

## Supporting Information for

# Tuning the magnetic properties of transition metal MOFs by the metal-oxygen condensation control: the relation between synthesis temperature, SBU nuclearity and carboxylate geometry

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## Experimental

**Synthesis of [Co<sub>2</sub>(hfipbb)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>hfipbb)] (3):** This compound was obtained by reaction of 1 mmol of CoCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O with 0.8 mmol of H<sub>2</sub>hfipbb in 6 mL of water with addition of 0.05 mL of TEA. This mixture was heated in a Teflon-lined digestion bomb at 170 °C during 6 days and then cooled to room temperature. Dark gray prismatic crystals were collected after washing with distilled water and acetone. In such conditions the obtained yield is 30.47 %. If the amount of TEA is augmented to 0.15 mL, the resultant yield is 57.26 % the obtained crystals being of bigger size.

The comparison between simulated and experimental XRD powder patterns (see Figures S1-S3) along with the results of elemental analysis allowed for verifying the purity of all compounds.

**Table S1.** Main crystallographic and refinement data for compound **3**.

	<b>Compound 3</b>
Formula	[Co <sub>2</sub> C <sub>51</sub> H <sub>25</sub> O <sub>12</sub> F <sub>18</sub> ]
Temperature (K)	273(2)
Molecular weight/gmol <sup>-1</sup>	1290.58
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space Group	<i>P2/n</i>
<i>a</i> /Å	19.030(1)
<i>b</i> /Å	7.2336(5)
<i>c</i> /Å	20.500(1)
<i>α</i> /°	90
<i>β</i> /°	106.6290(10)
<i>γ</i> /°	90
<i>V</i> /Å <sup>3</sup>	2704.0(3)
<i>Z</i>	2
Calc. dens/g cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.585
<i>μ</i> /mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.735
Dimensions (mm)	0.6 x 0.4 x 0.2
Limiting indices	-22 < <i>h</i> < 22 -8 < <i>k</i> < 8 -24 < <i>l</i> < 24
F(000)	1288
Refl. collected/unique with <i>I</i> > 2σ( <i>I</i> )	4666/3854
Refined parameters	379
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.058
<i>R</i> <sub>1</sub>	0.0461
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub>	0.1279
<i>R</i> -factor-all	0.0583

**Table S2.** Crystal data and Rietveld refinement values for compound **1a**.

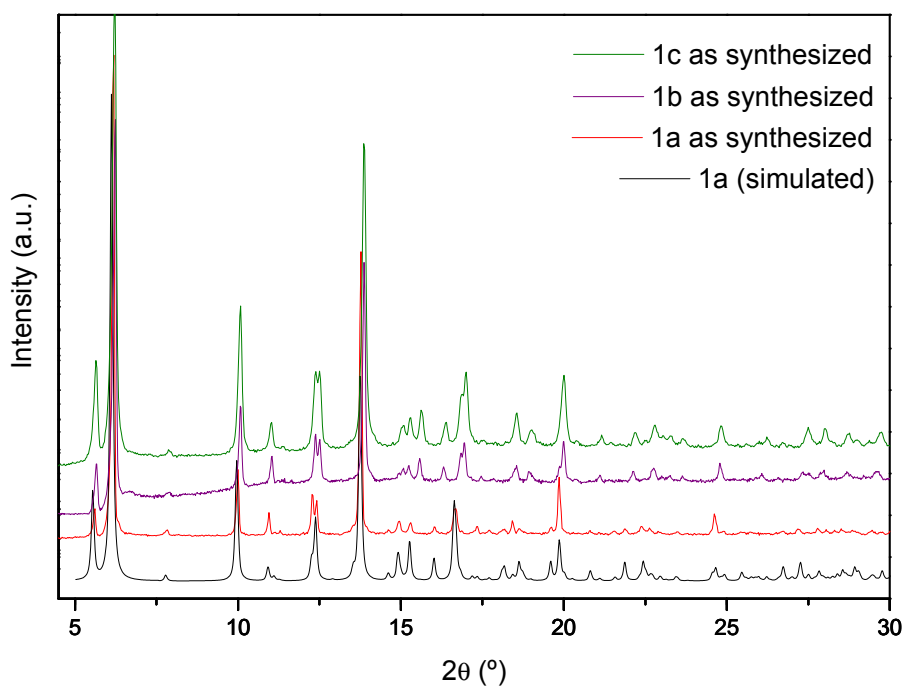
<b>Compound</b>	<b>1a</b>	
<b>Crystal system</b>	Monoclinic	
<b>Space group</b>	$P2_1/c$	
<b>Unit cell dimensions</b>	$a = 7.316(2) \text{ \AA}$	$\alpha = 90^\circ$
	$b = 32.023(5) \text{ \AA}$	$\beta = 99.91(2)^\circ$
	$c = 16.533(3) \text{ \AA}$	$\gamma = 90^\circ$
<b>Profile Function</b>	Pseudo-Voigt	
<b>U</b>	0.31(7)	
<b>V</b>	-0.07(1)	
<b>W</b>	0.005(6)	
<b>NA</b>	0.88(9)	
<b>NB</b>	-0.02(1)	
<b>Zero Point</b>	0.1052(8)	
<b>Asymmetry correction</b>	Finger-Cox-Jephcoat	
<b>H/L</b>	0.0141(2)	
<b>S/L</b>	0.0146(2)	
<b>R<sub>wp</sub></b>	0.0828	
<b>R<sub>p</sub></b>	0.1996	

