

Supporting Information

Efficient optical resolution of water-soluble self-assembled tetrahedral M_4L_6 cages with 1,1'-bi-2-naphthol

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Table of Content

1. General.....	S2
2. Resolution of cage T with Leu^+ and $Bcic^+$	S2
3. Resolution of cage T with $[Ru(phen)_3](PF_6)_2$	S2
4. Resolution of cage T with BINOL.....	S2
5. Resolution of cage $(Me_4N)_4[Ni_4L_6]$ with BINOL.....	S3
6. The chiral stability of resolved cages upon complexation of cyclohexane.....	S3
7. Figure S1. CD spectra of cage T resolved by Leu^+ and $Bcic^+$	S4
8. Figure S2. 1H NMR spectrum of resolved cage T	S4
9. Figure S3. ^{13}C NMR spectrum of resolved cage T	S4
10. Figure S4. HR-ESI-MS of resolved cage T	S5
11. Figure S5. HR-ESI-MS of resolved cage $(Me_4N)_4[Ni_4L_6]$	S6
12. Figure S6. CD spectra of the resolved $(Me_4N)_4[Ni_4L_6]$	S6
13. Figure S7. Dynamic CD spectra of $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ - T and $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ - T	S7
14. Figure S8. CD spectra of $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ - T varied with time at 323 K.....	S7
15. Figure S9. The 1H NMR spectrum of $C_6H_{12}\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ - T	S7
16. Figure S10. Fluorescence responses of (<i>R</i>)- and (<i>S</i>)-BINOL upon addition of $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ - T	S8
17. Scheme S1. Optical resolution of T using (<i>S</i>)-BINOL in methanol.....	S8
18. Scheme S2. Optical resolution of T using (<i>R</i>)-BINOL.....	S9
19. Reference	S9

1. General

The NMR spectra were measured with a Bruker Unity 500 MHz spectrometer using TMS as an internal standard for ^1H NMR and a Bruker Unity 850 MHz spectrometer using 2-methyl-2-propanol as an internal standard for ^{13}C NMR. Circular dichroism (CD) spectra were measured with a Jasco J-810 spectropolarimeter. The slit band width of CD spectra measurements was set at 2 nm. Mass spectral data were acquired using a Bruker Fourier transform ICR spectrometer. Fluorescence spectra were recorded on a F-7000 fluorescence spectrophotometer at an excitation wavelength of 280 nm with both of excitation and emission monochromators set at 2.5 nm. Elemental analyses for C, H, and N were performed on an Elementar Vario EL III elemental analyzer. Racemic $(\text{Me}_4\text{N})_4[\text{Fe}_4\text{L}_6]$ and $(\text{Me}_4\text{N})_4[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]$ were synthesized according to literature.^[S1,S2] The $[\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3](\text{PF}_6)_2$ was synthesized and resolved according to published procedures.^[S3,S4] Solvents and commercially available reagents were used without further purification.

2. Resolution of cage T with Leu⁺ and Bcic⁺.

Rac-(Me_4N)₄[Fe_4L_6] 36 mg and Leu⁺ 12 mg (Bcic⁺ 17 mg) were added to a 50 mL flask containing methanol 15 mL. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 50 °C. The less soluble salt ($\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T) was collected by centrifugation, washed with a small portion of methanol, and dried under vacuum. The remaining methanolic solution was concentrated on a rotational evaporator and the more soluble salt was obtained. The Leu⁺ (Bcic⁺) ions were exchanged against Me_4N^+ on a cation exchange column. (Me_4N)₄[Fe_4L_6] with enantiomer excess were isolated by slow vapor diffusion of acetone into their aqueous solutions.

