Exploring the Thermochromism of Sulfite-Embedded Polyoxometalate Capsules

Ryo Tsunashima,^a De-Liang Long,^a Toru Endo,^b Shin-ichiro Noro,^{b,c} Tomoyuki Akutagawa,^{b,c} Takayoshi Nakamura,^{b,c} Raul Quesada Cabrera,^d Paul F. McMillan,^d Paul Kögerler,^e and Leroy Cronin^{*,a}

- ^a WestCHEM, Department of Chemistry, University of Glasgow, Joseph Black Building, University Avenue, Glasgow G12 8QQ, U.K. Fax: +44 141 330 4888; E-mail: l.cronin@chem.gla.ac.uk
- ^b Graduate School of Environmental Science, Hokkaido University, Sapporo 060-0810, Japan
- ^c Research Institute for Electronic Science, Hokkaido University, Sapporo 001-0020, Japan.

^d Department of Chemistry and Materials Chemistry Centre, Christopher Ingold Laboratories, University College London, London WC1H 0AJ, United Kingdom.

^e Institut für Anorganische Chemie, RWTH Aachen University, 52074 Aachen, Germany.

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

CONTENTS

- 1. Experimental
- 2. Crystallography
- 3. UV-vis spectra
- 4. IR and Raman spectra

1. Experimental

Two salts of $[\alpha-Mo_{18}O_{54}(SO_3)_2]^{4-}$ were prepared according to previously published synthesis procedures [1, 2]: $(nBu_4N)_6[\alpha-Mo_{18}O_{54}(SO_3)_2][Mo_6O_{19}]$ (1), used for temperature-dependent singlecrystal X-ray crystallography, and $(Pn_4N)_4[\alpha-Mo_{18}O_{54}(SO_3)_2]\cdot CH_3CN$ (2) for temperature-dependent IR/Raman and UV/Vis spectroscopy.

[1] D.-L. Long, P. Kögerler, L. J. Farrugia, L. Cronin, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2003, 42, 4180 – 4183.

[2] C. Baffert, J. F. Boas, A. M. Bond, P. Kögerler, D.-L. Long, J. R. Pilbrow, L. Cronin, *Chem. Eur.* J. 2006, 12, 8472 – 8483.

2. Crystallography

Single crystal X-ray crystallography was performed using a crystal of **1** at 100 K and 293 K. Figure S1 shows the structures of **1a** in **1** at 100 K and 293 K with anisotropic displacement ellipsoids of 50 % probability. The two single-crystal crystal structure data sets exhibit virtually identical geometries (Figure S2). Table S1 summarizes average bond distances, which underline the similarity of the two structures. Figure S3 shows the structure of **1a** at emphasizing the O_c (O of corner-sharing MO_6 groups) and O_e (O of edge-sharing MO_6 groups) positions.



Figure S1. Structure of **1a** at 100 K (left) and 293 K (right) with anisotropic displacement ellipsoids set to 50 % probability (Mo: blue, O: grey, S: yellow).

5 8	1 (())		
 Temperatures	Mo / Å ²	$O / Å^2$	$S / Å^2$	
100 K	0.00973	0.01296	0.00865	
293 K	0.05348	0.05850	0.04367	

Table S1 Summary of average value of thermal parameters $(1/3 Tr (U_{ij}))$ at 100 K and 293 K.

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b)



Figure S2. Top: Composite plots of the geometries of cluster **1a** at 100 K (yellow) and 293 K (blue). Bottom: Overlay plot with thermal displacement ellipsoids (80 % probability) at 100 and 293 K (Mo: blue, O: grey, S: yellow).



Figure S3. Plots of cluster 1a emphasizing edge-sharing O_e (left) and corner-sharing O_c (right) positions (red spheres).

1.92

2.48

Bond		Mo-O _c -Mo	Mo-O _e				
			Mo-O _e -Mo	Mo-O _e (S)-Mo			
Mo-O distance / Å	100 K	1.91	1.93	2.48			

1.91

2<u>93 K</u>

 Table S1. Average Mo-O bond distances in 1a.

4. UV-vis spectra

UV-vis spectra of 2 were recorded at various temperatures. Diffuse reflection and transmission spectra were measured using pure 2 powder and cast film on quartz substrate, respectively.

Figure S4 shows UV-vis spectra characterized as a diffuse reflection (350 nm - 600 nm at liquid nitrogen temperature and room temperature) and transmission spectra (200 nm - 900 nm from 50 K to 300 K). The widening band by ~8 nm is observed in diffuse reflection spectra measured at room temperature compared to low temperature. On the other hand, transmission spectra show growth of shoulder around 340 nm with increasing in temperature.



Figure S4. Uv-vis spectra of 2.

4. IR and Raman spectra



Figure S5. IR spectra of 2 (KBr pellets) for temperatures ranging from 11 K to 290 K.



Figure S6. Raman spectra of 2 at 77 K and 293 K. Inset: magnified 950 cm⁻¹ to 1010 cm⁻¹ range.