

On the role of DMSO-O(lone pair)... π (arene), DMSO-S(lone pair)... π (arene) and S=O... π (arene) interactions in the crystal structures of dimethylsulphoxide (DMSO) solvates

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Electronic Supplementary Information

Summary of supramolecular aggregation involving DMSO-O(lone pair)... π (arene) or DMSO-S(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions. Only interacting species are included {spectator species are omitted}.

Table ESI S(1). Zero-dimensional aggregates featuring DMSO-O(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

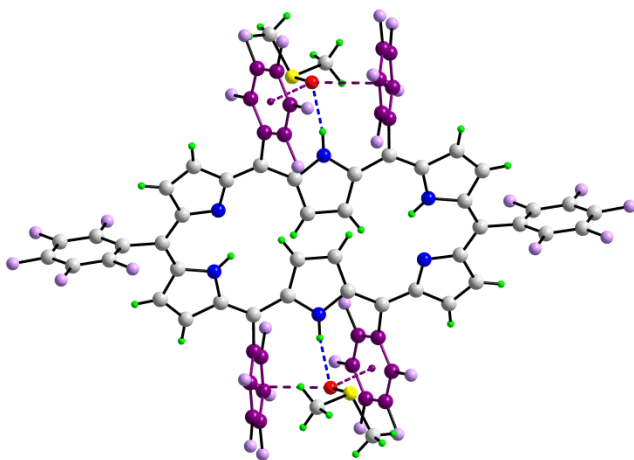
1 EGIJAG: $d = 3.24 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 22.4^\circ$; $d = 3.51 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 32.0^\circ$

meso-5,10,15,20,25,30-hexakis(Pentafluorophenyl)-(28)

hexaphyrin(1.1.1.1.1.1)

dimethylsulfoxide solvate

J. Sankar, S. Mori, S. Saito, H. Rath, M. Suzuki, Y. Inokuma, H. Shinokubo, K. S. Kim, Z. S. Yoon, J.-Y. Shin, J. M. Lim, Y. Matsuzaki, O. Matsushita, A. Muranaka, N. Kobayashi, D. Kim and A. Osuka, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2008, **130**, 13568.

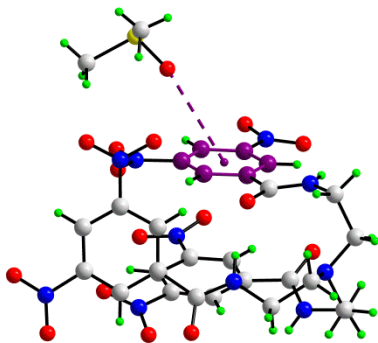


Centrosymmetric, three-molecule aggregate. There are two DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions but each DMSO molecule is held in place by an intermolecular amine-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 2.12 \AA , N...O = $2.855(3) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 140°].

2 EQAPUI: $d = 3.54 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 33.7^\circ$

N,N',N''-(Nitrilotriethane-2,1-diyl)tris(3,5-dinitrobenzamide) dimethylsulfoxide solvate

S. K. Dey and G. Das, *Chem. Commun.*, 2011, **47**, 4983

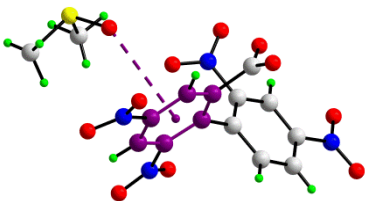


Two-molecule aggregate sustained by a DMSO-O(1p)... π (arene) interaction.

3 DELGEG: $d = 3.64 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 37.3^\circ$

2',4,4',6-Tetranitro-2-carboxy-biphenyl dimethylsulfoxide

E. G. Popova, L. A. Chetkina, V. K. Bel'skii, A. M. Andrievskii, A. N. Poplavskii and K. M. Dyumaev, *Zh. Strukt. Khim.*, 1985, **26**, 139.

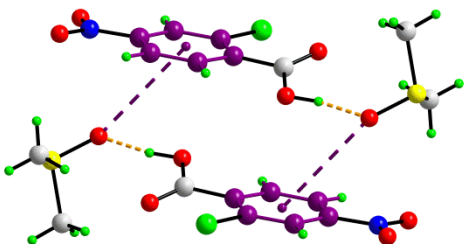


Two-molecule aggregate sustained by a DMSO-O(1p)... π (arene) interaction.

4 IKEYAZ: $d = 3.77 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 35.4^\circ$

2-Chloro-4-nitrobenzoic acid dimethylsulfoxide solvate

S. Aitipamula, P. S. Chow and R. B. H. Tan, *CrystEngComm*, 2011, **13**, 1037.

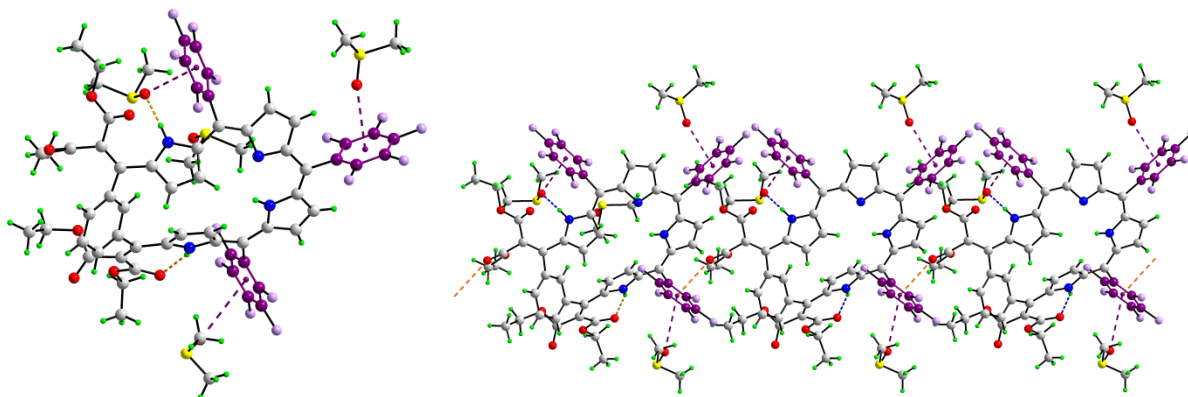


Two-molecule aggregates are stabilised by an hydroxyl-O–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 1.65 Å, N...O = 2.569(3) Å, angle at H atom = 163°]. These are connected into a centrosymmetric four-molecule aggregate by a pair of DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions.

5 **MAFJOU:** $d = 3.04$ Å; $\theta = 16.8^\circ$; $d = 3.20$ Å; $\theta = 18.3^\circ$; $d = 3.54$ Å; $\theta = 35.8^\circ$

6,26-bis(Diethoxycarbonylmethylidene)-11,16,21-tris(pentafluorophenyl)-27-(μ -benzi)-pentaphyrin dimethylsulfoxide solvate

S.-D. Jeong, A. Nowak-Krol, Y. Kim, S.-J. Kim, D. T. Gryko and C.-H. Lee, *Chem. Commun.*, 2010, **46**, 8737.

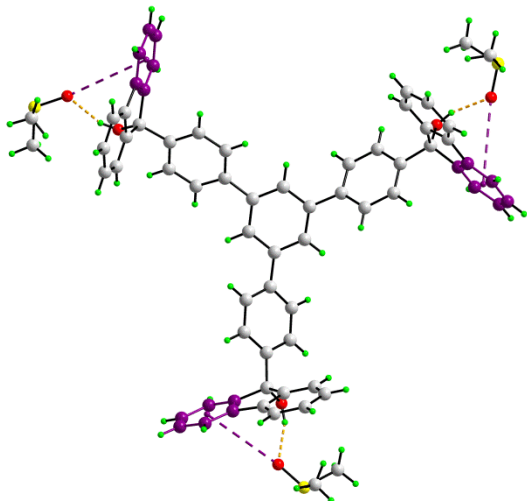


Four-molecule aggregate. One DMSO-O(lp) interaction [$d = 3.20$ Å] is stabilised by an amine-N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 1.95 Å, N...O = 2.806(6) Å, angle at H atom = 165°] with the other two DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions being stand alone. The aggregates are connected into a supramolecular chain *via* carbonyl-O... π (arene) interactions [$d = 3.06$ Å].

6 **VAWWAT:** $d = 3.90$ Å; $\theta = 34.6^\circ$

1,3,5-tris(4-(9-Hydroxy-9-fluorenyl)phenyl)benzene dimethylsulfoxide solvate

A. Holzel, W. Seichter and E. Weber, *J. Inclusion Phenom. Macrocyclic Chem.*, 2011, **71**, 113.



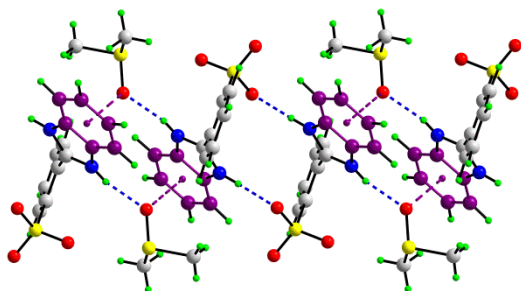
The organic molecule has crystallographic three-fold symmetry. Each hydroxyl forms an hydroxyl-O–H...O hydrogen bond to O(DMSO) [H...O = 1.88 Å, N...O = 2.696(3) Å, angle at H atom = 162°]. The four-molecule aggregate feature intramolecular DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions.