3. Resolution of cage T with $[\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3](\text{PF}_6)_2$

Rac-(Me_4N)₄[Fe_4L_6] 36 mg and $[\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3](\text{PF}_6)_2$ 9 mg were added to a 50 mL flask containing methanol 15 mL. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 50 °C. The less soluble salt ($\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T) was collected by centrifugation, washed with a small portion of methanol, and dried under vacuum. The remaining methanolic solution was concentrated on a rotational evaporator and the more soluble salt was obtained. The $[\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3]^{2+}$ ions were exchanged against Me_4N^+ on a cation exchange column. (Me_4N)₄[Fe_4L_6] with enantiomer excess were isolated by slow vapor diffusion of acetone into their aqueous solutions.

4. Resolution of cage T with BINOL.

Rac-(Me_4N)₄[Fe_4L_6] 108 mg and (*S*)-BINOL (or (*R*)-BINOL) 36 mg were added to a 25 mL flask containing 6 mL water/methanol (v/v = 1:1). The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 50 °C. The less soluble diastereoisomer was collected by centrifugation and washed with water (3 × 2mL) and then with acetone, after that dried in vacuum, and last dissolved in 4 mL water/methanol (v/v = 1:1). $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T was obtained by slow vapor diffusion of acetone into the water/methanol solution

for several days. Yield: 35%. $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T was obtained from slow vapor diffusion of acetone into the filtrate. Yield: 45%. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, 298 K, D_2O): δ = 9.29 (s, 12H, imine), 8.66 (d, 12H, 3-pyridine), 8.34 (t, 12H, 4-pyridine), 7.72 (t, 12H, 5-pyridine), 7.50 (d, 12H, 6-pyridine), 7.09 (d, 12H, 6,6'-benzidine), 6.38 (s, 12H, 3,3'-benzidine), 5.78 (d, 12H, 5,5'-benzidine), 3.30 ppm (s, $[\text{NMe}_4]^+$). ^{13}C NMR (212.5 MHz, 298 K, D_2O , referenced to 2-methyl-2-prop-anol at 29.5 ppm as internal standard): δ = 176.0, 157.9, 155.7, 150.0, 143.1, 139.7, 135.9, 132.0, 131.9, 129.8, 121.7, 120.8. HR-ESI-MS: m/z : 1123.0083 ($[\text{Fe}_4\text{L}_6]^{4+} + \text{Na}^+$), 548.0199 ($[\text{FeL}_2]^{2-}$), 836.0117 ($[\text{Fe}_2\text{L}_3]^{2-}$), 1124.5048 ($[\text{Fe}_3\text{L}_4]^{2-}$), 1412.9976 ($[\text{Fe}_4\text{L}_5]^{2-}$). Elemental analysis calcd for $\text{C}_{160}\text{H}_{144}\text{N}_{28}\text{Fe}_4\text{O}_{36}\text{S}_{12} \cdot \text{Me}_2\text{CO} \cdot 20(\text{H}_2\text{O})$: C 48.20, H 4.72, N 9.66; found C 48.31, H 4.80, N 9.50.

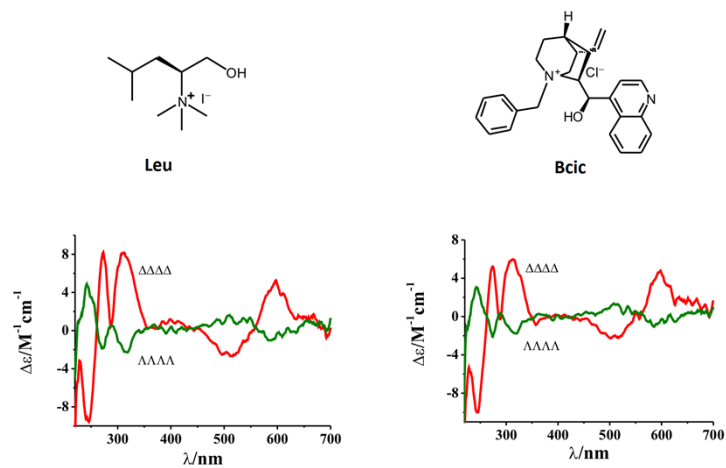
5. Resolution of cage $[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]^{4+}$ with BINOL.

