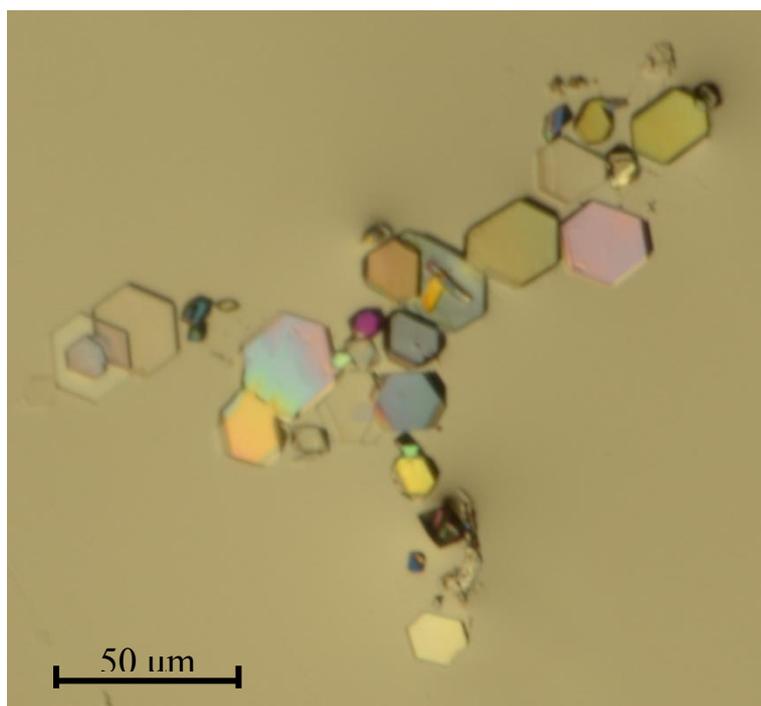
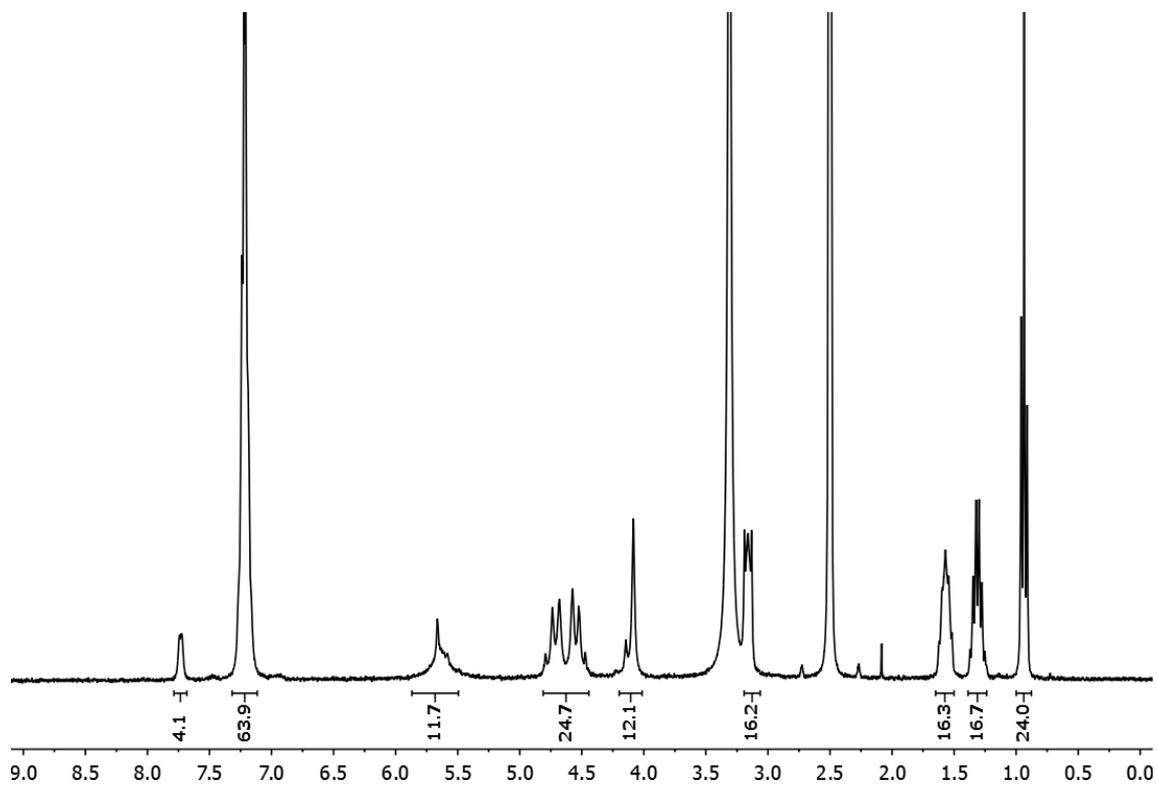