Table ESI S(2). One-dimensional aggregates featuring DMSO-O(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

7 GABPEG: $d = 3.60$ Å; $\theta = 32.0^\circ$

2-(1H-Benzimidazol-3-ium-2-yl)benzenesulfonate dimethylsulfoxide solvate

A. Esparza-Ruiz, G. Gonzalez-Gomez, E. Mijangos, A. Pena-Hueso, H. Lopez-Sandoval, A. Flores-Parra, R. Contreras and N. Barba-Behrens, *Dalton Trans.*, 2010, **39**, 6302.

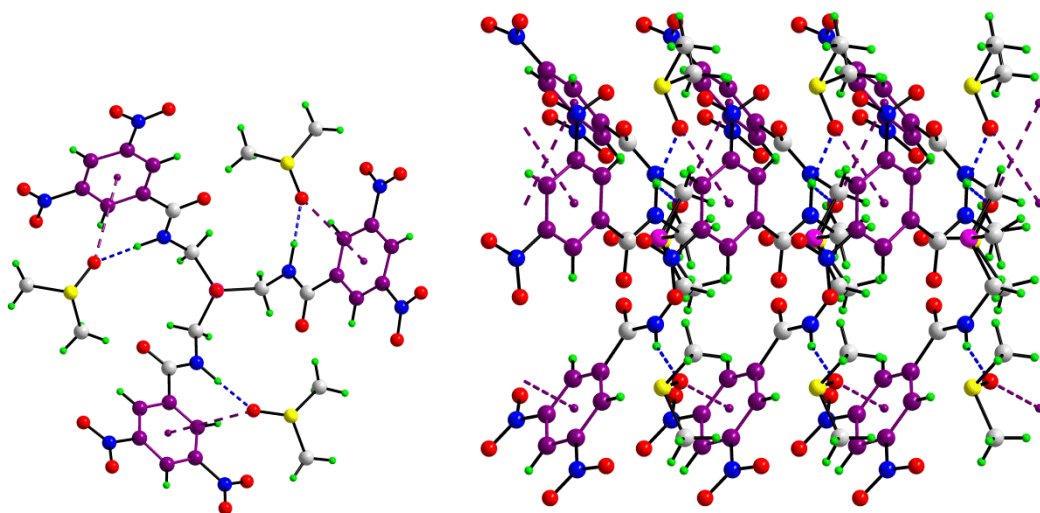


Two-component crystal. The organic molecules associate into a dimeric aggregate *via* N–H...O(sulphonate) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 1.84 Å, N...O = 2.717(3) Å, angle at H atom = 176°]. These are bridged into a linear supramolecular chain by N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 1.92 Å, N...O = 2.696(4) Å, angle at H atom = 160°] and DMSO-O(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

8 UVETOF: $d = 3.60$ Å; $\theta = 32.7^\circ$

N,N',N''-(Phosphoryltris(methylene))tris(3,5-dinitrobenzamide) dimethylsulfoxide solvate

J. V. Gavette, J. Lara, O. B. Berryman, L. N. Zakharov, M. M. Haley and D. W. Johnson, *Chem. Commun.*, 2011, **47**, 7653.

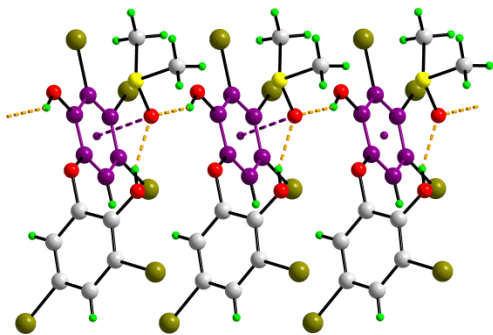


The organic molecule has crystallographic three fold symmetry. Each amine-N–H forms a hydrogen bond to O-DMSO [H...O = 1.86 Å, N...O = 2.844(6) Å, angle at H atom = 159°]. The four-molecule aggregates are connected into a linear supramolecular chain *via* DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions. The left-view is a projection down the axis of propagation.

9 YUNXAH: $d = 3.67$ Å; $\theta = 31.9^\circ$

2,3,4-Tribromo-6-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxyphenoxy)phenol dimethylsulfoxide solvate

L. Calcul, R. Chow, A. G. Oliver, K. Tenney, K. N. White, A. W. Wood, C. Fiorilla and P. Crews, *J. Nat. Prod.*, 2009, **72**, 443.

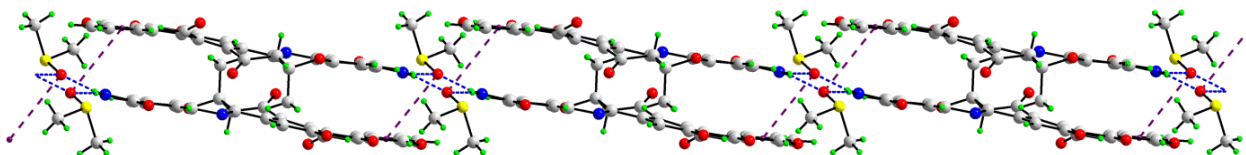


The DMSO-O atom is bifurcated, forming two hydroxyl-O–H...O hydrogen bonds [H...O = 1.95 Å, N...O = 2.696(8) Å, angle at H atom = 147°; 1.88 Å, 2.646(7) Å, 151°]. The two-molecule aggregates are connected into a linear supramolecular chain *via* DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions.

10 YOKHIP: $d = 3.76$ Å; $\theta = 34.7^\circ$

3-Amido-7,9-dihydroxy-18-methyl-5-azo-16-oxo-dibenzo(b,k)chrysene-8,13,14-trione dimethylsulfoxide solvate

A. M. Hassan, M. C. Cone, C. R. Melville and S. J. Gould, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.*, 1995, **5**, 191.

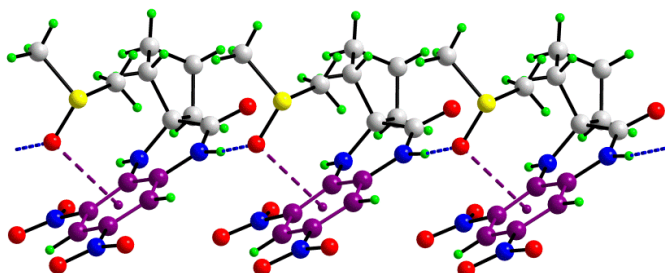


Centrosymmetrically related organic molecules are connected *via* two DMSO molecules whereby each DMSO-O atom is bifurcated, forming two N–H...O hydrogen bonds [H...O = 2.01 Å, N...O = 2.904(6) Å, angle at H atom = 155°; 2.07 Å, 3.021(7) Å, 172°]. The four-molecule aggregates are connected into a supramolecular double chain *via* DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions.

11 TACXAW: $d = 3.82 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 32.1^\circ$

1',2',3',4'-Tetrahydro-5',7'-dinitrospiro(cyclopentane-1,3'-quinazoline)-2'-one dimethylsulfoxide solvate

J. M. Villalgordo, B. R. Vincent and H. Heimgartner, *Helv. Chim. Acta*, 1990, **73**, 959.

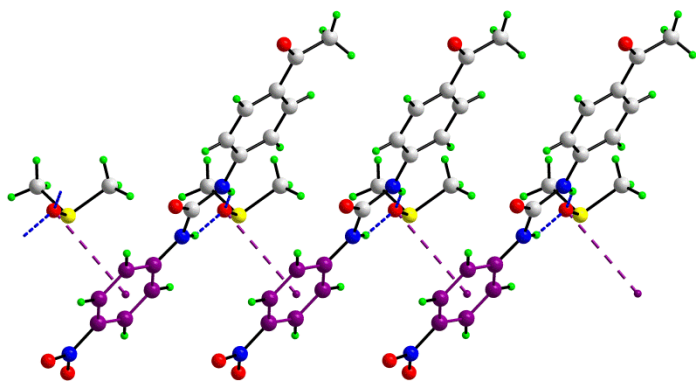


The components are linked into a two molecule aggregate *via* a N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 1.90 \AA , N...O = $2.813(3) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 169°]. These are connected into a linear supramolecular chain by DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions.