Rac-(Me_4N) $_4$ $[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]$ 108 mg and (*S*)-BINOL (or (*R*)-BINOL) 36 mg were added to a 25 mL flask containing 6 mL water/methanol (v/v = 1:1). The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 50°C. The less soluble diastereoisomer was collected by centrifugation and washed with water (3 \times 2 mL) and then with acetone, after that dried in vacuum, and last dissolved in 4 mL water/methanol (v/v = 1:1). $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -(Me_4N) $_4$ $[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]$ was obtained by slow vapor diffusion of acetone into the water/methanol solution for several days. Yield: 30%. $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -(Me_4N) $_4$ $[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]$ was obtained from slow vapor diffusion of acetone into the filtrate. Yield: 40%. HR-ESI-MS: m/z : 1143.7192 ($[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]^{4+} + \text{Me}_4\text{N}^+$), 839.0130 ($[\text{Ni}_2\text{L}_3]^{2-}$), 1128.0081 ($[\text{Ni}_3\text{L}_4]^{2-}$), 1418.0025 ($[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_5]^{2-}$).

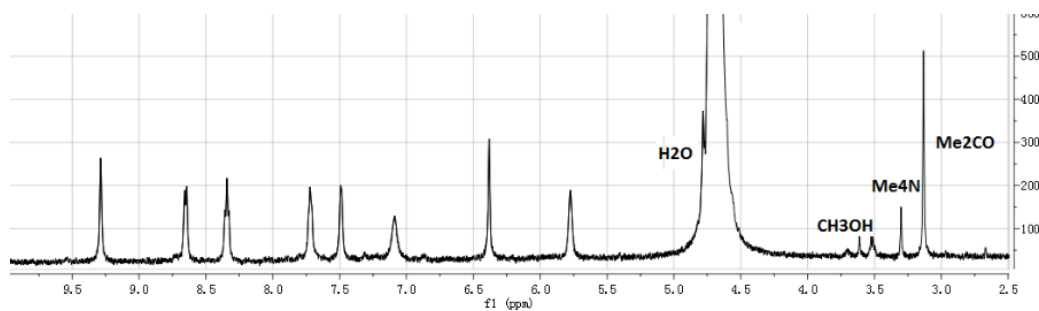
6. The chiral stability of resolved cages upon complexation of cyclohexane.

Aqueous solution of $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T (2.5 mL, $1.4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}^{-1}$) and excess cyclohexane (0.1 mL, 1.52 mmol) were added to a cuvette. The sealed cuvette was heated in a water bath to 323 K for 6 h, and reaction progress was monitored by CD spectra.

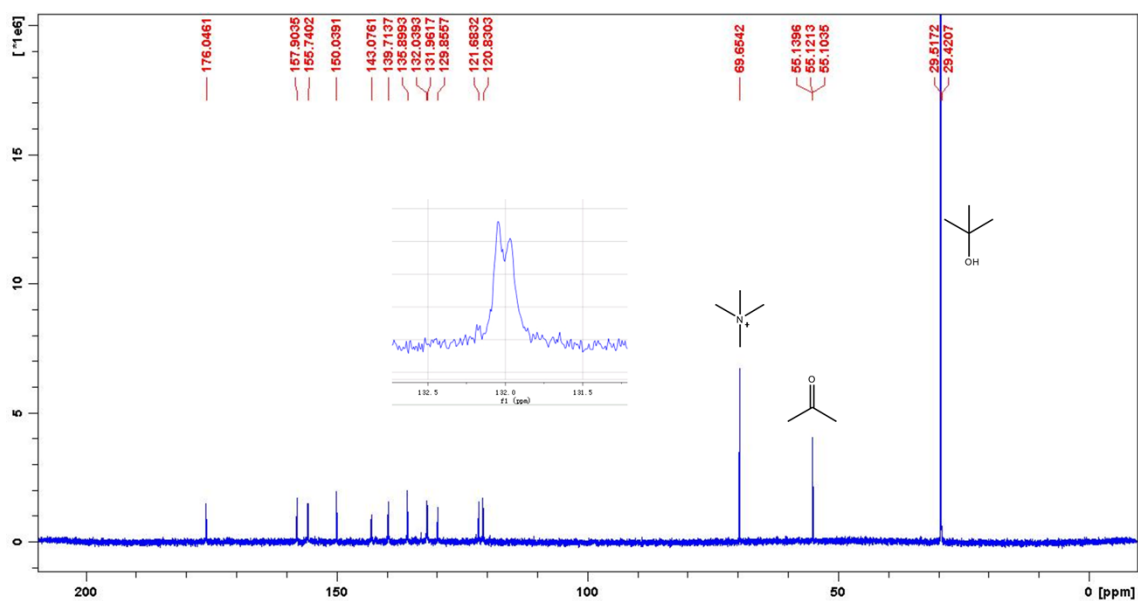
7. **Figure S1.** CD spectra of cage **T** resolved by Leu⁺ and Bcic⁺.



