Electronic Supplementary Information

Iron(III)-salan complexes catalysed highly enantioselective fluorination and hydroxylation of β -keto esters and N-Boc oxindoles

Xin Gu,^a Zhang Yan,^a Zhen-Jiang Xu^{*a} and Chi-Ming Che^{*a,b}

^aShanghai-Hong Kong Joint Laboratory in Chemical Synthesis, Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry,354 Feng Lin Road, Shanghai, China. Fax: (852)2857-1586; Tel: (852) 2859-2154; E-mail: <u>xuzhenjiang@mail.sioc.ac.cn</u>; <u>cmche@hku.hk</u>

^b Department of Chemistryand State Key Laboratory of Synthetic Chemistry, The University of Hong Kong, Pokfulam Road, Hong Kong, China

Table of contents

General information	S2
Preparation of the iron complexes	S2
Synthesis of β -keto esters	S 8
Enatioselective fluoronation of β -keto esters Table S1	S18 S18
Optimization for enantioselective fluoronation of oxindoles Table S2 Table S3	S26 S26 S27
Synthesis of 3-alkyl or 3-aryl oxindoles	S27
Enatioselective fluoronation of oxindoles	S36
Optimization for enantioselective hydroxylation of β -keto ester Table S4	S42 S42
Synthesis of oxidants	S43
Enatioselective hydroxylation of β -keto esters	S47
Mass spectrometry analysis	S51
References	S52
Fig. S1 ESI-MS spectrum	S 53
HPLC spectra of products	S54

General information

All manipulations were carried out using standard Schlenk line or drybox techniques under an atmosphere of argon. Solvents were predried over activated 4 Å molecular sieves and were refluxed over magnesium (methanol), sodium (toluene, THF, Et₂O, benzene, dioxane, cyclohexane), or calcium hydride (DCM, DCE, EA, MeCN) under an argon atmosphere and collected by distillation. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Mercury 300 (300 MHz) or Bruker AM 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were referenced internally to residual protio-solvent (¹H) or solvent (¹³C) resonances and are reported relative to tetramethylsilane. HPLC analyses on an Agilent 1100 Series chromatograph. Infrared spectra were prepared as KBr pellets and were recorded on a Bio-Rad FTS-185 FT-IR spectrometer. Optical rotations were measured with a Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimeter in a 1 dm cuvette. Mass spectra were recorded by the mass spectrometry service of Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry. (*R*,*R*)-2,2'-Bipyrrolidine^{1,2} was synthesized according to the literature procedures. All other reagents were commercially available and used as received.



I. Preparation of the iron complexes

Synthesis of salicylaldehyde 10^{3-4}

At room temperature, tin(IV) tetrachloride (0.4 mL) was added to a solution of phenol (33.3 mmol) and 2,6-lutidine (23.4 mmol) in freshly distilled toluene (30 mL) under a argon atmosphere. After the addition was complete, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for a further 30 min. Paraformaldehyde (2.2 g) was then introduced and the resulting yellowish solution was heated to 100 °C for 10 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool down to room temperature, poured into water (100 mL) and acidified with 2 M HCl until pH = 2. The solution was extracted with DCM (3 × 30 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄, concentrated, and purified by flash chromatography to generate the product **9**.

To a stirred solution of the salicylaldehyde **9** (92.1 mmol) in HOAc (46 mL) was added a solution of Br_2 (5.18 mL, 102 mmol) in HOAc (20 mL) dropwise within 20 min. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature and afterward diluted with DCM. The organic layer was washed with 39% sodium bisulfate solution, water, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, and brine, and was dried with sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuum. The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel.



9c

Yield: 73% (4.30 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.80 (s, 1H), 9.88 (s, 1H), 7.54 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 178 (M⁺), 164 (14.82), 163 (100.00), 135 (60.44), 115 (14.18), 107 (22.30), 91 (16.47), 77 (12.92).



Yield: 65% (3.55 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.89 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, J = 2.1, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.35-3.41

(m, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H); MS (ESI): m/z 165.0 [M+1]⁺.



Yield: 90% (21.3 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.74 (s, 1H), 9.82 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 256 (M⁺), 243 (99.43), 241 (100.00), 215 (38.24), 213 (40.85), 134 (44.88), 115 (33.85).



Yield: 84% (18.8 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.31 (s, 1H), 9.83 (s, 1H), 7.53 (s, 2H), 3.37-3.32 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.57, 158.08, 139.71, 136.16, 132.83, 121.08, 111.26, 26.30, 21.90; MS (ESI): m/z 241.0 [M-1]⁺; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3159, 2964, 2869, 1659, 1606, 1434, 1298, 1261, 1207, 973, 766, 720, 701 cm⁻¹.

Synthesis of ligand 11⁵⁻⁶

To a solution of the salicylaldehyde **10** (24.4 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was added NaBH₄ (1.84 g, 48.8 mmol) slowly. During addition, the mixture turned from pale yellow to colourless and stirring was continued for 1 h at room temperature. The volatiles were then removed using a rotary evaporator and the residue was mixed with water (50 mL). The mixture was neutralized with glacial acetic acid before being extracted with DCM (3×150 mL). The combined extracts were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated to give the crude 2-hydroxybenzyl alcohol.

To a solution of 2-hydroxybenzyl alcohol (23.4 mmol) in CHCl₃ (50 mL) was added PBr₃ (1.10 mL, 11.7 mmol). White fumes appeared immediately during addition and stirring was continued for 8 h at room temperature. Then cold water (30 mL) was added with vigorous stirring for 2 min. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous residue was extracted with CHCl₃ (2 \times 50 mL). The combined extracts

were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, concentrated, and dried in vacuo to give a pale-yellow liquid, which was used without further purification.

Et₃N (0.2 mL, 2 equiv) was added dropwise to a solution of (R,R)-bipyrrolidine (180 mg, 1.28 mmol) and 2-(bromomethyl)-phenol (2.56 mmol) in THF (50 mL). The mixture was stirred for 24 h at RT, producing a white precipitate of Et₃N HBr, which was filtered off and extracted with cold THF. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica-gel to give the ligand **11** as white solid.



Yield: 67% (494 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.23 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 4.00 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 3.07-3.04 (m, 2H), 2.77-2.74 (m, 2H), 2.23-2.19 (m, 2H), 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.73(m, 6H), 1.41 (s, 18H), 1.28 (s, 18H); MS (ESI): m/z 577.3 [M+1]⁺.



Yield: 55% (471 mg); m.p.(°C): 224-226; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.56 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 2H), 4.24 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 2H), 3.37 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 2H), 3.10-3.05 (m, 2H), 2.99-2.95 (m, 2H), 2.28-2.23 (m, 2H), 2.13-2.08 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.80 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 153.67, 134.08, 129.72, 124.68, 110.69, 64.60, 57.46, 54.81, 25.20, 23.57; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3445, 3065, 2962, 2875, 2842, 2533, 1592, 1447, 1385, 1283, 1257, 1151, 1110, 967, 924, 883, 820, 726, 684, 560, 511, 419 cm⁻¹; MS (ESI): m/z 669.0 [M+1]⁺; HRMS (MALDI): For [C₂₂H₂₅N₂O₂Br₄⁺] Calcl. 664.8644, Found: 664.8659; [α]^D₂₅:+61.1(c= 1.02, solv:

CHCl₃).



Yield: 70% (557 mg); m.p.(°C): 176-178; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 10.96 (br, 2H), 7.26 (s, 2H), 6.97 (s, 2H), 3.99 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 2H), 3.41 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 2H), 3.05-3.00 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.81 (m, 2H), 2.26-2.26 (m, 2H), 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.77 (m, 6H) , 1.37 (s, 18H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 155.72, 138.78, 128.84, 128.44, 124.65, 110.50, 65.33, 58.25, 54.89, 34.86, 29.20, 25.53, 23.81; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3418, 2959, 2872, 2823, 1467, 1426, 1393, 1360, 1238, 1161, 1110, 988, 931, 869, 761, 702 cm⁻¹; MS (ESI): m/z 623.1 [M+1]⁺; HRMS (MALDI): For: [C₃₀H₄₃N₂O₂Br₂⁺] Calcl. 621.1686, Found: 621.1687; [α]^D₂₅: +36.6 (c= 0.89, solv: CHCl₃).



Yield: 62% (472 mg); m.p.($^{\circ}$ C): 170-172; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 10.92 (br, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 2H), 3.32-3.24 (m, 2H) 3.07-3.01 (m, 2H), 2.94-2.89 (m, 2H), 2.26-2.22 (m, 2H), 2.06-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.79 (m, 6H), 1.20 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 7.1 Hz, 12H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 153.78, 137.57, 128.15, 127.86, 123.69, 110.85, 64.81, 57.72, 54.82, 26.51, 25.33, 23.62, 22.55, 22.40; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2961, 2869, 2826, 1604, 1466, 1436, 1337, 1276, 1212, 1110, 871, 730, 409 cm⁻¹; MS (ESI): *m*/*z* 593.0 [M+1]⁺; HRMS (MALDI): For [C28H39N2O2Br2]⁺ Calcl. 593.1373, Found: 593.1363; [α]^D₂₀: +81.7 (c= 0.91, solv: CHCl₃).

Synthesis of iron complex **3**

FeCl₃ (1.0 mmol, 162.2 mg) and ligand (1.1 equiv, 1.1 mmol) were dissolved in MeOH (6 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 8 h and then cooled down to room temperature. Water and DCM were added and the organic layer was washed with water and dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated. The complex was obtained by recrystallization of the residue in DCM and hexane.



Yield: 75% (500 mg); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3445, 2956, 2904, 2868, 1633, 1467, 1440, 1362, 1295, 1267, 1240, 1203, 1169, 841; MS (MALDI): m/z 630.4 [M-Cl]⁺; HRMS (MALDI): For [C38H58N2O2⁵⁴Fe]⁺ (M-Cl)⁺ Calcl. 628.3889, Found: 628.3881.



Yield: 71% (538 mg); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3449, 2922, 2850, 1728, 1574, 1440, 1309, 1275, 1160, 1001, 889, 859, 717, 572; MS (MALDI): *m/z* 717.8 [M-Cl]⁺.



Yield: 78% (555 mg); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3445, 2955, 1732, 1463, 1430, 1408, 1389, 1357, 1293, 1250, 1167, 870, 814, 733, 569, 496; MS (MALDI): m/z 674.1 [M-Cl]⁺; HRMS (MALDI): For [C30H40N2O2Br2⁵⁴Fe]⁺ (M-Cl)⁺ Calcl. 672.0847, Found: 672.0841.



Yield: 62% (424 mg); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2958, 2867, 1434, 1337, 1291, 1251, 1220, 1002, 930, 868, 849, 757, 597; MS (MALDI): m/z 646.0 [M-Cl]⁺; HRMS (MALDI): For [C28H36N2O2Br2⁵⁴Fe]⁺ (M-Cl)⁺ Calcl. 644.0534, Found: 644.0525.