**Table S3.** Crystal data and Rietveld refinement values for compound **1b**.

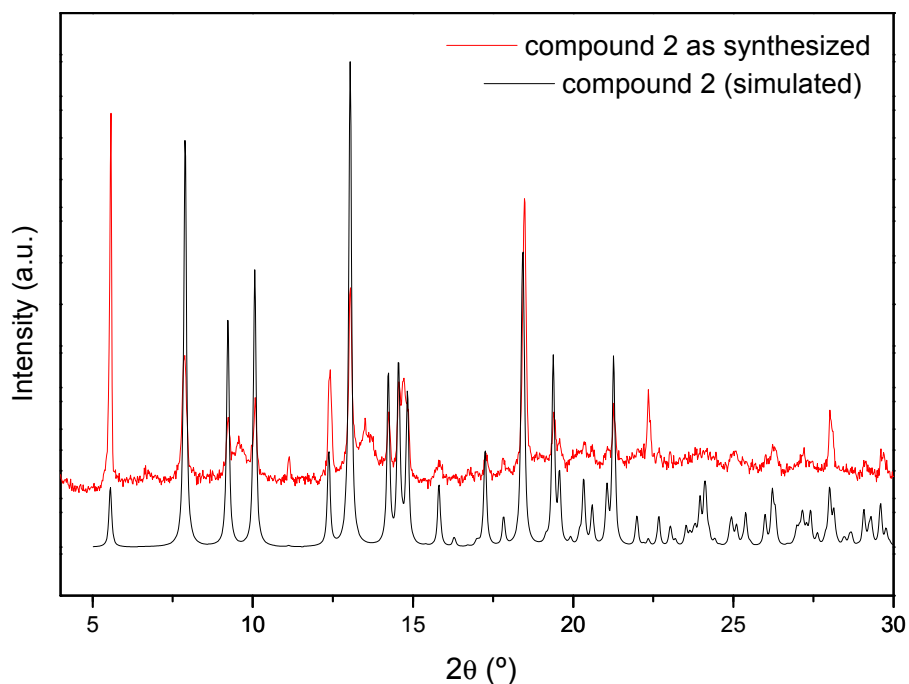
<b>Compound</b>	<b>1b</b>
<b>Crystal system</b>	Monoclinic
<b>Space group</b>	$P2_1/c$
<b>Unit cell dimensions</b>	$a = 7.127(1) \text{ \AA}$ $\alpha = 90^\circ$ $b = 31.803(4) \text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 99.89(2)^\circ$ $c = 16.424(2) \text{ \AA}$ $\gamma = 90^\circ$
<b>Profile Function</b>	Pseudo-Voigt
<b>U</b>	0.4(1)
<b>V</b>	-0.08(2)
<b>W</b>	0.0070(7)
<b>NA</b>	0.81(8)
<b>NB</b>	0.002(8)
<b>Zero Point</b>	0.1178(8)
<b>Asymmetry correction</b>	Finger-Cox-Jephcoat
<b>H/L</b>	0.0164(2)
<b>S/L</b>	0.0159(2)
<b>R<sub>wp</sub></b>	0.1444
<b>R<sub>p</sub></b>	0.2925