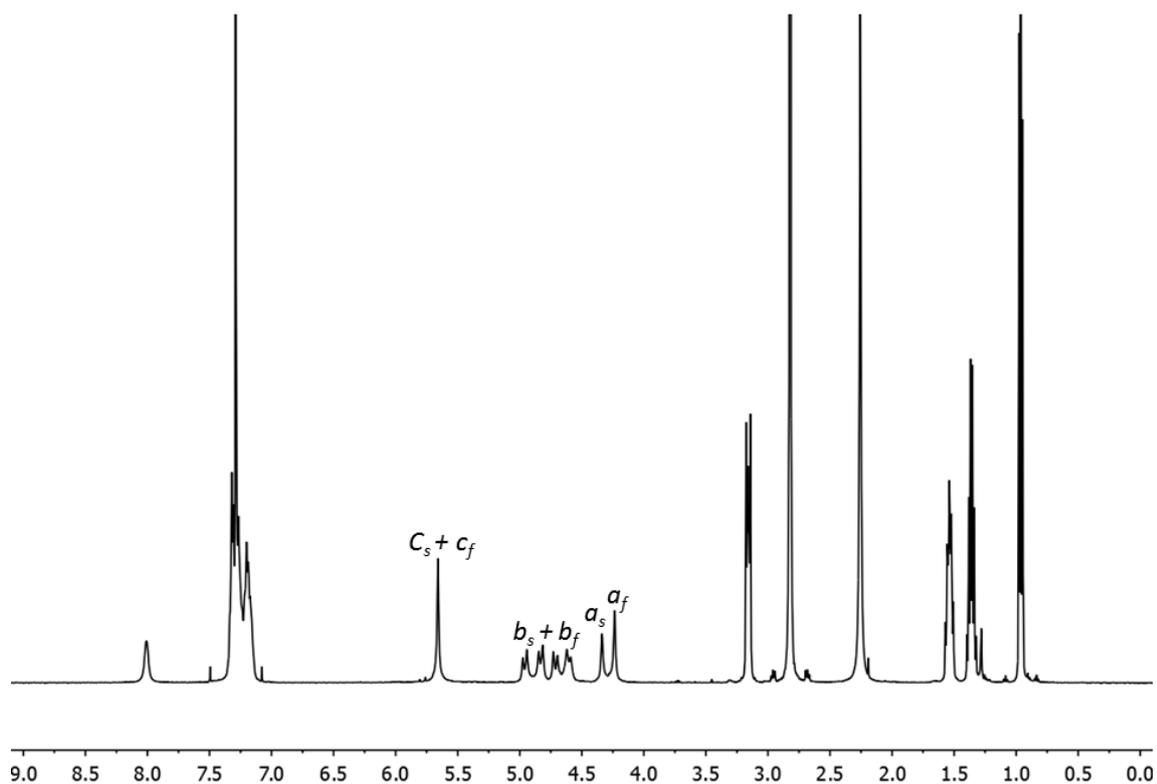
## Electronic Supporting Information



