

Ordered bcc CuPd nanoalloy synthesised from the thermal decomposition of Pd nanoparticles covered with a metal-organic framework under hydrogen gas

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1. Synthesis of Pd@HKUST-1

Pd nanoparticles with a flat surface were used to form the composite with HKUST-1. Pd nanoparticles with an average edge length of 10 nm were synthesized in an aqueous solution by reducing Na_2PdCl_4 with L-ascorbic acid in the presence of bromide ions as the capping agents to promote the formation of {100} facets, as reported previously¹. The hybridization of Pd nanoparticles and HKUST-1 was performed by stirring at room temperature for 48 h in the presence of $\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and trimesic acid in ethanol solution.

2. Measurement condition

TEM measurement. TEM image of samples were recorded using a Hitachi HT7700 TEM instrument operated at 100 kV acceleration voltage

Powder XRD. Powder XRD at various temperatures at BL02B2 beam line at SPring-8 and an X-ray wavelength of 1.001 (1) Å.

HAADF-STEM, and EDX analyses. The samples were dispersed in ethanol, dropped onto a carbon-coated nickel grid, and dried by exposure to ambient conditions for 24 h. HAADF-STEM, and EDX maps measurements were performed using a JEM-ARM200F operated at 200 kV.

3. TEM image of Pd@HKUST-1 as synthesized

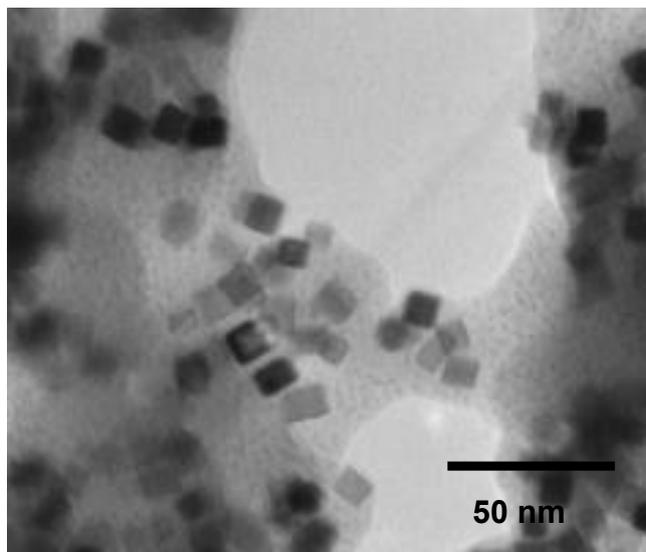


Figure S1. TEM image of Pd@HKUST-1 as synthesized.

4. XRD of Pd@HKUST-1

The powder X-ray diffraction (XRD) pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 was performed at 303 K at the BL02B2 beam line at the Super Photon Ring (SPring-8) and an X-ray wavelength of 1.000 Å. The XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 consisted of two kinds of Pd and HKUST-1 patterns as shown in Figure S2.

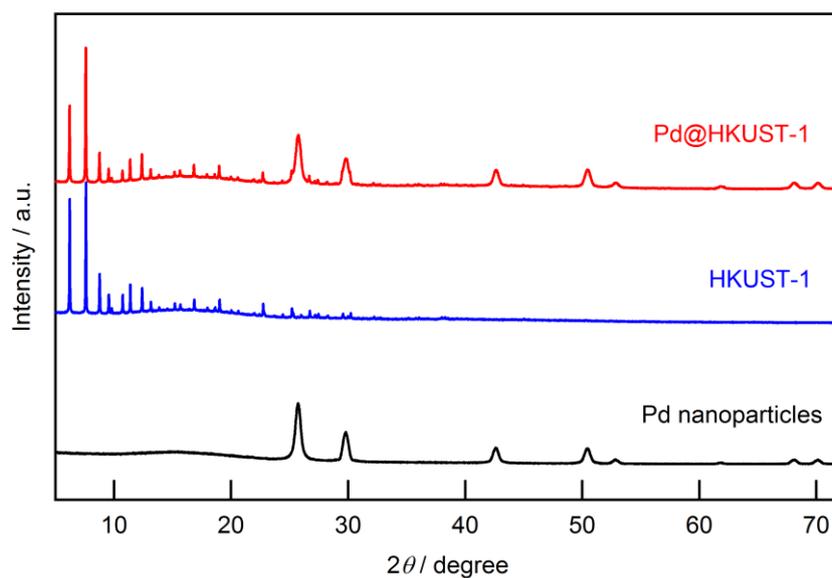


Figure S2. The XRD patterns of Pd@HKUST-1, HKUST-1, and Pd nanocubes.

5. Rietveld refinement of decomposed Pd@HKUST-1 under H₂ gas

After heating, the sample was cooled to 303 K, Rietveld refinement results of XRD pattern of cooled sample, bcc CuPd alloy,

Pm-3m, $a = 2.967(1) \text{ \AA}$, $R_{\text{exp}}=6.30$, $R_{\text{wp}}=6.58$. Atomic ratio, Pd : Cu = 4: 6.