**Table S4.** Crystal data and Rietveld refinement values for compound **1c**.

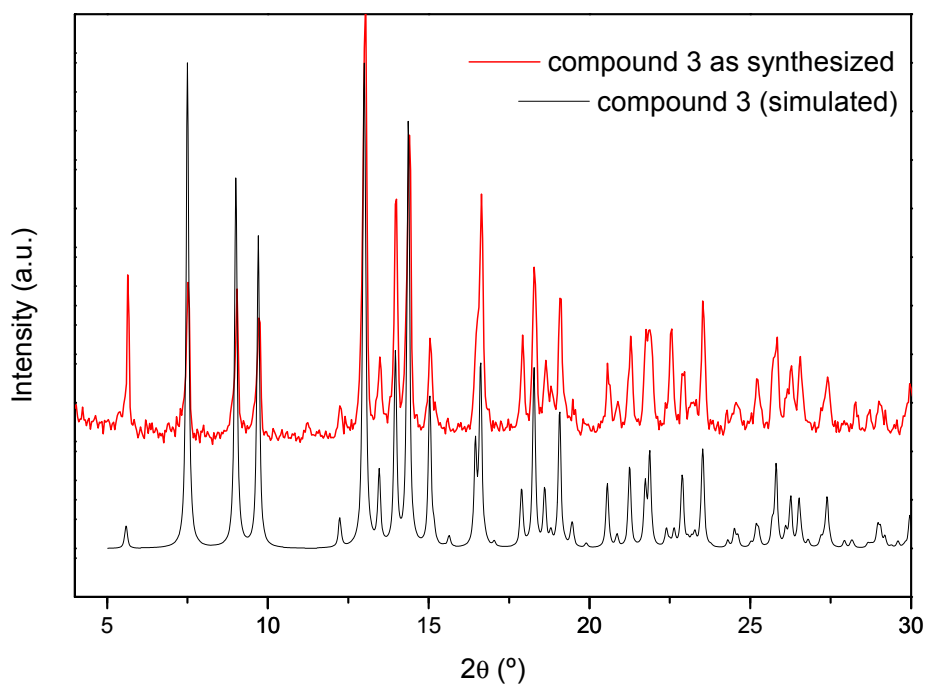
Compound	<b>1c</b>	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	$P2_1/c$	
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 7.085(2) \text{ \AA}$	$\alpha = 90^\circ$
	$b = 31.766(7) \text{ \AA}$	$\beta = 99.78(4)^\circ$
	$c = 16.404(4) \text{ \AA}$	$\gamma = 90^\circ$
Profile Function	Pseudo-Voigt	
U	2.9(3)	
V	0.56(6)	
W	0.032(2)	
NA	0.92(8)	
NB	-0.031(7)	
Zero Point	0.107(2)	
Asymmetry corrector	Finger-Cox-Jephcoat	
H/L	0.01(1)	
S/L	0.02(1)	
$R_{wp}$	0.1516	
$R_p$	0.2495	



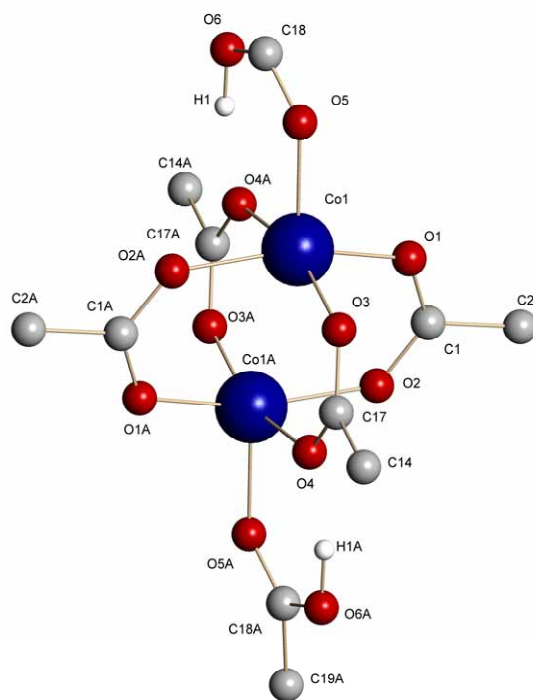
**Figure S1.** Comparison of simulated XRD powder pattern of compound **1a** with the corresponding experimental ones for **1a-c** compounds.



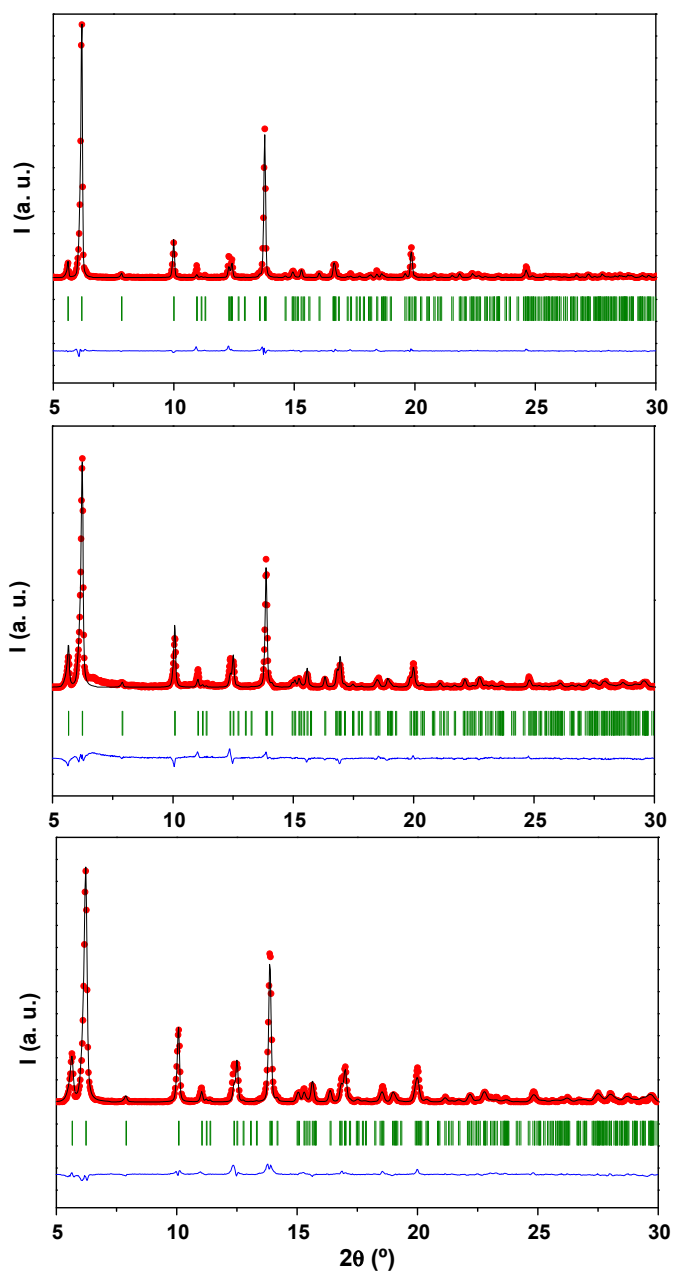
**Figure S2.** Comparison of simulated XRD powder pattern of compound **2** with the corresponding experimental one.