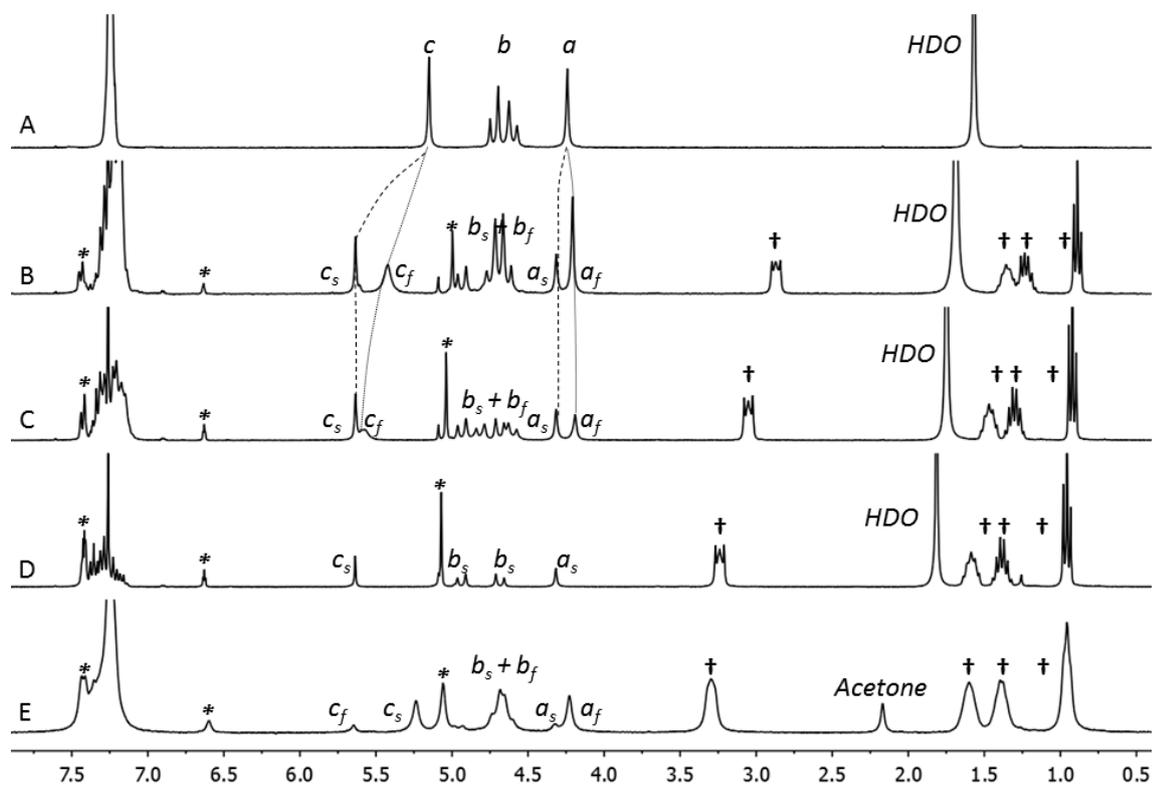
**Figure S1.** Photograph of microcrystalline material composing of **BU6-2(A1-)**.



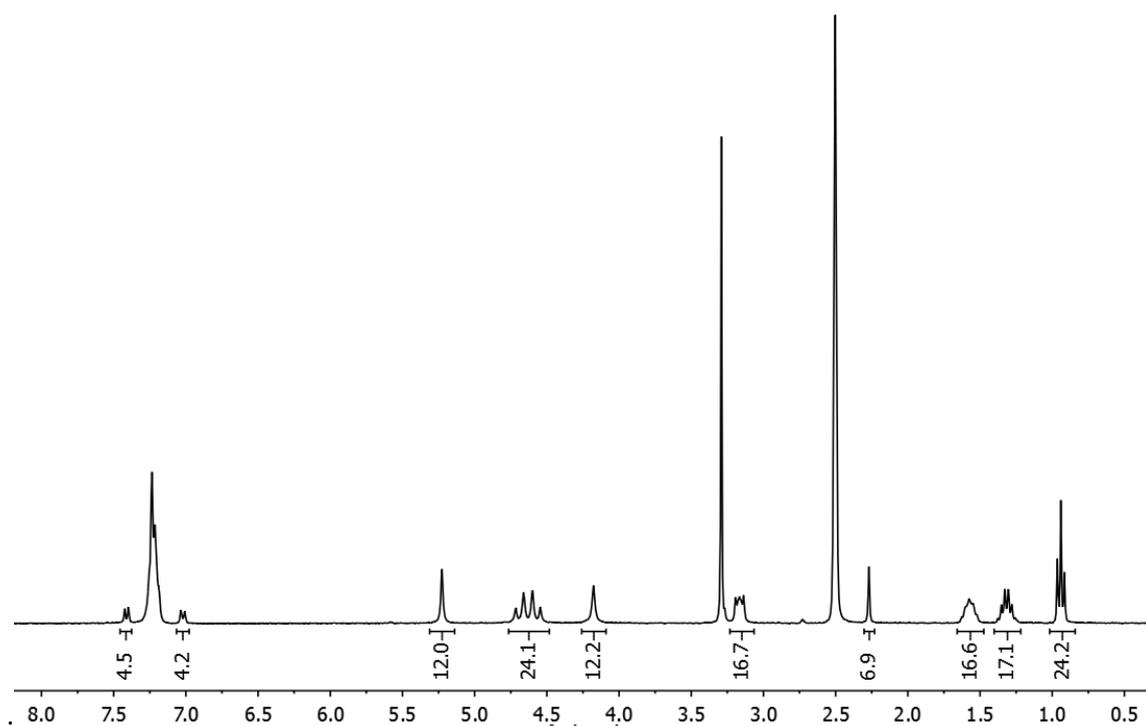