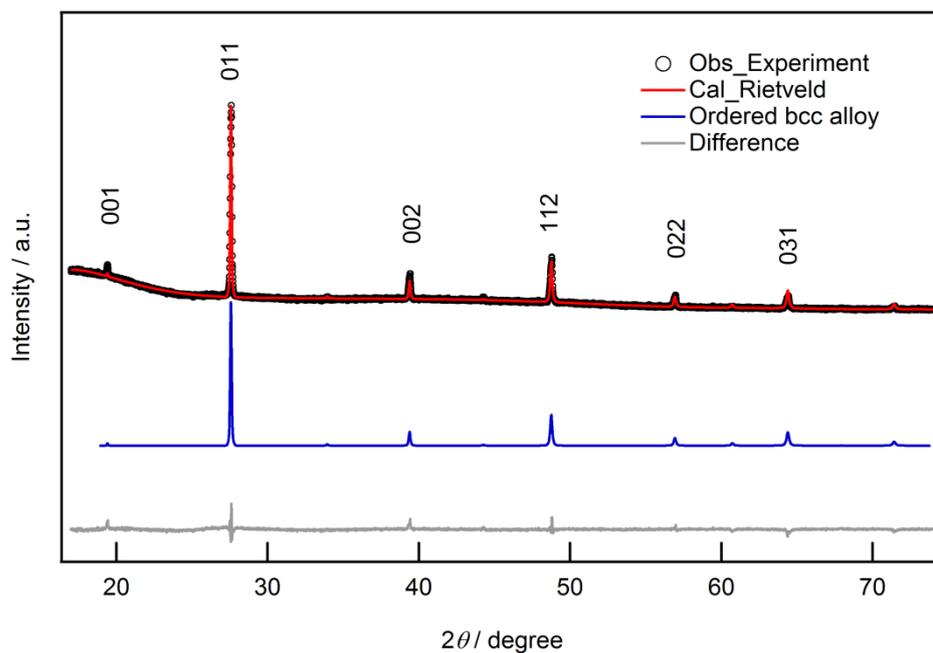


Figure S3. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 303 K after heated at 773 K.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 303 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 4.036(1) \text{ \AA}$, crystal size: $13.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ nm}$, $R_{\text{exp}} = 6.11$,

$R_{\text{wp}} = 3.58$.

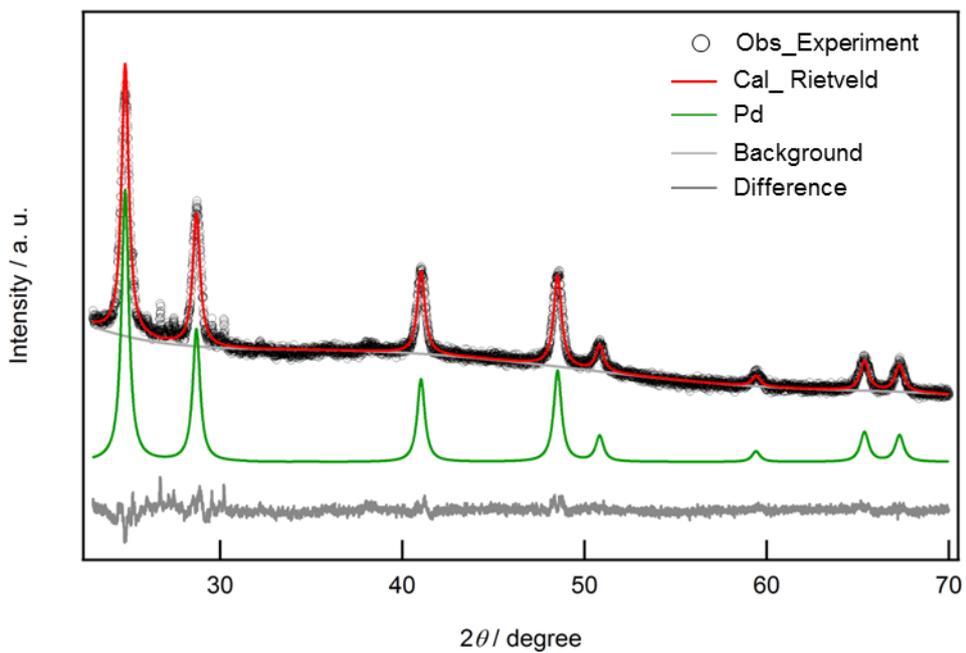


Figure S4. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 303 K under H_2 gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 373 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 4.025(1) \text{ \AA}$, crystal size: $13.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ nm}$, $R_{\text{exp}} = 6.15$,

$R_{\text{wp}} = 3.26$.

