

Supporting information

for

Different Electronic Structures and Spectroscopic Properties of Cationic $[M(\text{ppy})_2(\text{N}^{\wedge}\text{N})]^+$ ($M=\text{Rh}, \text{Ir}$; $\text{N}^{\wedge}\text{N}=\text{Hcmbpy},$ H_2dcbpy), A DFT Study

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Table S1. Partial molecular orbital compositions (%) for **Rh1** in the ground state.

MO	energy (eV)	compositions (%)						bond type
		Rh	ppy	bpy	COOH	CH ₃		
150a	-3.7827	2.2/1.7 p_z	1.0	91.8	1.7	3.3	π^* (bpy)	
149a	-3.9457	4.9/2.4 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	86.1	8.8			π^* (ppy)	
148a	-4.0091	4.9/2.4 d_{yz}	92.1	4.9			π^* (ppy)	
147a	-4.4553			89.5	9.6		π^* (bpy)	
146a(L)	-5.1228	2.6/1.5 d_{yz}		86.4	10.1		π^* (bpy)	
<i>HOMO-LUMO gap (3.0281eV)</i>								
145a(H)	-8.1509	30.4/4.2 d_{xy} +5.2 d_{xz} +8.9 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ +9.0 d_{z^2}	67.6	2.0			d(Rh)+ π (ppy)	
144a	-8.5095	1.6	96.7	1.6			π (ppy)	
143a	-8.7387	5.5/2.8 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ +2.2 d_{z^2}	93.8				π (ppy)	
142a	-8.8298	3.0/2.4 d_{yz}	95.1	1.8			π (ppy)	
141a	-9.2590	61.1/37.1 d_{xy} +10.7 d_{xz} +10.1 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	34.2	4.4			d(Rh)+ π (ppy)	

TableS2. Partial molecular orbital compositions (%) for **Ir2** in the ground state.

MO	energy (eV)	Ir	compositions (%)				bond type
			ppy	bpy	COOH	CH ₃	
150a	-3.8999	3.9/1.4 d_{z^2}	54.7	36.0	4.0	1.3	$\pi^*(ppy)+\pi^*(bpy)$
149a	-3.9500	4.8/1.5 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	24.0	65.9	3.3	1.9	$\pi^*(ppy)+\pi^*(bpy)$
148a	-4.0009	4.7/2.6 d_{yz}	80.4	4.7			$\pi^*(ppy)$
147a	-4.5696			88.7	11.2		$\pi^*(bpy)$
146a(L)	-5.2510	4.1/2.7 d_{yz}		82.6	10.0		$\pi^*(bpy)$
<i>HOMO-LUMO gap (2.5875eV)</i>							
145a(H)	-7.8385	34.0/4.7 d_{xy} +6.1 d_{xz} +9.4 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ +10.1 d_{z^2}	63.2	2.7			d (Ir)+ $\pi(ppy)$
144a	-8.4470	4.0/1.6 d_{yz}	94.2	1.7			$\pi(ppy)$
143a	-8.6222	14.4/5.7 d_{xy} +4.7 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ +3.1 d_{z^2}	85.4	1.1			$\pi(ppy)$
142a	-8.7381	10.5/7.8 d_{yz}	87.7	1.7			$\pi(ppy)$
141a	-8.9087	50.1/31.5 d_{xy} +8.3 d_{xz} +7.1 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	46.4	3.6			d (Ir)+ $\pi(ppy)$

Table S3 Partial molecular orbital compositions (%) for **Rh3** in the ground state.

MO	energy (eV)	compositions (%)				bond type
		Rh	ppy	bpy	COOH	
157a	-4.0273	4.8/2.5 d_{yz}	92.5	2.6		π^* (ppy)
156b	-4.0991	5.1/1.8 d_{xz} + 1.7 d_{yz}	92.0	3.9		π^* (ppy)
155b	-4.5500			91.2	7.6	π^* (ppy)
154a	-4.7497		2.8	73.0	26.4	π^* (bpy)
153b(L)	-5.3957	3.0/2.2 d_{xz}	3.8	81.8	11.4	π^* (bpy)
<i>HOMO-LUMO gap (2.8636eV)</i>						
152a(H)	-8.2593	29.7/22.1 d_{xy} + 4.4 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ + 3.0 d_{z^2}	68.3	2.0		d (Rh)+ π (ppy)
151b	-8.5980	1.6/0.8 d_{yz}	96.8	1.6		π (ppy)
150a	-8.8271	5.3/2.8 d_{xy} + 1.6 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	94.1	0.6		π (ppy)
149b	-8.9185	2.6/1.9 d_{xz}	95.7	1.7		π (ppy)
148a	-9.3896	61.7/53.9 d_{z^2} + 7.2 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	34.8	3.5		d (Rh)+ π (ppy)

TableS4. Partial molecular orbital compositions (%) for **Ir4** in the ground state.