12 TIVPEU: $d = 3.85 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 18.2^\circ$

N-(4-Acetylphenyl)-*N'*-(4-nitrophenyl)urea dimethylsulfoxide solvate

L. S. Reddy, S. K. Chandran, S. George, N. J. Babu and A. Nangia, *Cryst. Growth Des.*, 2007, **7**, 2675.

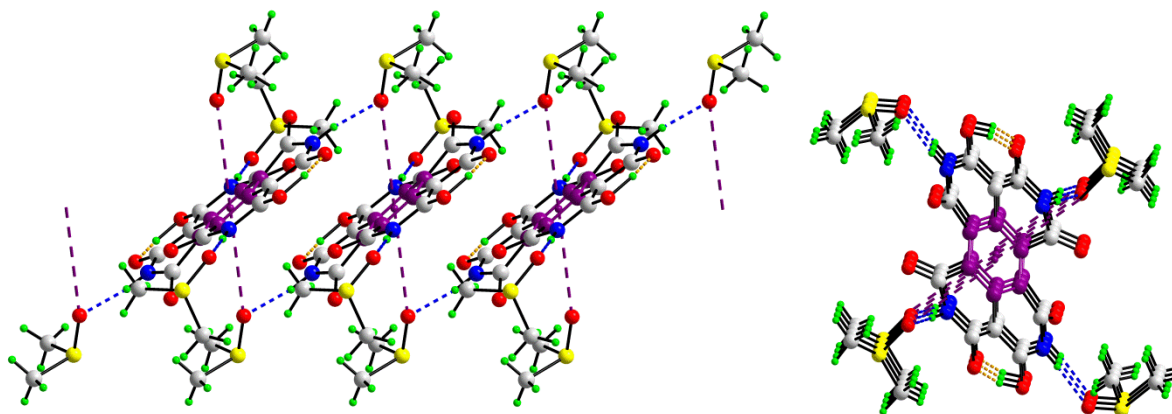


Pairs of molecules are connected by two urea-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 2.12 \AA , N...O = $2.877(3) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 151° ; 2.08 \AA , $2.796(3) \text{ \AA}$, 158°]. These are connected into a linear supramolecular chain *via* DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions.

13 CIDNEJ: $d = 3.87 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 37.4^\circ$

meso-4,10-Dihydroxy-5,11-dihydro-2,5,8,11-tetra-azaperylene-1,3,6,7,9,12-hexaone dimethylsulfoxide solvate

Y. Zhang, B. Illarionov, A. Bacher, M. Fischer, G. I. Georg, Q.-Z. Ye, D. V. Velde, P. E. Fanwick, Y. Song and M. Cushman, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2007, **72**, 2769.



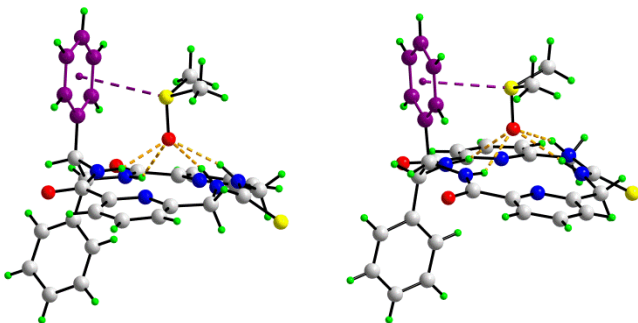
The centrosymmetric organic molecule features strong intramolecular hydroxyl-O–H...O(carbonyl) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 1.31 \AA , O...O = $2.485(2) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 162°]. Each amide-N–H forms a hydrogen bond to O-DMSO [terminal: H...O = 1.96 \AA , N...O = $2.817(3) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 173° ; bridging: 1.83 \AA , N...O = $2.722(2) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 171°]. One of the DMSO-O molecules is bridging, forming a DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interaction with the central ring, which, owing to be centrosymmetric, forms two such interactions.

Table ESI S(3). Zero-dimensional aggregates featuring DMSO-S(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

14 NENSEF: $d = 3.38 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 11.0^\circ$; $d = 3.43 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 10.7^\circ$

4,5-Diphenyl-2,7-dioxo-15-thio-3,6,14,16,22,23-hexaaza[16.3.1.18,12]tricoso-1(22),8(23),9,11,18,20-hexaene dimethylsulfoxide solvate

A. Ragusa, J. M. Hayes, M. E. Light and J. D. Kilburn, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2006, 3545.

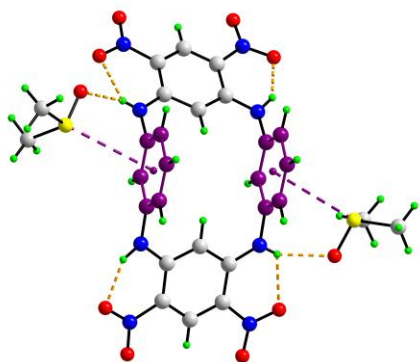


Two independent pairs of molecules comprise the asymmetric unit and each forms a DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction. The DMSO molecule is held in place by four intramolecular amine-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [Molecule 1: H...O = 2.12 Å, N...O = 2.927(5) Å, angle at H atom = 152°; 2.12 Å, 2.947(6) Å, 157°; 2.12 Å, 2.947(6) Å, 157°; 139°; 2.15 Å, 2.979(6) Å, 157°. Molecule 2: H...O = 2.12 Å, N...O = 2.927(5) Å, 153°; 2.13 Å, 2.944(5) Å, 154°; 139°; 2.37 Å, 3.097(5) Å, 140°; 139°; 2.03 Å, 2.841(7) Å, 153°]

15 YOPFOZ: $d = 3.56$ Å; $\theta = 24.0^\circ$

2,4,6,8-tetraaza-14,16,54,56-tetranitro-1,3,5,7(1,3)-tetrabenzencyclooctaphane dimethylsulfoxide solvate

H. Konishi, S. Hashimoto, T. Sakakibara, S. Matsubara, Y. Yasukawa, O. Morikawa and K. Kobayashi, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2009, **50**, 620.

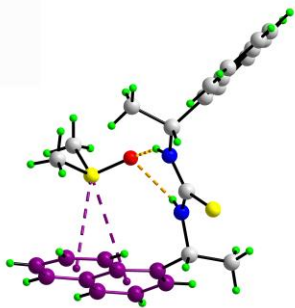


The organic molecule has two-fold symmetry and forms a N-H-O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 2.05 Å, N...O = 2.696(5) Å, angle at H atom = 151°]. The DMSO molecule also forms a DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction.

16 QUCRAI: $d = 3.58 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 15.1^\circ$; $d = 3.77 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 23.9^\circ$

1,3-bis((R)-1-(1-Naphthyl)ethyl)thiourea dimethylsulfoxide solvate

H. D. P. Ali, S. J. Quinn, T. McCabe, P. E. Kruger and T. Gunnlaugsson, *New J. Chem.*, 2009, **33**, 793.

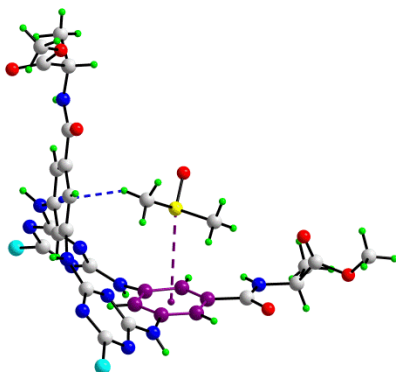


The organic and DMSO molecules forms a pair of DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions. The DMSO molecule is held in place by a pair of intramolecular amine-N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 2.18 \AA , N...O = 2.979(4) \AA , angle at H atom = 155°; 2.17 \AA , 2.944(4) \AA , 149°]

17 NAQDEQ: $d = 3.62 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 7.2^\circ$

Dimethyl 2,2'-((5,17-dichloro-2,4,6,8,14,16,18,20,26,28-decaazapentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacos-1(25),3(28),4,6,9(27),10,12,15(26),16,18,21,23-dodecaene-11,23-diyl)-bis(carbonylimino)) dipropionate dimethylsulfoxide solvate dihydrate

A. I. Vicente, J. M. Caio, J. Sardinha, C. Moiteiro, R. Delgado and V. Felix, *Tetrahedron*, 2012, **68**, 670.



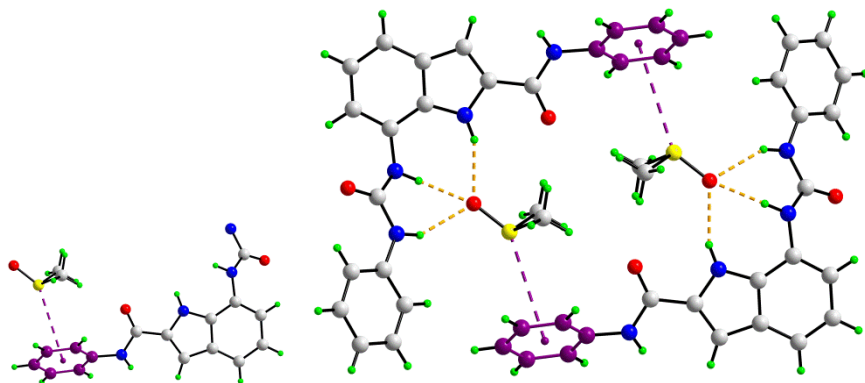
There are two independent organic molecules and nine DMSO molecules, one of which forms a DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction leading to a zero-dimensional architecture. While the

DMSO-O atom does not form an interaction, a methyl-H forms a C–H... π (arene) interaction [H...Cg = 2.46 Å; C...Cg = 3.209(12) Å and angle at H = 133°]

18 DISVAD: $d = 3.82$ Å; $\theta = 21.4^\circ$

7-((Phenylcarbamoyl)amino)-N-phenyl-1H-indole-2-carboxamide dimethylsulfoxide solvate

G. W. Bates, Triyanti, M. E. Light, M. Albrecht and P. A. Gale, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2007, **72**, 8921.