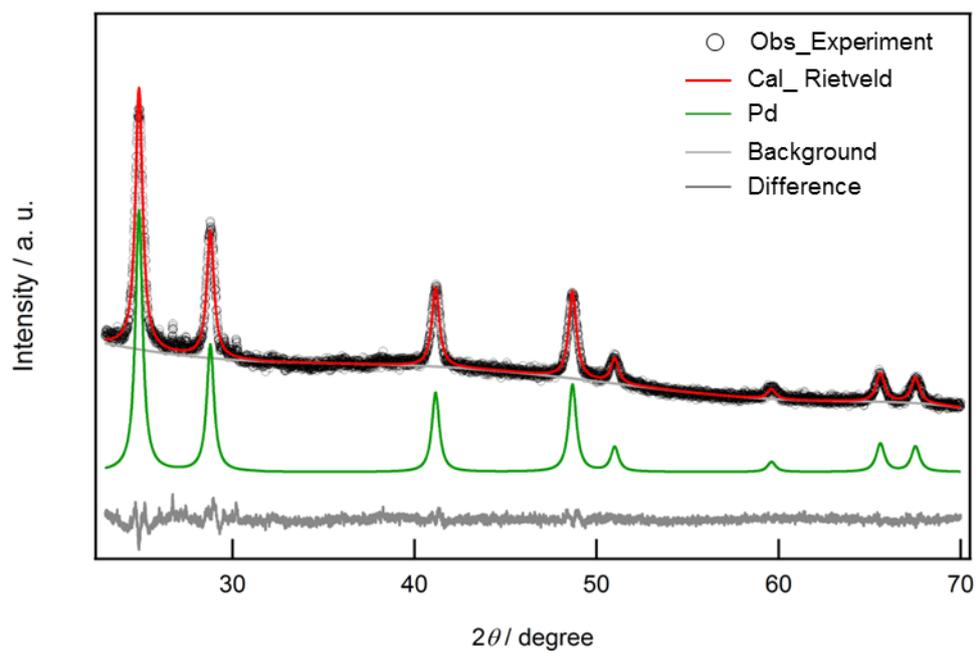


Figure S5. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 373 K under H₂ gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 423 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 3.899(1) \text{ \AA}$, crystal size: $12.9 \pm 0.1 \text{ nm}$, $R_{\text{exp}} = 6.21$,

$R_{\text{wp}} = 3.27$.

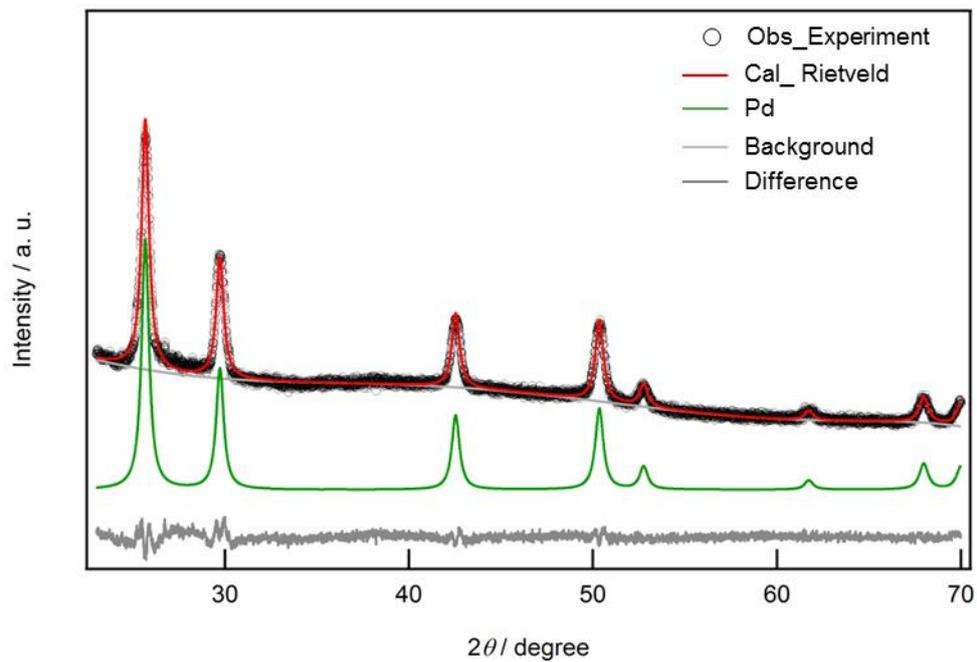


Figure S6. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 423 K under H_2 gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 473 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 3.898(1) \text{ \AA}$, 62.54%, crystal size: $12.1 \pm 0.1 \text{ nm}$; Cu,

Fm-3m, $3.632(1) \text{ \AA}$, 37.46%, crystal size: $5.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ nm}$, $R_{\text{exp}} = 6.21$, $R_{\text{wp}} = 3.27$.

