An efficient synthesis of optically active trifluoromethyl aldimines via asymmetric biomimetic transamination

Mao Liu,^a Jing Li,^a Xiao Xiao,^a Ying Xie^a and Yian Shi*^{a,b}

^a Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, CAS Key Laboratory of Molecular Recognition and Function, Institute of Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, China.

^b Department of Chemistry, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colorado 80523, USA

Supporting Information

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General Methods. All commercially available reagents were used without further purification. All dry solvents were freshly distilled under nitrogen from appropriate drying agents before use. Benzene, tetrahydrofuran, and ethyl ether were distilled from sodium-benzophenone. Dichloromethane was distilled from CaH₂. Chloroform was distilled from P_2O_5 . N,N-Dimethylformamide was dried over 4 Å molecular sieves (activated at 180 °C over 8 h in vacuum). Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh). ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a 400 MHz NMR spectrometer, ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded on a 376 MHz NMR spectrometer, and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a 100 MHz NMR IR spectra were recorded on a FT-IR spectrometer. Melting points were spectrometer. uncorrected. α -Trifluoromethyl ketones were prepared according to the reported procedures.¹⁻⁴ (2-Chloro-4-cyano)benzylamine was prepared from 3-chloro-4-methylbenzonitrile by benzylic NBS⁵ and subsequent amination with hexamethylenetetramine.⁶ with bromination α-Trifluoromethyl imines were prepared according to the reported procedure with slight modification⁷ and purified by flash chromatography or recrystallization.

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Preparation of catalyst C10



To a solution of quinine (10.18 g, 31.4 mmol) in dry DMF (80 mL) was added NaH (70% suspension in mineral oil) (3.23 g, 94.2 mmol) portionwise at rt under N_2 .^{1,2} After the reaction mixture stirred rt for 1 h, solution of was at а 2-(3-bromopropyl)-1,3,5-triisopropylbenzene³ (19.90 g, 61.3 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) was added. Upon stirring at 40 °C overnight, the reaction mixture was quenched with brine (100 mL), extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL), washed with brine (5 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting crude product was subjected to the next step without further purification.

To a suspension of NaH (70% in mineral oil) (5.38 g, 157.0 mmol) (washed with hexane, dried under vacuum) in dry DMF (122 mL) was added EtSH (19.82 g, 314.0 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C under N₂ over 20 min. After the reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 20 min, a solution of the above crude product in dry DMF (60 mL) was added dropwise at rt over 10 min. Upon stirring at 110 °C overnight, the reaction mixture was acidified with 4N HCl to pH 3, diluted with brine (100 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL). The organic phase was brought to pH 10 with NH₄OH, washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, concentrated, and purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, EtOAc/MeOH = 20/1-5/1) to give compound **12** as a light yellow solid (14.97 g, 86% overall yield). mp. 95-97 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -27.4$ (*c* 1.02, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3414, 1618, 772 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.25 (br s, 1H), 8.74 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, *J* = 9.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (s, 2H), 5.75-5.59 (m, 1H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.61-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.36-3.18 (m, 3H), 3.14-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.00-2.74 (m, 4H), 2.73-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.48-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.25-2.10 (m, 1H), 2.08-1.75 (m, 4H), 1.75-1.61

(m, 1H), 1.60-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.18 (m, 18H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.1, 146.8, 146.59, 146.55, 144.7, 143.9, 141.0, 133.1, 131.4, 128.3, 123.4, 121.2, 118.0, 115.2, 107.4, 79.0, 69.7, 59.8, 56.6, 43.5, 39.7, 34.3, 32.7, 29.4, 28.1, 27.2, 25.1, 24.8, 24.7, 24.3, 20.1; HRMS Calcd for C₃₇H₅₁N₂O₂ (M+H): 555.3945; Found: 555.3943.

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To a solution of compound **12** (14.97 g, 27.0 mmol) and PhNTf₂ (11.56 g, 32.4 mmol) in CHCl₃ (200 mL) was added Et₃N (6.28 g, 62.1 mmol) at rt.¹ Upon stirring at rt overnight, the reaction mixture was washed with 2N HCl (2 x 40 mL), saturated Na₂CO₃ aqueous (2 x 40 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, concentrated, and purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, packed with EtOAc containing 2% Et₃N) (eluted with EtOAc/MeOH/Et₃N = 200/5/2) to give compound **13** as an orange oil (18.19 g, 98% yield). $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = -14.1 (*c* 1.29, CHCl₃); IR (film) 1508, 1425, 1142 cm⁻¹; ⁻¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.97 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.35-8.20 (m, 2H), 7.66-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.01 (s, 2H), 5.87-5.74 (m, 1H), 5.10-4.91 (m, 3H), 3.55-3.45 (m, 2H), 3.44-3.28 (m, 1H), 3.28-3.12 (m, 3H), 3.09-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.93-2.56 (m, 5H), 2.33-2.23 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.70 (m, 6H), 1.63-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.37-1.13 (m, 18H); ⁻¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.5, 147.82, 147.75, 147.3, 146.61, 146.57, 142.1, 133.4, 133.1, 126.9, 123.9, 122.9, 121.2, 120.8, 120.7, 117.5, 116.3, 114.5, 114.3, 83.0, 70.3, 61.2, 57.0, 43.0, 40.1, 34.3, 32.5, 29.4, 28.2, 28.1, 24.9, 24.7, 24.3, 24.0; HRMS Calcd for C₃₈H₅₀F₃N₂O₄S(M+H): 687.3438; Found: 687.3439.

