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Supporting Information

A Unique Copper-Catalyzed Cross-Hydrogen (H₂) Removal Coupling to Stereoselective Synthesis of 3-Phosphoindoles

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1. General information.

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker advance III 400 spectrometer in CDCl₃ with TMS as internal standard. ³¹P NMR spectra and ¹⁹F NMR were recorded on the same instrument. Mass spectra were mearsured using Bruker microTOF-Q II. The starting materials were purchased from Aldrich, Acros Organics, J&K Chemicals or TCI and used without further purification. Solvents were dried and purified according to the procedure from "Purification of Laboratory Chemicals book". Column chromatography was carried out on silica gel (particle size 200-400 mesh ASTM).

2. Screening results and typical procedure.

2.1 Reaction Conditions Screening

In an initial study, we chose the N-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (1a) and Ph₂P(O)H (5a) as model substrates. We extensively screened catalysts, solvents, and temperatures in an argon atmosphere and summarized in Table S1. Gratifyingly, we found that some copper salts such as CuCl, CuBr, CuBr Me₂S, CuCl₂, Cu(acac)₂, and Cu(OAc)₂ serve to helpfully prompt the reaction (Table 1, entries 1-6). Among the CuCl gave the best results and the desired product of N-methyl-3-phosphoindole (2a) was obtained in 64% yield in CH₃CN at 50 °C under the Ar atmosphere (Table 1, entry 1). Encouraged by this result, we further optimized the reaction conditions. Solvents screening showed that the CH₃CN is still the best choice (Table 1, entries 7-10). If the reaction was carried out under the oxygen, the yield of N-methyl-3-phosphoindole (2a) has not obvious change (Table 1, entry 11). Subsequently, we focused our attention on a variety of nitrogen and phosphine ligands in order to understand their potential in this transformation. Extensive evaluation of ligands leads us to discover that phosphine ligands were effective in this regard (Table 1, entries 12-18). To our delight, the least expensive and most stable PPh₃ is the best choice. The yield of N-methyl-3-phosphoindole was further improved to 97% (Table 1, entry 18). However, when the reaction was carried out under O₂ or air, the lower yield of N-methyl-3-phosphoindole was observed (Table 1, entries 19-20). If the reaction time has been prolonged, the good yield would be afforded under the N₂ atmosphere. The addition of different bases to this transformation proved unhelpful. Furthermore, the control experiment demonstrated that the use of only PPh₃ failed to prompt the reaction.

Table 1. Reaction Conditions Screening.^a

Entry	Cu [mol%]	Ligand [mol%]	Solvent	Yield [%] ^[b]
1	CuCl (5.0)		CH₃CN	64
2	CuBr (5.0)		CH₃CN	42
3	CuBr·Me ₂ S (5.0)		CH₃CN	46
4	CuCl ₂ (5.0)		CH₃CN	23
5	Cu(acac) ₂ (5.0)		CH₃CN	22
6	Cu(OAc) ₂ (5.0)		CH₃CN	6
7	CuCl (5.0)		DMSO	45
8	CuCl (5.0)		DMF	42
9	CuCl (5.0)		NMP	38
10	CuCl (5.0)		1,4-dioxane	17
11	CuCl (5.0)		CH₃CN	62 ^[c]
12	CuCl (5.0)	dppe (6.0)	CH₃CN	84
13	CuCl (5.0)	dppp (6.0)	CH₃CN	80
14	CuCl (5.0)	dppb (6.0)	CH₃CN	79
15	CuCl (5.0)	dpppe (6.0)	CH₃CN	82
16	CuCl (5.0)	dppf (6.0)	CH₃CN	88
17	CuCl (5.0)	binap (6.0)	CH₃CN	18
18	CuCl (5.0)	PPh ₃ (6.0)	CH₃CN	97
19	CuCl (5.0)	PPh ₃ (6.0)	CH₃CN	93 ^[d]
20	CuCl (5.0)	PPh ₃ (6.0)	CH₃CN	51 ^[e]
21	-	PPh ₃ (6.0)	CH ₃ CN	0

 $[^]a$ All reactions were carried out in the presence of 0.3 mmol of HP(O)Ph₂ in 3.0 mL CH₃CN at 50 °C for 24 h under argon. b Isolated yield. c Reaction was carried out under the O₂. d Reaction was carried out under the N₂ for 36 h. e Reaction was carried out under the air.

2.2 General Procedures for CuCl-Catalyzed Direct Dehydrogenative Phosphorylation for Synthesis of 3-Phosphoindoles (2):

In a Schlenk tube, **1** (0.600 mmol), HP(O)Ph₂ (0.300 mmol), CuCl (0.015 mmol), and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50° C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄

and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography using hexanes/EtOAc (10/1 to 1/1) as the eluent.

2.3 General Procedures for CuCl-Catalyzed Direct Dehydrogenative Phosphorylation for Synthesis of 3-Phosphoindoles (4):

In a Schlenk tube, **3** (0.600 mmol), optically pure H-Phosphinate (0.300 mmol), CuCl (0.015 mmol), and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 80°C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography using hexanes/EtOAc (10/1 to 1/1) as the eluent.

2.4 Gram-scale synthesis of 2a.

2.5 A Typical Procedure for the Preparation of Optically Pure H-Phosphinates: [S2]

The mixture of (L)-(-)-menthol (100 g, 641 mmol) and pyridine (51.3 mL, 641 mmol) in Et₂O (200 mL) was added dropwise with stirring to a PhPCl₂(87.2 mL, 641 mmol) solution in Et₂O (400 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C and then stirred at room temperature overnight. Water (12 mL, 667 mmol) was added, and the reaction mixture was washed with water and extracted with hexane. The hexane layer was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. Recrystallization of the mixture in hexane (twice) at -30 $^{\circ}$ C gave pure H-Phosphinates a white crystal (R_P/S_P>99/1).

2.6 General Procedures for the determination of the dr values. [S1]

In a Schlenk tube, *N*-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (0.600 mmol), the racemic Menthoxyl-phenylphosphinate (0.300 mmol), CuCl (0.015 mmol), and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 80 $^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and

concentrated in vacuo. Then the determination of the diatereoselectivity by ³¹PNMR, or after by flash column chromatography and determined dr values by ³¹PNMR (Figure S1 and Figure S2).

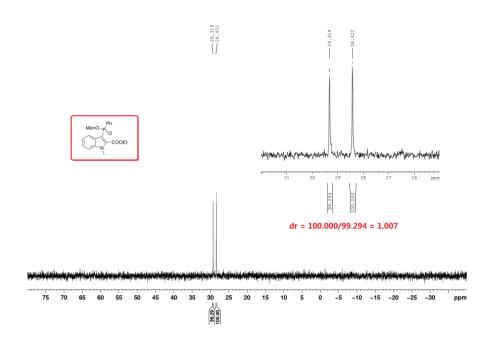


Figure S1. The dr value of racemic H-Phosphinate according to the ³¹PNMR.

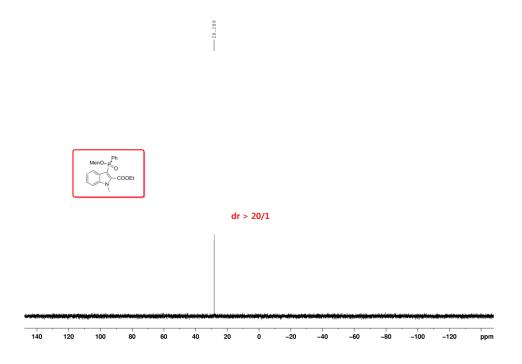


Figure S2. The dr value of the optically pure H-Phosphinate according to the ³¹PNMR.

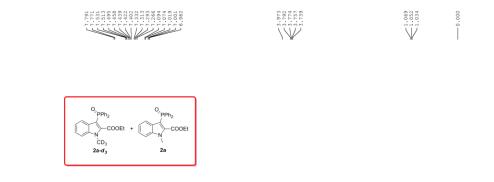
3. Preliminary mechanistic studies.

3.1 Radicals Trapping Experiments:

- a) Procedures for using BHT: In a Schlenk tube, N-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (0.600 mmol), HP(O)Ph₂ (0.300 mmol), CuCl (0.015 mmol), BHT (0.600 mmol) and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50° C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc $(2 \times 10.0 \text{ mL})$. The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography to give 2a in 94% yield.
- b) Procedures for using cyclohexa-1, 4-diene: In a Schlenk tube, N-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (0.600 mmol), HP(O)Ph₂ (0.300 mmol), CuCl (0.015 mmol), cyclohexa-1, 4-diene (0.600 mmol) and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50 °C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography to give 2a in 89% yield.

3.2 Competing kinetic isotope effect (KIE) experiment: Intermolecular KIE experiment: 1a- d_I were synthesized deuterium substrates according the literature procedure. [S3]

In a Schlenk tube, $1a-d_3$ (0.300 mmol), $1a-d_1$ (0.300 mmol), HP(O)Ph₂ (0.300 mmol), CuCl (0.015 mmol), and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50°C for 10 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography to give $2a-d_3$ and 2a. The products were under 1H-NMR analysis. (Figure S3).



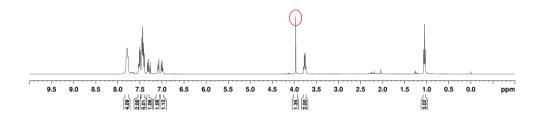


Figure S3. H NMR spectra of the mixture of compound 2a and $2a-d_3$.

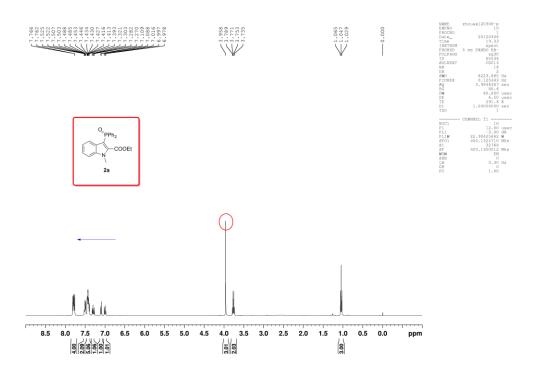


Figure S4. H NMR spectra of 2a.

3.3 CuH and Stryker's Reagent-Catalyzed Direct Dehydrogenative Coupling Reaction:

- a) Procedures for using CuH: In a Schlenk tube, N-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (0.600 mmol), HP(O)Ph₂ (0.300 mmol), CuH (0.015 mmol), BHT (0.600 mmol) and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50°C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography to give 2a in 76 % yield.
- **Procedures** Stryker's for using **Reagent:** In Schlenk tube. *N*-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (0.600)mmol), $HP(O)Ph_2$ (0.300)mmol), [CuH(PPh₃)]₆ (0.003 mmol), BHT (0.600 mmol) and PPh₃ (0.018 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (3.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50°C for 24 hours (monitored by TLC). After substrate was consumed, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo. the resulting residue diluted with EtOAc (5.0 ml) and washed with water (5.0 ml). The aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (2×10.0 mL). The combination of organic phase was dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo, and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography to give 2a in 78 % yield.

Reference:

- [S1] Han, L. B. and Zhao, C. Q., J. Org. Chem., 2005, 70, 10121.
- [S2] (a) Farnham, W. B.; Murray, R. K.; Mislow, K. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1970, 92, 5809.
 (b) Reiff, L. P.; Aaron, H. S. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1970, 92, 5275. (c) Benschop, H. P.; Platenburg, D. H. J. M.; Meppelder, F. H.; Boter, H. J. Chem. Commun. 1970, 33. (d) Bodalski, R.; Koszuk, J. Phosphorus, Sulfur, Silicon Relat. Elem. 1989, 44, 99. (e) Han, L.-B.; Zhao, C.-Q.; Onozawa, S.; Goto, M.; Tanaka, M. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2002, 124, 3842. (f) Han, L.-B.; Zhao, C.-Q. J. Org. Chem. 2005, 70, 10121. (g) Han, L.-B.; Zhao, C.-Q.; Xu, Q. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2008, 130, 12648. (h) Storer, R.; Alexandre, F. R.; Dousson, C.; Moussa, A. M.; Bridges, E. Enantiomerically pure phosphoindoles as HIV inhibitors. WO PCT Int. Appl. 042240, 2008.
- [S3] Wang, R., Shi, H. F., Zhao, J. F., He, Y. P., Zhang, H. B., Liu, J. P., *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.*, **2013**, **23**, 1760.

3.4 Hydrogen detection

1. a) Hydrogen detector:

HEWLETT5890 PACKADR SERIES II GAS CHROMATOGRAPH

b) Carrier gas: Ar

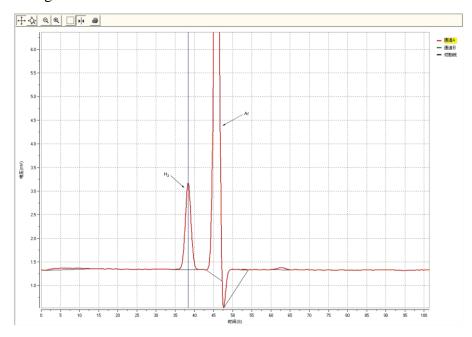


Figure S5. The standard spectrogram of H_2 .

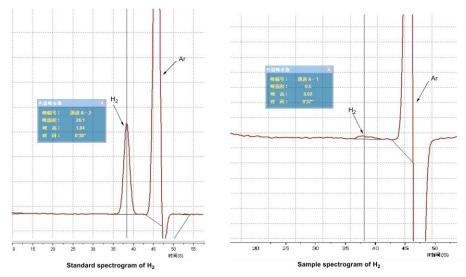


Figure S6. The detected spectrogram of H_2 .

a) Procedures for the detected H₂ by Gas Chromatograph:

By using the high purity of Ar as carrier gas, we first injected the pure H_2 into the Hewlett5890 Packadr Series II Gas Chromatograph and detected standard spectrogram of H_2 (Figure S5). Then 15 minutes later, we injected the sample gas of reaction system into the Gas Chromatograph and observed the peak of H_2 (Figure S6). This result showed that the H_2 has been released from the reaction.

2. Hydrogen detector: TAYASAF-MG01 portable H₂ Detector



Figure S7. The concentration of H_2 (223 ppm).

b) Procedures for the detected H₂ by Portable H₂ Detector:

In a 50 mL round-bottom flask, N-methylindole-2-ethyl formate (10.0 mmol), H-Phosphinate (5.0 mmol), CuCl 5.0 mmol%, and 6.0 mmol% were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH₃CN (20.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at 50°C for 24 hours and then the reaction was cooled to room temperature. After we injected the syringe needle, which linked with Portable H₂ Detector, into the reaction system and H₂ Detector began to alarm and the instantaneous H₂ concentration was detected with 223 ppm. It worth to note that the highest concentration reached 476 ppm.