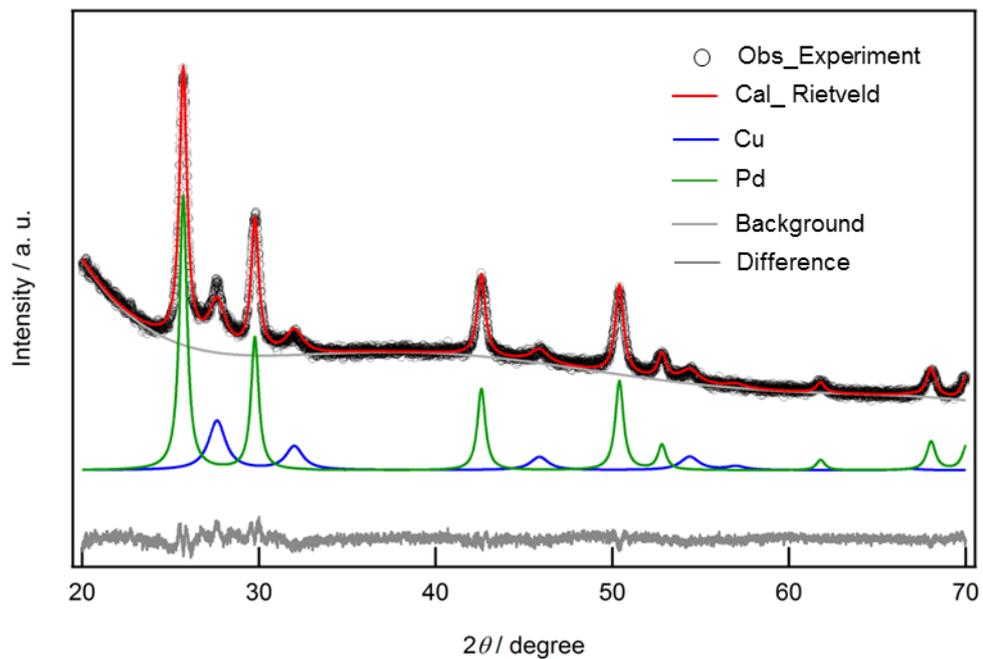


Figure S7. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 473 K under H₂ gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 523 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 3.894(1) \text{ \AA}$, 44.25%, $11.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ nm}$;

Cu, Fm-3m, $a = 3.641(1) \text{ \AA}$, 19.29%, $14.7 \pm 0.6 \text{ nm}$; CuPd, Fm-3m, $a = 3.742(2) \text{ \AA}$, 36.47%, $4.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ nm}$,

$R_{\text{exp}} = 6.42$, $R_{\text{wp}} = 4.04$.

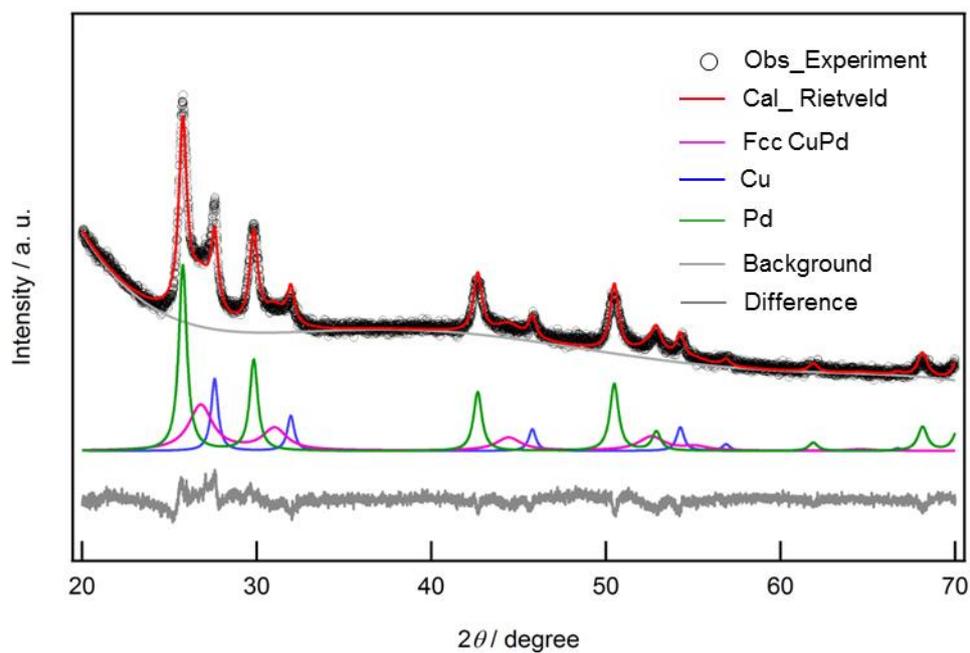


Figure S8. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 523 K under H_2 gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 573 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 3.884(1) \text{ \AA}$, 35.84%, crystal size: $10.1 \pm 0.3 \text{ nm}$; fcc CuPd, Fm-3m, $3.734(1) \text{ \AA}$, 48.74%, crystal size: $6.9 \pm 0.2 \text{ nm}$; bcc CuPd, Pm-3m, $2.974(1) \text{ \AA}$, 15.42%, crystal size: $33.1 \pm 0.2 \text{ nm}$, $R_{\text{exp}} = 6.21$, $R_{\text{wp}} = 3.27$.