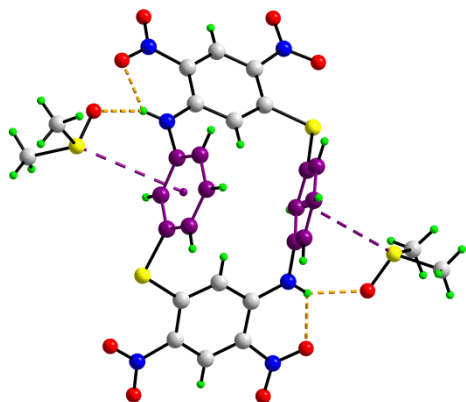
Centrosymmetric four-molecule aggregate sustained by DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) and N–H...O(DMSO) [H...O = 1.98 Å; N...O = 2.8300(19) Å and angle at H = 154°; 2.12 Å, 2.811(2) Å, 158°; 2.21 Å, 3.0123(19) Å, 148°] interactions. The exocyclic N–H and carbonyl-O atoms also form N–H...O hydrogen bonds leading to a supramolecular layer in the *ab*-plane.

19 SAKMEY: $d = 3.85$ Å; $\theta = 25.3^\circ$

4,6,16,18-tetranitro-2,14-dithia-8,20-diazapentacyclo[19.3.1.13,7.19,13.115,19]octacos-1(25),

3(28),4,6,9(27),10,12,15(26),16,18,21,23-dodecaene dimethyl sulfoxide solvate

J.-M. Raimundo, Z. Chen and O. Siri, *Chem. Commun.*, 2011, **47**, 10410.



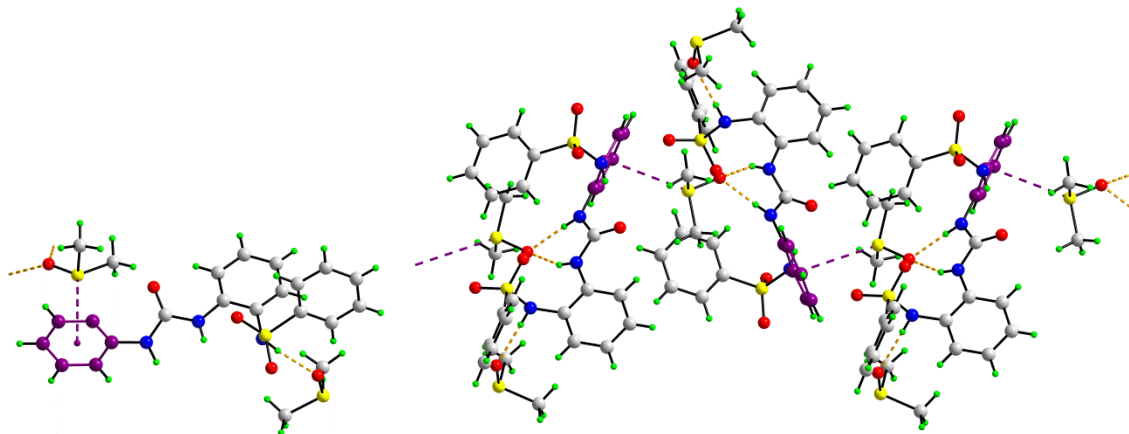
The cyclic molecule has crystallographic two-fold symmetry and the phenyl ring forms a DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction. The DMSO molecule is held in place by an intramolecular amine-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 2.01 Å, N...O = 2.739(5) Å, angle at H atom = 142°]

Table ESI S(4). One-dimensional aggregates featuring DMSO-S(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

20 HITFOG: $d = 3.56$ Å; $\theta = 8.3^\circ$

N,N'-(2,2'-Carbonylbis(azanediyl)bis(2,1-phenylene))dibenzenesulfonamide dimethylsulfoxide solvate

C. Caltagirone, G. W. Bates, P. A. Gale, M. E. Light, *Chem. Commun.*, 2008, 61.

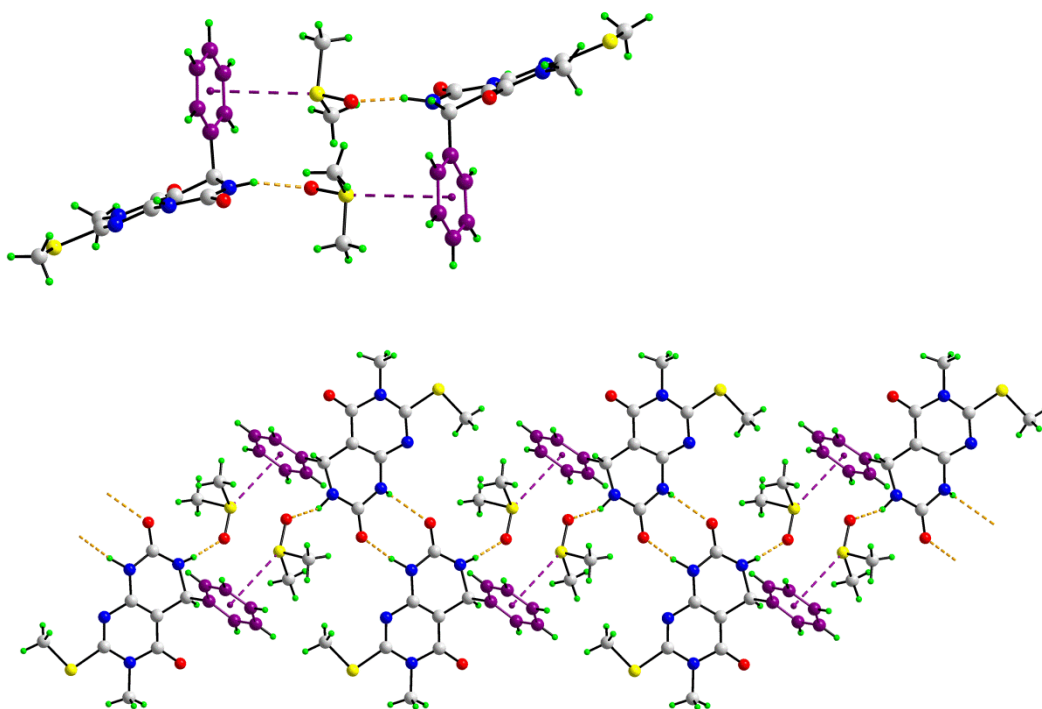


There are two independent DMSO molecules in the structure and one of these forms a DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction. This oxygen atom of this molecule is bifurcated, forming two amine-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 1.88 Å; N...O = 2.733(3) Å and angle at H = 157°; 2.30 Å, 2.991(3) Å, 147°] to a symmetry related molecule, with the result that helical supramolecular chain is formed. The second DMSO molecule forms a hydrogen bond with another amine-N-H atom H...O = 2.00 Å; N...O = 2.833(3) Å and angle at H = 173°].

21 YIZGEU: $d = 3.65$ Å; $\theta = 13.1^\circ$; $d = 3.68$ Å; $\theta = 13.5^\circ$

3,4-Dihydro-6-methyl-7-(methylthio)-4-phenylpyrimido(4,5-d)pyrimidine-2,5(1H,6H)-dione dimethylsulfoxide solvate

M. Dabiri, H. Arvin-Nezhad, H. R. Khavasi and A. Bazgir, *J. Heterocycl. Chem.*, 2007, **44**, 1009.



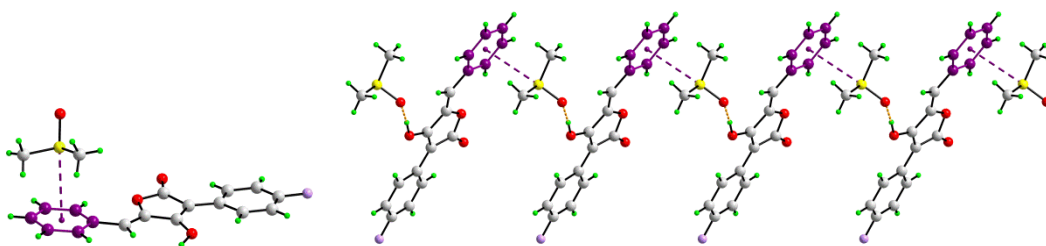
Two independent pairs of molecules and each forms a single DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction involving the phenyl ring. These are connected into a four-molecule aggregate by amide-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 2.04 Å; N...O = 2.811(14) Å and angle at H = 145°; 1.81 Å, 2.788(14) Å, 166°]. The four-molecule aggregates are connected into a supramolecular

tape by eight-membered $\{\dots\text{HNCO}\}_2$ amide synthons [$\text{H}\dots\text{O} = 2.29 \text{ \AA}$; $\text{N}\dots\text{O} = 2.890(12) \text{ \AA}$ and angle at H = 150° ; 1.90 \AA , $22.870(12) \text{ \AA}$, 159°]

22 AQABUQ: $d = 3.66 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 7.6^\circ$

5-Benzylidene-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-hydroxyfuran-2(5H)-one dimethylsulfoxide solvate

B. Nadal, J. Rouleau, H. Besnard, P. Thuery and T. Le Gall, *Tetrahedron*, 2011, **67**, 2605.

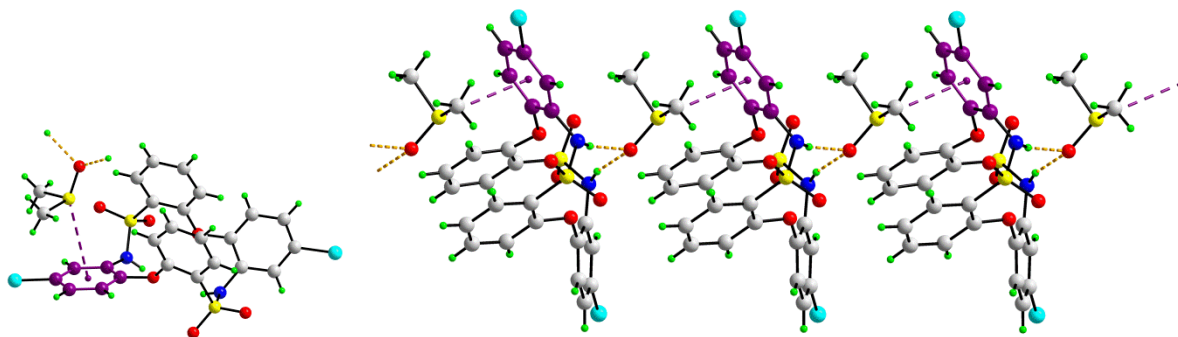


Linear supramolecular chains sustained by $\text{DMSO-S(lp)}\dots\pi(\text{arene})$ and $\text{O-H}\dots\text{O(DMSO)}$ interactions.