- 3. Mixing Stryker's reagent with HP(O)Ph₂
- a) Hydrogen detector: TAYASAF-MG01 portable H₂ Detector



Figure S8. the observation of H_2 evolution

b) Procedures for the detected H₂ by Portable H₂ Detector:

In a 10 mL round-bottom flask, H-Phosphinate (0.5 mmol) , Stryker's reagent (0.5 mmol) were added and charged with Ar three times. Then, anhydrous CH_3CN (5.0 mL) were added. The mixture was allowed to stir at $50^{\circ}C$ for 12 hours and then the reaction was cooled to room temperature. After we injected the syringe needle, which linked with Portable H_2 Detector, into the reaction system and H_2 Detector began to alarm and the instantaneous H_2 concentration was detected with 113 ppm.

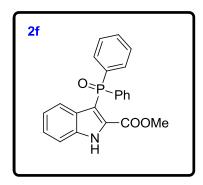
4. Characterization of new compounds.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (97% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 148-150 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.29. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.84 - 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.53 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.46 - 7.39 (m, 5H), 7.33 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.76 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.05 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.6, 138.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 135.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 16.0$ Hz), 134.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 109.0$ Hz), 131.5 , 131.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0$ Hz), 128.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.0$ Hz), 128.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 13.0$ Hz), 124.6, 122.7, 121.9, 110.3, 107.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 120.0$ Hz), 61.9, 31.8, 13.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.66. HRMS Calcd for $C_{24}H_{22}NaO_3P$ [M + Na]⁺ 426.1230, found 426.1224.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (93% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 226-228 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.13. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO): δ 12.85 (brs, 1H), 7.72 - 7.66 (m, 4H), 7.59 - 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.51 - 7.49 (m, 4H), 7.31 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.6 Hz , 1H), 3.81 (q, J = 6.8 Hz , 2H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO): δ 160.2, 136.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 135.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 108.0$ Hz), 132.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 15.0$ Hz), 131.5, 131.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 129.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 8.0$ Hz), 128.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 124.9, 122.5, 121.5, 113.1, 107.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 118.0$ Hz), 61.1, 13.6. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, d₆-DMSO): δ 21.13. HRMS Calcd for $C_{23}H_{20}NNaO_3P$ [M + Na] + 412.1073, found 412.1065.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (78% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 155-157 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.24. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.82 - 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.53 - 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.41 (m, 4H), 7.34 - 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 - 7.00 (m, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 167.8, 161.2, 138.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 134.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 110.0$ Hz), 134.4, 131.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 128.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 8.0$ Hz), 128.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 125.3, 123.4, 122.3, 109.7, 109.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 118.0$ Hz), 61.8, 61.6, 46.5, 14.0, 13.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 22.64. HRMS Calcd for $C_{27}H_{26}NNaO_{5}P$ [M + Na]⁺ 498.1441, found 498.1450.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (80% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.42. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.83 - 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.55 - 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.23 (m, 4H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (s, 2H), 3.65 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.7, 137.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 136.6, 135.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 16.0 Hz), 134.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 109.0 Hz), 131.7, 131.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 4.0 Hz), 128.9, 1128.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.0 Hz), 128.4, 128.3, 127.7, 126.5, 124.9, 123.0, 122.1, 110.9, 108.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 109.0 Hz), 61.8, 48.5, 13.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.44. HRMS Calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NNaO₃P [M + Na]⁺ 502.1546, found 502.1548.



Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (88% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 215-217 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.10. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.70 - 7.64 (m, 4H), 7.53 - 7.46 (m, 3H), 7.45 - 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.22 - 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.93 - 6.84 (m, 2H), 4.77 (s, 3H), 3.36 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.0, 138.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}}$ = 12.0 Hz), 135.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}}$ = 111.0 Hz), 134.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}}$ = 16.0 Hz), 133.2.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}}$ = 3.0 Hz), 132.7, 132.6, 131.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}}$ = 9.0 Hz), 129.9, 129.8, 126.5, 123.4, 123.1, 114.0, 108.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}}$ = 123.0 Hz), 52.5. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 26.10. HRMS Calcd for $C_{22}H_{18}NNaO_3P$ [M + Na]⁺ 398.0917, found 398.0902.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (91% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 171-173 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.19. ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.83 - 7.75 (m, 4H), 7.52 - 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.44 - 7.39 (m, 5H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.27 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 162.0, 138.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 134.9 134.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 109.0$ Hz), 131.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 2.0$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 128.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 128.5, 128.4, 124.9, 123.0, 122.0, 110.4, 108.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 119.0$ Hz), 51.8, 31.9. ³¹**P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 21.05. **HRMS** Calcd for $C_{23}H_{20}NNaO_3P$ [M + Na]⁺ 412.1073, found 412.1079.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (90% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.35. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.80 - 7.74 (m, 4H), 7.52 - 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.44 - 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 3H), 3.76 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 1.09 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.2, 137.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 16.0 Hz), 137.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 134.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 109.0 Hz), 132.0, 131.9, 131.8, 131.6, 131.5, 131.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.0 Hz), 129.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 128.5, 128.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 128.2, 127.3, 121.9, 121.8, 120.7, 106.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 121.0 Hz), 61.9, 34.9, 20.5, 13.5. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.57. HRMS Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NNaO₃P [M + Na]⁺ 440.1410, found 440.1398.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (90% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 163-165 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.27. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 - 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.51 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.45 - 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.76 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.6, 138.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0$ Hz), 135.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 109.0$ Hz), 134.9, 134.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 131.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 128.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 126.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 9.0$ Hz), 123.9, 122.3, 110.0, 107.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 121.0$ Hz), 61.5, 31.7, 21.7, 13.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.60. HRMS Calcd for $C_{25}H_{24}NNaO_3P$ [M + Na] + 440.1386. found 440.1382.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (89% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.32. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.76 - 7.70 (m, 4H), 7.49 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.42 - 7.38 (m, 4H), 7.27 - 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.96 - 6.93 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.47 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 1.11 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 162.4, 138.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 138.0, 135.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 108.0$ Hz), 133.7, 132.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 2.0$ Hz), 128.1, 128.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 6.0$ Hz), 124.5, 124.3, 107.6, 104.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 120.0$ Hz), 61.9, 31.5, 22.6, 13.6. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 22.36. HRMS Calcd for $C_{25}H_{24}NNaO_3P$ [M + Na] + 440.1386, found 440.1398.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (91% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 77-79 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.33. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.79 - 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.52 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.45 - 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.30 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.15 - 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.72 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.01 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.5, 136.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 135.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 17.0 Hz), 134.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 109.0 Hz), 131.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 131.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 129.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 9.0 Hz), 128.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 128.1, 126.5, 109.9, 106.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 120.0 Hz), 61.5, 31.9, 21.3, 13.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 22.48. HRMS Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NNaO₃P [M + Na]⁺ 440.1386, found 440.1398.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (96% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 145-147 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.26. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.84 - 7.78 (m, 4H), 7.51 - 7.42 (m, 6H), 7.28 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, 2.4Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.76 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.3, 155.2, 135.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 108.0 Hz), 134.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 16.0 Hz), 133.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 131.5, 131.4, 131.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 129.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 9.0 Hz), 128.3, 128.2, 116.4, 111.1, 106.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 120.0 Hz), 102.5, 61.4, 55.1, 32.0, 13.3. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.25. HRMS Calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NNaO₄P [M + Na]⁺ 456.1335, found 456.1338.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (87% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 152-154 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.25. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 - 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.57 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.49 - 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.37 - 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.07 (td, J = 8.8 Hz, 2.4Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.78 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.2, 158.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 237.0$ Hz), 136.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 16.0$ Hz), 134.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 133.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 109.0$ Hz), 131.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0$ Hz), 131.6, 131.5, 129.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 129.0, 128.5, 128.4, 113.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 27.0$ Hz), 111.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 10.0$ Hz), 107.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 25.0$ Hz), 106.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 122.0$ Hz), 61.9, 32.2, 13.5. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 22.78. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -119.88. HRMS Calcd for $C_{24}H_{21}FNNaO_{3}P$ [M + Na] + 444.1135, found 444.1128.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (90% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 149-151 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.25. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 - 7.75 (m, 4H), 7.55 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.33 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.75 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.4, 136.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 136.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 16.0$ Hz), 134.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 110.0$ Hz), 131.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.0$ Hz), 131.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 10.0$ Hz), 129.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.0$ Hz), 128.7, 128.6, 128.1, 125.5, 122.6, 111.7, 107.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 119.0$ Hz), 62.2, 32.4, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 22.03. HRMS Calcd for $C_{24}H_{21}$ CINNaO₃P [M + Na]⁺ 460.0840, found 460.0828.

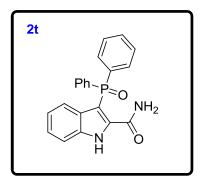
Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (81% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 162-164 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.22. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78 - 7.74 (m, 4H), 7.56 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.40 - 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.31 - 7.25 (m, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.76 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.03 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.1, 136.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 10.0$ Hz), 136.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 6.0$ Hz), 134.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 109.0$ Hz), 131.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.0$ Hz), 131.6, 131.5, 130.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.0$ Hz), 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 125.5, 115.5, 111.7, 107.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 119.0$ Hz), 61.9, 32.1, 13.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.99. HRMS Calcd for $C_{24}H_{21}BrNNaO_3P$ [M + Na] + 504.0335, found 504.0325.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (81% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 158-160 °C. **R**_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.35. ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.81 - 7.75 (m, 4H), 7.57 - 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.51 - 7.44 (m, 7H), 7.31 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 4.01 (s, 3H), 3.82 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.04 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 161.1, 139.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 10.0$ Hz), 137.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 15.0$ Hz), 134.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 110.0$ Hz), 132.0, 131.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0$ Hz), 131.6, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 128.6, 128.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.0$ Hz), 128.4, 127.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 9.0$ Hz), 124.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 270.0$ Hz), 124.3 (q, $J_{C-P} = 32.0$ Hz), 121.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 4.0$ Hz), 110.9, 109.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 118.0$ Hz), 62.1, 32.2, 13.4. ³¹**P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 21.35. **HRMS** Calcd for $C_{25}H_{21}F_3NNaO_3P$ [M + Na] + 494.1103, found 494.1104.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (61% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): δ 12.55 (brs, 1H), 9.03 (brs, 1H), 7.70 - 7.64 (m, 4H), 7.61 - 7.47 (m, 6H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 160.1, 152.2, 135.9, 134.8, 134.8, 131.5 131.3, 131.2, 131.1, 130.9, 130.8, 128.3, 128.2, 116.4, 113.4, 105.8, 60.7, 13.5. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, DMSO): δ 22.06. HRMS Calcd for $C_{23}H_{20}NNaO_4P$ [M + Na] ⁴ 428.1022, found 428.1020.

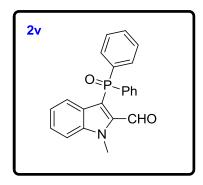
Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (89% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 187-189 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.34. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78 - 7.73 (m, 4H), 7.54 - 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.46 - 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 4.08 (s, 3H), 3.72 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.7, 138.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 16.0 Hz), 135.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 133.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 109.0 Hz), 131.6, 131.5, 130.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 128.3, 128.2, 127.4, 127.2, 123.5, 119.9, 107.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 119.0 Hz), 62.0, 34.9, 20.1, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.98. HRMS Calcd for C₂₅H₂₃ClNNaO₃P [M + Na]⁺ 474.0996, found 474.0988.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (69% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.33. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88 - 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.36 (m, 5H), 7.30 - 7.25 (m, 1H), 4.30 - 4.22 (m, 1H), 4.19 - 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.7, 138.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 135.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 20.0 Hz), 133.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 146.0 Hz), 131.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.0 Hz), 130.7, 130.6, 128.3, 128.2, 127.9, 124.7, 123.1, 122.3, 110.3, 106.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 157.0 Hz), 61.8, 60.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 16.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 13.6. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 29.06. HRMS Calcd for C₂₀H₂₂NNaO₄P [M + Na]⁺ 394.1179, found 394.1180.



Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (22% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 4:1): 0.35. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO): δ12.62 (brs, 1H), 10.56 (brs, 1H), 7.82 (brs, 1H), 7.69 - 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.61 - 7.53 (m, 9H), 7.21 - 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.87 - 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 161.6, 139.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 16.0$ Hz), 135.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 133.9, 133.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 2.0$ Hz), 132.8, 131.8, 131.7, 129.5, 129.4, 129.3 129.2, 124.4, 121.9, 121.3, 113.8, 101.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 119.0$ Hz). ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, DMSO): δ 26.10. HRMS Calcd for $C_{21}H_{18}N_2O_2P$ [M + H]⁺ 361.1100, found 361.1105.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (95% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 191-193 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.35. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.78 - 7.72 (m, 4H), 7.51 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.43 - 7.36 (m, 5H), 7.28 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 198.1, 145.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 17.0$ Hz), 137.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 133.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 109.0$ Hz), 131.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.0$ Hz), 131.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 128.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 13.0$ Hz), 127.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 10.0$ Hz), 123.9, 121.8, 110.4, 104.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 120.0$ Hz), 33.5, 31.3. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.36. HRMS Calcd for $C_{23}H_{20}NNaO_2P$ [M + Na] ⁺ 396.1124, found 396.1123.