II. Synthesis of β -keto esters

Synthesis of cyclic 4a-4g, $4l^7$

Indanone (5 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) was added to a suspension of NaH (400 mg, 10 mmol) in dry THF (20 mL) at RT. The solution was warmed to reflux and *tert*-butyl pyrrole-1-carboxylate (1.67 mL, 10 mmol) in dry THF (2.5 mL) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred at reflux until completion (3-6 h). Following cooling to 0 °C, the solution was acidified with 1 N HCl. The solution was extracted with EtOAc (25 mL) and the organic portion was washed with brine (25 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 81% (940 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 3.9, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 232 (M⁺), 176 (78.10), 159 (52.00), 158 (40.63), 131 (39.10), 130 (100.00), 103 (28.91), 77 (29.88), 57 (46.19).



Yield: 80% (985 mg); m.p.(°C): 59-61; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.56 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.36 (m, 2H), 3.61 (dd, J = 3.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 197.57, 165.89, 148.54, 135.04, 133.93, 133.01, 123.59, 121,85, 79.35, 52.13, 27.39, 25.44, 25.39, 18.45; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2981, 2933, 1724, 1699, 1616, 1581, 1495, 1370, 1325, 1284, 1219, 1142, 1114, 1032, 989, 877, 849, 817, 755, 493; MS (EI): m/z 246 (M⁺), 190 (49.11), 173 (38.92), 172 (14.14), 145 (37.33), 144 (100.00), 116 (13.75), 115 (40.45), 57 (28.19); HRMS (EI): For: [C15H18O3]⁺ Calcl. 246.1256; Found: 246.1254.



Yield: 67% (838 mg); m.p.(°C): 65-67; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47 (dd, J = 4.0, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 2.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (td, J = 2.8, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (dd, J = 3.6, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, J = 3.6, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (dd, J = 8.0, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 196.50 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 165.33, 159.83 (d, J = 247.4 Hz), 146.52 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 125.35, 120.43 (d, J = 20.8 Hz), 107.57 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 103.31, 79.70, 52.55, 27.17, 25.41, 25.36; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -114.11- -114.17 (m, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3071, 3012, 2978, 2934, 1644, 1609, 1575, 1472, 1454, 1403, 1371, 1362, 1312, 1255, 1204, 1161, 1141, 1116, 1086, 880, 845, 807, 783, 737, 700, 652, 557; MS (EI): m/z 250 (M⁺), 194 (52.51), 177(41.00), 176 (23.86), 149 (30.15), 148 (100.00), 120 (21.62), 101 (25.27), 57 (41.73); HRMS (EI): For: [C14H15O3F]⁺ Calcl. 250.1005; Found: 250.1009.



Yield: 70% (933 mg); m.p.(°C): 88-90; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 0.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (dd, J = 3.6, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 196.12, 165.24, 149.18, 136.30, 134.33, 131.48, 121.63, 102.91, 79.76, 52.22, 27.32, 25.42, 25.37; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3289, 2980, 2931, 1664, 1623, 1593, 1563, 1479, 1454, 1402, 1393, 1363, 1306, 1280, 1256, 1224, 1162, 1129, 1105, 874, 849, 803, 776, 755, 653, 547, 520, 462; MS (EI): m/z 266 (M⁺), 210 (60.10), 193 (46.43), 166 (34.12), 165 (30.20), 164 (100.00), 102 (28.58), 101 (29.27), 57 (60.95); HRMS (EI): For: [C14H15O3Cl]⁺ Calcl. 266.0710; Found: 266.0713.



Yield: 75% (1.00 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.69 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (dd, J = 4.2, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 266 (M⁺), 210 (76.18), 193 (83.70), 192 (39.09), 165 (50.36), 164 (84.33), 102 (52.58), 101 (47.18), 57 (100.00).



Yield: 79% (1.04g); m.p.(°C): 84-86; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.64 (dd, J = 3.9, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 197.46, 165.81, 156.99, 144.02, 134.01, 122.12, 122.09, 102.93, 79.39, 52.98, 52.51, 27.09, 25.43, 25.38; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2983, 2929, 2842, 1721, 1698, 1615, 1493, 1438, 1430, 1371, 1330, 1300, 1278, 1229, 1150, 1031, 995, 862, 849, 827, 782, 765, 516; MS (EI): m/z 262 (M⁺), 206 (36.32), 189 (30.72), 188 (18.75), 161 (34.30), 160 (100.00), 118 (9.64), 89 (11.73), 57 (21.75); HRMS (EI): For: [C15H18O4]⁺ Calcl. 262.1205; Found: 262.1202.



Yield: 82% (1.20 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.17 (s, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 236 (43.14), 219 (41.88), 218 (53.12), 192 (47.62), 191 (51.75), 190 (100.00), 163 (15.84), 57 (28.42).

Yield: 55% (677 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dd, J = 4.8, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.81-2.76 (m, 2H), 2.54-2.45 (m, 2H), 1.55 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 266 (M⁺), 210 (76.18), 193 (83.70), 192 (39.09), 165 (50.36), 164 (84.33), 102 (52.58), 101 (47.18), 57 (100.00).

Synthesis of **4h** and **4i**⁸

Following the reported procedure, a 100 mL two-neck flask was charged with a suspension of NaH (3.32 g, 60% in mineral oil, 83 mmol, 2.2 equiv.) in dimethyl carbonate (10 mL). 1-Indanone (5.0 g, 37.75 mmol, 1 equiv.) in dimethyl carbonate (35 mL) was added dropwise and the resulting mixture was refluxed at 80 $^{\circ}$ C for 2 h. After cooling to RT, 100 mL of water was added. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with DCM (3 ×25 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduce pressure. The brown residual oil was purified by flash chromatography to afford the product.



Yield: 70% (5.03g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, J

= 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.75 (dd, J = 4.2, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H); MS (EI): m/z 190 (M⁺), 159 (22.68), 131 (57.98), 130 (100.00), 103 (37.62), 102 (29.60), 77 (34.05), 51 (15.22).



The reaction precedue was similar to that of **4h**, except that diethyl carbonate was used instead of dimethyl carbonate.

Yield: 66% (5.09 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (dd, *J* = 3.9, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H).

Synthesis of **4j**, **4k**

different The methyl 1-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate with substituent **4h**. solution of was prepared as А methyl 1-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carboxylate (1.0 mmol), dibutyltin oxide (0.10 mmol) and iso-propyl alcohol or 1-adamantanol (10 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) was refluxed for 8 h. Evaporation of the solvent and chromatography on silica gel afforded the product.

Yield: 61% (133 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.77 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.12-5.07 (m, 1H), 3.68 (dd, J = 4.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (dd, J = 3.3, 6.2 Hz, 6H); MS (EI): m/z 218 (M⁺), 176 (38.44), 159 (33.70), 158



Yield: 52% (162 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (dd, *J* = 3.9, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 9H), 1.66 (s, 6H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 310 (M⁺), 152 (12.93), 136 (10.86), 135 (100.00), 95 (50.60), 93 (13.66), 92 (10.76), 79 (14.55), 77 (14.41).

Synthesis of 4m⁹



A solution of adipoyl chloride (9.0 g) in Et₂O (10 mL) was added dropwise to a solution of ^tBuOH (15 mL, 162 mmol) and *N*,*N*-dimethylaniline (20 mL, 157.0 mmol) in Et₂O (10 mL) at 0 °C. The resultant mixture was allowed to warm slowly to RT and stirred for 24 h. The solution was diluted with H₂O (50 mL) and the aqueous phase was separated. The organic portion was washed sequentially with 1 M HCl (3 × 50 mL), 2 M NaOH (aq, 2 × 50 mL) and brine (80 mL), then dried and concentrated in vacuo to give di-*tert*-butyl adipate (**12**) as a colourless oil.

NaH (60% suspension in mineral oil, 2.7 g, 112.5 mmol) was suspended in benzene (25 mL). A solution of di-*tert*-butyladipate (0.3 g) in ^tBuOH (0.15 mL) and benzene (25 mL) was added. After refluxed for 30 min, more di-*tert*-butyladipate (8.0 g) as a solution in benzene (15 mL) was added dropwise over 45 min. The resultant mixture was heated to reflux for 10 h, then allowed to cool to RT before being cooled to 0 °C prior to the sequential addition of AcOH (aq, 10%, 90 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated in vacuo. Purification via vacuum distillation

gave tertbutyl 2-oxocyclopentanecarboxylate as a colourless oil, bp 78-80 °C (2.0 mmHg).

Yield: 88% (11.2 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.26-2.20 (m, 4H), 1.65-1.58 (m, 4H), 1.44 (s, 18H); MS (EI): *m/z* 258 (M⁺), 147 (17.64), 146 (28.10), 129 (94.67), 128 (14.98), 111 (18.99), 57 (100.00), 55 (18.76), 41 (23.54).





Yield: 71% (4.20 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.05 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.32-2.22 (m, 4H), 2.16-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.47 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 184 (M⁺), 128 (53.65), 111 (100.00), 110 (28.49), 100 (60.84), 83 (23.86), 57 (100.00), 55 (49.94), 41 (36.10).

Synthesis of $4n^{10}$



To a solution of *tert*-butyl salicylate (400 mg, 2.06 mmol) and potassium carbonate (300 mg, 2.16 mmol) in 2-butanone (1 mL) was added *tert*-butyl bromoacetate (442 mg, 2.16 mmol) and the mixture was refluxed for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with water and the whole mixture was extracted with chloroform. The organic layer was washed with 5% NaOH (aq.) and brine successively and dried over Na₂SO₄. Evaporation of the solvent and chromatography afforded the product as a white solid.

To a suspension of potassium *tert*-butoxide (218 mg, 1.95 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) was added *tert*-butyl 2-(2-*tert*-butoxy-2-oxoethyl) benzoate (300 mg, 0.974

mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with NH_4Cl (aq.) and the whole mixture was extracted with EA. The organic layer was washed with brine and dried over Na_2SO_4 . Evaporation and chromatography afforded the product as a grey solid.

Yield: 86% (546 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.74 (dd, J = 0.6, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.01 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 1.59 (s, 9H), 1.47 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 308 (M⁺), 196 (22.91), 179 (24.36), 152 (22.63), 151 (22.77), 123 (21.34), 121 (19.05), 57 (100.00), 41 (21.49).



4n

Yield: 90% (205 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.27 (br, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.25 (m, 2H), 1.67 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 234 (M⁺), 178 (67.11), 161 (30.09), 160 (100.00), 104 (37.91), 102 (22.67), 76 (20.98), 57 (50.29), 41 (17.04).

