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1. General

The ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded with a JEOL model AL-400, alpha-400 or ECX-400 spectrometer using CDCl₃ or *d*-DMSO as the solvent. The IR spectra were measured with a Thermo Electron Corporation model NICOLET 6700 FT-IR spectrometer. The melting points were measured with a Stanford Research Systems MPA100 or SHIMADZU DSC-60. The ESI high resolution mass spectra were obtained using a Waters LCT Premier XE mass spectrometer. Column chromatography was conducted on silica gel (Kanto 60 N). The dehydrated DMSO and DMF were purchased from Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd., and used without further purification. All other solvents, such as CH₃CN and Toluene, etc., were distilled from CaH₂ before use. ^{*i*}Pr₂NEt were also distilled before use. DBU was purchased from Wako Pure Chemical Industries, Ltd., and used without further purification. MTBD was purchased from Aldrich, and used without further purification. Buffer (pH = 6) was prepared by KH₂PO₄ and Na₂HPO₄.

2. Supporting Results & Discussion

2-1. Scheme S1



Scheme S1. C-C bond formation with CO₂ afford lactones and furans.

2-2. The screening of several bases.

Several bases were examined (Table S1). K_2CO_3 and iPr_2NEt were not effective at all (Entries 1, 2). Using DBN, the reaction proceeded to afford the product **3a** in 41% yield (Entry 3). Guanidine bases such as TBD and MTBD were screened. TBD slightly promoted the reaction to give **3a** in 14% yield (Entry 5). The good yield was obtained using MTBD (Entry 6). When DBU was employed as base, the corresponding product **3a** was obtained in highest yield (Entry 4).

Table S1. The screening of several bases.



a) The reaction was carried out with 0.15 mmol of substrate. b) Yields were determined by ¹H NMR using trimethylphenylsilane as the internal standard. c) In DMF.

2-3. The screening of various solvents.

The reaction was conducted in various solvents (Table S2). Toluene and THF promoted the reaction to afford the product **3a** in 20% and 53% yields, respectively (Entries 1 and 2). Aprotic polar solvents such as DMF, DMSO, CH_3CN were effective for the reaction to produce **3a** in excellent yields (Entries 3-5).

Table S2.The screening of various solvents.



a) The reaction was carried out with 0.15 mmol of substrate. b) Yields were determined by ¹H NMR using trimethylphenylsilane as the internal standard.

2-4. The isomerization of products.

literature^[1]. In the in the case of 1-(alkoxycarbonyl)methylenedihydroisobenzofuran, 7-H of E isomer was significantly shifted downfield because the COOR group was adjacent to 7-H. In the case of 4a, a trace amount of strongly downfield proton peak derived from the E isomer was sometimes detected by ${}^{1}H$ NMR in CDCl₃, though the ration of Z and E isomers was >99:1. Moreover, after 4a was kept in CDCl₃ for 48 h, the ration of Z and E isomers changed to 72:28 (the time course was shown in Figure S1). On the other hand, the product 4a-(Z) could be stored under dry conditions without any isomerization. These observations assumed that the isomerization of $4a_{-}(Z)$ occurred in CDCl₃ like the previous study^[2] which suggested that Z/E isomerization of a similar 1-(alkoxycarbonyl)methylenephthalan occurred under slightly acidic conditions.



Figure S1. Time course about the 4a-(Z) and 4a-(E) isomerization.

The product **4k** was obtained as Z/E isomers (95/5) after purification using silica gel column chromatography. On the other hand, the crude carboxylic acid **3k**-(Z) was obtained as a solo isomer. In other words, the proton derived from **3k**-(E) isomer was not observed by ¹H NMR. It was supposed that the isomerization of alkyl-substituted alkyne **3k** or **4k** occurred in the esterification step or/and under slightly acidic conditions such as silica gel and CDCl₃ to afford **4k** as Z/E isomers.