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To a flask charged with 2,6-diisopropyl-4-nitroaniline¹ (5.728 g, 25.77 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (0.241 g, 1.07 mmol), BINAP (1.070 g, 1.72 mmol), and Cs₂CO₃ (9.798 g, 30.07 mmol) was added a solution of compound 13 (14.755 g, 21.48 mmol) in toluene (210 mL) under $N_{2.}^{2}$ Upon stirring at reflux for 15 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite pad, washed with EtOAc, concentrated, and purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH = 55/1$) to give a residue, which was purified again by flash chromatography (silica gel, packed with CH_2Cl_2 containing 2% Et_3N) (eluted with $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH = 80/1$) to give compound C10 as a yellow solid (11.724 g, 72% yield). mp. 154-156 °C; $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20}$ = -44.5 (c 1.04, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3387, 1624, 1328 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (s, 2H), 7.98 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.06-6.96 (m, 4H), 5.77-5.65 (m, 2H), 5.06-4.87 (m, 3H), 3.51-3.12 (m, 7H), 3.08-2.70 (m, 5H), 2.70-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.46 (m, 1H), 2.30-2.20 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.68 (m, 5H), 1.58-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.15 (m, 30H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.9, 147.1, 147.0, 146.5, 146.4, 145.1 144.7, 144.0, 142.0, 141.6, 133.1, 132.0, 128.1, 121.1, 119.9, 119.4, 118.6, 114.3, 102.8, 80.9, 69.7, 60.3, 57.2, 43.3, 40.2, 34.2, 32.6, 29.3, 29.0, 28.1, 27.9, 24.9, 24.7, 24.6, 24.2, 23.8, 23.4, 21.7; HRMS Calcd for C₄₉H₆₇N₄O₃ (M+H): 759.5208; Found: 759.5190.

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Prepared in a manner similar to **C10**. Brown solid (67% yield from the corresponding triflate); mp. 65-67 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = -136.9$ (*c* 1.02, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3282, 1597, 771 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.69 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 5.80-5.67 (m, 1H), 5.10 (br s, 1H), 5.02-4.88 (m, 2H), 3.55-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.41-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.23-3.05 (m, 2H), 2.82-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.38-2.26 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.67-1.47 (m, 4H), 1.46-1.34 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.4, 144.7, 144.6, 142.5, 142.0, 141.8, 131.6, 129.7, 127.9, 122.2, 122.1, 118.8, 118.5, 114.7, 106.8, 80.9, 69.5, 60.5, 57.2, 43.4, 40.1, 32.3, 28.1, 27.7, 21.8, 19.7, 14.1; HRMS Calcd for C₂₉H₃₆N₃O (M+H): 442.2853; Found: 442.2855.



Prepared in a manner similar to C10. Yellow solid (48% yield from the corresponding triflate); mp. 204-206 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = -130.7 (c \ 1.14, CHCl_3)$; IR (film) 3333, 1621, 732 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.59 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (br s, 1H), 5.76-5.63 (m, 1H), 5.32 (br s, 1H), 5.10-4.97 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.58 (m, 1H), 3.50-3.38 (m, 2H), 3.37-3.18 (m, 4H), 3.03-2.85 (m, 2H), 2.56-2.45 (m, 1H), 2.10-1.89 (m, 3H), 1.79-1.67 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.51 (m, 3H), 1.49-1.36 (m, 2H), 1.51 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 12H), 0.94 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.2, 147.2, 145.9, 143.4, 142.9, 140.9, 134.9, 131.6, 128.2, 128.0, 124.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 115.2, 101.4, 79.6, 69.5, 60.1, 56.6, 43.4, 39.5, 32.3, 28.6, 28.0, 27.0, 24.2, 24.0, 21.2, 118.9, 118.4, 20.5, 20.5, 20.5, 20.5,

19.7, 14.1; HRMS Calcd for C₃₅H₄₈N₃O (M+H): 526.3792; Found: 526.3788.



