

Figure S1

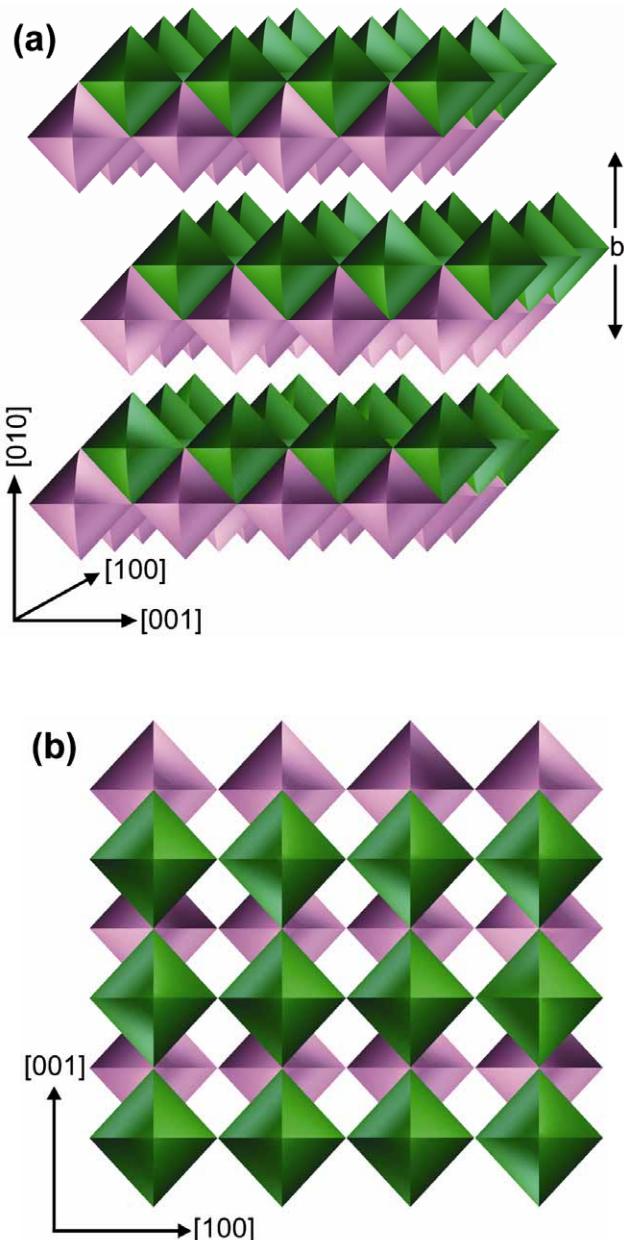


Figure S1. (a) Schematic representation of the crystal structure of α -MoO₃ showing stacking double-layered sheets along [010] direction. (b) (010) projection of an individual double-layer.