3. Methods

3-1. The synthesis of the starting materials.

o-Alkynylacetophenone **2a**, **2f**, **2k-2m** were synthesized by Sonogashira-coupling reaction between *o*-bromoacetophenone and alkyne. The substrate **2n** was prepared by Sonogashira-coupling reaction and desilylation. **2g-2j** were synthesized by

Sonogashira-coupling of 2n and the corresponding aryl halide. The substrates 2b-2e substituted on the phenyl ring and the α -substituted starting materials 2o-2q were synthesized from the corresponding *o*-bromobenzaldehyde by Sonogashira-coupling reaction, Grignard reagents alkylation and oxidation.

3-2. Procedure for the synthesis of the starting materials (2a, 2f, 2k-2m)



Compound **2a**, **2f**, **2k-2m** were synthesized by the modified procedure of the literature.^[3]

The corresponding alkyne (1.4 eq.) was added to the solution of $Pd(PPh_3)_2Cl_2$ (5 mol%), CuI (5 mol%) and *o*-bromoacetophenone (1 eq., 5 mmol) in *i*Pr₂NH (20 mL) using vial. The solution was heated at 80 °C with microwave (70 W, Biotage Initiator). After 4 h, the reactant was filtered through Celite, then solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford the desired starting material **2a**, **2f**, **2k-2m**.

3-3. Procedure for the synthesis of the starting materials (2g-2j, 2n).



Trimethylsilylacetylene (1.4 eq.) was added to the solution of $Pd(PPh_3)Cl_2$ (5 mol%), CuI (5 mol%) and *o*-bromoacetophenone (1 eq., 5 mmol) in *i*Pr₂NH (20 mL) using vial. The solution was heated at 80 °C with microwave (70 W, Biotage Initiator). After 4 h, the reactant was filtered through Celite, then solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford the corresponding *o*-alkynylacetophenone **S1**.

Desilylation was carried out according to the literature.^[4] KF (7 eq.) was added to the solution of compound S1 in MeOH (0.12 M). After stirring for 2 h, MeOH was

removed under reduced pressure, then Et_2O and water were added. The reaction mixture was extracted with Et_2O , washed with water. The conbined organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtererd and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford 2'-ethynylacetophenone **2n**.



2'-ethynylacetophenone **2n** (1.05 eq.) was added to the solution of $Pd(PPh_3)_2Cl_2$ (2 mol%), CuI (2 mol%) and the corresponding aryl halide (1 eq.) in Et₃N under N₂. The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reactant was filtered through Celite, and solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford the desired starting material **2g-2j**.

3-4. Procedure for the synthesis of the starting materials (2b-2e, 2o-2q).



The corresponding alkyne (1.05 eq.) was added to the solution of $Pd(PPh_3)_2Cl_2$ (2 mol%), CuI (2 mol%) and *o*-bromobenzaldehyde (1 eq., 10 mmol) in Et₃N (20 mL) under N₂. The reaction mixture was heated at 50 °C. After 4 h, the reaction mixture was filtered through Celite, then solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford the corresponding *o*-alkynylbenzaldehyde **S3**.

Alkylation and oxidation steps were carried out according to the literature.^[5]

To a solution of the corresponding 2-alkenylbenzaldehyde in dry THF (0.2 M) was added MeMgBr or *n*BuLi (1.5 eq.) at -78 °C under N₂. After stirring at -78 °C for 2 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with sat. NH₄Cl aq. then extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layer was dried with NaSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure.

The residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford the corresponding alcohol S4.

To a solution of the corresponding **S4** in CH₂Cl₂ (0.1 M) was added PCC (2.5 eq.) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After the reaction was completed, 1 g of Celite was added and stirred for 5-10 min. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite and silica gel and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc) to afford the corresponding **2b-2e**, **2o-2q**.

3-5. Procedure for the synthesis of 3a

The reaction was performed using a pressure test-tube equipped with a stirring bar in a 30 mL autoclave. To a mixture of AgOAc (2.5 mg, 0.015 mmol) and **2a** (33.0 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 1.0 mL CH₃CN in a pressure test-tube was added DBU (45 μ L, 0.30 mmol) with a microsyringe. The pressure test-tube containing the reaction mixture was placed in the autoclave. The autoclave was purged with CO₂ (1.0 MPa) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 1 h. After the CO₂ was vented, the reaction was quenched with buffer (pH=6) and extracted with EtOAc, then solvent was removed to give **3a** (99%) (trimethylphenylsilane (5 μ L, 0.029 mmol) was added, then the yield was determined by ¹H NMR spectrum). If necessary, the product was purified by recrystalization with CH₃CN to afford the corresponding dihydroisobenzofuran **3a** (66%) as a yellow solid.