Prepared in a manner similar to **C10**. Yellow solid (70% yield from the corresponding triflate); mp. 234-235 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = -89.9 (*c* 0.95, CHCl₃) ; IR (film) 3383, 1623, 1328 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.65 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 2H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.08-6.97 (m, 2H), 5.77 (s, 1H), 5.74-5.63 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.78 (m, 3H), 3.35-3.17 (m, 5H), 3.04-2.95 (m, 1H), 2.95-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.63-2.51 (m, 1H), 2.51-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.17 (m, 1H), 1.78-1.61 (m, 3H), 1.60-1.32 (m, 6H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.8, 147.2, 147.1, 144.89, 144.86, 144.2, 142.2, 141.7, 132.0, 128.2, 119.9, 119.3, 119.1, 114.3, 103.3, 81.5, 69.5, 60.4, 57.3, 43.2, 40.3, 32.3, 29.0, 28.1, 27.9, 23.8, 23.5, 22.3, 19.7, 14.1; HRMS Calcd for C₃₅H₄₇N₄O₃ (M+H): 571.3643; Found: 571.3640.

Representative procedure for asymmetric [1,3]-proton shift of trifluoromethyl ketimine (Table 2, entry 1)

To a tube charged with imine **7a** (0.175 g, 0.50 mmol) and catalyst **C10** (0.038 g, 0.050 mmol) was added dry benzene (0.5 mL). Upon stirring at 20 °C for 72 h, the reaction mixture was purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, hexane/Et₂O = 15/1) to give product **8a** as a colorless oil (0.174 g, 99% yield). The sample was subjected to chiral HPLC (chiralpak AD-H column) to determine the enantiomeric excess.

Table 2, entry 1



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D}$ = +160.5 (*c* 1.10, CHCl₃) (94% ee); IR (film) 3028, 2233, 1641 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.13 (m, 2H), 3.81-3.70 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.47 (m, 1H), 2.36-2.19 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.1, 139.8, 136.1, 135.9, 133.2, 130.4, 129.4, 128.7, 128.4, 126.4, 125.1 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 279.0 Hz), 116.9, 115.9, 70.8 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 28.0 Hz), 31.1, 29.8; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₈H₁₅ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 351.0870; Found: 351.0872.

Table 2, entry 2



Yellow oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +119.7$ (*c* 1.26, CHCl₃) (94% ee); IR (film) 2233, 1642 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz 1H), 7.22-7.12 (m, 3H), 3.85-3.75 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.16 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 137.9, 136.4, 136.3, 134.2, 133.6, 130.7, 130.5, 130.0, 129.8, 128.2, 127.2, 125.1 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 279.0 Hz), 117.2, 116.2, 71.5, (q, *J*_{C-F} = 28.0 Hz), 29.4, 28.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₈H₁₄Cl₂F₃N₂ (M+H): 385.0481; Found: 385.0482.

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Table 2, entry 3



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +108.5 (c \ 1.11, CHCl_3) (94\% ee);$ IR (film) 2233, 1642 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.75 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz$, 1H), 7.71 (d, $J = 1.2 \ Hz$, 1H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 8.0, 0.8 \ Hz$, 1H), 7.51 (dd, $J = 8.0, 1.2 \ Hz$, 1H), 7.27-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.03 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.77 (m, 1H), 2.80-2.67 (m, 2H), 2.36-2.16 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 161.2, 139.6, 136.4, 136.2, 133.4, 133.2, 130.6, 130.4, 129.7, 128.3, 127.8, 125.1 (q, $J_{C-F} = 279.0 \ Hz$), 124.5, 117.1, 116.1, 71.4 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 31.9, 29.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -74.3 (d, $J = 7.5 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₈H₁₄BrClF₃N₂ (M+H): 428.9976; Found: 428.9980.

Table 2, entry 4



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +154.2 \ (c \ 1.05, \ CHCl_3) \ (94\% \ ee);$ IR (film) 2233, 1641 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.73 (d, $J = 1.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.62 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.11 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 2H$), 7.05 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 2H$), 3.79-3.69 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.53-2.42 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.30-2.15 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.1, 136.7, 136.3, 136.09, 136.07, 133.4, 130.6, 129.6, 129.5, 128.4, 125.2 (q, $J \ C-F = 279.0 \ Hz$), 117.1, 116.0, 71.0 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 30.8, 29.9, 21.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, $J = 7.5 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₉H₁₇ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 365.1027; Found: 365.1027.

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Table 2, entry 5



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +150.2 \ (c \ 1.07, \ CHCl_3) \ (93\% \ ee);$ IR (film) 2233, 1640 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.21 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.72 (d, $J = 1.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.25 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 2H$), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 2H$), 3.79-3.68 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.62 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.45 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.17 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 138.5, 136.24, 136.18, 133.5, 132.4, 130.6, 129.9, 129.7, 129.0, 125.1 (q, $J_{C-F} = 279.0 \ Hz$), 117.1, 116.2, 71.1 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 30.8, 29.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, $J = 3.8 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₈H₁₄Cl₂F₃N₂ (M+H): 385.0481; Found: 385.0483.