**Figure S3.** Comparison of simulated XRD powder pattern of compound **3** with the corresponding experimental one.

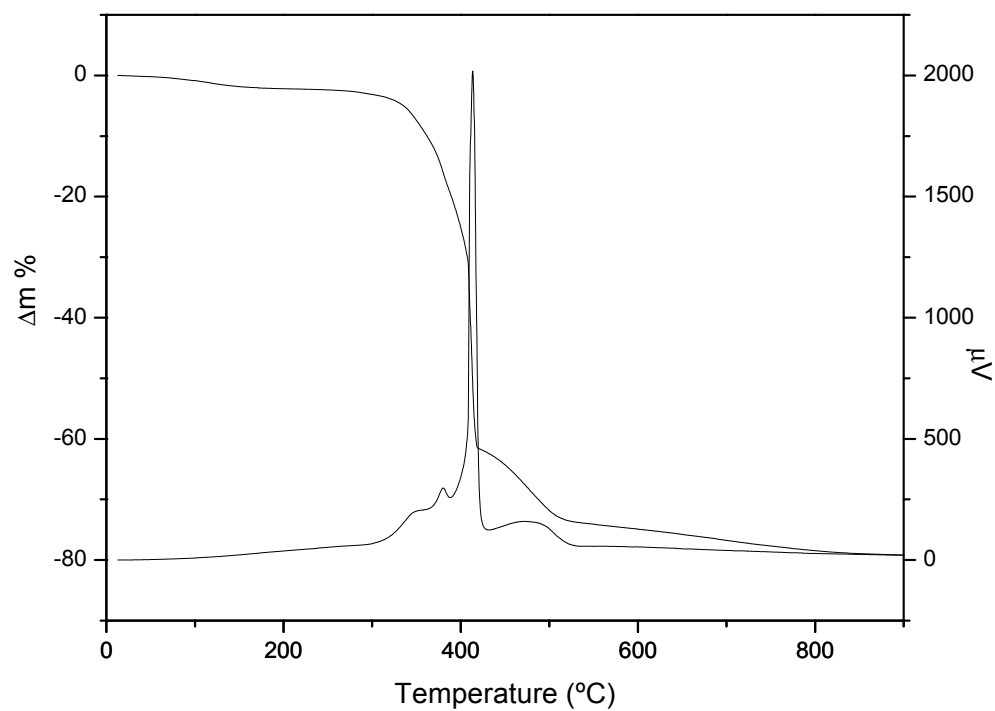


**Figure S4.** Coordination sphere of Co(II) ions in compound **3**.

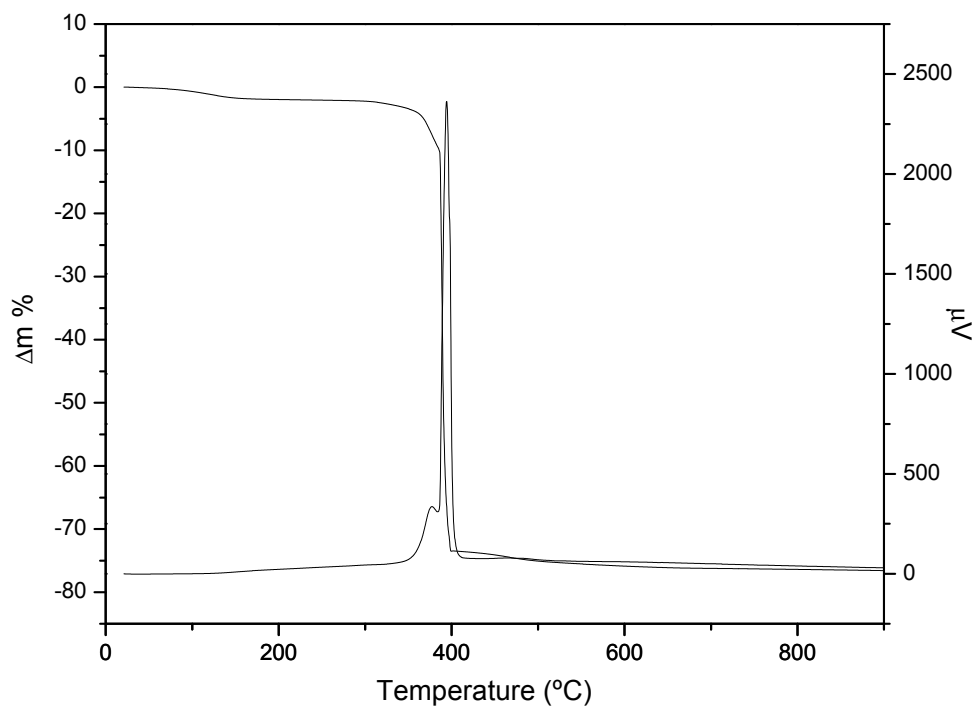


