

Supplementary Information

Experimental and theoretical determination of adsorption heats of CO₂ over alkali metal exchanged ferrierites with different Si/Al ratio

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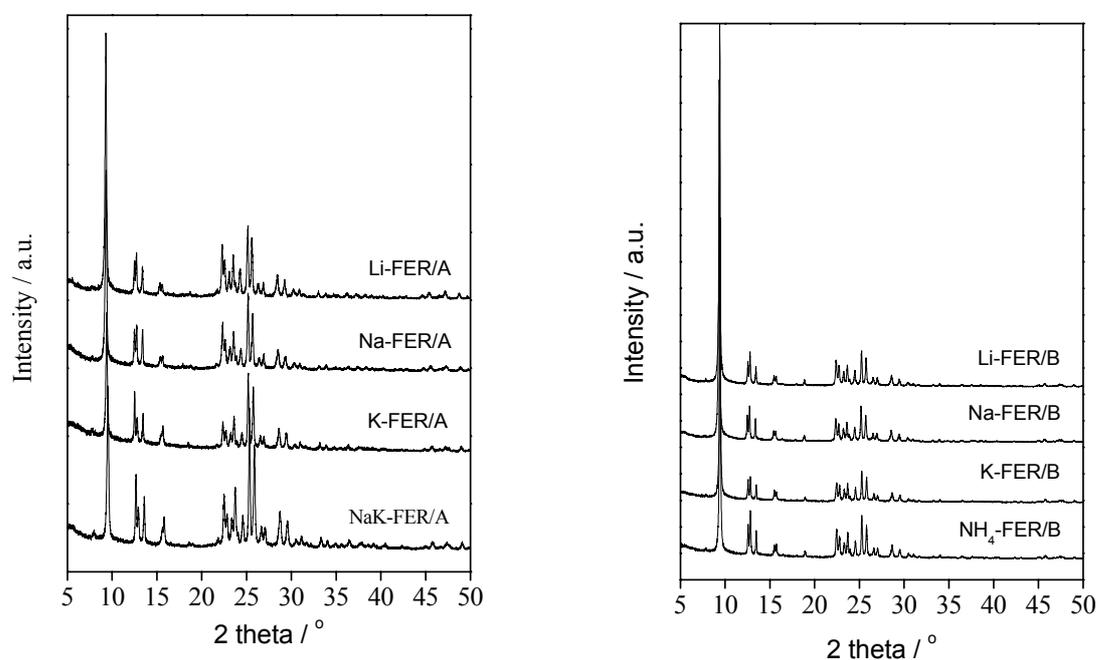


Fig. S1. X-ray diffraction patterns of parent ferrierites and their alkali forms obtained after the complete ion exchange.

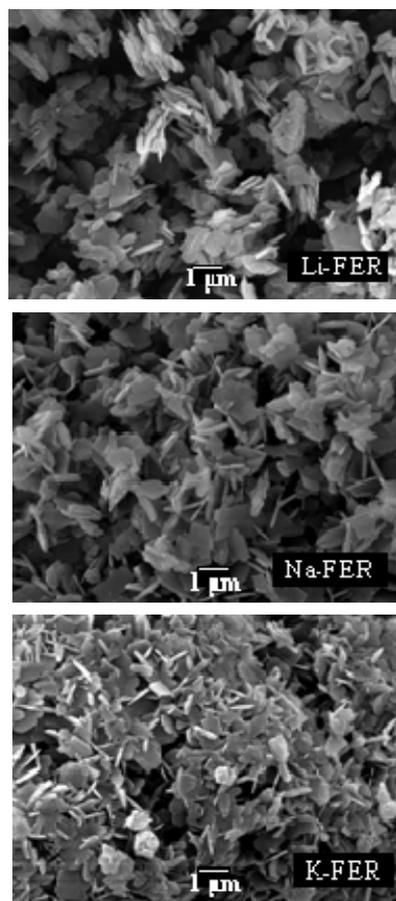


Fig. S2. Scanning electron micrographs of Li-, Na- and K-FER/A.