MO	energy (eV)	compositions (%)				bond type
		Ir	ppy	bpy	COOH	
157a	-4.0189	5.7/2.2 d_{xy} + 1.3 d_{z^2}	91.5	2.8		π^* (ppy)
156b	-4.0989	5.0/2.7 d_{xz}	91.1	3.9		π^* (ppy)
155b	-4.6480	1.4		93.2	7.8	π^* (bpy)
154a	-4.8670	1.2		74.2	25.3	π^* (bpy)
153b(L)	-5.5155	4.9/4.1 d_{xz}	3.5	81.2	10.4	π^* (bpy)
<i>HOMO-LUMO gap (2.4468eV)</i>						
152a(H)	-7.9623	33.2/24.3 d_{xy} + 4.7 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ + 3.9 d_{z^2}	64.2	2.6		d(Ir)+ π (ppy)
151b	-8.5455	3.4/2.6 d_{xz}	94.9	1.7		π (ppy)
150a	-8.7264	11.1/6.2 d_{z^2} + 3.2 $d_{x^2-y^2}$ + 1.6 d_{xy}	87.6	1.3		d(Ir)+ π (ppy)
149b	-8.8434	7.0/6.6 d_{xz}	91.7	1.3		π (ppy)
148a	-9.0516	53.9/45.6 d_{z^2} + 7.8 $d_{x^2-y^2}$	43.1	3.0		d(Ir)+ π (ppy)

Table S5. Single-electron transitions according to TDDFT calculations for the absorption of the complexes in acetonitrile

	state	energy (eV)	major contribution	character	exptl ²⁰
Ir2	T ₁	583/2.12	HOMO→LUMO(100%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)→π [*] (bpy)/MLCT/LLCT	
	T ₂	452/2.75	HOMO-2→LUMO(47%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)→π [*] (bpy)/MLCT/LLCT	467
	T ₃	445/2.78	HOMO-4→LUMO(35%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)→π [*] (bpy)/MLCT/LLCT	
	T ₄	440/2.82	HOMO-1→LUMO(65%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)→π [*] (ppy)/MLCT/ILCT	
	T ₅	437/2.84	HOMO→LUMO+3(35%)	π(ppy)→π [*] (ppy)/LLCT	
Ir4	T ₁	681/1.82	HOMO-1→LUMO+2(22%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)+π(bpy)→π [*] (ppy)/MLCT/ILCT/LLCT	
	T ₂	536/2.31	HOMO→LUMO(100%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)→π [*] (bpy)/MLCT/LLCT	
	T ₃	486/2.55	HOMO-4→LUMO(28%)	(Ir)+π(ppy)+π(bpy)→π [*] (bpy)/MLCT/ILCT/LLCT	
	T ₄	459/2.70	HOMO-2→LUMO(50%)	d (Ir)+π(ppy)→π [*] (ppy)/LLCT	457
	T ₅	457/2.71	HOMO-1→LUMO(49%)	(Ir)+π(ppy)+π(bpy)→π [*] (bpy)/MLCT/ILCT/LLCT	
			HOMO-3→LUMO(33%)	π(ppy)→π [*] (ppy)/LLCT	

Table S6. Partial molecular orbital compositions (%) of the complexes in the excited states under the TDDFT calculations.

MO	energy (eV)	composition (%)				bond type
		M(M=Rh or Ir)	ppy	bpy	COOH	
Rh1 146(H)	-5.67	6.8	14.9	71.4	6.1	π^* (ppy+bpy)
145(H-1)	-9.03	3.2	5.1	90.5	1.1	π^* (bpy)
Ir2 146(H)	-5.70	3.2	3.1	86.6	5.7	π^* (bpy)
145(H-1)	-8.95	33.2	52.4	14.3		$d(\text{Ir})+\pi(\text{ppy}+\text{bpy})$
Rh3 153(H)	-5.70	3.2	5.3	83.1	8.4	π^* (bpy)
152(H-1)	-9.09	0.6	0.3	98.1	1.0	$\pi(\text{bpy})$
Ir4 153(H)	-5.98	3.4	3.1	85.8	7.6	π^* (bpy)
152(H-1)	-9.07	30.8	62.9	4.7		$d(\text{Ir}) + \pi(\text{ppy})$

