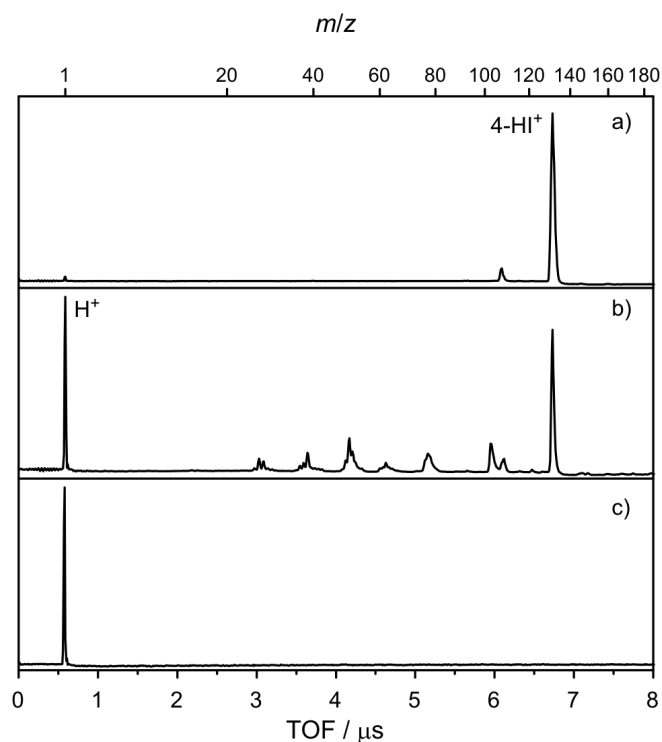


Electronic Supplementary Information for:
“Position Matters: Competing O–H and N–H Photodissociation
Pathways in Hydroxy- and Methoxy- substituted Indoles”

Thomas A. A. Oliver, Graeme A. King, Michael N. R. Ashfold

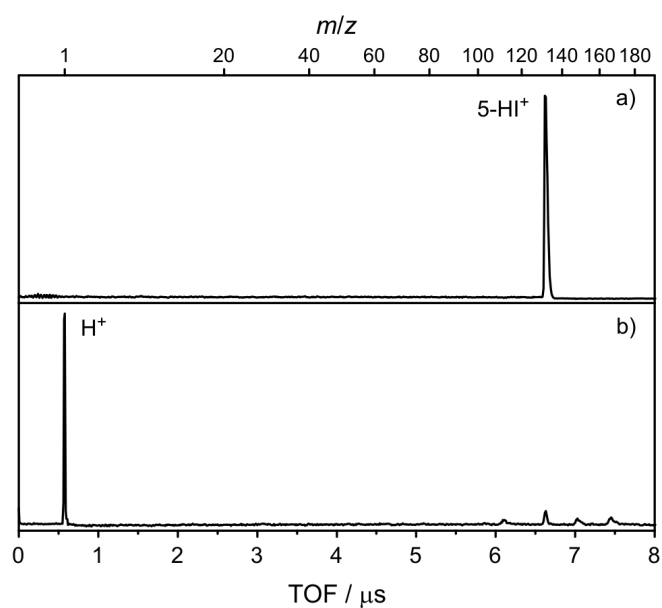
1. Photoionisation Mass Spectrometry

(a) 4-HI



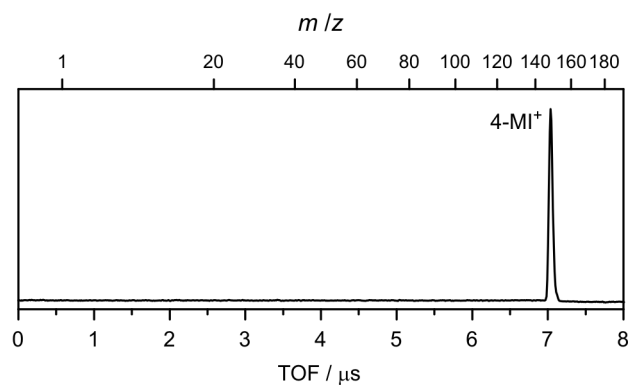
Ion TOF mass spectra obtained following excitation of jet cooled 4-HI at $\lambda_{\text{phot}} =$ (a) 284.893 nm, (b) 284.893 nm with Lyman- α radiation (c) 193.3 nm and Lyman- α radiation.