23 MUGCEX: $d = 3.80 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 9.5^\circ$

2,13-dichloro-11H,22H-tetrabenzob[b,f,i,m][1,8,4,11,5,12]dioxadithiadiazacyclotetradecine 10,10,21,21-tetraoxide dimethylsulfoxide solvate

M. Altamura, V. Fedi, D. Giannotti, P. Paoli and P. Rossi, *New J. Chem.*, 2009, **33**, 2219.

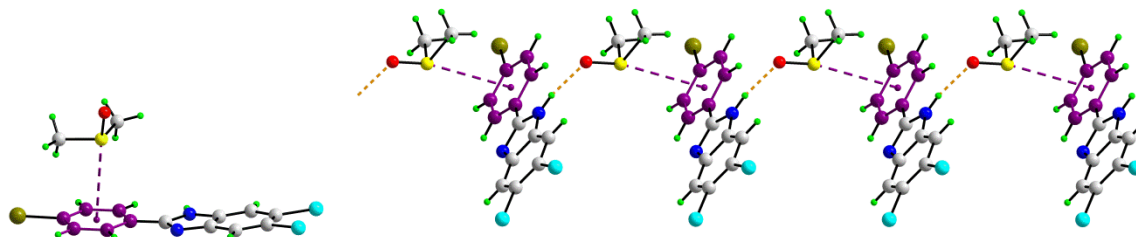


One of the chlorophenyl rings forms a $\text{DMSO-S(lp)}\dots\pi(\text{arene})$ interaction and the bifurcated DMSO-O atom forms two hydrogen bonds with two amine-H atoms [$\text{H}\dots\text{O} = 1.97 \text{ \AA}$; $\text{N}\dots\text{O} = 2.808(5) \text{ \AA}$ and angle at H = 172° ; 2.03 \AA , $2.815(6) \text{ \AA}$, 165°]. The result is a supramolecular linear chain.

24 COXWES: $d = 3.87 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 14.5^\circ$

2-(4'-Bromophenyl)-5,6-dichloro-1H-benzimidazole dimethylsulfoxide solvate

C. Mukhopadhyay, P. K. Tapaswi and R. J. Butcher, *Aust. J. Chem.*, 2009, **62**, 140.



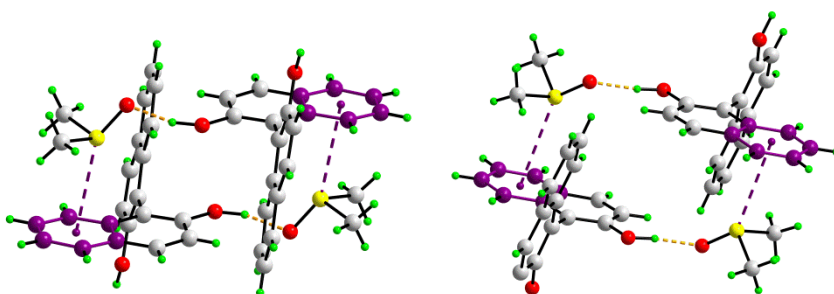
Linear supramolecular chains sustained by DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) and N-H...O(DMSO) [H...O = 1.94 \AA ; N...O = $2.811(2) \text{ \AA}$ and angle at H = 168°] interactions.

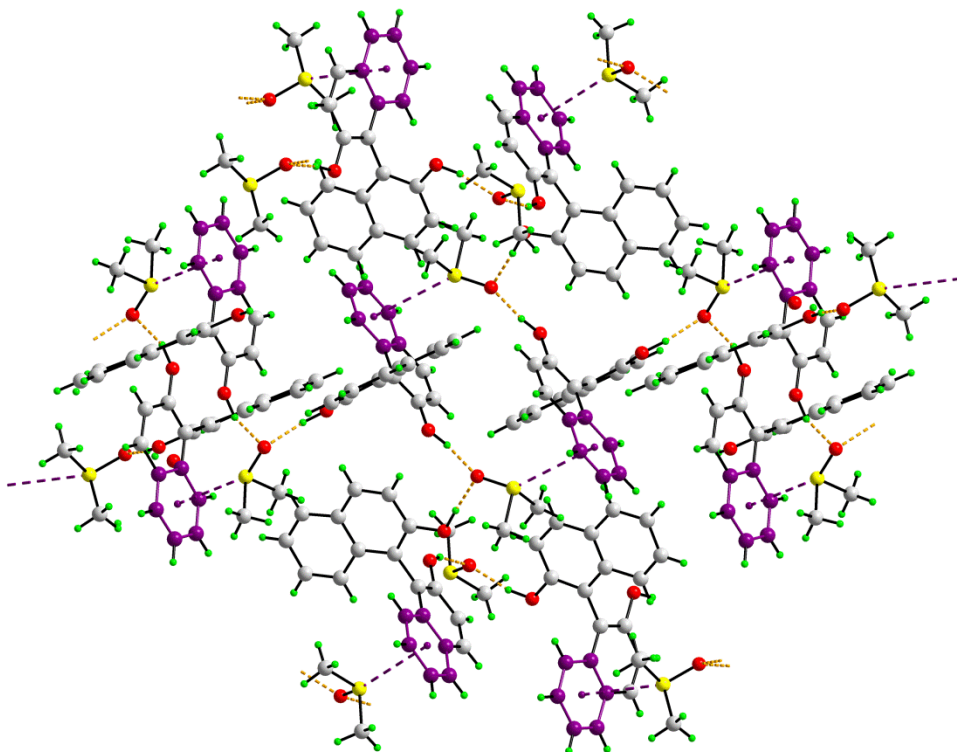
Table ESI S(5). Two-dimensional aggregates featuring DMSO-S(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

25 WUJDOU: $d = 3.46 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 8.0^\circ$; $d = 3.49 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 8.1^\circ$

2,2'-Dihydroxy-1,1'-binaphthyl dimethylsulfoxide clathrate

L. R. Nassimbeni and H. Su, *New J. Chem.*, 2002, **26**, 989.



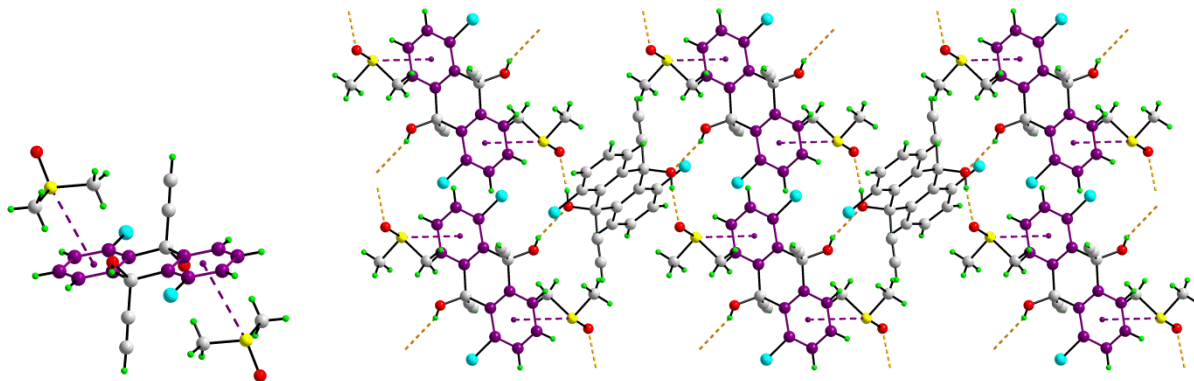


There are two independent pairs of molecules. The organic molecule forms a single DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interaction involving one of the outer phenyl rings. Concurrently, the DMSO-O atom forms a O-H...O hydrogen bond with the hydroxyl group [H...O = 1.78 Å; O...O = 2.720(9) Å and angle at H = 157°; 1.72 Å, 2.698(9) Å, 172°] to form a centrosymmetric four-molecule aggregate. These four-molecule aggregates are connected into a flat two-dimensional array by additional hydroxyl-O-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 1.77 Å; O...O = 2.727(9) Å and angle at H = 169°; 1.65 Å, 2.661(9) Å, 175°]

26 EJIWAV: $d = 3.81$ Å; $\theta = 16.2^\circ$

trans-1,5-Dichloro-9,10-diethynyl-9,10-dihydroxy-9,10-dihydroanthracene dimethylsulfoxide clathrate

R. Banerjee, G. R. Desiraju, R. Mondal, A. S. Batsanov, C. K. Broder and J. A. K. Howard, *Helv. Chim. Acta*, 2003, **86**, 1339.