3-6. Procedure for the synthesis of 4b

The reaction was performed using a pressure test-tube equipped with a stirring bar in a 30 mL autoclave. To a mixture of AgOAc (2.5 mg, 0.015 mmol) and **2b** (42.0 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 1.0 mL CH₃CN in a pressure test-tube was added DBU (45 μ L, 0.30 mmol) with a microsyringe. The pressure test-tube containing the reaction mixture was placed in the autoclave. The autoclave was purged with CO₂ (1.0 MPa) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 6 h. After the CO₂ was released, MeI (37 μ L, 0.60 mmol) was added to the reactant. After 3 h, the reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, eluent: hexane/EtOAc 20/1 then 8/1) to produce the corresponding dihydroisobenzofuran **4b** (91%) as a yellow solid.

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4. Material Data

1-(1-phenylethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2a):



Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.80$ (s, 3H), 7.35-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.42 (dd, J = 1.3, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (td, J = 1.4, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.64 (dd, J = 0.9, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 30.0$, 88.4, 95.0, 121.7, 122.9, 128.3, 128.4, 128.67, 128.74, 131.3, 131.5, 133.9. 140.7, 200.4; IR (KBr): 3061, 2215, 1686, 1592, 1279, 757, 691;

HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₁₆H₁₃O, 221.0966 ; found, m/z 221.0960.

1-(4, 5-dimethoxy-2-(phenylethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2b):



Colorless solid; m.p.: 119 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 2.86 (s, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.58 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 30.4, 56.1, 56.2, 89. 1, 94.5, 111.3, 115.5, 116.1, 122.9, 128.5, 128.7, 131.2, 133.5, 149.1, 151.5, 198.4; IR (KBr): 2962, 2931, 1659, 1590, 1246, 1053, 756; HRMS (ESI):

 $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{18}H_{17}O_3$, 281.1178 ; found, m/z 281.1176.

1-(4-fluoro-2-(1-phenylethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2c):



Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.79$ (s, 3H), 7.07-7.12 (m, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J = 2.6, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.53-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.83 (dd, J = 5.8, 8.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 29.9$, 87.5 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 96.2, 115.7 (d, J = 21.6 Hz), 120.4 (d, J = 23.5 Hz), 122.4, 124.5 (d, J = 10.3 Hz), 129.1, 131.5, 131.6, 131.6 (d, J = 9.4 Hz), 136.8 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 164.0

(d, J = 254.6 Hz), 198.5; IR (KBr): 3068, 2214, 1685, 1572, 1239, 1100, 757, 690; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₂FO, 239.0872 ; found, m/z 239.0870.

<u>1-(5-chloro-2-(1-phenylethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2d):</u>



Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.79$ (s, 3H), 7.34-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.44 (dd, J = 2.4, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.73 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 29.9$, 87.4, 96.0, 120.1, 122.5, 128.5, 128.8, 129.0, 131.4, 131.5, 134.5, 135.0, 141.8, 198.9; IR (KBr): 3064, 2215, 1686, 1493, 1469, 1356, 1281, 1254, 1102, 828, 690; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺

calcd for $C_{16}H_{12}ClO$, 255.0572 ; found, m/z 255.0574.

1-(1-(phenylethynyl)naphthalen-2-yl)ethan-1-one (2e):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 46 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 2.92 (s, 3H), 7.38-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.57-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.82-7.88 (m, 2H), 8.61 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 30.6, 86.3, 101.5, 119.9, 122.8, 124.5, 127.4, 127.6, 128.1, 128.2, 128.56, 128.61, 129.0, 131.5, 133.2, 134.2, 139.4, 201.4; IR (KBr): 3057, 2993, 2202, 1663, 1264, 1241, 752;

HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₂₀H₁₅O, 271.1118 ; found, m/z 271.1122.

