

A new layered aluminoborate $[\text{Zn}(\text{dien})_2][\{\text{Al}(\text{OH})\}\{\text{B}_5\text{O}_9\text{F}\}]$ templated by transition metal complex

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Table S1. Hydrogen bonds for **1** [\AA and $^\circ$].

D-H \cdots A	d(D-H)	d(H \cdots A)	d(D \cdots A)	$\angle(\text{DHA})$
O1-H1E \cdots F1#1	0.84	2.13	2.596(9)	115
N1-H1A \cdots F1#2	0.92	2.01	2.926(9)	176
N1-H1B \cdots O7#3	0.92	2.11	3.017(10)	169
N2-H2C \cdots O1#3	0.93	2.19	3.077(10)	159
N3-H3B \cdots O8#4	0.92	2.17	3.026(9)	154
N3-H3A \cdots O9	0.92	2.01	2.921(10)	171
N4-H4A \cdots O10#4	0.92	2.28	3.152(9)	158
N4-H4A \cdots O8#4	0.92	2.29	3.049(9)	140
N4-H4B \cdots O3#3	0.92	2.04	2.952(9)	169

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: (#1) $x-1, -y+1, z-1/2$; (#2) $x+1, -y+1, z+1/2$; (#3) $x+1, y, z+1$; (#4) $x, -y+2, z+1/2$.

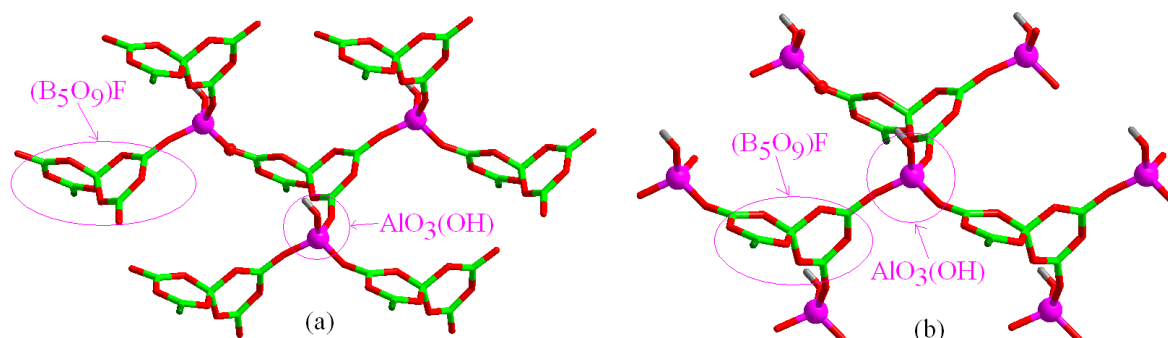


Fig. S1 View of the linkages of $\text{B}_5\text{O}_9\text{F}$ cluster (a) and $\text{AlO}_3(\text{OH})$ unit (b).

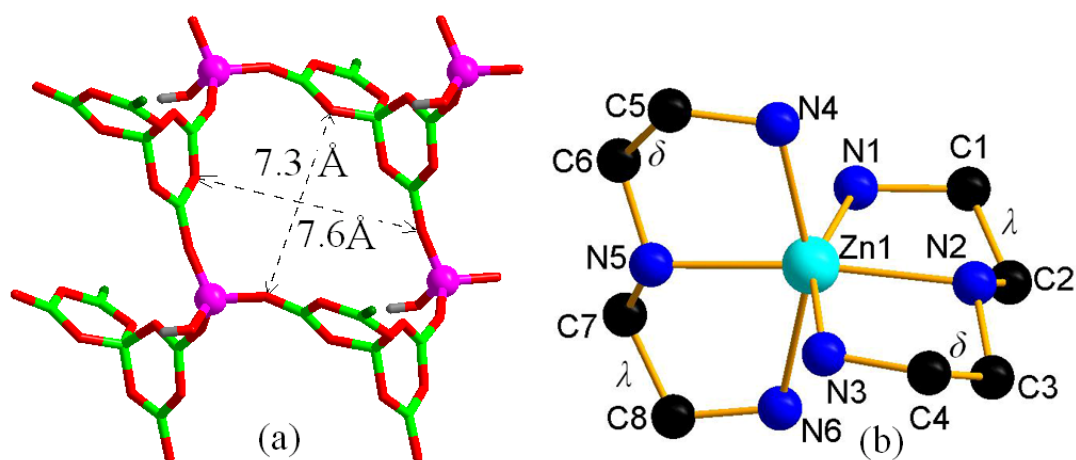


Fig. S2 (a) Elliptical 11-MR opening (H atoms of OH groups are omitted for clarity). (b) The $\text{mer-}[\text{Zn}(\text{dien})_2]^{2+}$ cation in **1** (H atoms bonded to C and N atoms have been omitted for clarity).