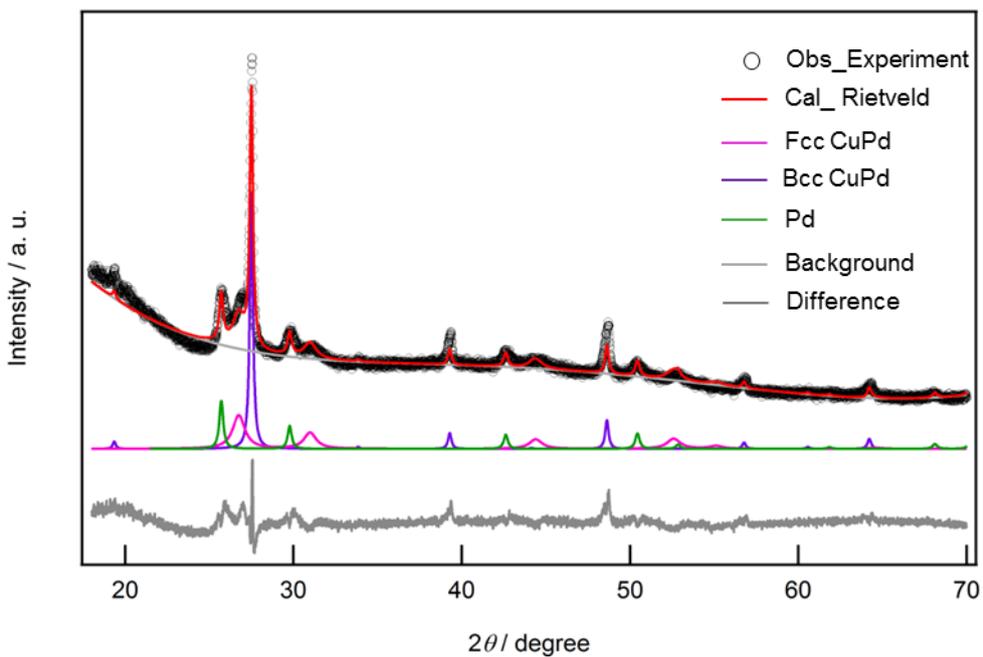


Figure S9. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 573 K under H₂ gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 623 K, Pd, Fm-3m, $a = 3.877(2) \text{ \AA}$, 25.12%, crystal size: $9.9 \pm 1.1 \text{ nm}$; fcc

CuPd, Fm-3m, $3.759(1) \text{ \AA}$, 33.41%, crystal size: $8.7 \pm 1.0 \text{ nm}$; bcc CuPd, Pm-3m, $a = 2.975(1) \text{ \AA}$, 41.47%, crystal size: 49.2 ± 0.7

nm, $R_{\text{exp}} = 7.02$, $R_{\text{wp}} = 5.09$.

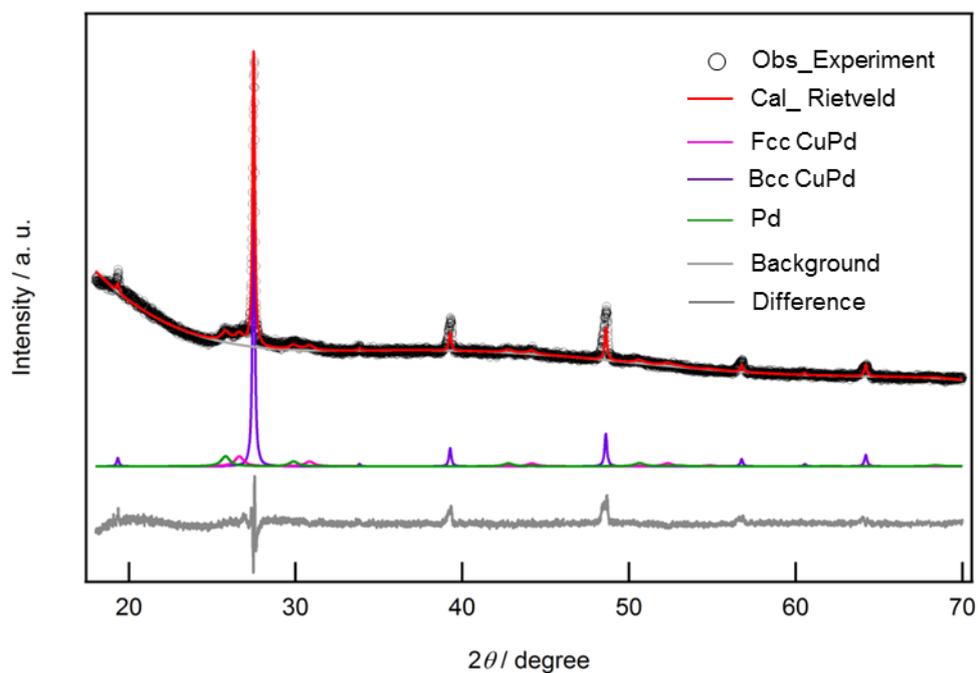


Figure S10. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 623 K under H₂ gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 673 K, bcc CuPd alloy, $Pm\bar{3}m$, $a = 2.983(1) \text{ \AA}$, 100%, $R_{exp}=7.18$, $R_{wp}=5.55$.

