## Preparation of protic ionic liquids with minimal water content and <sup>15</sup>N NMR study of proton transfer.

## **Supplementary information**

Geoffrey L. Burrell \* Iko M. Burgar<sup>†</sup> Frances Separovic<sup>‡</sup> Noel F. Dunlop<sup>§</sup>

November 23, 2009

<sup>\*</sup>School of Chemistry, The University of Melbourne, Melbourne, VIC 3010, Australia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>CSIRO Materials Science & Engineering, Clayton, VIC 3169, Australia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>School of Chemistry, The University of Melbourne, Melbourne, VIC 3010, Australia, E-mail: fs@unimelb.edu.au

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>§</sup>Orica Ltd., Melbourne, VIC 3002, Australia



Figure 1: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of (HOEt)<sub>2</sub>NH.AcOH - full spectrum.

Ν



Figure 2: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of (HOEt)<sub>2</sub>NH.AcOH - carboxylic acid carbon.



Figure 3: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of (HOEt)<sub>2</sub>NH.AcOH - (HOEt)<sub>2</sub>NH ethyl chain, -CH<sub>2</sub>N ~60 ppm, OCH<sub>2</sub>- ~52 ppm.



Figure 4: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of (HOEt)<sub>2</sub>NH.AcOH - AcOH methyl group.