**Figure S5.** Rietveld analysis for compounds **1a** (up), **1b** (middle) and **1c** (down).

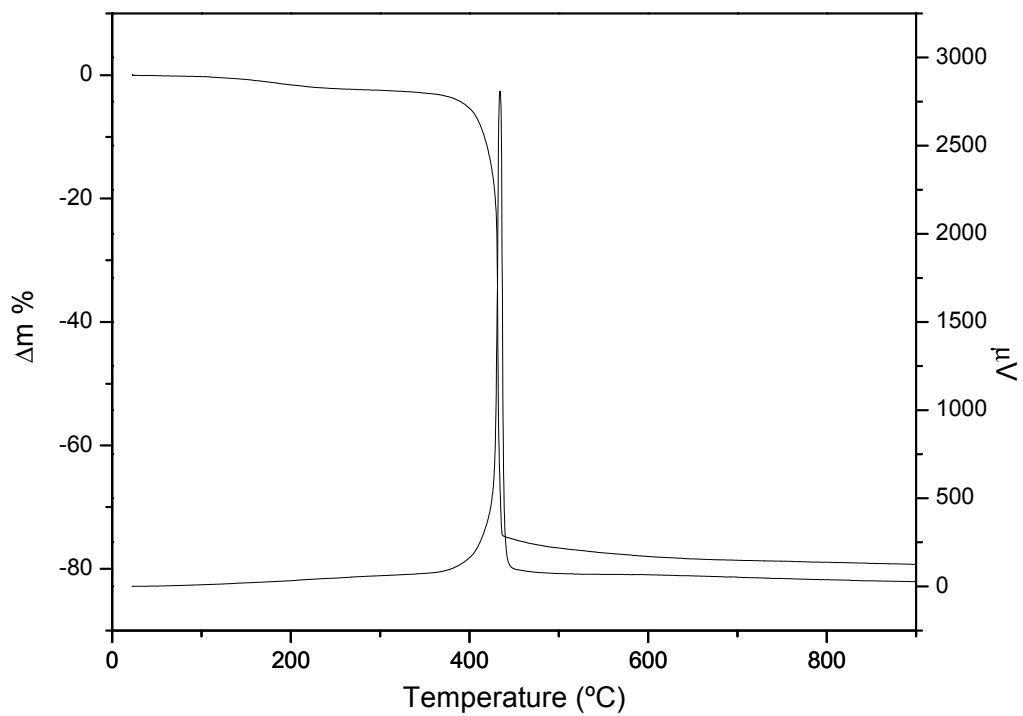




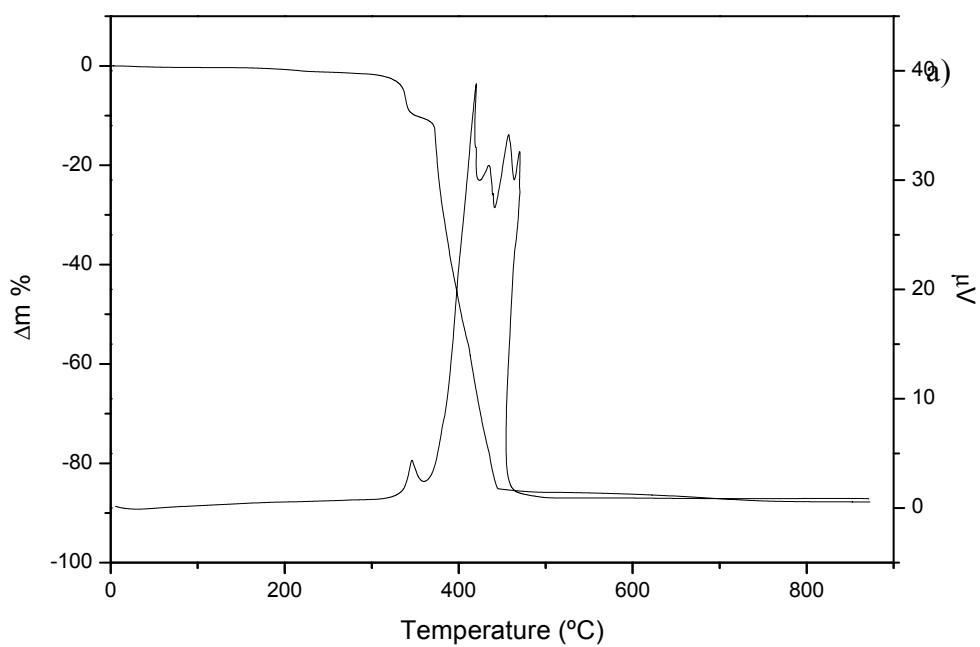
**Figure S6.** TGA/DTA curves for compound **1a**.