Table 2, entry 6



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +178.8 \ (c \ 1.13, \text{CHCl}_3) \ (94\% \text{ ee}); \text{ IR (film) } 2232, 1638 \text{ cm}^{-1}; {}^{1}\text{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.82-3.68 (m, 4H), 2.72-2.61 (m, 1H), 2.51-2.40 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.15 (m, 2H); {}^{13}\text{C} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.2, 158.4, 136.4, 136.2, 133.5, 131.8, 130.6, 129.7, 129.5, 125.2 (q, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 279.0 \text{ Hz}$), 117.2, 116.1, 114.3, 71.1 (q, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 28.0 \text{ Hz}$), 55.4, 30.4, 30.1; {}^{19}\text{F} NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, J = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₉H₁₇ClF₃N₂O (M+H): 381.0976; Found: 381.0978. Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications This journal is The Royal Society of Chemistry 2013

Table 2, entry 7



Yellow oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +155.5 \ (c \ 1.04, \ CHCl_3) \ (91\% \ ee);$ IR (film); 2233, 1640 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, $J = 8.4 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.73 (d, $J = 1.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.62 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.18-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.97-6.91 (m, 1H), 6.80 (d, $J = 3.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 3.87-3.75 (m, 1H), 2.98-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.81-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.38-2.23 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.5, 142.5, 136.3, 136.2, 133.5, 130.6, 129.7, 127.2, 125.14 (q, $J_{C-F} = 279.0 \ Hz$), 125.08, 124.0, 117.1, 116.2, 70.6 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 30.3, 25.4; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, $J = 7.5 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₆H₁₃ClF₃N₂S (M+H): 357.0435; Found: 357.0438.

Table 2, entry 8



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +118.4 (c \ 0.99, CHCl_3) (94\% \text{ ee});$ IR (film) 2234, 1643 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79-3.67 (m, 1H), 1.96-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.15 (m, 6H), 0.86 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 160.4, 136.5, 136.1, 133.4, 130.6, 129.7, 125.3 (q, $J_{C-F} = 279.0 \text{ Hz}$), 117.1, 116.0, 72.1 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \text{ Hz}$), 31.3, 28.8, 25.0, 22.5, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -74.6 (d, J = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₅H₁₇ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 317.1027; Found: 317.1027.



White solid; mp. 71-72 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +135.7 (c \ 1.12, CHCl_3) (94\% ee);$ IR (film) 2234, 1643 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.70 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.94-3.83 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.60 (m, 7H), 1.24-1.10 (m, 4H), 1.08-0.96 (m, 1H), 0.96-0.84 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 160.5, 136.6, 136.1, 133.5, 130.7, 129.7, 125.4 (q, $J_{C-F} = 279.0$ Hz), 117.2, 116.0, 69.4 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0$ Hz), 36.0, 34.2, 33.1, 31.9, 26.5, 26.2, 26.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -74.6 (d, J = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₇H₁₉ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 343.1183; Found: 343.1183.

Table 2, entry 10



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +133.6 \ (c \ 1.25, CHCl_3) \ (91\% \ ee);$ IR (film) 2234, 1642 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.72 (d, $J = 1.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 5.81-5.69 (m, 1H), 5.10-5.01 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.75 (m, 1H), 2.19-2.09 (m, 1H), 2.05-1.90 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 161.1, 136.6, 136.4, 136.2, 133.5, 130.7, 129.8, 125.3 (q, $J_{C-F} = 281.0 \ Hz$), 117.2, 116.6, 116.1, 71.1 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 29.2, 27.7; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -74.5 (d, $J = 7.5 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₄H₁₃ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 301.0714; Found: 301.0712.



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +275.1 \ (c \ 1.01, CHCl_3) \ (90\% \ ee);$ IR (film) 2234, 1639 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.81 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.70 (d, $J = 1.2 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.59 (d, $J = 8.0 \ Hz, 1H$), 4.09-3.98 (m, 1H), 2.32-2.22 (m, 1H), 2.11-1.90 (m, 3H), 1.80-1.75 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 161.5, 136.5, 136.3, 133.5, 130.6, 129.7, 125.3 (q, $J_{C-F} = 279.0 \ Hz$), 117.1, 116.1, 78.1, 76.3, 70.2 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 27.5, 14.7, 3.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -74.4 (d, $J = 3.8 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₅H₁₃ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 313.0714; Found: 313.0713.

Table 2, entry 12



Colorless oil; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +94.1$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃) (86% ee); IR (film) 2234, 1641 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.87-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.46-3.36 (m, 2H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.09-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.46 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.9, 136.5, 136.2, 133.5, 130.6, 129.7, 125.2 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 279.0 Hz), 117.2, 116.1, 72.20, 71.9 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 28.0 Hz), 58.8, 26.2, 25.6; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.6 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₄H₁₅ClF₃N₂O (M+H): 319.0820; Found: 319.0819.



