2-(Pyridinium-1-yl)-1,1-bis(triflyl)ethanides: Structural Behaviour and Availability as Bis(triflyl)ethylating Reagents

Hikaru Yanai,^{*} Yoichi Takahashi, Haruhiko Fukaya, Yasuo Dobashi and Takashi Matsumoto

School of Pharmacy, Tokyo University of Pharmacy and Life Sciences, 1432-1 Horinouchi, Hachioji, Tokyo 192-0392, Japan. Tel.: +81 426 76 3265, Fax: +81 426 76 3257, E-mail: yanai@toyaku.ac.jp

Electronic Supplementary Information

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1. General and materials

All reactions were carried out under Ar atmosphere. Melting points were uncorrected. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance II Nanobay 400 MHz spectrometer (400 MHz for ¹H, 100 MHz for ¹³C, and 376 MHz for ¹⁹F) in [D₆]acetone, [D₃]acetonitrile, and CDCl₃. Chemical shifts (in ppm) were referenced to the solvent signal ([D₆]acetone, 1.93 ppm for ¹H NMR and 29.3 ppm for ¹³C NMR; [D₃]acetonitrile, 2.00 ppm for ¹H NMR and 118.2 ppm for ¹³C NMR; CDCl₃, 7.26 ppm for ¹H NMR and 77.0 ppm for ¹³C NMR). Chemical shifts (in ppm) of ¹⁹F NMR spectra were referenced to the signal of trifluoromethylbenzene (0 ppm) as a standard. Coupling constants (*J*) are given in Hz. Mass spectra were measured on a MICROMASS LCT mass spectrometer using electrospray ionization-time of flight (ESI-TOF). Column chromatography was performed on neutral silica gel (75-150 µm). Tf₂CH₂ **3** was kindly provided by Central Glass Co., Ltd. and this compound can be also prepared by the Waller's procedure in the laboratory.¹

2. Synthesis of 2-(pyridinium-1-yl)-1,1-bis(triflyl)ethanides

2-(Pyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2a)

Tf₂C ⊂

2a

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ 3 (279 mg, 0.996 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90%

purity, 69.8 mg, 2.09 mmol) and pyridine (165 μL, 2.05 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 4 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2a** in 99.6% yield (368 mg, 0.991 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 172-174 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3081, 1344, 1177, 1097, 1047, 856, 791, 597 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz) δ in [D₃]acetonitrile 5.53 (2H, s), 8.01-8.21 (2H, m), 8.55 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 8.97 (2H, t, *J* = 5.8 Hz), δ in [D₆]acetone 5.58 (2H, s), 8.21-8.28 (2H, m), 8.70 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 9.09 (2H, t, *J* = 5.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) δ in [D₃]acetonitrile 62.5, 68.9, 121.6 (q, *J*_{CF} = 325 Hz), 129.0, 144.7, 147.0, in [D₆]acetone 63.5, 70.1, 122.4 (q, *J*_{CF} = 325 Hz), 129.7, 145.6, 147.7; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.7 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 372 [M+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₉H₇F₆NO₄S₂ [M+H]⁺, 371.9799; found, 371.9789; Anal. Calcd for C₉H₇F₆NO₄S₂: C, 29.11; H, 1.90; N, 3.77. Found: C, 29.05; H, 2.13; N, 3.89.

2-(2-Methylpyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2b)



2b

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (281 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 69.5 mg, 2.09 mmol) and 2-methylpyridine (200 μ L, 2.04 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 4 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2b** in 97% yield (374 mg, 0.971 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 185-187 °C; IR (ATR) ν 3081, 1344, 1176, 1097, 1047, 856, 791, 597 cm⁻¹; ⁻¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 2.94 (3H, s), 5.47 (2H, brs), 7.85 (1H, d, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 7.92-7.97 (1H, m), 8.33-8.39 (1H, m), 9.22 (1H, d, *J* = 6.2 Hz); ⁻¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 20.8, 57.6, 67.6, 121.6 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 126.6, 130.6, 144.0, 146.1, 156.3; ⁻¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.6 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 386 [M+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₀H₁₀F₆NO₄S₂ [M+H]⁺, 385.9955; found, 385.9946; Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₉F₆NO₄S₂: C, 31.17; H, 2.35; N, 3.64. Found: C, 31.41; H, 2.65; N, 3.65.

