

Supporting Information

Meso enamine substituted BODIPYs

*Bhausahab Dhokale, Thaksen Jadhav, Shaikh M. Mobin, and Rajneesh Misra **

*E-mail: rajneeshmisra@iiti.ac.in

*Department of Chemistry,
Indian Institute of Technology Indore,
Indore- 452 017, India.*

Table of Contents

I.	General methods	S2
II.	Crystallographic data	S6
III.	Copies of ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and HRMS Spectra of the New Compounds	S10

Experimental Section

General methods.

Chemicals were used as received unless otherwise indicated. All oxygen or moisture sensitive reactions were performed under nitrogen/argon atmosphere using standard schlenk method. ^1H NMR (400 MHz), and ^{13}C NMR (100MHz) spectra were recorded on 100 MHz instrument by using CDCl_3 as solvent. ^1H NMR chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to the solvent residual peak (CDCl_3 , 7.26 ppm). Multiplicities are given as: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), dd (doublet of doublets), m (multiplet), and the coupling constants, J , are given in Hz. ^{13}C NMR chemical shifts are reported relative to the solvent residual peak (CDCl_3 , 77.36 ppm). UV-visible absorption spectra of all compounds were recorded on UV-visible Spectrophotometer. HRMS were recorded on TOF-Q mass spectrometer.

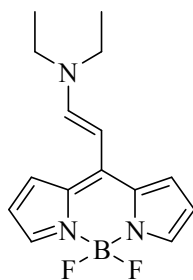
Synthesis and Characterization-

Reaction Procedure-

8-chloro BODIPY (200mg, 0.88 mmol), was dissolved in the 20 ml dry DCM and, respective tertiary amine (3.54 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature; and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After completion of reaction the solvent was removed at the reduced pressure without heating, and the crude product was purified by column chromatography by using DCM: hexane (2:1).

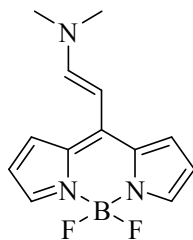
All the products were characterized by ^1H , ^{13}C NMR and HRMS techniques. The BODIPYs **2**, **4a,4b** and **5a** were also characterized by single crystal X-ray analysis.

2

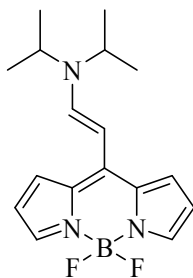


Yellow-red crystalline solid. Yield: 31% (79 mg); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz, ppm): δ 8.89 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 2H), 6.98 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), 6.41 (m, 2H), 6.03 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1H), 3.50 (m, 4H), 1.35 (t, $J = 8$ Hz, 6H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz, ppm): 155.4, 147.7, 134.5, 131.3, 121.0, 114.4, 96.3, 52.0, 44.2, 15.0, 12.7. ^{11}B NMR (CDCl_3 , 128 MHz, ppm) 0.41 (t, $J_{\text{B-F}} = 29.5$ Hz); UV/vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ [$\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$]) 477 (3.38×10^4). HRMS (ESI-TOF) $m/z =$ calculated for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{BF}_2\text{N}_3 = 312.1457$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] $^+$, measured 312.1471 [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] $^+$.

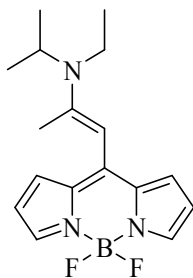
3



Yellow-red crystalline solid. Yield: 18% (42 mg); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz, ppm): δ 8.83 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1H), 7.61 (s, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), 6.41 (m, 2H), 5.93 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1H), 3.29 (s, 3H), 3.12 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz, ppm): 156.0, 147.7, 134.3, 131.2, 120.7, 114.3, 96.4, 53.8, 27.5, 24.4. UV/vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ [$\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$]) 476 (3.34×10^4). HRMS (ESI-TOF) $m/z =$ calculated for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{14}\text{BF}_2\text{N}_3 = 284.1143$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] $^+$, measured 284.1147 [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] $^+$.

4a

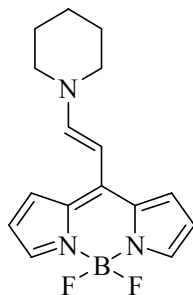
Yellow-red crystalline solid. Yield: 13% (36 mg); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz, ppm): δ 8.01 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 2H), 6.94 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), 6.42 (m, 2H), 6.21 (d, $J = 12$ Hz, 1H), 4.32 (m, 1H), 4.82 (m, 1H), 1.38 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 12H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz, ppm): 153.0, 147.9, 134.0, 131.1, 120.6, 114.2, 96.8, 51.4, 49.2, 23.8, 20.3; UV/vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ [$\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$]) 477 (3.87×10^4). HRMS (ESI-TOF) $m/z =$ calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{BF}_2\text{N}_3 = 340.1770$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] $^+$, measured 340.1763 [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] $^+$.

4b

Yellow-red crystalline solid. Yield: 9% (25 mg); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz, ppm): δ 7.56 (s, 2H), 6.84 (s, 2H), 6.37 (s, 2H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 4.38 (m, 1H), 3.54 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 1H), 1.37 (m, 9H). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz, ppm): 145.0, 139.6, 134.0, 132.3, 121.6, 119.1, 114.1, 52.0, 40.2, 34.6, 21.6, 20.9, 14.9. UV/vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ [$\text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$]) 504 (3.40×10^4) and 466 ($2.99 \times$

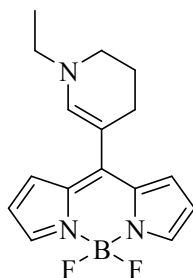
10⁴). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z = calculated for C₁₇H₂₂BF₂N₃ = 340.1770 [M+Na]⁺, measured 340.1771 [M+Na]⁺.

5a



Yellow-red crystalline solid. Yield: 12% (32 mg); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz, ppm): δ 7.84 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (s, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 4 Hz, 2H), 6.40 (m, 2H), 6.06 (d, J = 12 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (m, 4H), 1.77 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz, ppm): 156.0, 147.7, 134.3, 131.2, 120.9, 114.3, 96.0, 53.8, 27.1, 24.0. UV/vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ε [M⁻¹cm⁻¹]) 477 (3.14 × 10⁴). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z = calculated for C₁₆H₁₈BF₂N₃ = 324.1457 [M+Na]⁺, measured 324.1444 [M+Na]⁺.

5b



Yellow-red crystalline solid. Yield: 7% (18 mg); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz, ppm): δ 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 2H), 6.84 (d, J = 4 Hz, 2H), 6.41 (m, 2H), 3.44 (m, 4H), 2.80 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (p, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, J = 8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz, ppm): 155.6, 147.7, 133.8,

131.4, 123.8, 113.9, 110.2 52.6, 47.0, 25.7, 21.8, 14.0; UV/vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ [$M^{-1}cm^{-1}$]) 447 (3.9×10^4). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z = calculated for $C_{16}H_{18}BF_2N_3 = 324.1457 [M+Na]^+$, measured 324.1556 [$M+Na$]⁺.

Single Crystal X-ray Diffraction Studies.

Single crystal X-ray structural studies of **3**, **4a**, **4b** and **5b** were performed on a CCD Agilent Technologies (Oxford Diffraction) SUPER NOVA diffractometer. Data were collected at 150(2) K using graphite-monochromated $CuK\alpha$ radiation ($\lambda_\alpha = 1.5418 \text{ \AA}$). The strategy for the Data collection was evaluated by using the CrysAlisPro CCD software. The data were collected by the standard 'phi-omega scan techniques, and were scaled and reduced using CrysAlisPro RED software. The structures were solved by direct methods using SHELXS-97, and refined by full matrix least-squares with SHELXL-97, refining on F^2 .¹ The positions of all the atoms were obtained by direct methods. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The remaining hydrogen atoms were placed in geometrically constrained positions, and refined with isotropic temperature factors, generally $1.2U_{eq}$ of their parent atoms. The crystal structure, and data refinement parameters are summarized in Table 1. The CCDC numbers 1001550-1001553 contain the supplementary crystallographic data for **2**, **4a**, **4b** and **5a** respectively. These data can be obtained free of charge via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html (or from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12 union Road, Cambridge CB21 EZ, UK; Fax: (+44) 1223-336-033; or deposit@ccdc.cam.ac.uk).

Table S1. Crystal structure and data refinement parameters

BODIPY	2	4a	4b	5a
Empirical formula	C ₁₅ H ₁₈ B F ₂ N ₃	C ₁₇ H ₂₂ B F ₂ N ₃	C ₁₇ H ₂₂ B F ₂ N ₃	C ₁₆ H ₁₈ B F ₂ N ₃
Formula weight	289.13	317.19	317.19	301.14
Temperature/K	150(2)	150(2)	150(2)	150(2)
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic,
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>n</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>n</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>
Unit cell dimensions				
a/Å	a = 8.3942(3)	9.2376(16)	11.1777(8)	a = 7.8218(4)
α/°	90	90	90	90
b/Å	12.6829(4)	14.7140(12)	11.3773(5)	b = 23.1144(9)
β/°	95.074(3)	127.73(3)	109.830(8)	110.867(6)
c/Å	14.0136(4)	15.929(3)	14.4649(9)	c = 8.5337(4)
γ/°	90	90	90	90
Volume/ Å ³	1486.08(8)	1712.2(5)	1730.45(18)	1441.66(11)
Z	4	4	4	4
Calculated density/ Mg/m ³	1.292	1.230	1.217	1.387
Absorption coefficient/mm ⁻¹	0.785	0.088	0.087	0.101
<i>F</i> (000)	608	672	672	632
Crystal size/mm	0.26 x 0.18 x 0.13	0.33 x 0.26 x 0.21	0.33 x 0.28 x 0.21	0.33 x 0.26 x 0.21
θ range from data collection/°	4.71 to 72.08	3.02 to 24.99	3.34 to 25.00	3.10 to 25.00
Reflections collected/unique	9691 / 2895	13178 / 3000	9413 / 3022 [R(int) = 0.0609]	11087 / 2523 [R(int) = 0.0371]
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	Semi-empirical from equivalents	Semi-empirical from equivalents	Semi-empirical from equivalents
Data/restraints/parameters	2895 / 0 / 190	3000 / 0 / 212	3022 / 0 / 212	2523 / 0 / 199
Goodness-of-fit on <i>F</i> ²	1.044	1.108	1.020	1.127
Final <i>R</i> indices [<i>I</i> > 2σ (<i>I</i>)]	R ₁ = 0.0550, wR ₂ = 0.1567	R ₁ = 0.0515, wR ₂ = 0.1262	R ₁ = 0.0550, wR ₂ = 0.1179	R ₁ = 0.0374, wR ₂ = 0.0857
<i>R</i> indices (all data)	R ₁ = 0.0606, wR ₂ = 0.1627	R ₁ = 0.0632, wR ₂ = 0.1352	R ₁ = 0.0979, wR ₂ = 0.1443	R ₁ = 0.0445, wR ₂ = 0.0889
Largest diff. peak and hole/e Å ⁻³	0.300 and -0.261	0.302 and -0.261	0.186 and -0.202	0.198 and -0.209
CCDC number	1001550	1001551	1001552	1001553

