

Supplementary Information for manuscript

**Line Defects and Induced Doping Effects in Graphene,
Hexagonal Boron Nitride and Hybrid BNC**

Narjes Ansari¹, Fariba Nazari^{1,2}, Francesc Illas³

¹*Department of Chemistry, Institute for Advanced Studies in Basic Sciences, Zanjan 45137-66731, Iran*

²*Center of Climate Change and Global Warming, Institute for Advanced Studies in Basic Sciences, Zanjan 45137-66731, Iran*

³*Departament de Química Física & Institut de Química Teòrica i Computacional (IQTCUB), Universitat de Barcelona, C/Martí i Franquès 1, 08028 Barcelona, Spain*

Table 1S: Structures, composition and abbreviated names of O-I and its BN-doped structures in two *A* and *Z* directions.

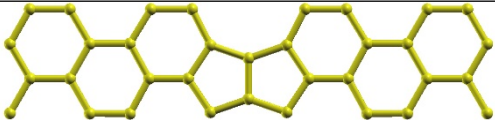

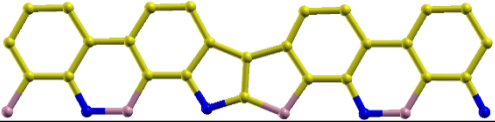
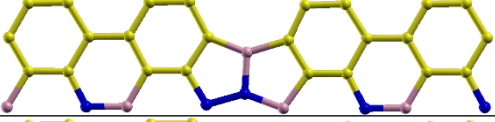
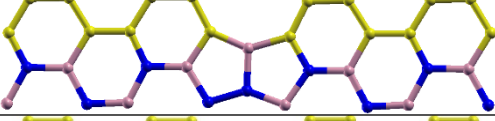
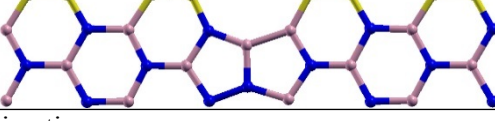
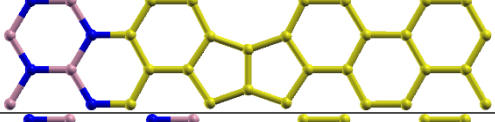
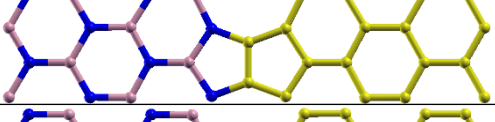
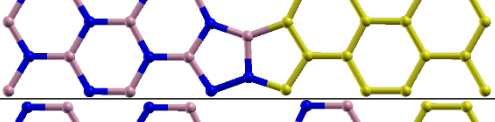
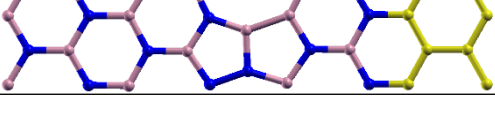
Name	Symbol for Names	Structure
G-585-ELD	O-I	
BN-585-ELD	O-II	
Doping of 585 ELD in <i>A</i> direction		
A-B ₄ N ₄ C ₂₆ -585-ELD	OA-I	
A-B ₅ N ₅ C ₂₄ -585-ELD	OA-II	
A-B ₉ N ₉ C ₁₆ -585-ELD	OA-III	
A-B ₁₃ N ₁₃ C ₈ -585-ELD	OA-IV	
Doping of 585 ELD in <i>Z</i> direction		
Z-B ₄ N ₄ C ₂₆ -585-ELD	OZ-I	
Z-B ₈ N ₈ C ₁₈ -585-ELD	OZ-II	
Z-B ₉ N ₉ C ₁₆ -585-ELD	OZ-III	
Z-B ₁₃ N ₁₃ C ₈ -585-ELD	OZ-IV	

Table 2S: Structures, composition and abbreviated names of H-I and its BN-doped structures in two *A* and *Z* directions.

Name	Symbol for Names	Structure
G-5775-ELD	H-I	
BN-5775-ELD	H-II	
Doping of 5775 ELD in <i>A</i> direction		
A-B ₈ N ₈ C ₃₄ -5775-ELD	HA-I	
A-B ₁₆ N ₁₆ C ₁₈ -5775-ELD	HA-II	
A-B ₁₇ N ₁₇ C ₁₆ -5775-ELD	HA-III	
Doping of 5775 ELD in <i>Z</i> direction		
Z-B ₆ N ₆ C ₃₈ -5775-ELD	HZ-I	
Z-B ₁₂ N ₁₂ C ₂₆ -5775-ELD	HZ-II	

