

Supporting Information

Femtosecond to Nanosecond Dynamics of 2,2'-Bipyridine-3,3'-diol inside the Nano-Cavities of Molecular Containers

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Table S1. Fluorescence decay transients (measured in TCSPC set-up) of BP(OH)₂ in absence and presence of cucurbit[7]uril (CB7) collected at 465 nm ($\lambda_{\text{ex}}=375$ nm).

[CB7]	$\tau_1(\text{ns})$	a ₁	$\tau_2(\text{ns})$	a ₂	$\tau_{\text{avg}}^{\#}$	χ^2
0	0.63	1	-	-	0.63	1.09
30 μM	0.64	0.92	8.43	0.08	1.26	1.01
60 μM	0.67	0.84	8.56	0.16	1.93	1.08
100 μM	0.68	0.7	8.65	0.3	3.07	1.00
150 μM	0.68	0.63	8.65	0.37	3.63	0.99
200 μM	0.69	0.44	8.73	0.55	5.15	1
300 μM	0.69	0.32	8.71	0.68	6.16	1.03
400 μM	0.69	0.25	8.74	0.75	6.69	1.03
500 μM	0.69	0.17	8.73	0.83	7.37	1.04

[#] $\tau_{\text{avg}}=(a_1\tau_1+a_2\tau_2)$

Note S1. BP(OH)₂ exhibits red shift in absorption spectra in presence of CB7, however, similar red shift is absent in case of β -cyclodextrin (β -CD), indicating CB7 forms more stable inclusion complex with BP(OH)₂ than that of β -CD. Observations from steady-state emission studies show that the enhancement in fluorescence of BP(OH)₂ in CB7 is much higher than that observed in case of β -CD. Though the stoichiometry is same for both the host molecules, binding affinity is 3 times more for CB7:BP(OH)₂ (3000 M⁻¹) compared to β -CD:BP(OH)₂ (900 M⁻¹). Pico-second time resolved study indicates that BP(OH)₂ exhibits bi-exponential fluorescence decay in both the hosts. But the lifetime of BP(OH)₂ in CB7 complex (~8.5 ns) is much higher than that of β -CD (~5 ns). This further confirms that stability of BP(OH)₂ in BP(OH)₂:CB7 complex is higher than that in BP(OH)₂: β -CD. Therefore, all the above results conclude that the behaviour of nano-cavity is different for CB7 from β -CD.

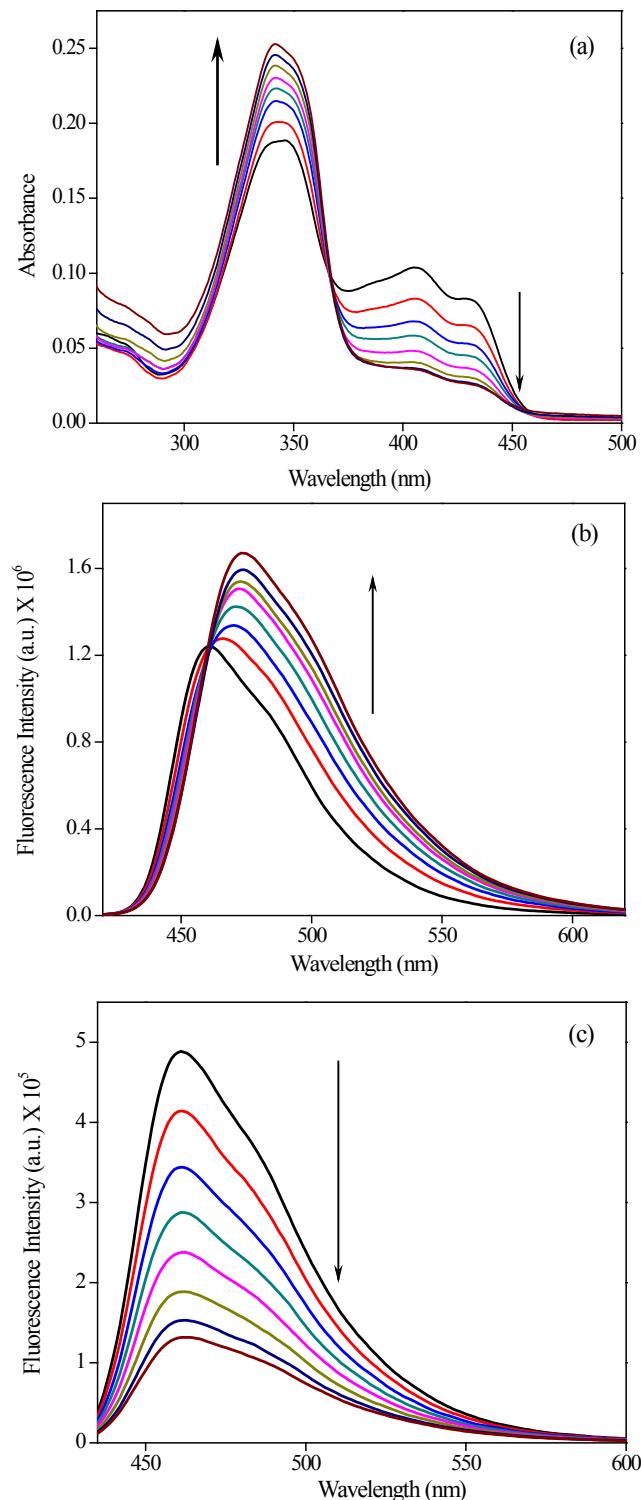


Figure S1. Absorption (a) and Emission (b) ($\lambda_{ex}=345\text{ nm}$), (c) ($\lambda_{ex}=425\text{ nm}$) spectra of BP(OH)₂ in presence of 0 to 14 mM of β-CD. Arrow indicates the direction of increase in β-CD concentration.

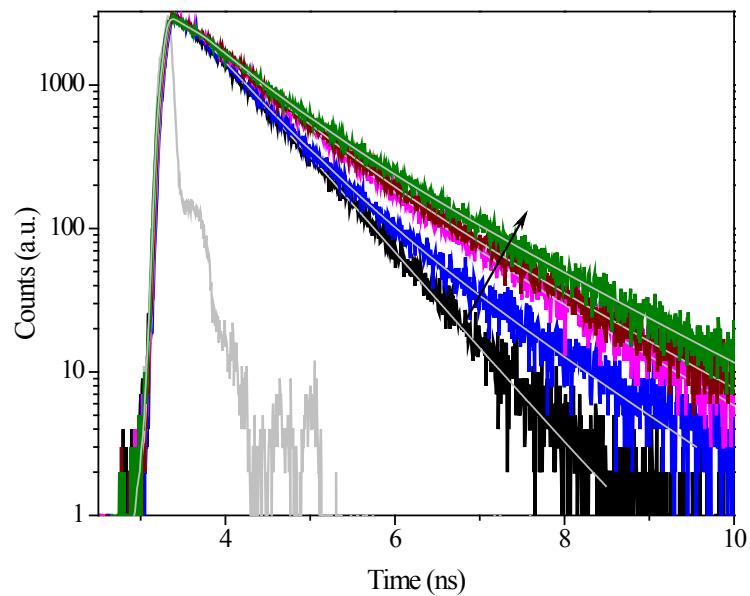


Figure S2. Fluorescence decay overlays of $\text{BP}(\text{OH})_2$ in presence of $\beta\text{-CD}$ (from 0 to 14 mM) collected at 465 nm ($\lambda_{\text{ex}}=375$ nm). Arrow indicates the direction of increase in $\beta\text{-CD}$ concentration.