

Polymorphism and chiral expression in two-dimensional subphthalocyanine crystals on Au(111)

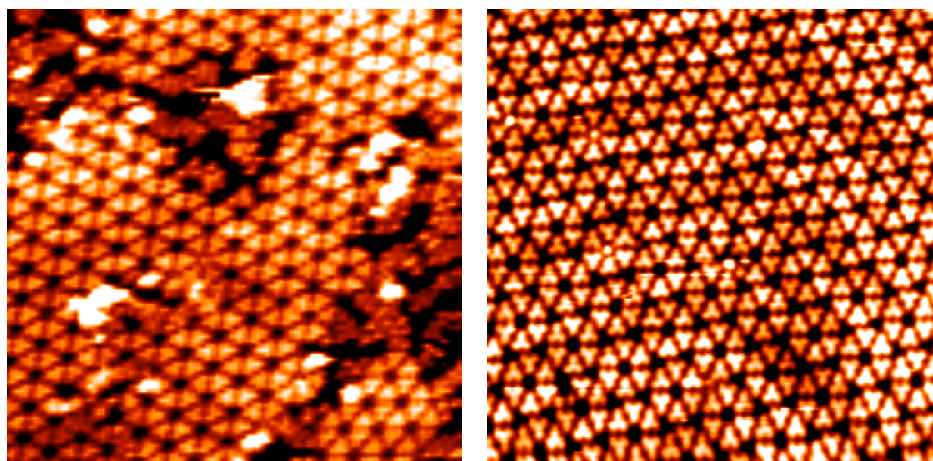
Nan Jiang,^a Yeliang Wang,^a Qi Liu,^a Yuyang Zhang,^a Zhitao Deng, Karl-Heinz Ernst^{*b} and Hong-Jun Gao^{*a}

^a Beijing National Laboratory of Condensed Matter Physics, Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100190, PR China.

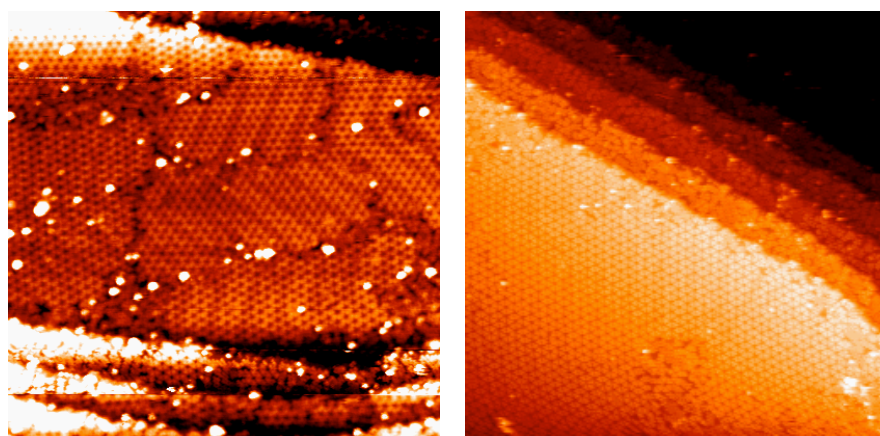
^b Nanoscale Materials Science Laboratory, Empa - Swiss Federal Laboratories for Materials Research (EMPA), Überlandstrasse 129, CH-8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland.