Figure S2

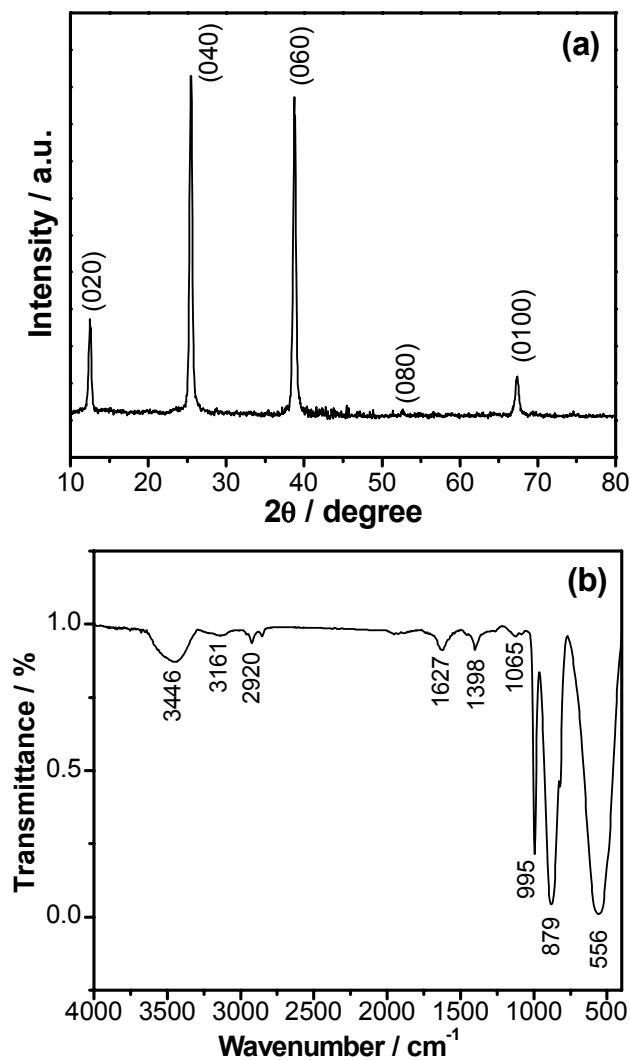


Figure S2 (a) XRD and (b) FTIR of α - MoO_3 nanofibers prepared at 220 °C in the 1 h reaction time.

FTIR analysis of the sample α - MoO_3 prepared in the reduced reaction time 1 h provides similar evidence as reported by Wei et al. [Materials Chemistry and Physics 2009, **113**, 85–90] that the presence of crystalline H_2O . Since, presence of crystalline water in $\text{MoO}_3.n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ is very low, XRD analysis does not give any specific information of crystal structure.

Figure S3

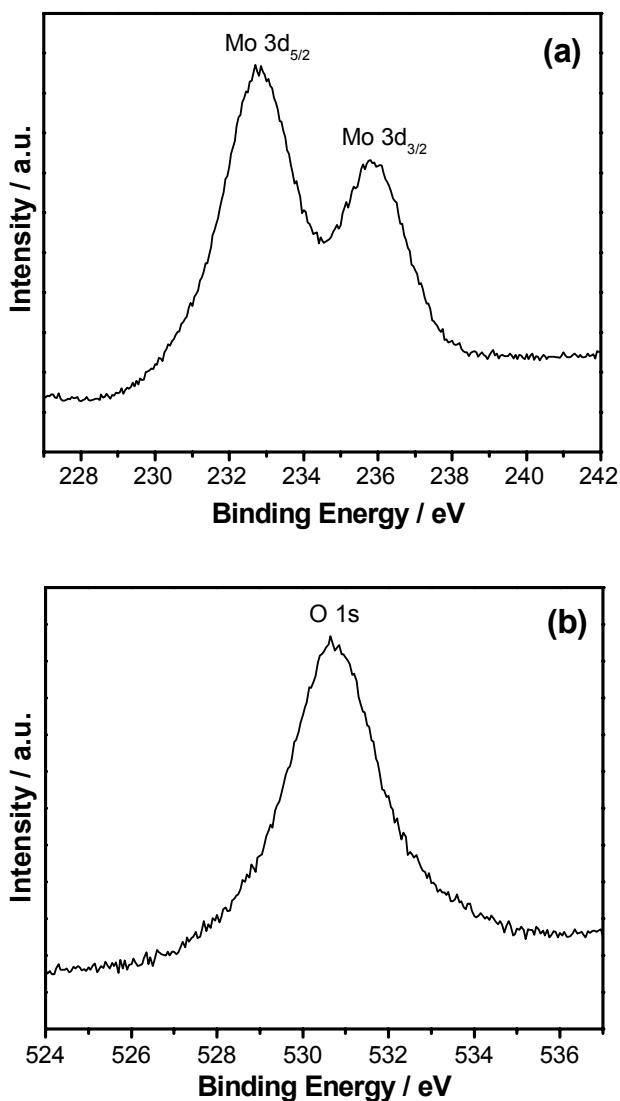


Figure S3. XPS core level spectra of α -MoO₃nanofibers: (a) Mo (3d) and (b) O (1s).

Figure S4

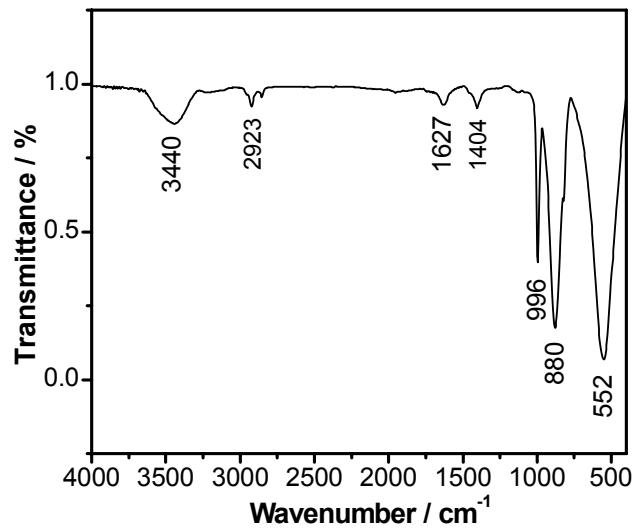


Figure S4. FTIR spectra of α - MoO_3 nanofibers prepared at 220 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in the 7 h reaction time.