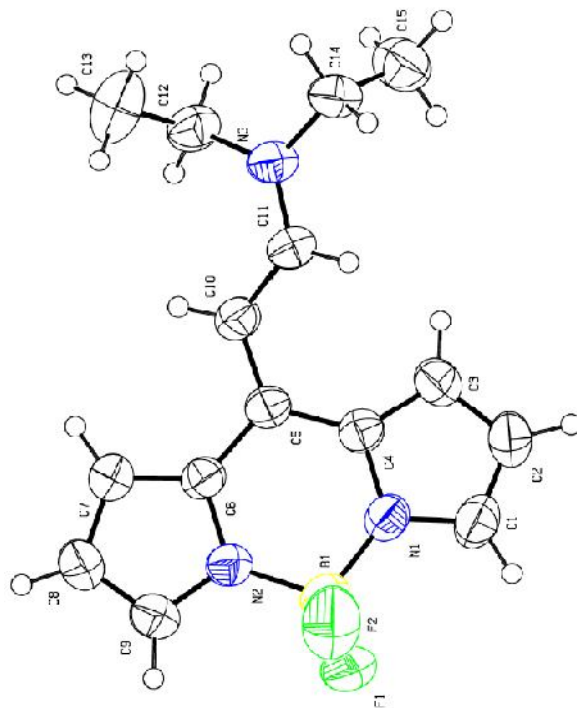


Figure S1. Crystal structure of BODIPY 2

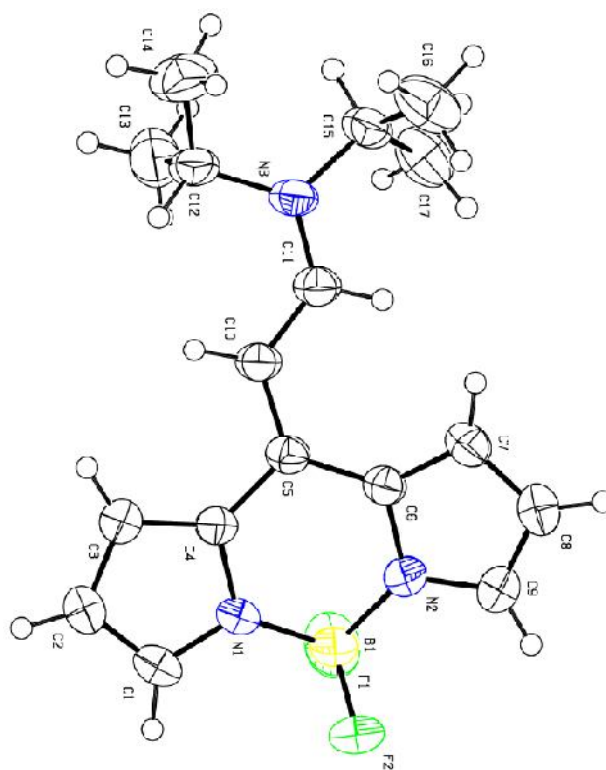


Figure S2. Crystal structure of BODIPY 4a

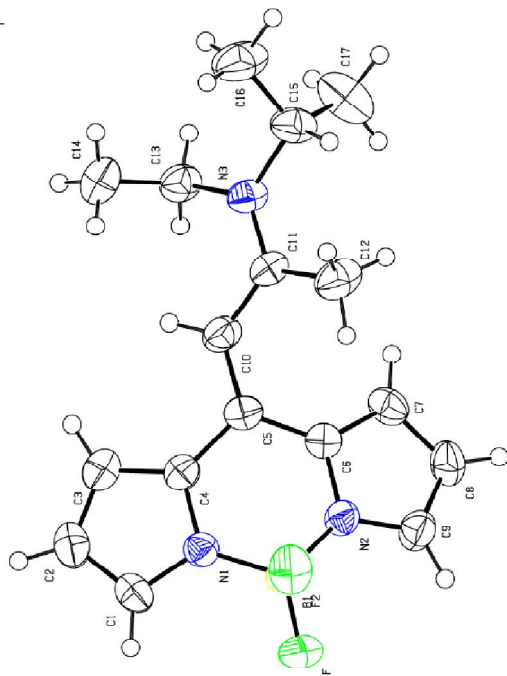


Figure S3. Crystal structure of BODIPY **4b**

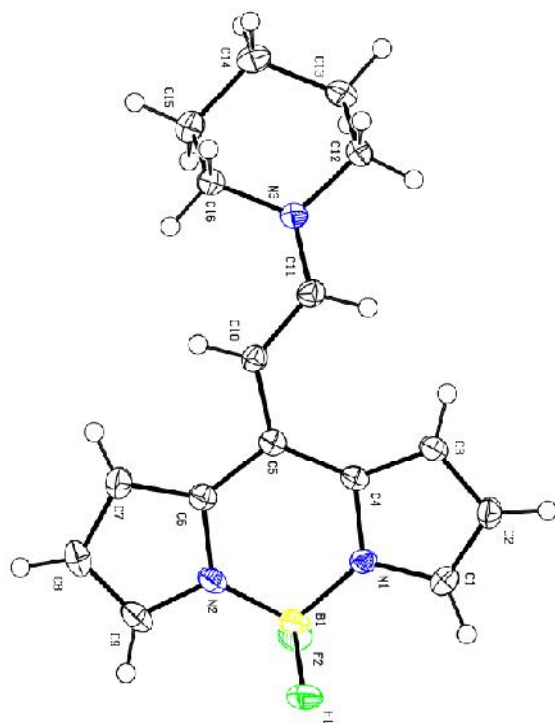
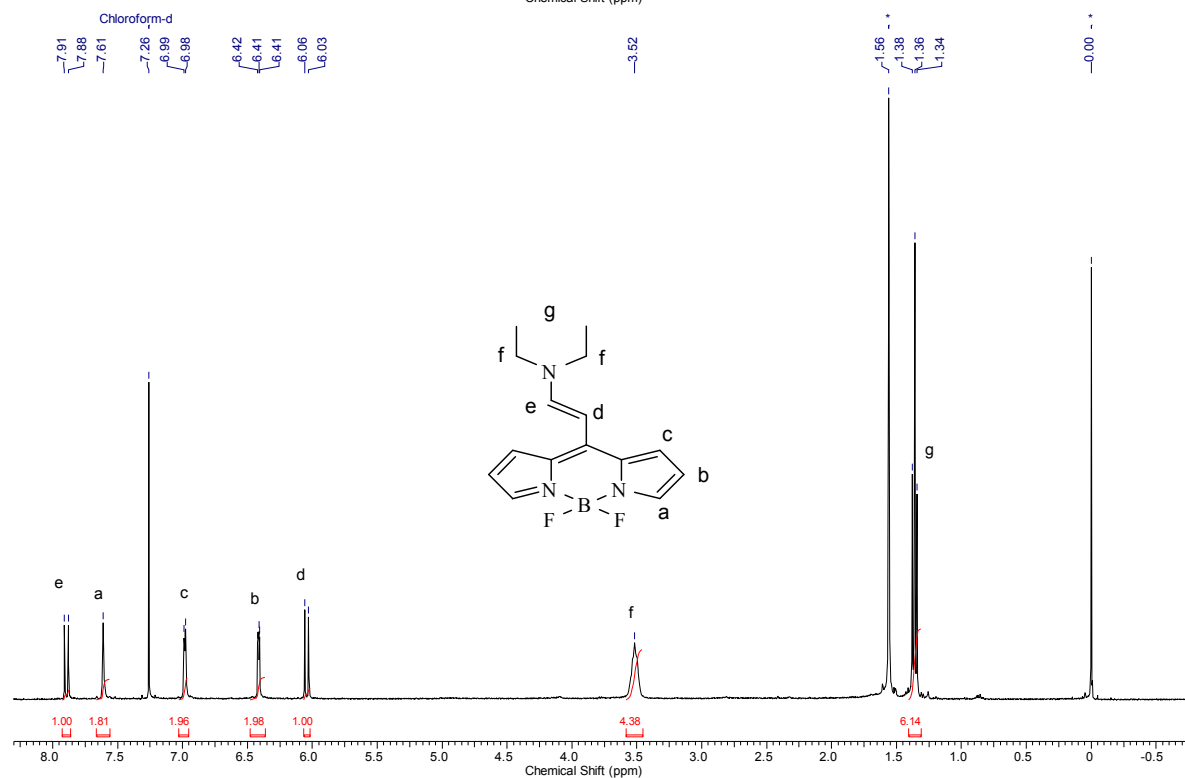
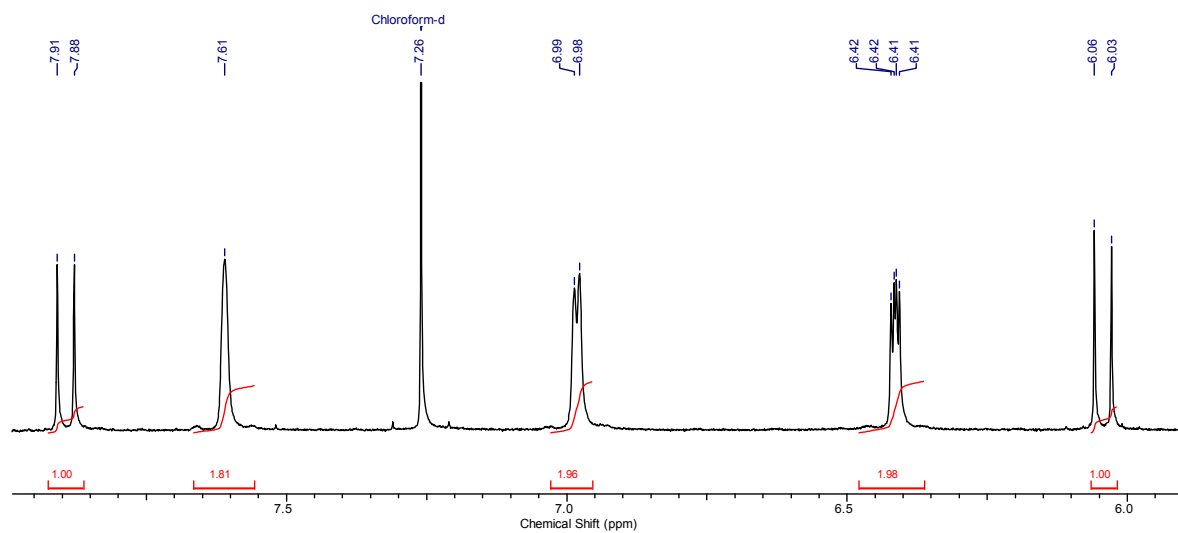
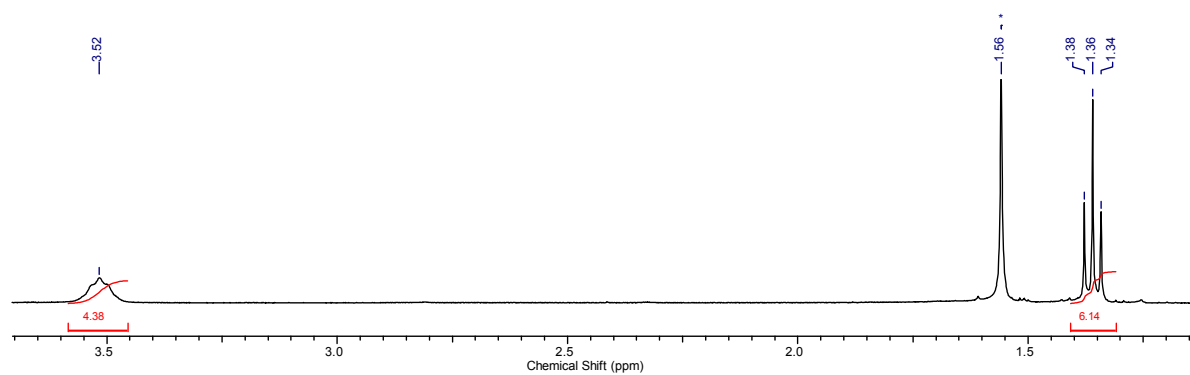
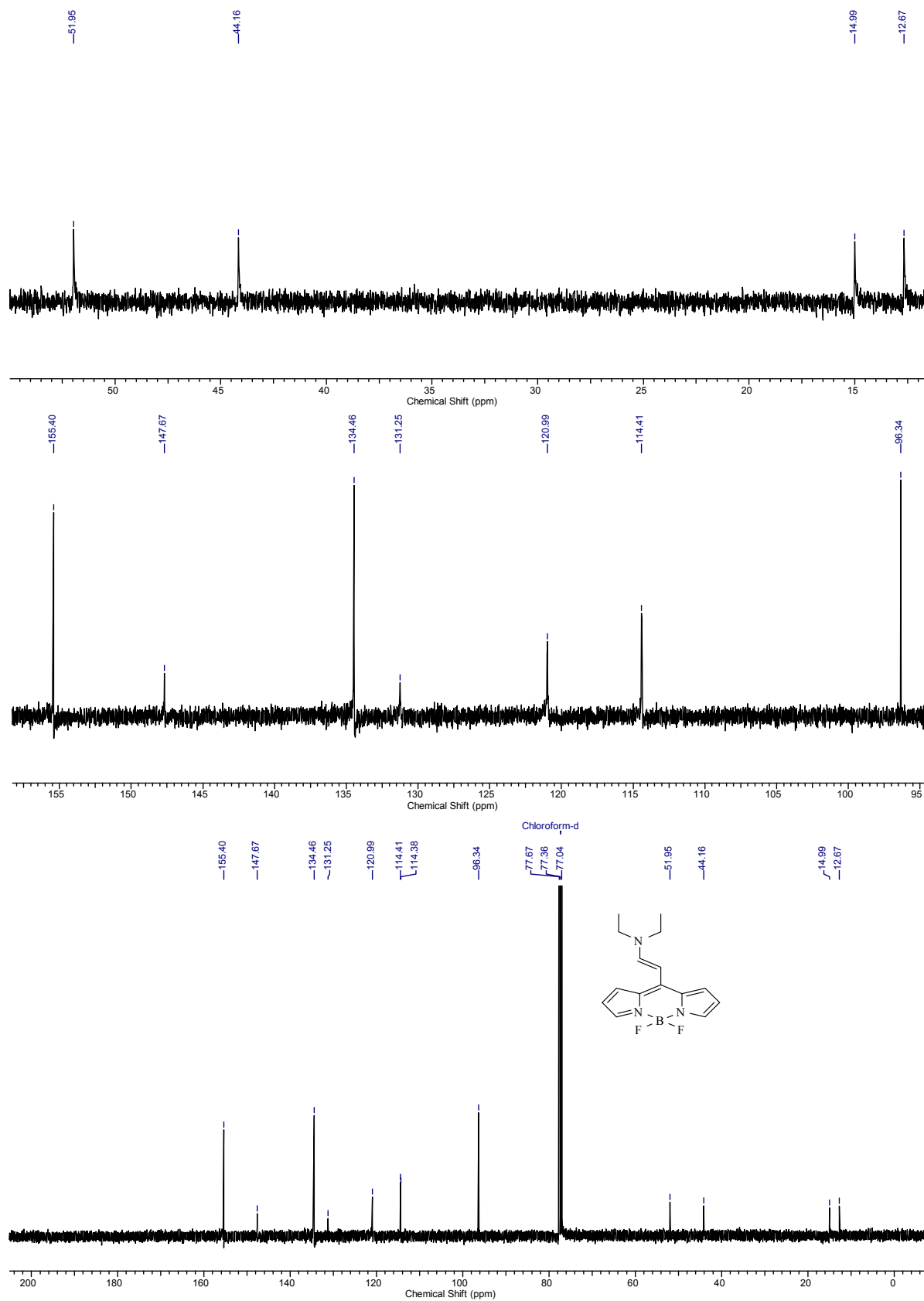