2-(2-Ethylpyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2c)



2c

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (281 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 71.3 mg, 2.14 mmol) and 2-ethylpyridine (180 µL, 1.57 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 8 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ to give zwitterion **2c** in 97% yield (387 mg, 0.969 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 157-158 °C; IR (ATR) ν 1345, 1178, 1098, 1049, 856, 600 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 1.42 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 3.30 (2H, q, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 5.51 (2H, brs), 7.89 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.92-7.97 (1H, m),

8.38-8.44 (1H, m), 9.24 (1H, d, J = 6.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 12.6, 26.7, 57.1, 67.6, 121.6 (q, $J_{CF} = 326$ Hz), 126.4, 128.7, 144.0, 146.3, 160.8; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ –17.6 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) m/z 422 [M+Na]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₁H₁₁F₆NNaO₄S₂ [M+Na]⁺, 421.9331; found, 421.9920; Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₁F₆NO₄S₂: C, 33.08; H, 2.78; N, 3.51. Found: C, 32.82; H, 2.94; N, 3.58.

2-(2-Isobutylpyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2d)



To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (280 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 70.2 mg, 2.11 mmol) and 2-isobutylpyridine (301 µL, 2.03 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 6 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ to give zwitterion **2d** in 96% yield (412 mg, 0.964 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 175-176 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3071, 1347, 1193, 1167, 1055, 885, 598 cm⁻¹; ⁻¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 1.04 (6H, d, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 2.17 (1H, sep, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 3.18 (2H, brs), 5.53 (2H, brs), 7.83 (1dH, d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 7.90-7.98 (1H, m), 8.35-8.41 (1H, m), 9.27 (1H, d, *J* = 6.4 Hz); ⁻¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 22.2, 29.1, 41.8, 57.5, 68.1, 121.6 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 126.7, 130.7, 144.5, 145.8, 158.6; ⁻¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ –17.6 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 450 [M+Na]⁺, 136 [M–C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₃H₁₅F₆NNaO₄S₂ [M+Na]⁺, 450.0244; found, 450.0257; Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₅F₆NO₄S₂: C, 36.53; H, 3.54; N, 3.28. Found: C, 36.40; H, 3.48; N, 3.20.

2-(2-Isopropylpyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2e)



A mixture of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (55.6 mg, 0.198 mmol), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 13.8 mg, 0.414 mmol), and water (36 μ L, 0.20 mmol) in chloroform (1.5 mL) was stirred for 6 h at room temperature. After the resulting mixture was treated with 2-isopropylpyridine (33 μ L, 0.40 mmol) for 2 h at room temperature, this mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by washing with hexane (1.0 mL x 3) followed by Et₂O (1.5 mL) to give zwitterion **2e** in 53% yield (43.8 mg, 0.106 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 184-186 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 1334, 1189, 1167, 1056, 860, 599 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 1.43 (6H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 3.94 (1H, sep, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 5.59 (2H, brs), 7.85-7.96 (1H, m), 7.98 (1H, d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 8.40-8.48 (1H, m), 9.23 (1H, d, *J* = 5.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 22.0, 30.6, 57.1, 67.9, 121.6 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 126.2, 126.4, 144.1, 146.5, 165.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.6 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 436 [M+Na]⁺, 122 [M–C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₂H₁H₆NNaO₄S₂

 $[M+Na]^+$, 436.0088; found, 436.0091. Anal. Calcd for $C_{12}H_{13}F_6NO_4S_2$: C, 34.87; H, 3.17; N, 3.39. Found: C, 34.69; H, 3.33; N, 3.39.

2-(2-Methoxylpyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2f)



To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (289 mg, 1.03 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 72.0 mg, 2.16 mmol) and 2-methoxypyridine (216 μ L, 2.00 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 5 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (2.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2f** in 99% yield (408 mg, 1.02 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 180-182 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 1700, 1584, 1323, 1166, 1104, 1039, 859, 587 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 4.27 (3H, s), 5.40 (2H, brs), 7.50 (1H, d, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.52-7.59 (1H, m), 8.40-8.45 (1H, m), 8.81 (1H, d, *J* = 6.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 54.2, 59.9, 65.8, 111.6, 119.3, 121.7 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 148.7, 161.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.2 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 402 [M+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₀H₁₀F₆NO₅S₂ [M+H]⁺, 401.9905; found, 401.9916; Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₉F₆NO₅S₂: C, 29.93; H, 2.26; N, 3.49. Found: C, 30.20; H, 2.41; N, 3.55.