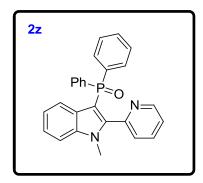


Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (96% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.28. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 10.83 (brs, 1H), 7.77 - 7.71 (m, 4H), 7.60 - 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.50 - 7.45 (m, 5H), 7.42 - 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.03 - 6.98 (m, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 186.8, 140.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 15.0$ Hz), 139.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 133.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 108.0$ Hz), 132.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 132.1, 132.0, 131.8, 131.7, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 127.9, 127.8, 126.6, 122.8, 122.4, 114.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 115.0$ Hz), 111.0, 32.8. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 23.19. HRMS Calcd for $C_{22}H_{18}NNaO_2P$ [M + Na] + 382.0967, found 382.0957.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (93% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 201-203 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.35. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.85 - 7.74 (m, 4H), 7.68 - 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.58 - 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.50 - 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.41 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.18 - 7.12 (m, 1H), 3.88 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 138.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0$ Hz), 132.6, 132.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 128.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 126.4, 122.9, 122.8, 110.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 1.0$ Hz), 110.4, 76.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 31.8. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 19.71. HRMS Calcd for $C_{22}H_{17}N_2NaOP$ [M + Na]⁺ 379.0971, found 379.0958.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (86% yield) as a yeollow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 4:1): 0.38. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.43 (brs, 1H), 11.29 (brs, 1H), 7.73 - 7.67 (m, 4H), 7.62 - 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.48 - 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.26 - 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.92 - 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 160.0, 139.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 15.0$ Hz), 133.3, 132.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 132.1, 132.0, 131.9, 131.8, 129.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 128.8, 128.7, 124.3, 121.7, 121.6, 112.8, 101.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 121.0$ Hz), 26.9. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 28.39. HRMS Calcd for $C_{22}H_{20}N_2O_2P$ [M + H]⁺ 375.1257, found 375.1263.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (78% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 173-175 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.50. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, d₆-DMSO): δ 12.31 (brs, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.65 - 7.59 (m, 4H), 7.54 - 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.43 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 - 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.20 - 7.10 (m, 4H), 6.82 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, d₆-DMSO): δ 147.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 18.0$ Hz), 137.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 135.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 106.0$ Hz), 132.0, 131.9, 131, 131.5, 130.2, 130.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 5.0$ Hz), 128.8, 128.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 128.0, 122.5, 120.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 101.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 124.0$ Hz), 79.6. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, d₆-DMSO): δ 16.87. HRMS Calcd for $C_{26}H_{21}NOP$ [M + H]⁺ 394.1355, found 394.1362.

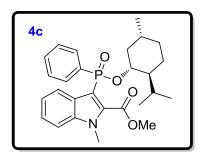


Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (73% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.39. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.50 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.71 - 7.65 (m, 4H), 7.52 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.30 - 7.22 (m, 5H), 7.05 - 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.99 - 6.97 (m, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 149.8, 148.8, 145.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 18.0 Hz), 137.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 135.7, 134.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 107.0 Hz), 131.7, 131.6, 131.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 129.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 9.0 Hz), 128.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.0 Hz), 128.1, 123.1, 121.9, 110.0, 103.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 125.0 Hz), 31.3. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 18.72. HRMS Calcd for C₂₆H₂₂N₂OP [M + H] + 409.1464, found 409.1471.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2: 1) give the product (77% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 2:1): 0.45. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88 - 7.82 (m, 4H), 7.51 - 7.39 (m, 7H), 7.36 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.03 (t, $J = 8.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.58 - 3.42 (m, 3H), 1.61 - 1.48 (m, 1H), 0.95 (d, $J = 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$, 1H), 0.82 (t, $J = 8.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 156.5, 138.3 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 134.7 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 108.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 132.8 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 16.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 131.7, 131.6 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 131.5, 131.2 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 131.2 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 2.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 129.1 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 9.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 128.3 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 5.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 128.2 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 5.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 124.2, 122.8, 121.7, 110.2, 106.7 (d, $J_{\mathrm{C-P}} = 122.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$), 73.3, 69.9, 32.7, 31.7, 19.1, 18.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 20.32.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (88% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 65-67 °C. **R**_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.37. [α]_D¹⁶ = +13.0 (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.35 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.84 - 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.46 - 7.35 (m, 5H), 7.28 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 4.44 - 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.25 - 4.09(m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 2.13 - 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.92 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 1.66 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.49 - 1.42 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.37 - 1.31 (m, 1H), 1.24 - 1.14 (m, 4H), 1.00 - 0.83 (m, 2H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.51 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.6, 138.1(d, J_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 135.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 143.0 Hz), 134.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 20.0 Hz), 131.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 3.0 Hz), 130.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 128.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 127.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz), 124.7, 123.8, 122.0, 110.1, 108.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 159.0 Hz), 76.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.0 Hz), 61,5, 49.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.0 Hz), 43.4, 34.1, 31.8, 31.5, 25.2, 22.7, 22.0, 21.1, 15.3, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 28.14. HRMS Calcd for C₂₈H₃₇NO₄P [M + H]⁺ 482.2455, found 482.2458.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (65% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 232-234 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.25. $[\mathbf{\alpha}]_{\mathbf{D}}^{\mathbf{16}} = +2.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 10.61 (brs, 1H), 8.58 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.83 - 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.44 - 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.35 - 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.27 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 4.49 - 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.07 - 4.03 (m, 2H), 2.18 - 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.92 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 1.63 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.51 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.31 - 1.16 (m, 2H), 1.04 - 0.77 (m, 11H), 0.51 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 160.5, 136.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 145.0$ Hz), 133.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 134.6, 131.4, 131.2(d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 130.8, 130.7, 130.6, 130.5, 127.9, 127.8, 125.7, 124.6 122.3, 111.8, 109.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 156.0$ Hz), 76.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0$ Hz), 61,6, 49.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 5.0$ Hz), 43.6, 34.1, 31.5, 25.4, 22.7, 22.0, 21.1, 15.3, 13.9. ³¹**P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 29.26. **HRMS** Calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}NO_4P$ [M + H]⁺ 468.2298, found 468.2291.



Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (86% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 60-62 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.22. $[\mathbf{\alpha}]_{\mathbf{D}}^{16} = +85.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.89 - 7.78 (m, 3H), 7.49 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.48 - 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.34 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 4.34 - 4.25 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.80 (s, 3H), 2.06 - 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.63 - 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.42 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.35 - 1.30 (m, 1H), 1.26 - 1.20 (m, 1H), 0.99 - 0.82 (m, 2H), 0.81 - 0.77 (m, 3H), 0.73 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.46 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.8, 138.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 13.0$ Hz), 135.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 143.0$ Hz), 134.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 21.0$ Hz), 132.3, 131.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 130.8, 130.5, 130.4, 128.7, 128.3, 127.9, 127.8, 124.8, 123.7, 122.1, 110.2, 108.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 159.0$ Hz), 76.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0$ Hz), 68.0, 49.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 6.0$ Hz), 43.3, 34.0, 31.7, 31.4, 25.2, 22.9, 21.9, 21.0, 15.3. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 28.01. HRMS Calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}NO_4P$ [M + H]⁺ 468.2298, found 468.2292.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (67% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 227-229 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.19. $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{D}}^{16} = -110.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 10.49 (brs, 1H), 8.56 - 8.53 (m, 1H), 7.85 - 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.51 - 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.36 - 7.31 (m, 3H), 7.28 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 4.44 - 4.41 (m, 1H), 3.54 (s, 3H), 2.23 - 2.10 (m, 1H), 1.87 - 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.67 - 1.51 (m, 3H), 1.26 - 1.17 (m, 2H), 1.02 - 0.87 (m, 2H), 0.82 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.57 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 160.8, 136.2, 136.0, 134.7, 131.6, 131.4, 130.8, 130.6, 130.4, 130.3, 127.8, 127.7, 125.4, 124.2 122.1, 112.3, 109.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 156.0 Hz), 76.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 61,5, 48.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.0 Hz), 43.5, 34.0, 31.4, 25.3, 22.6, 21.9, 21.0, 15.2. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 28.54. HRMS Calcd for C₂₇H₃₅NO₄P [M + H]⁺ 468.2298, found 468.2291. HRMS Calcd for C₂₆H₃₃NO₄P [M + H]⁺ 454.2142, found 454.2147.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (80% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.39. $[\mathbf{a}]_{\mathbf{D}}^{\mathbf{16}} = -8.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.92 - 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.19 - 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.40 - 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34 (s, 2H), 4.49 - 4.39 (m, 1H), 4.24 - 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 2.14 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 1.85 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 1.68 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.51 - 1.45 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.37 - 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.21 - 1.11 (m, 4H), 1.01 - 0.84 (m, 2H), 0.80 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.71 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.51 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 163.9, 140.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 16.0$ Hz), 137.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.0$ Hz), 135.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 138.0$ Hz), 132.9, 131.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 131.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0$ Hz), 128.1, 128.0, 126.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 123.8, 123.6, 107.5, 103.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 158.0$ Hz), 76.1 (d, $J_{C-P} = 7.0$ Hz), 62.3, 48.8 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.0$ Hz), 43.2, 34.2, 31.5, 31.2, 25.0, 22.6, 22.0, 21.7, 21.0, 15.0, 14.0. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 27.48. HRMS Calcd for C₂₉H₃₉NO₄P [M + H]⁺ 496.2611, found 496.2615.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (85% yield) as a yellow oil. Rf (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.45. [α]D16 = +10.0 (c 1.00, CHCl3). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.83 - 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.45 - 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.30 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.48 - 4.39 (m, 1H), 4.22 - 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.17 - 2.10 (m, 1H), 1.95 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 1.49 - 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.26 - 1.16 (m, 1H), 1.21 - 1.11 (m, 4H), 1.05 - 0.85 (m, 2H), 0.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.55 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3): δ 161.5, 136.6, 136.6 (d, JC-P = 12.0 Hz), 136.0 (d, JC-P = 144.0 Hz), 134.1(d, JC-P = 21.0 Hz), 131.5, 131.0 (d, JC-P = 3.0 Hz), 130.4 (d, JC-P = 11.0 Hz), 128.9 (d, JC-P = 9.0 Hz), 127.9, 127.7, 126.7, 123.1 109.7, 107.4 (d, JC-P = 159.0 Hz), 76.2 (d, JC-P = 6.0 Hz), 61,3, 48.9 (d, JC-P = 6.0 Hz), 43.4, 34.0, 31.8, 31.4, 25.2, 22.6, 22.0, 21.6, 21.0, 15.2, 13.7. 31P NMR

(162 MHz, CDCl3): δ 28.88. HRMS Calcd for C29H39NO4P [M + H]+ 496.2611, found 496.2615.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (84% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 58-60 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.34. $[\mathbf{\alpha}]_{\mathbf{D}}^{\mathbf{16}} = +24.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.89 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 - 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.45 - 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.41 - 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.33 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.07 - 7.04 (m, 1H), 4.44 - 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.20 - 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.07 - 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.14 - 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.92 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 1.44 - 1.34 (m, 3H), 1.23 - 1.16 (m, 1H), 1.12 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.00 - 0.85 (m, 2H), 0.83 - 0.79 (m, 3H), 0.55 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.4, 155.6, 136.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 144.0$ Hz), 134.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 20.0$ Hz), 133.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 13.0$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 130.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0$ Hz), 129.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 9.0$ Hz), 128.0, 127.8, 116.4, 111.0 107.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 159.0$ Hz), 103.9, 76.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0$ Hz), 61,3, 55.6, 49.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 5$.0 Hz), 43.7, 34.1, 32.1, 31.5, 25.3, 22.6, 22.0, 21.1, 15.2, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 29.11. HRMS Calcd for $C_{29}H_{39}NO_5P$ [M + H]⁺ 512.1560, found 512.2555.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (73% yield) as a yellow solid. Mp: 94-96 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.33. $[\alpha]_D^{16}$ = +26.0 (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 8.05 (dd, J = 10.0 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 - 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.15 (td, J = 8.8 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.44 - 4.40 (m, 1H), 4.23 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 2.12 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 1.88 - 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.68 - 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.48 - 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.35 - 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.22 - 1.13 (m, 4H), 1.01 - 0.84 (m, 2H), 0.83 - 0.79 (m, 6H), 0.55 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 161.2, 159.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 236.0 Hz), 135.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 20.0 Hz), 135.5 (d,

 $J_{\text{C-P}} = 143.0 \text{ Hz}$), 134.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0 \text{ Hz}$), 131.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0 \text{ Hz}$), 130.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0 \text{ Hz}$), 129.1, 128.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 8.0 \text{ Hz}$), 128.1, 127.9, 114.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 27.0 \text{ Hz}$), 111.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0 \text{ Hz}$), 108.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 164.0 \text{ Hz}$), 108.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 26.0 \text{ Hz}$), 76.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0 \text{ Hz}$), 61,7, 49.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 5.0 \text{ Hz}$), 43.4, 34.1, 32.2, 31.5, 25.3, 22.7, 22.0, 21.0, 15.3, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 27.98. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -120.53. HRMS Calcd for $C_{28}H_{36}$ FNO₄P [M + H]⁺ 500.2360, found 500.2367.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (78% yield) as a yellow solid. Mp: 89-91 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.33. [α]_D¹⁶ = +17.0 (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.82 - 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.40 - 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34 (s, 2H), 4.49 - 4.39 (m, 1H), 4.24 - 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 2.14 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 1.85 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 1.68 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.51 - 1.45 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.37 - 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.21 - 1.11 (m, 4H), 1.05 - 0.85 (m, 2H), 0.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.55 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.2, 136.6, 136.5, 135.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 144.0 Hz), 135.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 21.0 Hz), 134.9, 131.3 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.0 Hz), 130.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 129.4 (d, J_{C-P} = 8.0 Hz), 128.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 14.0 Hz), 128.0, 125.4, 123.2 111.3, 108.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 159.0 Hz), 76.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.0 Hz), 61,7, 49.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.0 Hz), 43.4, 34.1, 33.2, 31.5, 25.4, 22.7, 22.0, 21.1, 15.4, 13.8. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 27.75. HRMS Calcd for C₂₈H₃₆ClNO₄P [M + H]⁺ 516.2065, found 516.2072.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (83% yield) as a white solid. Mp: 62-64 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.31. $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{D}}^{16} = +37.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.57 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82 - 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.29 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 4.46 - 4.42 (m, 1H), 4.22 - 4.09 (m,

2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.14 - 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.86 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.69 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.52 - 1.32 (m, 2H), 1.21 - 1.12 (m, 4H), 1.01 - 0.88 (m, 2H), 0.85 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.56 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.1, 136.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 12.0$ Hz), 135.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 144.0$ Hz), 135.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 131.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 2.0$ Hz), 130.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 11.0$ Hz), 129.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 8.0$ Hz), 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 126.2 115.6, 108.0 (d, $J_{C-P} = 158.0$ Hz), 76.5 (d, $J_{C-P} = 6.0$ Hz), 61,7, 48.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 6.0$ Hz), 43.4, 34.0, 32.1, 31.5, 25.4, 22.7, 21.9, 21.0, 15.3, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 27.75. HRMS Calcd for $C_{28}H_{36}$ BrNO₄P [M + H]⁺ 560.1560, found 560.1567.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (79% yield) as a yellow solid. Mp: 101-103 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.43. $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{D}}^{\mathbf{16}} =$ +34.0 (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.73 (s, 1H), 7.83 - 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.43 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 4.48 - 4.44 (m, 1H), 4.25 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 4.00 (s, 3H), 2.13-2.08 (m, 1H), 1.80 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.69 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.50 - 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.35 - 1.27 (m, 2H), 1.18 (t, (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 1.01 - 0.85 (m, 2H), 0.81 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.80 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.58 (d, J = 6.4 Hz), 0.58= 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.0, 139.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 136.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 20.0 \text{ Hz}$), 135.2 (d, $J_{C-P} = 144.0 \text{ Hz}$), 131.4 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0 \text{ Hz}$), 130.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0 \text{ Hz}$), 128.1, 127.9, 127.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 8.0 \text{ Hz}$), 124.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 270.0 \text{ Hz}$), 124.4 (q, $J_{C-P} = 32.0 \text{ Hz}$) 121.7 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.0 \text{ Hz}$), 121.3 (d, $J_{C-P} = 3.0 \text{ Hz}$), 110.8, 109.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 158.0 \text{ Hz}$), 76.6 (d, $J_{C-P} = 7.0 \text{ Hz}$), 61,8, 48.9 (d, $J_{C-P} = 5.0 \text{ Hz}$), 43.3, 34.0, 32.2, 31.5, 25.3, 22.6, 21.9, 20.8, 15.3, 13.7. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 27.52. ¹⁹**F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ -60.76. **HRMS** Calcd for $C_{29}H_{36}F_3NO_4P$ [M + H₁⁺ 550.2329, found 550.2336...

