Supporting Information

DNA and RNA sugar-phosphate backbone emerges as the key player. Overview of quantum-chemical, structural biology and simulation studies.

Jiří Šponer,^{* 1,2} Arnošt Mládek,^{1,2} Judit E. Šponer,^{1,2} Daniel Svozil,^{1,3} Marie Zgarbová,⁴ Pavel Banáš,^{1,4} Petr Jurečka⁴ and Michal Otyepka⁴

¹Institute of Biophysics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Královopolská 135, 612 65 Brno, Czech Republic.

²CEITEC – Central European Institute of Technology, Campus Bohunice, Kamenice 5, 625 00 Brno, Czech Republic.

³Laboratory of Informatics and Chemistry, Faculty of Chemical Technology, Institute of Chemical Technology,

Technická 3, 166 28 Prague 6, Czech Republic.

⁴Regional Centre of Advanced Technologies and Materials, Department of Physical Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Palacký University, tř. 17. Listopadu 12, 771 46, Olomouc, Czech Republic. Mathematical relation between the individual torsions of ribose and deoxyribose rings, the sugar pucker phase and amplitude. This particular definition is valid for five membered rings and is specifically used for nucleic acids.

- vo _ C4'-O4'-C1'-C2'
- v1 O4'-C1'-C2'-C3'
- v2 C1'-C2'-C3'-C4'
- v3 C2'-C3'-C4'-O4'
- v4 C3'-C4'-O4'-C1'

$$P = \arctan\left(\frac{(v_4 + v_1) - (v_3 + v_0)}{2 \times v_2 \times (\sin 36^\circ + \sin[72^\circ)]}\right)$$

The pseudorotation P can take a value between 0° and 360°. If ν_2 is negative, then 180° is added to the value of P.

$$\tau_m = \frac{\nu_2}{\cos P}$$

Figure S1 Sugar conformations typical of B-DNA (C2'-endo, left) and A-RNA (C3'endo, right). The plane defined by C4'-O4'-C1' atoms is perpendicular to the picture plane.



Figure S2 Histograms for the torsion angles (°) for A-DNA, B-DNA, and A-DNA+B-DNA. Histograms were generated for structures with resolution of 1.9 Å or better.
Noncanonical DNA structures (quadruplex DNA, Z-DNA etc.) are not included.



Figure S3 QM/MM hybrid computations can be used to qualitative assessment of different pathways of the sugar-phosphate self-cleavage in small ribozymes. The Figure shows several pathways of the selfcleavage investigated for the Hairpin ribozyme. Namely, thepathway, in which deprotonated guanine G8- and protonated adenine A38H+ act as a general base and a general acid, respectively (left pannels and upper free energy profile), and mechanism, where proton of 2'-OH hydroxyl is shuttled through non-bridging oxygen into leaving O5' alcoholate (right pannels and lower free energy profile).



Table S1Relative energies of the canonical α/γ g-/g+ (a1-a11) and noncanonical g+/t(b1-b9, q1-3) MP2/6-31+G* optimized conformers calculated by density functional-basedmethods, SPSOM model, gas phase. Reference CBS(T) is an alternative abbreviation forestimated CCSD(T)/CBS calculations ¹.

α/γ	System	B3LYP [¶]	PBE-	TPSS-	mPW2-					
			DG°	D °	PLYP°	M06 ¹	M06L ¹	M06HF ¹	M062X [¶]	CBS(T)
			20	-						
g- /g+	a1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	a2	-0.99	-0.56	-0.81	-0.85	-1.08	-0.79	-1.16	-0.79	-0.76
	a3	2.30	2.08	2.19	2.53	2.56	2.40	2.83	2.60	2.61
	a4	-0.07	-0.18	-0.32	-0.18	-0.68	-0.17	-0.42	-0.25	-0.34
	a5	-0.32	0.04	0.07	-0.09	0.15	0.28	0.13	0.14	0.14
	a6	1.03	0.95	0.87	1.19	1.10	1.15	1.23	1.27	1.16
	a7	0.00	0.17	0.23	0.01	0.06	0.23	0.14	0.16	0.17
	a8	-0.43	0.63	0.67	0.25	0.51	0.87	0.62	0.95	0.66
	a9	0.07	0.13	0.17	0.00	-0.17	0.21	-0.21	-0.01	-0.03
	a10	2.58	1.51	1.86	2.27	2.24	2.31	2.45	2.19	2.19
	a11	-0.49	0.15	-0.11	-0.15	-0.30	0.18	-0.12	0.24	0.02
	RSoS/N [†]	0.209	0.091	0.044	0.032	0.038	0.024	0.034	0.015	0.000
g+/t [‡]	b1	6.00	7.52	7.15	6.78	7.86	8.64	8.45	8.62	7.58
	b2	6.25	7.88	7.80	7.29	8.85	9.46	8.97	9.15	8.25
	b3	5.73	7.68	7.10	6.76	7.99	8.88	8.81	8.84	7.82
	b4	5.35	6.98	6.91	6.27	7.55	8.24	7.92	8.02	7.23
	b5	6.72	7.90	7.45	7.29	8.37	9.15	8.98	9.15	7.93
	b6	6.46	8.17	7.70	7.45	8.61	9.33	9.01	9.28	8.25
	b7	6.08	7.42	7.11	6.92	8.24	8.75	8.95	8.86	7.74
	b8	5.40	7.12	6.77	6.23	7.34	8.21	7.97	8.01	7.10
	RSoS/N	3.089	0.042	0.256	0.761	0.150	1.205	0.829	1.023	0.000

	q1	1.80	1.84	1.98	1.98	1.24	2.28	2.24	2.44	1.87
g+/t§	q2	2.36	2.10	2.30	2.37	1.58	2.68	2.53	2.63	1.94
	q3	2.03	1.49	1.81	2.29	1.98	2.72	2.95	2.77	1.81
	RSoS/N	0.077	0.043	0.047	0.142	0.185	0.515	0.595	0.574	0.000

[†] RSoS/N is the sum of squares (RSoS) divided by the number of conformers (N_r ; $N_a=10$, $N_b=8$, $N_q=3$, a1 excluding)

belonging to the respective conformational region (a, b, q) defined as $\frac{1}{N_r} \sum_{i, region} (E_i^{Method} - E_i^{CBS(T)})^2$

[‡] Pathological g+/t conformers emerging in long MD "AMBER" simulations prior parmbsc0 correction.

[§] Real g+/t conformers from parallel stranded human telomeric guanine quadruplex loops.

¶: 6-31+G* basis set; °: TZVPP basis set; [◊]: 6-311++G(3df, 3pd) basis set

1. A. Mladek, J. E. Sponer, P. Jurecka, P. Banas, M. Otyepka, D. Svozil and J. Sponer, *J. Chem. Theory Comput.*, 2010, 6, 3817-3835.