Synthesis of 40^{11}



Aq. NaOH (33% w/v, 3.30 mL) was added to a solution of *tert*-butyl acetoacetate (10 mL, 74.6 mmol) in hexane (12 mL) and H₂O (25 mL) at 0 °C. Two dropping funnels were used to add aq. NaOH (33% w/v, 13.5 mL) and benzoyl chloride(10 mL, 86.1 mmol) simultaneously over 2 h, with vigorous stirring, maintaining the pH at about 11 and the temperature below 10 °C. The mixture was then warmed to 35 °C for 30 min, before transferring to aseparating funnel. The aqueous layer was separated

and returned to the flask, to which NH_4Cl (4 g, 74.8mmol) was added. After stirring at RT for a further 18 h the solution was diluted with brine (20 mL) and extracted to Et_2O (3 × 40 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography to afford the product **14**.

A mixture of **14** (11.6 mmol), MeI (1.45 mL, 23.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3.19 g, 23.2 mmol) and MeCN (40 mL) was refluxed for 18 h. The mixture was cooled, quenched with H₂O (100 mL), and extracted with Et₂O (2×80 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the product **40** as a colourless oil.

Yield: 78% (12.8 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.59-7.43 (m, 5H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 220 (M⁺), 165 (22.23), 164 (14.87), 147 (17.53), 105 (100.00), 77 (32.75), 57 (56.43), 51 (11.62), 41 (16.09).

Yield: 44% (1.20 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.97 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4,.25 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.34 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 178 ([M-C₄H₈]⁺), 106 (8.58), 105 (100.00), 77 (26.53), 57 (28.33), 56 (6.46), 51 (6.55), 41 (7.83).

Synthesis of **4p**¹¹

NaH (60% suspension in mineral oil, 15.1mmol, 1.25 equiv.) was suspended in THF (25 mL). A solution of *tert*-butyl acetoacetate (1.10g, 12.1 mmol) in THF (15 mL) and benzyl bromide (1.75 mL, 15.1 mmol, 1.25 equiv.) was added and the reaction was stirred overnight. The mixture was quenched with H₂O (35 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (2 × 50 mL). The combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄)

and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give the product **4p** as a colourless oil.

Yield: 51% (1.52 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27-7.16 (m, 5H), 3.69 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dd, J = 2.7, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 248 (M⁺), 192 (63.58), 149 (100.00), 147 (25.17), 131 (73.05), 91 (29.99), 57 (90.05), 43 (58.52), 41 (28.66).

Synthesis of $4q^{11}$



Mono-*tert*-butyl malonate (1 g, 6.25 mmol) and NEt₃ (0.871 mL, 6.25 mmol) were dissolved in THF (30 mL) and the solution cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C. After dropwise addition of methyl choroformate, the mixture was stirred for 30 min and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to give **15** as a yellow oil.

The prepration of **4q** was similar to that of **4p**, **15** was used instead of *tert*-butyl acetoacetate.

Yield: 74% (812 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 159 ([M-CH₃]⁺), 119 (29.94), 101 (99.20), 59 (32.00), 57 (100.00), 56 (15.46), 43 (16.01), 42 (16.38), 41 (31.62).

Yield: 57% (1.82 g); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.28-7.19 (m, 5H), 3.70 (s, 3H),

3.58 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 264 (M⁺), 208 (68.97), 162 (100.00), 159 (41.45), 148 (34.82), 131 (34.15), 103 (21.67), 91 (47.94), 57 (73.90).

III. Enatioselective fluoronation of β -keto esters

The β -ketoester (0.2 mmol or 0.267 mmol) was dissolved in the indicated solvent (1.0 mL). To this solution was added the iron complex (2 mol%, 0.004 mmol), and successively NFSI (75 mg, 0.24 mmol) was added at the given temperature (0 °C or -20 °C). The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature. After the completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated, and the product was purified by flash column chromatography. The ee of the product was determined by chiral HPLC analysis.

	da orten de la constante de la	Cat. (5 mol%) NFSI (1.5 equiv.) DCM, RT, 10 h 4 Å MS	F O ^t Bu 5a	
Entry	Catalyst	Yield (%)	$ee(\%)^c$	
1	1 a	84	58	
2	1b	97	3	
3	1c	81	36	
4	d	45	38	
5	2	61	8	
6	3 a	94	26	
7	3 b	95	57	
8	3c	96	87	
9	3d	94	8	

 \cap

Table S1 Catalyst screening for the fluorination reaction of $4a^{a}$

 \cap

^{*a*} Reaction conditions: substrates (0.1 mmol), cat. (5 mol%) and NFSI (1.5 equiv.) were stirred in DCM with 4 Å MS at room temperature for 10 h under Aratmostphere. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*}Determined by chiral HPLC. ^{*d*} 10 mol% Co(acac)₂ and 10 mol% Jacobsen's Salen ligand were used as catalyst.



Yield: 96% (64.1 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.84 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 2H), 3.74 (dd, J = 11.1, 17.7 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dd, J = 17.7, 23.1 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR(282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -164.43 (dd, J = 10.7, 23.5 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 250 (M⁺), 194 (62.99), 174 (30.93), 150 (21.34), 149 (99.01), 130 (17.63), 101 (44.43), 57 (100.00), 41 (31.33); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 11.7 min, tR(minor)= 14.0 min (94% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -1.2 (c= 1.04, solv: CHCl₃, 94% *ee*).



Yield: 97% (68.2 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.50 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (dd, J = 10.8, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (dd, J = 17.4, 22.5 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.81 (d, J = 18.0 Hz), 166.13, 148.37 (d, J = 4.1 Hz), 138.52, 137.71, 133.59 (d, J = 1.3 Hz), 126.08 (d, J = 1.5 Hz), 125.18 (d, J = 1.4 Hz), 94.65 (d, J = 199.9 Hz), 83.95, 37.94 (d, J = 23.7 Hz). 27.74, 21.02; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -164.16 (dd, J = 11.0, 23.4 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2981, 2932, 1761, 1729, 1616, 1584, 1495, 1371, 1284, 1225, 1206, 1156, 1106, 1074, 959, 841, 802, 692, 504 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 249 ([M-CH₃]⁺), 208 (39.35), 188 (40.07), 163 (87.47), 135 (26.25), 133 (37.01), 115 (36.95), 57 (100.00), 41 (30.99); HRMS (EI): For [C14H14O3F]⁺ ([M-CH₃]⁺) Calcl. 249.0927, Found: 249.0933; HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 11.9 min, tR(minor)= 20.2 min (97% ee); [α]^D₂₀: +5.0 (c= 1.05, solv: CHCl₃, 97% ee).



Yield: 95% (68.0 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48-7.40 (m, 3H), 3.70 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (dd, *J* = 17.1, 21.8 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 194.82 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 18.6 Hz), 165.66 (d, *J* = 27.7 Hz), 162.47 (d, *J* = 248.6 Hz), 146.30 (dd, *J* = 2.3, 4.2 Hz), 135.06 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 127.91 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 124.06 (d, *J* = 23.1 Hz), 110.92 (d, *J* = 22.4 Hz), 94.62 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 201.6 Hz), 84.21, 37.61 (d, *J* = 24.3 Hz), 27.60; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.65- -112.72 (m, 1F), -163.80 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 21.8 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2982, 2936, 1763, 1733, 1615, 1489, 1441, 1396, 1372, 1297, 1286, 1228, 1210, 1156, 1077, 975, 865, 839, 805, 768 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m*/*z* 253 ([M-CH₃]⁺), 212 (26.75), 192 (20.53), 168 (11.18), 167 (46.62), 147 (11.03), 119 (30.11), 57 (100.00), 41 (25.21); HRMS (EI): For [C13H1103F2]⁺ ([M-CH₃]⁺) Calcl. 253.0676, Found: 253.0682; HPLC: Phenomenex PC-2, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=95/5, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 15.0 min, tR(major)= 16.1 min (95% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: -4.9 (c= 1.21, solv: CHCl₃, 95% *ee*).



Yield: 98% (74.5 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, *J* = 2.1, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 17.7 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 17.7, 22.2 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 194.59 (d, *J* = 18.5 Hz), 165.72 (d, *J* = 26.9 Hz), 148.98 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz), 136.40, 134.89 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz), 134.81, 127.67 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz), 124.97 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz), 94.42 (d, *J* = 201.3 Hz), 84.43, 37.84 (d, *J* = 24.3 Hz), 27.73; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.86 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 22.2 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2981, 2935, 1763, 1732, 1602, 1471, 1428, 1371, 1293, 1258, 1204, 1187, 1155, 1118, 1075, 949, 839, 802, 731, 598, 515 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m*/*z* 269 ([M-CH₃]⁺), 228 (15.58), 208 (13.38), 183 (28.39), 135 (12.44), 120 (13.93), 57 (100.00), 43 (21.19), 41 (27.78); HRMS (EI): For [C13H1103FCI]⁺

 $([M-CH_3]^+)$ Calcl. 269.0381, Found: 269.0382; HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak IC, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=95/5, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 18.6 min, tR(minor)= 23.3 min (94% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: -16.9 (c= 1.10, solv: CHCl₃, 94% *ee*).



Yield: 93% (70.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.77 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (dd, J = 10.5, 17.9 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (dd, J = 17.9, 22.4 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.76 (dd, J = 10.5, 22.4 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 284 (M⁺), 228 (34.42), 185 (22.46), 184 (23.02), 183 (64.13), 135 (22.66), 120 (29.99), 57 (100.00), 41 (25.56); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 29.3 min, tR(minor)= 40.1 min (94% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: +36.8 (c= 1.08, solv: CHCl₃, 95% *ee*).



Yield: 99% (74.1 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.24 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.65 (dd, J = 10.2, 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (dd, J = 17.3, 22.8 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.78 (d, J = 18.6 Hz), 166.24 (d, J = 27.7 Hz), 159.93, 143.91 (d, J = 4.3 Hz), 134.62 (d, J = 1.2 Hz), 127.14 (d, J = 1.5 Hz), 125.87, 106.21 (d, J = 0.8 Hz), 94.93 (d, J = 200.4 Hz), 84.02, 55.60, 37.63 (d, J = 24.5 Hz), 27.7; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.96 (dd, J = 10.2, 22.8 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2980, 2936, 1760, 1723, 1616, 1494, 1458, 1435, 1396, 1371, 1309, 1281, 1235, 1156, 1075, 1026, 966, 858, 839, 804, 768, 546 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 280 (M⁺), 224 (42.05), 204 (100.00), 180 (20.74), 179 (94.28), 178 (26.94), 107 (24.87), 57 (86.16), 41 (21.70); HRMS (EI): For [C15H17O4F]⁺ Calcl. 280.1111, Found: 280.1108; HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 16.6 min, tR(minor)= 18.7 min (95% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -11.1 (c= 0.94,



Yield: 99% (82.0 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.22 (s, 1H), 6.90 (s, 1H), 4.01 (s, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.64 (dd, J = 10.5, 17.3 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (dd, J = 17.3, 22.1 Hz, 1H), 1.47 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.60 (dd, J = 10.5, 22.1 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 310 (M⁺), 254 (58.93), 234 (100.00), 226 (14.96), 210 (36.35), 209 (92.16), 208 (24.29), 57 (63.77), 41 (19.75); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=85/15, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(minor)= 10.8 min, tR(major)= 11.9 min (96% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: +59.9 (c= 1.09, solv: CHCl₃, 96% *ee*).