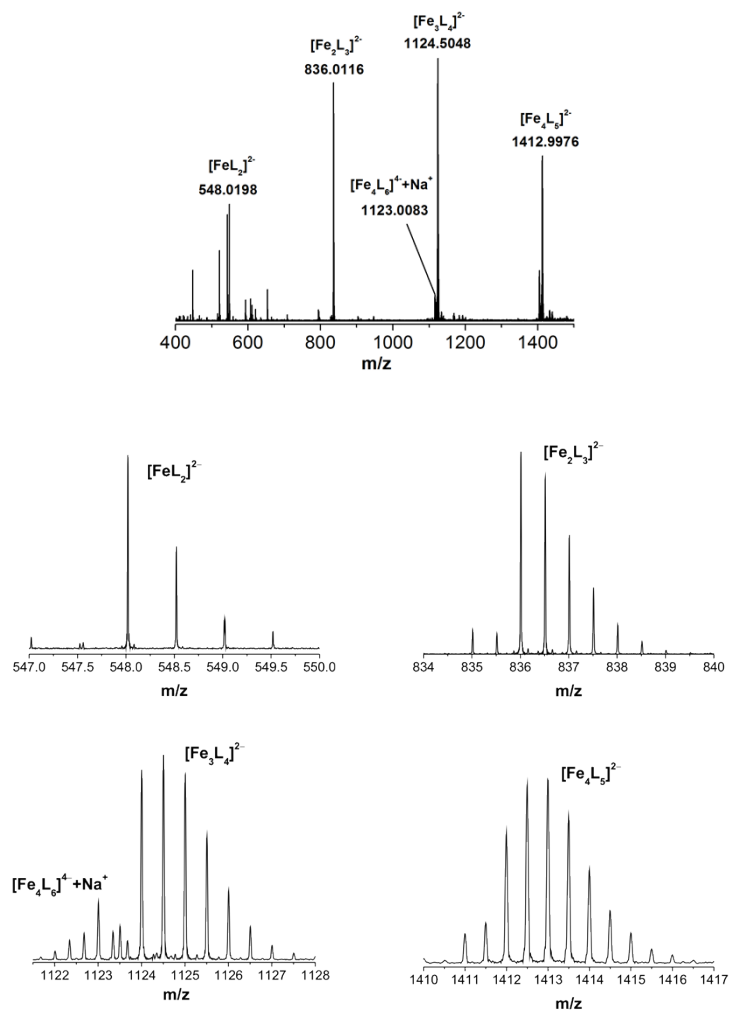
8. **Figure S2.** ¹H NMR spectrum of the resolved cage **T**.



