

Supporting information of

**Pendant orientation and its influence on the formation of hydrogen-bonded thiocalixarene nanotubes**

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Figure S1: The propagated chain system of **5** along [101] direction.;

Figure S2: The propagated chain system of **5** perpendicular to (101) plane;

Table S3: Hydrogen bonds of compound **1**;

Table S4: Hydrogen bonds of compound **2**;

Table S5: Hydrogen bonds of compound **3**;

Table S6: Hydrogen bonds of compound **4**;

Table S7: Hydrogen bonds of compound **5**;

Figure S1. The propagated chain system of **5** along [101] direction. Hydrogen-bonded interactions are shown as broken lines. The hydrogen atoms connected to carbon atom are omitted for clarity.

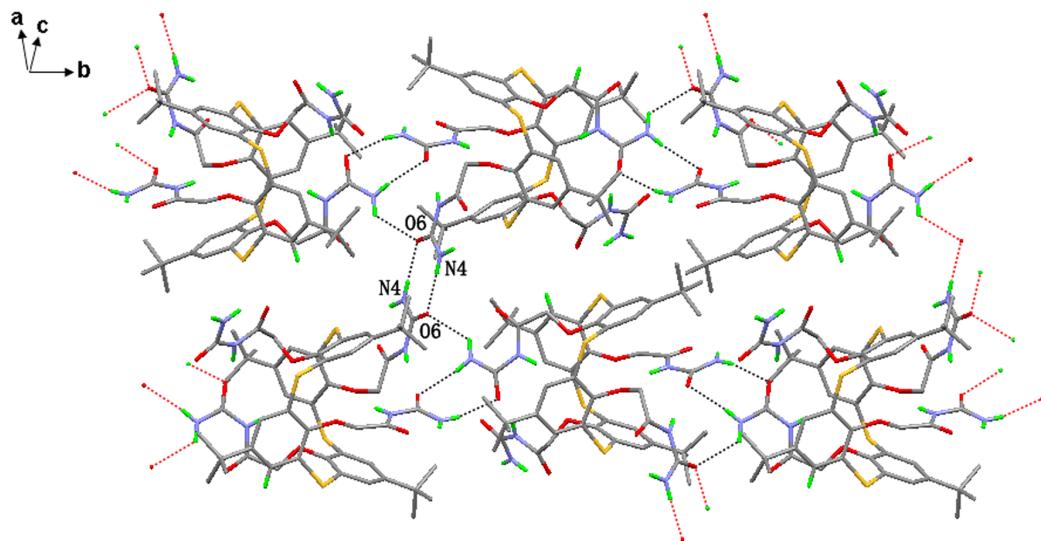


Figure S2. The propagated chain system of **5** perpendicular to (101) plane. Hydrogen-bonded interactions are shown as broken lines. The hydrogen atoms connected to carbon atom are omitted for clarity.