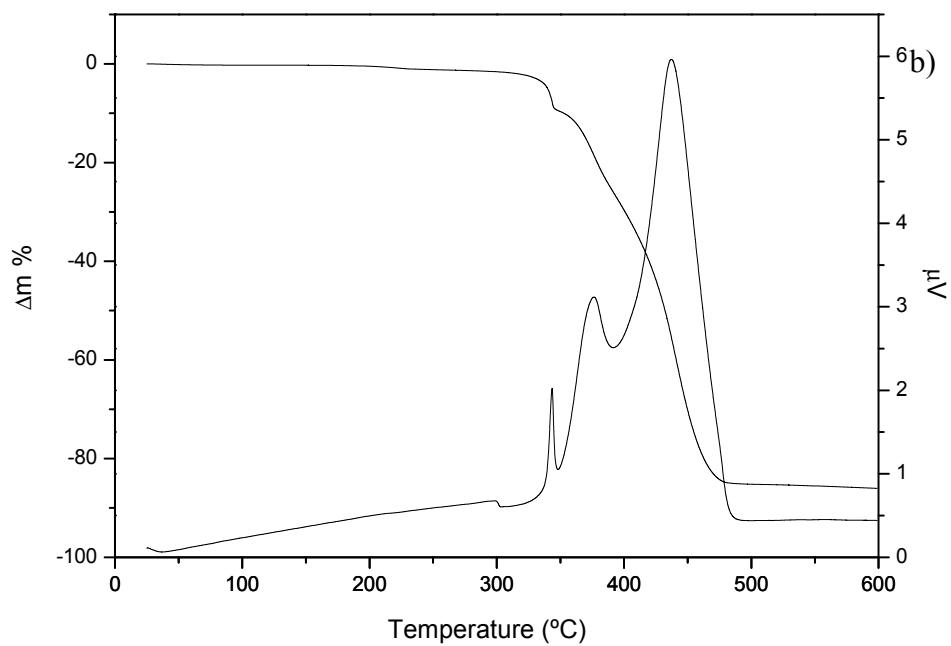


**Figure S7.** TGA/DTA curves for compound **1b**.

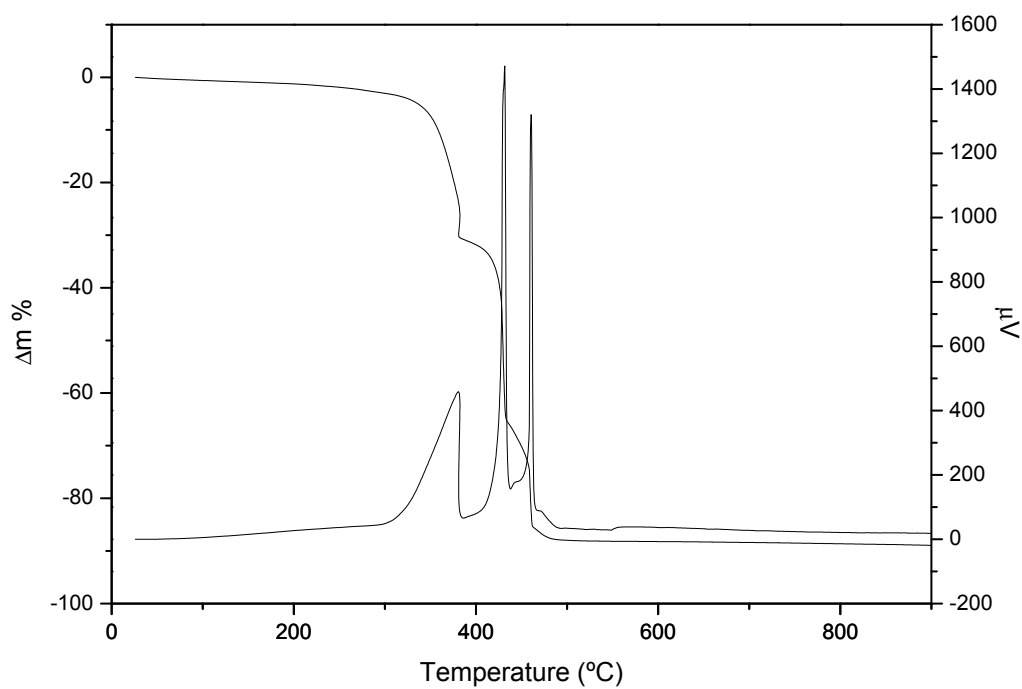


**Figure S8.** TGA/DTA curves for compound **1c**.

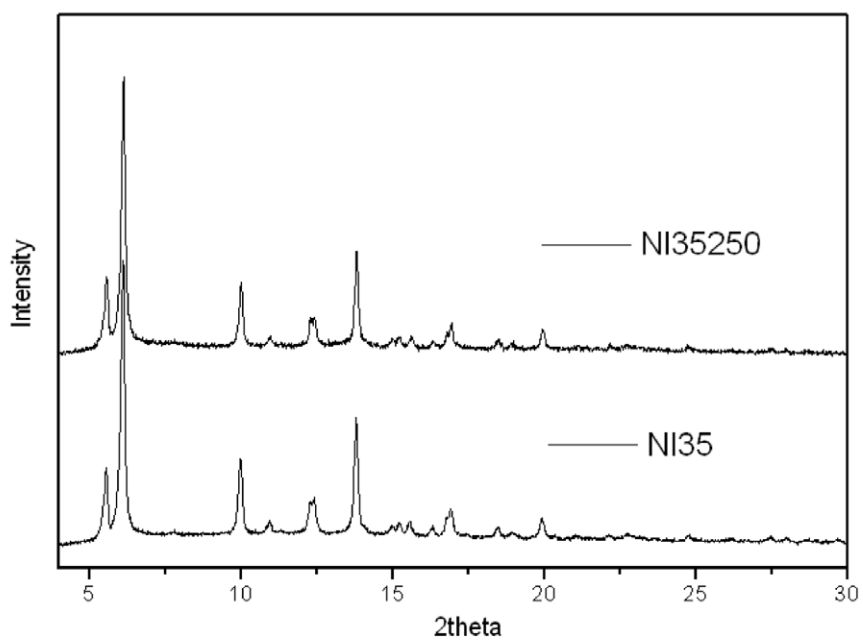