Yield: 99% (55.0 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.85 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 7.5, 14.7 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (dd, J = 11.7, 17.7 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.45 (dd, J = 17.7, 23.4 Hz, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -164.96 (dd, J = 11.7, 23.4 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 208 (M⁺), 188 (64.52), 157 (25.50), 149 (100.00), 148 (23.88), 137 (24.18), 129 (34.32), 101 (66.20), 75 (26.06); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak IC, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=85/15, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 30.8 min, tR(minor)= 35.8 min (46% *ee*).



Yield: 99% (58.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.85 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (dt, J = 1.5, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (dd, J = 7.8, 14.9 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (dd, J = 11.7, 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, J = 17.6, 23.2 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 6H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -164.87 (dd, J = 11.7, 23.2 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z

222 (M⁺), 202 (46.88), 158 (28.04), 149 (100.00), 130 (32.21), 129 (22.68), 102 (20.55), 101 (57.67), 75 (21.06); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak IC, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 35.6 min, tR(minor)= 42.0 min (59% *ee*).

Yield: 98% (61.8 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 15.2 Hz, 2H), 5.17-5.12 (m, 1H), 3.77 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 23.1 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -164.77 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 23.1 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): *m/z* 236 (M⁺), 194 (32.68), 174 (29.94), 149 (100.00), 148 (26.26), 130 (32.53), 118 (28.21), 101 (59.52), 43 (71.30); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak IC, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=95/5, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 36.7 min, tR(minor)= 45.0 min (79% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: -10.8 (c= 0.55, solv: CHCl₃, 79% *ee*).

Yield: 99% (65.0 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (q, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (dd, J = 10.5, 17.4 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (dd, J = 17.4, 22.8 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 9H), 1.62 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.83 (d, J = 17.8 Hz), 165.72 (d, J = 28.3 Hz), 150.95 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 136.39, 133.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz), 128.37, 126.42 (d, J = 1.8 Hz), 125.28 (d, J = 17.8 Hz), 94.22 (d, J = 200.4 Hz), 84.04, 40.93, 38.34 (d, J = 23.6 Hz), 35.78, 30.76; ¹⁹F NMR (282) MHz, CDCl₃) δ -164.55 (dd, J = 10.5, 22.8 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2913, 2854, 1760, 1728, 1608, 1588, 1466, 1457, 1323, 1287, 1216, 1195, 1103, 1073, 1050, 965, 923, 836, 755, 695, 668 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 328 (M⁺), 136 (11.39), 135 (100.00), 107 (5.93), 101 (9.04), 93 (12.38), 91 (5.28), 79 (12.94), 67 (5.48); HRMS (EI): For $[C20H21O3F]^{+}$ Calcl. 328.1475, HPLC: Found: 328.1473; AD-H,

Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 29.6 min, tR(minor)= 39.5 min (92% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -0.7 (c= 0.90, solv: CHCl₃, 92% *ee*).



Yield: 96% (67.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (td, J = 1.8, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.17-3.08 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.49 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.72 (dd, J = 11.0, 20.6 Hz, 1F); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(minor)= 10.8 min, tR(major)= 12.2 min (69% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: -6.1 (c= 0.88, solv: CHCl₃, 69% *ee*).



Yield: 88% (47.5 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.52-2.44 (m, 3H), 2.43-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.14-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.19 (dd, J = 16.6, 21.4 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 202 (M⁺),146 (41.59), 129 (19.22), 118 (32.81), 101 (37.26), 73 (33.17), 59 (24.20), 57 (100.00), 41 (28.12); HPLC: REGIS (S, S)-Whelk-O1, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=98/2, 0.5 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 14.9 min, tR(minor)= 17.1 min (95% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: -56.7 (c= 1.01, solv: CHCl₃, 95% *ee*).



Yield: 91% (61.3 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.76-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 2H) , 1.50 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -127.99 (s, 1F); MS (EI): *m/z* 252 (M⁺), 152 (27.43), 151 (41.78), 123 (9.65), 95 (13.96), 57 (100.00), 76 (14.36), 75 (6.84), 41 (19.54); HPLC: Phenomenex PC-2, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 0.5 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 8.9 min, tR(major)= 9.7 min (83% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -47.6 (c= 1.02,

Yield: 87% (43.9 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.06-8.02 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.49-7.26 (m, 2H), 1.82 (d, J = 22.5 Hz, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -151.27 (q, J = 22.5 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 196 ([M-C₄H₈]⁺), 151 (13.16), 123 (9.26), 106 (9.59), 105 (100.00), 77 (36.71), 57 (36.36), 41 (11.30); HPLC: Phenomenex PA-2, Hexane/PrOH=95/5, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(minor)= 6.3 min, tR(major)= 7.9 min (94% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: +62.6 (c= 0.60, solv: CHCl₃, 94% *ee*).



Yield: 96% (51.1 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.30-7.22 (m, 5H), 3.44-3.27 (m, 2H), 2.13 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 3H), 1.41 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 202.52 (d, J = 29.0 Hz), 164.61 (d, J = 24.9 Hz), 133.43, 130.77 (d, J = 1.1 Hz), 128.30, 127.27, 99.94 (d, J = 198.2 Hz), 84.03, 39.34 (d, J = 20.1 Hz), 27.65, 26.02; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.04 (qt, J = 4.9, 25.6 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3066, 3034, 2981, 2934, 1751, 1497, 1456, 1424, 1396, 1371, 1357, 1286, 1251, 1198, 1156, 1086, 1068, 839, 742, 701, 527 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 266 (M⁺), 210 (36.01), 193 (18.27), 190 (21.09), 150 (28.89), 78 (16.41), 57 (100.00), 43 (56.14), 41 (18.91); HRMS (EI): For [C15H19O3F]⁺ Calcl. 266.1318, Found: 266.1316; HPLC: Phenomenex PC-3, Hexane/¹PrOH=90/10, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 8.5 min, tR(minor)= 10.4 min (87% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: +53.5 (c= 1.01, solv: CHCl₃, 87% *ee*).

Yield: 72% (40.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27 (s, 5H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.44

(d, J = 25.8 Hz, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -163.77 (t, J = 25.8 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 282 (M⁺), 226 (12.44), 209 (21.82), 206 (29.65), 174 (30.92), 91 (22.08), 84 (18.82), 57 (100.00), 41 (18.19); HPLC: Phenomenex PC-2, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=95/5, 0.5 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 10.7 min, tR(minor)= 13.6 min (51% *ee*).

IV. Optimization of reaction conditions for enantioselective fluoronation of oxindoles

1. Optimization of the reaction conditions for 3-phenyl oxindole





Entry Solvent	Cot	Additives (5	Temp.	Time	Yield	ee	
	Solvent	Cal.	mol%)	(°C)	(h)	(%)	(%)
1	DCM	3c	-	25	3	86	78
2	MeCN	3c	-	25	1.5	90	64
3	toluene	3c	-	25	3	85	81
4	Et ₂ O	3c	-	25	1.5	91	80
5	THF	3c	-	25	3	92	70
6	MeOH	3c	-	25	1.5	94	59
7	DCE	3c	-	25	1.5	90	75
8	Dioxane	3c	-	25	4	79	77
9	MTBE	3c	-	25	3	92	80
10	DME	3c	-	25	1.5	83	76
11	Acetone	3c	-	25	1.5	86	70
12	EA	3c	-	25	2	94	76
13	Et ₂ O	3a	-	25	1.5	91	75
14	Et_2O	3 b	-	25	4	63	79

15	Et_2O	3d	-	25	6	88	82
16	Et_2O	3d	AgClO ₄	25	0.5	92	80
17	Et_2O	3d	AgClO ₄	0	3	93	85
18	Et_2O	3d	AgClO ₄	-20	16	90	84
19	Et_2O	3d	AgOAc	25	1	88	79

^{*a*}Reaction conditions: substrate (0.2 mmol), cat. (5 mol%), NFSI (1.2 equiv.) and solvent (1.5 mL) and corresponding additive (5 mol%) were stirred under Ar atmostphere.

2. Optimization of the reaction conditions for 3-methyl oxindole

Table S3 Fluorination of 3-methyl oxindole **6a** catalysed by iron-salan complex $3c^{a}$

	Me N Boc 6a	Cat. NFSI (1.2 equiv) Temp, 4 Å MS	Me N Boc 7a	Br	N N Fe o Cl o b u ^t Bu 3c	Br
Entry	Additives	Solvent	Temp (°C)	Time (h)	Yield (%)	ee (%)
1	-	DCM	25	20	78	91
2	-	Et_2O	25	6	93	93
3	-	Et_2O	0	36	90	95
4	AgClO ₄	Et_2O	25	0.5	96	94
5	AgClO ₄	Et_2O	0	3	94	96

^{*a*}Reaction conditions: substrate (0.2 mmol), cat. (5 mol%), NFSI (1.2 equiv.) and solvent (1.5 mL) and corresponding additive (5 mol%) were stirred under Ar atmostphere.

V. Synthesis of 3-alkyl or 3-aryl oxindoles



Synthesis of **16**¹²

A solution of R^1MgBr (13.6 mmol) was added to a stirred cold (-40 °C) suspension of isatin (6.8 mmol) in THF (30 mL) under an atmosphere of argon. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred until isatin was

consumed. The reaction mixture was diluted with ether, cooled in an ice-bath, and then quenched with 1N HCl. The aqueous layer was extracted with ether, and the combined organic layers were washed with water and brine and then dried over Na₂SO₄. After the removal of solvent, the crude product can be obtained without further purification.

The crude product of last step (0.132 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1.3 mL). To this solution were added DMAP (1.6 mg, 0.0132 mmol) and $(Boc)_2O$ (33 mg, 0.153 mmol) at room temperature, and then the mixture was stirred for 3 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, and then quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic layers were washed with water and brine and then dried over Na₂SO₄. After the removal of solvent, purification by flash column chromatography was carried out to give the product.



Yield: 65%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.66 (s, 12H), 1.35 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 363 (M⁺), 175 (54.42), 146 (35.34), 145 (15.15), 133 (89.11), 132 (31.59), 117(15.61), 57 (100.0), 41 (26.13).



