Point-to-Helical Chirality Transfer for a Scalable and Resolution-Free Synthesis of a Helicenoidal DMAP Organocatalyst

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I GENERAL INFORMATION

All reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers: Acros Organics, Alfa Aesar or Sigma Aldrich and used without further purification. Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using pre-coated MN Alugram Sil G/UV254 silica gel 60 aluminium backed plates. Plates were developed using standard techniques, UV light followed by a chemical dip, KMnO₄ or bromocresol green. Flash chromatography was performed on chromatography grade, silica, 60 Å particle size 35-70 micron from Fisher Scientific using the solvent system as stated. ¹H and ¹³C NMR was performed Brüker Avance 400 (¹H 400 MHz and ¹³C 100 MHz) and Brüker Avance 500 (¹H 500 MHz and ¹³C 125 MHz) as stated. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS) ($\delta = 0.00$). Coupling constants are reported in Hertz (Hz) and signal multiplicity is denoted as singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), quartet (q), quintet (quin.), sextet (sex.), septet (sept.), multiplet (m), and broad (br).

II EXPERIMENTAL DATA

The scheme presented in the manuscript for the synthesis of **5**, has been expanded in the scheme below in this supplementary data file to allow explicit numbering of intermediates which were not numbered in the manuscript but presented as multi-step transformation, i.e. **6**, *S*-**9a**, *S*-**11a** and *S*-**11b**.



6-Bromo-1-iodonaphthalen-2-ol (6)



To a solution of sulphuric acid (1.80 mL, 33.6 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in methanol (112 mL) was added 6bromonaphthalen-2-ol (5.00 g, 22.4 mmol, 1.0 eq.). To this was added potassium iodide (4.10 g, 24.6 mmol, 1.1 eq.) followed by hydrogen peroxide (35 wt. %) (1.37 mL, 89.6 mmol, 4.0 eq.) and the reaction left to stir for 4 h. On completion of the reaction the organics were extracted with DCM (2 × 30 mL), combined and washed with Na₂SO₃ (sat.) (50 mL), water (50 mL), and brine (50 mL) and dried over MgSO₄. The solvents were removed *in vacuo* and the crude mixture isolated as an off-white solid and used for the next step without further purification (7.43 g, 95%). v_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 3439, 3228, 2923, 1589; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 7.86 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 7.75 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 7.59 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.56 (dd, 1H, *J* = 9.1, 2.2 Hz), 7.23 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 5.80 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 154.3, 133.7, 132.4, 131.6, 130.7, 130.3, 129.9, 118.3, 117.7, 86.2; (ESI HRMS) *m*/*z* calcd. for C₁₀H₅BrIO 346.8569 (M-H)⁻, found 346.8582.

6-Bromo-1-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)naphthalen-2-ol (7)



To a solution of naphthol **6** (3.00 g, 8.60 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in diisopropylamine (50 mL) at rt was added bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride (302 mg, 0.430 mmol, 5 mol %), copper(I) iodide (164 mg, 0.860 mmol, 10 mol %) and trimethylsilylacetylene (3.60 mL, 25.8 mmol, 3.0 eq.) dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 48 h. The solvent was then evaporated to yield the crude product which was purified by flash chromatography (19:1 Pet/EtOAc). The desired product was isolated as a brown oil (2.22 g, 81%); v_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 3487, 2981, 2927, 2232, 1569; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 7.93 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.90 (d, 1H, J = 1.9 Hz), 7.64 (d, 1H, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.59 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 1.9 Hz), 7.20 (d, 1H, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.20 (s, 1H), 0.36

(s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 157.2, 132.4, 131.0, 130.5, 130.1, 129.8, 127.0, 118.1, 117.7, 108.3, 103.5, 97.1, 0.44; (ESI HRMS) *m/z* calcd. for C₁₅H₁₄BrOSi 316.9997 (M-H)⁻, found 317.0006.