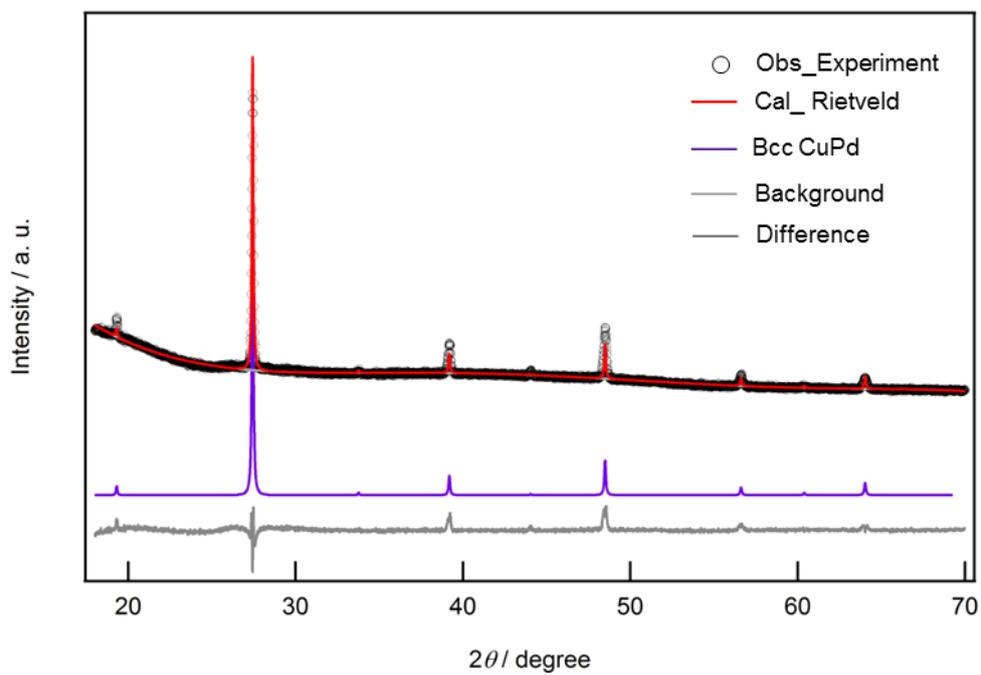


Figure S11. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 673 K under H₂ gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 723 K, bcc CuPd alloy, Pm-3m, $a = 2.985(1) \text{ \AA}$, 100%, $R_{\text{exp}}=7.22$, $R_{\text{wp}}=5.44$.

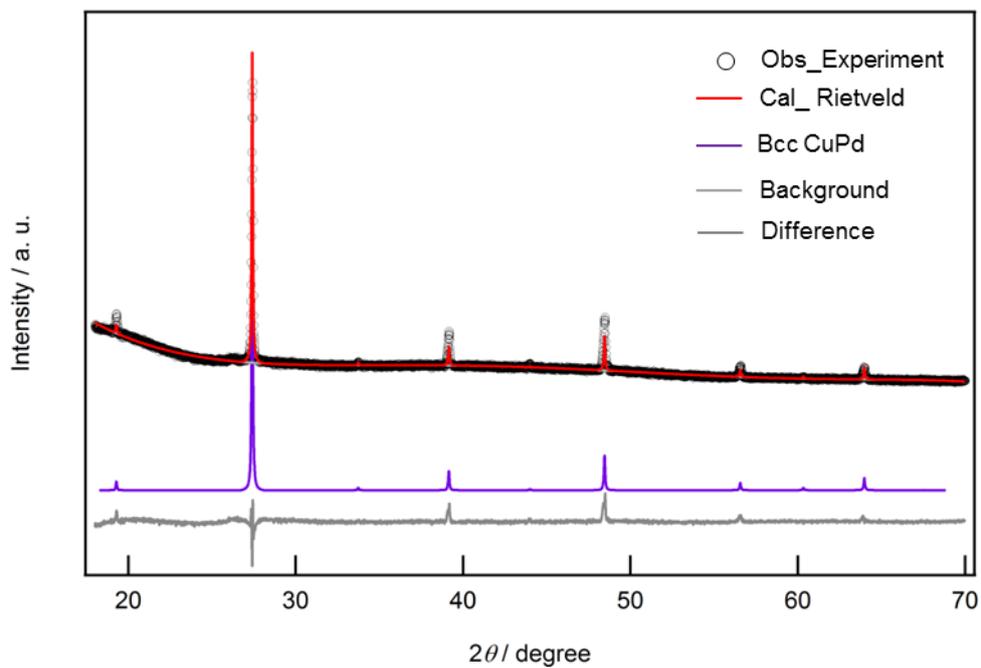


Figure S12. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 723 K under H₂ gas.

Rietveld refinement results of XRD patterns at 773 K, bcc CuPd alloy, Pm-3m, $a = 2.987(1) \text{ \AA}$, 100%, $R_{\text{exp}}=7.26$, $R_{\text{wp}}=5.25$.