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (79% yield) as a white

solid. Mp: 119-121 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.45. $[\mathbf{\alpha}]_{\mathbf{D}}^{\mathbf{16}} = +22.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 8.03 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.97 - 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.53 - 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.46 - 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.37 - 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.25 - 7.22 (m, 1H), 4.46 - 4.37 (m, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 2.30 - 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.97 - 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.70 - 1.53 (m, 3H), 1.35 - 1.27 (m, 2H), 1.04 - 0.94 (m, 2H), 0.88 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 0.64 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 139.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 1.0$ Hz), 133.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 142.0$ Hz), 132.1, 132.0, 131.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 128.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 13$.0 Hz), 127.4 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 126.3, 122.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 13.0$ Hz), 115.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 154.0$ Hz), 114.6, 114.5, 112.2, 110.2, 77.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0$ Hz), 48.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 5.0$ Hz), 43.2, 33.9, 31.9, 31.6, 25.5, 22.7, 21.9, 21.0, 15.4. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 21.75. HRMS Calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}N_2O_2P$ [M + H]⁺ 435.2196, found 435.2190.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (52% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.28. $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{D}}^{16} = +13.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 11.55 (br, 1H), 11.36 (br, 1H), 7.81 - 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.62 - 7.59 (m, 1H), 7.50 - 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.29 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.29 - 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.15 (d, J = 4.0Hz, 3H), 2.28 (s, 1H), 1.90 - 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.65 - 1.59 (m, 3H), 1.50 - 1.40 (m, 2H), 0.91 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 0.68 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.24 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.2, 137.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 21.0$ Hz), 135.1(d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.0$ Hz), 133.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 148.0$ Hz), 131.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 130.6, 130.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.5, 128.4, 124.4, 122.1, 121.6, 112.5, 101.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 153.0$ Hz), 78.3 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 8.0$ Hz), 48.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 6.0$ Hz), 43.8, 33.9, 31.6, 29.7, 26.8, 25.3, 22.6, 22.0, 20.9, 14.9. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 31.16. HRMS Calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}N_2O_3P$ [M + H]⁺ 453.2302, found 453.2297.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (73% yield) as a

yellow oil. **R**_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:1): 0.25. [α]_D¹⁶ = -61.0 (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 14.32 (br, 1H), 11.23 (br, 1H), 7.80 (dd, J = 13.6 Hz, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.52 - 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.44 - 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.30 - 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 2.35-2.31 (m, 1H), 1.88 - 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.65 - 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.50 - 1.41 (m, 3H), 0.92 - 0.86 (m, 5H), 0.68 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.19 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 158.3, 135.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 135.1, 134.9, 133.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 150.0 Hz), 132.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.0 Hz), 130.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 129.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 128.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 13.0 Hz), 124.8, 121.9 (d, J_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 112.6, 101.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 151.0 Hz), 78.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 64.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 5.0 Hz), 48.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.0 Hz), 43.8, 33.9, 31.7, 25.2, 22.6, 22.0, 20.9, 14.8. ³¹**P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 30.67. **HRMS** Calcd for C₂₇H₃₆N₂O₃P [M + H]⁺ 453.2302, found 453.2297.

Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (82% yield) as a yellow solid. Mp: 173-175 oC. Rf (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.59. [α]D16 = -58.0 (c 1.00, CHCl3). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 10.86 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.88 - 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.49 - 7.38 (m, 5H), 7.24 - 7.20 (m, 1H), 4.47 - 4.37 (m, 1H), 4.14 (s, 3H), 2.10 - 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.64 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H), 1.53 - 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.36 - 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.02 - 0.92 (m, 2H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.85 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3): δ 186.6(d, JC-P = 18.0 Hz), 139.4 (d, JC-P = 12.0 Hz), 138.2 (d, JC-P = 22.0 Hz), 134.9 (d, JC-P = 142.0 Hz), 131.9, 130.7 (d, JC-P = 11.0 Hz), 128.4 (d, JC-P = 13.0 Hz), 127.6 (d, JC-P = 9.0 Hz), 126.9, 123.6, 122.4, 115.6 (d, JC-P = 153.0 Hz), 110.6, 77.5, 49.0 (d, JC-P = 5.0 Hz), 43.6, 34.0, 32.5, 31.6, 25.5, 22.7, 22.0, 21.0, 15.2. 31P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl3): δ 25.95. HRMS Calcd for C26H33NO3P [M + H]+ 438.2193, found 438.2199.

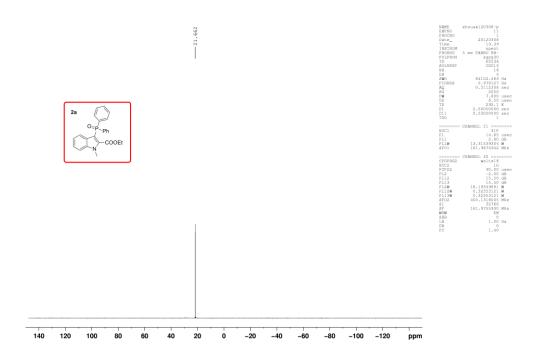
Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (82% yield) as a yellow oil. Rf (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.55. [α]D16 = \pm 20.0 (c 1.00, CHCl3). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3): δ 7.89 - 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.43 - 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.20 - 7.15 (m, 1H), 4.34 - 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.80 (s, 3H), 2.05 - 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.61 (d, J = 10 Hz, 2H), 1.45 - 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.35 - 1.20 (m, 2H), 0.99 - 0.82 (m, 2H), 0.80 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 3H), 0.74 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.45 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3): δ 198.4, 144.5 (d, JC-P = 22.0 Hz), 137.5 (d, JC-P = 11.0 Hz), 134.6 (d, JC-P = 141.0 Hz), 131.6 (d, JC-P = 3.0 Hz), 131.0 (d, JC-P = 11.0 Hz), 128.2 (d, JC-P = 13.0 Hz), 127.5 (d, JC-P = 10.0 Hz), 124.1, 122.4, 121.9, 110.2, 104.3 (d, JC-P = 159.0 Hz), 77.0, 49.0 (d, JC-P = 6.0 Hz), 43.4, 34.0, 33.4, 31.5, 31.3, 25.5, 22.7, 22.0, 21.0, 15.1. 31P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl3): δ 26.08. HRMS Calcd for C27H35NO3P [M + H]+ 452.2349, found 452.2354.

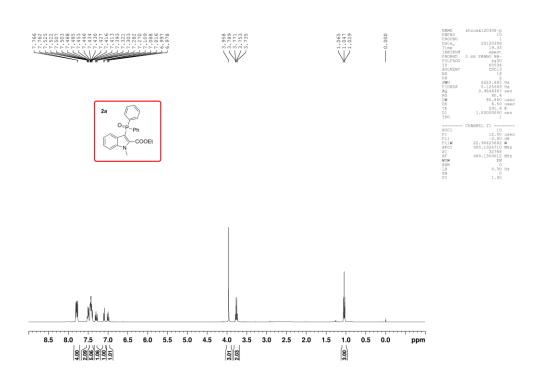
Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (68% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:1): 0.27. $[\alpha]_{\mathbf{D}}^{16} = -42.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 14.24 (br, 1H), 11.15(br, 1H), 7.81 - 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.56 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.25 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 4.31 - 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 2.30 - 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.92 - 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.66 - 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.54 - 1.51 (m, 1H), 1.49 - 1.37 (m, 2H), 0.98-0.85 (m, 5H), 0.75 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.28 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 157.9, 136.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 20.0$ Hz), 133.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 132.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 150.0$ Hz), 132.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 3.0$ Hz), 130.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.0$ Hz), 129.9 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 11.0$ Hz), 128.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 13.0$ Hz), 127.8, 125.5, 121.3, 113.8, 102.0 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 152.0$ Hz), 79.2 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0$ Hz), 64.2, 48.7 (d, $J_{\text{C-P}} = 7.0$ Hz), 43.7, 33.9, 31.7, 25.5, 22.7, 22.0, 20.9, 14.9. ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 29.95. HRMS Calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}$ ClN₂O₄P [M + H]⁺ 503.1861, found 503.1855.

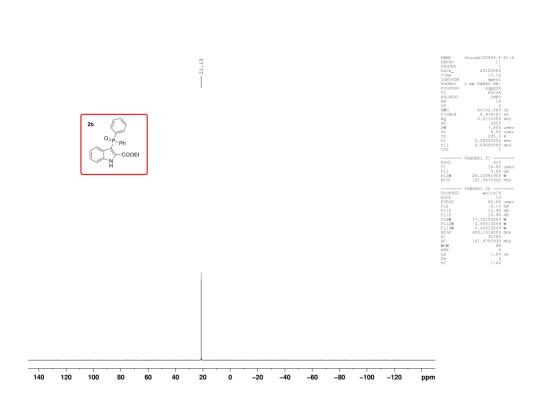
Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (76% yield) as a yellow solid. Mp: 177-179 °C. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.51. $[\mathbf{\alpha}]_{\mathbf{D}}^{\mathbf{16}}$ = +17.0 (c 1.00, CHCl₃). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 10.78 (s, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.88 - 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.52 - 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.45 - 7.34 (m, 4H), 4.50 - 4.41 (m, 1H), 4.11 (s, 3H), 2.10 - 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.57 - 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.42 - 1.23 (m, 2H), 1.05 - 0.87 (m, 2H), 0.86 - 0.80 (m, 6H), 0.85 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 186.2, 138.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 21.0 Hz), 137.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 12.0 Hz), 134.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 142.0 Hz), 132.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 2.0 Hz), 130.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 127.5, 122.8, 115.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 153.0 Hz), 111.9, 78.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.0 Hz), 49.0 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 43.6, 34.0, 32.8, 31.6, 25.7, 22.8, 21.9, 21.0, 15.3. ³¹**P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 25.44. **HRMS** Calcd for C₂₆H₃₂ClNO₃P [M + H]⁺ 472.1803, found 472.1796.

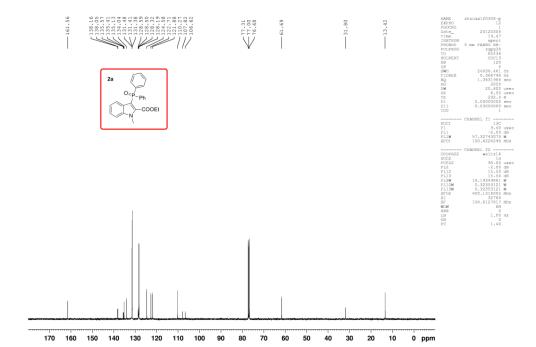
Prepared according to the general procedure. Flash column chromatography on a silica gel (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1: 2) give the product (56% yield) as a yellow oil. \mathbf{R}_f (ethyl acetate: petroleum ether, 1:2): 0.20. $[\alpha]_D^{16} = +25.0$ (c 1.00, CHCl₃). $^1\mathbf{H}$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.78, (s, 1H), 8.58 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 - 7.34 (m, 4H),, 5.91 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 4.52 - 4.42 (m, 1H), 4.21 - 4.11(m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.14 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 1.85 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 1.70 - 1.52 (m, 3H), 1.41 - 1.17 (m, 2H), 1.14 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, 3H), 1.05 - 0.81 (m, 8H), 0.53 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.9, 149.7, 138.8 (d, J_{C-P} = 14.0 Hz), 135.9, 134.5, 134.2 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 133.3, 133.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 10.0 Hz), 132.9, 130.7 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.0 Hz), 129.7, 128.4, 127.5 (d, J_{C-P} = 11.0 Hz), 126.4, 123.5, 117.8, 113.3, 97.3, 77.6 (d, J_{C-P} = 6.0 Hz), 61.9, 49.1 (d, J_{C-P} = 7.0 Hz), 43.7, 33.9, 31.9, 31.5, 25.6, 22.7, 21.9, 21.2, 21.1, 15.1, 13.8. 31 P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 27.02. HRMS Calcd for C₂₇H₃₅NO₃P [M + H]⁺ 567.2174, found 567.2179.

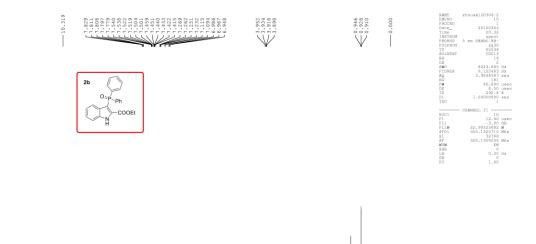
5. Charts of products.