(R)-4-Phenylbut-3-yn-2-ol $(R-8)^1$



To a solution of iodobenzene (5.27 mL, 47.1 mmol, 1.1 eq.) in diisopropylamine (57 mL) was added bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride (210 mg, 0.30 mmol, 0.7 mol %) and copper(I) iodide (195 mg, 1.03 mmol, 1.4 mol %). To the resultant mixture was added (*R*)-but-3-yn-2-ol (3.37 mL, 42.8 mmol, 1.0 eq.) dropwise at 0 °C. The mixture was allowed to warm to rt and the reaction stirred for 2 h. Upon completion of the reaction, solvents were removed *in vacuo* prior to purification by flash chromatography (100% DCM), yielding the desired product as an orange oil (6.26 g, 100%). [α]_D²⁵ = +35 (*c* 1.0, DCM, *ee* = 98%); lit.¹ [α]_D²⁵ = +37 (*c* 0.8, CHCl₃, *ee* = 98%). Chiral HPLC analysis performed using CHIRALCEL OB, 19:1 Hex/IPA, 254 nm, 1.0 mL/min, *t*_R = 17.3 (major), *t*_R = 19.6 (minor). All other data as previously stated.

(S)-((6-Bromo-2-((4-phenylbut-3-yn-2-yl)oxy)naphthalen-1-yl)ethynyl)trimethylsilane (S-9a)



To a solution of **7** (1.05 g, 3.29 mmol, 1.1 eq.) in THF (9 mL) was added triphenylphosphine (0.940 g, 3.59 mol, 1.2 eq.) followed by (*R*)-4-phenylbut-3-yn-2-ol *R*-**8** (3.71 mL, 2.99 mmol, 1.0 eq.). The resulting mixture was cooled to 0 °C and then diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (638 μ L, 3.29 mmol, 1.1 eq.) was added dropwise. The reaction was warmed to rt and left to stir under argon for 12 h. Removal of the solvent *in vacuo* followed by purification by flash chromatography (19:1 Pet /THF) gave the desired product as an orange oil (100 mg, 63%). [α]_D²⁵ = -11 (*c* 0.8,

¹ A. Kawachi, H. Maeda, H.Nakamura, N. Doi, and K. Tamao J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2001, 123, 3143.

DCM, ee = 98%). Chiral HPLC analysis performed using CHIRALPAK AD, 99:1 Hex/IPA, 254 nm, 0.25 mL/min, $t_{\rm R} = 21.67$ (minor), $t_{\rm R} = 23.12$ (major); All other data as previously stated.

(S)-6-Bromo-1-ethynyl-2-((4-phenylbut-3-yn-2-yl)oxy)naphthalene (S-9)



To a solution of *S*-**9a** (220 mg, 0.490 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in MeOH (15 mL) was added potassium carbonate (170 mg, 1.23 mmol, 2.5 eq.) and the reaction left to stir at rt for 1 h. Following completion of the reaction the mixture was filtered and the solvent removed *in vacuo*. The crude mixture was taken up in EtOAc (15 mL), washed with water (10 mL), brine (10 mL) and then dried over MgSO₄. Following filtration, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give the crude product which was purified by flash chromatography (19:1 Pet/THF) to give the desired product as an off white amorphous solid (183 mg, 99%). [α]_D²⁵ = -15 (*c*, 1.0, DCM); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 3293, 2231, 2163; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{H} 8.14 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.91 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.9 Hz), 7.70 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 7.57 (dd, 1H, *J* = 8.8, 1.9 Hz), 7.49 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 7.37–7.32 (m, 2H), 7.28–7.22 (m, 3H), 5.27 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 3.70 (s, 1H), 1.83 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{C} 158.8, 133.6, 132.0, 130.9, 130.4, 130.3, 129.4, 128.9, 128.6, 127.6, 122.6, 118.8, 118.2, 108.1, 88.3, 87.5, 86.8, 67.1, 30.7, 22.8; (ESI HRMS) *m/z* calcd. for C₂₂H₁₅BrONa 397.0204 (M+Na)⁺, found 397.0214.

(S)-*tert*-Butyl (3-((6-bromo-2-((4-phenylbut-3-yn-2-yl)oxy)naphthalen-1-yl)ethynyl)pyridin-4-yl)carbamate (S-11)



