

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Morphology mediated tailoring the performance of porous nanostructured Mn₂O₃ as anode material

Provas Pal,^a Arnab Kanti Giri,^a Sourindra Mahanty,^{b,*} Asit Baran Panda^{a,*}

^aDiscipline of Inorganic Materials and Catalysis, Central Salt and Marine Chemicals

Research Institute (Council of Scientific and Industrial Research), G.B. Marg, Bhavnagar-
364021, Gujarat, India.

^b Fuel Cell & Battery Division, CSIR-Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute, Kolkata
- 700032, India

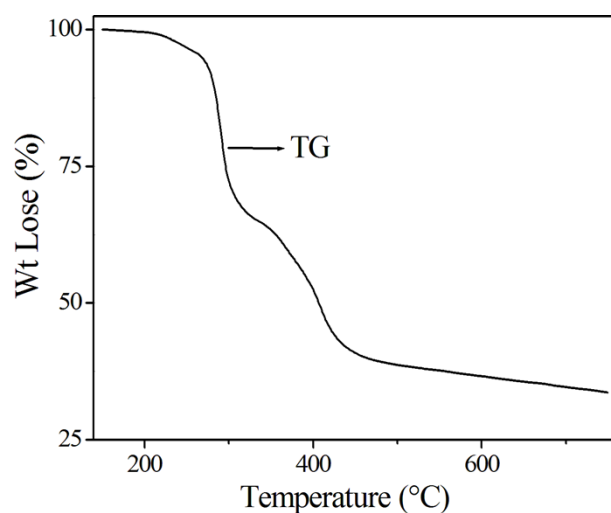


Figure S1 TG analysis curve of the synthesized lotus shaped MnCO_3 in air at a rate of 5°C min^{-1} .

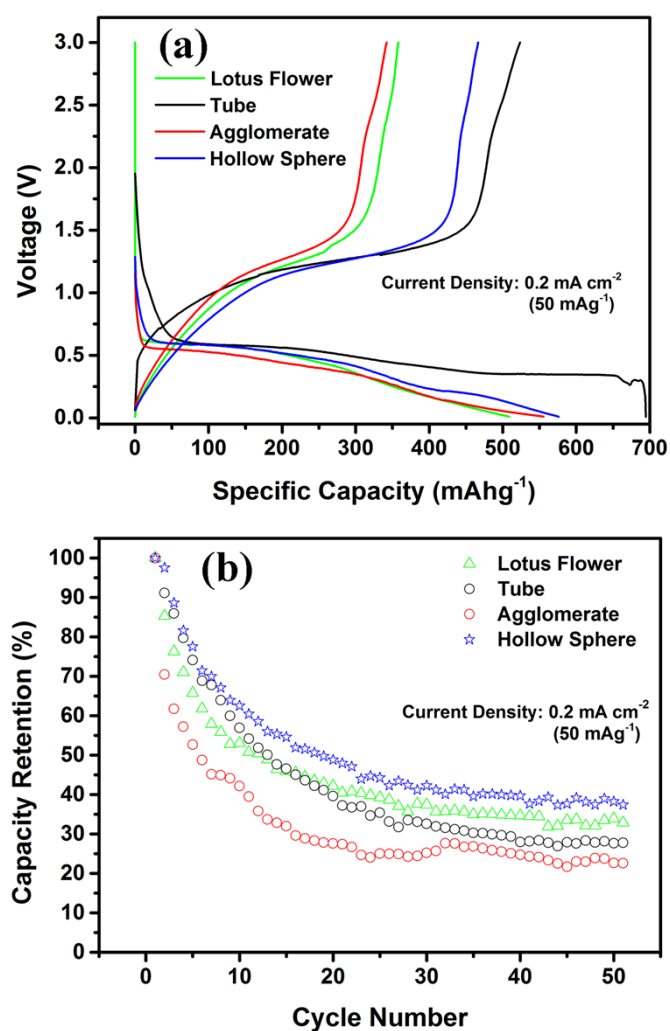


Figure S2 (a) Discharge-charge profiles of $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3//\text{Li}$ cells for the 2nd cycle (b) capacity retention plots for of the synthesized Mn_2O_3 with different shapes