**Figure S2.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (300 MHz, [D<sub>6</sub>]DMSO, 30°C) of the solution of **BU6-2(A<sub>1</sub>-)** crystals.



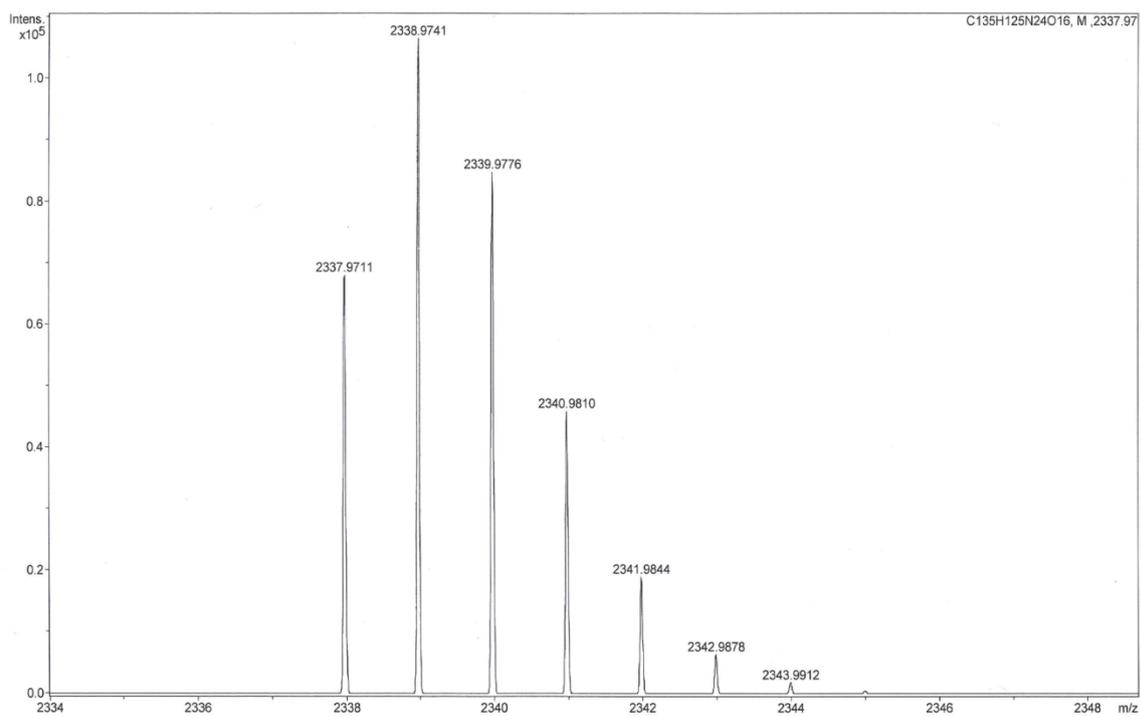