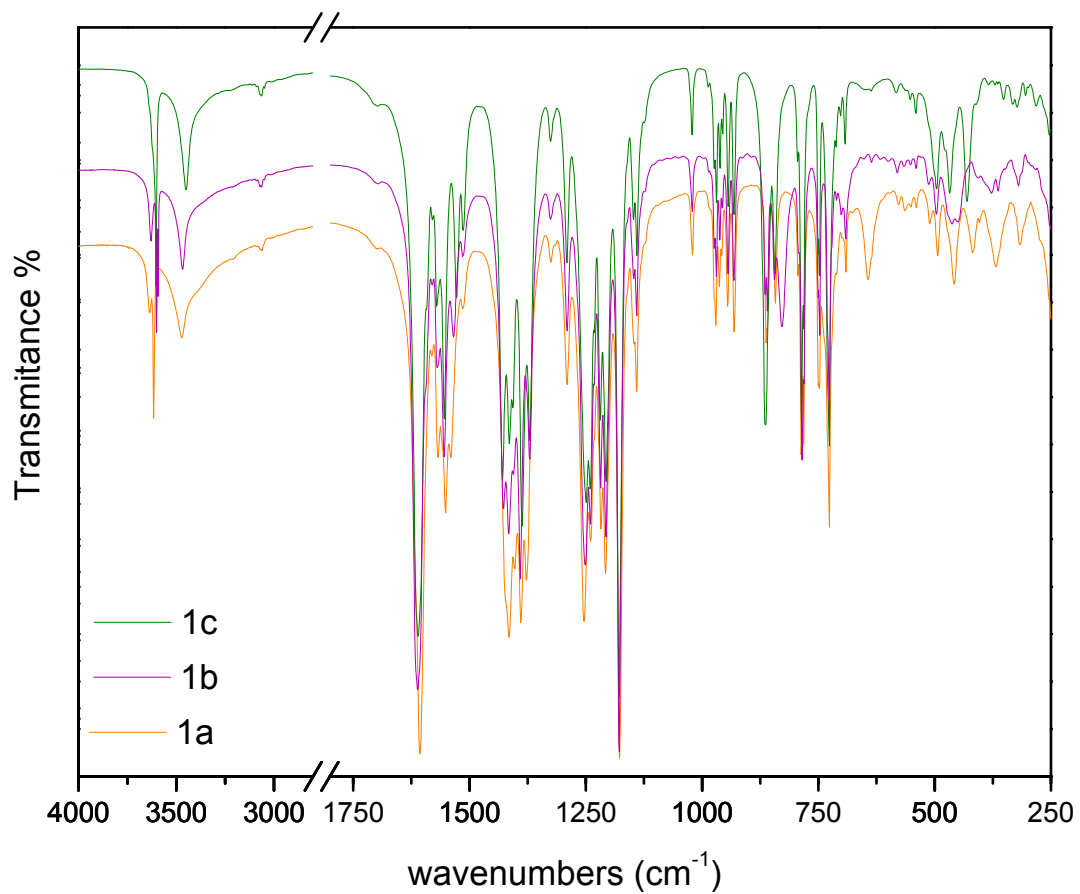
**Figure S9.** TGA/DTA curves for compound **2** in the ranges of (a) 25-900 °C, heating rate 10°C/min, and (b) 25-600 °C, heating rate 5°C/min.