2-(2-Fluoropyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2g)



2g

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (281 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 73.0 mg, 2.19 mmol) and 2-fluoropyridine (172 µL, 2.00 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 8 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2g** in 91% yield (356 mg, 0.915 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Due to its low stability in solution phase, we could not detect suitable peaks in the MS spectra. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 151-153 °C; IR (ATR) ν 1351, 1183, 1106, 861, 776, 579 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 5.73 (2H, brs), 7.73-7.78 (1H, dd, $J_{HH} = 8.4$ Hz, $J_{HF} = 4.0$ Hz), 7.93 (1H, t, J = 6.8 Hz), 8.57-8.65 (1H, m), 8.92-9.01 (1H, m); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 60.2, 64.5, 115.1 (d, $J_{CF} = 21.7$ Hz), 121.5 (q, $J_{CF} = 326$ Hz), 125.3 (d, $J_{CF} = 3.7$ Hz), 142.9 (d, $J_{CF} = 6.1$ Hz), 147.4 (d, $J_{CF} = 11.5$ Hz), 159.6 (q, $J_{CF} = 279$ Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.1 (6F, s), -16.0 (1F, brs). Anal. Calcd for C₉H₆F₇NO₄S₂: C, 27.77; H, 1.55; N, 3.60. Found: C, 27.49; H, 1.49; N, 3.69.

2-(2-Chloropyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2h)

$$CI$$

 $Tf_2C^- N^+$

2h

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (282 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 64.5 mg, 2.08 mmol) and 2-chloropyridine (200 µL, 2.13 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 5 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2h** in 99% yield (403 mg, 0.994 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 164-166 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3126, 1370, 1161, 1095, 863, 767, 577 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 5.78 (2H, brs), 8.03-8.08 (1H, m), 8.09 (1H, d, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 8.46 (1H, td, *J* = 7.3, 1.4 Hz), 9.28 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.3, 1.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 63.1, 68.5, 121.6 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 127.3 (2C), 130.8, 145.8, 147.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.1 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 114 [M–C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺. 116 [M+2–C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺; Anal. Calcd for C₉H₆ClF₆NO₄S₂: C, 26.64; H, 1.49; N, 3.45. Found: C, 26.68; H, 1.75; N, 3.43.

2-(2-Bromopyridin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2i)

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{Br} \\ \mathsf{Tf}_2\mathsf{C}^-\mathsf{N}^+ \end{array}$

2i

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (280 mg, 0.998 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 71.4 mg, 2.14 mmol) and 2-bromopyridine (190 μ L, 1.99 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 4 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2i** in 98% yield (440 mg, 0.977 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 164-166 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3122, 1368, 1162, 1109, 1092, 864, 776, 576 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 5.77 (2H, brs), 8.07-8.20 (1H, m), 8.26 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.3 Hz), 8.33 (1H, td, *J* = 8.1, 1.3 Hz), 9.36 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.3, 1.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 66.2, 69.2, 121.5 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 127.9, 135.0, 138.7, 146.2, 147.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.2 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 158 [M–C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺, 160 [M+2–C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺; Anal. Calcd for C₉H₆BrF₆NO₄S₂: C, 23.01; H, 1.34; N, 3.11. Found: C, 23.39; H, 1.59; N, 3.25.

2-(Quinolin-1-ium-1-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2j)



2j

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (282 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 64.6 mg, 2.09 mmol) and quinoline (230 μ L, 1.95 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred

for 7 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2j** in 99% yield (418 mg, 0.993 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 195-198 °C; IR (ATR) ν 1353, 1185, 1174, 1111, 772, 578 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 5.96 (2H, brs), 8.00-8.07 (1H, m), 8.13 (1H, dd, J = 8.3, 5.8 Hz), 8.25-8.31 (1H, m), 8.40 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz), 8.82 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 9.12 (1H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 9.62 (1H, d, J = 5.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 58.3, 66.2, 119.4, 121.6 (q, $J_{CF} = 326$ Hz), 122.3, 130.85, 130.91, 131.6, 136.5, 139.3, 147.9, 148.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ -17.3 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) m/z 444 [M+Na]⁺, 130 [M-C₄H₂F₆O₄S₂+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₃H₉F₆NNaO₄S₂ [M+H]⁺, 443.9775; found, 443.9787; Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₉F₆NO₄S₂: C, 37.06; H, 2.15; N, 3.32. Found: C, 37.06; H, 2.31; N, 3.37.

