Electronic Supplementary Information: Initiation of the Ice Phase by Marine Biogenic Surfaces in Supersaturated Gas and Supercooled Aqueous Phases

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Figure S1. Summary of all observed immersion freezing events due to N. atomus cells as a function of a_w and T. The frozen fraction, f, of droplets in 0.2 K temperature increments is represented by black circles. Error bars indicate the range of f in a temperature increment of 0.2 K. Grey bars show the probability density histogram (PDH) binned in 1.0 K increments. For each panel, a_w and the total number of analysed droplets, N_{tot} , are given. The values for the PDH are given on the left y-axis and f on the right y-axis.

REFERENCES



Figure S2. Thermodynamic variables employed in calculations of contact angles. In aqueous NaCl solution, the water diffusion coefficient, $D_{\rm H_2O}^{\rm NaCl}$, is given as dashed lines and the interfacial energy of ice, $\sigma_{\rm i/l}$, is given by solid lines as a function of T and $a_{\rm w}$. $D_{\rm H_2O}^{\rm NaCl}$ is derived from Kim and Yethiraj¹ and extrapolated to lower T. $\sigma_{\rm i/l}^{\rm NaCl}$ is derived from theoretical homogeneous ice nucleation rate coefficients² and employs $D_{\rm H_2O}^{\rm NaCl}$. Black, purple, blue, green, red, teal, magenta, grey, and lime colors correspond to a $a_{\rm w}$ of 0.986, 0.970, 0.950, 0.925, 0.900, 0.876, 0.850, 0.826, and 0.800.

References

- [1] J. S. Kim and A. Yethiraj, J. Phys. Chem. B, 2008, 112, 1729–1735.
- [2] T. Koop, B. P. Luo, A. Tsias and T. Peter, Nature, 2000, 406, 611–614.