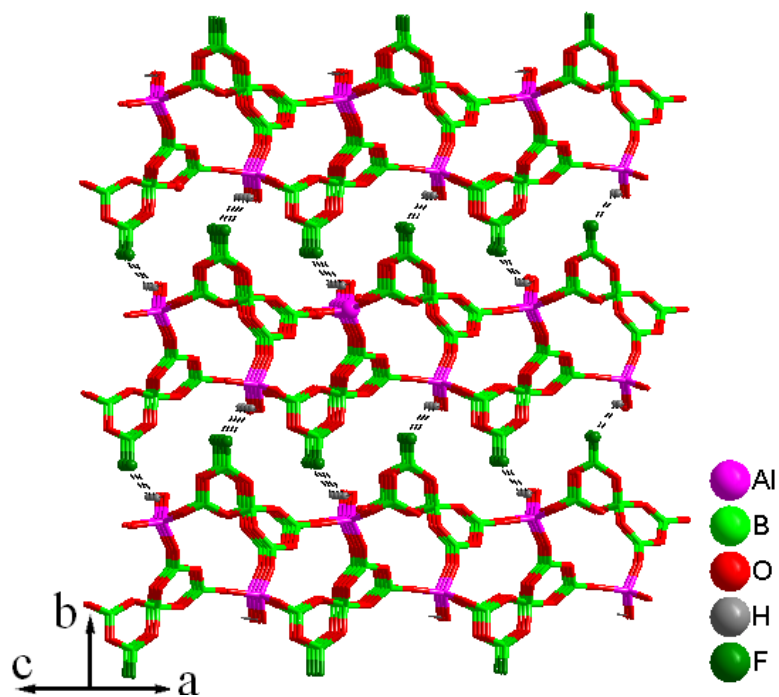


Fig. S3 Viewed along the [10-1] direction, showing parallel stacking.

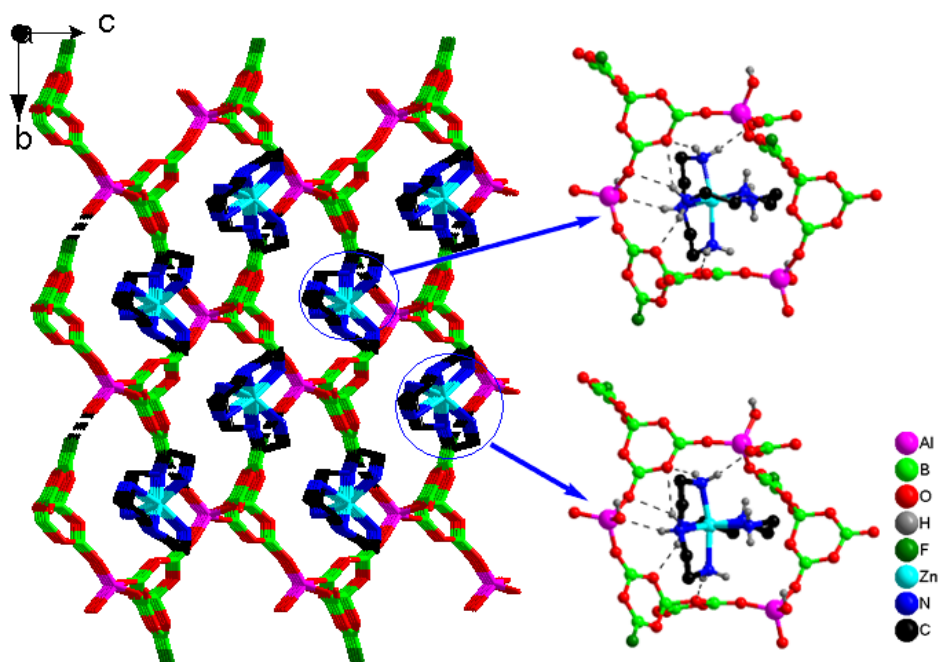


Fig. S4 $[Zn(dien)_2]^{2+}$ cations located in the channels, showing same chiral configuration.