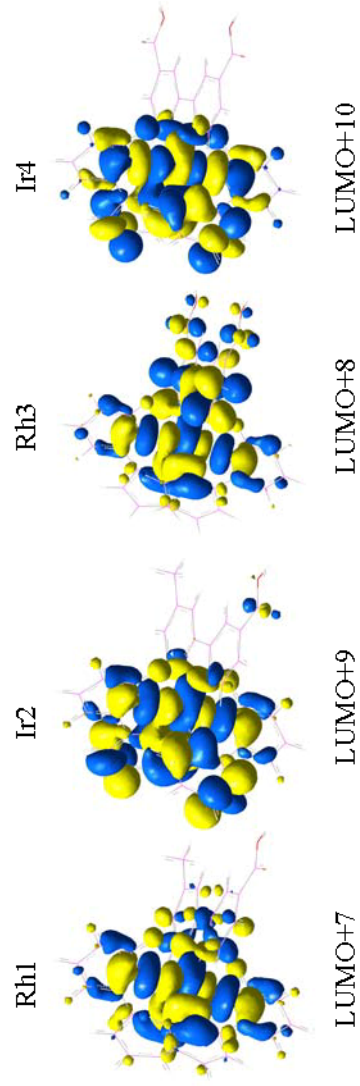


Fig. S1 The calculated d(M, M=Rh or Ir)-based e_g^* -like orbital of the complexes.

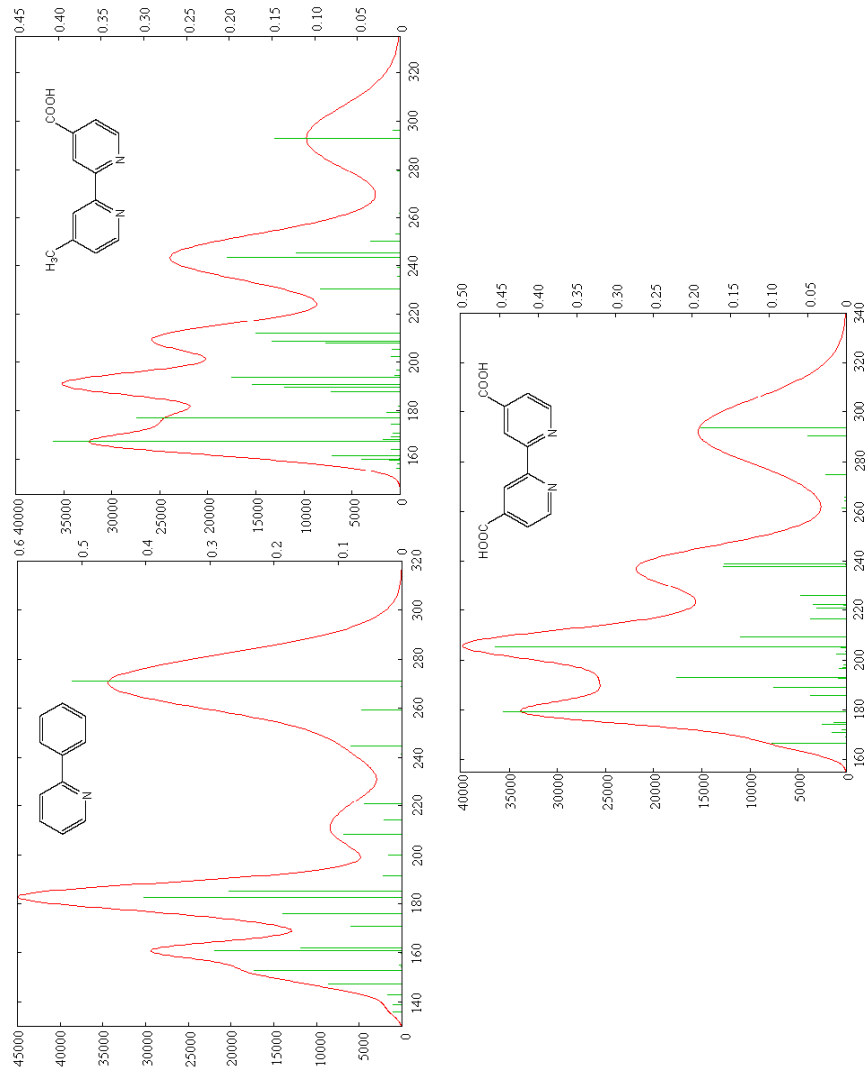


Fig.S2 The simulated absorption spectra of isolated ligands in acetonitrile media.