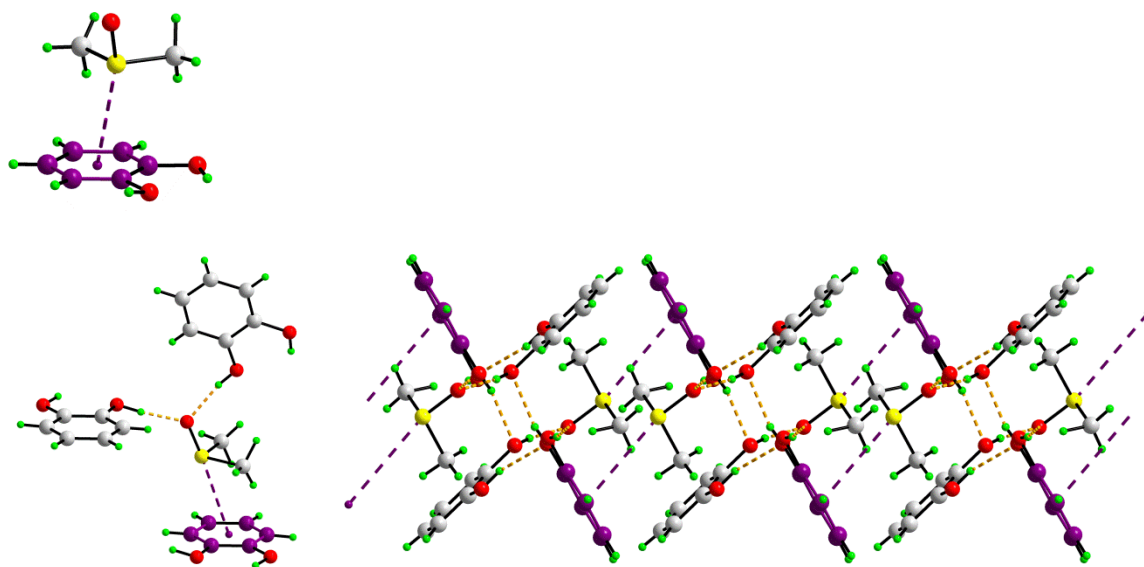


Two independent and centrosymmetric anthracene derivatives one of which forms DMSO- $S(lp) \dots \pi(\text{arene})$ interactions. The DMSO provides a bridge between the independent molecules by forming an O-H...O(DMSO) [H...O = 1.95 Å; N...O = 2.7327(18) Å and angle at H = 171°] hydrogen bond. An additional link between the independent molecules is a hydroxyl-O-H...O(hydroxyl) hydrogen bond [H...O = 2.18 Å; N...O = 2.8529(18) Å and angle at H = 155°].

27 EPAVUN: $d = 3.88 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 25.9^\circ$

1,2-Dihydroxybenzene dimethylsulfoxide solvate

T. M. Polyanskaya, K. A. Khaldoyanidi and A. I. Smolentsev, *Zh. Strukt. Khim.*, 2010, **51**, 342.



Two independent 1,2-dihydroxybenzene molecules one of which participates in a DMSO- $S(lp) \dots \pi(\text{arene})$ interactions. The DMSO provides a bridge between the independent molecules

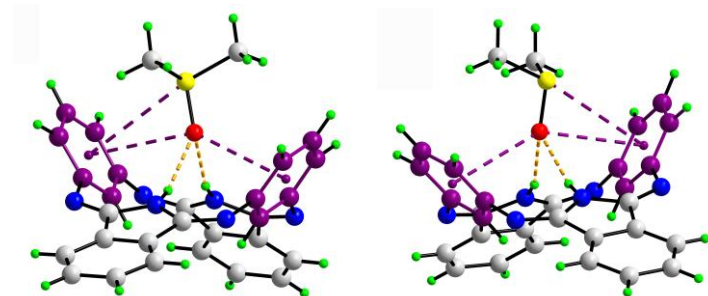
by forming two O–H...O(DMSO) [H...O = 1.79 Å; N...O = 2.639(3) Å and angle at H = 168°; 1.75 Å, 2.657(3) Å, 170°] hydrogen bonds. Additional links between the independent molecules are of the type hydroxyl-O–H...O(hydroxyl) [H...O = 2.15 Å; N...O = 2.884(3) Å and angle at H = 146°; 2.02 Å, 2.829(3) Å, 152°]; intramolecular hydroxyl-O–H...O(hydroxyl) hydrogen bonds are noted. The result is a supramolecular layer whereby the organic molecules define channels in which reside the DMSO molecules.

Table ESI S(6). Aggregates featuring S=O... π (arene) interactions.

28 FAFSOW: Molecule 1: $d = 3.14$ Å; $\theta = 12.5^\circ$ (O) & $d = 3.39$ Å; $\theta = 19.8^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.64$ Å; $\theta = 7.9^\circ$ (S) Molecule 2: $d = 3.18$ Å; $\theta = 17.4^\circ$ (O) & $d = 3.37$ Å; $\theta = 19.6^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.72$ Å; $\theta = 6.3^\circ$ (S)

2,8,17,23,31,33-hexaazaheptacyclo[22.6.1.13,7.19,16.118,22.010,15.025,30]tetratriaconta-1,3(34),4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18(32),19,21,23,25,27,29-hexadecaene dimethylsulfoxide methanol solvate

S. Sripathongnak, N. V. Barone, A. Cetin, R. Wu, W. S. Durfee and C. J. Ziegler, *J. Porphyrins Phthalocyanines*, 2010, **14**, 170.



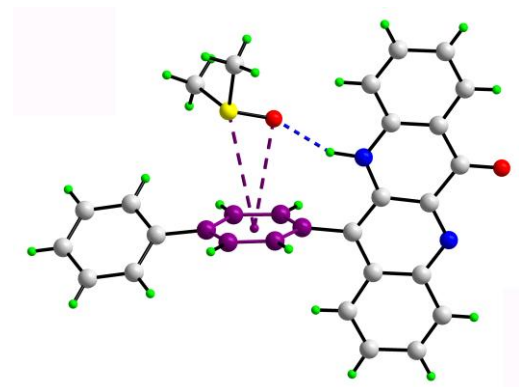
Two independent organic, two DMSO and two methanol molecules comprise the asymmetric unit. Two DMSO molecules associate with two N-bound phenyl rings of each molecule but the primary connection between them are a pair of N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [Molecule 1: H...O = 2.03 Å, N...O = 2.864(3) Å, angle at H atom = 158°; 2.09 Å, 2.907(3) Å, 154°. Molecule 2: H...O = 2.00 Å, N...O = 2.833(3) Å, 156°; 2.08 Å, 2.907(3) Å, 155°]. Complimenting these are two S(lp)... π (arene) interactions, indicating that each DMSO molecule

forms two lp interactions. The placement of the molecules is such that each ring forming the S(lp)... π (arene) is close to the oxygen atom as well.

29 NAWQOS: $d = 3.43 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 12.3^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.90 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 10.9^\circ$ (S)

12-(4-Biphenyl)dibenzo(b,g)-1,5-naphthyridin-6(11H)-one dimethylsulfoxide solvate

W. Thuer, R. Gompper and K. Polborn (2005) Private Communication to the CSD.

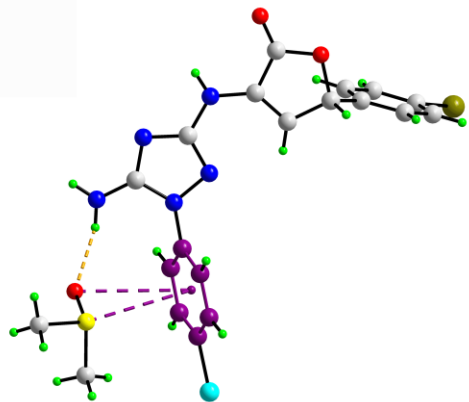


Two-molecule aggregate is stabilised by an amine-N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 1.92 \AA , N...O = 2.864(4) \AA , angle at H atom = 158°] and further connected by a DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interaction. It is noted that the sulphur atom is in close proximity to the ring as well so that the DMSO molecule might be considered interacting side-on.

30 IRUZOL: $d = 3.60 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 14.8^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.87 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 11.9^\circ$ (S)

3-((5-Amino-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)amino)-5-(4-bromophenyl)furan-2(5H)-one dimethylsulfoxide solvate

Y. I. Sakhno, S. M. Desenko, S. V. Shishkina, O. V. Shishkin, V. I. Musatov and V. A. Chebanov, *Synthesis*, 2011, 1120.

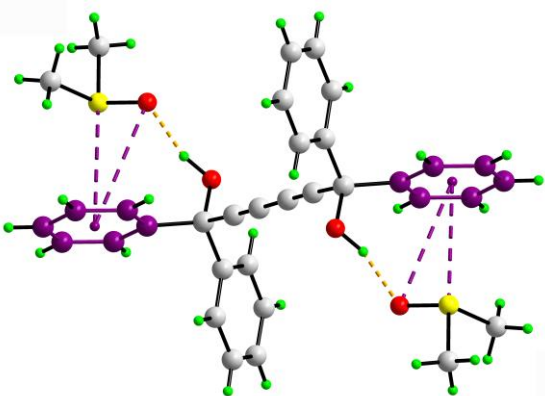


Two-molecule aggregate is stabilised by an amine-N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 2.15 Å, N...O = 2.918(6) Å, angle at H atom = 147°] and further connected by DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions as the DMSO molecule is interacting side-on.