Figure S5

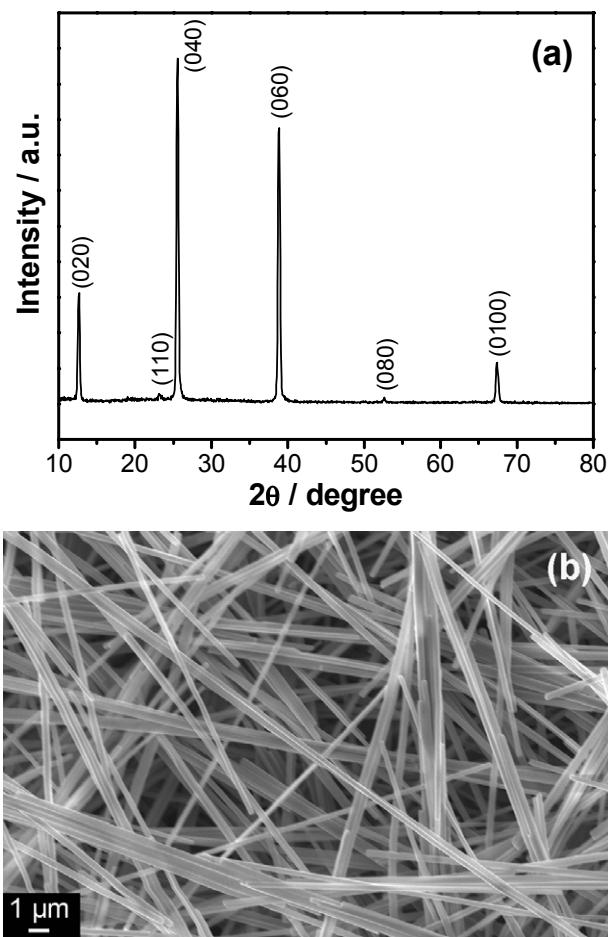


Figure S5. (a) XRD and (b) FESEM image of the α - MoO_3 nanofibers synthesized at 180 °C in the 7 h reaction time.

Figure S6

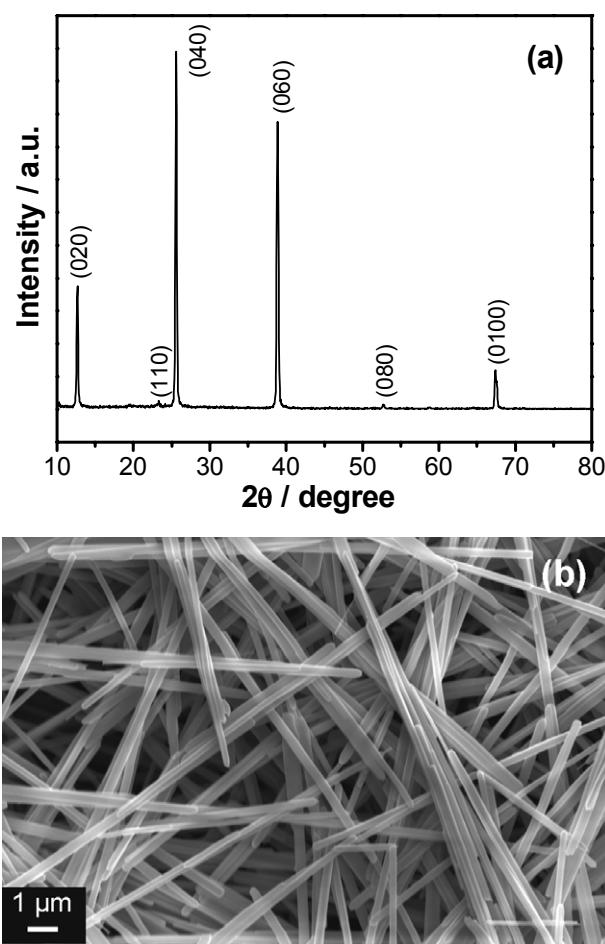


Figure S6. (a) XRD and (b) FESEM image of the α - MoO_3 nanofibers synthesized at 220 °C in the 24 h reaction time.