<u>1-(2-(1-*p*-tolylethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2f):</u>



Oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.38$ (s, 3H), 2.80 (s, 3H), 7.18 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.36-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.62 (dd, J = 1.3, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 21.6, 30.1, 87.9, 95.4, 119.8, 121.9, 128.1, 128.7, 129.2, 131.3, 131.4, 133.8, 139.0, 140.7, 200.5; IR (KBr): 3027, 2873, 2214, 1686, 958, 817, 762; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₅O, 235.1123 ; found, m/z$

235.1121.

<u>1-(2-(1-(4-trifuluoromethylphenyl)ethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2g):</u>



Oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.76$ (s, 3H), 7.45 (td, J = 1.5, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (td, J = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.69 (m, 5H), 7.79 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 29.7$, 90.7, 93.0, 120.9, 123.8 (d, J = 273.1 Hz), 125.4 (q, J = 4.1 Hz), 126.7 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 128.8, 128.9, 130.3 (d, J = 32.6 Hz), 131.4, 131.8, 134.1, 140.7, 199.7; IR

 \sim **CF**₃ (KBr): 2220, 1684, 1320, 1123, 957, 843, 762, 598; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺

calcd for $C_{17}H_{12}F_3O$, 289.0835 ; found, m/z 289.0834.

<u>1-(2-(1-(4-acetylphenyl)ethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2h):</u>



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 62 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 2.63 (s, 3H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 7.45 (td, *J* = 1.5, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (td, *J* = 1.6, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.68 (m, 3H), 7.77-7.80 (m, 1H), 7.93-7.98 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 26.6, 29.7, 91.6, 93.7, 121.0, 127.7, 128.3, 128.8, 128.9, 131.4, 131.7, 134.1, 136.5, 140.7, 197.2, 199.8; IR (KBr):2210, 1680, 1602, 1266, 826; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₅O₂, 263.1067 ; found, m/z 263.1066.

1-(2-(1-(4-formylphenyl)ethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2i):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 53 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.76$ (s, 3H), 7.45 (td, J = 1.3, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (td, J = 1.5, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.68 (m, 1H), 7.69-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.79 (dd, J = 1.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.85-7.91 (m, 2H), 10.03 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 29.6$, 92.3, 93.4, 120.8, 128.9, 128.9, 129.1, 129.5, 131.4, 132.0, 134.1, 135.6, 140.5, 191.3, 199.6; IR (KBr):3064, 2835, 2215, 1697, 1601, 1562, 1207; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₃O₂, 249.0919 ; found, m/z 249.0915.

<u>1-(2-(1-(2-methoxycarbonylphenyl)ethynyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2j):</u>



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 72 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.81$, (s, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 7.39-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.50 (td, J = 1.4, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (td, J = 1.5, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.76-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.99-8.02 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 30.0, 52.3, 93.2, 93.8, 121.8, 123.4, 128.4, 128.5, 128.7, 130.6, 131.4, 131.7, 131.8, 134.0, 134.2, 140.6, 166.4, 200.3; IR (KBr): 3068, 3002, 2958, 1725, 1670, 1251, 1080, 760; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₅O₃,$

279.1016 ; found, m/z 279.1013.

<u>1-(2-hexynylphenyl)ethan-1-one (2k):</u>



Oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.95$ (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.44-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.65 (m, 2H), 2.47 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 7.33 (td, J = 1.3, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (td, J = 1.1, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 1.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 13.6$, 19.4, 22.1, 30.1, 30.5, 79.6, 96.9, 122.5, 127.5, 128.3, 131.1, 134.0, 141.0, 201.2; IR (KBr): 2960, 2932, 2230,

1684, 963, 763; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₇O, 201.1279 ; found, m/z 201.1268.

1-(2-(4-butynylphenly)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2l):



Oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.56$ (s, 3H), 2.77 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.35 (m, 6H), 7.39 (td, J = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dq, J = 0.7, 7.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 21.8$, 29.9, 34.7, 80.3, 95.7, 122.1, 126.4, 127.6, 128.3, 128.4, 128.5, 131.0, 134.0, 140.4, 141.0, 201.0; IR (KBr): 3028, 2927, 2227, 1688, 1279, 1244, 763, 700;HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₇O, 249.1274 ; found, m/z 249.1275.