31 VAJYEL: $d = 3.75$ Å; $\theta = 25.6^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.78$ Å; $\theta = 11.0^\circ$ (S)

1,1,6,6-Tetraphenylhexa-2,4-diyne-1,6-diol bis(dimethylsulfoxide) clathrate

M. R. Cairra, A. Jacobs, L. R. Nassimbeni and F. Toda, *CrystEngComm*, 2003, **5**, 150.

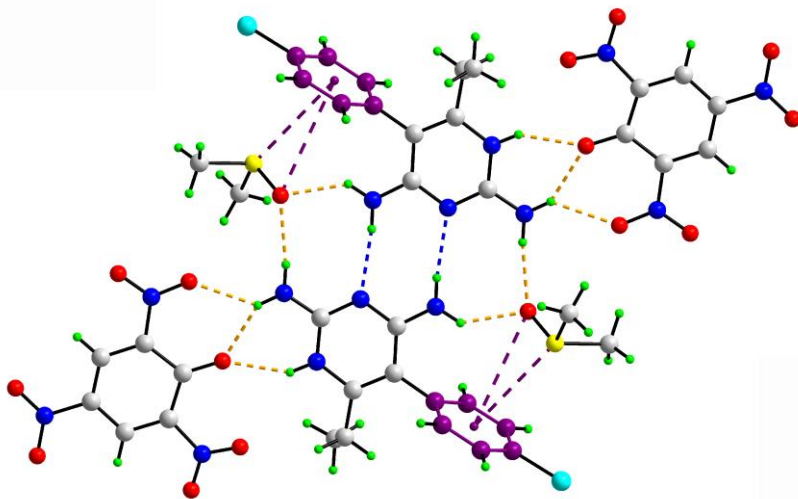


The molecule is disposed about a centre of inversion and one of the terminal phenyl rings forms both DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions, as the DMSO associates side-on. The DMSO molecule is held in place by an intramolecular hydroxyl-O–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [H...O = 1.73 Å, O...O = 2.676(4) Å, angle at H atom = 161°]

32 QOVQAU: $d = 3.80 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 20.1^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.62 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 15.3^\circ$ (S)

2,4-Diamino-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-6-ethylpyrimidin-1-ium picrate dimethylsulfoxide solvate

K. Thanigaimani, A. Subashini, P. T. Muthiah, D. E. Lynch and R. J. Butcher, *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. C: Cryst. Struct. Commun.*, 2009, **65**, o42.

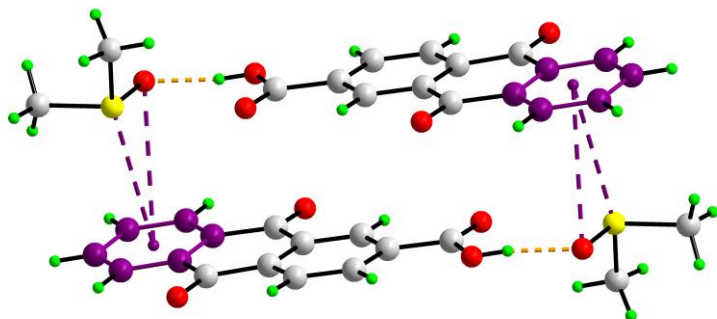


Three-component crystal. The chlorophenyl ring forms both DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions, as the S=O bond approaches the ring side-on. The DMSO molecule is held in place by an intramolecular amine-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds with the cation [H...O = 2.05 Å, N...O = 2.765(2) Å, angle at H atom = 137°] and also forms an intermolecular amine-N-H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [H...O = 2.08 Å, N...O = 2.953(3) Å, angle at H atom = 169°] with a centrosymmetrically related cation connected by an eight-membered {...HNCN}₂ synthon [H...N = 2.12 Å, N...N = 2.996(2) Å, angle at H atom = 170°]. Connections between the ions are of the type N-H...O [amine-H...O = 2.05 Å, N...O = 2.827(2) Å, angle at H atom = 147°, and primary amine-H...O = 2.04 Å, N...O = 2.827(2) Å, angle at H atom = 148°; 2.18 Å, N...O = 2.862(2) Å, 134°]

33 TAJGIW: $d = 3.80 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 24.0^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.53 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 5.0^\circ$ (S)

9,10-Dioxo-9,10-dihydroanthracene-2-carboxylic acid dimethylsulfoxide solvate

T. Gruber, S. F. Helas, W. Seichter and E. Weber, *Struct. Chem.*, 2010, **21**, 1079.

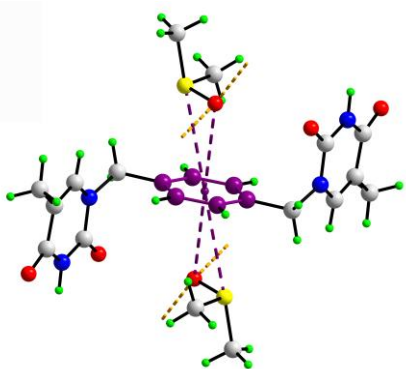


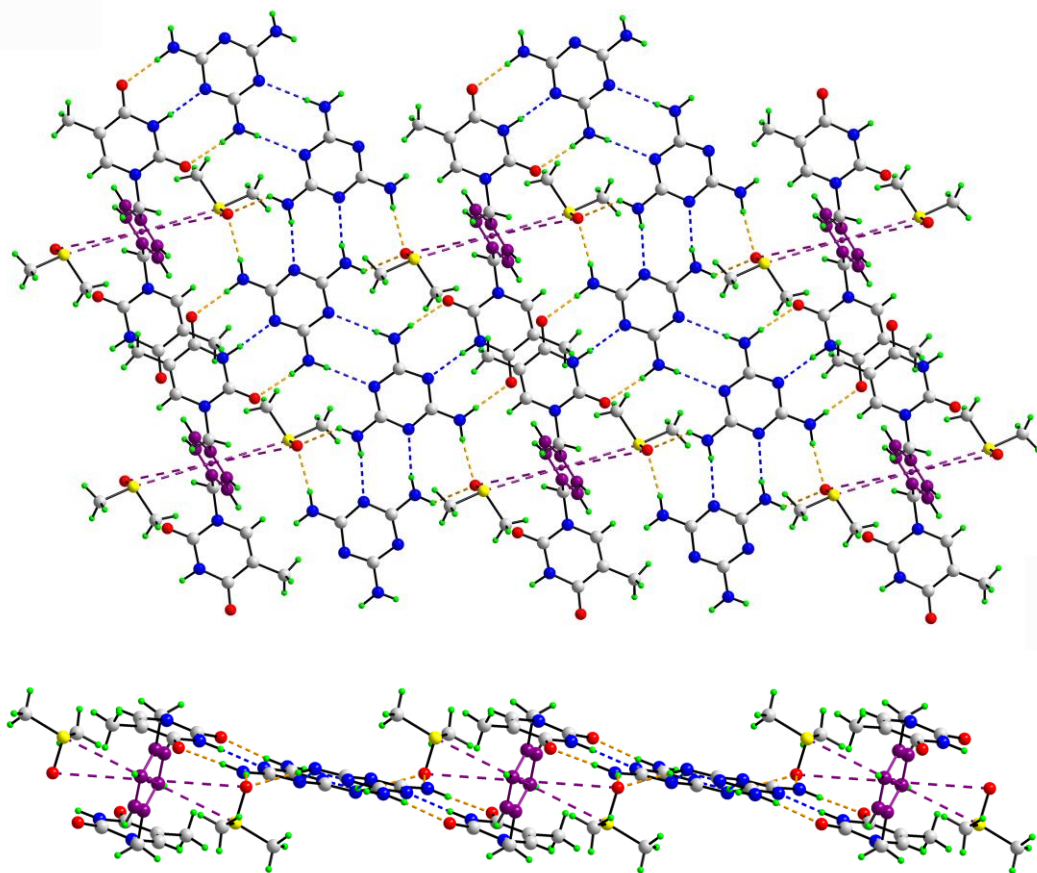
The terminal arene ring participates in DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions while the DMSO-O atom forms a O–H...O hydrogen bond with the carboxylic acid residue [H...O = 1.74 Å; O...O = 2.5747(15) Å and angle at H = 172°] leading to a centrosymmetric four-molecule aggregate.