Figure S4. Crystal structure of BODIPY **5a**

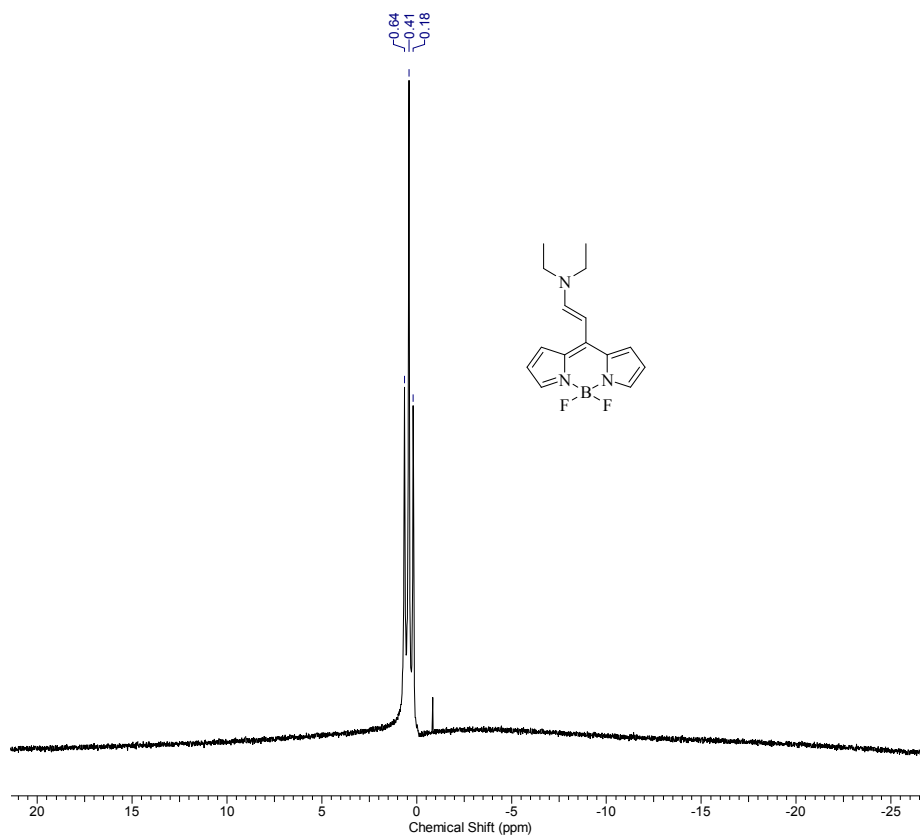
¹H NMR of BODIPY 2



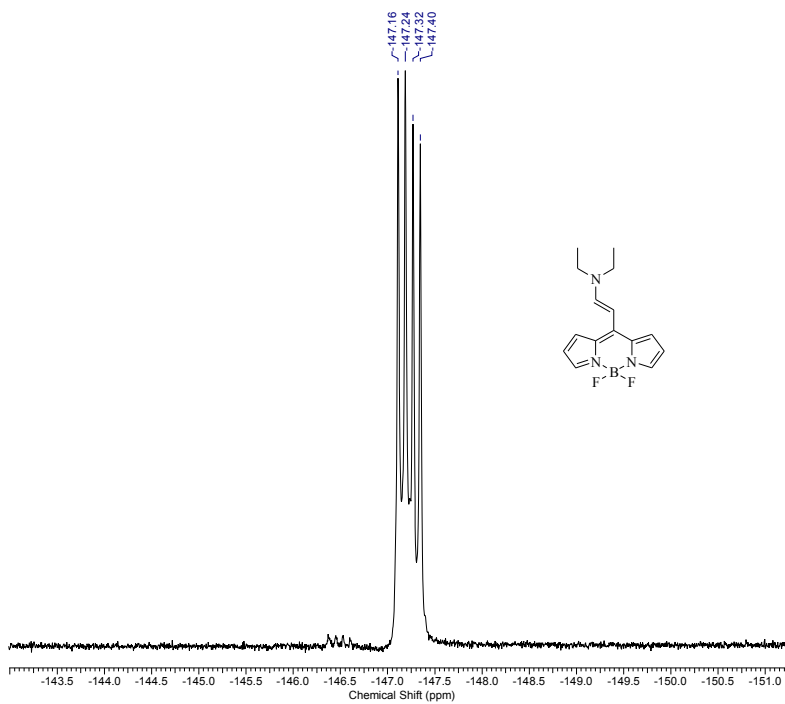
¹³C NMR of BODIPY 2



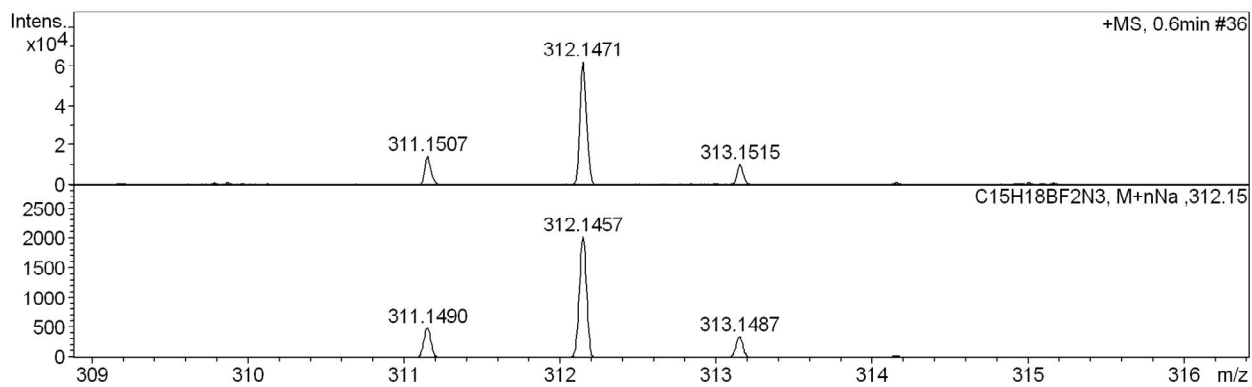
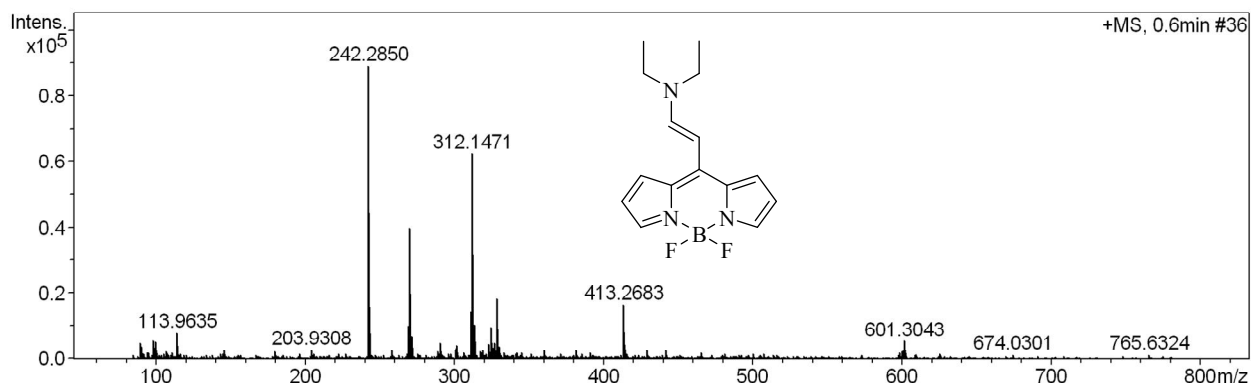
^{11}B NMR of BODIPY 2



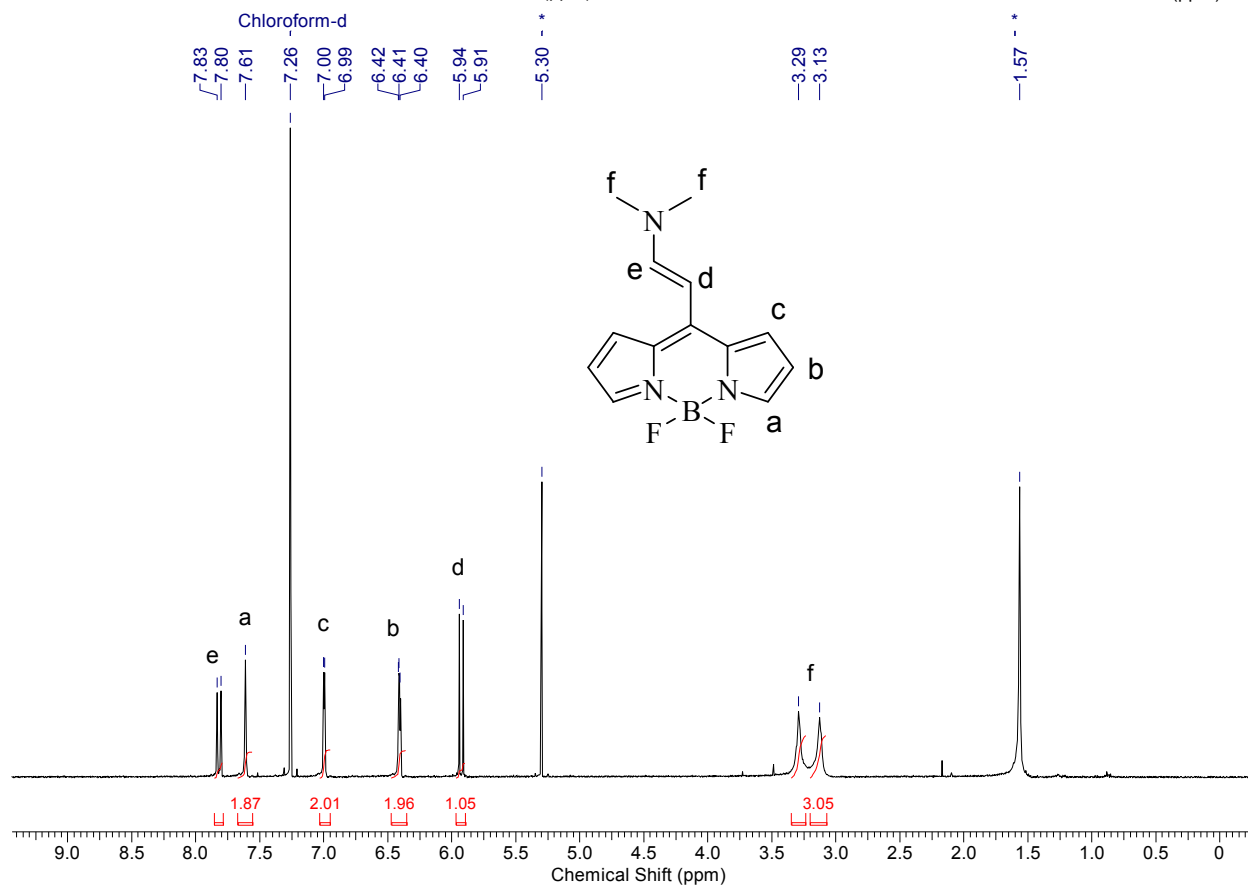
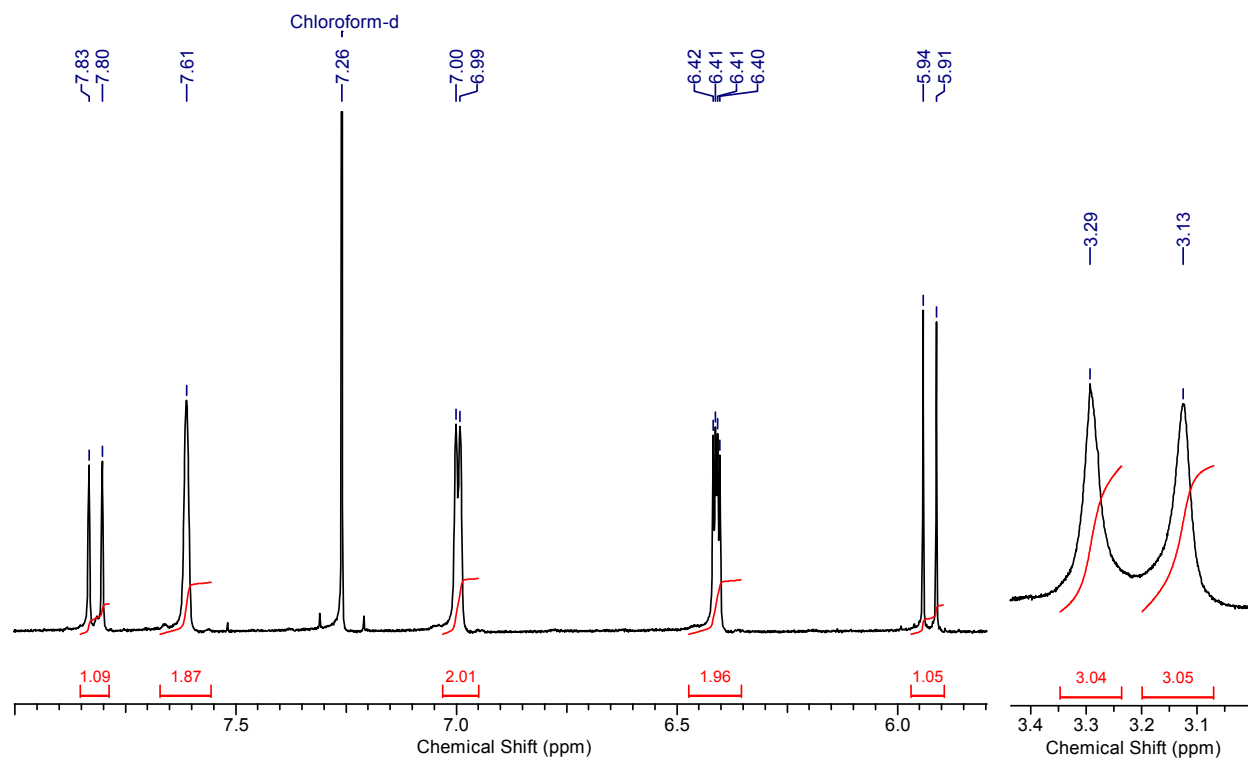
^{19}F NMR of BODIPY 2



