

Supporting information

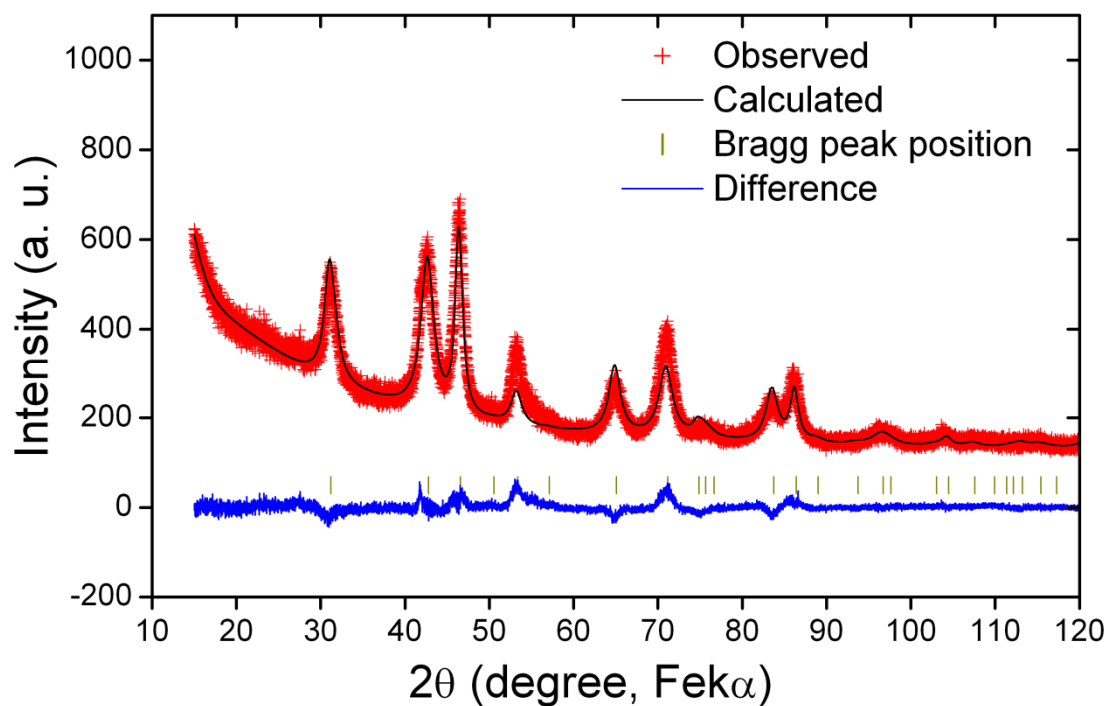


Fig. S1 Rietveld refinement of the XRD pattern of m-NiMn₂O_x-600 with a hematite structure.

Table S1: Crystallographic data for m-NiMn₂O_x-600 after Rietveld refinement

$P4_2/mnm$, $a = b = 4.8976(10) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 13.602(4) \text{ \AA}$, $V = 282.54(11) \text{ \AA}^3$

Atom	x/a	y/b	z/c	multi	occupancy
Mn	0.0	0.0	0.3550	12	0.6667
Ni	0.0	0.0	0.3550	12	0.3333
O1	0.4758(1)	0.4758(1)	0.0	18	1.000

R-factors: $R_{wp} = 13.18\%$, $R_p = 9.72\%$

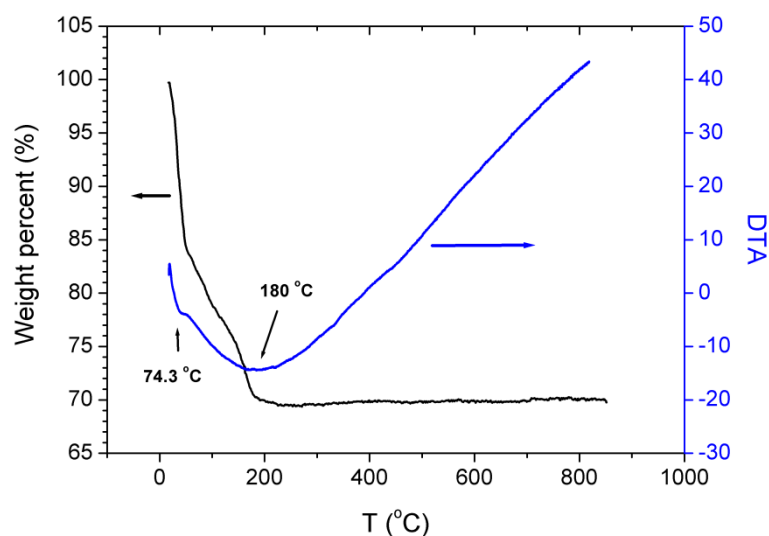


Fig. S2 TG-DTA curve of $\text{Ni}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and $\text{Mn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ loaded KIT-6 composite.

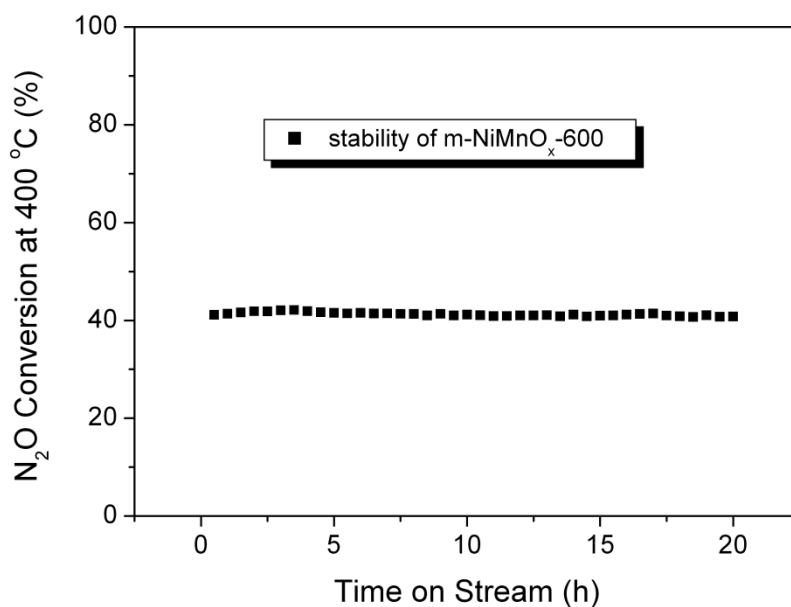


Fig. S3 Stability of m-NiMnO_x-600 as a function of time on stream. The catalyst was first pretreated in 20% He (balance He) at 400 °C for 1 h. The system was flushed by He, 0.5% N₂O (balance He) flowed into the catalyst bed, and the reaction temperature kept at 400 °C. The existing stream was periodically analyzed by GC to determine $[\text{N}_2\text{O}]_{\text{out}}$. After on stream for 20 h, the catalyst was cooled to near room temperature, and the existing stream was analyzed again to obtain $[\text{N}_2\text{O}]_{\text{in}}$.