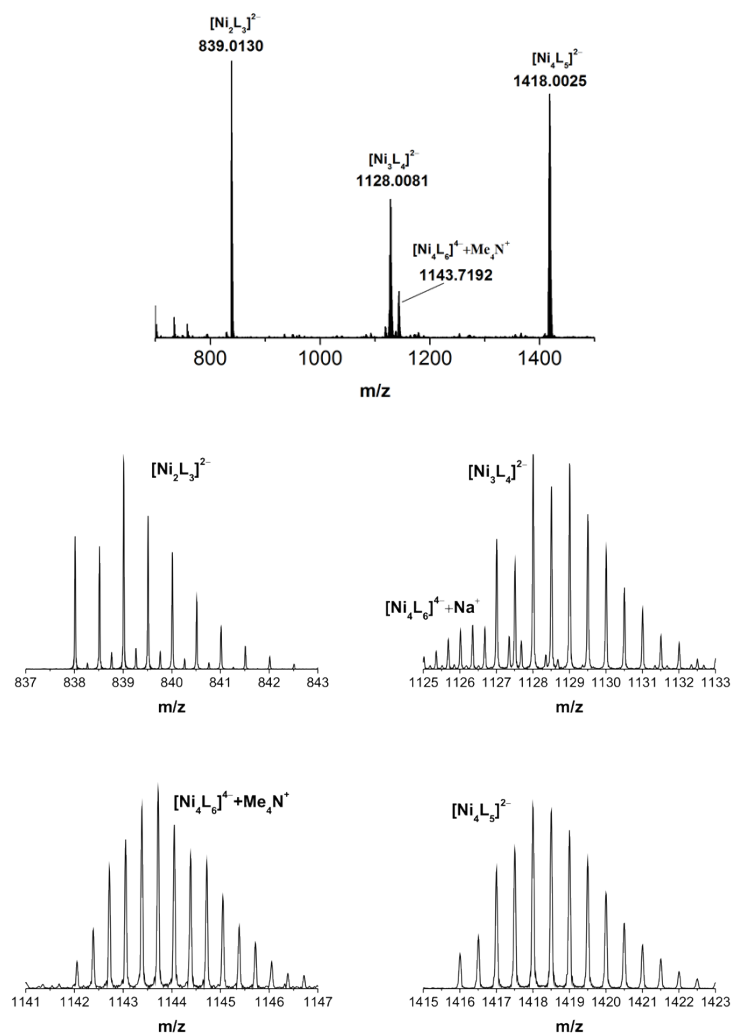
9. **Figure S3.** ¹³C NMR spectrum of the resolved cage **T**.



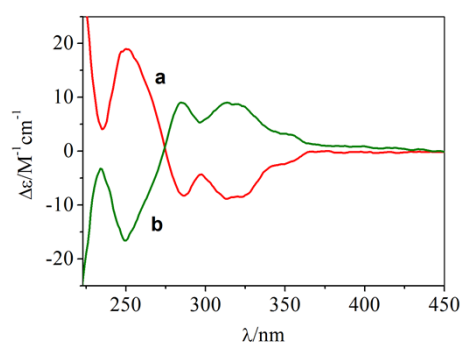
10. *Figure S4.* HR-ESI-MS of the resolved cage **T**.



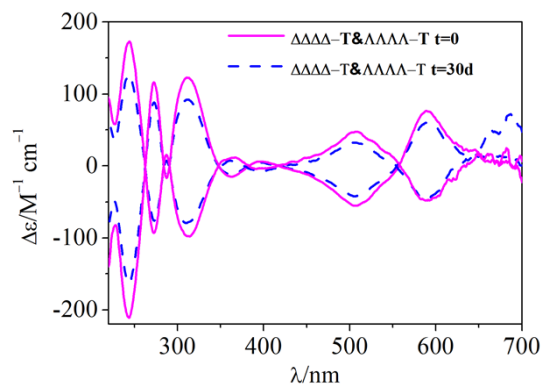
11. **Figure S5.** HR-ESI-MS of the resolved cage $(\text{Me}_4\text{N})_4[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]$.



