

In situ X-ray pair distribution function analysis of geopolymer gel nanostructure formation kinetics

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Electronic Supplementary Information

Given below are supporting Figures including an example of the total scattering patterns acquired on beamline 11-ID-B at the Advanced Photon Source (Figure S.1.) and the atomic pair distribution functions of high alkali hydroxide-activated metakaolin (Figure S.2.), high alkali hydroxide-activated slag (Figure S.3.), low alkali hydroxide-activated metakaolin (Figure S.4.), low alkali silicate-activated metakaolin (Figure S.5.) and low alkali silicate-activated slag (Figure S.6.). Also included is an example of the quality of fit obtained using the extent of reaction quantification method (Figure S.7.).

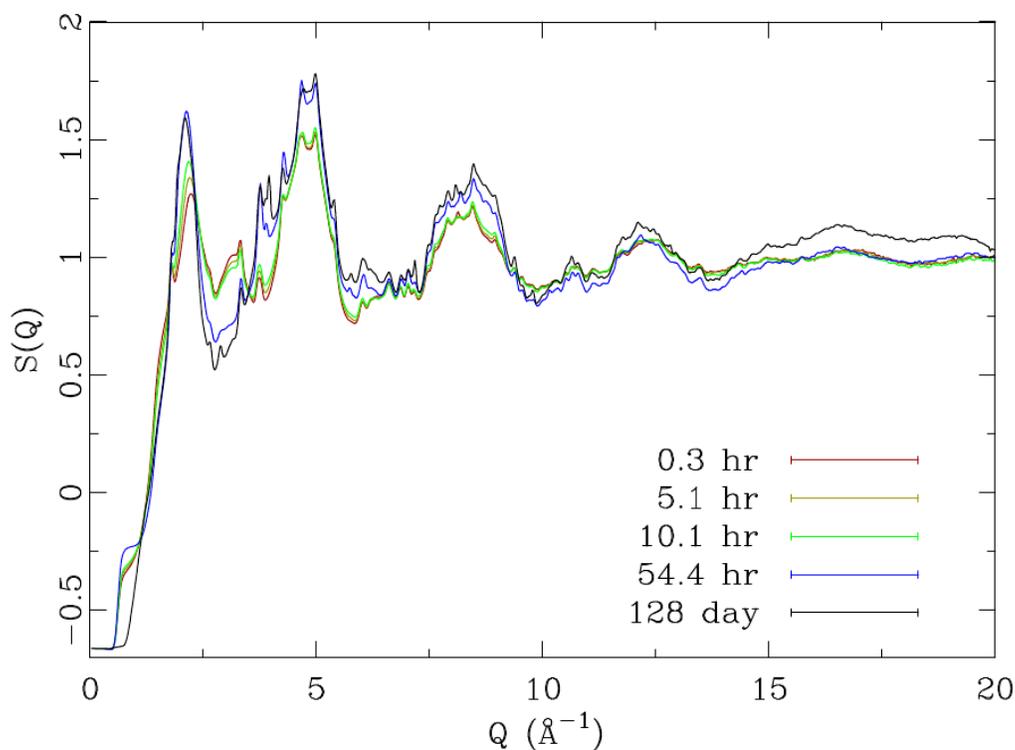


Figure S.1. In-situ X-ray total scattering functions of the geopolymerisation reaction for high alkali hydroxide-activated metakaolin, obtained at times as marked.