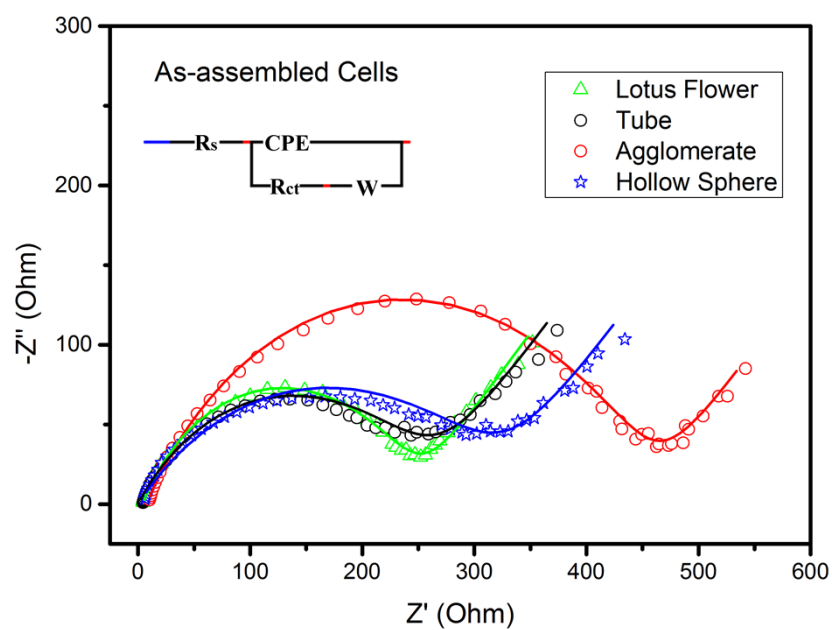


Fig. S3. Impedance spectra of as-assembled $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3//\text{Li}$ cells. Solid lines represent fitted plot using the equivalent circuit shown in the inset.

Table S1: Fitted impedance data for as-assembled $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3//\text{Li}$ cells

Sample	R_s (Ω)	R_{ct} (Ω)	CPE (μF)	W (Ω)
Lotus Flower	4.1	242	35	82
Tube	4.4	263	85	87
Agglomerate	7.3	450	26	63
Hollow Sphere	4.6	327	83	86

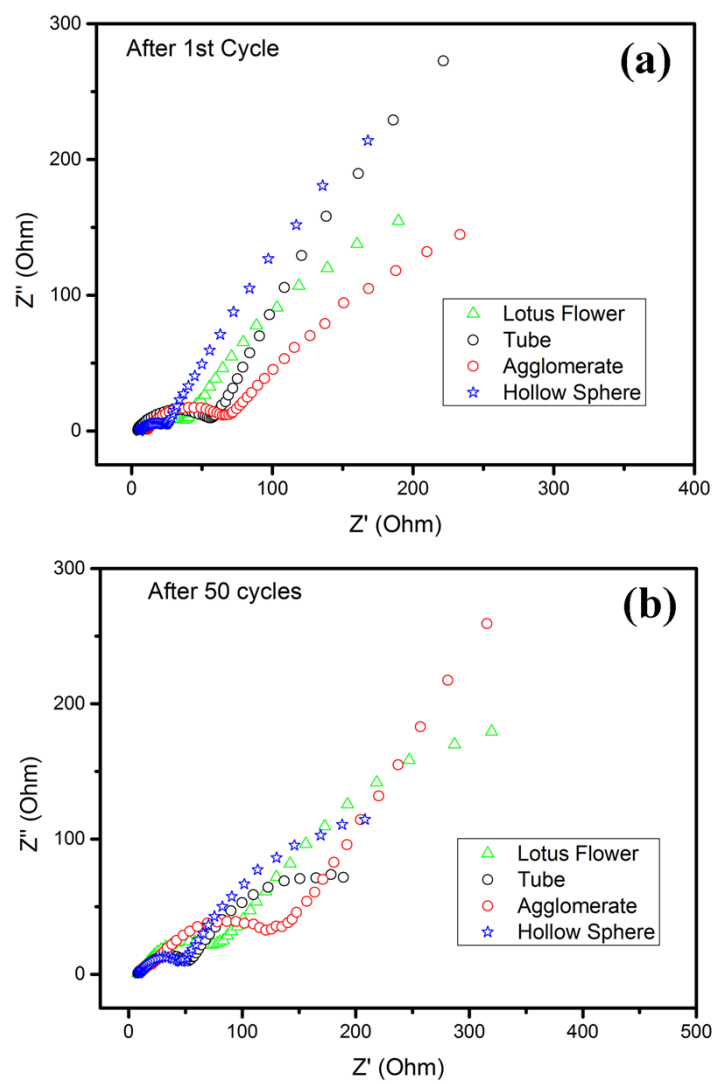


Fig. S4. Impedance spectra of $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_3/\text{Li}$ cells at different cycling intervals (a) after the 1st cycle and (b) after the 50th cycle.