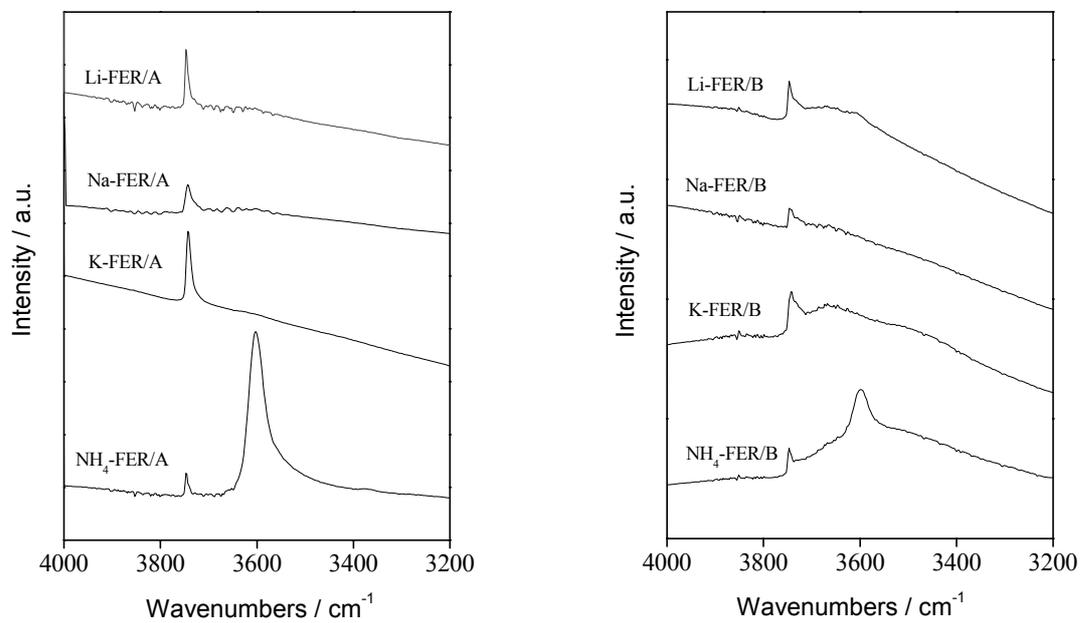


Fig. S3. FTIR spectra of the protonic forms of FER/A and FER/B and their respective alkali metal exchanged forms.

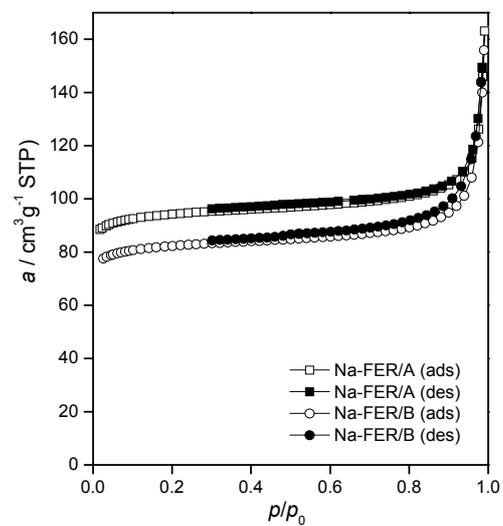


Fig. S4. Adsorption isotherms of nitrogen on Na-FER/A and Na-FER/B at 77 K. (Adsorption isotherm for the sample Na-FER/A is offset vertically by $10 \text{ cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1} \text{STP}$.)

Supplementary Material for PCCP

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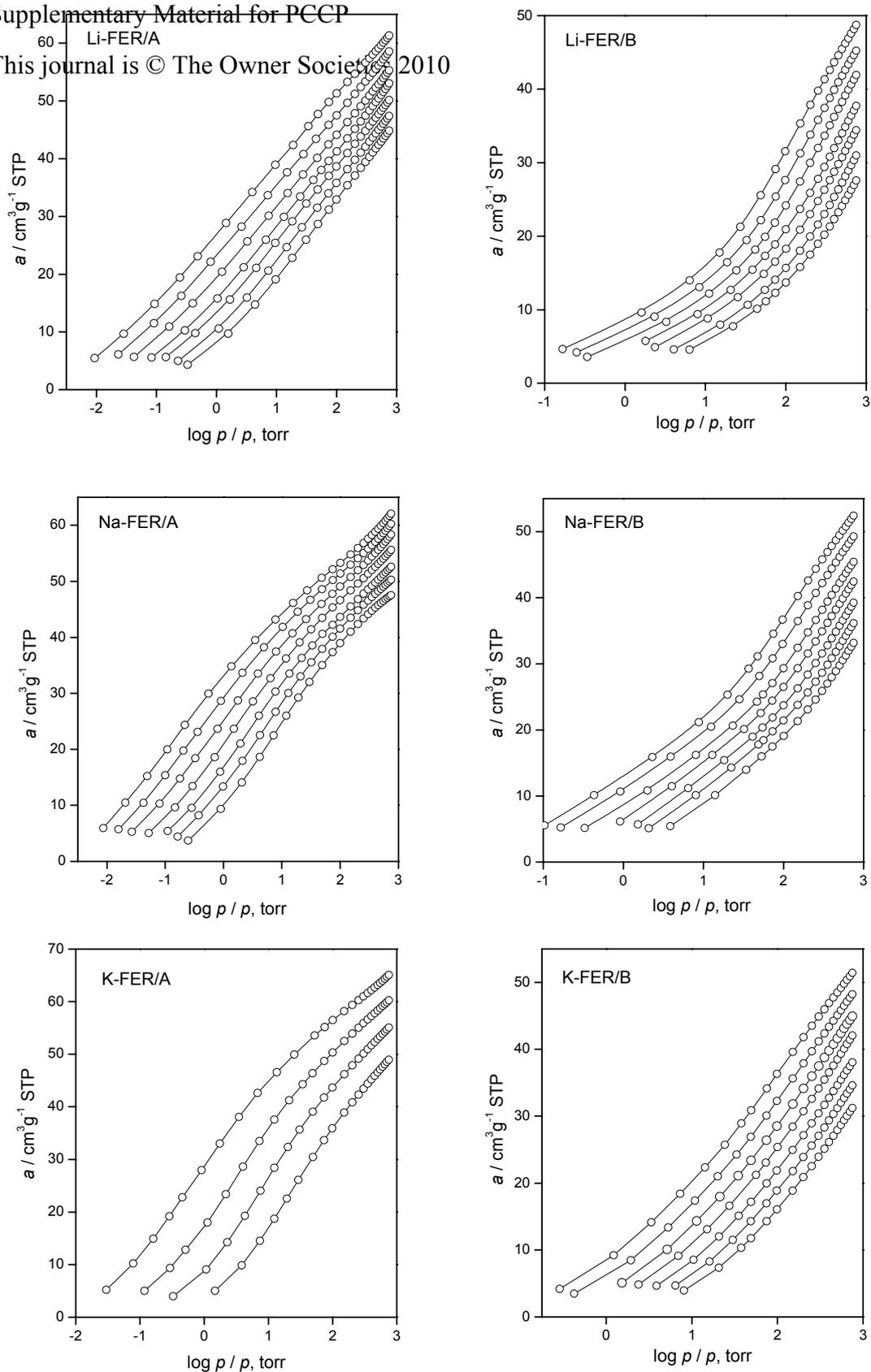