1-(2-(3-methoxyprop-1-yn-1-yl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (2m):



Oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.71$ (s, 3H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 7.36-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 29.7$, 57.8, 60.4, 85.2, 90.7, 120.9, 128.4, 128.5, 131.2, 134.2, 140.8, 200.1; IR (KBr): 2933, 2823, 1690, 1357, 1246, 1090, 764; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₂H₁₃O₂, 189.0911; found, m/z 189.0903.

1-(2-ethynylphenyl)ethan-1-one (2n):



Oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.72$ (s, 3H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.69-7.73 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 29.8$, 82.4, 82.9, 120.3, 128.6, 128.8, 131.2, 134.7, 141.5, 200.1; IR (KBr): 3284, 3065, 2104, 1686, 1593, 1281, 764; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₀H₉O, 145.0648 ; found, m/z

145.0646.

1-(1-phenylethynyl)phenyl)propanone (20):



Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.25$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.18 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.46 (tq, J = 1.6, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.51-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.62 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 1.2, 7.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 8.5$, 35.3, 88.2, 94.4, 121.1, 122.9, 128.1, 128.3, 128.4, 128.7, 130.8, 131.5, 133.7, 141.3, 204.1; IR (KBr): 2976, 2937, 2215, 1698, 950, 757, 732,

691; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{17}H_{15}O$, 235.1118 ; found, m/z 235.1118.

1-(1-phenylethynyl)phenyl)pentanone (2p):



Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.92$ (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.35-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.78 (m, 2H), 3.16 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.46 (td, J = 1.3, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.62 (dd, J = 1.0, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 13.9$,

22.5, 26.6, 41.9, 88.2, 94.4, 121.1, 122.9, 128.1, 128.3, 128.4, 128.7, 130.8, 131.5, 133.7, 141.5, 203.9; IR (KBr): 3061, 2958, 2872, 2215, 1686, 1493, 1200, 758; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{19}H_{19}O$, 263.1436; found, m/z 263.1434.

1-(1-phenylethynyl)phenyl)hex-5-en-1-one (2q):



Pale yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.83-1.90$ (m, 2H), 2.14 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.16 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 4.91-5.03 (m, 2H), 5.73-5.83 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.40 (m, 4H), 7.44 (td, J = 1.5, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta = 23.5$, 33.2, 41.3, 88.2, 94.4, 115.2, 121.08, 122.8, 128.1,

128.2, 128.4, 128.6, 130.8, 131.5, 133.7, 137.9, 141.3, 203.3; IR (KBr):3063, 2933, 2215, 1686, 1474, 1197, 690; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}O$, 275.1430; found, m/z 275.1436.

(Z)-2-[(Z)-3-Benzylideneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetic acid (3a):



Yellow solid; m.p.: 192 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, *d*-DMSO): $\delta = 5.92$ (s, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.69 (m, 1H), 8.00 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 8.01-8.07 (m, 3H), 12.09 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, *d*-DMSO): $\delta = 89.8$, 103.1, 120.5, 122.1, 127.4, 128.7, 129.3, 129.9, 131.4, 132.0, 134.1, 134.6, 150.3, 161.1, 165.9; IR (KBr): 2584, 1698, 1629, 1462; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₃O₃, 265.0865 ; found, m/z

265.0863; NOE (δ =5.92) 4%, NOE (δ =6.72) 5 %, 7%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-Benzylideneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4a):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 96 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 3.90 (s, 3H), 5.69 (s, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 7.29 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 3H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 51.4, 88.4, 103.9, 119.9, 121.4, 127.6, 128.7, 129.37, 129.42, 131.6, 131.9, 134.0, 135.5, 150.7, 162.1, 165.9; IR

(KBr): 3067, 1686, 1434, 1273, 1150, 1021, 758; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₁₈H₁₅O₃, 279.1016; found, m/z 279.1016; NOE (δ = 5.69) 2.0%, NOE (δ = 6.33) 2.2%, 2.9%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-benzylidene-5, 6-dimthoxy-isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4b):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 194 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.88$ (s, 3H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 51.3$, 56.2, 56.3, 86.8, 100.9, 102.0, 102.6, 124.8, 127.2, 128.7, 129.2, 129.3, 134.2, 150.8, 151.3,

