

Electronic Supplementary Information

The permittivity of thermodynamically ideal liquid mixtures and the excess relative permittivity of binary dielectrics

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Table S1. Experimental density  $\rho$  and relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r$  of the pure liquids at different temperatures

Compound	$T/K$	$\rho/\text{g cm}^{-3}$	$\epsilon_r$	
Tetraglyme	283.15	1.02108	8.16	
	288.15	1.01586	8.04	15
	298.15	1.00703	7.81	
	308.15	0.99743	7.53	
	328.15	0.97930	7.08	20
Hexane	288.15	0.66387	1.909	
	308.15	0.64572	1.879	25
	328.15	0.62685	1.850	
Cyclohexane	283.15	0.78787	2.056	
	288.15	0.78329	2.049	30
	308.15	0.76438	2.018	
Benzene	288.15	0.88424	2.316	
	298.15	0.87358	2.296	35

Table S2. Experimental values of relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r$ , excess relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r^E$  and inverse vertical asymptote  $1/p$  for mixtures tetraglyme(A)–hexane(B) as a function of mole fraction  $x_A$  and ideal volume fraction  $\phi_A^{\text{id}}$  at different temperatures  $T$

$x_A$	$\phi_A^{\text{id}}$	$\epsilon_r$	$\epsilon_r^E$	$1/p$	$x_A$	$\phi_A^{\text{id}}$	$\epsilon_r$	$\epsilon_r^E$	$1/p$
$T = 288.15 \text{ K}$									
0.0478	0.0782	2.167	-0.221	0.482	0.5988	0.7156	5.663	-0.633	0.372
0.0965	0.1526	2.453	-0.391	0.459	0.6935	0.7923	6.264	-0.502	0.357
0.1946	0.2894	3.051	-0.632	0.438	0.7974	0.8690	6.925	-0.312	0.322
0.2954	0.4141	3.701	-0.747	0.416	0.9000	0.9382	7.509	-0.152	0.305
0.3901	0.5188	4.313	-0.777	0.402	0.9520	0.9710	7.769	-0.093	0.353
0.4920	0.6201	4.990	-0.721	0.381					
$T = 308.15 \text{ K}$									
0.0480	0.0777	2.120	-0.197	0.469	0.5972	0.7123	5.423	-0.481	0.320
0.0999	0.1564	2.390	-0.373	0.464	0.6952	0.7920	5.988	-0.367	0.300
0.1942	0.2870	2.984	-0.516	0.396	0.7939	0.8655	6.534	-0.236	0.274
0.2970	0.4137	3.639	-0.578	0.359	0.9023	0.9391	7.097	-0.089	0.219
0.3958	0.5224	4.242	-0.589	0.343	0.9532	0.9714	7.349	-0.019	0.108
0.4897	0.6157	4.798	-0.560	0.333					
$T = 328.15 \text{ K}$									
0.0491	0.0786	2.113	-0.148	0.379	0.6000	0.7124	5.216	-0.360	0.271
0.1013	0.1569	2.402	-0.268	0.365	0.6943	0.7895	5.700	-0.279	0.256
0.1917	0.2814	2.900	-0.422	0.359	0.7995	0.8681	6.245	-0.145	0.200
0.2996	0.4139	3.518	-0.497	0.337	0.8941	0.9331	6.683	-0.047	0.127
0.3912	0.5148	4.047	-0.495	0.317	0.9523	0.9706	6.894	-0.032	0.177
0.4987	0.6216	4.664	-0.437	0.291					

**Table S3.** Experimental values of relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r$ , excess relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r^E$  and inverse vertical asymptote  $1/p$  for mixtures tetraglyme(A)–cyclohexane(B) as a function of mole fraction  $x_A$  and ideal volume fraction  $\phi_A^{id}$  at different temperatures  $T$