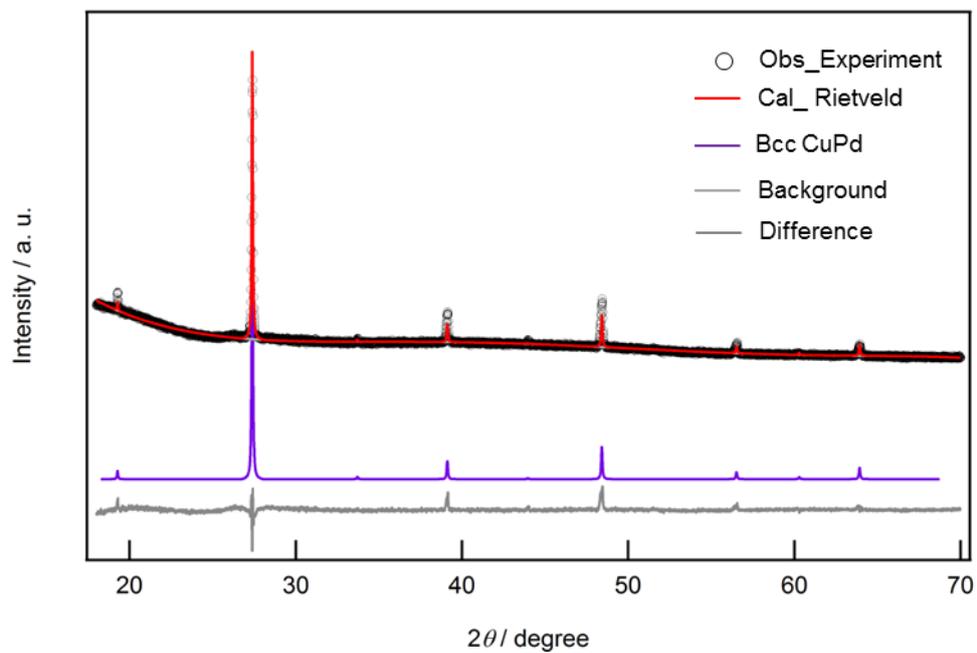


Figure S13. Rietveld refinement of the in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 at 773 K under H₂ gas.

6. Temperature dependency of *in situ* XRD patterns of Pd@HKUST-1 in vacuum

the specimen of Pd@HKUST-1 was placed in a capillary and then evacuated and heated 15 min at 423 K in vacuum to remove the water molecules. Subsequently, Pd@HKUST-1 was performed heating in vacuum from 303 K to 773 K and annealing to 303 K. The structural change in Pd@HKUST-1 in vacuum was monitored via *in situ* powder XRD at various temperatures at BL02B2 beam line at SPring-8 and an X-ray wavelength of 1.000 Å (Figure S14).

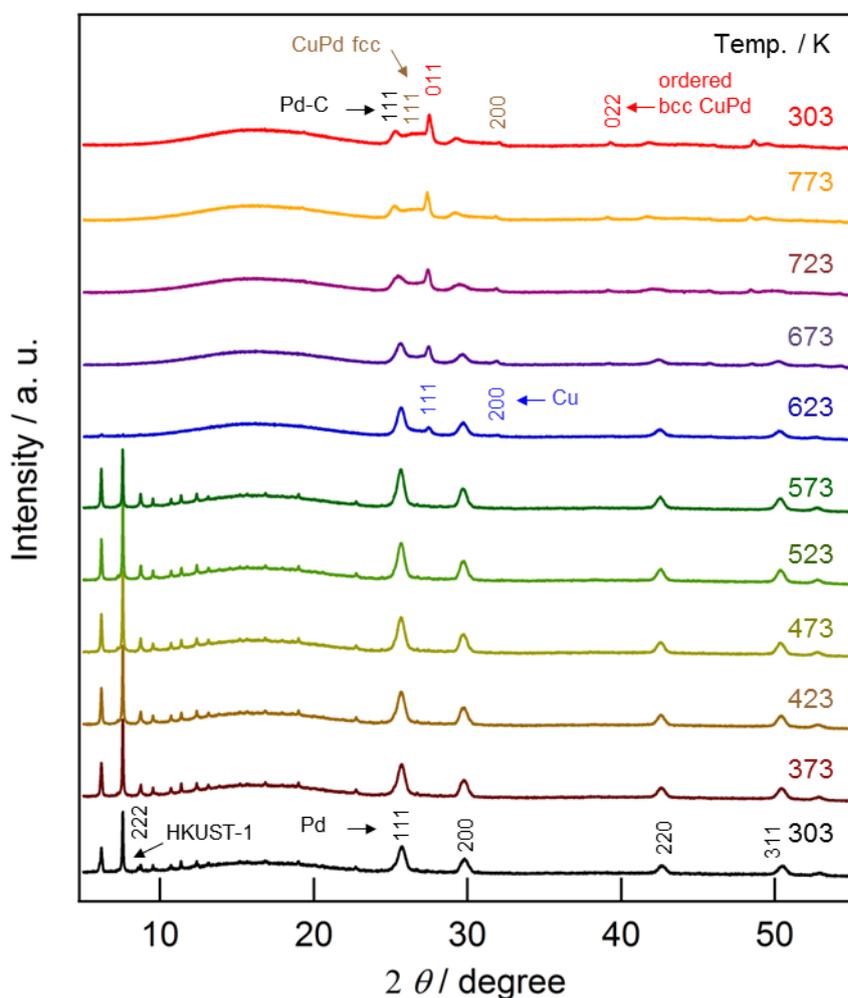


Figure S14. Temperature dependency of *in situ* XRD patterns of Pd@HKUST-1 in vacuum. The temperature is listed on the right side. The measurement order is from bottom to top.