Fig. S5. Adsorption isotherms of carbon dioxide for Li-, Na- and K-FER at 273, 283, 293, 303, 313, 323 and 333 K (in the direction from left to right) in semilogarithmic coordinates. (CO_2 isotherms on the sample K-FER/A were measured at four temperatures only.)

Table S1. Calculated characteristics of CO₂ adsorption complexes on Na-FER.

| Na ⁺ siting ^a | D(Na ⁺ —O) ^b | CO ₂ /uc | $\Delta\omega_3^c$ | $\Delta E_{\text{int}}^{\text{DFT}}$ ^d | $\Delta Z\text{PVE}^d$ | $\Delta E^{\text{DFT/CC}}$ ^d | $-\Delta H_{\text{ads}}^0$ ^d |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|---|---|
| <i>Single cation sites</i> | | | | | | | |
| P6/T1 | 2.33 | 1 | 19 | -23 | 1 | -20 | 42 |
| I2/T2 | 2.34 | 1 | 16 | -29 | 2 | -18 | 45 |
| M7/T3 | 2.36 | 1 | 12 | -29 | 2 | -20 | 47 |
| I2/T4 | 2.34 | 1 | 19 | -28 | 2 | -18 | 44 |
| P8/T4 | 2.31 | 1 | | -26 | 1 | -19 | 44 |
| M5/T4 | 2.37 | 1 | 17 | -28 | 2 | -20 | 46 |
| <i>Dual cation sites</i> | | | | | | | |
| P6/T1..P6T1 (7.6) | 2.33 / 3.06 | 1 | | -25 | 1 | -22 | 46 |
| I2/T2..I2/T2 (7.3) | 2.47 / 2.50 | 1 | 30 | -40 | 2 | -17 | 55 |
| M7/T3..P8/T2 (7.4) | 2.58 / 3.01 | 1 | 10 | -32 | 2 | -28 | 58 |
| I2/T4..M5/T4 (6.2) | 2.34 / 2.48 | 1 | | -35 | 2 | -23 | 56 |
| M5/T4..I2/T2 (6.8) | 2.37 / 2.50 | 1 | 26 | -37 | 2 | -22 | 57 |
| <i>Geminal CO₂ complexes</i> | | | | | | | |
| P6/T1 | 2.44, 2.51 | 2 | | -16 | 3 | -20 | 33 |
| I2/T2 | 2.37, 2.38 | 2 | 17, 12 | -24 | 3 | -18 | 39 |
| M7/T3 | 2.40, 2.42 | 2 | 15, 5 | -21 | 1 | -20 | 40 |
| I2/T4 | 2.37, 2.37 | 2 | | -25 | 2 | -18 | 41 |
| M5/T4 | 2.33, 3.95 | 2 | | -11 | 3 | -29 | 37 |

^a Distance between two M⁺ cations forming a dual cation site are given in parentheses (in Å).^b Distance between M⁺ and oxygen atoms of CO₂; distances for both CO₂ oxygen atoms to the closest M⁺ are given in the case of dual cation sites.^c CO₂ asymmetric frequency shift with respect to gas phase CO₂ (2365 cm⁻¹ at periodic PBE level), in cm⁻¹.^d In kJ/mol.