153.2, 162.2, 166.0; IR (KBr): 3000, 2946, 1686, 1501, 1343, 1263, 1222, 1030, 826; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}O_5$, 339.1227 ; found, m/z 339.1230; NOE (δ =5.50) 3.7%, NOE (δ =6.15) 4.0 %, 5.2%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-benzylidene-5-fluoro-isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4c):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 162 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 3.87 (s, 3H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 7.12 (td, *J* = 2.6, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dd, *J* = 4.5, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 51.4, 88.2, 104.9, 106.4 (d, *J* = 25.4 Hz), 117.7 (d, *J* = 24.4 Hz), 123.3 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz), 127.8 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz),

127.9, 128.7, 129.5, 133.6, 137.6 (d, J = 10.3 Hz), 149.7, 161.1, 163.7, 164.9 (d, J = 251.8 Hz); IR (KBr): 3067, 2944, 1679, 1480, 1267, 1200, 1026, 810; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₄FO₃, 297.0922 ; found, m/z 297.0918; NOE ($\delta = 5.59$) 2.3%, NOE ($\delta = 6.19$) 2.5 %, 3.5%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-benzylidene-6-chloro-isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4d):

CI O Ph

Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 172 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 3.87 (s, 3H), 5.62 (s, 1H), 6.25 (s, 1H), 7.24-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.53-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 51.5, 89.2, 104.5, 121.0, 121.2, 127.8, 128.8, 129.5, 132.0, 133.3, 133.7, 133.8, 135.4, 149.8, 160.6, 165.5; IR (KBr): 3067, 2943, 1698, 1464, 1433,

1317, 1284, 1125, 1026, 815; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₁₈H₁₄ClO₃, 313.0626; found, m/z 313.0626; NOE ($\delta = 5.62$) 2.4%, NOE ($\delta = 6.25$) 2.5 %, 3.7%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-1-benzylidenenaththo[1.2-c]furan-3(1H)-ylidene]acetate (4e):



Yellow solid; m.p.: 164 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.89$ (s, 3H), 5.65 (s, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J =7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 8.39 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 51.4$, 88.0, 109.2, 117.4, 123.7, 126.5, 127.6, 127.8, 128.4,

128.7, 129.7, 130.0, 130.9, 131.0, 131.3, 134.6, 135.3, 151.8, 161.8, 166.0; IR (KBr): 3079, 2947, 1686, 1431, 1264, 1094, 1038, 819; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₂₂H₁₇O₃, 329.1173 ; found, m/z 329.1174; NOE ($\delta = 5.65$) 3.6%, NOE ($\delta = 6.81$) 4.7 %, 12.9%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-(4-methylbenzylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4f):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 119 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.38$ (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 5.67 (s, 1H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (td, J = 0.9, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (td, J = 1.0, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.69 (m, 2H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 21.4$, 51.4, 88.0, 104.0, 119.8, 121.3, 129.1, 129.4, 129.5, 131.2, 131.5, 131.7, 135.6, 137.6, 150.1, 162.1, 166.0; IR (KBr): 3075, 2948, 1697, 1636, 1265, 1035, 848,

754; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₁₉H₁₇O₃, 293.1173 ; found, m/z 293.1174; NOE (δ =5.67) 2.3%, NOE (δ =6.31) 2.4, 3.4%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-(4-trifluoromethylbenzylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4g):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 135 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 3.89 (s, 3H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 7.50 (td, *J* = 0.9, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (td, *J* = 0.9, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.74 (m, 4H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 51.5, 89.2, 102.1, 120.2, 121.4, 122.9, 125.6 (q, *J* = 3.4 Hz,), 128.8 (d, *J* = 32.6 Hz), 123.0, 124.3 (d, *J* = 271.5 Hz), 131.8, 132.2, 135.0, 137.6, 152.2, 161.7, 165.6; IR (KBr): 3066, 1682, 1474,