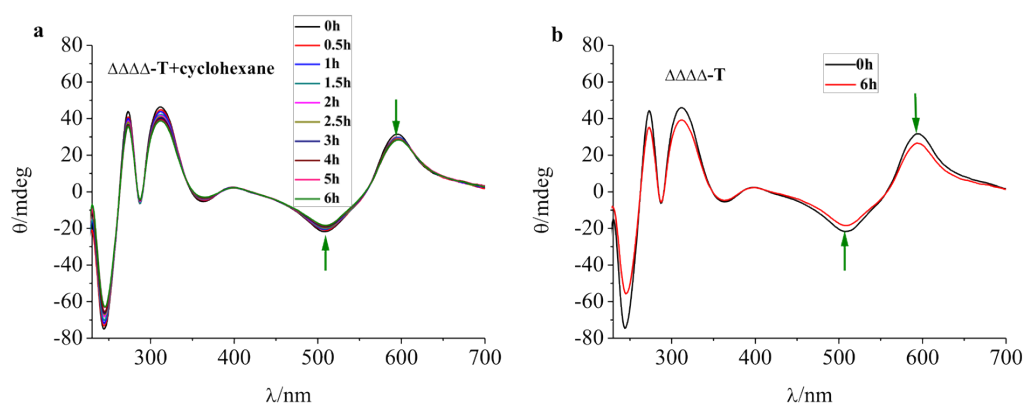
12. **Figure S6.** CD spectra of the resolved tetranuclear cluster $[\text{Ni}_4\text{L}_6]^{4-}$: $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ (a) and $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ (b) forms.



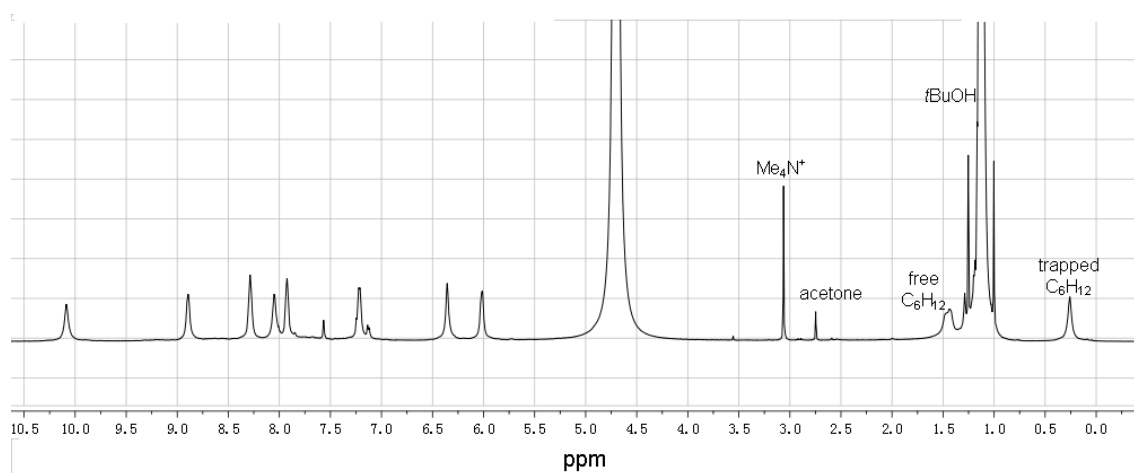
13. **Figure S7.** Dynamic CD spectra of $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T and $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ -T taken immediately after preparation of the 0.01 mM solution and after 30 days.