(b) 5-HI



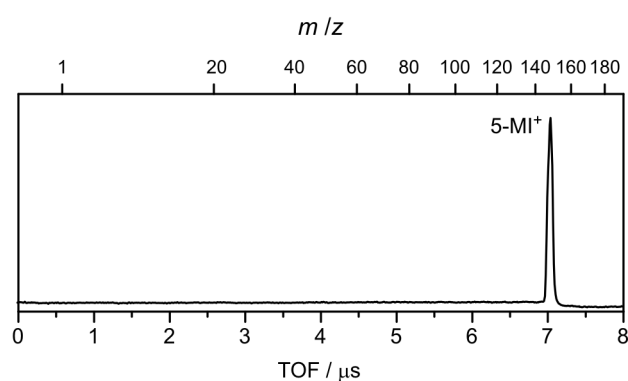
Ion TOF mass spectra obtained following excitation of jet cooled 5-HI at $\lambda_{\text{phot}} =$ (a) 303.878 nm, (b) 193.3 nm and Lyman- α .

(c) 4-MI



Ion TOF mass spectrum obtained following excitation of jet cooled 4-MI at $\lambda_{\text{phot}} = 283.255$ nm.

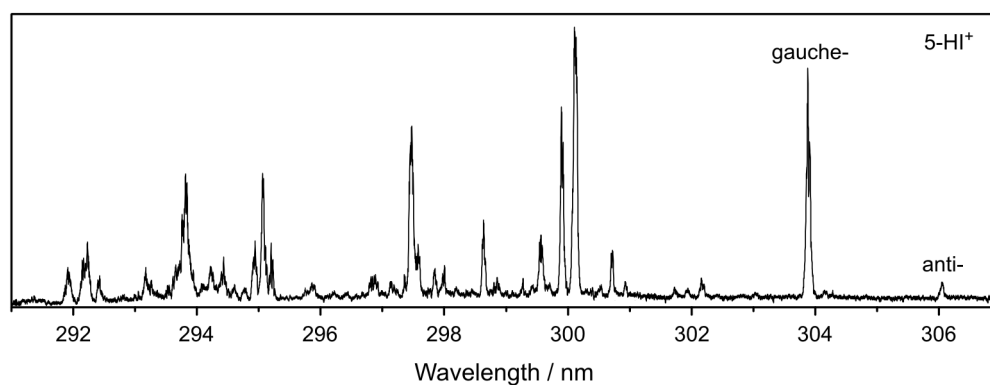
(d) 5-MI



Ion TOF mass spectrum obtained following excitation of jet cooled 5-MI at $\lambda_{\text{phot}} = 301.920$ nm.

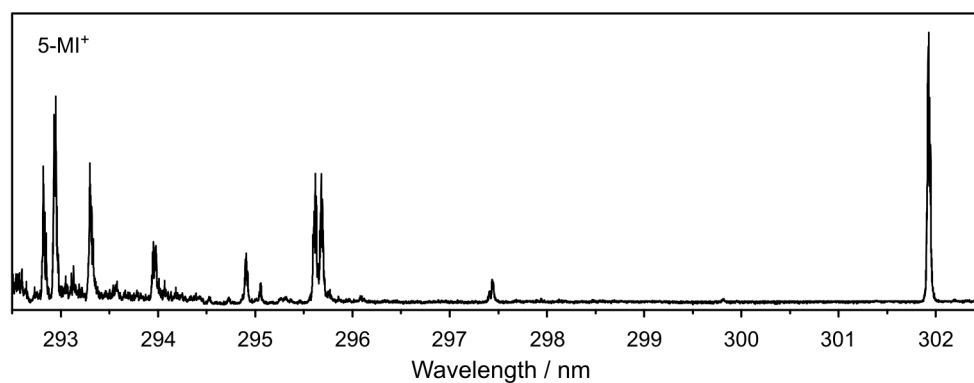
2. Resonance Enhanced Multiphoton Absorption Spectroscopy

(a) 5-HI



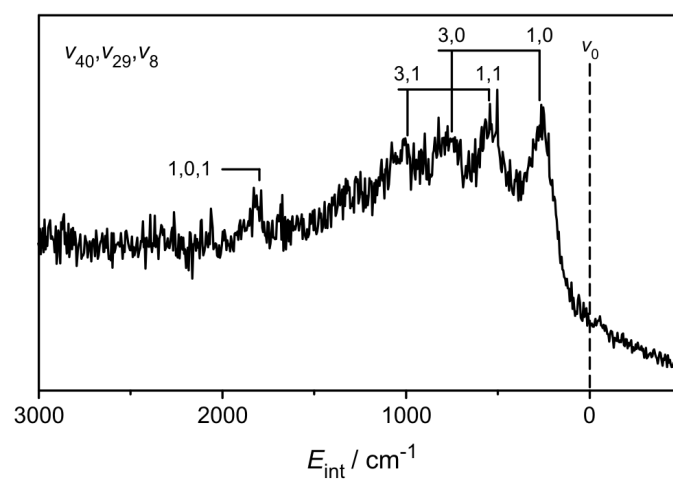
REMPI excitation spectrum of 5-HI between $306.5 \text{ nm} > \lambda > 291.5 \text{ nm}$, with the 1L_b - S_0 origin features for both conformers indicated.