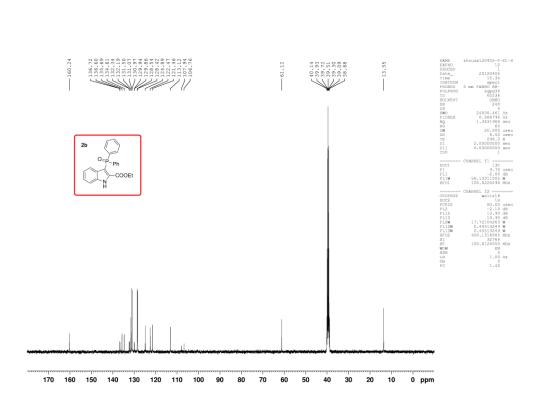


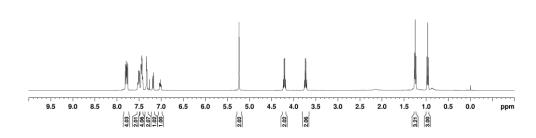




ppm

11 10 9







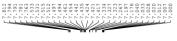








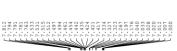






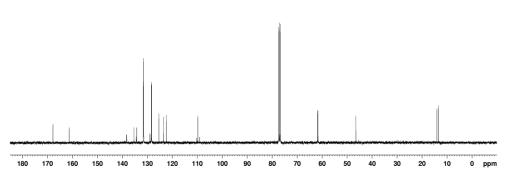






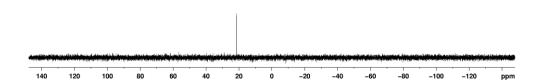


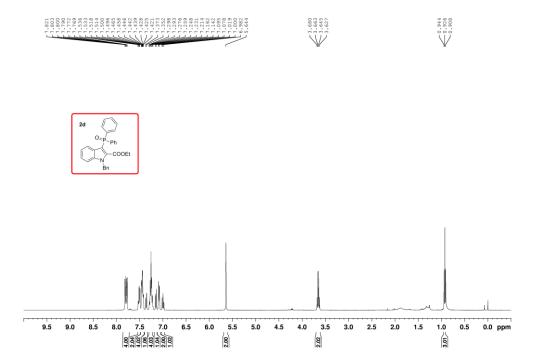


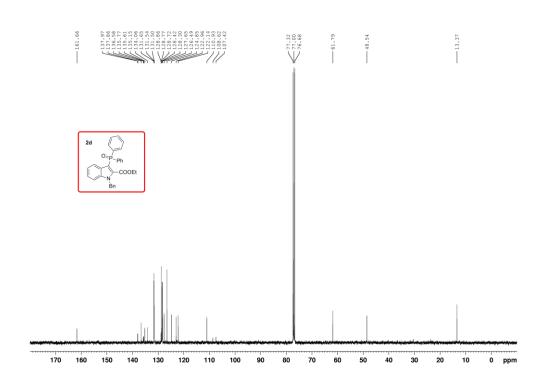


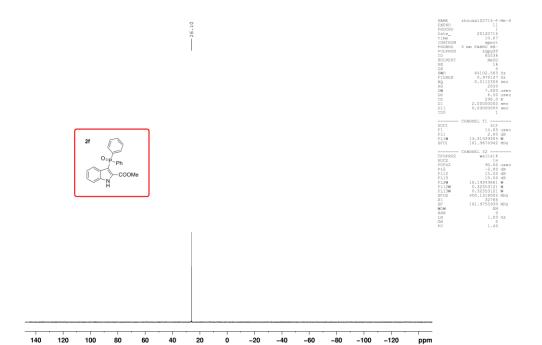
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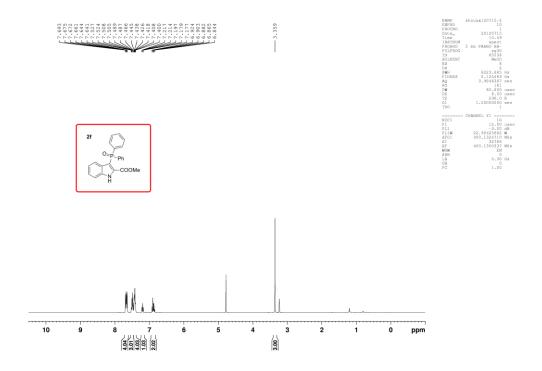


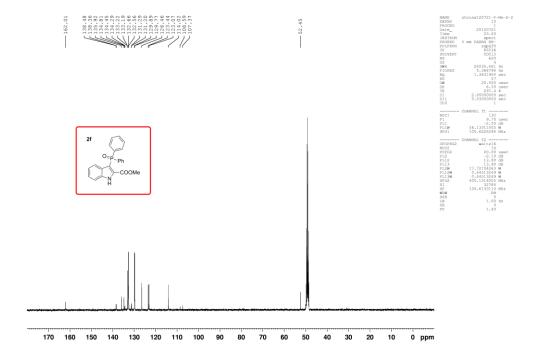


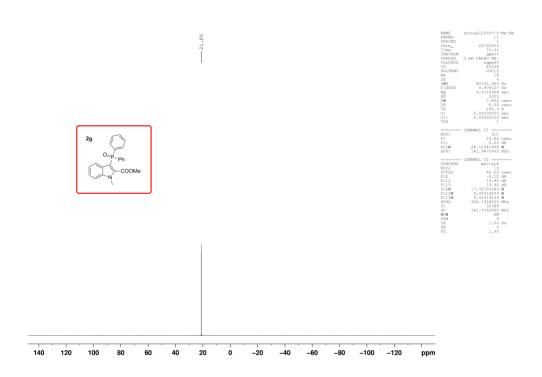


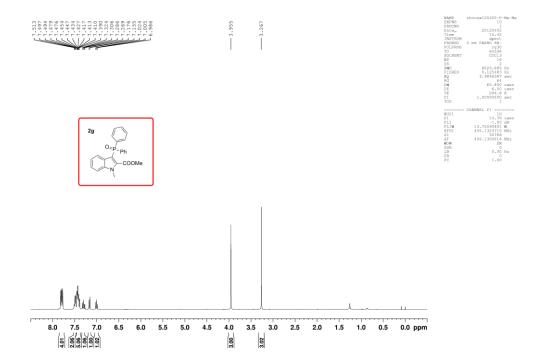


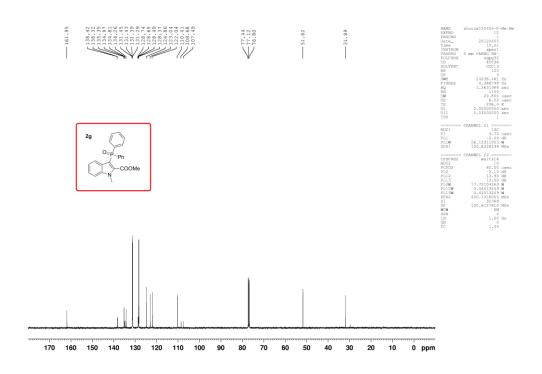






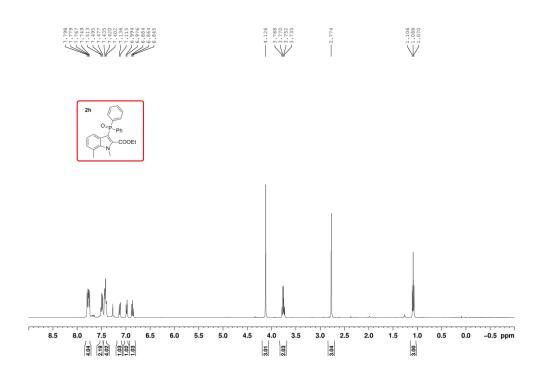


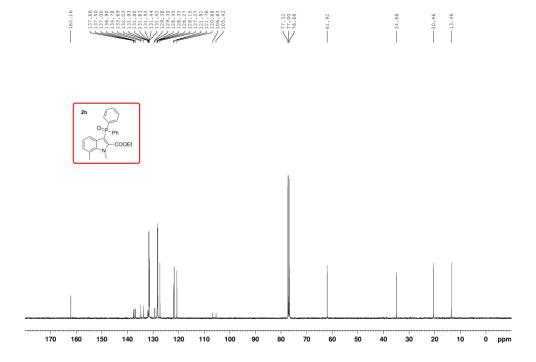


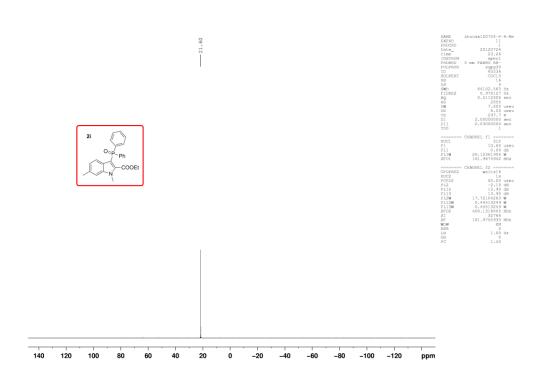


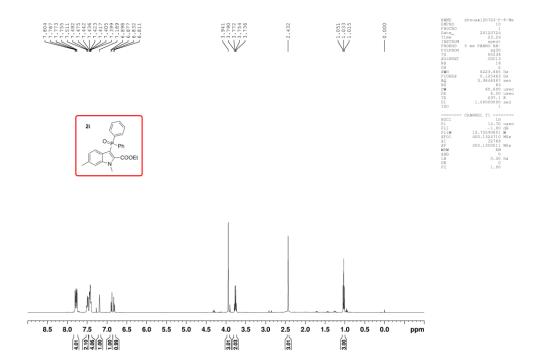


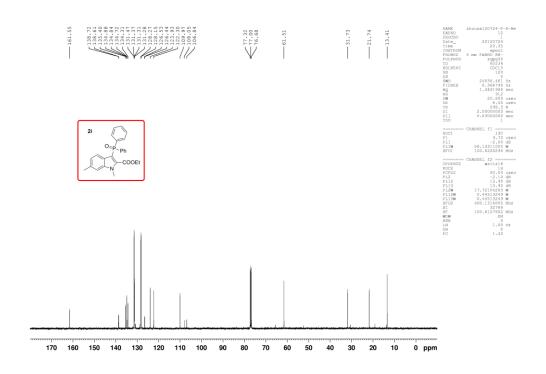
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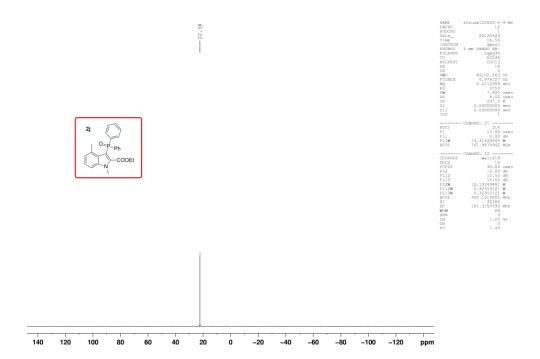