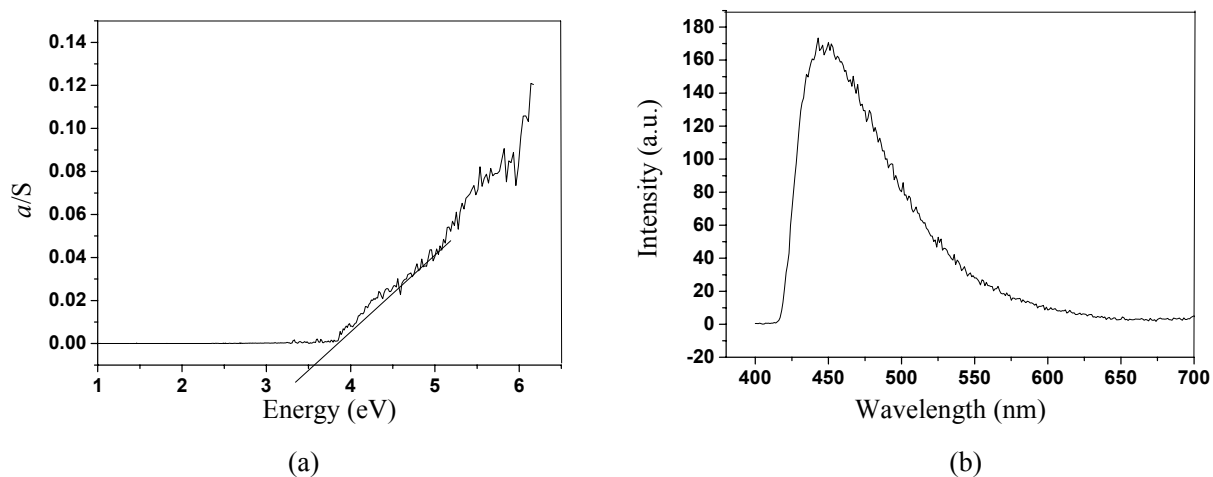


Fig. S5 (a) UV-vis optical diffuse reflectance spectra for **1**. (b) The solid-state emission spectra of **1** at room temperature.

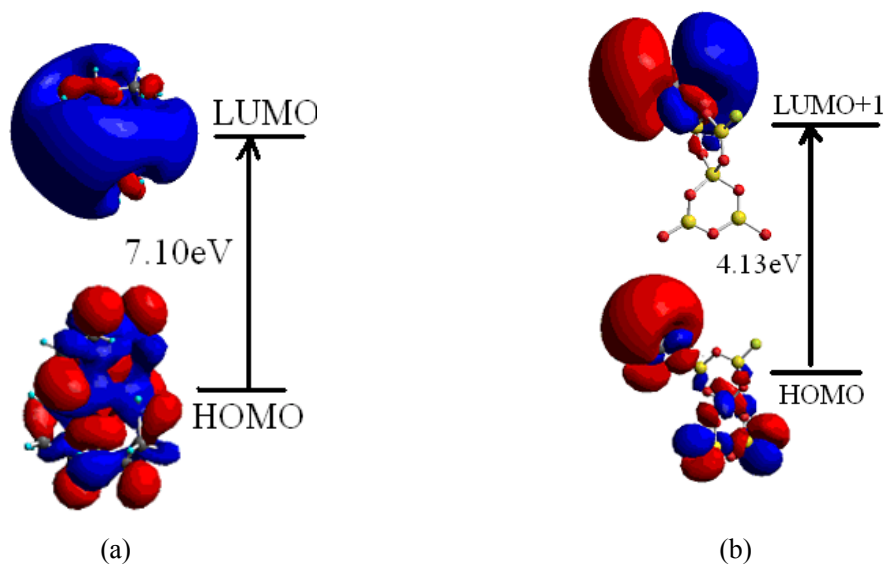


Fig. S6 Contour plots and orbital gaps of frontier orbital for (a) $[\text{Zn}(\text{dien})_2]^{2+}$ cation and (b) $[\{\text{Al}(\text{OH})\}\{\text{B}_5\text{O}_9\text{F}\}]^{2-}$ species, respectively.

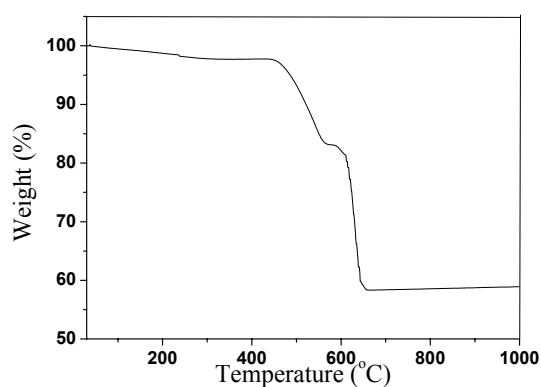


Fig. S7 TG curve of **1**.