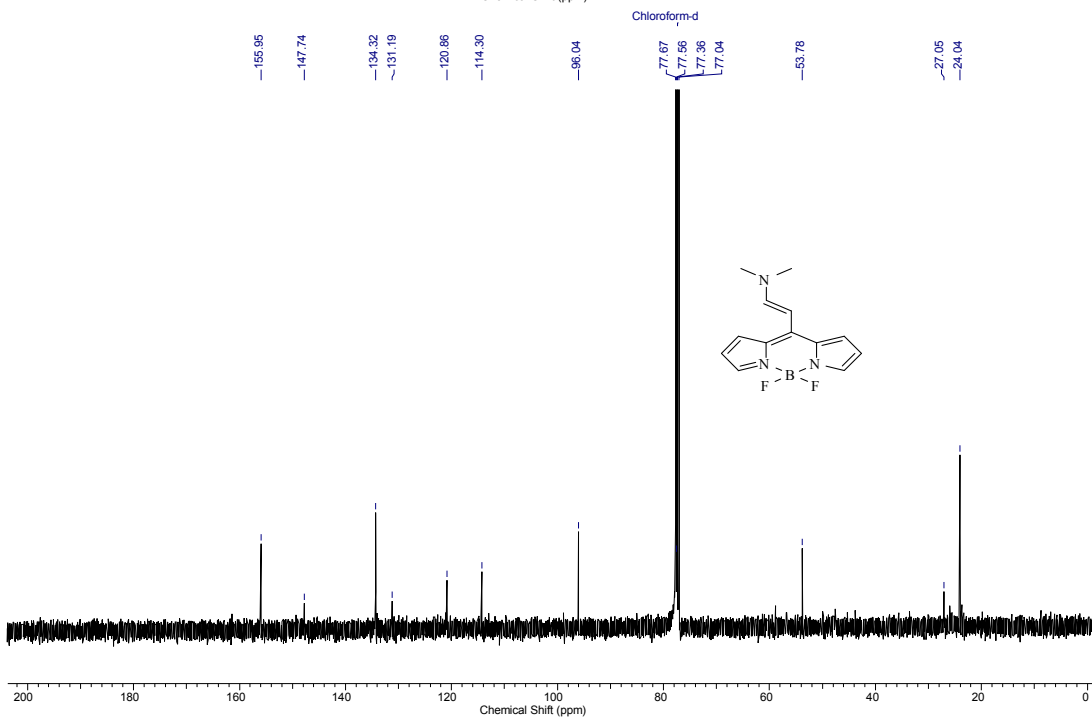
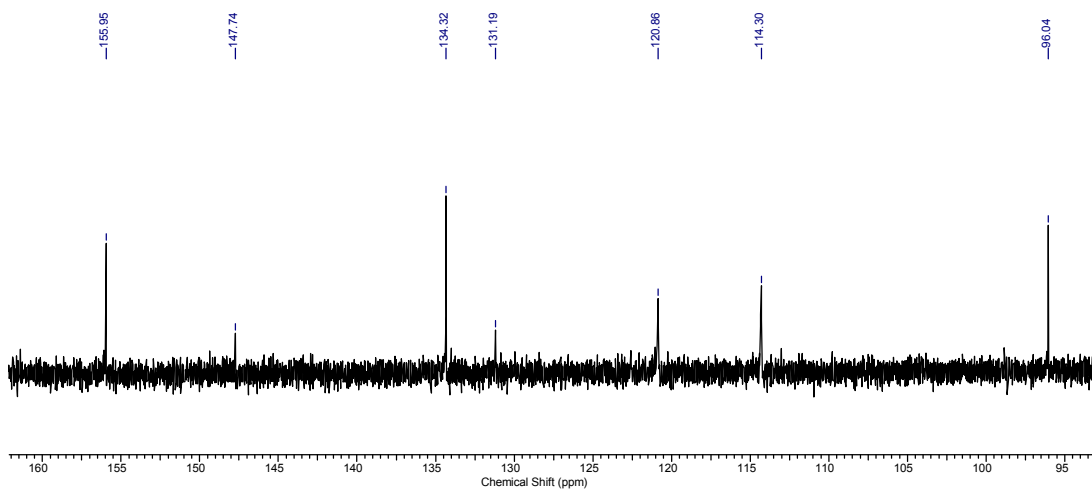
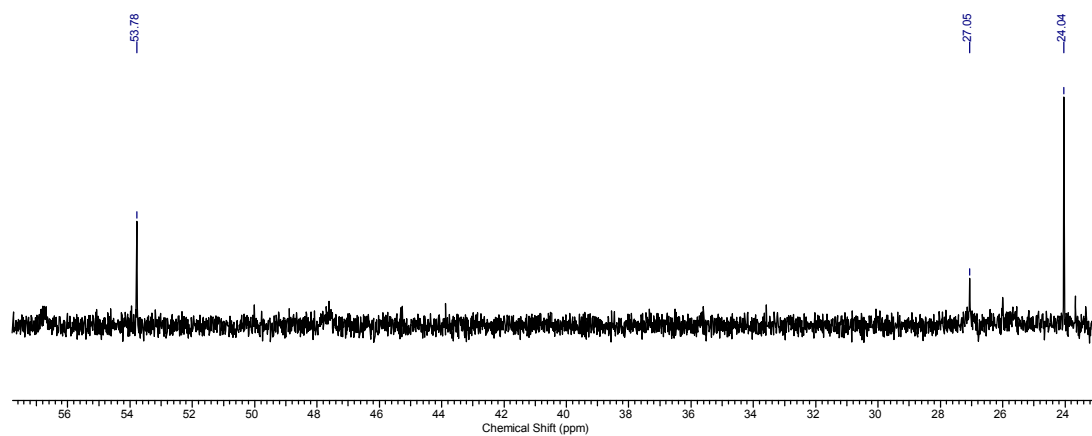
HRMS of BODIPY 2