2-(2-Oxazol-3-ium-3-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2k)

$$Tf_2C N = 0$$

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (282 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 70.1 mg, 2.10 mmol) and oxazole (130 μ L, 1.96 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 4 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ to give zwitterion **2k** (1.0 mL x 3) in 99% yield (358 mg, 0.991 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Due to its low stability in solution phase, we could not detect suitable peaks in the MS spectra. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 146-148 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3201, 1354, 1168, 1093, 1034, 896, 573 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 5.32 (2H, br), 8.00 (1H, s), 8.32 (1H, s), 9.53 (1H, s); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 51.2, 66.6, 121.6 (q, *J*_{CF} = 325 Hz), 122.3, 145.3, 154.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ –17.6 (6F, s). Anal. Calcd for C₇H₃F₆NO₅S₂: C, 23.27; H, 1.40; N, 3.88. Found: C, 23.33; H, 1.63; N, 3.87.

2-(1-Methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium-3-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2m)

$$\begin{array}{c} Tf_2C \overline{} N \overline{} N \overline{} N \overline{} CH_3 \\ 2m \end{array}$$

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (281 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 70.4 mg, 2.11 mmol) and 1-mehtyl-1*H*-imidazole (160 µL, 2.01 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 6 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2m** in 99% yield (371 mg, 0.991 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 193-194 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3160, 1363, 1176, 1149, 1062, 851, 772, 749, 594 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 3.87 (3H, s), 5.12 (2H, brs), 7.35 (1H, t, *J* = 1.6 Hz), 7.55 (1H, t, *J* = 1.6 Hz), 8.59 (1H, brs); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 36.8, 50.2, 67.7, 121.8 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 122.9, 124.3, 136.4; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ –17.7 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* 397 [M+Na]⁺;

HRMS calcd for $C_8H_8F_6N_2NaO_4S_2$ [M+Na]⁺, 396.9727; found, 396.9727; Anal. Calcd for $C_8H_8F_6N_2O_4S_2$: C, 25.67; H, 2.15; N, 7.48. Found: C, 25.67; H, 2.36; N, 7.44.

2-(1-Butyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium-3-yl)-1,1-bis((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)ethan-1-ide (2n)

$$Tf_2C \sim N \sim CH_3$$

2n

To a solution of Tf₂CH₂ **3** (282 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (6.0 mL), paraformaldehyde (90% purity, 70.0 mg, 2.10 mmol) and 1-butyl-1*H*-imidazole (263 µL, 2.00 mmol) were added at room temperature. After being stirred for 4 h at 60 °C, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was washed with CHCl₃ (1.0 mL x 3) to give zwitterion **2n** in 98% yield (410 mg, 0.986 mmol). The structure of this compound was also confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis. Colorless crystals (CH₃CN/hexane); Mp. 142-143 °C; IR (ATR) *v* 3142, 3088, 1169, 1058, 854, 769, 599 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 0.99 (3H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 1.35 (2H, sex, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 1.79-1.89 (2H, m), 4.19 (2H, t, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 5.12 (2H, brs), 7.39-7.43 (1H, m), 7.55-7.59 (1H, m), 8.62 (1H, s); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ 13.4, 19.7, 32.5, 50.2, 67.7, 121.8 (q, *J*_{CF} = 326 Hz), 123.0, 123.1, 135.8; ¹⁹F NMR (376 Hz, [D₃]acetonitrile) δ –17.7 (6F, s); MS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* 417 [M+H]⁺; HRMS calcd for C₁₁H₁₅F₆N₂O₄S₂ [M+H]⁺, 417.0377; found, 417.0382; Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄F₆N₂O₄S₂: C, 31.73; H, 3.39; N, 6.73. Found: C, 32.01; H, 3.53; N, 6.65.

3. Bis(triflyl)ethylation reaction

2-(2,2-Bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)ethyl)-4-methylphenol (5)

To a solution of *p*-cresole (21.0 µL, 0.20 mmol) in CH₃CN (0.5 mL), zwitterion **2** (0.10 mmol) was added at room temperature. After being stirred at the same temperature for 4 h, the reaction mixture was evaporated. This residue was dissolved in hydrochloric acid (7.0 mL), then it was extracted with Et₂O (15 mL x 3). After concentration of the combined organic layer, the resultant mixture was purified by bulb-to-bulb distillation (195-210 °C, 5 mmHg) using a kugelrohr oven to give carbon acid **5**. Yields are summarized in Table S1. The structure was confirmed by comparison of ¹H and ¹³C NMR data reported in the literature.² Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.27 (3H, s), 3.73 (2H, d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 5.36-5.52 (1H, br, OH), 5.91-5.97 (1H, m), 6.66 (1H, m), 7.03 (1H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 7.05 (1H, s); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 20.3, 28.0, 76.0, 115.0, 117.6, 119.2 (q, *J*_{C-F} = 330.0 Hz), 130.5, 130.9, 133.0, 151.2; ¹⁹F NMR (282 Hz, CDCl₃) δ –10.6 (6F, s). Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₀F₆O₅S₂: C, 33.00; H, 2.52. Found: C, 32.90; H, 2.71.