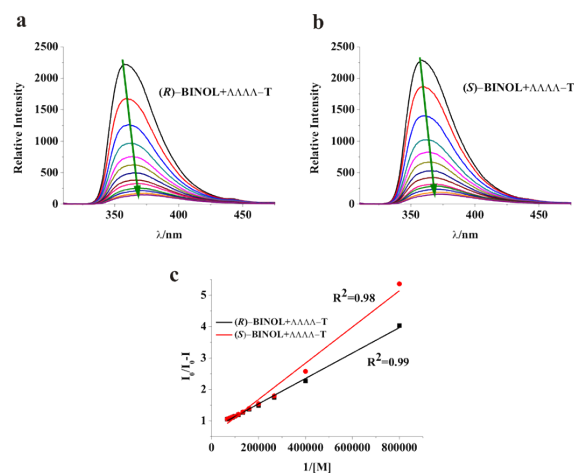
14. **Figure S8.** CD spectra of $\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T varied with time at 323 K: a) in the presence of cyclohexane (C_6H_{12}); b) in the absence of C_6H_{12} .



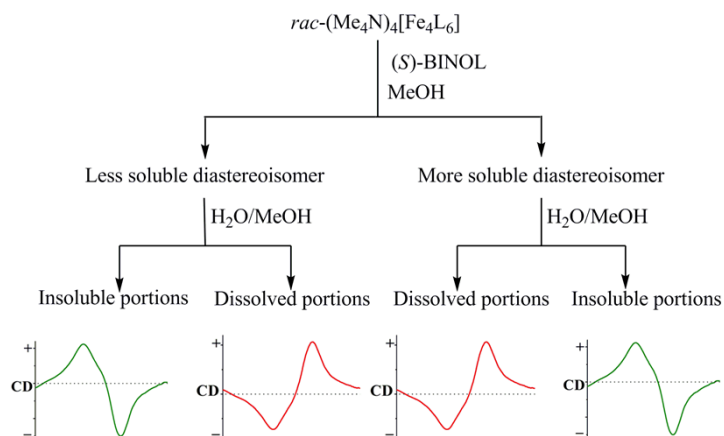
15. **Figure S9.** The 1H NMR spectrum of $C_6H_{12}\Delta\Delta\Delta\Delta$ -T.



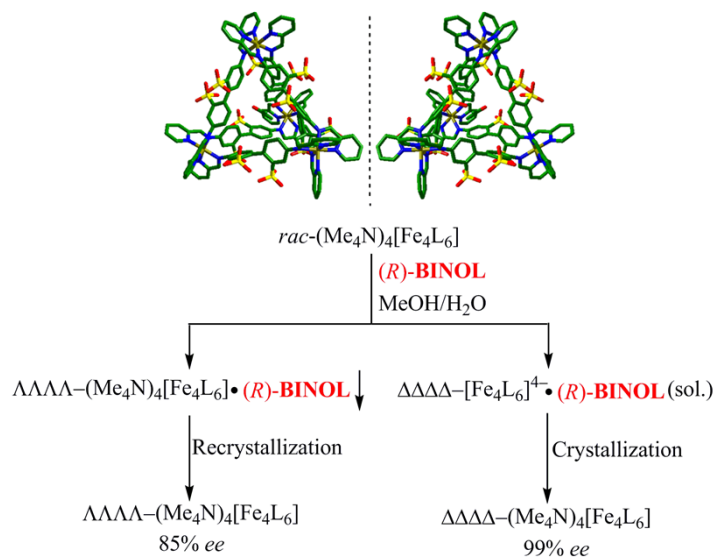
16. Figure S10. Fluorescence responses of (a) (*R*)-BINOL (2×10^{-5} M) and (b) (*S*)-BINOL (2×10^{-5} M) upon addition of $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ -T at 1.25×10^{-6} M intervals; (c) the Benesi-Hildebrand plots.



17. Scheme S1. Optical resolution of T using (*S*)-BINOL in methanol.



18. Scheme S2. Optical resolution of **T** using (*R*)-BINOL in 1:1 water-methanol solution followed by removal of (*R*)-BINOL during crystallization.



19. Reference

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- [S4] K. A. McGee, K. R. Mann, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2009, **131**, 1896-1902.