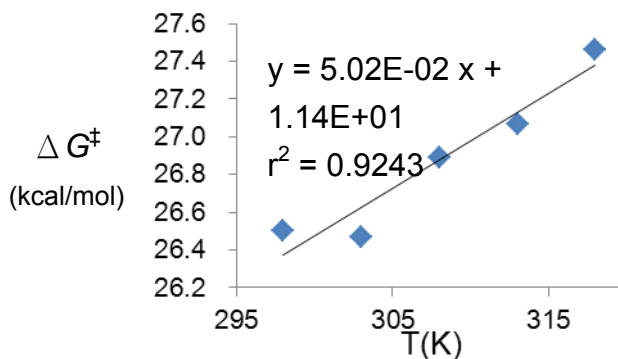
$k = (8.0 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.1 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



$k = (8.7 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



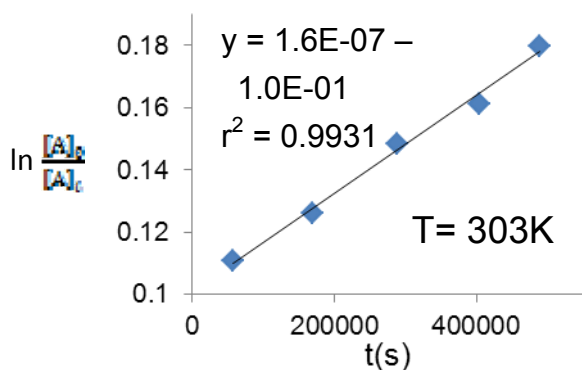
$k = (2.2 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 26.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



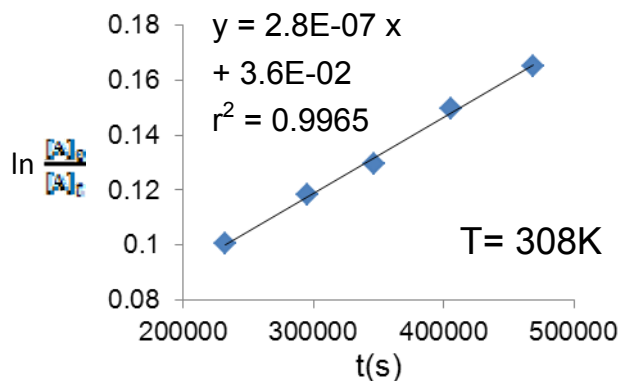
$\Delta H^\ddagger = \text{intercept} = 11.4 \pm 6.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)},$
 $\Delta S^\ddagger = -\text{slope} = -50.2 \pm 19.6 \text{ (cal mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}\text{)}$

X = CH₃ and [1→3-H₂][2PF₆] was the product formed.

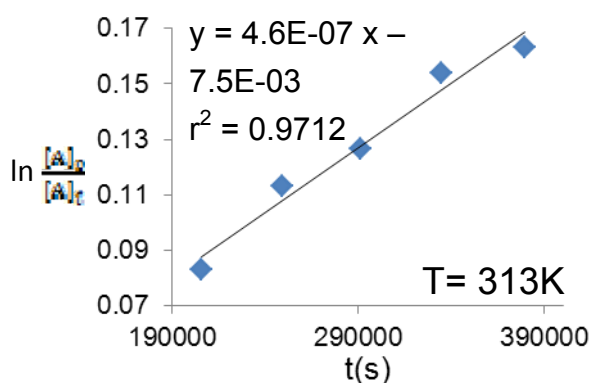
In these experiments, [A_t] and [P_t] were determined by integration of the signals at δ 7.64 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H) and δ 7.81 (d, J = 8 Hz, 4H), respectively.