E-mail: : hjgao@iphy.ac.cn; karl-heinz.ernst@empa.ch

A: Long-range STM images of diamond and intermediate phase



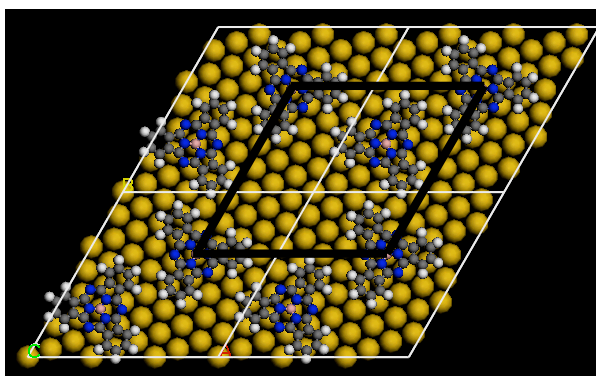
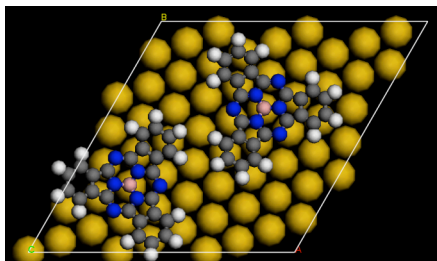
SFig. 1 STM images of the diamond structure (left, 32 nm x 32 nm, $V = -2$ V, $I = 0.1$ nA) and “intermediate” structure (right, 32 nm x 32 nm, $V = -2$ V, $I = 0.1$ nA) acquired from the same sample, but at different position on the surface.



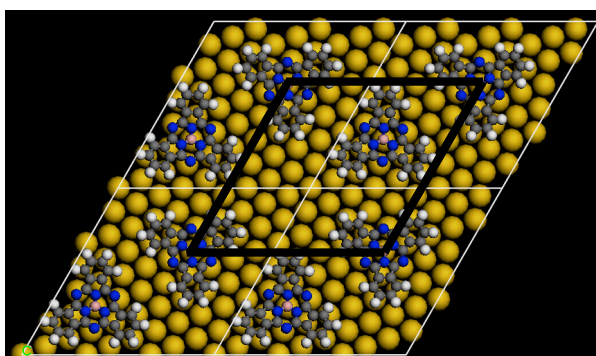
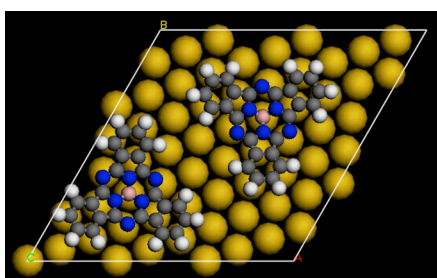
SFig. 2 STM images (100 nm x 100 nm, $U = 2$ V, $I = 100$ pA) of the diamond phase (left) and the intermediate phase (right) acquired from the same sample, but at different position on the surface. The diamond phase has many domains on a single terrace, while in the intermediate phase a whole terrace is covered by a single domain.

B: Unit cells of structures

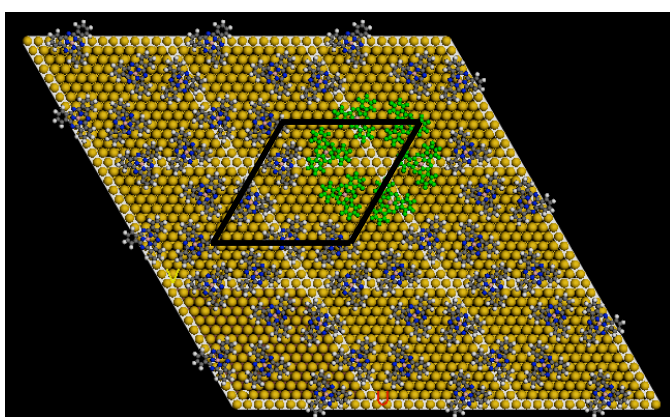
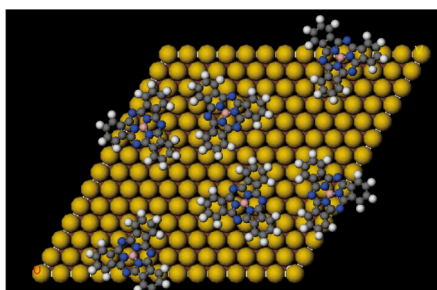
1. Honeycomb structure



2. Diamond structure



3. Intermediate structure



4. Hexagonal closed-packed (hcp) structure