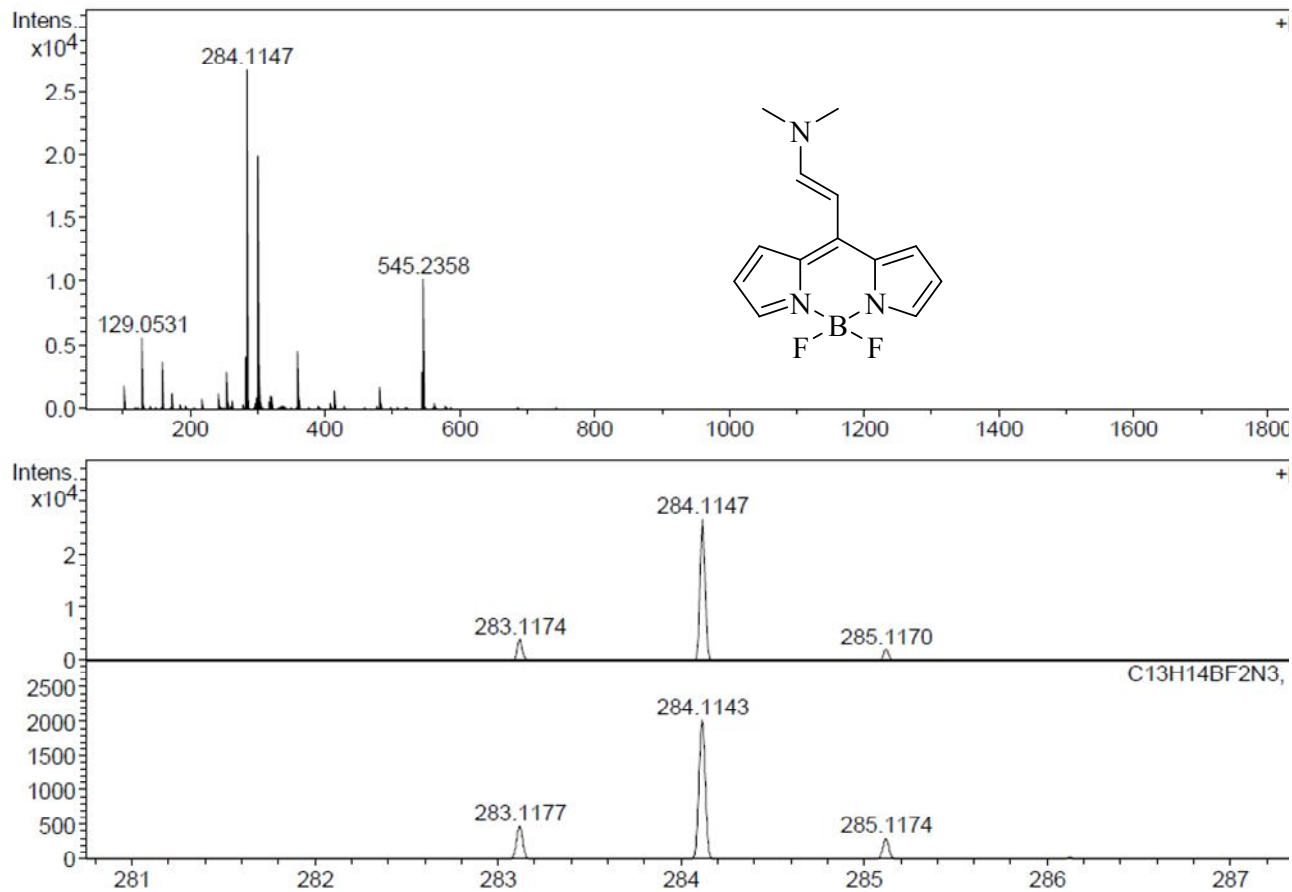
¹H NMR of BODIPY 3



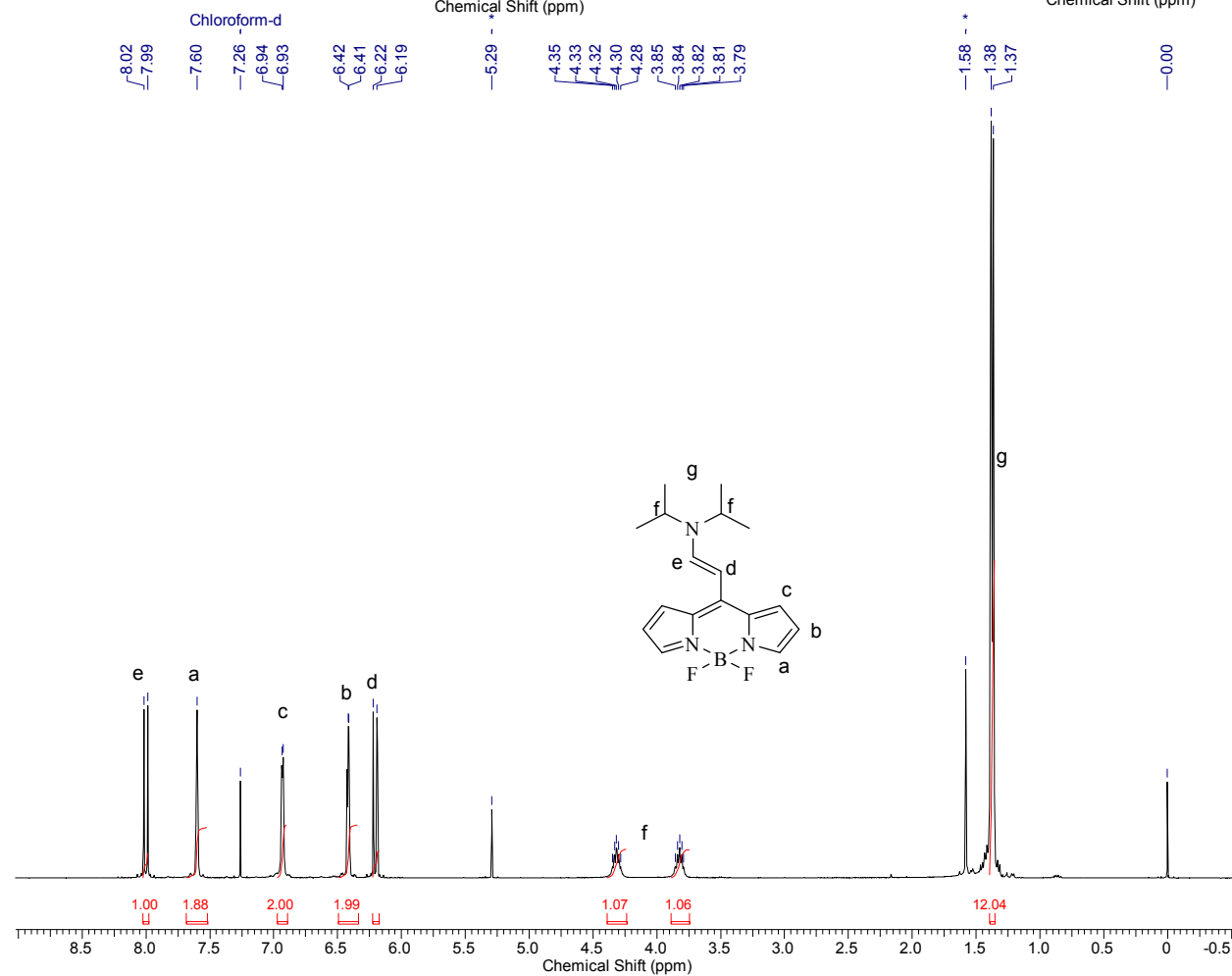
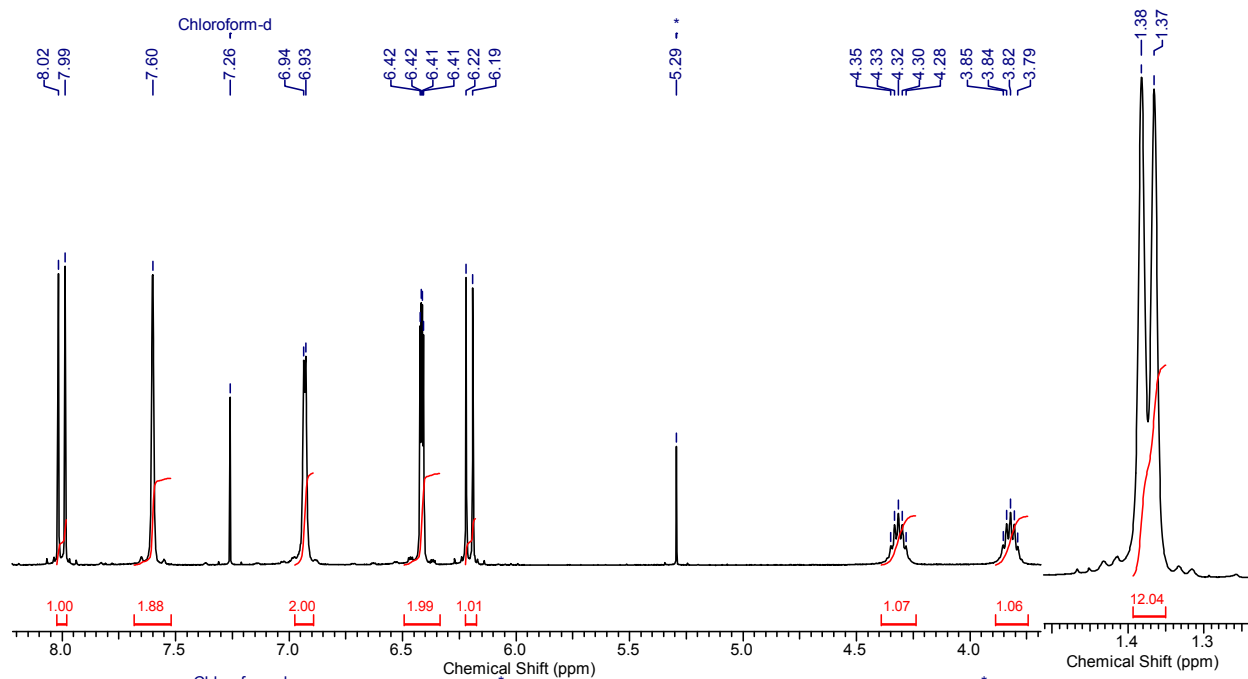
¹³C NMR of BODIPY 3



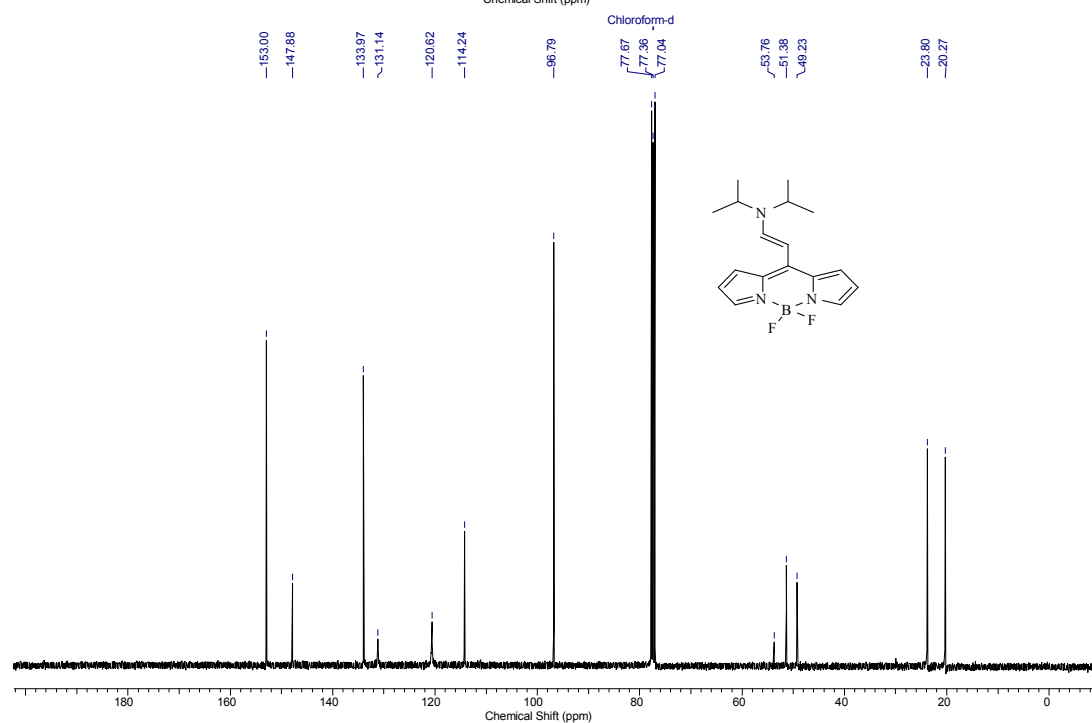
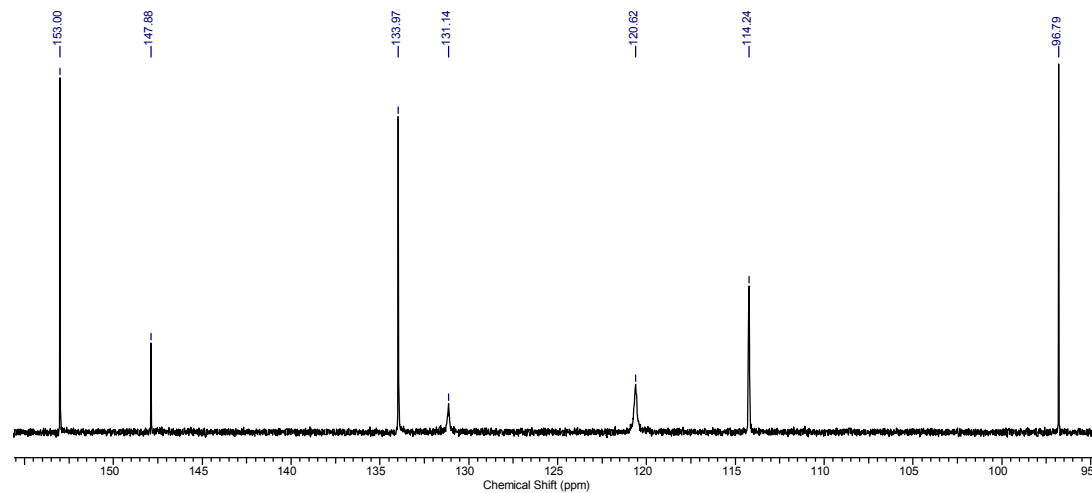
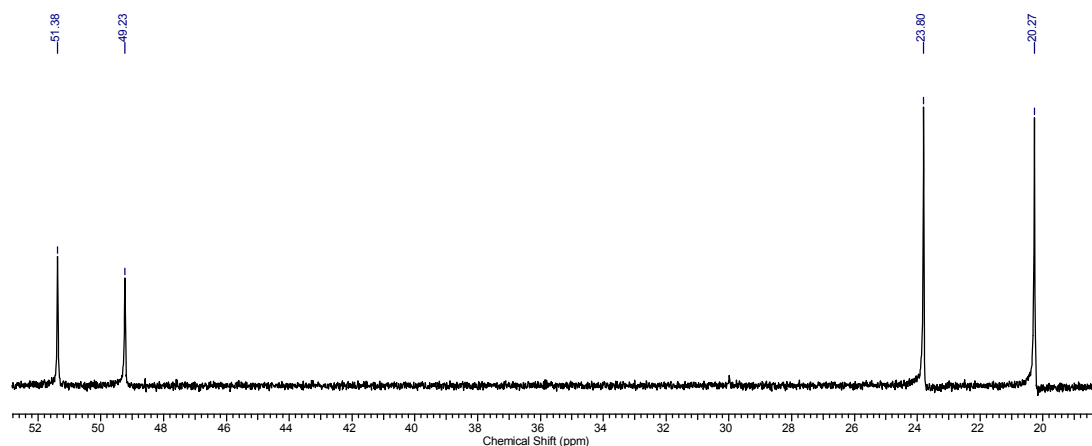
HRMS of BODIPY 3



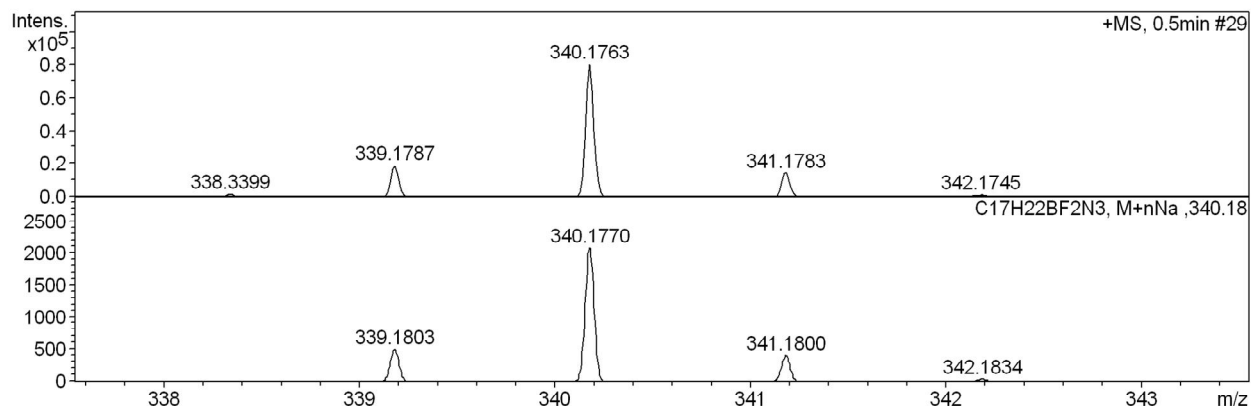
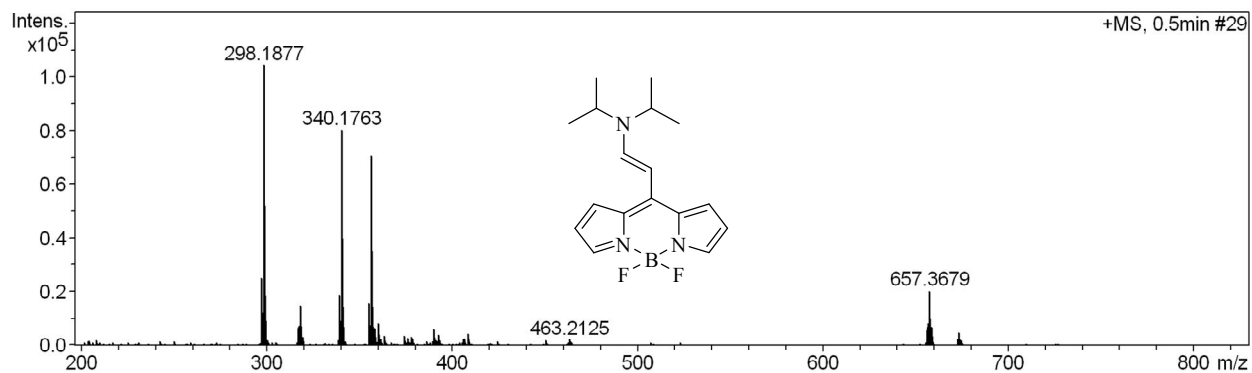
¹H NMR of BODIPY 4a