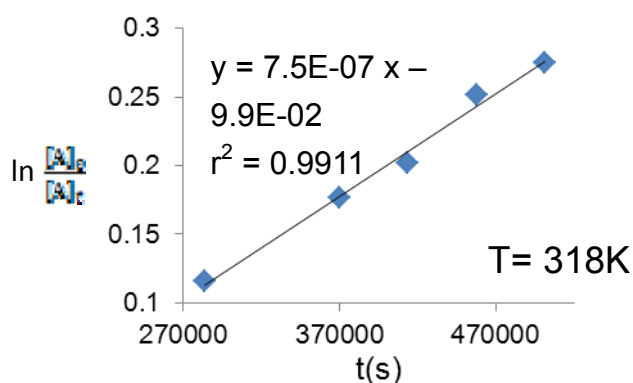
$k = (1.6 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



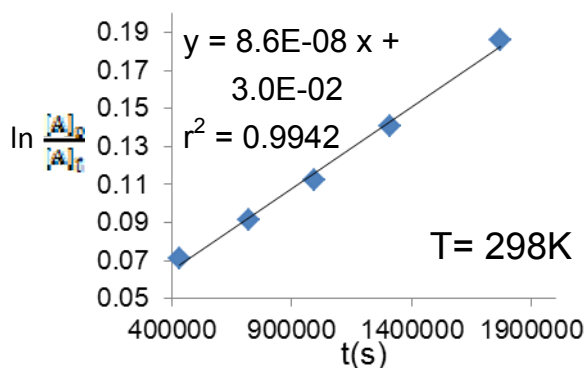
$k = (2.8 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



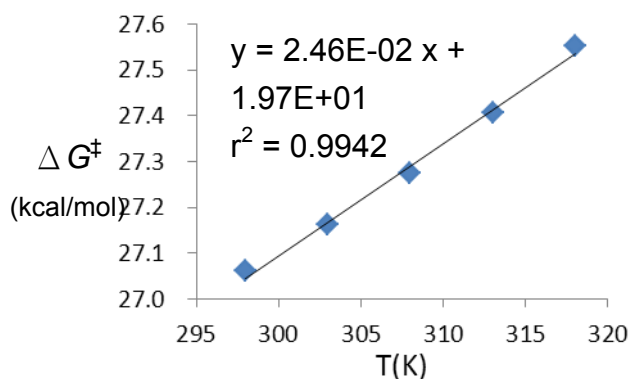
$k = (4.6 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.4 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



$k = (7.5 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.6 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



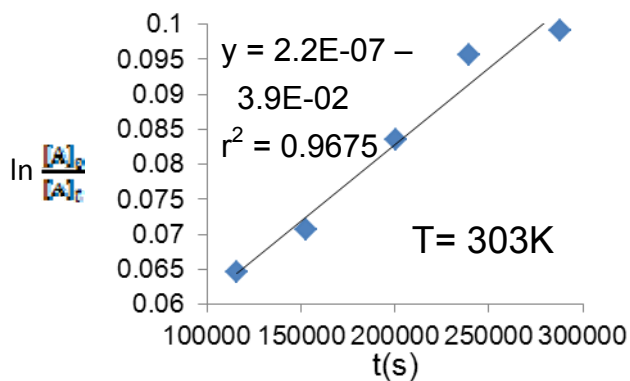
$k = (8.6 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-8} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.1 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



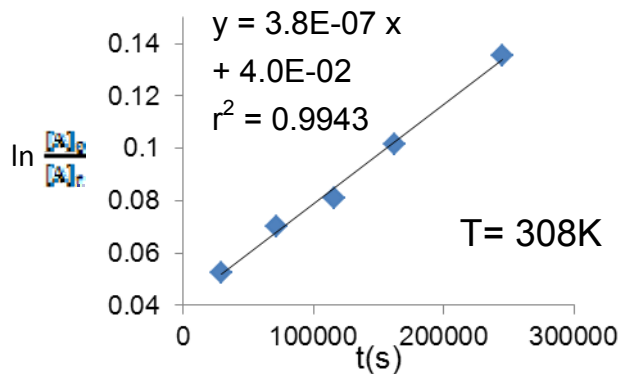
$\Delta H^\ddagger = \text{intercept} = 19.7 \pm 0.8 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)},$
 $\Delta S^\ddagger = -\text{slope} = -24.6 \pm 2.6 \text{ (cal mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}\text{)}$

X = OCH₃ and [1 \Rightarrow 4-H₂][2PF₆] was the product formed.