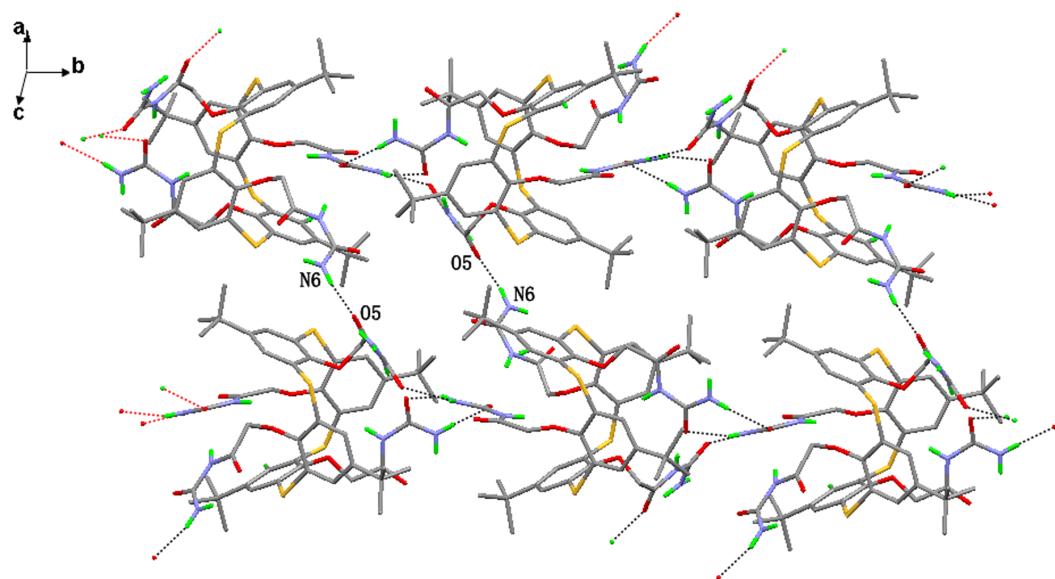


Table S3. Hydrogen bonds of compound **1** [Å and °].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
O(18)-H(18A)...O(15)	0.84	1.89	2.713(7)	166.3
O(14)-H(14B)...O(4)	0.82	2.36	2.909(4)	124.6
O(14)-H(14A)...O(5)	0.82	1.84	2.641(5)	166.7
O(13)-H(13B)...O(2)	0.82	2.10	2.751(4)	136.7
O(13)-H(13B)...O(1)	0.82	2.25	2.948(4)	142.9
O(13)-H(13A)...O(7)	0.82	2.22	2.799(4)	128.1
O(11)-H(11)...O(14)	0.84	1.87	2.641(5)	152.9
O(9)-H(9)...O(13)	0.84	1.78	2.554(4)	152.9
O(6)-H(6)...O(17)	0.84	1.78	2.563(7)	153.6
O(16)-H(16A)...O(16)#1	0.84	1.80	2.40(3)	127.8
O(16)-H(16A)...O(12)#1	0.84	2.10	2.728(15)	131.8
O(15)-H(15)...O(8)#2	0.84	1.91	2.745(6)	177.7
O(3)-H(3)...O(18)#3	0.84	1.74	2.552(5)	161.4
C(22)-H(22A)...O(3)#4	0.98	2.60	3.236(6)	123.1

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+2,-y+1,-z+1      #2 x-1,y-1,z      #3 x,y+1,z      #4 x+1,y,z

Table S4. Hydrogen bonds of compound **2** [Å and °].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	<(DHA)
N(1)-H(1)...S(2)	0.86	2.64	3.425(3)	153.0
N(1)-H(1)...O(7)	0.86	2.27	2.712(3)	112.0
N(2)-H(2)...O(1)	0.86	2.19	2.627(3)	112.0
N(3)-H(3A)...O(12)#1	0.86	2.20	3.013(3)	158.0
N(3)-H(3B)...O(8)	0.86	2.06	2.705(3)	132.0
N(4)-H(4A)...O(3)#2	0.86	2.28	3.091(4)	157.0
N(4)-H(4B)...O(2)	0.86	2.06	2.705(4)	132.0
N(4)-H(4B)...O(8)#2	0.86	2.51	2.961(4)	114.0
O(5)-H(5A)...O(4)	0.82	2.06	2.578(3)	121.0
O(5)-H(5A)...O(10)	0.82	2.45	2.923(4)	118.0
O(11)-H(11)...O(9)#3	0.82	1.83	2.622(3)	163.0
C(17)-H(17)...O(9)	0.93	2.57	3.459(4)	161.0
C(24)-H(24B)...O(6)#1	0.97	2.52	3.225(4)	129.0
C(36)-H(36A)...S(3)	0.97	2.64	3.139(3)	112.0

C(49)-H(49A)...S(3)	0.97	2.67	3.350(3)	127.0
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Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x,1-y,-z      #2 -x,2-y,-z      #3 x,-1+y,z

Table S5. Hydrogen bonds of compound **3** [Å and °].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	∠(DHA)
N(1)-H(1)...O(3)#1	0.86	2.53	3.170(6)	132.3
N(1)-H(1)...O(4)	0.86	2.17	2.634(5)	113.7
O(3)-H(3A)...O(6)#1	0.82	1.74	2.557(5)	170.6
N(2)-H(2A)...O(2)#2	0.86	2.47	3.154(6)	137.2
N(2)-H(2B)...O(5)	0.86	2.03	2.679(7)	131.5
C(5)-H(5)...S(2)#3	0.93	2.85	3.750(5)	163.0
C(11)-H(11A)...S(1)	0.97	2.85	3.429(6)	119.5
C(23)-H(23B)...S(2)	0.97	2.86	3.395(8)	115.4