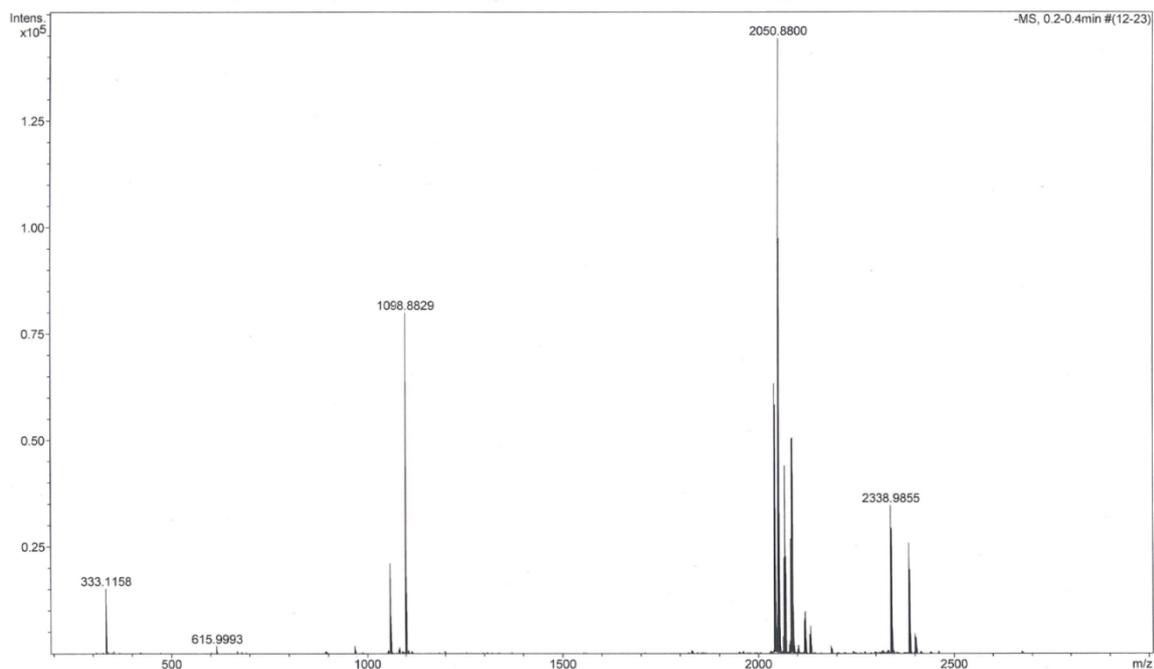
**Figure S3.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ) solution remained after crystallization of **BU6-2(A1 $^-$ )** complex.