To a solution of carbamate **10** (0.680 g, 2.11 mmol, 1.1 eq.) in diisopropylamine (12 mL) was added tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (111 mg, 96.0 µmol, 5 mol %) and copper(I)

iodide (37.0 mg, 0.190 mmol, 10 mol %). The mixture was degassed by passing nitrogen through the solution and stirred for 15 min at rt. To this was added a degassed solution of *S*-**9** (0.720 g, 1.92 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in PhMe (29 mL) *via* syringe pump over a period of 30 min. The resultant mixture was left to stir at rt for 24 h. Evaporation of the solvents and subsequent purification of the residue by flash chromatography (4:1 Pet/EtOAc) afforded the title product as a yellow oil (1.08 g, 99%). $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +171$ (*c* 0.8, DCM); v_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 3380, 2983, 2220, 1736; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 8.78 (br s, 1H), 8.49 (br s, 1H), 8.22 (br s, 1H), 8.09 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.91 (d, 1H, *J* = 1.6 Hz), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 7.60 (dd, 1H, *J* = 8.8, 1.6 Hz), 7.57 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 7.43–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.27 (m, 3H), 5.30 (q, 1H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 1.92 (d, 3H, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 1.58 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 157.8, 152.4, 152.0, 150.1, 146.0, 132.4, 1318, 131.0, 130.3, 130.0, 129.8, 129.0, 128.5, 127.0, 122.2, 118.7, 116.7, 111.5, 107.3, 93.4, 91.3, 87.9, 87.1, 82.4, 77.6, 66.6, 28.5, 22.8; (ESI HRMS) *m/z* calcd. for C₃₂H₂₈BrN₂O₃ 567.1283 (M+H)⁺, 567.1278.

(S)-*tert*-Butyl (3-((6-bromo-2-((4-phenylbut-3-yn-2-yl)oxy)naphthalen-1-yl)ethynyl)pyridin-4-yl)(pent-2-yn-1-yl)carbamate (S-11a)



To a solution of carbamate *S*-**11** (1.14 g, 2.01 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in DMF (20 mL) was added sodium hydride (241 mg, 10.0 mmol, 5.0 eq.) and 1-bromo-2-pentyne (512 µl, 5.02 mmol, 2.5 eq.) dropwise. The resultant mixture was left to stir for 1 h at rt. The reaction was quenched *via* the addition of water (10 mL) and the organics extracted with EtOAc (4 × 5 mL). The organics were combined, washed with LiCl (sat.) (4 × 5 mL), brine (20 mL) and dried over MgSO₄ before being filtered and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude mixture was purified by flash chromatography (4:1 Pet/EtOAc) to afford the desired product as an orange oil (0.950 g, 75%). $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +158$ (*c* 0.6, DCM); υ_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 2979, 2183, 2002, 1708; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_H 8.96$ (s, 1H), 8.61 (d, 1H, J = 5.0 Hz), 8.21 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.94 (d, 1H, J = 1.6 Hz), 7.73 (d, 1H, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.67 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.55 (d, 1H, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.42–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.32–7.22 (m, 3H); 5.35 (q, 1H, J = 6.4 Hz), 4.67 (s, 2H), 2.09 (q, 2H, J = 7.4 Hz), 1.92 (d,

3H, J = 6.4 Hz), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.01 (t, 3H, J = 7.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 157.8, 154.0, 153.2, 149.9, 149.3, 132.9, 131.9, 130.9, 130.2, 130.1, 129.6, 128.8, 128.4, 127.4, 123.5, 122.3, 120.1, 118.7, 117.3, 107.9, 93.5, 91.4, 88.0, 86.7, 81.8, 77.6, 74.6, 66.5, 39.0, 28.3, 22.6, 13.9, 12.5; (ESI HRMS) *m*/*z* calcd. for C₃₇H₃₄BrN₂O₃ 633.1753 (M+H)⁺, found 633.1747.

(S)-3-((6-Bromo-2-((4-phenylbut-3-yn-2-yl)oxy)naphthalen-1-yl)ethynyl)-N-methyl-N-(pent-2-yn-1-yl)pyridin-4-amine (S-12)