34 WOMGIP: $d = 3.82$ Å; $\theta = 19.3^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.82$ Å; $\theta = 19.3^\circ$ (O);

1,1'-(1,4-Phenylenebis(methylene))-bis(5-methylpyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione) bis(melamine) dimethylsulfoxide solvate

J. Hamblin, S. P. Argent, A. J. Blake, C. Wilson and N. Champness, *CrystEngComm*, 2008, **10**, 1782.

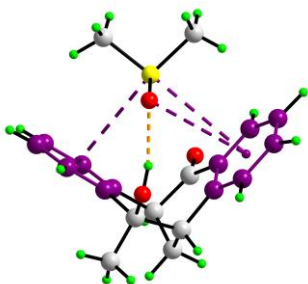




Three-component crystal. The dione molecule is disposed about a crystallographic centre of inversion and the central phenyl ring forms two DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions and two DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions, as the DMSO approaches the ring side-on. The DMSO-O atom forms two N-H...O hydrogen bonds with primary-amines of two melamine molecules [H...N = 2.17 Å; N...O = 2.842(2) Å and angle at H = 134°; 2.12 Å, 2.959(2) Å, 169°]. Connections between the dione and melamine are of the type N-H...N(melamine) [H...N = 1.97 Å; N...N = 2.908(2) Å and angle at H = 177°] and melamine-N-H...O(dione) [H...N = 2.06 Å; N...O = 3.000(2) Å and angle at H = 173°; 1.97 Å, 2.874(2) Å, 178°]. A two-dimensional array is mediated by melamine-N-H...N(melamine) interactions [H...N = 2.32 Å; N...N = 3.157(2) Å and angle at H = 175°; 2.23 Å, 3.049(2) Å, 172°]. If the DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions were ignored a two-dimensional array would still be evident and so this interaction is classified as intramolecular.

35 JEZRIP: $d = 3.85 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 18.1^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.72 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 8.2^\circ$ (S); $d = 3.88 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 20.7^\circ$ (S)
endo-8-Hydroxy-8-methyl-2,3:6,7-dibenzobicyclo(3.3.1)nona-2,6-dien-4-one dimethylsulfoxide clathrate

S. C. Hawkins, R. Bishop, D. C. Craig, S. Kim and M. L. Scudder, *Chem. Commun.*, 1990, 1683.

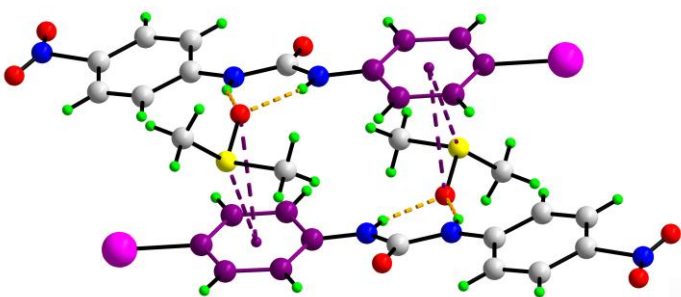


Two-molecule aggregate is stabilised by an hydroxyl-O–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bond [$H...O = 1.92 \text{ \AA}$, $O...O = 2.761(2) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 162°] and further connected by a DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interaction as well as a pair of DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions. One of the DMSO molecules might be considered interacting side-on.

36 TIVNOC: $d = 3.87 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 2.4^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.67 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 20.3^\circ$ (S)

N-(4-Iodophenyl)-N'-(4-nitrophenyl)-urea dimethylsulfoxide solvate

L. S. Reddy, S. K. Chandran, S. George, N. J. Babu and A. Nangia, *Cryst. Growth Des.*, 2007, **7**, 2675.

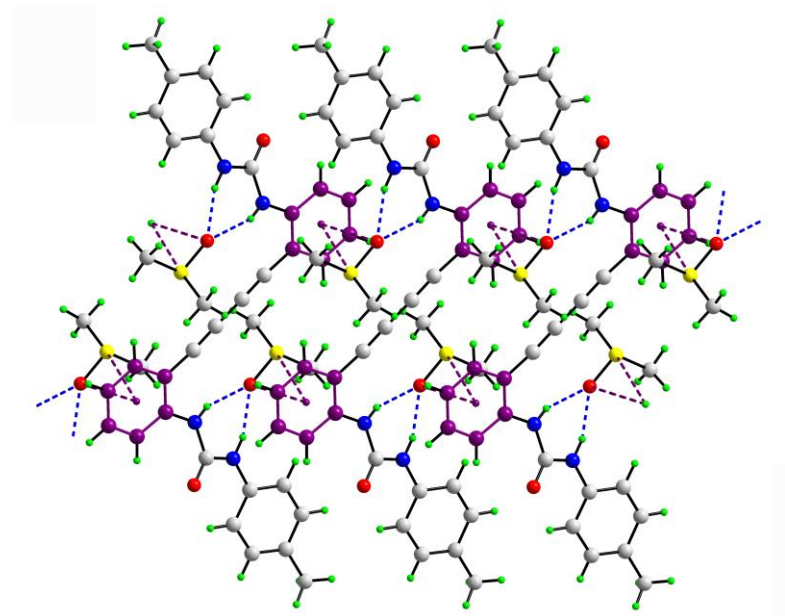


The nitrophenyl ring participates in both DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions, as the DMSO associates side-on. At the same time the DMSO-O atom forms a pair of N–H...O hydrogen bonds with the urea residue [$H...N = 2.08 \text{ \AA}$; $N...O = 2.892(10) \text{ \AA}$ and angle at H = 159° ; 2.08 \AA , $2.901(9) \text{ \AA}$, 158°] leading to a centrosymmetric four-molecule aggregate.

37 GUTBAZ: $d = 3.63 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 8.8^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.76 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 15.8^\circ$ (S)

1,3-bis((R)-1-(1-Naphthyl)ethyl)thiourea dimethylsulfoxide solvate

A. N. Swinburne, M. J. Paterson, A. Beeby and J. W. Steed, *Chem.-Eur. J.*, 2010, **16**, 2714.



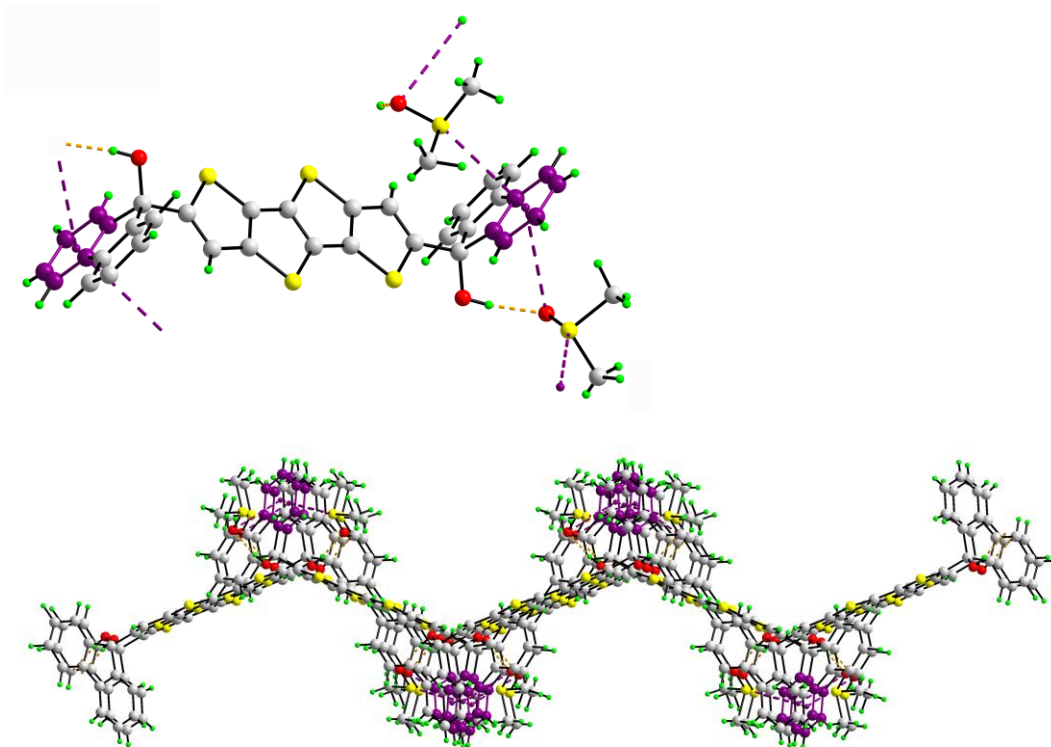
The centrosymmetric organic molecule is connected to two DMSO molecules *via* a pair of amine-N–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [$H...O = 1.94 \text{ \AA}$, $N...O = 2.793(5) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 161° ; 2.24 \AA , $2.941(5) \text{ \AA}$, 152°] to form a three-molecule aggregate. These are linked into a supramolecular chain (linear topology) *via* two DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) and two DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions per centrosymmetric molecule; the S=O bond of the DMSO lies over the ring.

Table ESI S(7). Aggregates featuring both DMSO-O(lone pair)... π (arene) and DMSO-S(lone pair)... π (arene) interactions.

38 KUMHOP: $d = 3.77 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 2.3^\circ$ (O); $d = 3.81 \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 33.7^\circ$ (S)

2,6-bis(9-Hydroxyfluorenyl)thieno(2',3':3,2)thieno(3,2-b)thieno(2,3-d)thiophene dimethylsulfoxide clathrate

Y. Mazaki, N. Hayashi and K. Kobayashi, *Chem. Commun.*, 1992, 1381.



Centrosymmetric organic molecule forming two hydroxyl-O–H...O(DMSO) hydrogen bonds [$H...O = 1.80 \text{ \AA}$, $N...O = 2.631(4) \text{ \AA}$, angle at H atom = 172°], interactions that are further connected by a DMSO-O(lp)... π (arene) interactions. The centroid of each highlighted ring also forms a DMSO-S(lp)... π (arene) interactions with the result that a supramolecular layer is formed with a zigzag topology.