Yield: 70%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 173.28, 150.59, 148.93, 136.57, 134.37, 130.24, 128.15, 122.38, 115.09, 84.25, 83.60, 77.89, 27.97, 27.38, 24.32, 20.87; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2985, 2937,

1783, 1751, 1721, 1495, 1485, 1372, 1337, 1292, 1252, 1148, 1102, 1061, 1006, 832, 758, 501 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m/z* 377 (M⁺), 221 (56.55), 171 (11.64), 160 (50.98), 159(94.18), 131 (17.22), 130 (22.09), 57 (100.00), 41 (26.68); HRMS (EI): For [C20H27NO6]⁺ Calcl. 377.1838, Found: 377.1841.



Yield: 61%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 1.65 (s, 12H), 1.36 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 173.12, 156.94, 150.55, 148.90, 132.15, 129.46, 116.33, 114.35, 107.97, 84.18, 83.66, 77.89, 55.48, 27.94, 27.35, 24.29; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3016, 2985, 2938, 1782, 1747, 1721, 1600, 1488, 1444, 1396, 1373, 1349, 1286, 1250, 1147, 1127, 1103, 1060, 1043, 1001, 850, 837, 792, 758, 726 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 393 (M⁺), 238 (7.96), 237 (61.92), 176 (43.94), 175 (100.00), 165 (7.65), 132 (10.15), 57 (72.39), 41 (19.37); HRMS (EI): For [C20H27NO7]⁺ Calcl. 393.1788, Found: 393.1786.



Yield: 73%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.90-7.85 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.03 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 12H), 1.37 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.59, 159.83 (d, *J* = 242.9 Hz), 150.59, 148.78, 134.91 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 129.98 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 116.81 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 116.17 (d, *J* = 22.8 Hz), 109.37 (d, *J* = 24.5 Hz), 84.52, 83.85, 77.44, 27.87, 27.30, 24.03; ¹⁹F NMR(282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -117.48- -117.55 (m, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2985, 2939, 1790, 1754, 1721, 1482, 1374, 1346, 1284, 1142, 1100, 1057, 1008, 889, 850, 834, 796, 778, 757 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m*/*z* 381 (M⁺), 225 (51.04), 181 (9.50), 164 (30.91), 163 (50.54), 135 (18.19), 57 (100.00), 43 (8.06), 41 (18.28); HRMS (EI): For [C19H24NO6F]⁺ Calcl. 381.1588, Found: 381.1584.



Yield: 74%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.87 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (t, J = 3.3 Hz, 2H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 0.82 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI): m/z 377 (M⁺), 221 (33.70), 175 (21.55), 159 (37.01), 146 (17.44), 133 (35.74), 57 (100.00), 43 (29.85), 41 (26.38).



Yield: 68%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.87 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (td, J = 1.5, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.00-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.35-1.18 (m, 2H), 0.85 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 172.94, 150.72, 148.86, 139.64, 129.73, 127.14, 124.53, 122.29, 115.15, 84.31, 83.50, 80.58, 39.71, 28.00, 27.39, 15.52, 13.75; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3003, 2984, 2972, 1799, 1748, 1720, 1610, 1481, 1471, 1399, 1373, 1344, 1293, 1276, 1244, 1152, 1098, 1079, 963, 916, 867, 845, 772, 677 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 381 (M⁺), 235 (31.99), 209 (71.34), 181 (14.90), 180 (100.00), 173 (48.35), 146 (17.16), 57 (62.17), 41 (15.19); HRMS (EI): For [C21H29NO6]⁺ Calcl. 391.1995, Found: 391.1996.



Yield: 60%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.87 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.05-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.64 (s, 9H), 1.64-1.51 (m, 1H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 0.85 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.73 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); MS (EI): m/z 405 (M⁺), 193 (29.57), 187 (53.56), 180 (29.85), 149 (22.15), 146

(27.57), 145 (28.40), 57 (100.00), 41 (23.41).



Yield: 74%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.60 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.25 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.05 (m, 5H), 6.84 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.30 (q, J = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 1.55 (s, 9H), 1.35 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 439 (M⁺), 222 (16.96), 221 (50.44), 148 (41.35), 91 (28.35), 85 (43.47), 83 (66.78), 57 (100.00), 41 (21.71).



Yield: 82%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.97 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.24 (m, 8H), 1.58 (s, 9H), 1.38 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 425 (M⁺), 225 (13.13), 209 (22.54), 208 (27.92), 207 (72.53),180 (22.50), 179 (20.92), 57 (100.0), 41 (21.65).



Yield: 77%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (td, *J* = 1.5, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 9H), 1.38 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 439 (M⁺), 225 (19.57), 222 (16.86), 221 (44.66), 180 (20.67), 173 (16.37), 146 (14.24), 57 (100.00), 41 (22.83).



Yield: 73%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.98 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td, *J* = 1.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.00 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 1.61 (s, 9H), 1.38 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR(282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -112.68- -112.77 (m, 1F); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 443 (M⁺), 287 (15.59), 243 (10.02), 226 (32.05), 225 (79.98), 197 (15.11), 123 (9.75), 57 (100.00), 41 (17.20).

Synthesis of 6^{12}

The product of last step (**16**, 0.116 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (2 mL). Pd/C (20 mg) was added to this solution, and the resulting mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere (balloon) for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was passed through celite to remove Pd/C, and the residue was washed with ether. After the removal of solvent, the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to give the product.



Yield: 84%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.14 (m, 3H), 3.56 (q, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.53 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 3H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 247 (M⁺), 148 (10.41), 147 (100.00), 146 (16.67), 128 (13.78), 119 (42.87), 118 (14.12), 57 (67.29), 41 (16.26).



Yield: 79%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 3.52 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 9H), 1.50 (d, J =7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 176.90, 149.21, 137.13, 133.79, 129.19, 128.35, 123.94, 114.59, 83.85, 40.94, 27.95, 20.87, 15.84; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2980, 2934, 1793, 1771, 1728, 1489, 1456, 1370, 1341, 1304, 1285, 1252, 1158, 1116, 1043, 1029, 845, 818, 773, 447 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 261 (M⁺), 162 (11.50), 161 (100.00), 160 (13.84), 146 (16.65), 133 (38.68), 132 (16.78), 57 (57.53), 41 (17.28); HRMS (EI): For [C15H19NO3]⁺ Calcl. 261.1365, Found: 261.1369.



Yield: 83%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.73 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83-6.80 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.54 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (s, 9H), 1.51 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 176.65, 156.63, 149.15, 132.81, 130.52, 115.63, 112.37, 109.68, 83.73, 55.37, 41.15, 27.90, 15.78; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2980, 2936, 2837, 1770, 1725, 1599, 1490, 1394, 1370, 1341, 1303, 1283, 1253, 1153, 1116, 1037, 994, 950, 845, 811, 773, 720, 670 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m/z* 277 (M⁺), 178 (14.65), 177 (100.00), 162 (32.47), 134 (25.08), 111 (26.33), 57 (79.51), 55 (19.70), 41 (31.96); HRMS (EI): For [C15H19NO4]⁺ Calcl. 277.1314, Found: 277.1313.



Yield: 81%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 (dd, J = 4.8, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.95 (m, 2H), 3.56 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (s, 9H), 1.52 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 176.04, 159.70 (d, J = 241.8 Hz), 149.07, 135.45 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 131.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 116.05 (d, J = 7.4 Hz), 114.28 (d, J = 22.3 Hz), 110.80 (d, J = 22.3 Hz), 84.14, 41.01 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 27.85, 15.58; ¹⁹F NMR(282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -118.57- -118.64 (m, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2984, 2936, 1770, 1732, 1611, 1487, 1367, 1348, 1304, 1277, 1253, 1149, 1105, 997, 915, 866, 840, 820, 773, 721, 598, 572 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 265 (M⁺), 165 (100.00), 164 (16.43), 146 (14.46), 137 (40.73), 136 (14.73), 109 (11.21), 57 (79.99), 41 (17.92); HRMS (EI): For [C14H16FNO3]⁺ Calcl. 265.1114, Found: 265.1117.



Yield: 78%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.09-2.02 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 261 (M⁺), 161 (84.51), 160 (14.27), 133 (83.24), 132 (28.87), 118 (12.16), 117 (14.02), 57 (100.00), 41 (25.58).



Yield: 75%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 1H), 3.56 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.00-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.44-1.34 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 176.25, 149.25, 140.07, 128.03, 127.90, 124.15, 123.62, 114.84, 84.07, 45.80, 33.33, 28.04, 18.95, 13.94; IR (KBr): v_{max} 2962, 2934, 2874, 1770, 1731, 1609, 1480, 1465, 1370, 1351, 1294, 1253, 1150, 1087, 845, 753 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 275 (M⁺), 176 (10.24), 175 (77.21), 146 (31.22), 133 (100.00), 132 (33.74), 117 (10.93), 57 (75.57), 41 (16.71); HRMS (EI): For [C16H21NO3]⁺ Calcl. 275.1521, Found: 275.1519.



Yield: 70%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.21 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.14 (m, 1H), 3.56 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.08-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.83 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.64 (s, 9H), 0.97 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H).



Yield: 73%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.73 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.17-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (dd, J = 4.2, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (dd, J = 4.2, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (dd, J = 9.3, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 1.63 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 323 (M⁺), 223 (22.44), 175 (41.27), 146 (29.52), 133 (76.24), 132 (31.79), 91 (49.31), 57 (100.00), 41 (31.51).



Yield: 84%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.93 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.16 (m, 4H), 4.73 (s, 1H), 1.63 (s , 9H); MS (EI): m/z 309 (M⁺), 210 (15.46), 209 (100.00), 208 (13.07), 180 (55.04), 165 (12.62), 57 (62.20), 43 (9.49), 41 (15.23).



Yield: 81%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.17-7.13 (m, 4H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 323 (M⁺), 224 (16.96), 223 (100.00), 222 (13.86), 208 (11.26), 194 (24.70), 180 (31.79), 57 (79.57), 41 (18.20).



Yield: 80%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.93 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 4H), 7.03 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 1.63 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -114.74- -114.83 (m, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 327 (M⁺), 228 (14.00), 227 (92.16), 226 (17.11), 223 (15.35), 198 (48.09), 180 (16.44), 57 (100.00), 41 (21.14).

VI. Enatioselective fluoronation of oxindoles

The oxindole (0.2 mmol) was dissolved in the indicated solvent (2.0 mL). To this solution was added the iron complex (5 mol%, 0.01 mmol), and successively NFSI (75 mg, 0.24 mmol) was added at the given temperature (0 $^{\circ}$ C). The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature. After the completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered through silica gel with DCM and the filtrate was concentrated, and the product was purified by flash column chromatography. The ee of the product was determined by chiral HPLC analysis.