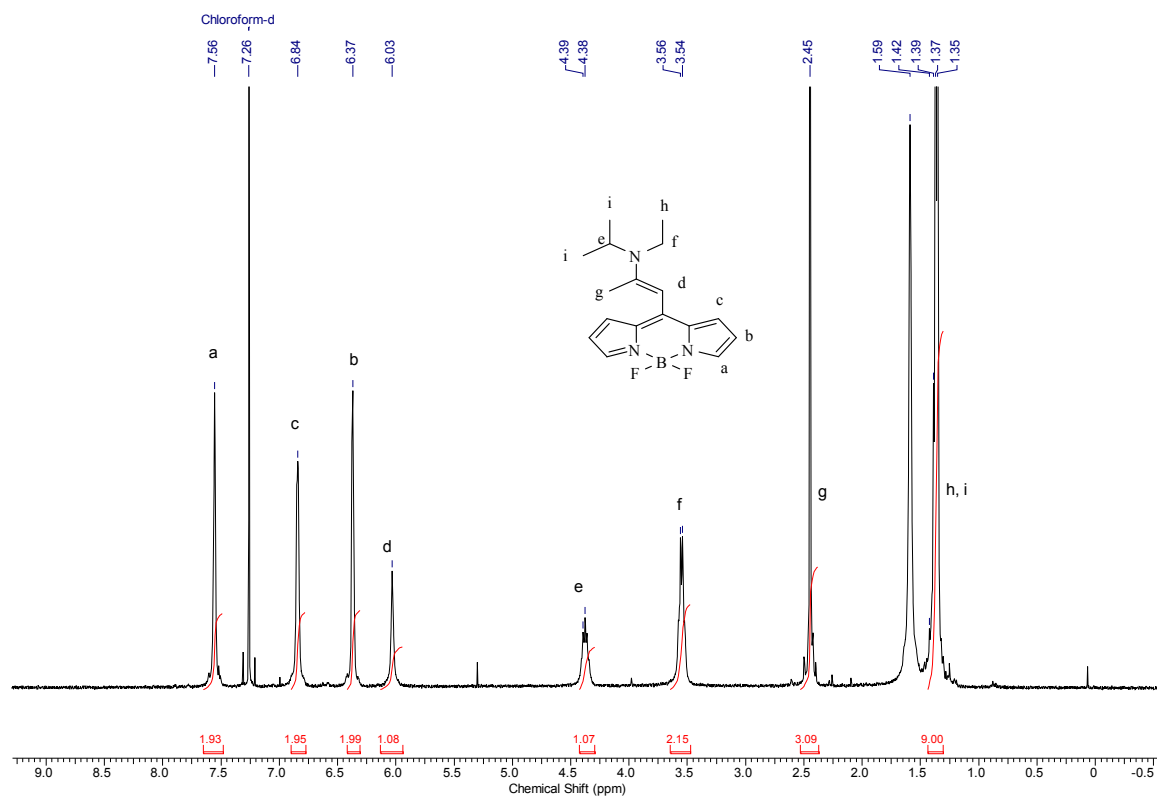
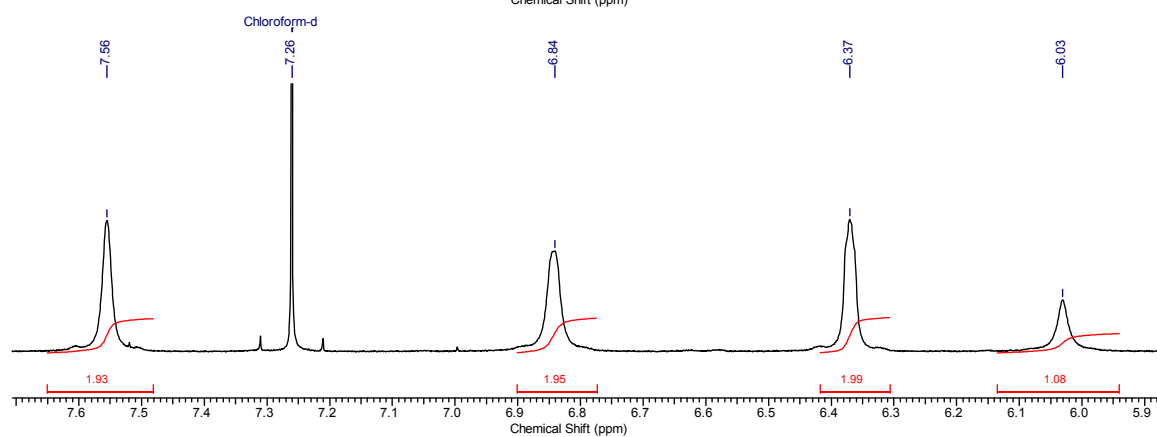
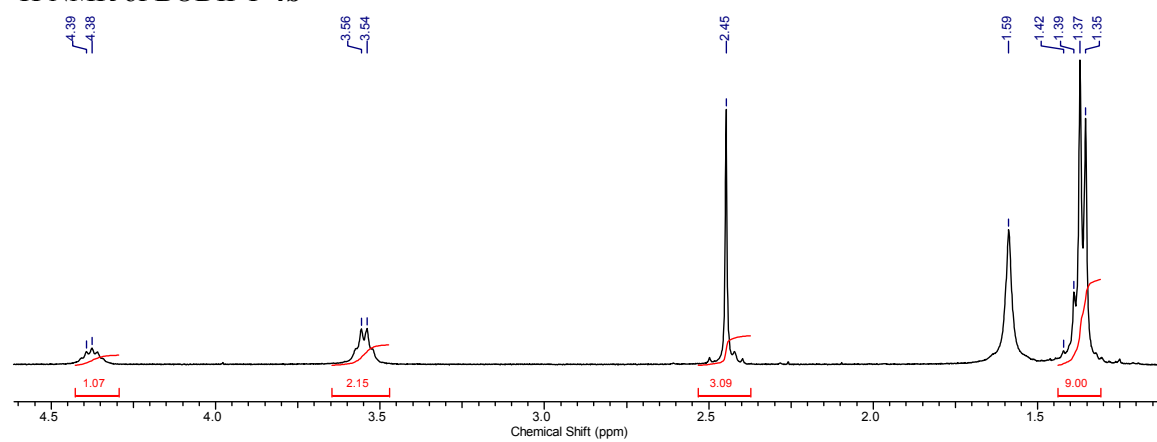
¹³C NMR of BODIPY 4a



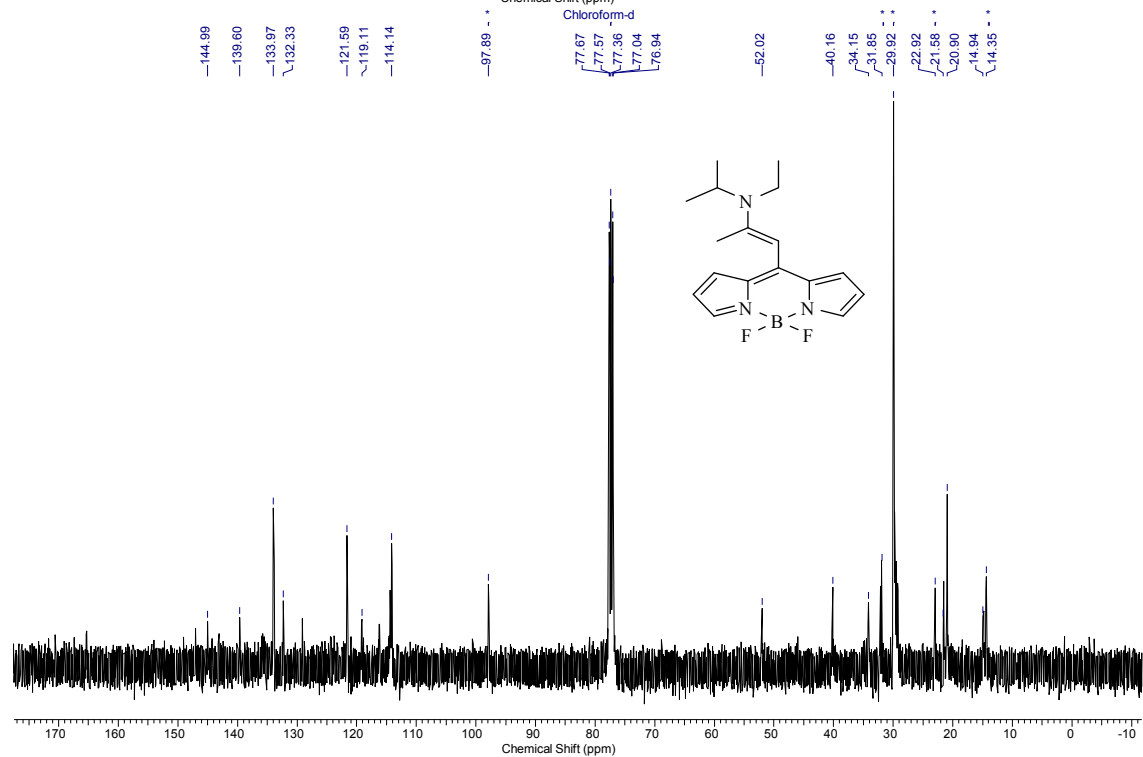
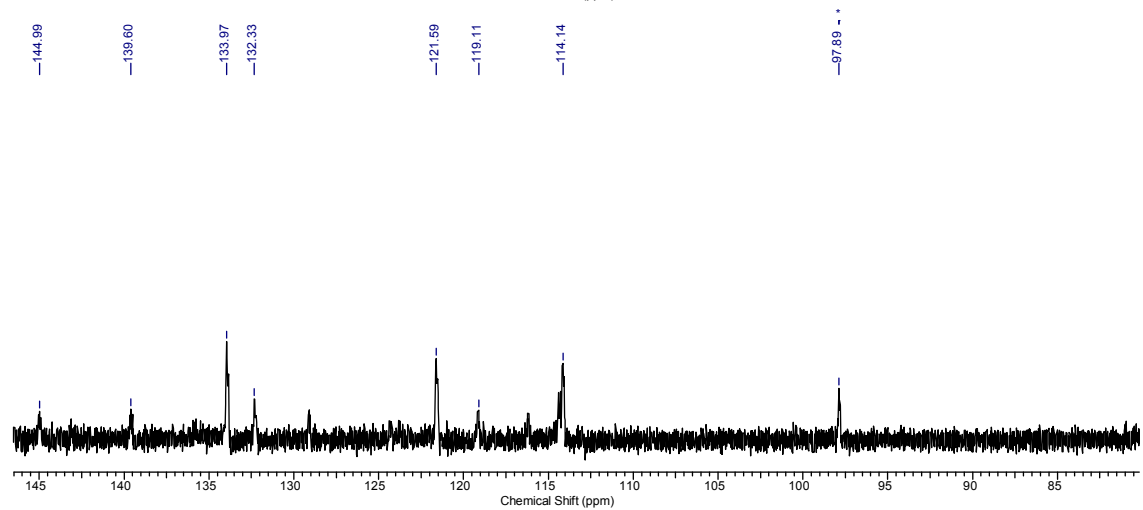
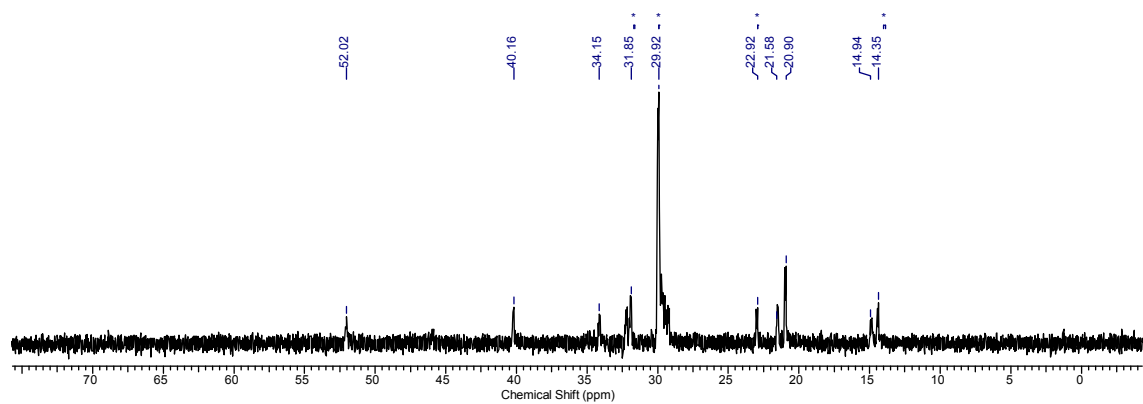
HRMS of BODIPY 4a