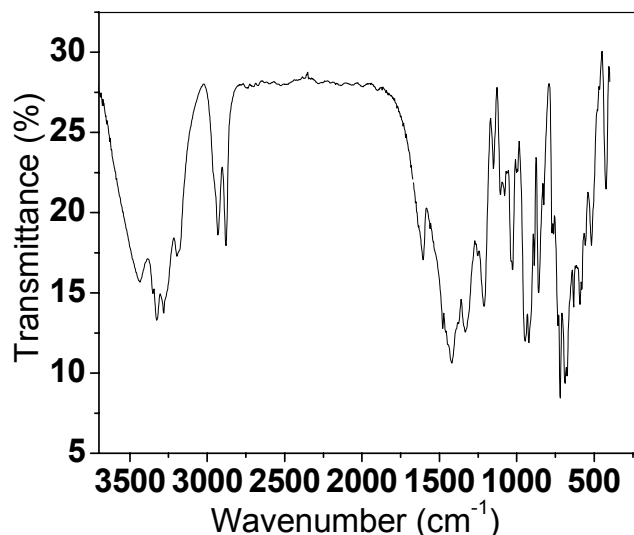


Fig. S8 IR spectrum of **1**.

The symmetric stretching vibrations of N-H are observed in the range of 3322-3185 cm^{-1} . The absorption peak at 1601 cm^{-1} is related to the asymmetric stretching vibrations and symmetric bond-bending vibrations of N-H and C-H bonds. The vibration absorption region of 1422-1207 cm^{-1} is due to B-O bond asymmetric stretching of BO_3 units, while that of BO_4 units appears in the range 1145-1028 cm^{-1} . The presence of an absorption peak at 852 cm^{-1} originates from vibration of AlO_4 units.¹

1. H. S. Song, J. Zhang, J. Lin, S. J. Liu, J. J. Luo, Y. Huang, E. M. Elssfah, A. Elsanousi, X. X. Ding, J. M. Gao, and C. Tang, *J. Phys. Chem. C*, **2007**, 111, 1136.

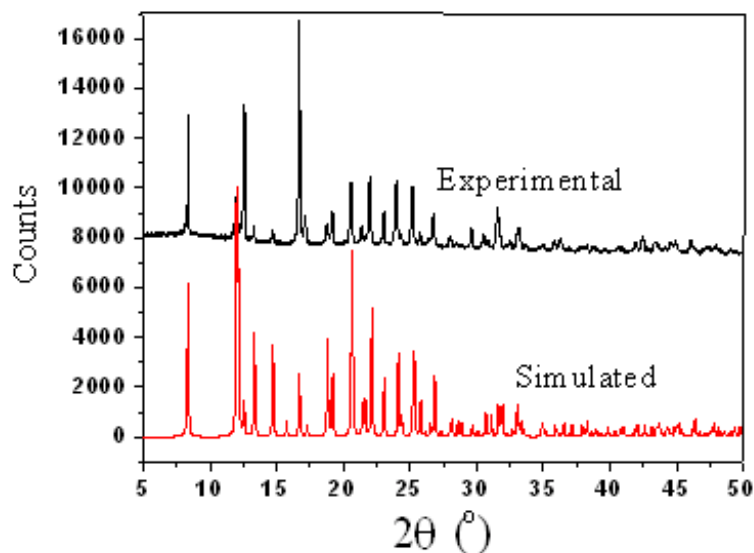


Fig. S9 Simulated and experimental powder XRD patterns of **1**.

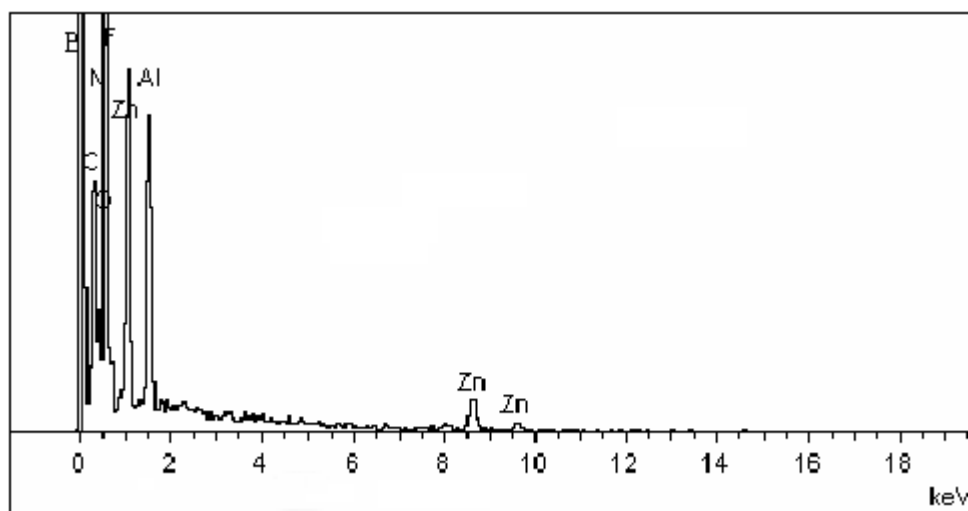


Fig. S10 EDS spectrum of **1**.