Supporting Information



Figure S1: The lowest energy isomers of Ag₂Au₃CO⁺ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer V shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S2: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_2Au_3(CO)_2^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer V shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.

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Figure S3: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_2Au_3(CO)_3^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer II shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S4: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_2Au_3(CO)_4^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer III shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.

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Figure S5: The lowest energy isomers of Ag₂Au₃(CO)₅⁺ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set.

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Figure S6: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_3Au_2^+$ obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. All other isomers are more than 0.2 eV less stable.



Figure S7: The lowest energy isomers of Ag₃Au₂CO⁺ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set.



Figure S8: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_3Au_2(CO)_2^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer V shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S9: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_3Au_2(CO)_3^+$ within 0.15 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer IV shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S10: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_3Au_2(CO)_4^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer II shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.







Figure S12: The lowest energy isomers of Ag_4AuCO^+ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer III shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S13: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_4Au(CO)_2^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer III shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S14: The lowest energy isomers of $Ag_4Au(CO)_3^+$ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set.



Figure S15: The lowest energy isomers of Ag₄Au(CO)₄⁺ within 0.13 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set. Notice that isomer III shown in window is used in Fig. 5 to illustrate the sequential adsorption of CO.



Figure S16: The lowest energy isomers of Ag₄Au(CO)₅⁺ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set.



Figure S17: The lowest energy isomers of Ag₄Au(CO)₆⁺ within 0.1 eV obtained from DFT with B3LYP functional and TZVP atomic basis set.