

Section 1- Single Atom Scattering Calibration

Calibration for single atom scattering, particularly inelastic scattering of hydrogen, was performed by subtracting a stretched exponential in real-space (i.e. in $S(Q)$ against $r(\text{\AA})$ as opposed to in $S(Q)$ against $Q(\text{\AA}^{-1})$) and through the top-hat convolution correction.

Table 1- Calibration for single atom scattering function parameters for the IL systems as performed in GUDRUN software.

IL System	Stretched Exponential Parameters			Top Hat width
	Amplitude	Decay const.	Scaling Const.	
H-EAN	8.0	3.0	0.75	0.3
d_3 -EAN	8.0	3.0	0.9	0.3
d_8 -EAN	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.3
H-EtAN	8.0	3.0	1.1	0.3
d_3 -EtAN	4.5	3.0	0.9	0.3
d_8 -EtAN	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.3

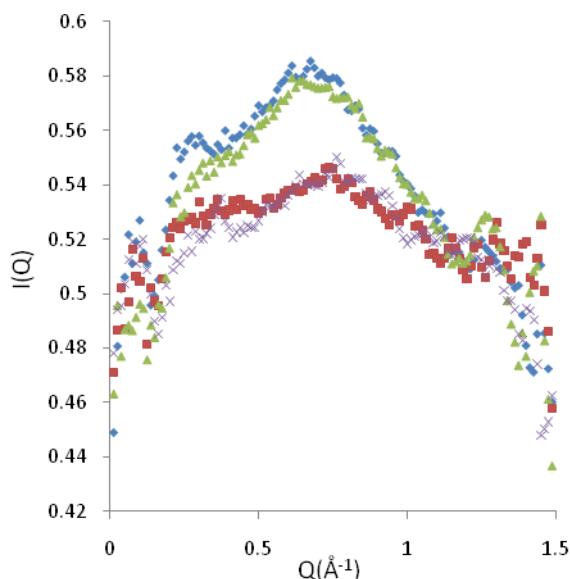
Section 2

Figure 1- Small angle neutron scattering spectra on the LoQ instrument at ISIS for partially deuterated analogues of ethylammonium nitrate (EAN) and ethanolammonium nitrate (EtAN) at 298K and 333K. d_3 -EAN at 298K (blue diamonds), d_3 -EAN at 333K (green triangles), d_4 -EtAN at 298K (red squares) and d_4 -EtAN 333K