Yield: 94% (49.9 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 1H), 1.79 (d, J = 21.6 Hz, 3H), 1.65 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -144.40 (q, J = 22.8 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 265 (M⁺), 166 (7.50), 165 (74.12), 164 (16.18), 137 (29.78), 117 (12.73), 116 (15.28), 57 (100.00), 41 (20.36); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.4 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 14.0 min, tR(major)= 15.5 min (96% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: +2.1 (c= 0.94, solv: CHCl₃, 96% *ee*).



Yield: 89% (49.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.77 (d, *J* = 16.5 Hz, 3H), 1.64 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.36 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz), 148.77 (d, *J* = 0.7 Hz), 137.19 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 134.81 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 131.77 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 126.01 (d, *J* = 18.6 Hz), 124.49 (d, *J* = 0.7 Hz), 115.29 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz), 90.37 (d, *J* = 182.9 Hz), 84.69, 27.95, 21.75 (d, *J* = 29.7 Hz), 20.84; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -144.75 (q, *J* = 21.4 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2983, 2932, 2872, 1786, 1735, 1622, 1600, 1492, 1456, 1395, 1371, 1334, 1307, 1282, 1250, 1148, 1105, 1077, 1009, 963, 929, 889, 843, 823, 767, 564, 474 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): *m/z* 279 (M⁺), 179 (100.00), 178 (17.77), 151 (47.91), 131 (14.53), 130 (30.28), 83 (16.27), 57(97.42), 41 (21.57); HRMS (EI): For [C15H18NO3F]⁺ Calcl. 279.1271, Found: 279.1266; HPLC: Phenomenex PC-3, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=80/20, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 5.4 min, tR(major)= 5.9 min (94% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: +0.9 (c= 0.96, solv: CHCl₃, 94% *ee*).



Yield: 82% (48.4 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 (dd, J = 1.2, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (td, J = 2.0, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 1.78 (d, J = 21.6 Hz, 3H), 1.64 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.22 (d, J = 21.7 Hz), 157.11 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 148.73 (d, J = 0.7 Hz), 132.67 (d, J = 5.3 Hz), 127.14 (d, J = 18.3 Hz), 116.58 (d, J = 1.5 Hz), 116.32 (d, J = 2.6 Hz), 109.64 (d, J = 0.8 Hz), 90.39 (d, J =184.1 Hz), 84.63, 55.59, 27.90, 21.81 (d, J = 29.6 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -145.48 (q, J = 20.3 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3010, 2987, 2937, 1790, 1716, 1599, 1487, 1450, 1397, 1376, 1337, 1315, 1296, 1251, 1186, 1139, 1105, 1071, 1033, 966, 923, 890, 878, 836, 784, 765, 618, 588 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 295 (M⁺), 196 (11.70), 195 (100.00), 194 (13.12), 179 (16.59), 167 (28.16), 152 (30.27), 57 (98.42), 41 (27.40); HRMS (EI): For [C15H18NO4F]⁺ Calcl. 295.1220, Found: 295.1224; HPLC: Phenomenex PC-3, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=80/20, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 6.8 min, tR(major)= 8.4 min (88% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: +1.7 (c= 0.96, solv: CHCl₃, 88% *ee*).



Yield: 84% (47.6 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.93-7.89 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.11 (m, 2H), 1.78 (d, J = 21.6 Hz, 3H), 1.64 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.66 (dd, J = 0.8, 21.6 Hz), 159.92 (dd, J = 3.1, 244.4 Hz), 148.62, 135.45 (dd, J = 2.7, 4.9 Hz), 127.63 (dd, J = 8.0, 18.6 Hz), 117.86 (dd, J = 2.7, 22.7 Hz), 117.11 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.6 Hz), 111.46 (d, J = 25.1 Hz), 89.90 (dd, J = 1.9, 184.9 Hz), 85.06, 27.87, 21.70 (d, J = 29.6 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.47- -116.53 (m, 1F), -146.10 (q, J = 21.1 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 2985, 2935, 1789, 1736, 1612, 1489, 1372, 1341, 1297, 1274, 1198, 1143, 1109, 1062, 1010, 897, 827, 772, 736, 610, 569 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 283 (M⁺), 183 (57.81), 182 (13.26), 155 (21.83), 134 (12.68), 135 (9.92), 107 (6.78), 57 (100.00), 41 (19.07); HRMS (EI): For [C14H15NO3F2]⁺ Calcl. 283.1020, Found:

283.1021; HPLC: Phenomenex PC-3, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 6.1 min, tR(major)= 7.1 min (93% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: +2.3 (c= 1.08, solv: CHCl₃, 93% *ee*).

Yield: 94% (52.5 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.26-2.16 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 0.85 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -149.31 (t, J = 13.5 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 279 (M⁺), 179 (55.83), 178 (13.05), 151 (34.49), 150 (13.96), 130 (25.24), 57 (100.00), 43 (38.54), 41 (19.79); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.5 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 12.5 min, tR(major)= 16.3 min (93% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: +12.2 (c= 1.05, solv: CHCl₃, 93% *ee*).



Yield: 84% (49.3 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.89 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.23 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.18-2.08 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 9H), 1.35-1.09 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.26 (d, J = 21.3Hz), 148.69 (d, J = 0.7 Hz), 140.64 (d, J = 4.9 Hz), 131.17 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 125.07 (d, J = 18.6 Hz), 124.86 (d, J = 2.7 Hz), 124.33 (d, J = 0.7 Hz), 115.40 (d, J = 1.1 Hz), 92.73 (d, J = 185.6 Hz), 84.81, 37.58 (d, J = 26.9 Hz), 27.94, 16.03 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 13.86; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -148.30 (t, J = 13.5 Hz, 1F); IR (KBr): v_{max} 3380, 2963, 2934, 2874, 1767, 1728, 1609, 1480, 1466, 1370, 1351, 1293, 1253, 1154, 1087, 1004, 845, 754, 734 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 293 (M⁺), 193 (52.66), 164 (18.95), 151 (73.12), 150 (15.83), 130 (10.25), 57 (100.00), 43 (29.14), 41 (20.48); HRMS (EI): For [C16H20NO3F]⁺ Calcl. 293.1427, Found: 293.1423; HPLC: Phenomenex PC-3, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=98/2, 0.4 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 11.8 min, tR(major)= 12.8 min (91% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: +12.9 (c= 1.09, solv: CHCl₃, 91% *ee*).



Yield: 87% (53.5 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.90 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.16-2.10 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.64 (s, 9H), 0.84 (dd, J = 6.9, 11.3 Hz, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -143.91 (t, J = 16.6 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 307 (M⁺), 207 (34.23), 164 (12.41), 152 (9.46), 151 (90.68),135 (9.66), 57 (100.00), 43 (17.30), 41 (23.52); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99.5/0.5, 0.5 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 11.1 min, tR(major)= 11.7 min (85% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: +13.6 (c= 0.98, solv: CHCl₃, 85% *ee*).



Yield: 88% (60.1 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23-6.99 (m, 7H), 3.57 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dd, *J* = 13.2, 22.2 Hz, 1H), 1.60 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -150.73 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 22.2 Hz, 1F); MS (EI): *m/z* 341 (M⁺),245 (44.42), 244 (19.38), 241 (34.18), 216 (31.92), 91 (56.57), 57 (100.00), 43 (8.48), 41 (19.55); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OJ-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(minor)= 12.2 min, tR(major)= 15.9 min (96% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: +43.5 (c= 1.02, solv: CHCl₃, 96% *ee*).



Yield: 93% (60.9 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 6H), 7.30-7.26 (m, 1H), 1.62 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -145.79 (s, 1F); MS (EI): *m/z* 327 (M⁺), 228 (14.27), 227 (89.04), 226

(25.95), 199 (7.79), 198 (53.98), 197 (11.18), 57 (100.00), 41 (19.92); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.25 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 23.4 min, tR(minor)= 26.2 min (85% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -73.7 (c= 0.99, solv: CHCl₃, 85% *ee*).



Yield: 88% (60.1 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.00 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29-6.17 (m, 5H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -144.95 (s, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 341 (M⁺), 241 (86.75), 240 (25.84), 226 (21.62), 212 (26.30), 198 (22.17), 57 (100.00), 43 (23.07), 41 (21.95); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 6.8 min, tR(minor)= 8.0 min (82% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -73.4 (c= 0.99, solv: CHCl₃, 82% *ee*).



Yield: 86% (60.9 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.01 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.08 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 1.62 (s, 9H); ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta\delta$ -111.92- -111.99 (m, 1F), -143.36 (s, 1F); MS (EI): m/z 345 (M⁺), 245 (47.89), 244 (19.97), 241 (18.05), 216 (32.11), 83 (8.85), 57 (100.00), 43 (30.16), 41 (19.14); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=99/1, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 6.7 min, tR(minor)= 8.3 min (83% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: -91.6 (c= 1.05, solv: CHCl₃, 83% *ee*).

VII. Optimization of reaction conditions for enatioselective hydroxylation of β -keto ester



 \cap

Table S4 Hydroxylation of β -keto ester **4a** catalysed by iron-salan complexes **3**^{*a*}

Entry	Oxidant	Cat.	Additives (x mol%)	Solvent	Temp. (°C)	Time (h)	Yield (%)	ee (%)
1	TBHP	3c	$AgClO_4(5)$	DCM	RT	24	trace	-
2	<i>m</i> -CPBA	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCM	RT	1	98	0
3	17	3c	$\operatorname{AgClO}_{4}(5)$	DCM	RT	6	90	76
4	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCM	RT	4	86	74
5	20	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCM	RT	6	83	51
6	21	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCM	RT	6	72	71
7	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	MeCN	RT	4	74	84
8	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCE	RT	4	67	88
9	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	toluene	RT	4	62	77
10	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	Et ₂ O	RT	4	62	77
11	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (5)	THF	RT	4	53	71
12	18	3c	$\operatorname{AgClO}_{4}(5)$	MeOH	RT	4	52	88
13	18	3a	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCM	RT	6	93	64
14	18	3d	AgClO ₄ (5)	DCM	RT	12	67	12
15	18	3d	-	DCM	RT	6	86	28

16	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (7.5)	DCM	RT	3	88	77
17	18	3c	AgOTf (7.5)	DCM	RT	3	82	73
18	18	3c	AgOAc (7.5)	DCM	RT	3	87	66
19	18	3c	NaBArF (7.5)	DCM	RT	3	93	64
20	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (7.5)	DCM	0	10	88	80
21	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (7.5)	DCM	-10	16	95	84
22	18	3c	AgClO ₄ (7.5)	DCM	-20	24	90	83
23	17	3c	AgClO ₄ (7.5)	DCM	-10	48	35	67
24	19	3c	AgClO ₄ (7.5)	DCM	-10	16	95	82

^{*a*}Reaction conditions: substrate (0.15 mmol), cat. (5 mol%), oxidant (1.2 equiv.) and solvent (1.5 mL) and corresponding additive were stirred under Ar atmostphere.