(b) 5-MI



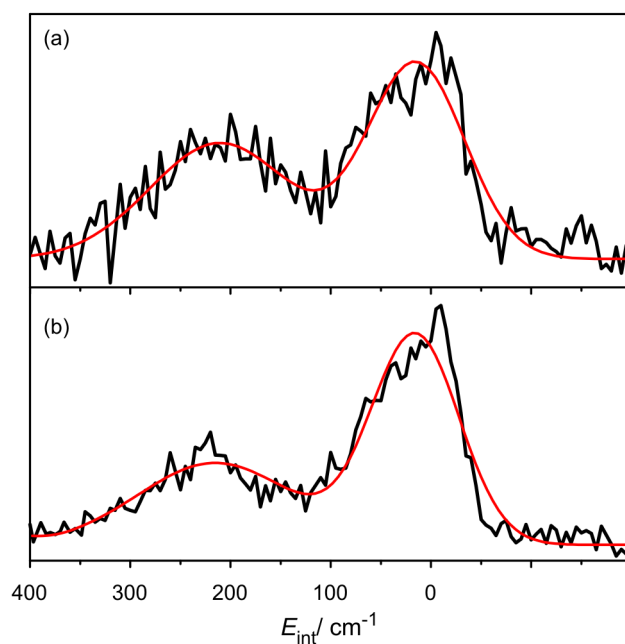
REMPI excitation spectrum of jet-cooled 5-MI molecules between $302.5 \text{ nm} > \lambda > 292.5 \text{ nm}$.

3. H(Rydberg) Atom Photofragment Translational Spectroscopy



E_{int} spectrum resulting from the photodissociation of the 4-HI_(gauche) conformer at $\lambda_{\text{phot}} = 287.0$ nm.

4. Baseline subtraction of 4-MI E_{int} spectra at $\lambda_{\text{phot}} = 270.176$ and 270.0 nm



The underlying featureless background was fitted to the side of a gaussian and subtracted from the respective raw E_{int} spectrum (see main paper fig. 12). The peaks at $E_{\text{int}} = 0 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ and 220 cm^{-1} were then each fitted to a gaussian, allowing us to deduce the relative integrated areas for $\lambda_{\text{phot}} =$ (a) 270.176 nm and (b) 270.0 nm . The ratio of the $E_{\text{int}} = 0 \text{ cm}^{-1}/E_{\text{int}} = 220 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ peaks was deduced for (a) to be 1.2:1 and (b) 1.4:1. The peak intensities, however, show a marked difference in ratios: (a) = 1.69:1 and (b) 2.7:1.