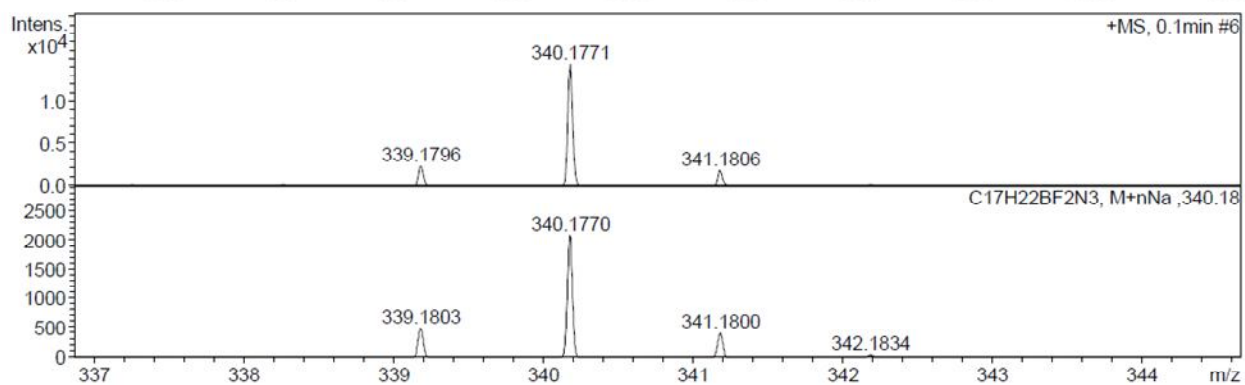
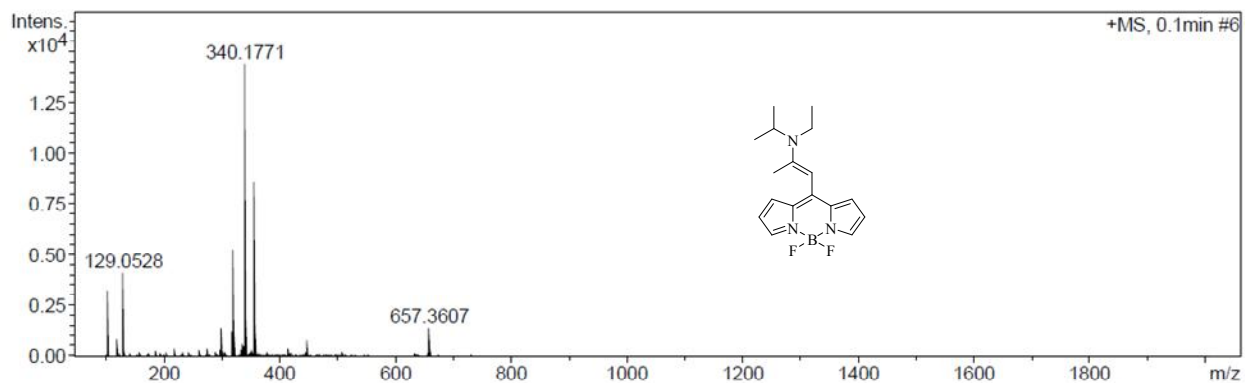
^1H NMR of BODIPY **4b**



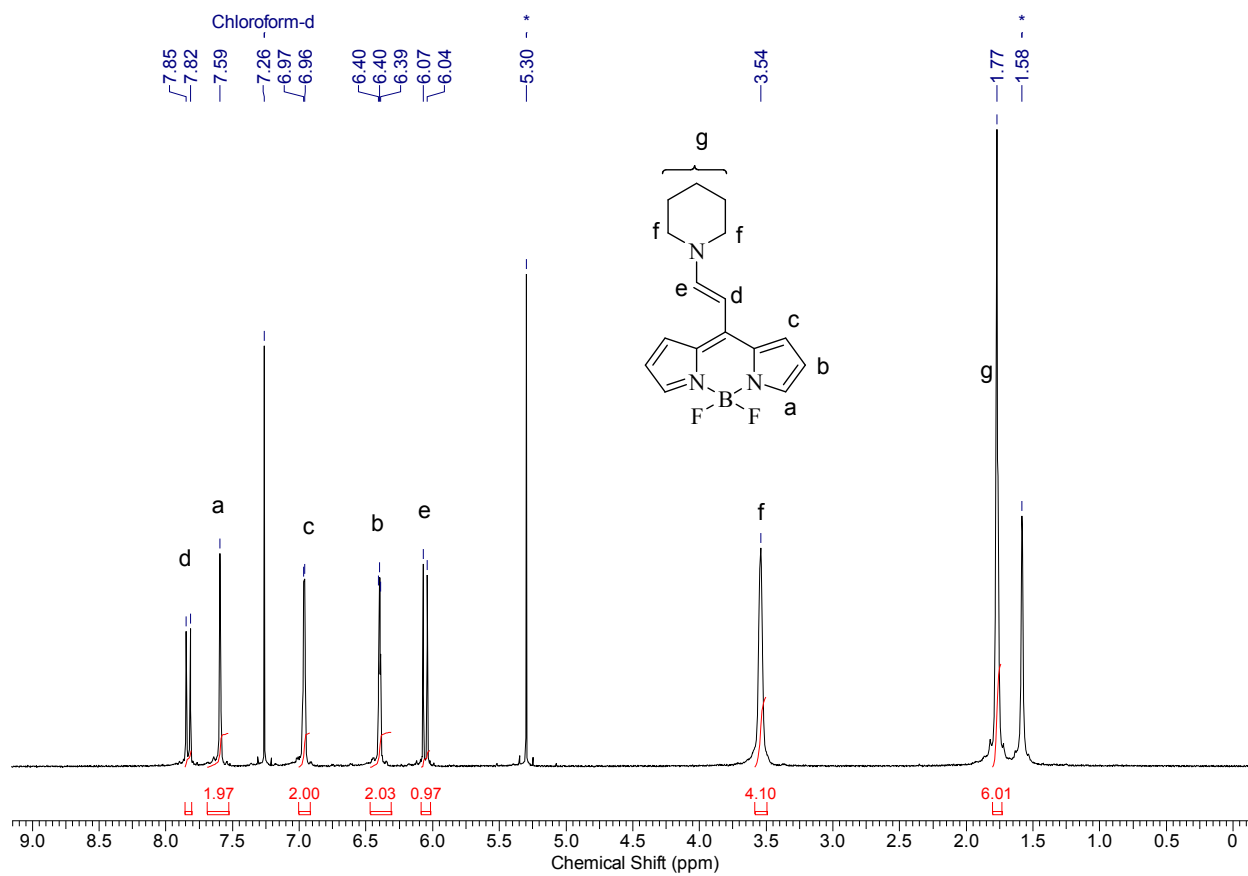
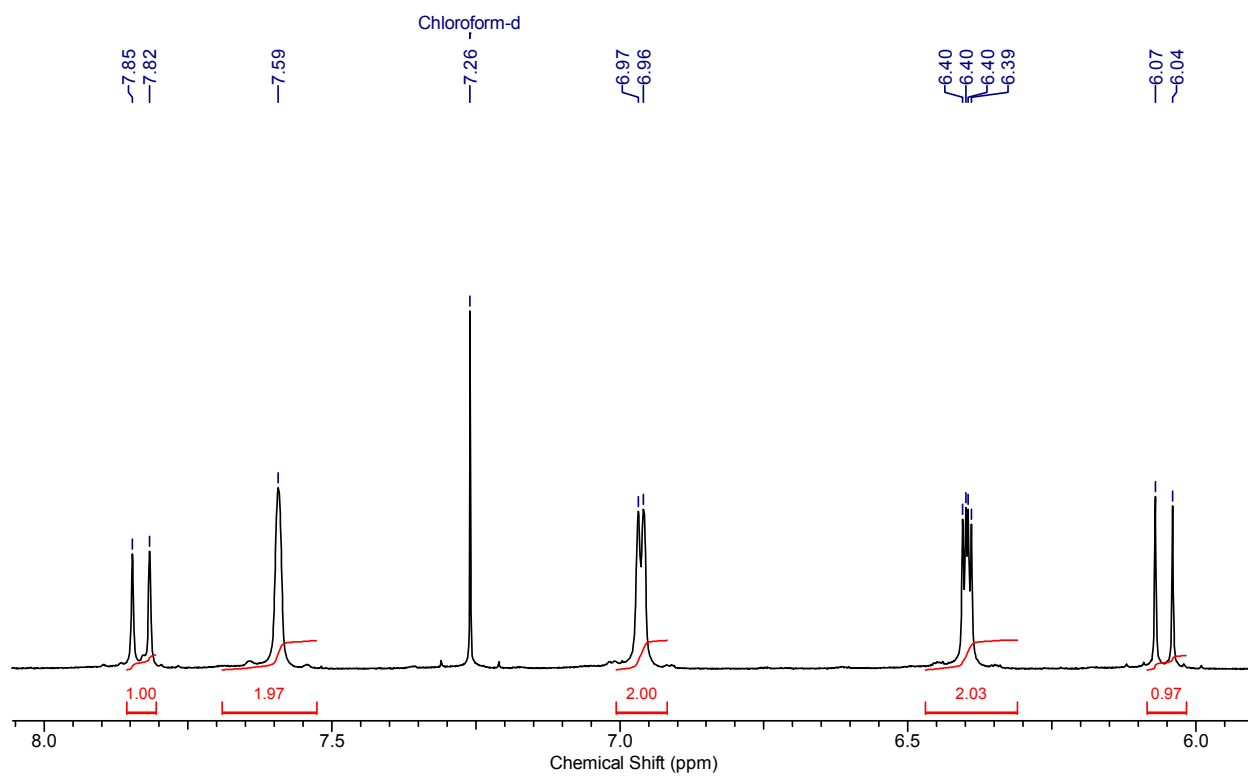
¹³C NMR of BODIPY 4b