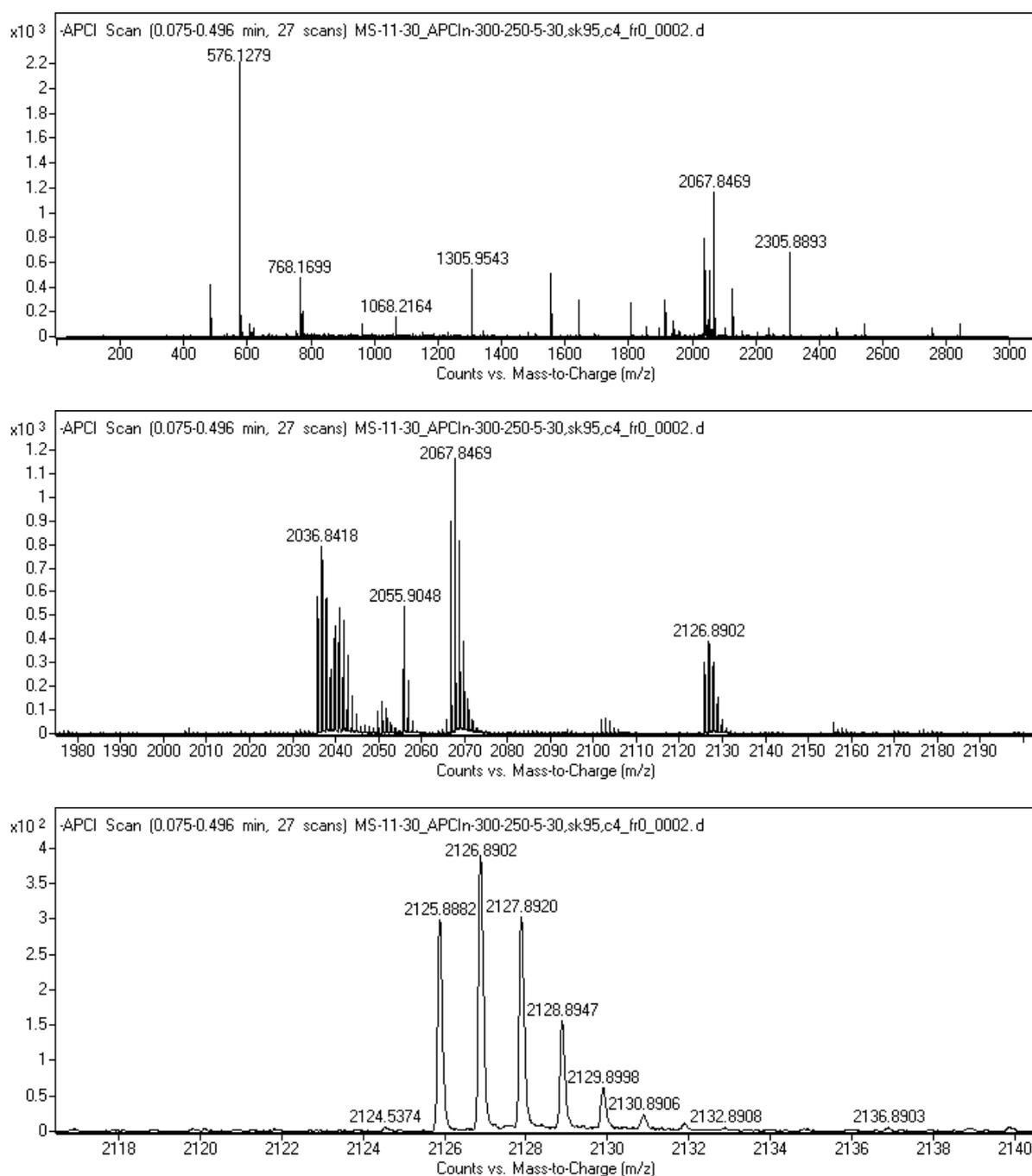
**Figure S4.** Full range  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $30^\circ\text{C}$ ) shown in **Figure 3** in the paper. \* Signal of  $\text{A}_2^-$ , † signal of TBA.