5. Calculated normal mode wavenumbers

(a) 4-HI and 4-HI-Oyl and 4-HI-Nyl radical products

4-HI ($\tilde{X}^1A'$)				4-HI-Oyl ($\tilde{X}^2A''$)				4-HI-Nyl ($\tilde{X}^2A''$)			
Mode	Sym.	Harm.	Anharm.	Mode	Sym.	Harm.	Anharm.	Mode	Sym.	Harm.	Anharm.
v ₁	a'	3831	3634	Disappearing Mode				v ₁	a'	3816	3614
v ₂	a'	3676	3504	v ₁	a'	3663	3479	Disappearing Mode			
v ₃	a'	3264	3132	v ₂	a'	3264	3135	v ₂	a'	3236	3093
v ₄	a'	3243	3122	v ₃	a'	3246	3123	v ₄	a'	3191	3054
v ₅	a'	3188	3054	v ₄	a'	3196	3055	v ₃	a'	3202	3058
v ₆	a'	3171	3043	v ₅	a'	3184	3046	v ₅	a'	3181	3063
v ₇	a'	3147	3005	v ₆	a'	3167	3045	v ₆	a'	3154	3064
v ₈	a'	1665	1621	v ₇	a'	1599	1559	v ₈	a'	1618	1577
v ₉	a'	1630	1591	v ₈	a'	1557	1523	v ₇	a'	1634	1593
v ₁₀	a'	1547	1512	v ₁₀	a'	1514	1481	v ₁₀	a'	1474	1420
v ₁₁	a'	1542	1506	v ₉	a'	1528	1492	v ₉	a'	1501	1463
v ₁₂	a'	1477	1443	v ₁₃	a'	1413	1382	v ₁₁	a'	1449	1410
v ₁₃	a'	1449	1410	v ₁₁	a'	1456	1415	Disappearing Mode			
v ₁₄	a'	1395	1365	v ₁₂	a'	1447	1410	v ₁₃	a'	1344	1314
v ₁₅	a'	1375	1342	v ₁₄	a'	1384	1351	v ₁₂	a'	1397	1363
v ₁₆	a'	1323	1292	Disappearing Mode				v ₁₄	a'	1312	1269
v ₁₇	a'	1268	1244	v ₁₅	a'	1321	1295	v ₁₅	a'	1308	1279
v ₁₈	a'	1260	1235	v ₁₆	a'	1256	1227	v ₁₆	a'	1230	1195
v ₁₉	a'	1211	1187	v ₁₇	a'	1202	1174	v ₁₇	a'	1213	1187
v ₂₀	a'	1178	1161	v ₁₈	a'	1174	1152	v ₁₈	a'	1182	1162
v ₂₁	a'	1128	1113	v ₁₉	a'	1121	1102	v ₁₉	a'	1170	1147
v ₂₂	a'	1093	1071	v ₂₀	a'	1100	1078	v ₂₂	a'	983	961
v ₂₃	a'	1077	1055	v ₂₁	a'	1064	1045	v ₂₀	a'	1058	1042
v ₂₄	a'	1034	1018	v ₂₂	a'	1036	1018	v ₂₁	a'	1012	992
v ₂₅	a'	915	904	v ₂₃	a'	910	906	v ₂₃	a'	892	879
v ₂₆	a'	851	846	v ₂₄	a'	860	842	v ₂₄	a'	852	840
v ₂₇	a'	687	678	v ₂₅	a'	680	670	v ₂₅	a'	680	669
v ₂₈	a'	603	595	v ₂₆	a'	590	583	v ₂₆	a'	595	585
v ₂₉	a'	512	507	v ₂₇	a'	505	499	v ₂₇	a'	497	491
v ₃₀	a'	489	484	v ₂₈	a'	486	481	v ₂₈	a'	491	486
v ₃₁	a'	281	280	v ₂₉	a'	293	292	v ₂₉	a'	287	283
v ₃₂	a''	934	939	v ₃₀	a''	970	952	v ₃₀	a''	956	949
v ₃₃	a''	864	849	v ₃₁	a''	891	870	v ₃₁	a''	909	896
v ₃₄	a''	826	829	v ₃₂	a''	867	848	v ₃₂	a''	882	867
v ₃₅	a''	781	801	v ₃₃	a''	811	800	v ₃₃	a''	776	793
v ₃₆	a''	738	729	v ₃₅	a''	714	698	v ₃₅	a''	737	730
v ₃₇	a''	717	708	v ₃₄	a''	754	745	v ₃₄	a''	768	748
v ₃₈	a''	637	628	v ₃₆	a''	649	637	v ₃₆	a''	641	633
v ₃₉	a''	600	595	v ₃₇	a''	608	596	v ₃₇	a''	559	548
v ₄₀	a''	544	539	v ₃₈	a''	494	485	v ₃₈	a''	512	507
v ₄₁	a''	396	420	v ₃₉	a''	448	455	Disappearing Mode			
v ₄₂	a''	347	279	Disappearing Mode				v ₃₉	a''	401	317
v ₄₃	a''	275	274	v ₄₀	a''	257	254	v ₄₀	a''	269	264
v ₄₄	a''	214	212	v ₄₁	a''	209	206	v ₄₁	a''	210	205
v ₄₅	a''	181	180	v ₄₂	a''	154	152	v ₄₂	a''	172	169

Calculated harmonic (harm.) and anharmonically (anharm.) corrected vibrational wavenumbers (in cm⁻¹) at the DFT/B3LYP/6-311+G** level for 4-HI and the corresponding radicals arising from O–H (4-HI-Oyl) or N–H (4-HI-Nyl) bond fission. The parent modes are labelled according to Herzberg notation[†], whereas the ordering of radical modes has been adjusted so as to map through from those of the parent molecule.