1) Zwitterion 2 OH OH CH₃CN, rt, 4 h CHTf₂ 2) 4 M HCI (aq.) H_3C H₃C 3) bulb-to-bulb dist. (2.0 equiv) 5 $\text{Yield}^{b}(\%)$ pK_{aH}^{a} 2 Entry 1 2a (pyridinium) 5.17 8 (<5) 2 **2b** (2-methylpyridinium) 0 5.00 3 **2g** (2-fluoropyridinium) -0.44 92 (91) 4 2h (2-chloropyridinium) 0.72 84 (81) 32 5 2j (quinolinium) 4.85 6 2k (oxazolium) 76 (74) 0.80 7 **2m** (3-methylimidazolium) 7.40 14

Table S1. Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)ethylation reaction of *p*-cresol using zwitterions

^{*a*} A. R. Katritzky, C. A. Ramsden, J. A. Joule, V. V. Zhdankin, Reactivity of Six-membered Rings, in: *Handbook of Heterocyclic Chemistry (3rd Ed.)*, Elsevier, **2010**, pp. 242-382; (b) R. Linnell, *J. Org. Chem.* **1960**, *25*, 290. ^{*b*} Yield on the basis of ¹⁹F NMR of crude mixture. Isolated yield is shown in parenthesis.

4. Computational methods

All theoretical calculations were carried out by using the GAMESS 11 program.³ Restricted Hartree-Fock (RHF) wave functions were calculated by this program. 6-311++G(2d,p) basis sets were used. Geometries were fully optimized at the RHF/6-311++G(2d,p) levels of theory. The orbital interaction energies were calculated by using the natural bond orbital (NBO) method⁴ at the RHF/6-311++G(2d,p) level.



RHF/6-311++G(2d,p) optimized structures. (A) *anti*-2b, $C^--C = 148.9$ pm, $C-N^+ = 152.2$ pm. (B) *syn*-2h, $C^--C = 147.6$ pm, $C-N^+ = 155.3$ pm.

5. X-ray crystallographic data

Crystallographic data for the X-ray crystal structure analysis of **2a-2n** have been deposited with Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center (CCDC) as supplementary publication Nos. CCDC 948820 (**2a**), 948821 (**2b**), 948822 (**2c**), 948823 (**2d**), 948824 (**2e**), 948825 (**2f**), 948826 (**2g**), 948827 (**2h**), 948828 (**2i**), 948829 (**2j**), 948830 (**2k**), 948831 (**2m**), and 948832 (**2n**). These data can be obtained free of charge from the CCDC *via* www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.



X-ray structure of **2a**



X-ray structure of 2b



X-ray structure of **2c**



X-ray structure of **2d**



X-ray structure of 2e



 Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2a.

Empirical formula	$C_9H_7F_6NO_4S_2$
Formula weight	371.28
Temperature	90 K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	P 21/n
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 14.8808(6) \text{ Å} \qquad \alpha = 90^{\circ}.$

	b = 10.4392(5) Å c = 42.5523(18) Å	$\beta = 91.5270(10)^{\circ}.$ $\gamma = 90^{\circ}.$
Volume	6607.9(5) Å ³	1 20 .
Z	20	
Density (calculated)	1.866 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.493 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	3720	
Crystal size	0.24 x 0.15 x 0.12 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.17 to 25.03°.	
Index ranges	-17<=h<=13, -7<=k<=12, -	-42<=l<=50
Reflections collected	30937	
Independent reflections	11691 [R(int) = 0.0249]	
Completeness to theta = 25.03°	99.9 %	
Absorption correction	Analytical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9432 and 0.8907	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares o	n F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	11691 / 0 / 991	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.058	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0307, wR2 = 0.0733	3
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0368, wR2 = 0.076'	7
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.417 and -0.421 eÅ ⁻³	

Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2b.

Empirical formula	$C_{10}H_9F_6NO_4S_2$	
Formula weight	385.30	
Temperature	90 K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P 21/c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 12.9290(14) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$.
	b = 10.0352(11) Å	$\beta = 115.3760(10)^{\circ}.$
	c = 12.0294(13) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}.$
Volume	1410.2(3) Å ³	
Ζ	4	
Density (calculated)	1.815 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.466 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	776	
Crystal size	$0.20 \ge 0.09 \ge 0.09 \text{ mm}^3$	

Theta range for data collection	2.68 to 25.03°.
Index ranges	-15<=h<=14, -11<=k<=11, -10<=l<=14
Reflections collected	6577
Independent reflections	2484 [R(int) = 0.0215]
Completeness to theta = 25.03°	99.8 %
Absorption correction	Analytical
Max. and min. transmission	0.9593 and 0.9125
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	2484 / 0 / 209
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.045
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0275, wR2 = 0.0701
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0312, $wR2 = 0.0725$
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.401 and -0.358 eÅ ⁻³

Table S4. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2c.