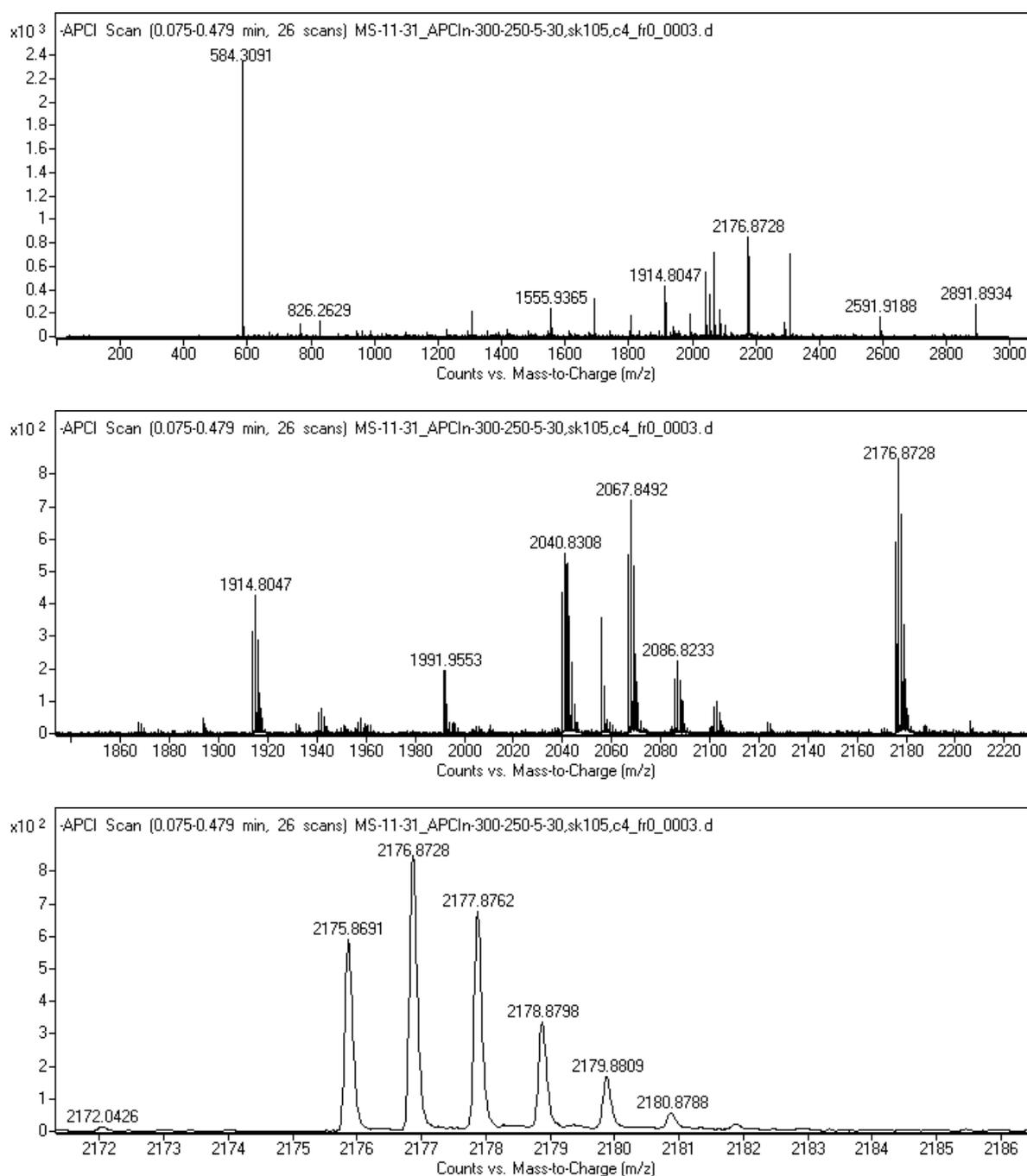
**Figure S5.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (300 MHz, [D<sub>6</sub>]DMSO, 30°C) of dissolved **BU6-2(A<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>)** crystals.