VIII. Synthesis of oxidants



Synthesis of **22**, **23**, **24**¹³

In a 250 mL, three-necked, round-bottom flask equipped with a water knockout trap and a condenser were placed benzenesulfonamide (10 mmol), benzaldehyde (10 mmol), 5 Å powdered molecular sieves (7.50 g), and Amberlyst 15 ion-exchange resin (61.5 mg) in 150 mL of toluene in argon atmosphere. The reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 24 h, diluted with DCM (100 mL), and filtered. Theresidue was washed with an additional DCM (100 mL) and the filtrates were combined. The solvent was removed on the rotatory evaporator to give the crude product. Crystallization from ethyl acetate gave the pure benzenesulfonamide.

Yield: 55%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.02 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.47 (m, 6H); MS (EI): m/z 245 (M⁺), 157 (32.85), 141 (24.03), 94 (16.15), 93 (35.98), 77 (100.00), 78 (7.93), 51 (32.08), 50 (13.39).



Yield: 64%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.35 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.13 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.57 (m, 2H); MS (EI): m/z 290 (M⁺), 179 (10.61), 141 (57.71), 78 (8.81), 77 (100.00), 76 (22.74), 51 (20.46), 50 (15.11).



Yield: 63%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.11 (s, 1H), 8.36 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 8.12 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H).

Synthesis of **17**, **18**, **19**¹⁴

In a 250-mL three-necked flask, equipped with an addition funnel, were placed the appropriate sulfonimines (9.6 mmol) in toluene (94 mL) and K_2CO_3 (11.1 g) in water (58 mL). The reaction was stirred vigorously and a solution of Oxone (7.0 g) in water (58 mL) was added dropwise over 15 min. When the reaction was complete, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with toluene (3×70 mL). The organic layer was combined and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and the solvent was evaporated on a rotary evaporator to afford the pure product.

Yield: 84%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.06 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.40 (m, 5H), 5.50 (s, 1H); MS (EI): m/z 245 ([M-O]⁺), 141 (32.54), 125 (22.95), 105 (10.76), 94 (7.64), 77 (100.00), 78 (11.09), 65 (9.65), 51 (22.89).



Yield: 87%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.28 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.63 (m, 4H), 5.61 (s, 1H); MS (EI): *m/z* 290 ([M-O]⁺), 150 (7.66), 141 (63.01), 94 (10.43), 78 (8.44), 77 (100.00), 76 (11.10), 51 (21.74), 50 (11.00).



Yield: 84%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.27 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 304 ([M-O]⁺), 155 (81.70), 108 (11.92), 92 (11.27), 91 (100.00), 77 (8.29), 76 (7.79), 65 (21.86), 63 (8.13).

Synthesis of **25**, **26**¹⁵

To a 250 mL Schlenck flask equipped with a condenser, septum and magnetic stirring bar was placed saccharin (1.83 g, 10.0 mmol) in THF (100 mL). The flask was cooled to -78 °C in a dry ice-acetone bath, and methyl lithium or phenyl lithium (21 mmol) was carefully added by syringe. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for an additional 4 h; H₂O (50 mL) was added, and the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature. The solution was transferred to a 1 L separator funnel where ether

(100 mL) was added and the aqueous layer was separated. The organic layer was washed successively with 10% HCl (2×50 mL), 10% NaHCO₃ (2×60 mL), and H₂O (100 mL) and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. Removal of the solvent *in vacuo* gave a white solid, which was crystallized from absolute ethanol to give the product.



Yield: 71%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.93-7.90 (m, 1H), 7.78-7.69 (m, 3H), 2.68 (s, 3H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 243 (M⁺), 179 (25.05), 141 (23.79), 105 (16.35), 94 (15.11), 77 (100.00), 76 (15.73), 51 (37.35), 50 (17.88).



Yield: 76%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.04-8.01 (m, 1H), 7.99-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.68 (m, 1H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 181 (M⁺), 141 (22.40), 133 (18.61), 77 (100.00), 76 (48.31), 75 (16.85), 51 (30.68), 50 (32.93).

Synthesis of **20**, **21**¹⁶

In a 100 mL three-necked flask, equipped with an addition funnel, were placed the appropriate 1,2-benzisothiazole-1,1-dioxide (2.0 mmol) in DCM (30 mL) and 30 mL of saturated solution of potassium carbonate. The reaction was stirred vigorously and a solution of mCPBA (0.56 g) in DCM (20 mL)was added dropwise over 10 min. The reaction was stirred for an additional 2 h. When the reaction was complete, the organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM. The organic layer was combined, washed successively with saturated solution of sodium bisulfate, sodium bicarbonate, sodium chloride and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and the solvent was evaporated on a rotary evaporator to afford the crude product,which

was crystallized from absolute ethanol to give the product as white solid.



Yield: 72%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79-7.74 (m, 4H), 2.14 (s, 3H); MS (EI): m/z 197 (M⁺), 167 (100.00), 103 (47.46), 77 (92.03), 76 (73.64), 64 (48.01), 63 (46.12), 50 (66.33), 43 (63.73).



Yield: 77%; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88 (dd, J = 0.6, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.50 (m, 6H); MS (EI): m/z 259 (M⁺), 229 (40.92), 184 (69.51), 179 (59.39), 105 (55.09), 77 (100.00), 76 (46.64), 51 (43.12), 50 (34.54).

IX. Enatioselective hydroxylation of β -keto esters

The β -ketoester (0.15 mmol) was dissolved in the indicated solvent (2.0 mL). To this solution was added the iron complex (5 mol%, 0.0075 mmol), and successively 3-(4-nitrophenyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-1,2-oxaziridine (55.2 mg, 0.18 mmol) was added at the given temperature (-10 °C). The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature. After the completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated, and the product was purified by flash column chromatography. The ee of the product was determined by chiral HPLC analysis.

8a

Yield: 95% (35.0 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.66

(t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.39 (m, 2H), 4.01 (s, 1H), 3.66 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 1.36 (s, 9H); MS (EI): m/z 248 (M⁺), 192 (78.33), 147 (75.60), 136 (25.54), 118 (35.10), 91 (34.35), 90 (28.86), 89 (30.49), 57 (100.00); HPLC: Daicel Chiralcel OJ-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 8.1 min, tR(minor)= 13.7 min (83% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: +36.9 (c= 1.03, solv: CHCl₃, 83% *ee*).



Yield: 95% (39.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.37 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 4.03 (s, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.57 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 1.37 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta\delta$ 201.32, 170.54, 159.55, 145.25, 134.92, 126.92, 125.19, 105.94, 83.82, 81.06, 55.52, 38.76, 27.60; IR (KBr): v_{max} 3413, 2921, 2851, 1739, 1720, 1615, 1494, 1456, 1430, 1397, 1369, 1311, 1284, 1266, 1224, 1157, 1130, 1027, 975, 829, 769, 552, 520 cm⁻¹; MS (EI): m/z 278 (M⁺), 222 (37.67), 204 (65.85), 177 (60.11), 166 (22.57), 160 (23.91), 121 (22.03), 57 (100.00), 41 (30.88); HRMS (EI): For [C15H18O5]⁺ Calcl. 278.1154, Found: 278.1151; HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak IC, Hexane/[†]PrOH=90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 22.1 min, tR(minor)= 28.2 min (80% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{02}^{D}$: +22.8 (c= 1.04, solv: CHCl₃, 80% *ee*).



Yield: 97% (47.5 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dt, *J* = 0.9, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dt, *J* = 0.6, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.66 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (d, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.97-1.95 (m, 6H), 1.61-1.59 (m, 6H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 326 (M⁺), 136 (11.70), 135 (100.00), 107 (5.74), 93 (11.05), 91 (9.06), 79 (11.42), 55 (6.52), 41 (6.17); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 16.7 min, tR(minor)=

26.4 min (87% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: +29.8 (c= 1.07, solv: CHCl₃, 87% *ee*).



Yield: 97% (49.5 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (s, 1H), 3.61 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.98-1.96 (m, 6H), 1.60-1.59 (m, 6H); MS (EI): m/z 340 (M⁺), 136 (11.76), 135 (100.00), 93 (10.79), 91 (5.80), 79 (12.30), 77 (8.25), 43 (5.85), 40 (34.92); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=85/15, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 11.1 min, tR(minor)= 19.7 min (84% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: +17.7 (c= 1.06, solv: CHCl₃, 84% *ee*).



Yield: 92% (49.8 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (d, J = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.98-1.96 (m, 6H), 1.60-1.59 (m, 6H); MS (ESI): m/z 383.0 ([M+Na]⁺), 743.0 ([2M+Na]⁺); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=70/30, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 13.9 min, tR(minor)= 23.1 min (63% *ee*); [α]^D₂₀: +44.5 (c= 1.02, solv: CHCl₃, 63% *ee*).



Yield: 89% (31.3 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.41, (m, 2H), 5.14-5.01 (m, 1H), 4.03 (s, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (dd, J = 6.3, 20.7 Hz, 6H); MS (EI): m/z 234 (M⁺), 192 (87.67), 147 (100.00), 136 (37.37), 118 (83.81), 91 (48.34), 90 (39.43), 89 (34.60), 43 (48.80); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 0.7

mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 26.5 min, tR(minor)= 29.7 min (69% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: +38.6 (c= 0.84, solv: CHCl₃, 69% *ee*).

Yield: 95% (39.7 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.70 (s, 1H), 2.47-2.40 (m, 3H), 2.18-2.05 (m, 12H), 1.65-1.67 (m, 6H); MS (EI): *m*/*z* 278 (M⁺), 136 (11.07), 135 (100.00), 107 (6.53), 93 (13.13), 91 (4.95), 79 (12.77), 77 (5.31), 67 (4.99); HPLC: Phenomenex PC-4, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=95/5, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 28.9 min, tR(minor)= 34.0 min (89% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -7.4 (c= 0.97, solv: CHCl₃, 89% *ee*).



Yield: 88% (26.4 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 3.68 (s, 1H), 2.45-2.40 (m, 3H), 2.10-2.06 (m, 3H), 1.48 (s, 9H); MS (EI): *m/z* 200 (M⁺), 144 (32.30), 99 (17.68), 88 (31.20), 59 (33.94), 57 (100.00), 43 (11.75), 42 (11.92), 41 (25.57); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak IC, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=80/20, 0.7 mL/min, 214 nm, tR(major)= 12.7 min, tR(minor)= 14.0 min (84% *ee*); $[\alpha]_{20}^{D}$: -7.2 (c= 0.96, solv: CHCl₃, 84% *ee*).