Yellow oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +116.7 \ (c \ 1.03, \ CHCl_3) \ (90\% \ ee);$ IR (film) 2233, 1639 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, $J = 8.4 \ Hz, 1H$), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J =8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82-3.72 (m, 1H), 2.52 (t, $J = 7.2 \ Hz, 2H$), 2.11-1.92 (m, 5H), 1.65-1.47 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.8, 136.3, 136.1, 133.4, 130.6, 129.6, 125.0 (q, Jc-F = 279.0 Hz), 117.0, 116.0, 71.7 (q, $J_{C-F} = 28.0 \ Hz$), 33.7, 28.1, 24.9, 15.6; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.4 (d, $J = 7.5 \ Hz$); HRMS Calcd for C₁₄H₁₅ClF₃N₂S (M+H): 335.0591; Found: 335.0591.

Table 2, entry 14



Yellow oil; $[\alpha]^{20}{}_{D} = +95.1$ (*c* 0.99, CHCl₃) (86% ee); IR (film) 2234, 1640, 1132 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.75 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 4.00-3.92 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.81 (m, 3H), 2.16-2.06 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.63-1.53 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 136.5, 136.2, 133.5, 130.6, 129.8, 125.2 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 280.0 Hz), 117.2, 116.1, 103.9, 71.4 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 30.0 Hz), 65.3, 65.1, 29.3, 23.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.7 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₅H₁₅ClF₃N₂O₂ (M+H): 347.0769; Found: 347.0770.



White solid; mp. 80-81 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +93.5$ (*c* 0.98, CHCl₃) (67% ee); IR (film) 1638, 706 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.83 (s, 1H), 8.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.37 (m, 3H), 4.92 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 136.5, 136.4, 134.3, 133.5, 130.6, 129.8, 129.5, 129.0, 128.9, 124.5 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 280.0 Hz), 117.2, 116.2, 75.4 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 29.0 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -73.7 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₆H₁₁ClF₃N₂ (M+H): 323.0557; Found: 323.0556.

Preparation of 2-trifluoromethyltetrahydroquinoline (11) (Scheme 2)



To a flask charged with 2-Cl-4-CN-benzylamine (0.625 g, 3.75 mmol) and 4 Å molecular sieves (1.20 g) were added CHCl₃ (7.0 mL) and acetic acid (0.338 g, 5.63 mmol) under N₂. After the mixture was stirred at rt for 20 min, trifluoromethyl ketone **9** (0.703 g, 2.5 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 5 h, cooled to rt, diluted with Et₂O (20 mL), filtered through a layer of silica gel (3 cm height) by suction, and washed with Et₂O (60 mL). The filtrate was concentrated, diluted with hexane/Et₂O = 7:1 (30 mL), filtered through a layer of silica gel (3 cm height) by suction again, washed with hexane/Et₂O = 7:1 (50 mL), and concentrated to give the corresponding ketimine as a white solid.

A mixture of the above ketimine and C10 (0.190 g, 0.25 mmol) in benzene (2.5 mL) was stirred at 20 °C for 72 h, diluted with hexane/Et₂O = 7:1 (10 mL), filtered through a layer of silica gel (3 cm height) by suction, washed with hexane/Et₂O = 7:1 (60 mL), and concentrated to a residue, which was dissolved in Et₂O (12.5 mL), followed by the addition of ethylene glycol (25.0 mL) and 6N HCl (25.0 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at rt

for 4 h and washed with Et₂O (2 x 10 mL). The organic phase was extracted with 2N HCl (10 mL). The combined aqueous phase was diluted with water (100 mL) and washed with Et₂O (4 x 30 mL). The organic phase was extracted with 2N HCl (30 mL), and the aqueous phase was washed with Et₂O (2 x 20 mL). The above aqueous phases were combined, and CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added. The mixture was brought to pH 10 with solid Na₂CO₃, extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (5 x 40 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated, and purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, hexane/Et₂O = 5/1) to give amine **10** as a colorless oil (0.566 g, 81% overall yield). $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$ = +29.2 (*c* 1.14, CHCl₃); IR (film) 3407, 1623 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.04 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.01 (m, 2H), 2.88-2.78 (m, 1H), 2.11-2.00 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.61 (m, 1H), 1.39 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.5, 133.2, 130.6, 128.2, 127.8, 126.9 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 280.0 Hz), 32.4, 30.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -78.9 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₀H₁₂BrF₃N (M+H): 282.0100; Found: 282.0098.

To a flask charged with Pd(OAc)₂ (0.006 g, 0.025 mmol), BINAP (0.025 g, 0.04 mmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (0.228 g, 0.7 mmol) was added a solution of amine **10** (0.141 g, 0.5 mmol) in toluene (5 mL) under N₂.¹ Upon stirring at reflux until the reaction was completed as judged by TLC (around 4 h), the reaction mixture was filtered through Celite, concentrated, and purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, hexane/Et₂O = 20/1) to give compound **11** as a white solid (0.092 g, 91% yield). mp. 54-55 °C; $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -24.4$ (*c* 1.05, CHCl₃) (94% ee); IR (film) 3415, 1611 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.07-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.74-6.68 (m, 1H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (br s, 1H), 3.92-3.81 (m, 1H), 2.82 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.17-2.04 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.2, 129.2, 127.4, 126.0 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 279.0 Hz), 120.9, 118.6, 114.8, 53.0 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 30.0 Hz), 24.5, 21.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -77.6 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz); HRMS Calcd for C₁₀H₁₁F₃N (M+H): 202.0838; Found: 202.0835.