Empirical formula	$C_{11}H_{11}F_6NO_4S_2\\$	
Formula weight	399.33	
Temperature	90 K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21/c 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 12.8277(11) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$.
	b = 10.1124(8) Å	$\beta = 91.5270(10)^{\circ}.$
	c = 12.5805(10) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}.$
Volume	1461.8(2) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.814 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.453 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	808	
Crystal size	0.24 x 0.25 x 0.29 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.68 to 27.64°.	
Index ranges	-16<=h<=16, -13<=k<=13, -16<=l<=9	
Reflections collected	8329	
Independent reflections	3381 [R(int) = 0.0150]	
Completeness to theta = 25.03°	99.4 %	
Absorption correction	Numerical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8990 and 0.8798	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	

Data / restraints / parameters	3381 / 0 / 218
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.037
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0260, wR2 = 0.0709
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0278, wR2 = 0.0723
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.526 and -0.344 eÅ ⁻³

Table S5. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2d.

Chemical formula	$C_{13}H_{15}F_6NO_4S_2$	
Formula weight	427.38	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.200 x 0.230 x 0.360 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21/n 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.7218(8) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 11.6643(11) Å	$\beta = 91.9270(10)^{\circ}$
	c = 16.8924(15) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1717.6(3) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.653 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.392 mm^{-1}	
F(000)	872	
Theta range for data collection	2.12 to 25.03°	
Index ranges	-10<=h<=6, -13<=k<=12, -20<=l<=19	
Reflections collected	8174	
Independent reflections	3033 [R(int) = 0.0172]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.8%	
Absorption correction	numerical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9258 and 0.8719	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1	997)
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	3033 / 0 / 238	

Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.049	
Final R indices	2847 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0260, wR2 = 0.0667
	all data	R1 = 0.0275, wR2 = 0.0678
Weighting scheme	w=1/[$\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2})$ +(0.0320P) where P=(F_{o}^{2} +2 F_{c}^{2})/3	² +1.2705P]
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.333 and -0.384 $e{\mbox{\AA}^{-3}}$	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.051 eÅ ⁻³	

Table S6. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2e.

Chemical formula	$C_{12}H_{13}F_6NO_4S_2\\$	
Formula weight	413.35	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.130 x 0.140 x 0.210 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21/n 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.5646(8) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 12.1042(11) Å	$\beta = 101.8640(10)^{\circ}$
	c = 16.0084(14) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1624.1(3) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.691 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.411 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	840	
Theta range for data collection	2.13 to 25.03°	
Index ranges	-10<=h<=5, -14<=k<=13, -15<=l<=19	
Reflections collected	7745	
Independent reflections	2865 [R(int) = 0.0219]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.9%	
Absorption correction	numerical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9485 and 0.9187	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F^2	

Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Function minimized	$\Sigma w (F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	2865 / 0 / 228	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.046	
Δ/σ_{max}	0.001	
Final R indices	2610 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0263, wR2 = 0.0673
	all data	R1 = 0.0293, wR2 = 0.0698
Weighting scheme	w=1/[$\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2})$ +(0.0341P) ² - where P=(F_{o}^{2} +2 F_{c}^{2})/3	+0.8839P]
Largest diff. peak and hole	$0.350~and$ -0.377 $e{\mbox{\AA}^{-3}}$	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.050 eÅ ⁻³	

Table S7. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2	f.
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Chemical formula	$C_{10}H_{9}F_{6}NO_{5}S_{2} \\$	
Formula weight	401.30	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.070 x 0.140 x 0.160 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21/n 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.6307(12) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 10.0920(13) Å	$\beta=96.144(2)^\circ$
	c = 14.9590(19) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1445.6(3) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.844 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.464 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	808	
Theta range for data collection	2.40 to 27.55°	
Index ranges	-12<=h<=12, -13<=k<=10, -16<=l<=19	
Reflections collected	8230	
Independent reflections	3323 [R(int) = 0.0229]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.6%	
Absorption correction	numerical	

Max. and min. transmission	0.9683 and 0.9295	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 19	97)
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares or	$1 F^2$
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 19	97)
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	3323 / 0 / 218	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.018	
Δ/σ_{max}	0.001	
Final R indices	2900 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0309, wR2 = 0.0775
	all data	R1 = 0.0371, wR2 = 0.0816
Waighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0404P)^2+0$.9149P]
weighting scheme	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.521 and -0.392 eÅ ⁻³	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.062 eÅ ⁻³	



X-ray structure of 2g



X-ray structure of **2h**



X-ray structure of 2i

Table S8. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2g.