Yield: 92% (36.2 mg); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.04 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.25 (m, 1H), 4.24 (s, 1H), 3.14-3.12 (m, 2H), 2.68-2.61 (m, 1H), 2.28-2.20 (m, 1H), 1.39 (s, 9H); MS (ESI): m/z 285.0 ([M+Na]⁺), 547.1 ([2M+Na]⁺); HPLC: Daicel Chiralpak AD-H, Hexane/ⁱPrOH=90/10, 0.7 mL/min, 254 nm, tR(major)= 20.8 min, tR(minor)= 23.5 min (46% *ee*); $[\alpha]^{D}_{20}$: -2.9 (c= 0.85, solv: CHCl₃, 46% *ee*).

X. Mass spectrometry analysis

Positive-ion electrospray ionization (ESI) mass spectrum was obtained on a Waters Micromass Q-Tof Premier quadrupole time-of-flight tandem mass spectrometer. A mixture of the Fe(III) complex (5×10^{-4} M) and the substrate (10 equiv.) in acetonitrile was reacted at room temperature for 5 min. After dilution in acetonitrile to 1×10^{-5} M, the reaction mixture was introduced into the ESI source by using a syringe pump (flow rate: 5 µL min⁻¹). The mass resolution was fixed at about 8000 (full width at half-height).

References

- A. Alexakis, A. Tomassini, C. Chouillet, S. Rolans, P. Mangeney and G. Bernardinelli, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2000, **39**, 4093.
- 2. X.-N. Song and Z.-J. Yao, *Tetrahedron*, 2010, 66, 2589.
- L. Canali, E. Cowan, H. Deleuze, C. L. Gibson and D. C. Sherrington, J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1, 2000, 2055.
- 4. N. Gisch, J. Balzarini and C. Meier, J. Med. Chem., 2007, 50, 1658.
- 5. L. H. Tong, Y.-L.Wong, S. I. Pascu and J. R. Dilworth, Dalton Trans., 2008, 4784.
- 6. E. Sergeeva, J. Kopilov, I. Goldberg and M. Kol, Chem. Commun., 2009, 3053.
- 7. T. A. Moss, D. R. Fenwick and D. J. Dixon, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2008, 130, 10076.
- (a) E. Tanzer, W. B. Schweizer, M. Ebert and R. Gilmour, *Chem. Eur. J.*, 2012, 18, 2006; (b) A. M. R. Smith, K.-K. Hii and D. Billen, *Chem. Commun.*, 2009, 3925.
- E. Abraham, C. W. Bailey, T. D. W. Claridge, S. G. Davies, K. B. Ling, B. Odell, T. L. Rees, P. M. Roberts, A. J. Russell, A. D. Smith, H. R.Storr, M. J. Sweet, A. L. Thompson, J. E. Thomson, G. E. Tranter, D. J. Watkin and L. J. Smith, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, 2010, **21**, 1797.
- M. Nakajima, S. Yamamoto, Y. Yamaguchi, S. Nakamura and S. Hashimoto, *Tetrahedron*, 2003, **59**, 7307.
- 11.A. M. R. Smith, H. S. Rzepa, A. J. P. White, D. Billen and K. K. Hii, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2010, **75**, 3085.
- Y. Hamashima, T. Suzuki, H. Takano, Y. Shimura and M. Sodeoka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2005, **127**, 10164.
- 13. F. A. Davis, S. G. Lal and H. D. Durst, J. Org. Chem., 1988, 53, 5004.
- F. A. Davis, S. Chattopadhyay, J. C. Towson, S. Lal and T. Reddy, J. Org. Chem., 1988, 53, 2087.
- Q. Yang, G. Shang, W.-Z. Gao, J.-G. Deng and X.-M. Zhang, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2006, 45, 3832.
- F. A. Davis, J. C. Towson, D. B. Vashi, R. T. Reddy and J. P. McCauley, J. Org. Chem., 1990, 55, 1254.



Fig. S1 Upper: Simulated isotopic distribution pattern for the adduct formed between the deprotonated form of substrate **4e** with catalyst **3c** (with ClO_4^- as counter anion). Lower: Observed isotopic distribution pattern for the peak at m/z 941.4 detected by high-resolution ESI-MS analysis of a reaction mixture of **4e** and **3c** in acetonitrile.

HPLC of 5a





HPLC of 5b





S55

HPLC of **5c**





HPLC of 5d

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16598.D

IC, 95/5, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 9/28/11 9:22:06 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

Sample Name: gx-0-00

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16599.D

IC, 95/5, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 9/28/11 10:08:05 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

HPLC of 5e





HPLC of 5f





HPLC of 5g

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16594.D

Sample Name: gx-0-93

AD-H, 85/15, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 9/27/11 8:55:07 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

Sample Name: gx-6-98

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16597.D

AD-H, 85/15, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 9/28/11 8:10:58 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

۰,

HPLC of **5h**

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16619.D



*** End of Report ***

Instrument 1 10/20/11 9:34:39 AM gx

Page 1 of 1

Jampie Hames 3-----

' ,

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16623.D

Sampre Mame. Av . 20

IC, 85/15, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 10/20/11 10:29:41 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

΄,

HPLC of **5i**

sampre name. a. . --Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16618.D IC, 90/10, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm Injection Date : 10/19/11 10:58:36 PM Sample Name : gx-7-16 Location : Vial 1 Sample Name Sample Name : gx^{-/-10} Acq. Operator : gx Acq. Method : C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\ZKAMINE.M Last changed : 10/19/11 10:41:13 PM by gx (modified after loading) Analysis Method : C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\ZKAMINE.M .10/19/11 11:49:47 PM by gx Acq. Operator Acq. Method Last changed : 10/19/11 11:49:47 PM by gx (modified after loading) WWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (SIG16618.D) 4491 mAU 40.416 120 -100 -80 60 40 12 20 0 30 40 min 10 20 Area Percent Report Signal 1.0000 Sorted By r : Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm % -----| 1.07831e4 260.56357 Totals : , Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***

Instrument 1 10/19/11 11:50:00 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

,

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16622.D

IC, 90/10, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 10/20/11 9:10:24 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

· ,

HPLC of 5j

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16617.D

IC, 95/5, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 10/19/11 10:41:28 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

-

Sample Name: gx-1-23

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16625.D



*** End of Report ***

Instrument 1 10/22/11 12:01:21 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

۰,

HPLC of 5k

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16611.D

Sample Name: gx-/-1/

AD-H, 99/1, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 10/19/11 4:19:39 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

· ,

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16624.D

.

AD-H, 99/1, 0.7 ml/min 254 nm Injection Date : 10/21/11 9:06:12 PM Location : Vial 1 Sample Name : gx-7-22 Acq. Operator Method : gx : C:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\ZKAMINE.M anged : 10/21/11 9:46:48 PM by gx (modified after loading) WWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm (SIG16624.D) Last changed mAU 9-637 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 39.455 100 0 20 30 40 10 Area Percent Report Signal Sorted By : 1.0000 Multiplier Dilution : 1.0000 : Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area -1 4.58906e4 872.60648 Totals : Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

*** End of Report ***

Instrument 1 10/21/11 9:56:17 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

.

΄,

HPLC of 51

Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16584.D

Sample Name: gx-0-00

AD-H, 99/1, 1 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 9/22/11 1:54:45 PM gx

Page 1 of 1

. .
Data File C:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\SIG16589.D

AD-H, 99/1, 1 ml/min 254 nm



Instrument 1 9/23/11 12:09:58 AM gx

Page 1 of 1

· .

HPLC of 5m





HPLC of **5n**

















HPLC of 7a



2012-5-10 19:38:46 1 / 1

==== Shimadzu LCsolution Analysis Report ====

C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-9-37.lcd

C:\LabSolutions Acquired by : Admin Sample Name : gx-9-37 method : OD-H, 99\1, 1.0, 214 Injection Volume : 10 uL Data File Name : gx-9-37.lcd Method File Name : 1.lcr Data Acquired : 2012-5-10 19:15:18 Data Processed : 2012-5-10 19:37:33

<Chromatogram>



PeakTable
Detector A Ch1 214nm

Dool/#	Ret Time	Area	Height	Area %
r Cak#	14.042	361301	20747	2.013
2	15 453	17590488	901693	97.987
Total	15.455	17951788	922440	100.000

C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-9-37.lcd





HPLC of **7c**











C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-9-42.lcd C:\LabSolu : Admin : gx-9-42 : OJ-H, 99/1, 0.5, 214 : 10 uL : gx-9-42.lcd : 1.lcm : 1.lcm : 2012-5-19 17:25:37 : 2012-5-19 17:43:49 Acquired by Sample Name method Injection Volume Data File Name Report File Name Data Acquired Data Processed <Chromatogram> C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-9-42.lcd mV Bet.A Ch1 750 500-250 12.492 0 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 min 1 Det.A Ch1/214nm PeakTable Detector A Ch1 214nm Peak# Ret. Time 1 12.492 2 16.301 Height 41301 774737 816038 Area % 3.427 96.573 100.000 Area 964524 27176381 28140905 Total C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-9-42.lcd

==== Shimadzu LCsolution Analysis Report ====

```
HPLC of 7f
```





HPLC of 7g





HPLC of 7h





HPLC of **7i**



Instrument 1 11/4/11 9:34:01 AM gx

Page 1 of 1

٠.



HPLC of **7**j





HPLC of 7k





HPLC of 8a



==== Shimadzu LCsolution Analysis Report ====

C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-11-40.lcd

	C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-11-40.
Acquired by	: Admin
Sample Name	: qx-11-40
method	:hydro
Injection Volume	: 5 uL
Data File Name	: gx-11-40.lcd
Method File Name	: 1.lcm
Report File Name	: 1.lcr
Data Acquired	: 2012-11-1 19:31:47
Data Processed	: 2012-11-1 19:48:15

<Chromatogram>



etector A C	h1 254nm	PeakTable		
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area %
1	8.124	6738826	588784	91 673
2	13.733	612104	29913	8 3 2 7
Total		7350930	618697	100.000

C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-11-40.lcd



C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-11-89-+-.lcd

,
==== Shimadzu LCsolution Analysis Report ====

C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-11-89-3.lcd : Admin : GX-11-89-3 :IC, 9/1, 1.0, 254 : 5 uL

Acquired by	: Ad
Sample Name	: GX
method	:IC. 1
Injection Volume	:5 u
Data File Name	: gx-
Method File Name	: 1.10
Report File Name	: 1.10
Data Acquired	: 20*
Data Processed	: 201



<Chromatogram>



Detector A Ch1 254nm		PeakTable		
Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area %
1	22.144	17628313	547925	89.872
2	28.199	1986661	53134	10.128
Total		19614973	601059	100.000

C:\LabSolutions\Data\Project1\guxin\gx-11-89-3.lcd

HPLC of 8c





S111

HPLC of 8d



2012-11-20 15:34:05 1 / 1











HPLC of 8g









S121

HPLC of **8i**