1331, 1267, 1162, 1070, 1026, 874, 760; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₁₉H₁₄F₃O₃, 347.0890; found, m/z 347.0893; NOE (δ = 5.73) 2.3%, NOE (δ = 6.33) 2.9 %, 3.7%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-(4-acetylbenzylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4h):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 194 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.63$ (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 7.49 (td, J = 1.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (td, J = 1.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.70-7.72 (m, 1H), 8.01-8.05 (m, 2H), 8.08-8.12 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 26.6, 51.5, 89.2, 102.6, 120.2, 121.4, 128.8, 129.2, 130.0, 131.7, 132.1, 135.0, 135.3, 138.8, 152.4, 161.6, 165.6, 197.6; IR (KBr): 3085, 2953, 1710, 1668, 1645, 1276, 1154, 856; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₁₇O₄,$

321.1121; found, m/z 321.1129; NOE ($\delta = 5.69$) 8.4%, NOE ($\delta = 6.31$) 10.8 %, 16.3%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-(4-formylbenzylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4i):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 144 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.90$ (s, 3H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 8.16 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 10.00 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 51.5$, 89.6, 102.4, 120.3, 121.4, 129.6, 130.1, 130.2, 131.8, 132.2, 134.6, 134.8, 140.3, 152.9, 161.5, 165.5, 191.7; IR (KBr):3025, 2794, 2717, 1721, 1691, 1594, 1151, 1041, 852, 765; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for

 $C_{19}H_{15}O_4$, 307.0965; found, m/z 307.0966; NOE ($\delta = 5.69$) 11.2%, NOE ($\delta = 6.29$) 12.3 %, 19.7%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-(2-methoxycarbonylbenzylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4j):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 139 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.85$ (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 5.68 (s, 1H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 51.3$, 52.1, 88.6, 100.2, 120.5, 121.2, 126.8, 128.2, 129.6, 130.7, 131.0, 131.6, 131.8, 132.3, 134.7, 135.6, 151.8, 161.9, 165.7, 167.9; IR (KBr): 2047, 1724, 1684, 1487, 1425, 1265, 1243, 1107, 1034, 759; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₁₇O₅,

337.1071 ; found, m/z 337.1073; NOE (δ = 5.67) 2.6%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-pentylideneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4k):



Pale yellow viscous oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 0.95$ (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.37-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.58 (m, 2H), 2.56 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 5.48 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.56 (dd, J = 0.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J = 1.0, 7.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 13.9$, 22.4, 25.4, 31.6, 51.2, 86.6, 105.9, 119.7, 121.2, 128.9, 131.4,

132.5, 134.6, 151.5, 162.6, 166.2; IR (KBr): 2954, 2858, 1868, 1647, 1434, 1270, 1152, 1038, 767; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{16}H_{19}O_3$, 259.1329; found, m/z 259.1326.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-(3-phenylpropylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4l):



Pale yellow viscous oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.87-2.91$ (m, 4H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 5.45-5.50 (m, 1H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 7.17-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.37-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.59 (dd, J = 0.7, 8.8 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 27.2$, 35.5, 51.2, 86.9, 104.4, 119.8, 121.2, 126.0, 128.4, 128.6, 129.0, 131.4, 132.6, 134.5, 141.4, 151.9, 162.4, 166.1; IR (KBr): 3025, 2947, 1650, 1473, 1270, 1148, 1030; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for

 $C_{20}H_{19}O_3$, 307.1329; found, m/z 307.1332.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-(2-methoxyethylidene)isobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4m):



Colorless viscous oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.44$ (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 4.47 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.61 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.63 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 51.2$, 58.3, 88.4, 87.9, 100.7, 120.3, 121.1, 129.8, 131.6, 132.9, 133.9, 153.0, 161.9, 165.8; IR (KBr): 2949, 1775, 1686, 1655, 1435, 1273, 1155, 769; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₄H₁₅O₄, 247.0965 ; found, m/z 247.0968.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-methyleneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]acetate (4n):



Viscous oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.80$ (s, 3H), 5.06 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.67 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 51.3$, 87.6, 87.7, 120.7, 121.1, 129.9, 131.6, 133.2, 134.0, 157.7, 162.0, 165.8; IR (KBr): 2947, 1686, 1638, 1467, 1433, 1152, 1052, 765; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₂H₁₁O₃, $\delta = 203.0700$