(b) 4-MI and 4-MI-Nyl

4-MI($\tilde{X}^1A'$)				4-MI-Nyl($\tilde{X}^2A''$)			
Mode	Sym.	Harm.	Anharm.	Mode	Sym.	Harm.	Anharm.
v ₁	a'	3676	3503	Disappearing Mode			
v ₂	a'	3265	3131	v ₁	a'	3236	3094
v ₃	a'	3245	3118	v ₄	a'	3192	3052
v ₄	a'	3207	3092	v ₂	a'	3212	3085
v ₅	a'	3185	3053	v ₃	a'	3200	3054
v ₆	a'	3168	3027	v ₅	a'	3175	3045
v ₇	a'	3131	2984	v ₆	a'	3143	2995
v ₈	a'	3004	2885	v ₇	a'	3019	2985
v ₉	a'	1650	1617	v ₉	a'	1598	1560
v ₁₀	a'	1622	1586	v ₈	a'	1625	1582
v ₁₁	a'	1541	1507	v ₁₀	a'	1509	1474
v ₁₂	a'	1536	1503	v ₁₂	a'	1477	1432
v ₁₃	a'	1504	1472	v ₁₁	a'	1502	1466
v ₁₄	a'	1474	1450	v ₁₃	a'	1471	1407
v ₁₅	a'	1459	1430	v ₁₄	a'	1415	1383
v ₁₆	a'	1442	1402	Disappearing Mode			
v ₁₇	a'	1388	1356	v ₁₆	a'	1343	1317
v ₁₈	a'	1373	1345	v ₁₅	a'	1378	1342
v ₁₉	a'	1300	1272	v ₁₇	a'	1314	1271
v ₂₀	a'	1265	1240	v ₁₈	a'	1292	1259
v ₂₁	a'	1228	1205	v ₁₉	a'	1217	1191
v ₂₂	a'	1204	1190	v ₂₀	a'	1200	1182
v ₂₃	a'	1191	1169	v ₂₂	a'	1179	1158
v ₂₄	a'	1151	1133	v ₂₁	a'	1189	1167
v ₂₅	a'	1101	1086	v ₂₃	a'	1095	1073
v ₂₆	a'	1084	1063	v ₂₄	a'	1063	1045
v ₂₇	a'	1079	1059	v ₂₅	a'	986	973
v ₂₈	a'	982	965	v ₂₆	a'	954	932
v ₂₉	a'	914	903	v ₂₇	a'	891	878
v ₃₀	a'	843	838	v ₂₈	a'	847	834
v ₃₁	a'	694	669	v ₂₉	a'	686	675
v ₃₂	a'	633	629	v ₃₀	a'	624	614
v ₃₃	a'	512	504	v ₃₁	a'	513	506
v ₃₄	a'	480	476	v ₃₂	a'	469	464
v ₃₅	a'	348	342	v ₃₃	a'	351	343
v ₃₆	a'	203	210	v ₃₄	a'	206	205
v ₃₇	a''	3062	2923	v ₃₅	a''	3084	2940
v ₃₈	a''	1490	1450	v ₃₆	a''	1494	1456
v ₃₉	a''	1168	1147	v ₃₇	a''	1166	1142
v ₄₀	a''	948	932	v ₃₈	a''	960	953
v ₄₁	a''	869	850	v ₃₉	a''	907	892
v ₄₂	a''	844	831	v ₄₀	a''	885	868
v ₄₃	a''	800	772	v ₄₁	a''	786	773
v ₄₄	a''	742	726	v ₄₃	a''	741	713
v ₄₅	a''	720	703	v ₄₂	a''	769	755
v ₄₆	a''	636	624	v ₄₄	a''	643	632
v ₄₇	a''	603	594	v ₄₅	a''	556	549
v ₄₈	a''	544	538	v ₄₆	a''	504	512
v ₄₉	a''	386	432	Disappearing Mode			
v ₅₀	a''	288	295	v ₄₇	a''	276	275
v ₅₁	a''	230	249	v ₄₉	a''	215	222
v ₅₂	a''	225	231	v ₄₈	a''	227	223
v ₅₃	a''	170	176	v ₅₀	a''	162	160
v ₅₄	a''	79	94	v ₅₁	a''	85	91

Calculated harm. and anharm. corrected vibrational wavenumbers (in cm⁻¹) at the DFT/B3LYP/6-311+G** level for 4-MI and the corresponding 4-MI-Nyl radical. Again labelled according to Herzberg notationⁱ, and the ordering of radical modes has been adjusted so as to map through from those of the parent molecule.

ⁱ G. Herzberg, *Infrared and Raman Spectra of Polyatomic Molecules*; van Nostrand: Princeton, NJ, 1945.