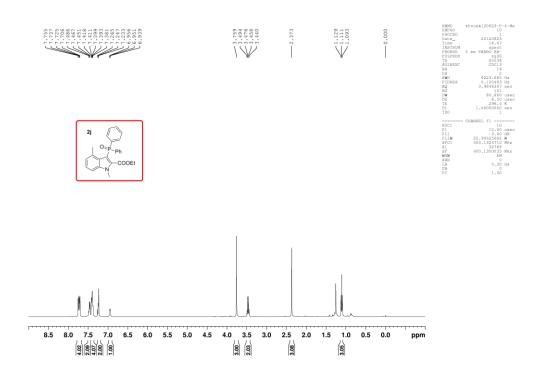


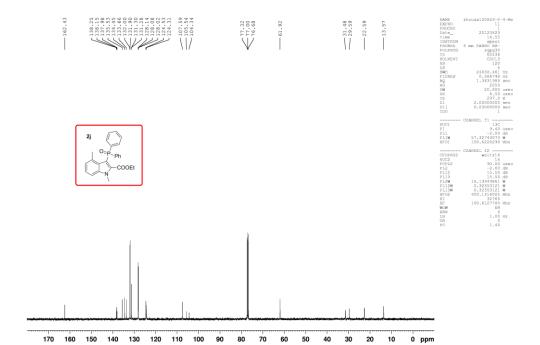


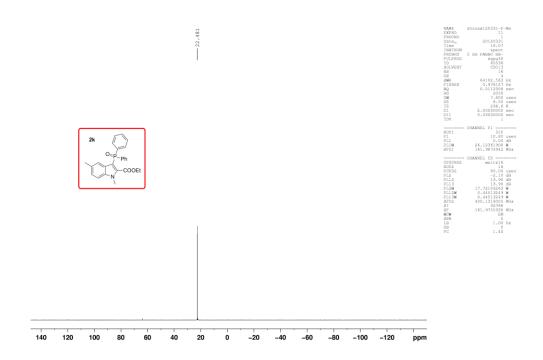


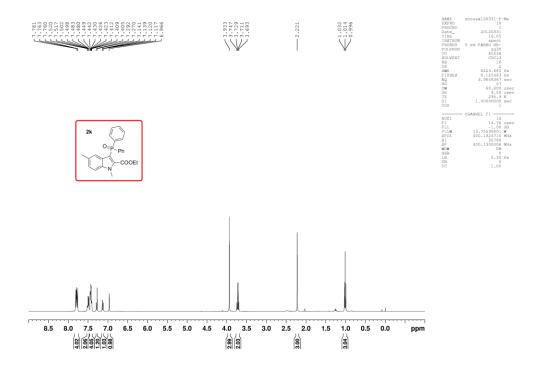


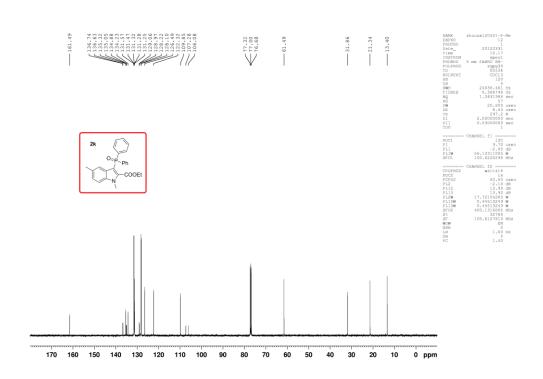


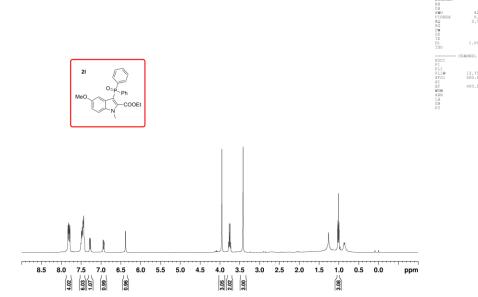


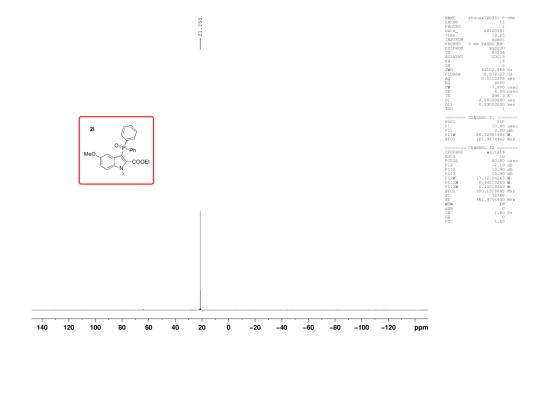


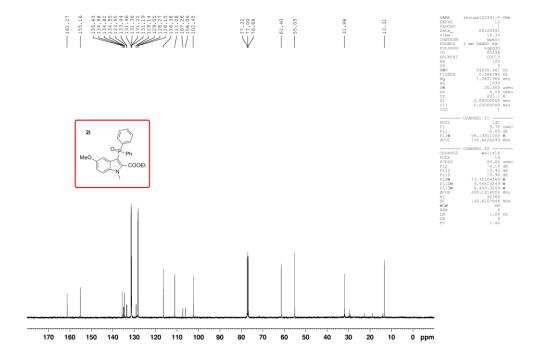


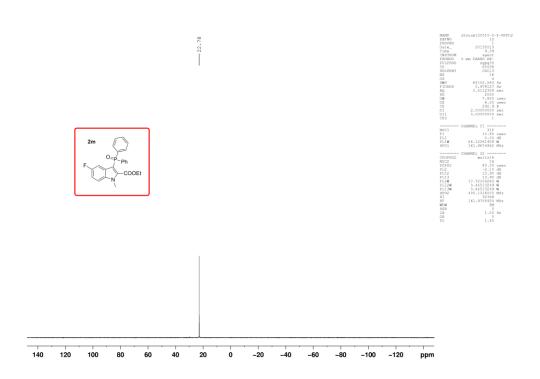


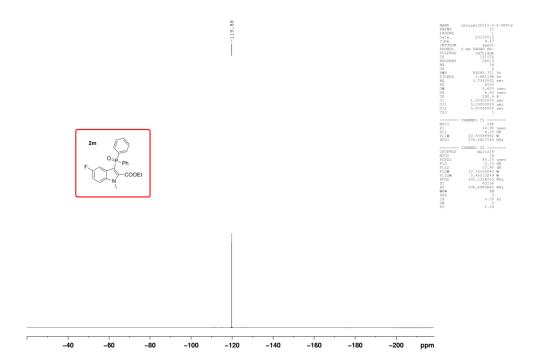


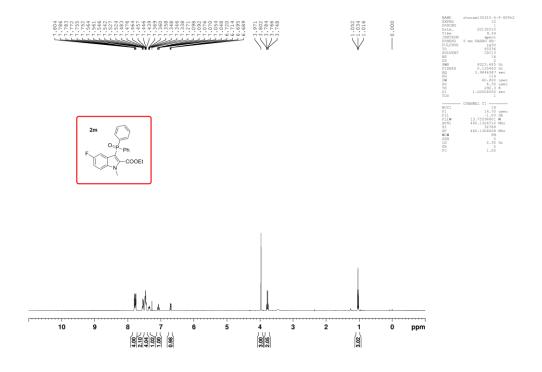


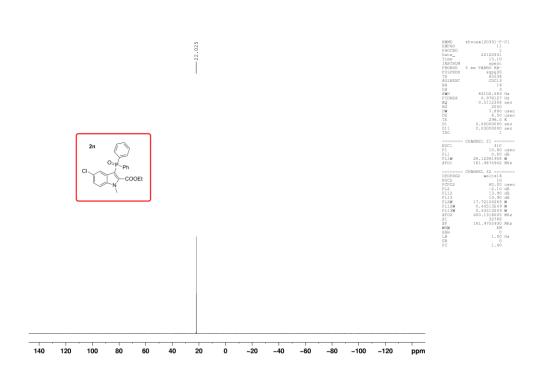


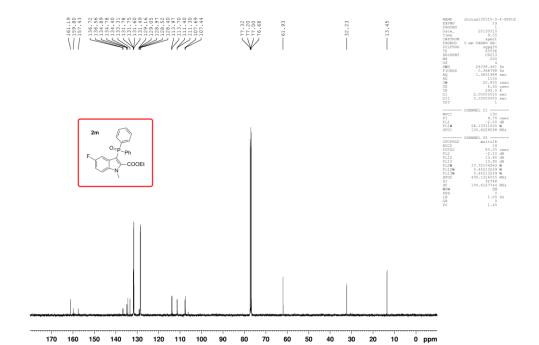


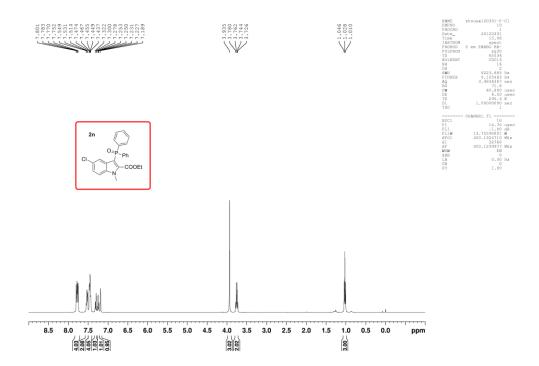


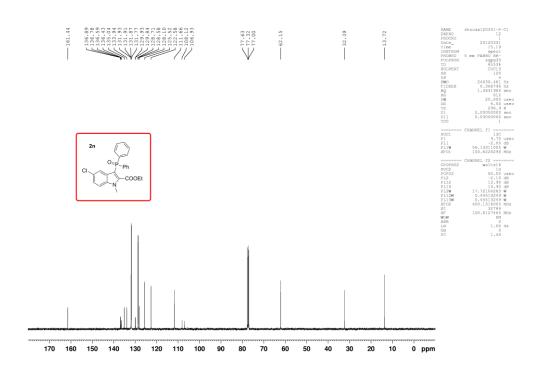


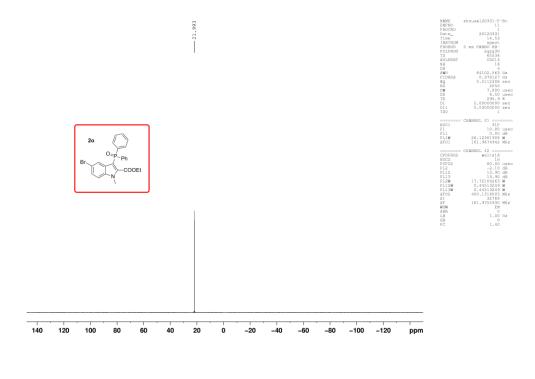


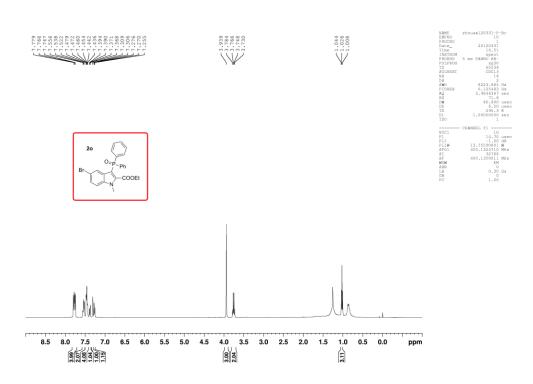


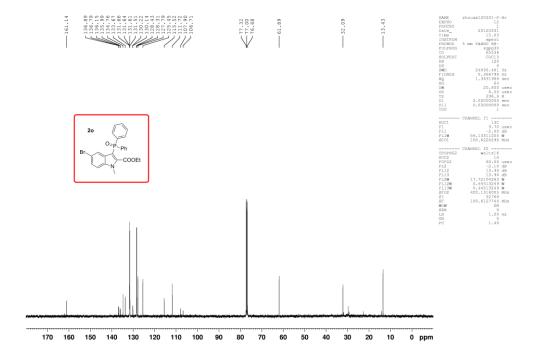


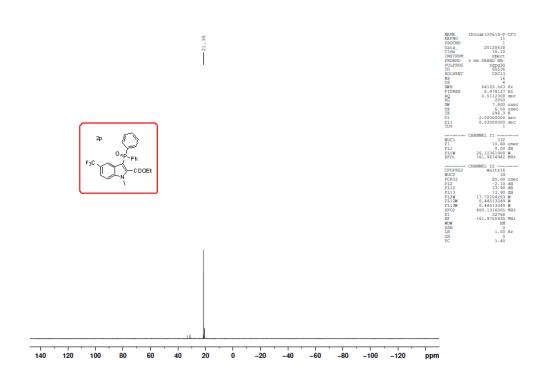


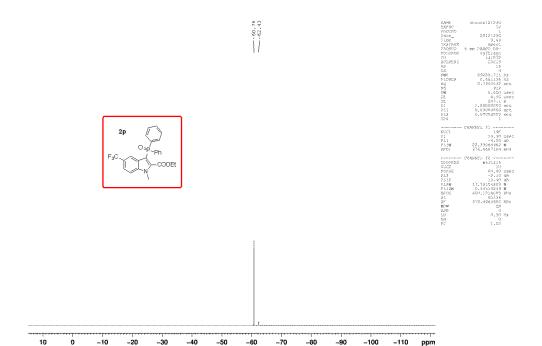


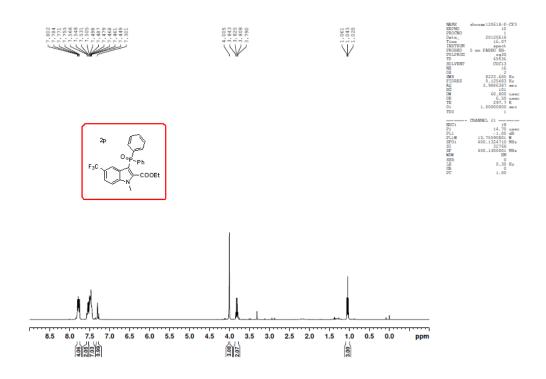


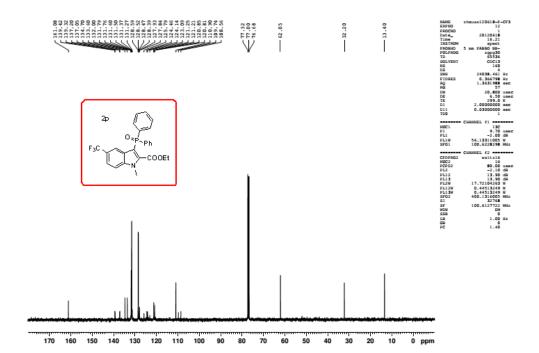


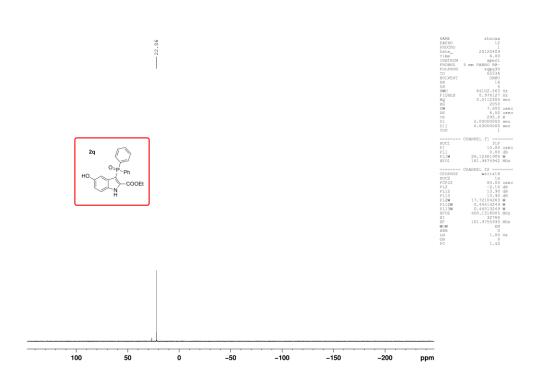


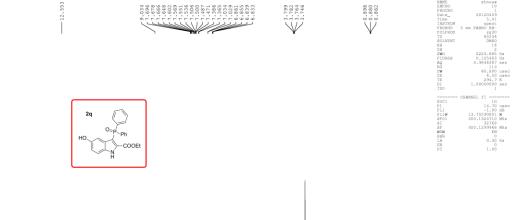








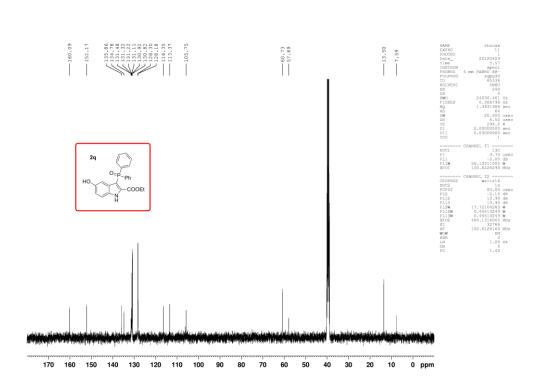




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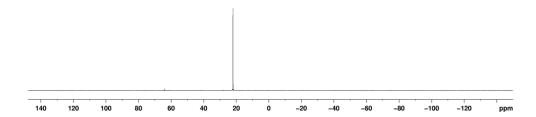
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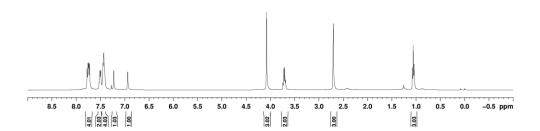