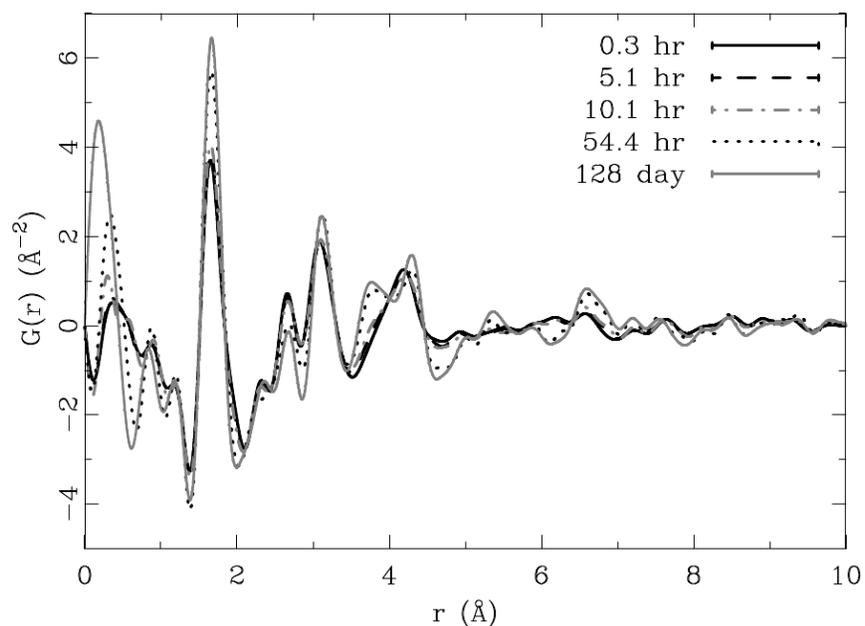


Figure S.2. In-situ X-ray pair distribution functions of high alkali hydroxide-activated metakaolin, obtained at times as marked.

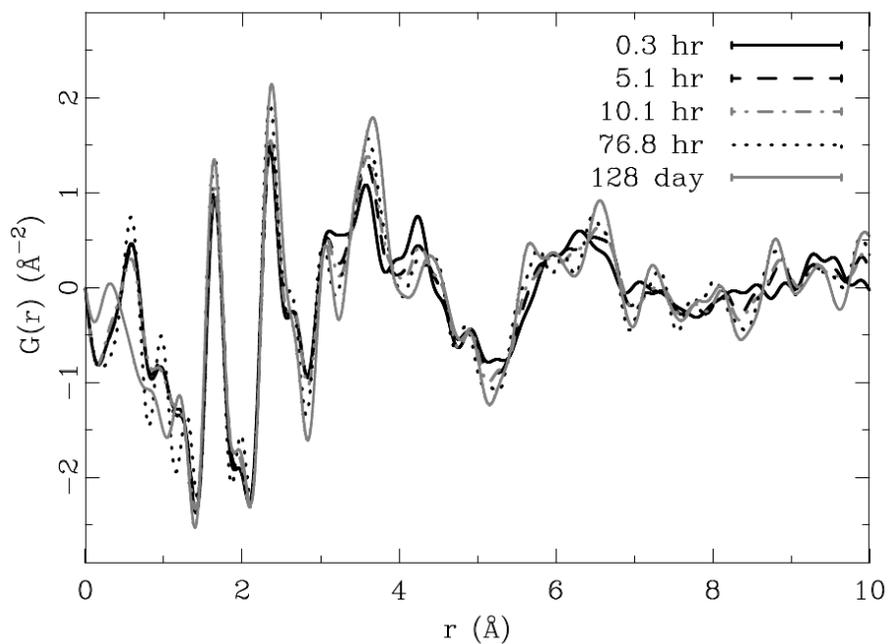


Figure S.3. In-situ X-ray pair distribution functions of high alkali hydroxide-activated slag, obtained at times as marked.

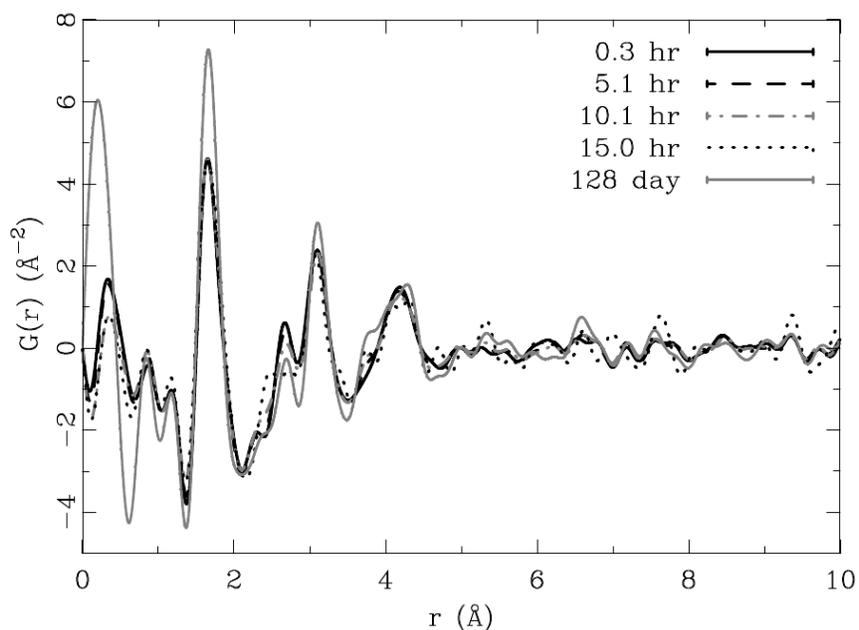


Figure S.4. In-situ X-ray pair distribution functions of low alkali hydroxide-activated metakaolin, obtained at times as marked.