To a solution of carbamate S-11a (1.00 g, 1.58 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in DCM (15 mL) was added triethylamine (550 µL, 3.95 mmol, 2.5 eq.) followed by trimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (714 µL, 3.95 mmol, 2.5 eq.) dropwise. The reaction was left to stir at rt for 1 h. The reaction was quenched via addition of NH₄Cl (sat.) (10 mL) and the organics extracted with DCM (3×10 mL). The organics were combined, washed with brine (15 mL) and dried over MgSO₄ before being concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was re-dissolved in DMF (25 mL) before sodium hydride (241 mg, 10.02 mmol, 5.0 eq.) and iodomethane (312 µl, 5.01 mmol, 2.5 eq.) were subsequently added. The reaction was left to stir at rt for 1 h. The reaction was quenched by addition of water (10 mL) and the organics extracted with EtOAc (4×5 mL). The organics were combined, washed with LiCl (sat.) $(4 \times 5 \text{ mL})$, brine (15 mL) and dried over MgSO₄ before being filtered and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resultant residue was purified via flash chromatography (1:1 Pet/EtOAc) to give the title product as an orange oil (516 mg, 60%). $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{25} =$ +163 (c 0.4, DCM); v_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 2977, 2937, 2232, ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm H}$ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.29(d, 1H, J = 6.0 Hz), 8.21 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.61(dd, 1H, J = 9.1, 1.7 Hz), 7.54 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.40–7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.24 (m, 3H), 6.80 (d, 1H, J = 6.0 Hz), 5.33 (d, 1H, J = 6.5 Hz), 4.45 (s, 2H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 2.15 (q, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 1.86 (d, 3H, J = 6.5 Hz), 1.07 (t, 3H, J = 7.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta_{\rm C}$ 157.6, 156.4, 155.5, 149.3, 133.0, 132.0, 130.8, 130.4, 130.3, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 127.6, 122.4, 118.7, 117.3, 111.2, 109.2, 108.9, 96.6, 91.3, 88.2, 87.4, 86.8, 74.2, 66.5, 43.9, 39.5, 22.8, 14.2, 12.7; (ESI HRMS) m/z calcd. for C₃₃H₂₈BrN₂O 547.1385 (M+H)⁺, found 547.1380.

(*P*,*S*)-13-Bromo-4-ethyl-2,6-dimethyl-3-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-2*H*naphtho[2',1':3,4]isochromeno[6,5-c][1,6]naphthyridine (5)



To a solution of triyne *S*-**12** (123 mg, 0.220 mmol, 1.0 eq.) in PhMe (6 mL) at rt was added a solution of tris(triphenylphosphine)rhodium(I) chloride (12.0 mg, 10 µmol, 5 mol %) in PhMe (1 mL) dropwise. The solution was heated to 110 °C and left to stir for 12 h. Following completion of the reaction, all solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The resultant crude mixture was analysed by ¹H NMR to demonstrate a 95:5 *dr* of the desired product. The crude was subjected to flash chromatography (3:2 Pet/EtOAc + 1% NEt₃) to yield the major (*P*, *S*) diastereomer as a yellow amorphous solid (108 mg, 88%). $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +527$ (*c* 0.8, DCM); υ_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹: 2968, 2148, 2025; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 7.94 (d, 1H, *J* = 5.7 Hz), 7.82 (d, 1H, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 7.61 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 7.54–7.42 (m, 3H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.32–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.25 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 7.01 (dd, 1H, *J* = 14.1 Hz), 3.05 (s, 3H), 2.41 (q, 2H, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 1.05–1.00 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 153.6, 153.1, 148.7, 148.4, 140.1, 138.7, 137.5, 137.2, 136.2, 131.8, 130.6, 129.5, 129.3, 129.0, 128.7, 128.6, 127.9, 127.7, 127.3, 122.4, 121.2, 120.4, 118.8, 117.5, 107.4, 73.8, 52.8, 38.4, 23.2, 18.4, 14.9; (ESI HRMS) *m*/z calcd. for C₃₃H₂₈BrN₂O 547.1385 (M+H)⁺, found 547.1368.

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Temperature (degree C) 25.000										



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Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30
Receiver Gain	45.20	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d	l	
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	12610.9902	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C) 25.000
iodo bromo naphthol carbos $ \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \downarrow \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	n.esp H				00 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
192 104 1	100 100 100	132 144 136	128 120	Chemical Shift (ppn	00 0U n)	12 04 06	40 40 32 24 10 8 0

Acquisition Time (sec)	3.1719	Comment	initial Sonogashira	 bromo acetylene 		Date	20 Dec 2010 09:08:16
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6BrTMS naphthol.esp





Acquisition Time (sec)	1.1010	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB/1	9F-1H/D Z-GRD Z800701/	0088	Date	20 Dec 2010 09:36:00	
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Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C) 25.000			