1) A. S. Guram and S. L. Buckwald, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1994, 116, 7901.

The chromatograms for determination of enantioselectivity

Table 2, entry 1



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (95/5); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 2



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralcel OD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; Eluent: Hexanes/IPA (95/5); Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min; Detection: UV215 nm; 25°C.



S-17

Table 2, entry 3



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralcel OD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; Eluent: Hexanes/IPA (95/5); Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min; Detection: UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 4



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (95/5); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Chemical Communications This journal is C The Royal Society of Chemistry 2013

Table 2, entry 5



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (95/5); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 6



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (95/5); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Enantio-enriched product





HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AS-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; Eluent: Hexanes/IPA (95/5); Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min; Detection: UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 8





Table 2, entry 9



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AS-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (85/15); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 10





Table 2, entry 11



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AS-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; Eluent: Hexanes/IPA (95/5); Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min; Detection: UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 12





Table 2, entry 13



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralcel OD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (95/05); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Table 2, entry 14





Table 2, entry 15



HPLC Condition: Column: Chiralpak AD-H, Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.; **Eluent:** Hexanes/IPA (95/5); **Flow rate:** 0.5 mL/min; **Detection:** UV215 nm; 25°C.



Scheme 2



The X-ray structure of compound 7a





Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for a.

Identification code	a	
Empirical formula	C18 H14 Cl F3 N2	
Formula weight	350.76	
Temperature	173(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 A	
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2(1)/c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 14.103(3) A alpha = 90 deg.	
	b = 7.6310(15) A beta = 114.36(3) deg.	
	c = 16.683(3) A gamma = 90 deg.	
Volume	1635.6(6) A^3	
Z, Calculated density	4, 1.424 Mg/m^3	
Absorption coefficient	0.266 mm^-1	
F(000)	720	
Crystal size	0.42 x 0.41 x 0.09 mm	
Theta range for data collection	1.59 to 25.00 deg.	
Limiting indices	-16<=h<=16, -9<=k<=9, -19<=l<=19	
Reflections collected / unique	9557 / 2842 [R(int) = 0.0570]	
Completeness to theta $= 25.00$	99.4 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	1.0000 and 0.5608	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F^2	
Data / restraints / parameters	2842 / 0 / 217	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.219	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0654, wR2 = 0.2023	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0938, $wR2 = 0.2744$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.172 and -1.162 e.A^-3	

Uij tensor.

Table 2. Atomic coordinates ($x \ 10^{4}$) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A² x 10³) for a. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized

U(eq) Х y Z Cl(1)-1169(1)8013(1) 1115(1) 31(1) F(1) 4466(2) 7388(4) 4568(2) 52(1) F(2) 3419(2) 7800(4) 5196(1) 54(1) F(3) 3447(2) 5328(3) 4602(1) 49(1) -655(2)35(1) N(1) -1256(2)978(4) N(2) 1914(2) 6730(4) 3258(2) 25(1) C(1) -860(3) 1983(4) -104(2)27(1) C(2) -378(2) 3302(4) 571(2) 22(1) C(3) -942(2) 4819(4) 534(2) 23(1) C(4) -470(2)6104(4) 1165(2) 22(1) C(5) 541(2) 5897(4) 1824(2) 21(1) 1079(2) C(6) 4378(4) 1821(2) 23(1) C(7) 633(3) 3069(4) 1196(2) 24(1) 2478(2) C(8) 1032(3) 7349(5) 26(1) C(9) 2668(3) 7751(5) 3648(2) 25(1) C(10) 3503(3) 7043(5) 4500(2) 32(1) 9590(5) 3417(2) 28(1) C(11) 2853(3) C(12) 3386(3) 9596(5) 2774(2) 29(1) C(13) 3553(2) 11414(5) 2490(2) 26(1) C(14) 3348(3) 11729(5) 1608(2) 32(1) C(15) 3529(3) 37(1) 13366(6) 1338(2) 3922(3) 1929(2) 37(1) C(16) 14716(5) C(17) 4128(3) 14425(5) 2807(3) 38(1) C(18) 3950(3) 12796(5) 3083(2) 31(1) Table 3. Bond lengths [A] and angles [deg] for a.

Cl(1)-C(4)	1.740(3)
F(1)-C(10)	1.341(4)
F(2)-C(10)	1.346(4)
F(3)-C(10)	1.326(4)
N(1)-C(1)	1.150(5)
N(2)-C(9)	1.261(4)
N(2)-C(8)	1.459(4)
C(1)-C(2)	1.453(5)
C(2)-C(7)	1.388(5)
C(2)-C(3)	1.392(5)
C(3)-C(4)	1.391(4)
C(3)-H(3)	0.9500
C(4)-C(5)	1.405(5)
C(5)-C(6)	1.387(5)
C(5)-C(8)	1.509(4)
C(6)-C(7)	1.392(4)
C(6)-H(6)	0.9500
C(7)-H(7)	0.9500
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9900
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9900
C(9)-C(11)	1.506(5)
C(9)-C(10)	1.522(5)
C(11)-C(12)	1.543(4)
C(11)-H(11B)	0.9900
C(11)-H(11A)	0.9900
C(12)-C(13)	1.516(5)
C(12)-H(12B)	0.9900
C(12)-H(12A)	0.9900
C(13)-C(18)	1.395(5)
C(13)-C(14)	1.397(5)
C(14)-C(15)	1.387(6)
C(14)-H(14)	0.9500
C(15)-C(16)	1.375(6)
C(15)-H(15)	0.9500
C(16)-C(17)	1.389(5)
C(16)-H(16)	0.9500
C(17)-C(18)	1.384(6)
C(17)-H(17)	0.9500
C(18)-H(18)	0.9500

C(9)-N(2)-C(8)	119.2(3)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	178.0(4)
C(7)-C(2)-C(3)	122.1(3)
C(7)-C(2)-C(1)	120.1(3)
C(3)-C(2)-C(1)	117.8(3)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	117.8(3)
C(2)-C(3)-H(3)	121.1
C(4)-C(3)-H(3)	121.1
C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	121.8(3)
C(3)-C(4)-Cl(1)	117.9(3)
C(5)-C(4)-Cl(1)	120.3(2)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	118.2(3)
C(6)-C(5)-C(8)	121.9(3)
C(4)-C(5)-C(8)	119.9(3)
C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	121.5(3)
C(5)-C(6)-H(6)	119.2
C(7)-C(6)-H(6)	119.2
C(2)-C(7)-C(6)	118.6(3)
C(2)-C(7)-H(7)	120.7
C(6)-C(7)-H(7)	120.7
N(2)-C(8)-C(5)	112.0(3)
N(2)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.2
C(5)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.2
N(2)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.2
C(5)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.2
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	107.9
N(2)-C(9)-C(11)	129.9(3)
N(2)-C(9)-C(10)	115.2(3)
C(11)-C(9)-C(10)	114.9(3)
F(3)-C(10)-F(1)	107.2(3)
F(3)-C(10)-F(2)	106.3(3)
F(1)-C(10)-F(2)	106.8(3)
F(3)-C(10)-C(9)	114.0(3)
F(1)-C(10)-C(9)	112.1(3)
F(2)-C(10)-C(9)	110.1(3)
C(9)-C(11)-C(12)	111.5(3)
C(9)-C(11)-H(11B)	109.3
C(12)-C(11)-H(11B)	109.3
C(9)-C(11)-H(11A)	109.3
C(12)-C(11)-H(11A)	109.3
H(11B)-C(11)-H(11A)	108.0
C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	113.8(3)
C(13)-C(12)-H(12B)	108.8
C(11)-C(12)-H(12B)	108.8

C(13)-C(12)-H(12A)	108.8
C(11)-C(12)-H(12A)	108.8
H(12B)-C(12)-H(12A)	107.7
C(18)-C(13)-C(14)	117.7(3)
C(18)-C(13)-C(12)	122.6(3)
C(14)-C(13)-C(12)	119.7(3)
C(15)-C(14)-C(13)	120.7(4)
C(15)-C(14)-H(14)	119.6
C(13)-C(14)-H(14)	119.6
C(16)-C(15)-C(14)	121.0(3)
С(16)-С(15)-Н(15)	119.5
С(14)-С(15)-Н(15)	119.5
C(15)-C(16)-C(17)	119.0(4)
C(15)-C(16)-H(16)	120.5
C(17)-C(16)-H(16)	120.5
C(18)-C(17)-C(16)	120.4(4)
С(18)-С(17)-Н(17)	119.8
C(16)-C(17)-H(17)	119.8
C(17)-C(18)-C(13)	121.2(3)
C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	119.4
C(13)-C(18)-H(18)	119.4

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4.	Anisotropic displacement parameters (A $^2 x 10^3$) for a.
The aniso	tropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:
-2 pi^2 [h	1 ² a* ² U11 + + 2 h k a* b* U12]