7. Rietveld refinement of in situ XRD patterns of Pd@HKUST-1 in vacuum

After heating and cooling to 303 K, XRD pattern was did Rietveld refinement. The results of fitting as follows. PdC, Fm-3m, $a = 3.956(2) \text{ \AA}$, CuPd fcc, Fm-3m, $a = 3.770(4) \text{ \AA}$, Cu, Fm-3m, $a = 3.635(2) \text{ \AA}$, CuPd bcc, Pm-3m, $a = 2.972(1) \text{ \AA}$, $R_{\text{exp}}=4.91$, $R_{\text{wp}}=3.64$.

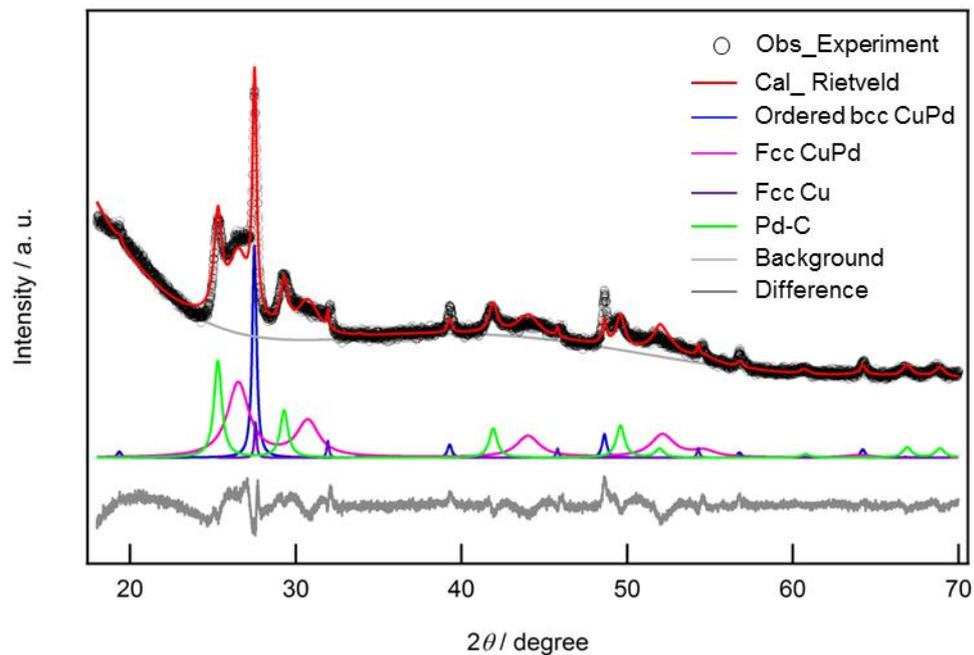


Figure S15. in situ XRD pattern of Pd@HKUST-1 in vacuum at 303 K after heating.

8. EDX mapping of Pd@HKUST-1 after heating in vacuum

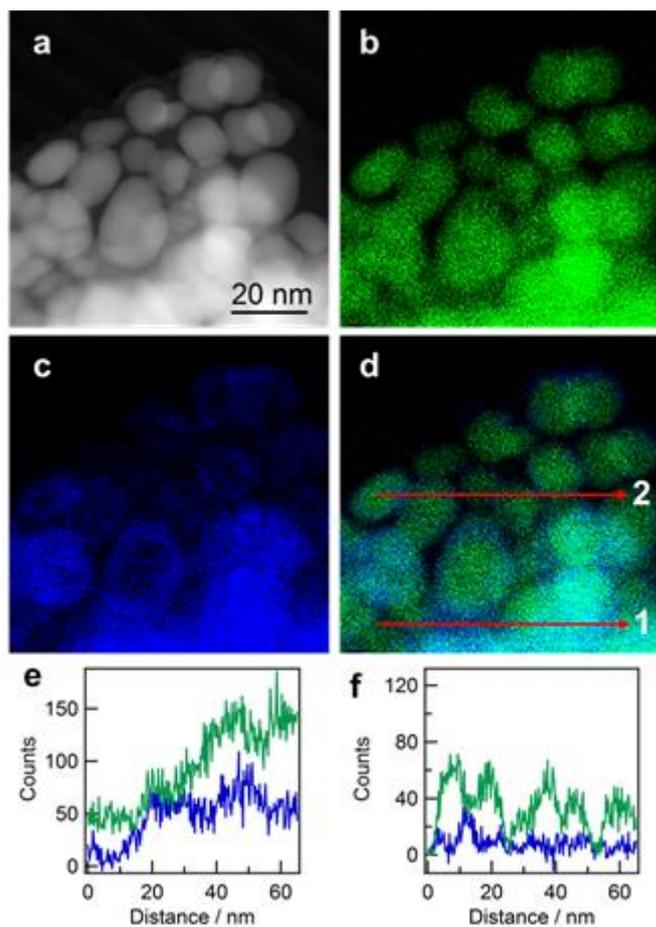


Figure S16. (a) HAADF-STEM image and (b-d) EDX mappings of (b) Pd element, (c) Cu element and (d) the overlay of Pd and Cu elements for sample after heating Pd@HKUST-1 in vacuum. (e) and (f) line analysis for red line in (d) 1 and 2, respectively.