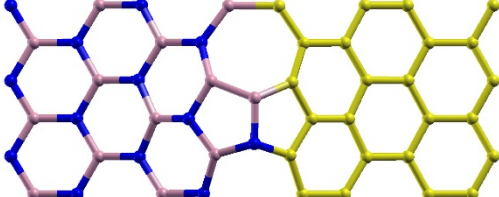
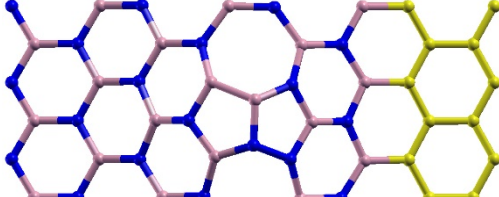
$Z-B_{13}N_{13}C_{24}$ -5775-ELD	HZ-III	 A ball-and-stick model of a layered carbon-based structure. The structure consists of a central layer of interconnected hexagonal rings, with additional layers above and below. The atoms are color-coded: blue for nitrogen, pink for boron, and yellow for carbon. The central layer shows a mix of these colors, while the outer layers are primarily yellow.
$Z-B_{19}N_{19}C_{12}$ -5775-ELD	HZ-IV	 A ball-and-stick model of a layered carbon-based structure, similar to the one above. It features a central layer of hexagonal rings with additional layers above and below. The atoms are color-coded: blue for nitrogen, pink for boron, and yellow for carbon. The central layer has a different composition of colors compared to the first structure.

Table 3S: Structures, composition and abbreviated names of G and its BN-doped structures in two *A* and *Z* directions (Counterpart of O-I and its BN-doped structures).

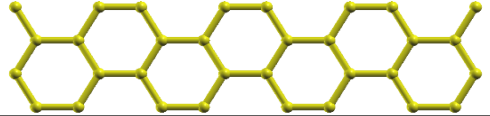
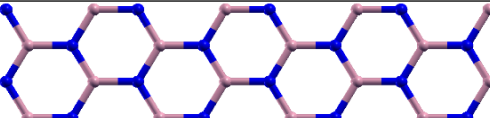
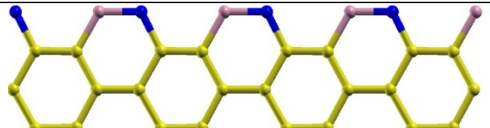
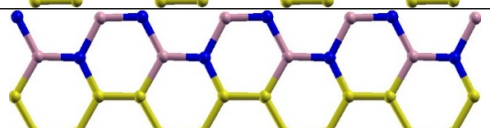
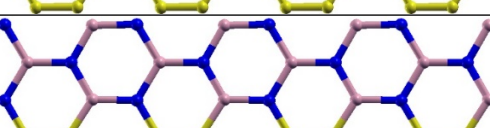
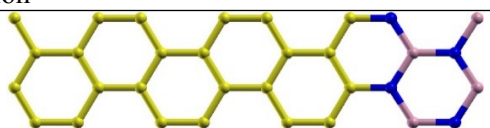
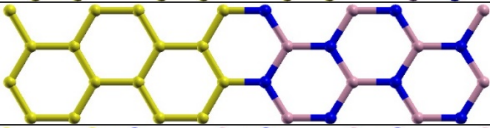
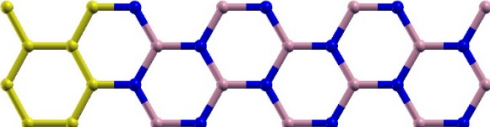
Name	Symbol for Names	Structure
G	PP0	
<i>h</i> -BN	PP1	
Doping of G in <i>A</i> direction		
A-B ₄ N ₄ C ₂₄	PA-I	
A-B ₈ N ₈ C ₁₆	PA-II	
A-B ₁₂ N ₁₂ C ₈	PA-III	
Doping of G in <i>Z</i> direction		
Z-B ₄ N ₄ C ₂₄	PZ-I	
Z-B ₈ N ₈ C ₁₆	PZ-II	
Z-B ₁₂ N ₁₂ C ₈	PZ-III	

Table 4S: Structures, composition and abbreviated names of G and its BN-doped structures in two *A* and *Z* directions (Counterpart of H-I and its BN-doped structures).