Chemical formula	$C_9H_6F_7NO_4S_2$
Formula weight	389.27
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal size	0.060 x 0.160 x 0.220 mm
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P 1 21/n 1

Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.6880(10) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 21.565(2) Å	$\beta = 101.4530(10)^{\circ}$
	c = 13.5597(13) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	2776.5(5) Å ³	
Z	8	
Density (calculated)	1.862 g/cm^3	
Absorption coefficient	0.484 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1552	
Theta range for data collection	2.34 to 25.02°	
Index ranges	-9<=h<=11, -25<=k<=20, -1	5<=l<=16
Reflections collected	13387	
Independent reflections	4901 [R(int) = 0.0244]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.9%	
Absorption correction	numerical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9697 and 0.9030	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 199	97)
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on	F^2
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 199	97)
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	4901 / 0 / 415	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.051	
Final R indices	4075 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0375, wR2 = 0.1003
	all data	R1 = 0.0456, wR2 = 0.1067
Weighting scheme	w=1/[$\sigma^2(F_o^2)$ +(0.0585P) ² +2. where P=(F ² +2F ²)/3	0617P]
Largest diff. peak and hole	$0.939 \text{ and } -0.383 \text{ e}\text{Å}^{-3}$	
R M S deviation from mean	$0.072 \text{ e}^{\text{Å}^{-3}}$	
	0.072 011	

 Table S9. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2h.

Empirical formula	$C_9H_6ClF_6NO_4S_2$
Formula weight	405.72
Temperature	90 K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å

Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	C 2/c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.8403(17) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$.
	b = 21.718(4) Å	$\beta = 103.359(2)^{\circ}$
	c = 13.666(2) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}.$
Volume	2841.4(9) Å ³	
Ζ	8	
Density (calculated)	1.897 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.650 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1616	
Crystal size	0.50 x 0.40 x 0.25 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.32 to 25.03°.	
Index ranges	-11<=h<=11, -25<=k<=17, -16<=l<=15	
Reflections collected	6772	
Independent reflections	2510 [R(int) = 0.0467]	
Completeness to theta = 25.03°	99.7 %	
Absorption correction	Empirical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8544 and 0.7371	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	2510 / 0 / 208	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.009	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0374, wR2 = 0.0733	3
R indices (all data)	$R1 = 0.0617, wR2 = 0.080^{\circ}$	7
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.367 and -0.346 e.Å ⁻³	

Table S10. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2i.

Chemical formula	$C_9H_6BrF_6NO_4S_2$	
Formula weight	450.18	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.060 x 0.210 x 0.230 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	C 1 2/c 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.926(2) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 21.888(5) Å	$\beta = 103.046(3)^{\circ}$
	c = 13.659(3) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	2891.0(12) Å ³	
Z	8	

Density (calculated)	2.069 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	3.218 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1760	
Theta range for data collection	2.30 to 25.02°	
Index ranges	-11<=h<=9, -19<=k<=26, -1	6<=l<=15
Reflections collected	6803	
Independent reflections	2551 [R(int) = 0.1148]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.6%	
Max. and min. transmission	0.8304 and 0.5248	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	2551 / 120 / 208	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	0.987	
Δ/σ_{max}	0.002	
Final R indices	2227 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0331, wR2 = 0.0687
	all data	R1 = 0.0373, wR2 = 0.0702
Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0303P)^2+0.0000P]$	
weighting scheme	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.999 and -0.591 eÅ ⁻³	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.112 eÅ ⁻³	



X-ray structure of 2j





X-ray structure of 2m

X-ray structure of **2k** -S18-



X-ray structure of 2n

	J.	
Chemical formula	$C_{13}H_9F_6NO_4S_2$	
Formula weight	421.33	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.210 x 0.260 x 0.360 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	C 1 2/c 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 18.3052(16) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 11.2926(10) Å	$\beta = 106.7430(10)^{\circ}$
	c = 15.9199(14) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	3151.3(5) Å ³	
Z	8	
Density (calculated)	1.776 g/cm^3	
Absorption coefficient	0.426 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1696	
Theta range for data collection	2.15 to 25.03°	
Reflections collected	2771	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.5%	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9159 and 0.8618	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	

Table S11. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2j.

Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	2771 / 0 / 236	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.053	
Final R indices	2615 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0527, wR2 = 0.1493
	all data	R1 = 0.0539, wR2 = 0.1508
Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.1190P)^2+3.8)$	8675P]
weighting scheme	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.594 and -0.837 $eÅ^{-3}$	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.130 eÅ ⁻³	

Table S12. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2k.

Chemical formula	$C_7H_5F_6NO_5S_2$	
Formula weight	361.24	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.120 x 0.120 x 0.200 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	C 1 2/c 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 33.764(3) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 8.8317(7) Å	$\beta = 126.4270(10)^{\circ}$
	c = 20.2876(15) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	4867.6(6) Å ³	
Z	16	
Density (calculated)	1.972 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.539 mm^{-1}	
F(000)	2880	
Theta range for data collection	2.42 to 25.03°	
Index ranges	-40<=h<=37, -10<=k<=10, -24<=l<=22	
Reflections collected	11425	
Independent reflections	4293 [R(int) = 0.0206]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.8%	
Absorption correction	numerical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9382 and 0.8999	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	

Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Function minimized	$\Sigma w (F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	4293 / 0 / 379	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.035	
Δ/σ_{max}	0.001	
Final R indices	3909 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0266, wR2 = 0.0652
	all data	R1 = 0.0298, wR2 = 0.0673
Weighting scheme	w=1/[$\sigma^2(F_o^2)$ +(0.0287P) ² +9.0 where P=(F_o^2 +2 F_c^2)/3	5428P]
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.567 and -0.351 $e {\rm \AA}^{\text{-3}}$	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.057 eÅ ⁻³	

Table S13. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2m.

Chemical formula	$C_8H_8F_6N_2O_4S_2$	
Formula weight	374.28	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.120 x 0.150 x 0.190 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	C 1 c 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 14.813(3) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 10.590(2) Å	$\beta = 120.578(3)^{\circ}$
	c = 10.069(2) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1359.9(5) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.828 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.482 mm^{-1}	
F(000)	752	
Theta range for data collection	2.50 to 25.01°	
Index ranges	-17<=h<=11, -12<=k<=12, -11<=l<=11	
Reflections collected	3133	
Independent reflections	1717 [$R(int) = 0.0146$]	

Coverage of independent reflections	99.8%		
Absorption correction	numerical		
Max. and min. transmission	0.9444 and 0.9140		
Structure solution technique	direct methods		
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²		
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)		
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$		
Data / restraints / parameters	1717 / 2 / 200		
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.051		
Final R indices	1690 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0207, wR2 = 0.0513	
	all data	R1 = 0.0213, wR2 = 0.0517	
Weighting scheme	w=1/[$\sigma^2(F_o^2)$ +(0.0252P) ² +1.1742P] where P=(F_o^2 +2 F_c^2)/3		
Absolute structure parameter	0.2(1)		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.297 and -0.245 $e {\rm \AA}^{\text{-3}}$		
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.040 eÅ ⁻³		

Table S14. Crystal data and structure refinement for 2n.

Chemical formula	$C_{11}H_{14}F_6N_2O_4S_2\\$	
Formula weight	416.36	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal size	0.140 x 0.230 x 0.310 mm	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21/c 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.1898(14) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 12.4495(15) Å	$\beta = 107.577(2)^{\circ}$
	c = 12.4571(15) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1654.3(3) Å ³	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.672 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	0.406 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	848	

Theta range for data collection	2.37 to 25.02°	
Index ranges	-10<=h<=13, -13<=k<=14, -14<=l<=14	
Reflections collected	7856	
Independent reflections	2921 [R(int) = 0.0165]	
Coverage of independent reflections	99.8%	
Absorption correction	numerical	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9454 and 0.8846	
Structure solution technique	direct methods	
Structure solution program	SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Refinement program	SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997)	
Function minimized	$\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$	
Data / restraints / parameters	2921 / 3 / 227	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.006	
Final R indices	2716 data; I>2σ(I)	R1 = 0.0288, wR2 = 0.0738
	all data	R1 = 0.0310, wR2 = 0.0754
Waighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2)+(0.0389P)^2+1.4223P]$	
weighting scheme	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.506 and -0.339 $e^{A^{-3}}$	
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.050 eÅ ⁻³	





-S24-







-S27-



-S28-





-S30-



-S31-







-S34-



-S35-



7. References

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