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 -x+1,y,-z+1/2      #2 x-1/2,-y+1/2,z+1/2      #3 -x+1,y,-z+3/2

Table S6. Hydrogen bonds of compound **4** [Å and °].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	∠(DHA)
N(1)-H(1)...S(2)	0.86	2.68	3.485(3)	156.0
N(1)-H(1)...O(1)	0.86	2.30	2.727(4)	111.0
N(2)-H(2A)...O(9)#1	0.86	2.07	2.928(6)	174.0
N(2)-H(2B)...O(2)	0.86	2.06	2.701(7)	131.0
N(3)-H(3)...O(4)	0.86	2.24	2.668(6)	111.0
N(3)-H(3)...O(12)	0.86	2.53	3.109(8)	126.0
N(4)-H(4A)...O(11)#2	0.86	2.27	3.053(8)	151.0
N(4)-H(4B)...O(5)	0.86	2.02	2.656(7)	131.0
N(5)-H(5)...O(7)	0.86	2.16	2.618(4)	113.0
N(6)-H(6A)...O(3)#3	0.86	2.03	2.887(5)	172.0
N(6)-H(6B)...O(8)	0.86	1.99	2.661(6)	134.0
O(12)-H(12)...O(6)	0.82	1.71	2.504(8)	163.0
C(11)-H(11A)...S(1)	0.97	2.60	3.146(4)	116.0
C(11)-H(11B)...O(9)	0.97	2.56	3.093(7)	115.0

C(34)-H(34A)...O(6)	0.96	2.49	3.438(17)	173.0
C(50)-H(50B)...S(1)	0.97	2.81	3.411(5)	121.0

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 1-y,x-y,z      #2 1-x+y,1-x,z      #3 -x+y,1-x,z

Table S7. Hydrogen bonds of compound **5** [Å and °].

D-H...A	d(D-H)	d(H...A)	d(D...A)	∠(DHA)
N(1)-H(1A)...O(1)	0.85	2.15	2.607(3)	113.2
N(2)-H(2A)...O(2)	0.87	2.08	2.691(4)	127.3
N(2)-H(2A)...O(6)#1	0.87	2.38	2.974(3)	125.3
N(2)-H(2B)...O(12)#1	0.86	2.14	2.978(3)	163.3
N(3)-H(3A)...O(12)	0.85	2.04	2.862(3)	164.3
N(4)-H(4A)...O(5)	0.85	2.07	2.737(4)	134.3
N(4)-H(4B)...O(6)#1	0.85	2.09	2.942(4)	172.3
N(5)-H(5A)...O(3)	0.86	2.13	2.951(4)	158.3
N(6)-H(6A)...O(5)#2	0.88	2.14	2.976(5)	159.3
N(6)-H(6B)...O(8)	0.88	1.99	2.675(5)	134.4
N(7)-H(7A)...O(10)	0.87	2.27	2.654(3)	107.2
N(8)-H(8D)...O(3)#3	0.88	2.15	3.012(3)	166.3
N(8)-H(8E)...O(11)	0.85	1.99	2.663(4)	136.3
C(11)-H(11B)...S(1)	0.97	2.83	3.439(3)	122.0
C(24)-H(24A)...O(12)	0.97	2.44	3.082(3)	123.0
C(24)-H(24B)...S(2)	0.97	2.77	3.358(3)	120.0
C(32)-H(32)...O(6)	0.93	2.57	3.479(3)	165.0
C(37)-H(37A)...S(3)	0.97	2.76	3.363(3)	121.0
C(37)-H(37B)...O(3)	0.97	2.43	3.129(4)	129.0

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

#1 1/2+x,1/2-y,1/2+z      #2 -1/2+x,1/2-y,1/2+z      #3 1/2-x,-1/2+y,1/2-z