

Thermo-solvatochromism in binary mixtures of water and ionic liquids: On the relative importance of solvophobic interactions

Bruno M. Sato; Carolina G. de Oliveira; Clarissa T. Martins; Omar A. El Seoud,*

Institute of Chemistry, University of São Paulo,

P. O. Box 26077, 05513-970, São Paulo, S. P., Brazil; E-mail <elseoud@iq.usp.br>

Figures

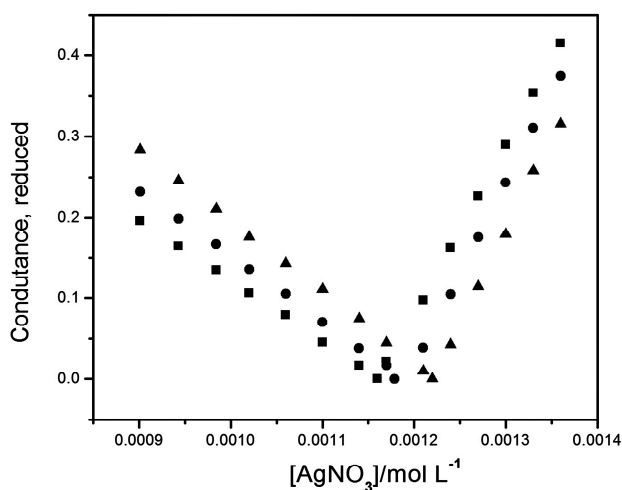


Figure ESI-1: Determination of log P of the IL by conductometric titration of the chloride ion in the aqueous phase by standardized AgNO₃ solution; the symbols employed are ▲; ●; ■, for the AlMeImCl, AlBuImCl, AlHxImCl, respectively

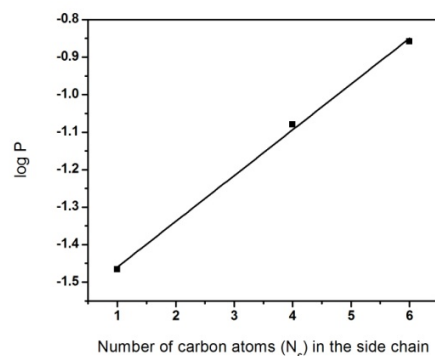


Figure ESI-2: Dependence of $\log P$ of the ILs on N_c , the number of carbon atoms in the R group of AlRImCl. The correspond equation is: $\log P = -1.582 + 0.122 N_c$; $r = 0.9968$

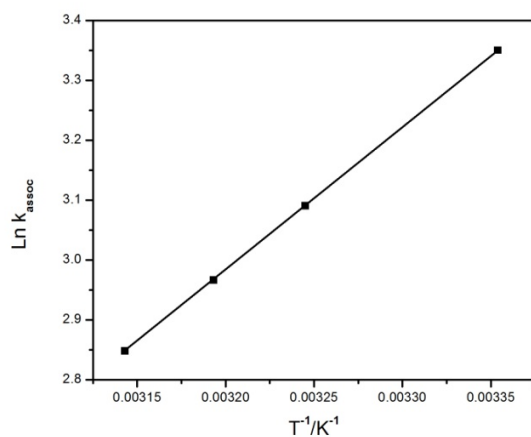


Figure ESI-3: Representative van't Hoff plot of the dependence of K_{assoc} of IL-W (AlBulmCl) on T . The corresponding equation is: $\ln K_{\text{assoc}} = -4.66 + 2387.94.T^{-1}$; $r = 0.9968$

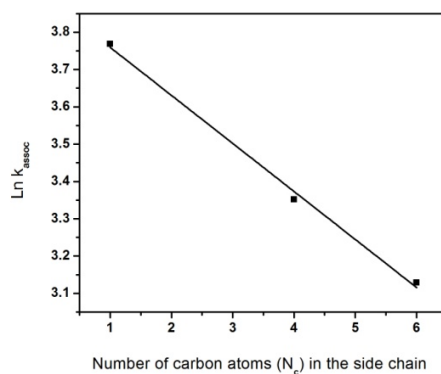
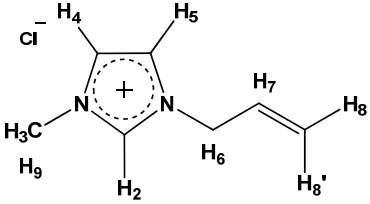
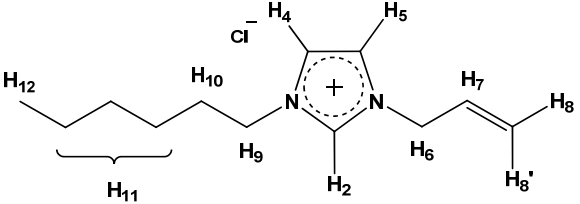


Figure ESI-4: Dependence of $\ln K_{\text{assoc}}$ on N_C , the number of carbon atoms in the alkyl group of the IL; at 25 °C The corresponding equation is: $\ln K_{\text{assoc}} = 3.8882 - 0.1287 \cdot N_C$; $r = 0.9930$.

Tables

Table ESI-1, Molecular structures and ^1H NMR spectral results of $\text{AlMeImCl}^{\text{a}}$ and $\text{AlHxImCl}^{\text{b}}$

				
	δ/ppm	J/Hz	δ/ppm	J/Hz
H2	9.400 (s)	-	10.829 (s)	-
H4	7.787 (t)	$J_{4-9} = 3.4$	7.468 (t)	$J_{4-9} = 3.2$
H5	7.807 (t)	$J_{4-5} = 1.5$	7.511 (t)	$J_{4-5} = 1.4$
H6	4.902 (d)	$J_{6-7} = 6.0$	5.076 (d)	$J_{6-7} = 6.4$
H7	6.124 to 5.993 (m)	$J_{7-8} = 10.2$	6.142 to 5.942 (m)	$J_{7-8} = 7.6$
H8	5.359 (dq)	$J_{8-8'} = 1.2$	5.552 (dq)	$J_{8-8'} = 0.6$
H8'	5.320 (dq)	$J_{7-8} = 15.0$	5.513 (dq)	$J_{7-8} = 13.2$
H9	3.901 (s)	-	4.348 (t)	$J_{9-10} = 7.4$
H10	-	-	1.933 (qt)	$J_{10-11} = 7.3$
H11	-	-	1.318 (ls)	$J_{11-12} = 6.8$
H12	-	-	0.874 (t)	-

a- At 300 MHz and 25 °C, solvent DMSO reference TMS. The following abbreviations were employed for peak multiplicity: d, doublet; dq, double quartet, ls, large singlet, m, multiplet, q, quintet, s, singlet; and t, triplet, respectively

b- At 200 MHz and 25 °C, solvent CDCl_3 reference TMS

Table ESI-2

Dependence of the association constant of the IL-W complex solvent on T

Binary mixture	Temperature, °C	K_{assoc} , L mol ⁻¹
AlMeImCl/W	25	43.30
	35	37.73
	40	35.32
	45	33.15
	60 ^a	27.69
AlBulmCl/W	10 ^a	43.63
	25	28.55
	35	22.00
	40	19.44
	45	17.26
	60 ^a	12.30
AlHxImCl/W	10 ^a	36.54
	25	22.83
	35	17.16
	40	14.93
	45	13.09
	60 ^a	9.01

a- Values calculate by using the van't Hoff equation plot.