6BrTMS naphthol carbon.esp



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Date Stamp	13 Jun 2011 13:09:36			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc698\1\PDATA\1\1r		
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mrc phenyl subsituted TMS Mitsonobu.esp





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mrc phenyl subsituted TMS Mitsonobu carbon.esp





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Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zg30	Receiver Gain	36.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	10330.58
Solvent CHLOROFORM-d				Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3085.6516	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	10330.26
Temperature (degree C) 25.000									

mrc 711 chiral prydine diyne .esp



Acquisition Time (sec)	1.1010	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB/	5 mm PABBO BB/19F-1H/D Z-GRD Z800701/0088			29 Jun 2011 12:29:04	
Date Stamp	29 Jun 2011 12:29	:04		File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc711\2\PDATA\1\1r			
Frequency (MHz)	125.76	Nucleus	13C	Number of Transients	256	Origin	spect	
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30	
Receiver Gain	1150.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d			
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	12599.1826	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C	25.000	



Acquisition Time (sec)	3.1719	Comment	chiral Boc triyne	columned		Date 01 Jul 2011 12:12:00		
Date Stamp	01 Jul 2011 12:12:00			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc712\1\PDATA\1\1r			
Frequency (MHz)	500.13	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	16	Origin spect		
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence zg30		
Receiver Gain	25.40	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	10330.58	Solvent	CHLOROFORM	Л-d		
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3097.9468	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	10330.26	Temperature (degree C) 25.000		

mrc712 chiral Boc triyne .esp



Acquisition Time (sec) 1.1010	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB	/19F-1H/D Z-GRD Z80070 [.]	1/0088	Date 01 Jul 2011 12:37:36	
Date Stamp	01 Jul 2011 12:37:36			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc712\2\PDATA\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	125.76	Nucleus	13C	Number of Transients	300	Origin spect	
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence zgpg30	
Receiver Gain	812.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d	1	
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	12595.5488	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C) 25.000	



Acquisition Time (sec)	3.1719	Comment	chiral methyl bro	mo triyne		Date 03 Jul 2011 15:02:40	
Date Stamp	03 Jul 2011 15:02:40			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc714\1\PDATA\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	500.13	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	16	Origin spect	
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence zg30	
Receiver Gain	64.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	10330.58	Solvent	CHLOROFORM	I-d	
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3085.6516	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	10330.26	Temperature (degree C) 25.000	



Acquisition Time (sec)	1.1010	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB/	19F-1H/D Z-GRD Z800701	/0088	Date	03 Jul 2011 15:26:08	
Date Stamp	03 Jul 2011 15:26:08			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc714\2\PDATA\1\1r			
Frequency (MHz)	125.76	Nucleus	13C	Number of Transients	300	Origin	spect	
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30	
Receiver Gain	575.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d			
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	12611.8984	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C)	25.000	



Acquisition Time (sec)	3.1719	Comment	Helical DMAP	Date	18 Jul 2011 09:0	06:24			
Date Stamp 18 Jul 2011 09:06:24			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.c	campus.bath.ac.uk\data\m	DATA\1\1r			
Frequency (MHz)	500.13	Nucleus	1H	Number of Transients	16	Origin	spect	Original Points Count	32768
Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zg30	Receiver Gain	181.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	10330.58
Solvent	CHLOROFORM	1-d		Spectrum Offset (Hz)	3085.3362	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	10330.26
Temperature (degree C) 25.000								

mrc721 HeAP chiral dr reaction.esp



Acquisition Time (sec)	1.1010	Comment	5 mm PABBO BB/19F-1H/D Z-GRD Z800701/0088			Date	18 Jul 2011 09:32:00
Date Stamp	18 Jul 2011 09:32:00			File Name	\\chpc-nmr500.campus.bath.ac.uk\data\mrc\nmr\mrc721\6\PDATA\1\1r		
Frequency (MHz)	125.76	Nucleus	13C	Number of Transients	300	Origin	spect
Original Points Count	32768	Owner	chemist	Points Count	32768	Pulse Sequence	zgpg30
Receiver Gain	575.00	SW(cyclical) (Hz)	29761.90	Solvent	CHLOROFORM-d		
Spectrum Offset (Hz)	12616.4395	Spectrum Type	STANDARD	Sweep Width (Hz)	29761.00	Temperature (degree C) 24.900

mrc721 HeAP chiral dr reaction carbon.esp