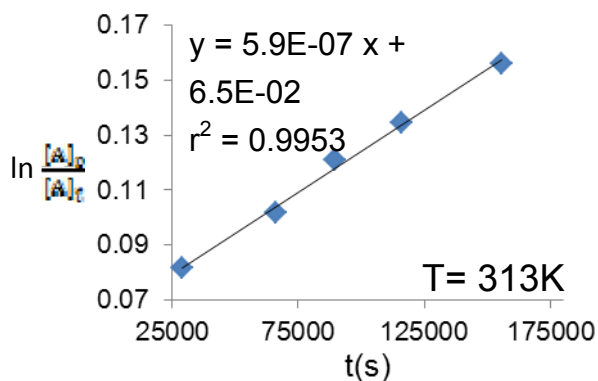
In these experiments, [A_t] and [P_t] were determined by integration of the signals at δ 7.70 (d, J = 9 Hz, 2H) and δ 7.86 (d, J = 9 Hz, 4H), respectively.



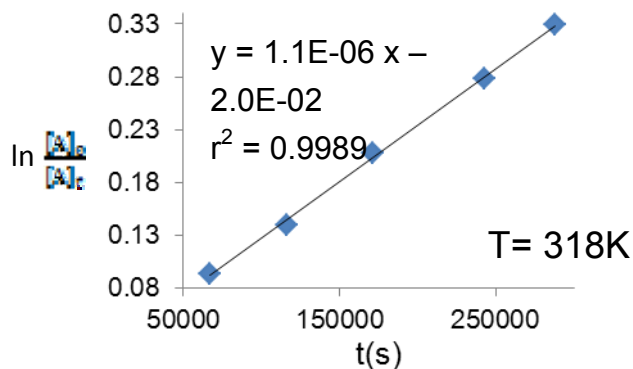
$k = (2.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



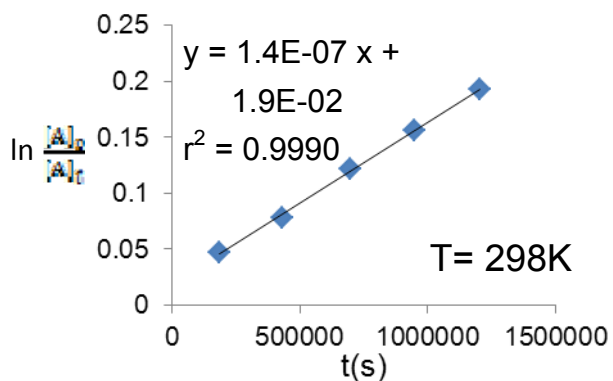
$k = (3.8 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.1 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



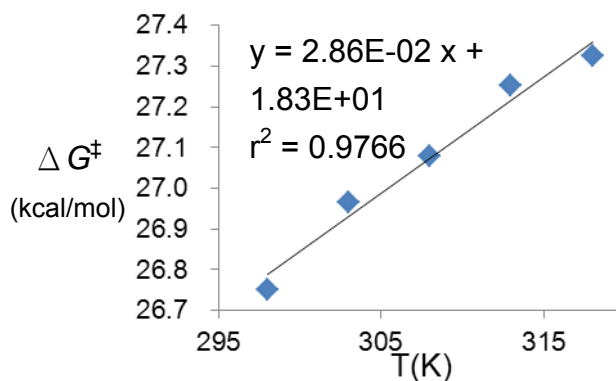
$k = (5.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



$k = (1.1 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-6} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 27.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