-					the second s	
	U11	U22	U33	U23	U13	U12
Cl(1)	31(1)	28(1)	33(1)	1(1)	11(1)	7(1)
E(1)	28(1)	20(1) 79(2)	40(1)	4(1)	5(1)	-4(1)
F(2)	20(1) 66(2)	69(2)	$\frac{1}{21(1)}$	-12(1)	12(1)	R(1)
F(3)	58(2)	39(2)	36(1)	9(1)	6(1)	5(1)
N(1)	38(2)	35(2)	30(2)	-4(1)	10(1)	-3(2)
N(2)	28(2)	30(2)	18(1)	-4(1)	10(1)	-5(1)
C(1)	31(2)	29(2)	23(2)	-1(1)	13(2)	-2(2)
C(1)	$\frac{31(2)}{24(2)}$	25(2)	16(1)	-1(1)	9(1)	-2(2)
C(2)	2+(2) 21(2)	29(2)	17(1)	0(1)	5(1) 6(1)	-4(1)
C(3)	21(2) 25(2)	$2^{(2)}$	$\frac{1}{(1)}$	1(1)	14(1)	-4(1)
C(4)	23(2) 24(2)	24(2) 23(2)	17(1)	1(1) 1(1)	1+(1)	-2(1)
C(5)	2+(2) 22(2)	25(2)	$\frac{1}{(1)}$	2(1)	7(1)	-2(1)
C(0)	22(2)	20(2)	20(1)	-2(1)	7(1)	-2(1)
C(r)	20(2)	24(2)	22(2)	-3(1)	0(1)	1(1)
C(0)	20(2)	24(2)	23(2)	-1(1)	9(1)	0(2)
C(9)	29(2)	29(2)	20(2)	-9(1)	13(1)	-4(2)
C(10)	33(2)	39(2)	23(2)	-0(1)	9(2)	-4(2)
C(11)	29(2)	27(2)	28(2)	-0(1)	13(1)	-2(2)
C(12)	30(2) 10(2)	2/(2)	31(2)	-1(1)	15(2)	1(2)
C(13)	19(2)	30(2)	32(2)	0(1)	15(1)	-1(1)
C(14)	25(2)	42(2)	30(2)	1(2)	11(2)	1(2)
C(15)	30(2)	50(2)	32(2)	11(2)	12(2)	0(2)
C(16)	30(2)	33(2)	48(2)	13(2)	17(2)	2(2)
C(17)	36(2)	35(2)	43(2)	-7(2)	16(2)	-9(2)
C(18)	32(2)	35(2)	27(2)	2(1)	12(2)	-2(2)

	x	у	Z	U(eq)
H(3)	-1627	4972	93	28
H(6)	1769	4227	2255	28
H(7)	1012	2039	1198	29
H(8A)	1269	8286	2194	31
H(8B)	503	7858	2658	31
H(11B)	3296	10224	3961	34
H(11A)	2179	10214	3145	34
H(12B)	4069	9003	3058	35
H(12A)	2955	8910	2245	35
H(14)	3081	10812	1190	39
H(15)	3379	13557	735	45
H(16)	4051	15830	1740	44
H(17)	4393	15351	3221	46
H(18)	4101	12614	3687	38

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates ($x \ 10^{4}$) and isotropic displacement parameters (A² x 10³) for a.

Table 6. Torsion angles [deg] for a.

N(1)-C(1)-C(2)-C(7)	-144(11)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	33(11)
C(7)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	-1.7(4)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	-178.2(3)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	-0.2(4)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)-Cl(1)	179.4(2)
C(3)-C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	1.6(4)
Cl(1)-C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	-178.0(2)
C(3)-C(4)-C(5)-C(8)	178.2(3)
Cl(1)-C(4)-C(5)-C(8)	-1.3(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	-1.2(4)
C(8)-C(5)-C(6)-C(7)	-177.8(3)
C(3)-C(2)-C(7)-C(6)	2.0(5)
C(1)-C(2)-C(7)-C(6)	178.5(3)
C(5)-C(6)-C(7)-C(2)	-0.5(5)
C(9)-N(2)-C(8)-C(5)	147.4(3)
C(6)-C(5)-C(8)-N(2)	-21.5(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(8)-N(2)	162.0(3)
C(8)-N(2)-C(9)-C(11)	-3.0(5)
C(8)-N(2)-C(9)-C(10)	174.7(3)
N(2)-C(9)-C(10)-F(3)	15.1(4)
C(11)-C(9)-C(10)-F(3)	-166.8(3)
N(2)-C(9)-C(10)-F(1)	137.1(3)
C(11)-C(9)-C(10)-F(1)	-44.9(4)
N(2)-C(9)-C(10)-F(2)	-104.2(4)
C(11)-C(9)-C(10)-F(2)	73.8(4)
N(2)-C(9)-C(11)-C(12)	-86.6(4)
C(10)-C(9)-C(11)-C(12)	95.7(3)
C(9)-C(11)-C(12)-C(13)	177.7(3)
C(11)-C(12)-C(13)-C(18)	45.6(4)
C(11)-C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	-137.2(3)
C(18)-C(13)-C(14)-C(15)	-0.4(5)
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)-C(15)	-177.7(3)
C(13)-C(14)-C(15)-C(16)	0.5(5)
C(14)-C(15)-C(16)-C(17)	-0.7(6)
C(15)-C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	0.7(6)
C(16)-C(17)-C(18)-C(13)	-0.6(6)
C(14)-C(13)-C(18)-C(17)	0.4(5)
C(12)-C(13)-C(18)-C(17)	177.7(3)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 7. Hydrogen bonds for a [A and deg.].

D-H...A

d(D-H) d(H...A)

d(D...A) <(DHA)

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