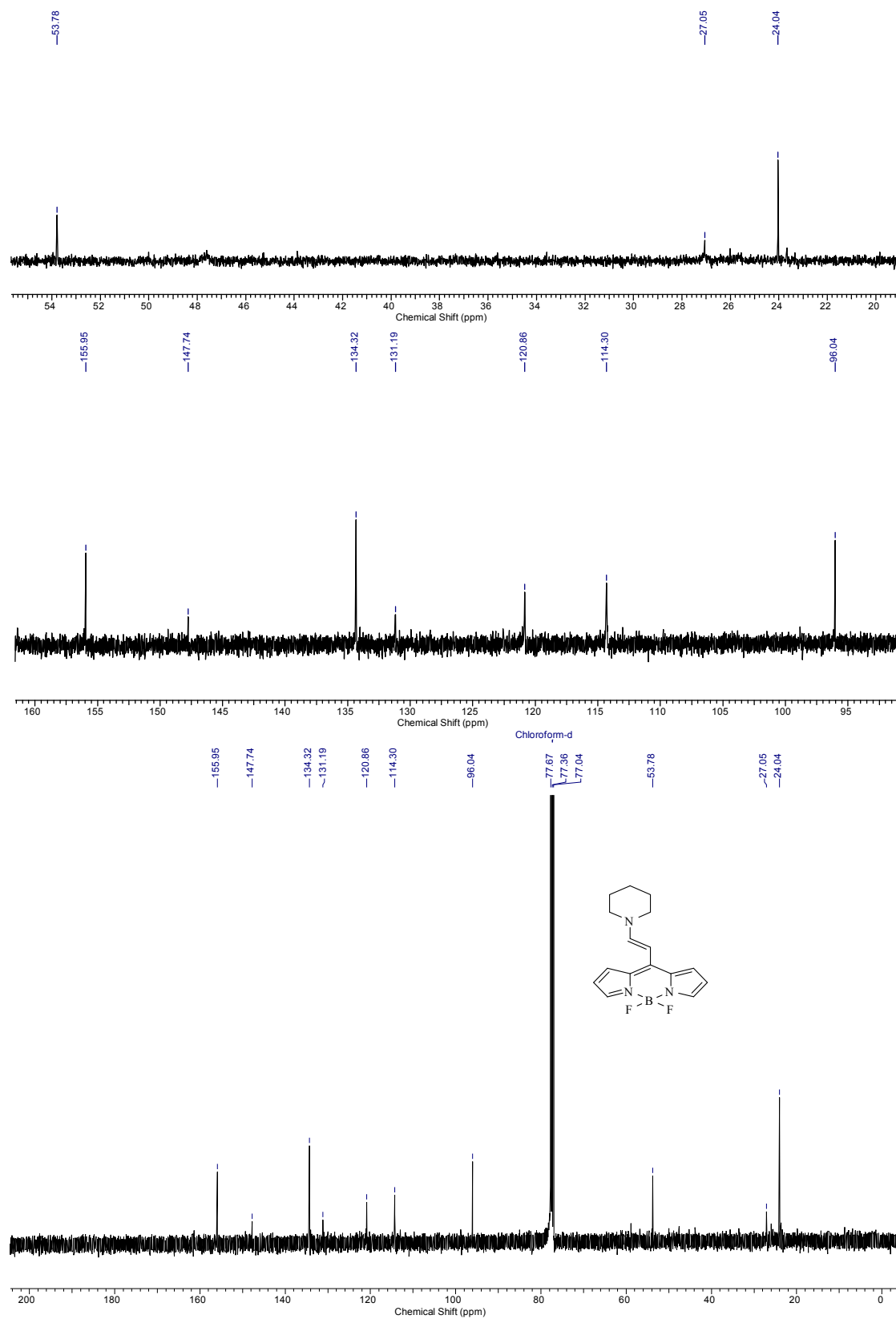
HRMS of BODIPY 4b



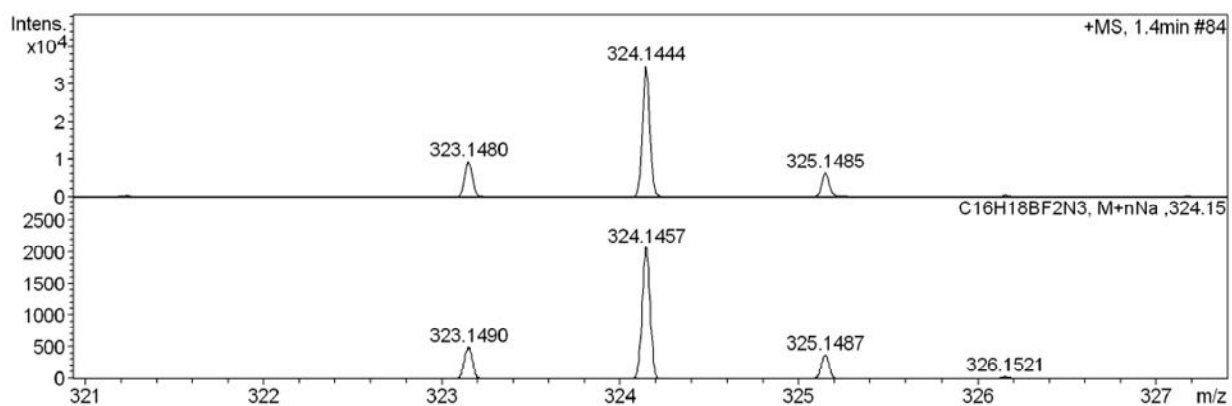
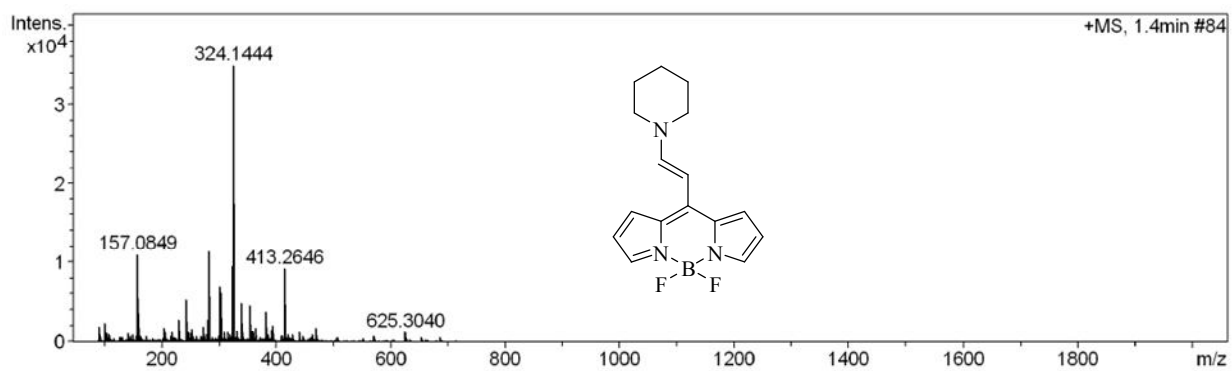
¹H NMR of BODIPY 5a



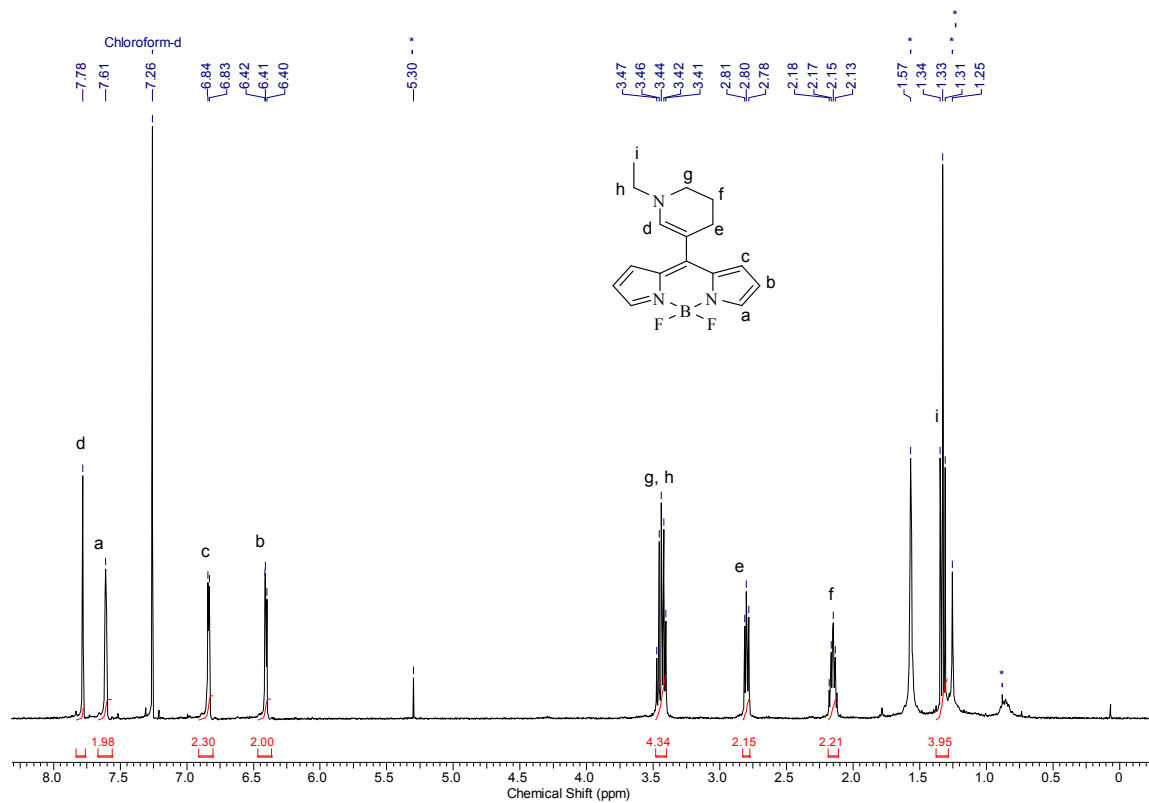
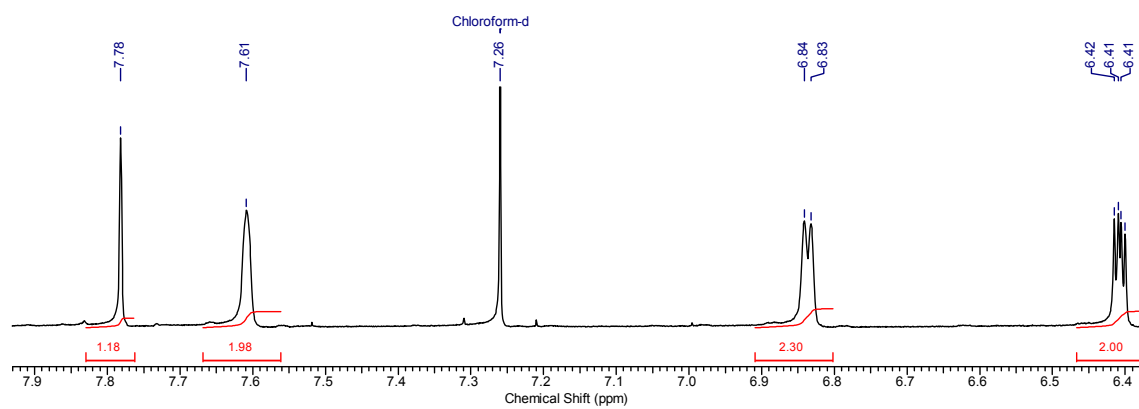
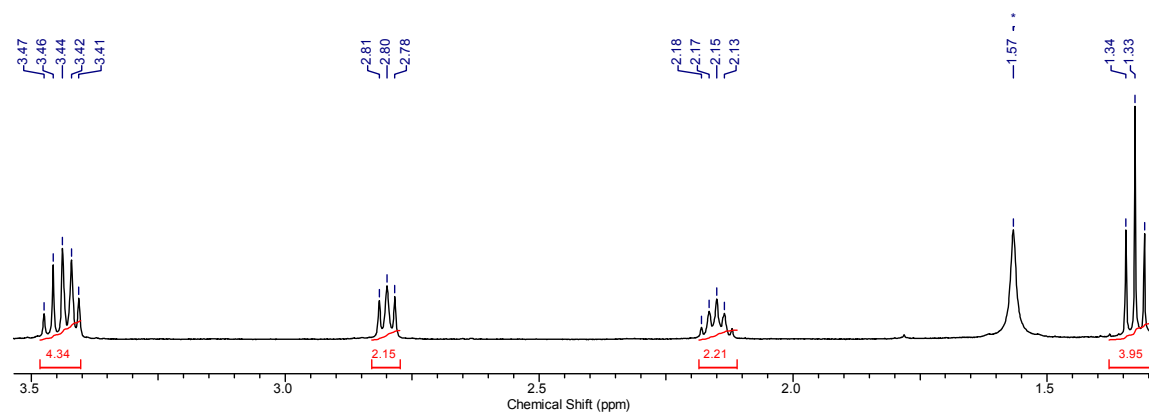
¹³C NMR of BODIPY 5a



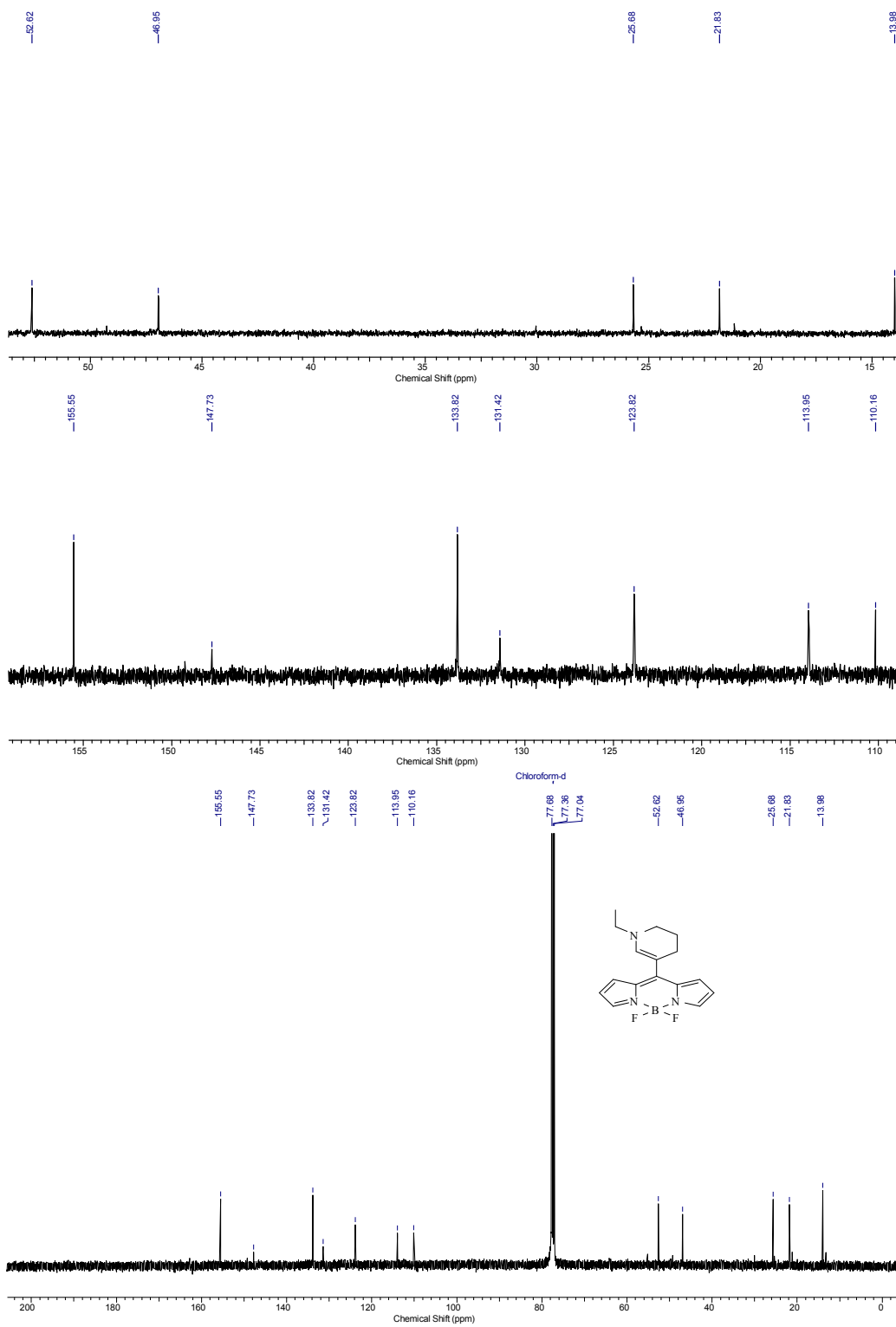
HRMS of BODIPY 5a



¹H NMR of BODIPY 5b



¹³C NMR of BODIPY 5b



HRMS of BODIPY 5b