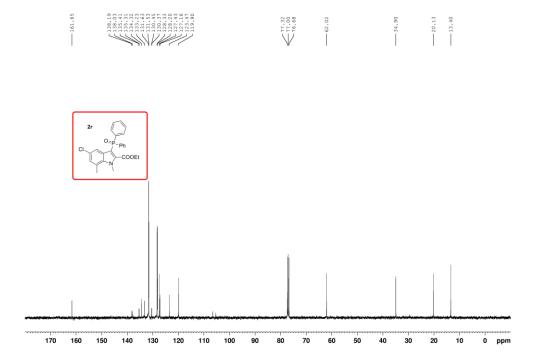


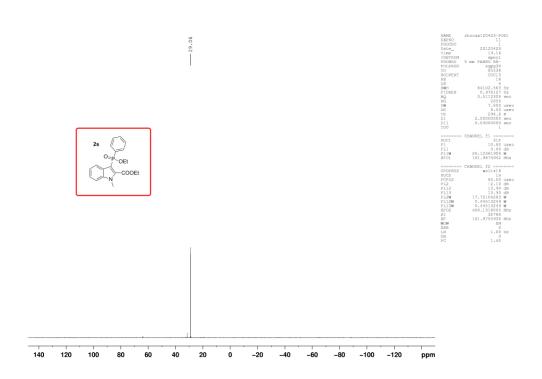


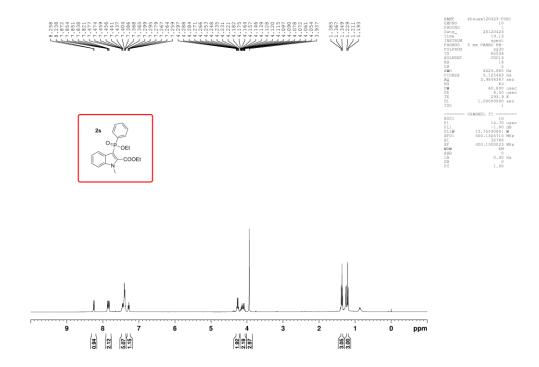


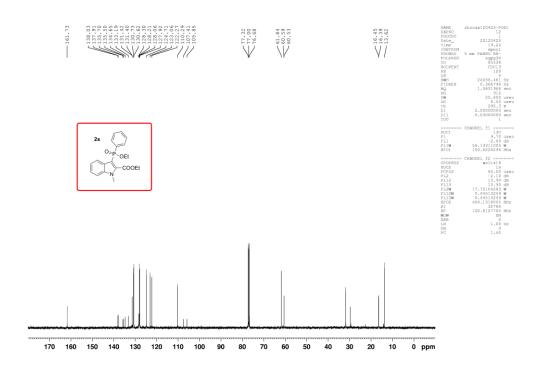




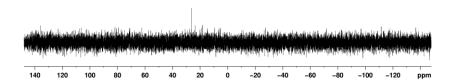


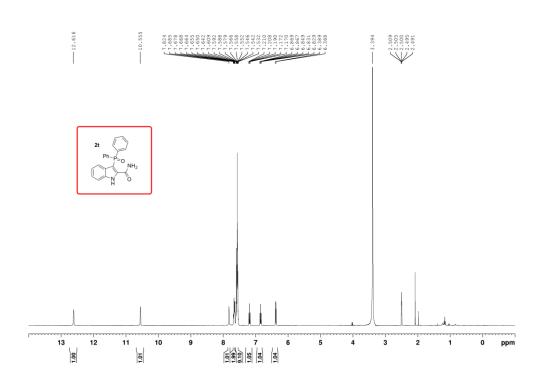


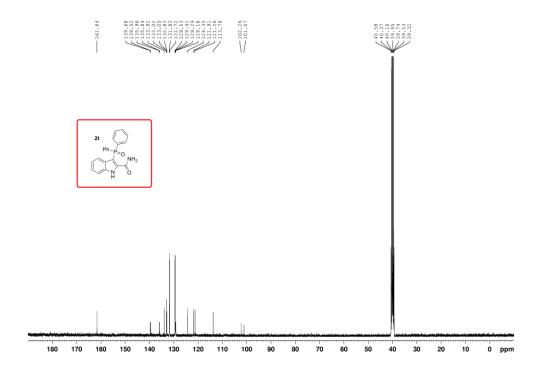


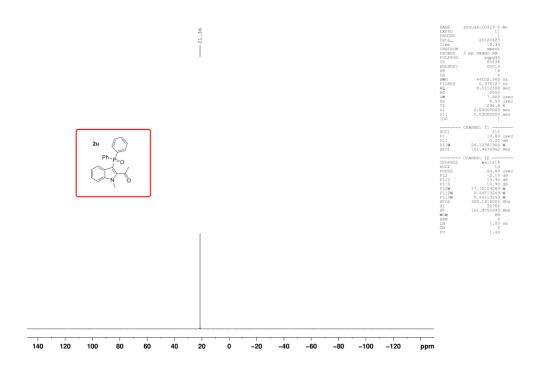


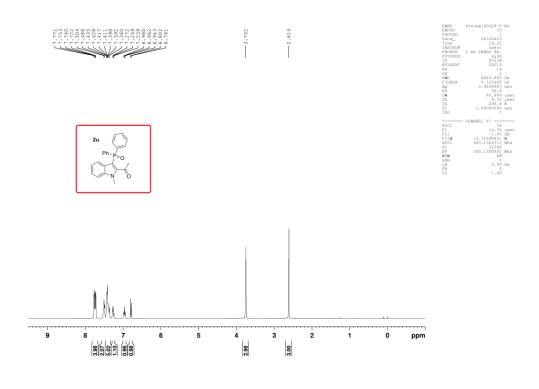


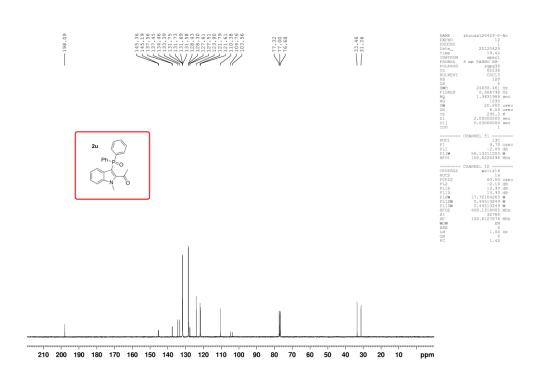






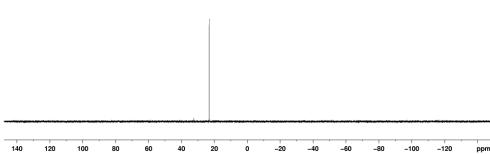






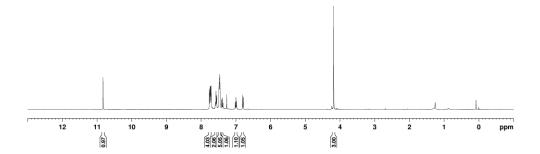


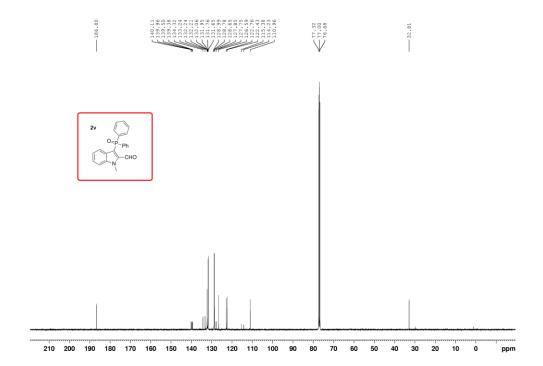


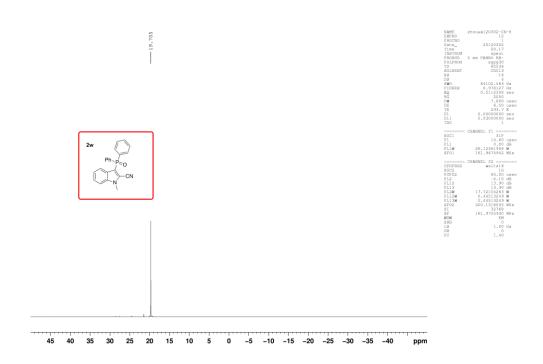


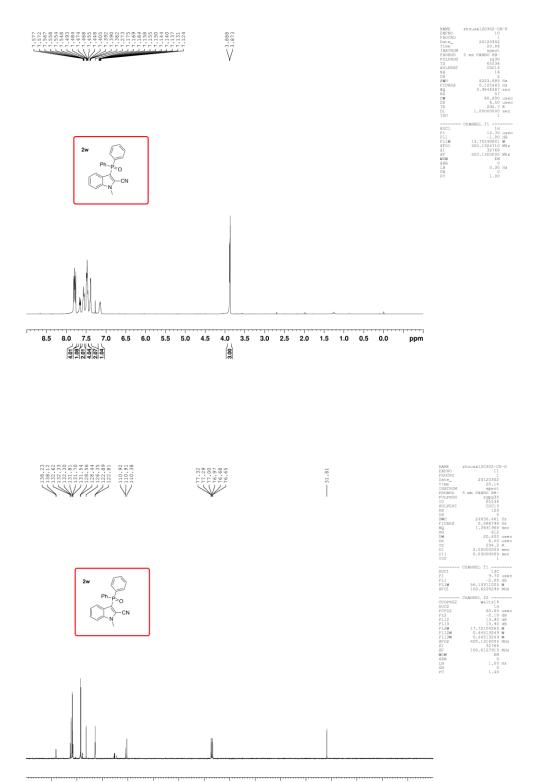




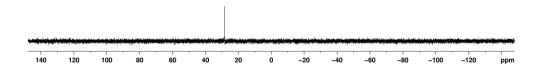






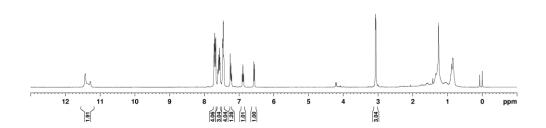


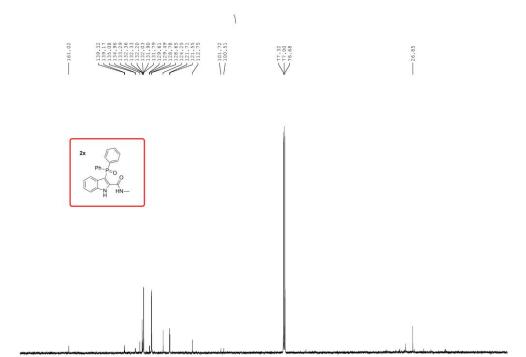


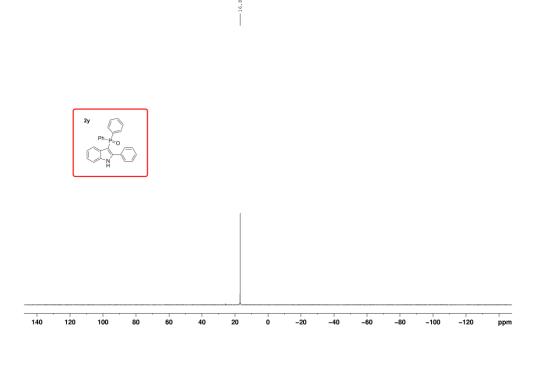


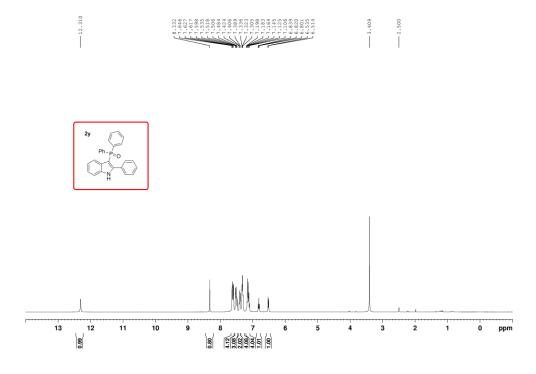


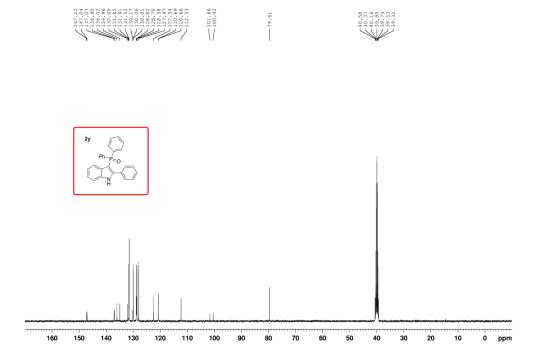




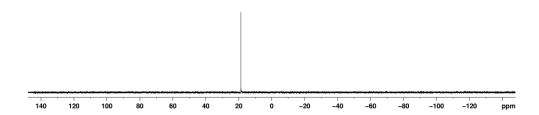


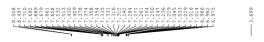


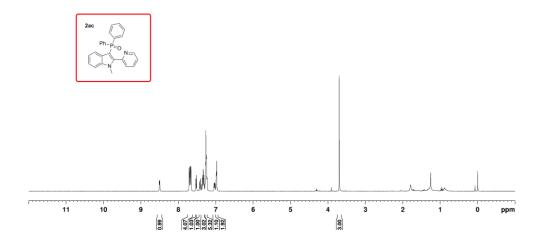




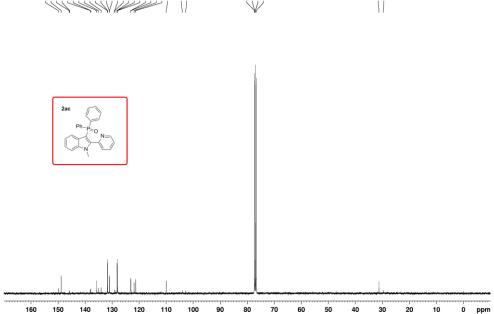


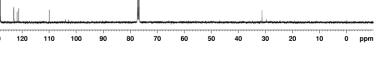






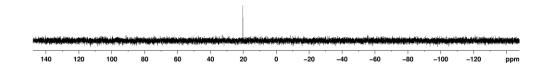


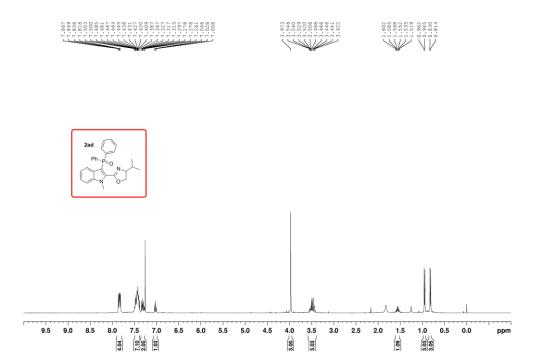


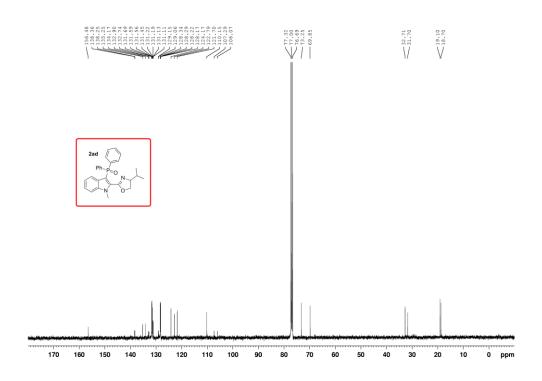




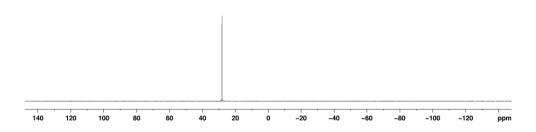






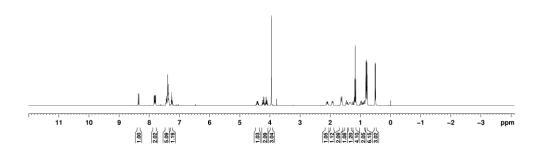


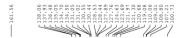






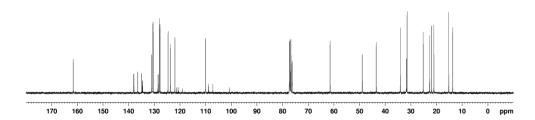






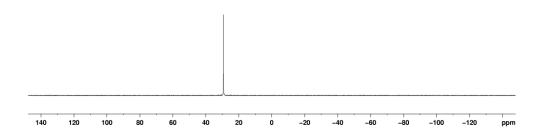






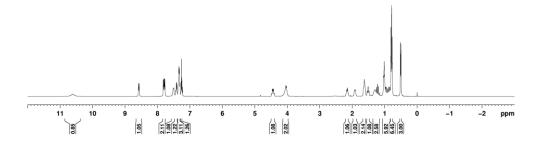
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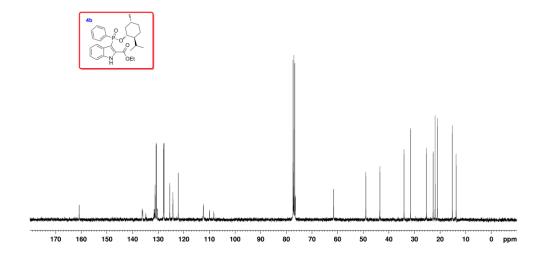