Section 3- Partial Radial Distribution Functions

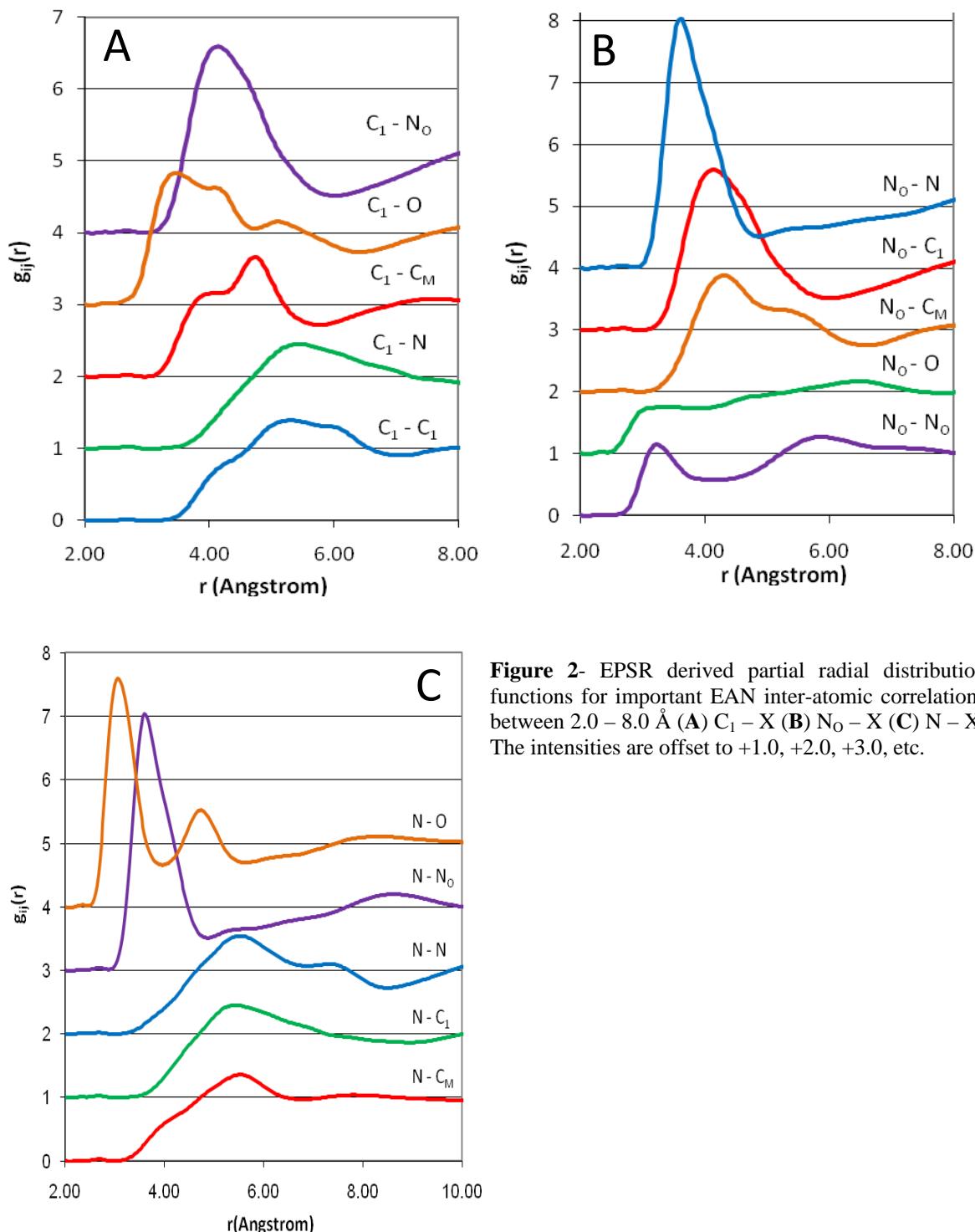


Figure 2- EPSR derived partial radial distribution functions for important EAN inter-atomic correlations between 2.0 – 8.0 Å (**A**) $C_1 - X$ (**B**) $N_O - X$ (**C**) $N - X$. The intensities are offset to +1.0, +2.0, +3.0, etc.

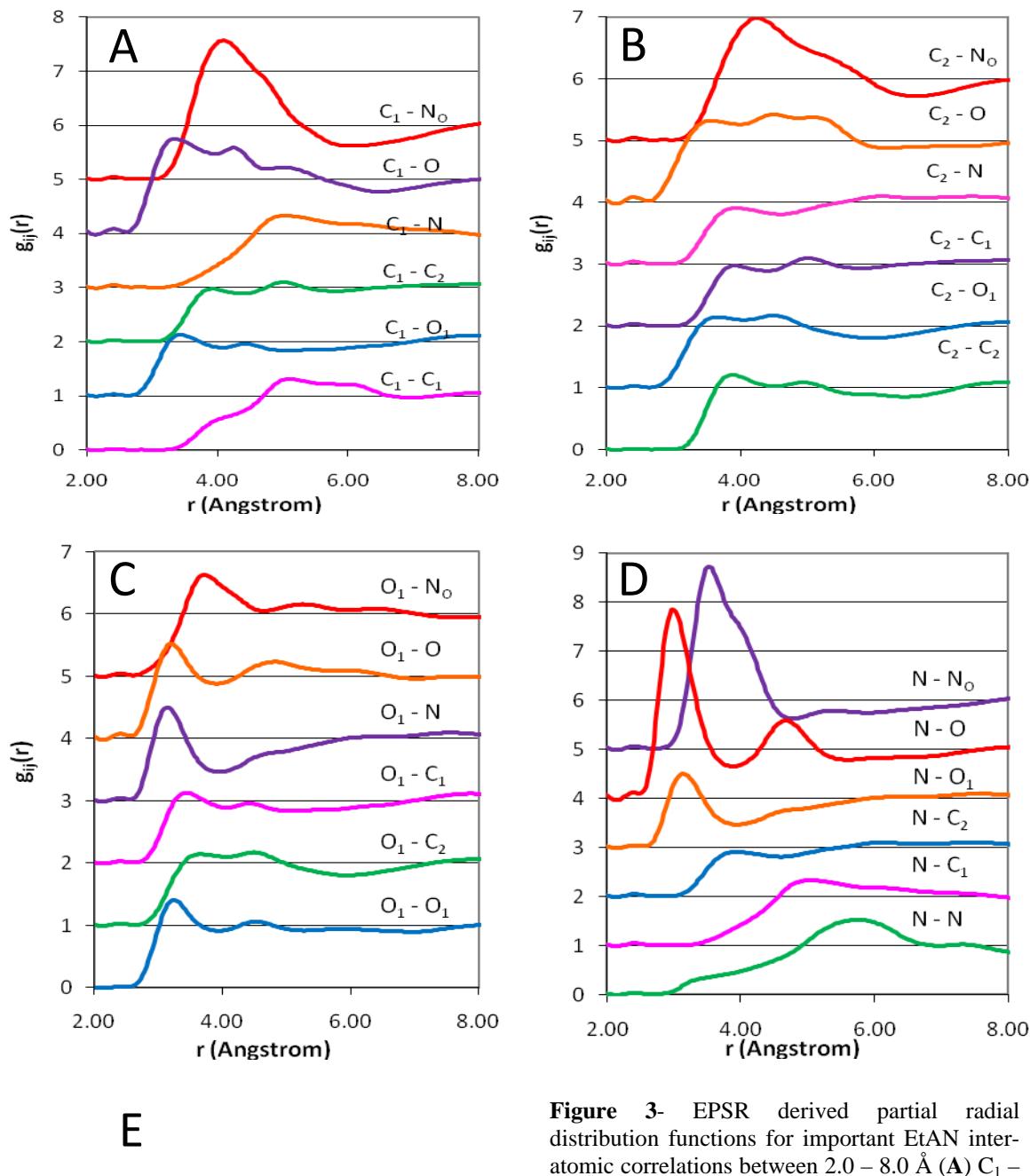


Figure 3- EPSR derived partial radial distribution functions for important EtAN interatomic correlations between 2.0 – 8.0 Å (A) $C_1 - X$ (B) $C_2 - X$ (C) $O_1 - X$ (D) $N - X$ (E) $N_O - X$. The intensities are offset to +1.0, +2.0, +3.0, etc.