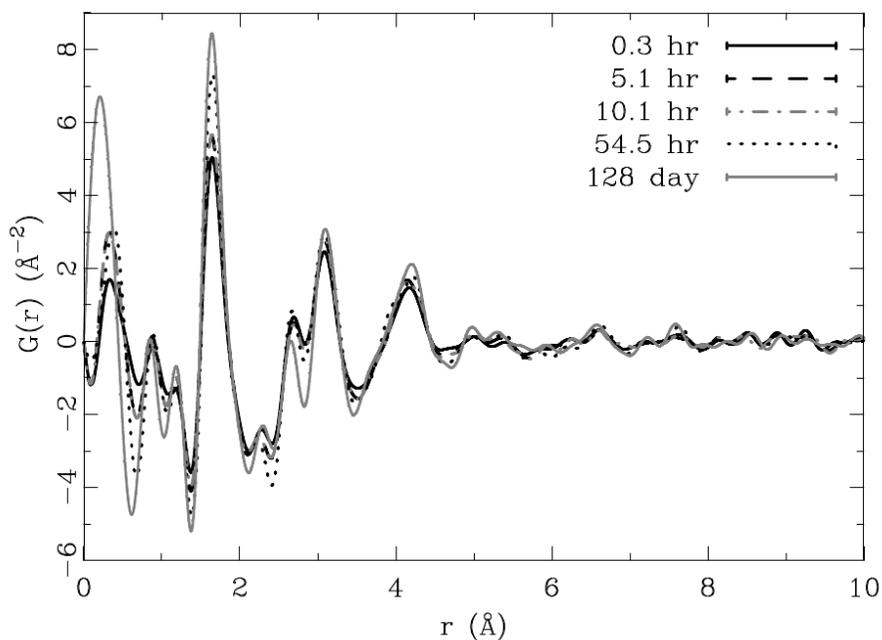


Figure S.5. In-situ X-ray pair distribution functions of low alkali silicate-activated metakaolin, obtained at times as marked.

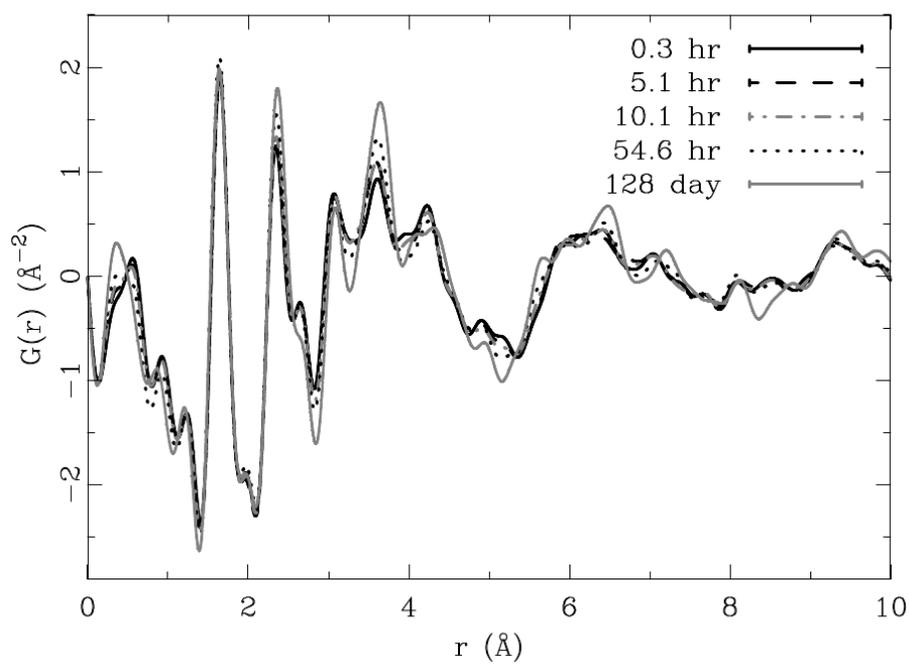


Figure S.6. In-situ X-ray pair distribution functions of low alkali silicate-activated slag, obtained at times as marked.