203.0703 ; found, m/z 203.0700.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-benzylideneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]propionate (40):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 118 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.35$ (s, 3H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.69 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 13.4$, 52.0, 100.9, 101.4, 119.9, 125.3, 127.0, 128.5, 129.0, 129.2, 130.3, 132.5, 134.5, 136.4, 150.4, 157.5, 168.2; IR (KBr): 3050, 1672,

1619, 1128, 1108, 753; HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for $C_{19}H_{17}O_3$, 293.1173; found, m/z 293.1177; NOE ($\delta = 2.35$) 4.6%, NOE ($\delta = 6.22$) 2.5 %, 2.8%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-benzylideneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]pentanoate (4p):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 93 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.07$ (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.59-1.69 (m, 2H), 2.77 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.54 (m, 4H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 14.0$, 22.6, 29.0, 51.9, 101.3, 107.0, 120.0, 124.8, 127.0, 128.5, 129.0, 129.4, 130.4, 131.9, 134.5, 136.6, 150.2, 157.5, 168.2; IR (KBr): 2956, 1682, 1618, 1137, 1109, 757;

HRMS (ESI): $[M]^+$ calcd for C₂₁H₂₁O₃, 321.1486; found, m/z 321.1488; NOE (δ = 2.78) 9.9%, NOE (δ = 6.23) 2.7 %, 3.3%.

Methyl (Z)-2-[(Z)-3-benzylideneisobenzofuran-1(3H)-ylidene]hex-5-enoate (4q):



Pale yellow solid; m.p.: 89 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 2.30-2.43$ (m, 2H), 2.85-2.94 (m, 2H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 5.04-5.07 (m, 1H), 5.12-5.16 (m, 1H), 5.92-6.04 (m, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.55 (m, 4H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H),; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 26.4$, 33.3, 52.0, 101.5, 106.1, 115.2, 120.0, 124.9, 127.1, 128.5, 129.0, 129.5, 130.5, 131.7, 134.4, 136.6, 137.6, 150.2, 157.8, 167.9; IR (KBr): 3075, 2943, 1675, 1618, 1321, 1108, 764; HRMS (ESI): [M]⁺ calcd for

 $C_{22}H_{21}O_3$, 333.1485; found, m/z 333.1482; NOE ($\delta = 6.22$) 13.0%, 16.7%.





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DFILE 20130615 ex1509E1 F pro 13C-1.4 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE. DATIM 2013-06-15 09:46:34 OBNUC 13C EXMOD single_pulse_dec 0BFRQ 98.52 MHz	OBSET 4.64 KHz OBFIN 8.74 Hz OBFIN 8.74 Hz OBFIN 8.74 Hz POINT 32768 PREQU 30788.18 Hz SCANS 512 ACQTM 30788.18 Hz SCANS 512 ACQTM 1.0643 sec PD 2.0000 sec PWI 1.0643 sec PWI 2.87 usec PWU 2.000 sec PWU 2.87 usec PWU 2.00 ppm BF 0.12 Hz RGAIN 36	13C-NMR (CDCI3) δ: 164.93 (0H, d, J = 251.8 Hz), 149.66 (0H, d, J = 4.7 Hz), 137.61 (0H, d, J = 1.0.3 Hz), 127.84 (0H, d, J = 1.9 Hz), 123.29 (0H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 117.67 (0H, d, J = 25.4 Hz), 106.43 (0H, d, J = 1.9 Hz). 88.17 (0H, d, J = 1.9 Hz).	Over	4c	S066
				PPM	
					5 ²
					- <mark>22</mark>
					75
					88.18 94.93 04.93
					06, 30 06, 56 17, 79 23, 24 22, 23 23, 24 17, 79 27, 83 23, 24 27, 83 27, 84 27, 83 27, 83 27, 84 27, 83 27, 85 27, 85 27
					98.72 68.72 68.72 68.72 68.72 68.72 68.72 68.72 68.72 68.72
					22.99 49.64 49.64 89.64 93.65 63.65 69.64 69.64
					125
					500











19























































































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