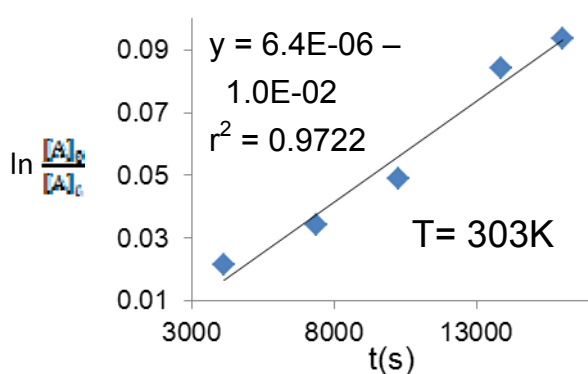
$k = (1.4 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-7} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 26.8 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



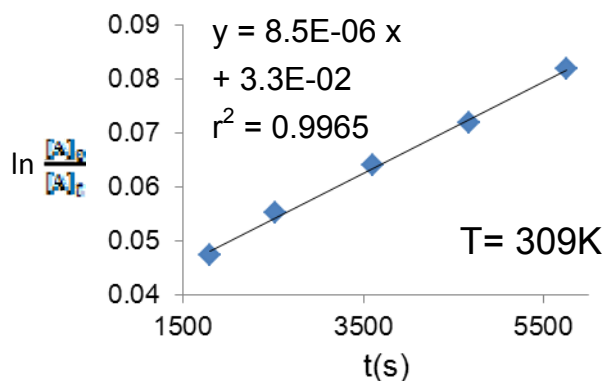
$\Delta H^\ddagger = \text{intercept} = 18.3 \pm 1.9 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)},$
 $\Delta S^\ddagger = - \text{slope} = - 28.6 \pm 6.1 \text{ (cal mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}\text{)}$

X = F and [1,5-H₂][2PF₆] was the product formed.

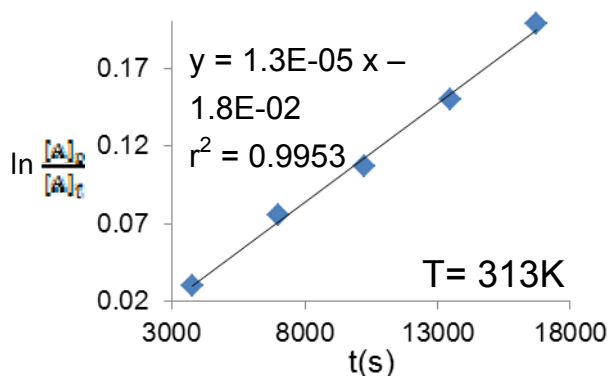
In these experiments, [A_t] and [P_t] were determined by integration of the signals at δ 7.82 (dd, J = 6, 8 Hz, 2H) and δ 7.96 (dd, J = 6, 8 Hz, 4H), respectively.



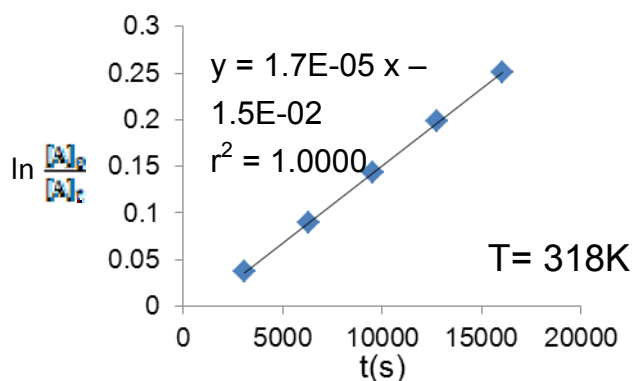
$k = (6.4 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-6} (s^{-1}), \Delta G^\ddagger = 24.9 \pm 0.1 (kcal mol^{-1})$