**Figure S6.** ESI-TOF MS spectra (negative mode) of BU6 and A<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>. HRMS (ESI-TOF-): m/z calcd. for [C<sub>135</sub>H<sub>125</sub>N<sub>24</sub>O<sub>16</sub>+H]<sup>-</sup>: 2338.9795, found: 2338.9741.



**Figure S7.** APCI MS spectra (negative mode) of **BU6** and **A<sub>1</sub><sup>-</sup>**. HRMS (APCI-): m/z calcd. for **[C<sub>121</sub>H<sub>113</sub>N<sub>24</sub>O<sub>14</sub>+H]<sup>-</sup>**: 2126.8471, found: 2126.8902.



**Figure S8.** APCI MS spectra (negative mode) of **BU6** and **A3<sup>-</sup>**. HRMS (APCI-): m/z calcd. for  $[\text{C}_{121}\text{H}_{115}\text{N}_{24}\text{O}_{15}\text{S}+\text{H}]^-$ : 2176.8784, found: 2176.8728.

Crystallographic data for **BU6·2(A1·TBA<sup>+</sup>)·2Et<sub>2</sub>O·2H<sub>2</sub>O** (C<sub>168</sub>H<sub>214</sub>N<sub>26</sub>O<sub>20</sub>), M<sub>r</sub> = 2917.65, crystal dimensions 0.40 x 0.40 x 0.30 mm, space group *P2<sub>1</sub>/n*, a = 17.7270(4) Å, b = 20.2092(5) Å, c = 22.9150(6) Å, β = 107.271(3)°, V = 7839.1(3) Å<sup>3</sup>, Z = 2, ρ<sub>calcd</sub> = 1.236 Mg/m<sup>3</sup>, μ = 0.082 mm<sup>-1</sup>. X-ray intensity data were measured at 120 K on a Kuma KM-4 CCD diffractometer using Mo-Kα (λ = 0.71073 Å) radiation, and the structure was solved using direct method; 79854 reflections collected, 13765 unique reflections (R<sub>int</sub> = 0.0509), data/restraints/parameters 13765/71/1005, final R indices (I>2σ(I)) R1 = 0.0433 and wR2 = 0.0955, Δρ<sub>max</sub>/Δρ<sub>min</sub> = 0.657/-0.420 e. Å<sup>-3</sup>. CCDC 953267 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via [www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data\\_request/cif](http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif).

Crystallographic data for **BU6·2(A3·TBA<sup>+</sup>)·10CHCl<sub>3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O** (C<sub>170</sub>H<sub>208</sub>Cl<sub>30</sub>N<sub>26</sub>O<sub>20</sub>S<sub>2</sub>), M<sub>r</sub> = 4045.23, crystal dimensions 0.20 x 0.25 x 0.35 mm, space group *P2<sub>1</sub>/n*, a = 21.105(2) Å, b = 19.2496(19) Å, c = 25.274(3) Å, β = 93.277(5)°, V = 10251(2) Å<sup>3</sup>, Z = 2, ρ<sub>calcd</sub> = 1.311 Mg/m<sup>3</sup>, μ = 0.480 mm<sup>-1</sup>. X-ray intensity data were measured at 120 K on a Rigaku MicroMax-007 HF rotating anode four-circle diffractometer using Mo-Kα (λ = 0.71075 Å) radiation, and the structure was solved using direct method; 141993 reflections collected, 18024 unique reflections (R<sub>int</sub> = 0.0564), data/restraints/parameters 18024/103/1197, final R indices (I>2σ(I)) R1 = 0.1106 and wR2 = 0.3198, Δρ<sub>max</sub>/Δρ<sub>min</sub> = 2.324/-1.223 e. Å<sup>-3</sup>. CCDC 965535 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via [www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data\\_request/cif](http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif).