Sensitive Absorptive Refocused Scalar Correlation NMR Spectroscopy in Solids

Daniel Lee, Jochem Struppe, Douglas W. Elliott, Leonard J. Mueller and Jeremy J. Titman

Supplementary Information

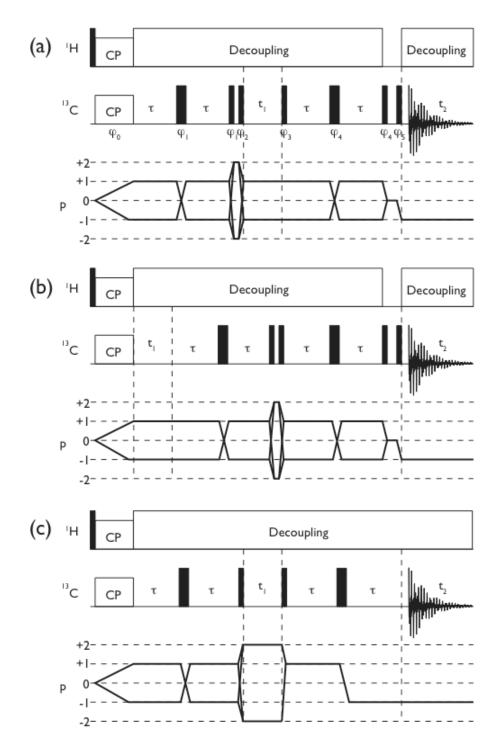


Fig. S1. Pulse sequences used to record (a) SAR-COSY (b) UC2QF-COSY and (c) refocused INADEQUATE scalar correlation spectra with the corresponding coherence transfer pathways for carbon-13. Narrow and wide filled vertical bars represent $\pi/2$ and π pulses, respectively.

Phase	Cycle																															
φ ₀	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
φ1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
φ ₂	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
φ3	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
ϕ_4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
φ5	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
ϕ_{rec}	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3

 Table S2. Reduced phase cycle for recording SAR-COSY scalar correlation spectra. The labels for the pulse phases refer to Figure S1. A phase of 1 corresponds to 90° and so on.