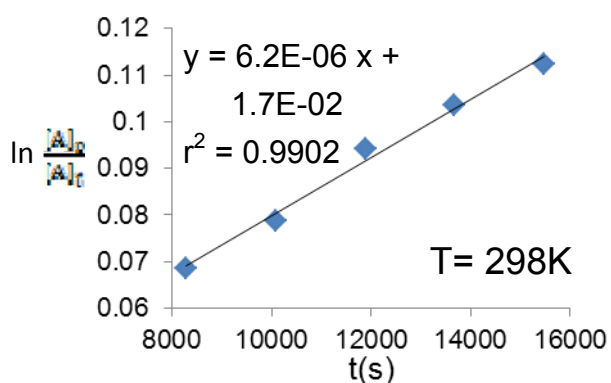
$k = (8.5 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-6} (s^{-1}), \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.3 \pm 0.1 (kcal mol^{-1})$



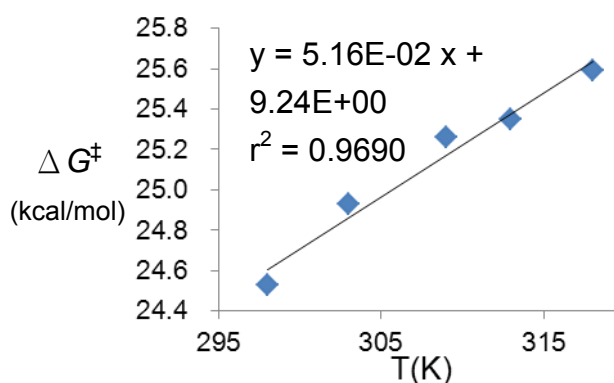
$k = (1.3 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-5} (s^{-1}), \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.3 \pm 0.1 (kcal mol^{-1})$



$k = (1.7 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-5} (s^{-1}), \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.6 \pm 0.1 (kcal mol^{-1})$



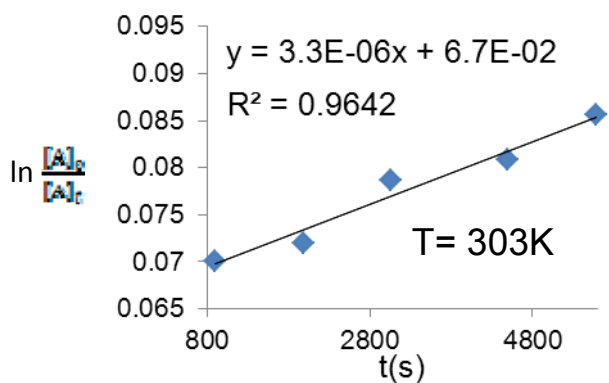
$k = (6.2 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-6} (s^{-1}), \Delta G^\ddagger = 24.5 \pm 0.1 (kcal mol^{-1})$



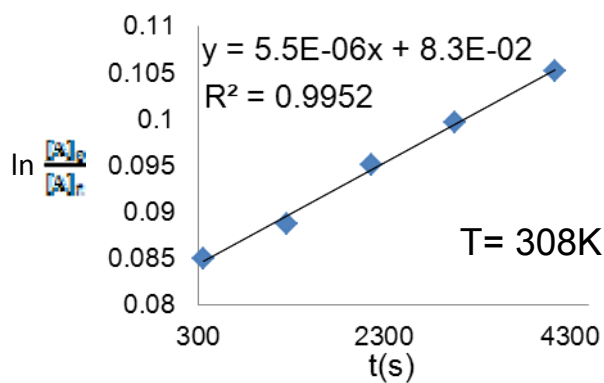
$\Delta H^\ddagger = \text{intercept} = 9.2 \pm 3.9 (kcal mol^{-1}),$
 $\Delta S^\ddagger = -\text{slope} = -51.6 \pm 12.6 (cal mol^{-1} K^{-1})$

X = H and [1 \rightarrow 6-H₂][2PF₆] was the product formed.