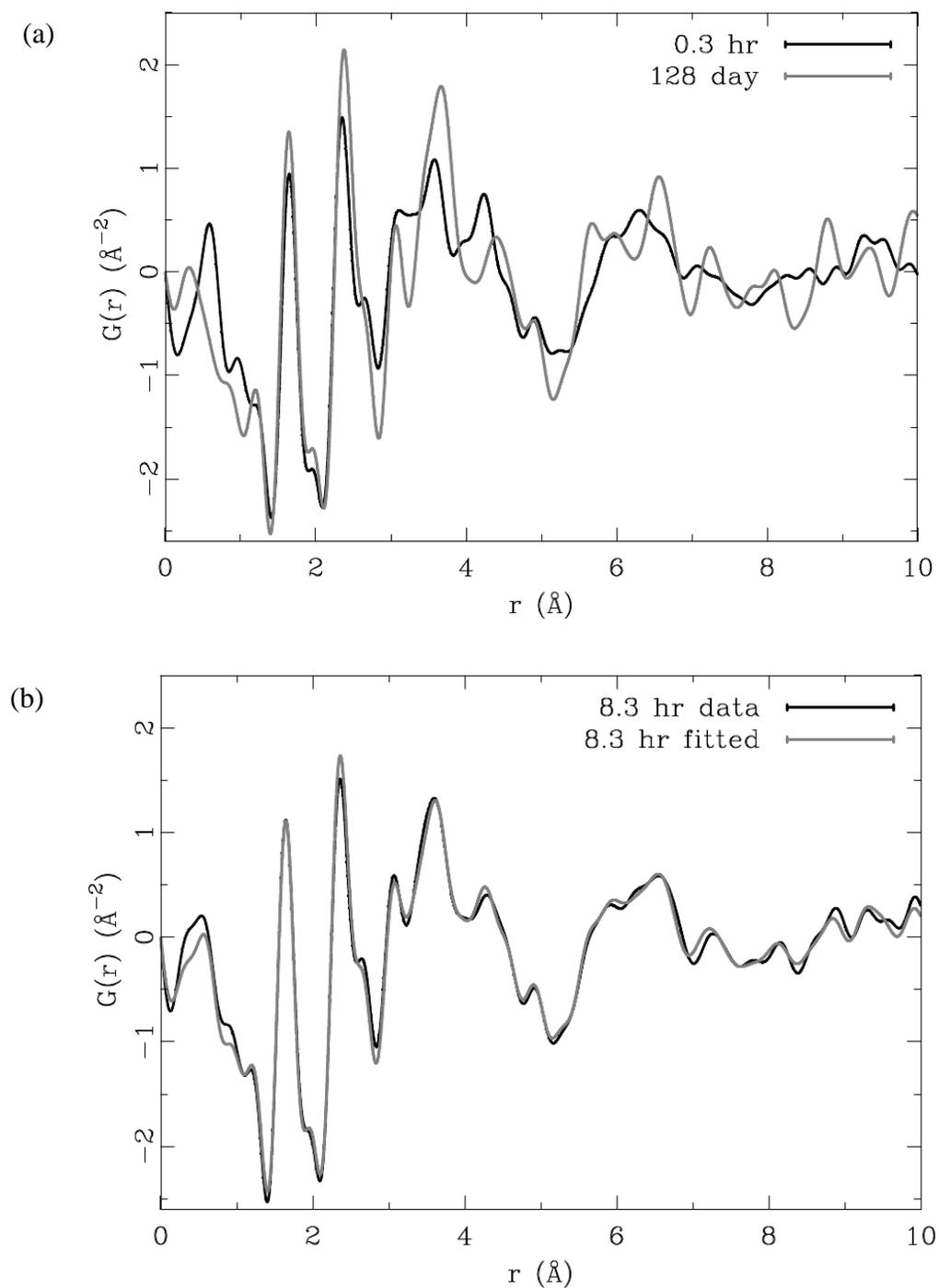


Figure S.7. In-situ X-ray pair distribution functions (PDFs) of high alkali hydroxide-activated slag: **(a)** First and final PDFs, obtained at times as marked. **(b)** PDF obtained at 8.3 hrs, with the fit to data obtained by a linear combination of the PDFs in **(a)** with $\alpha = 0.405$.