$x_A$	$\phi_A^{id}$	$\epsilon_r$	$\epsilon_r^E$	$1/p$	$x_A$	$\phi_A^{id}$	$\epsilon_r$	$\epsilon_r^E$	$1/p$
$T = 283.15$ K									
0.0505	0.0978	2.393	-0.260	0.461	0.6000	0.7535	6.119	-0.536	0.349
0.0985	0.1821	2.727	-0.441	0.446	0.6986	0.8253	6.679	-0.414	0.339
0.1945	0.3298	3.422	-0.655	0.418	0.8018	0.8918	7.210	-0.290	0.342
0.2999	0.4661	4.160	-0.741	0.397	0.9004	0.9485	7.720	-0.126	0.302
0.3980	0.5740	4.826	-0.734	0.384	0.9505	0.9751	7.960	-0.048	0.246
0.4990	0.6699	5.498	-0.647	0.363					
$T = 288.15$ K									
0.0496	0.0961	2.375	-0.250	0.459	0.6041	0.7565	6.040	-0.541	0.358
0.1010	0.1862	2.722	-0.442	0.446	0.7039	0.8288	6.610	-0.404	0.341
0.1981	0.3347	3.408	-0.646	0.417	0.8061	0.8944	7.130	-0.277	0.340
0.3021	0.4685	4.140	-0.716	0.392	0.9018	0.9492	7.610	-0.136	0.333
0.4007	0.5766	4.789	-0.714	0.381	0.9542	0.9770	7.870	-0.032	0.193
0.4980	0.6689	5.410	-0.646	0.367					
$T = 308.15$ K									
0.0517	0.0994	2.330	-0.236	0.457	0.5982	0.7508	5.650	-0.507	0.359
0.0981	0.1804	2.620	-0.392	0.442	0.7001	0.8253	6.170	-0.397	0.354
0.1973	0.3322	3.260	-0.589	0.415	0.8024	0.8915	6.670	-0.262	0.342
0.2941	0.4575	3.870	-0.669	0.400	0.9009	0.9485	7.120	-0.126	0.324
0.3975	0.5718	4.510	-0.660	0.382	0.9537	0.9766	7.340	-0.061	0.329
0.4946	0.6645	5.080	-0.601	0.369					

<sup>45</sup> **Table S4.** Experimental values of relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r$ , excess relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r^E$  and inverse vertical asymptote  $1/p$  for mixtures tetraglyme(A)–benzene(B) as a function of mole fraction  $x_A$  and ideal volume fraction  $\phi_A^{id}$  at different temperatures  $T$

$x_A$	$\phi_A^{id}$	$\epsilon_r$	$\epsilon_r^E$	$1/p$	$x_A$	$\phi_A^{id}$	$\epsilon_r$	$\epsilon_r^E$	$1/p$
$T = 288.15$ K									
0.0479	0.1108	2.724	-0.227	0.385	0.6072	0.7929	6.492	-0.363	0.296
0.1025	0.2205	3.177	-0.402	0.375	0.7031	0.8543	6.970	-0.236	0.258
0.2044	0.3889	3.959	-0.583	0.367	0.7904	0.9033	7.360	-0.126	0.205
0.3053	0.5212	4.685	-0.614	0.351	0.9012	0.9576	7.843	0.046	-0.244
0.4045	0.6272	5.330	-0.576	0.339	0.9492	0.9789	7.999	0.080	-1.993
0.5047	0.7162	5.940	-0.476	0.316	0.9507	0.9795	8.011	0.088	-3.098
$T = 298.15$ K									
0.0499	0.1148	2.702	-0.227	0.387	0.6041	0.7902	6.279	-0.374	0.309
0.1024	0.2197	3.134	-0.374	0.364	0.7059	0.8556	6.761	-0.253	0.282
0.2000	0.3816	3.870	-0.530	0.352	0.8065	0.9114	7.229	-0.093	0.176
0.3089	0.5246	4.620	-0.568	0.339	0.8935	0.9539	7.515	-0.041	0.146
0.4045	0.6264	5.190	-0.560	0.341	0.9512	0.9796	7.730	0.032	-0.408
0.5048	0.7156	5.770	-0.472	0.323					

<sup>50</sup> **Table S5.** Values of inverse vertical asymptote  $1/p$  for Wiener's lower bound,  $(r_{A/B} - 1)/r_{A/B}$ , and Hashin–Shtrikman's lower,  $(r_{A/B} - 1)/(r_{A/B} + 2)$ , and upper,  $(r_{A/B} - 1)/3r_{A/B}$ , bounds of the experimental systems

	tetraglyme(A)–hexane(B) at			tetraglyme(A)–cyclohexane(B) at			tetraglyme(A)–benzene(B) at	
$1/p$	288.15 K	308.15 K	328.15 K	283.15 K	288.15 K	308.15 K	288.15 K	298.15K
$(r_{A/B} - 1)/r_{A/B}$	0.763	0.750	0.739	0.748	0.745	0.732	0.712	0.706
$(r_{A/B} - 1)/(r_{A/B} + 2)$	0.517	0.501	0.485	0.497	0.494	0.477	0.452	0.445
$(r_{A/B} - 1)/3r_{A/B}$	0.254	0.250	0.246	0.249	0.248	0.244	0.237	0.253