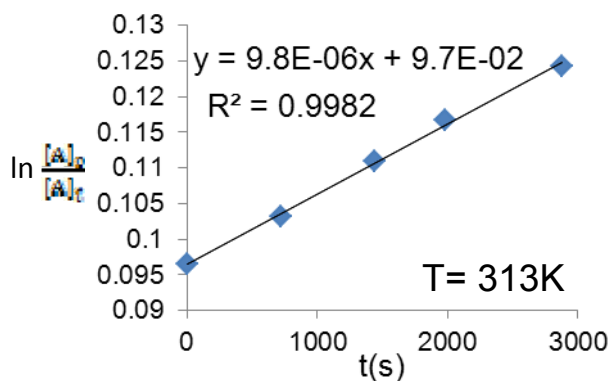
In these experiments, [A_t] and [P_t] were determined by integration of the signals at δ 7.79 (d, J = 7 Hz, 2H) and δ 7.96 (d, J = 7 Hz, 4H), respectively.



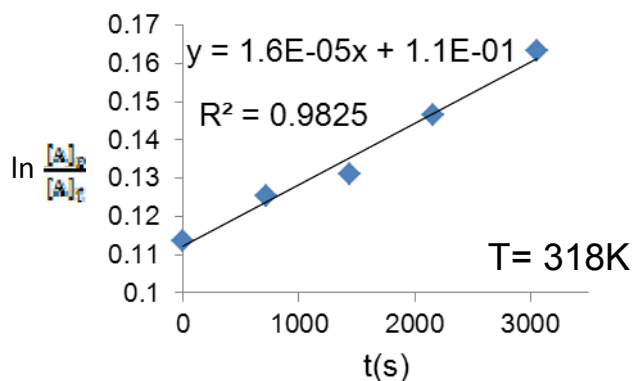
$k = (3.3 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-6} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



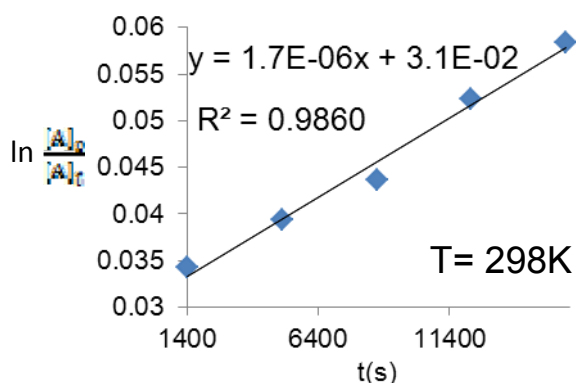
$k = (5.5 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.4 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



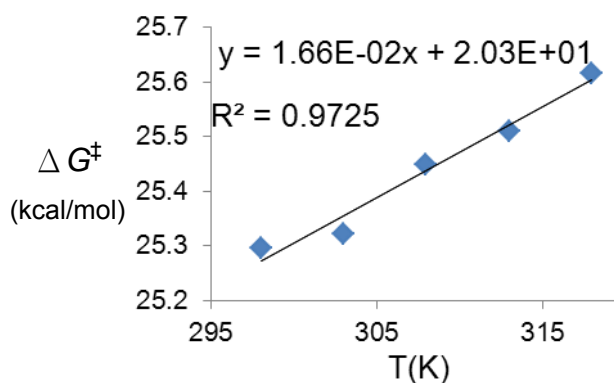
$k = (9.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



$k = (1.6 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-5} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.6 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



$k = (1.7 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-6} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}, \Delta G^\ddagger = 25.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)}$



$\Delta H^\ddagger = \text{intercept} = 20.3 \pm 1.2 \text{ (kcal mol}^{-1}\text{)},$
 $\Delta S^\ddagger = - \text{slope} = - 16.6 \pm 3.8 \text{ (cal mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1}\text{)}$