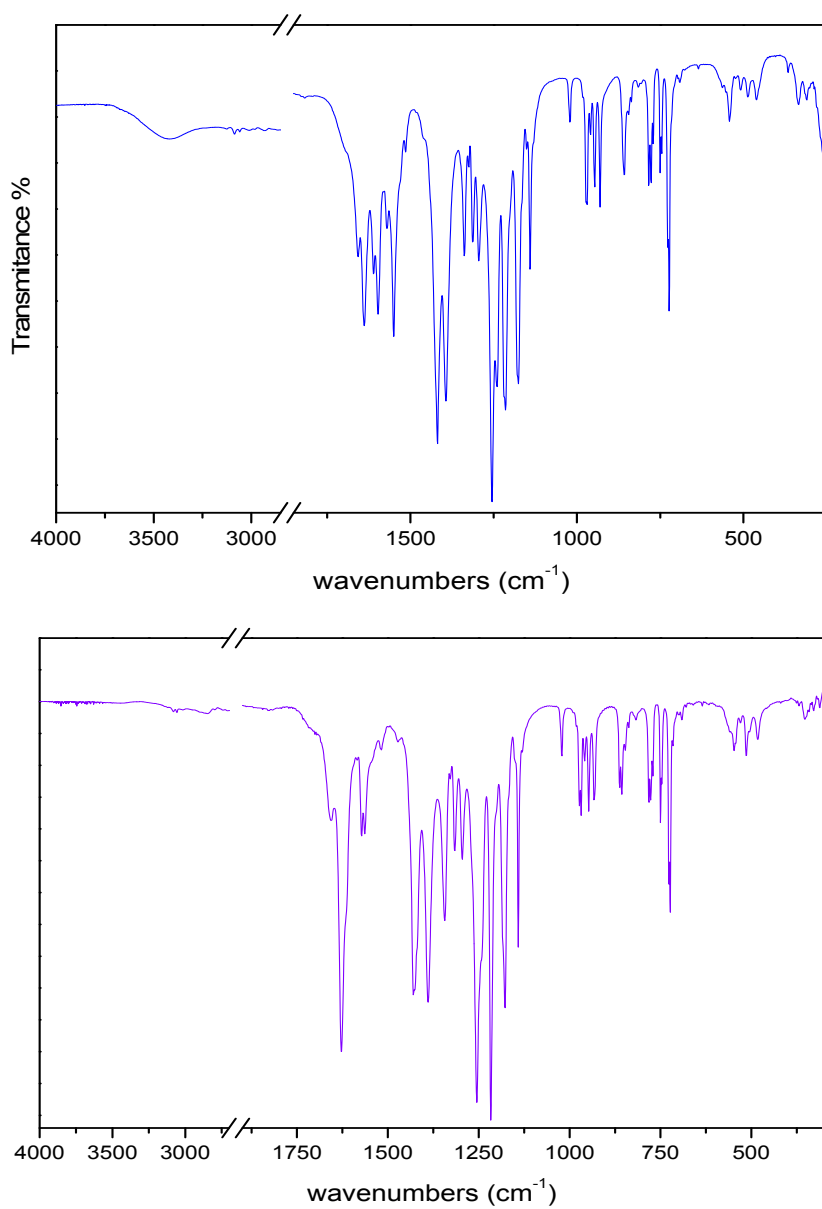
**Figure S10.** TGA/DTA curves for compound **3**.



**Figure S11.** XRPD of structure type **1** as synthesized and after heating up to 250° C (for Ni compound)



**Figure S12.** FTIR spectra of compounds **1a-c**.



**Figure S13.** FTIR spectra of compounds **2** (up) and **3** (down).