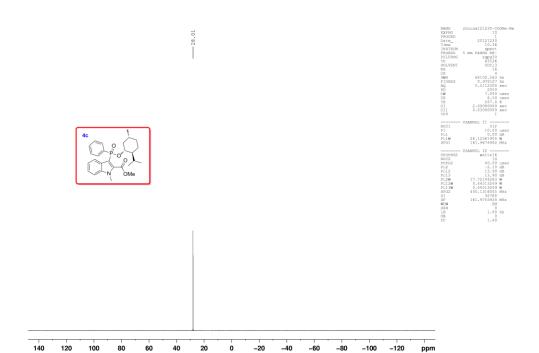






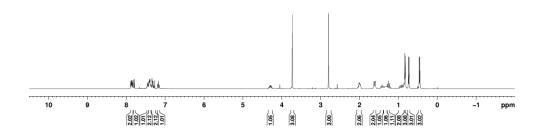


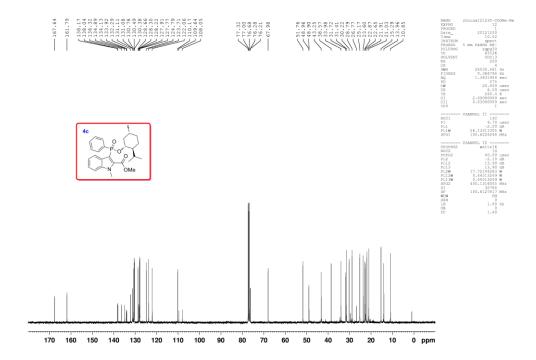


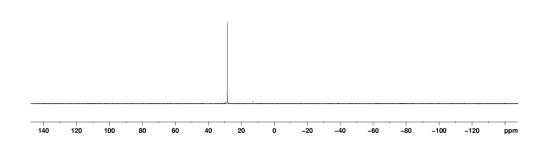






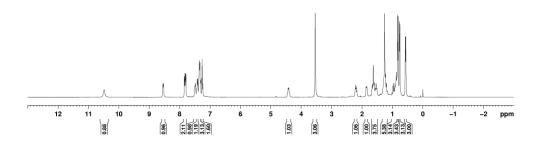




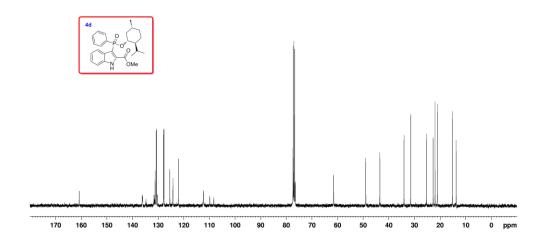




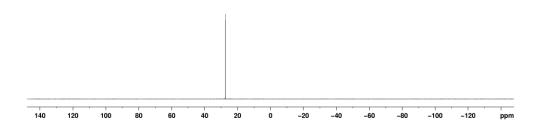






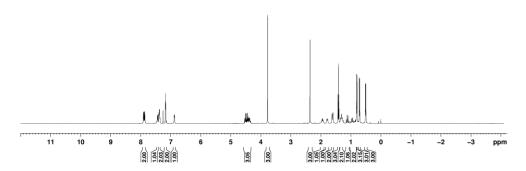




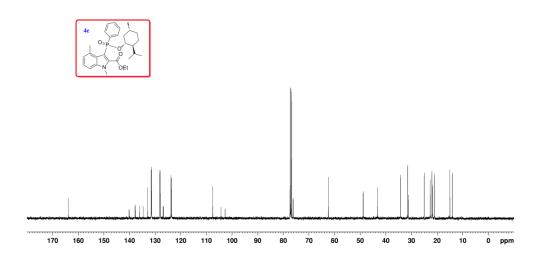


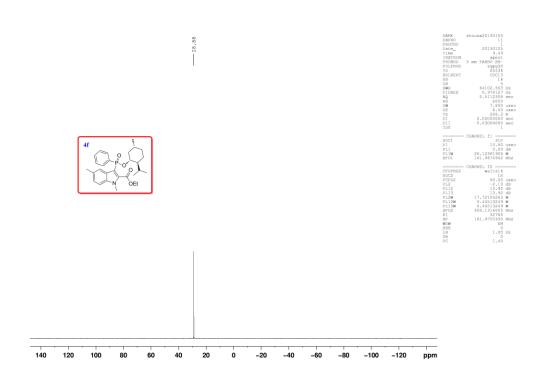


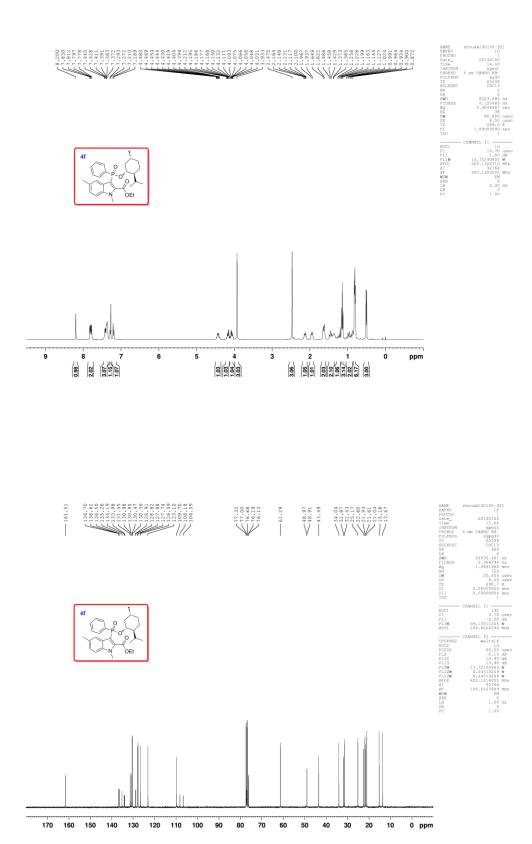


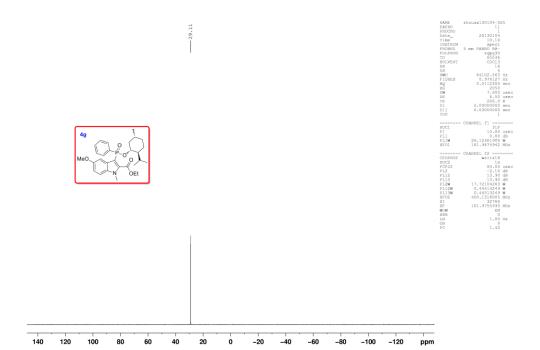


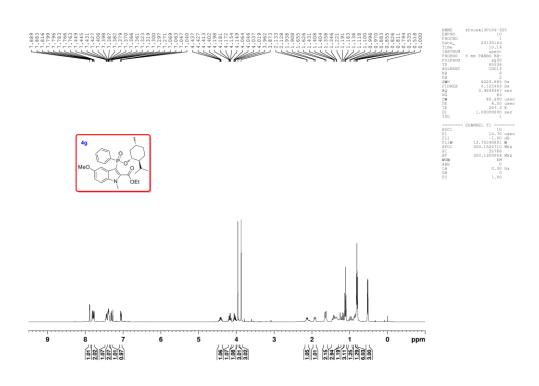


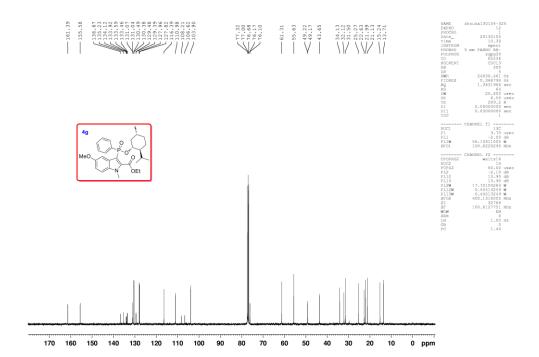






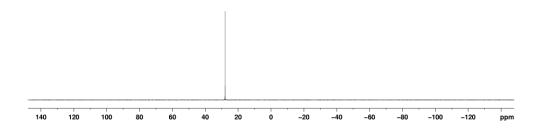




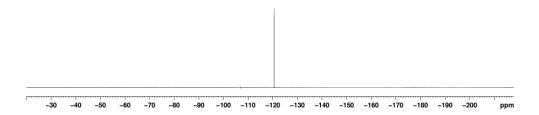


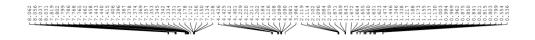
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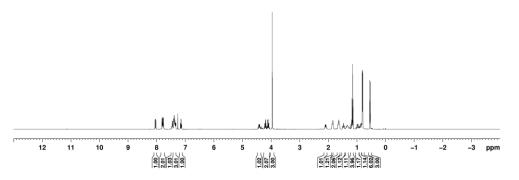


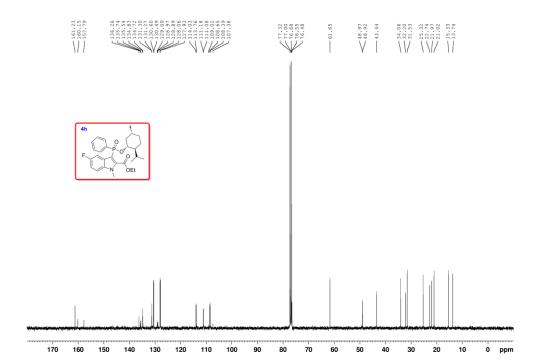






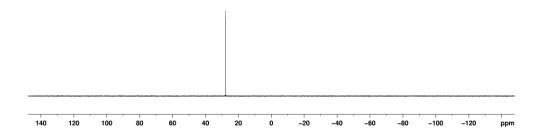






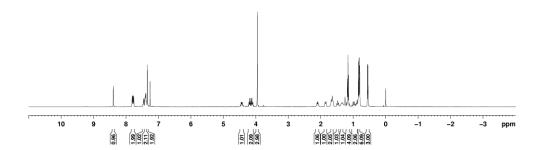
-27.75





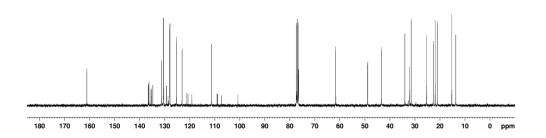




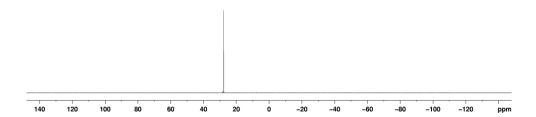






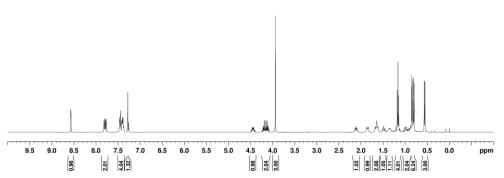






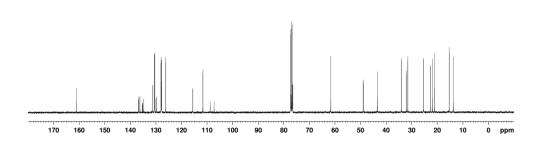


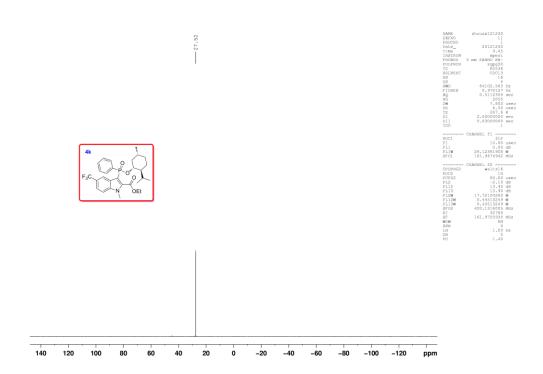


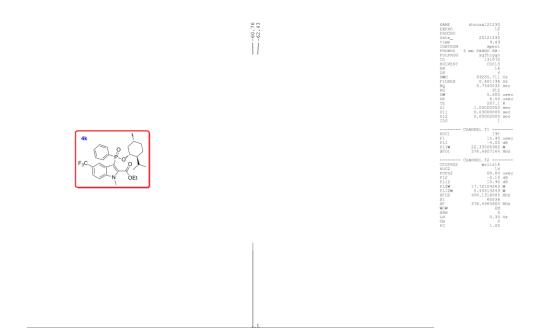








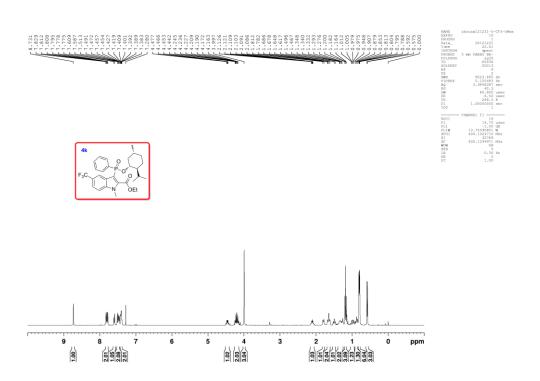


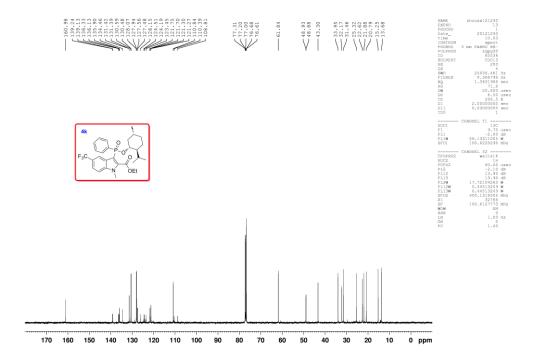


-100

-110

-10





-21.75