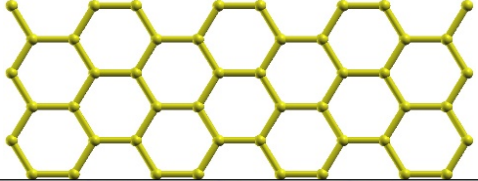
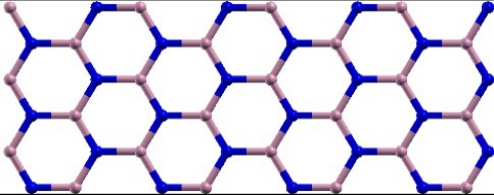
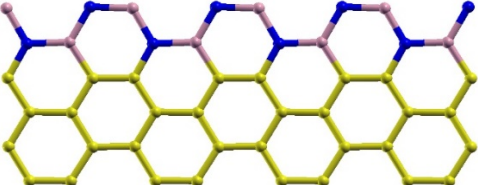
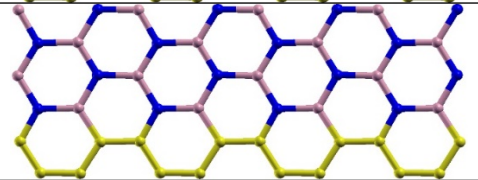
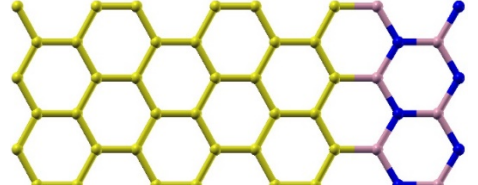
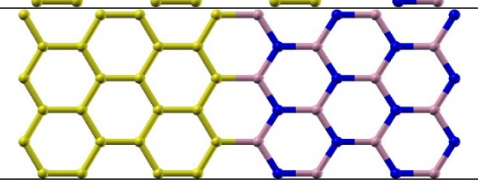
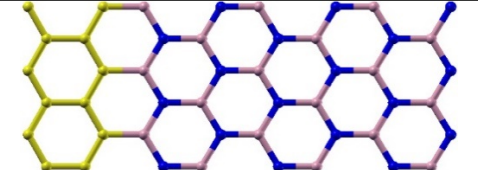
Name	Symbol for Names	Structure
G	PP0'	
<i>h</i> -BN	PP1'	
Doping of G in <i>A</i> direction		
A-B ₈ N ₈ C ₃₂	PA-I'	
A-B ₁₆ N ₁₆ C ₁₆	PA-II'	
Doping of G in <i>Z</i> direction		
Z-B ₆ N ₆ C ₃₆	PZ-I'	
Z-B ₁₂ N ₁₂ C ₁₈	PZ-II'	
Z-B ₁₈ N ₁₈ C ₁₂	PZ-III'	

Figure. 1S: Top and side views models of initial (a) and (d), relaxed (b) and (e) and full relaxed structures (c) and (f) of C_2 ad-dimers linear adsorption on G sheet for embedded 585-ELD and 5775-ELD structures, respectively.

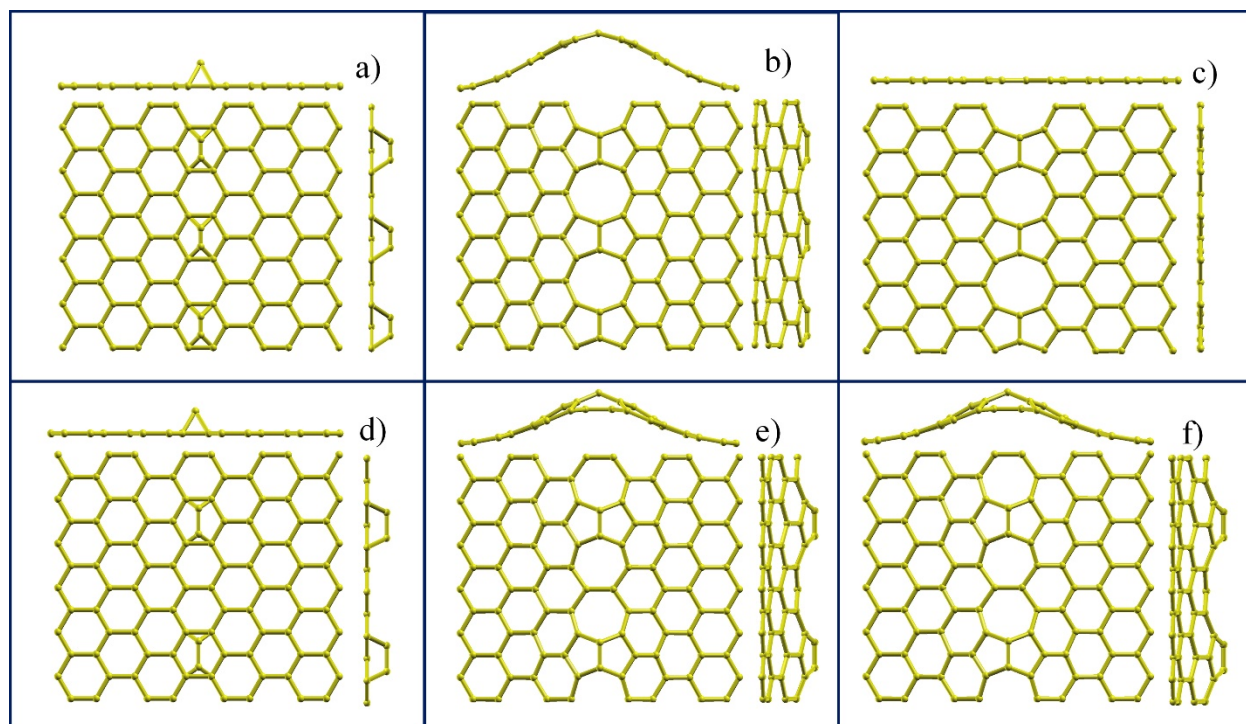


Figure. 2S: Unit cell of (a) 585 ELD along with rings label, ELD, *A* and *Z* directions, (b) 5775 ELD along with rings label, ELD, *A* and *Z* directions and (c) and (d) show zigzag N-edge and zigzag B-edge in both BN 585- and BN 5775-ELD structures (e) (L_c) . Length of the circumscribing ring 10.

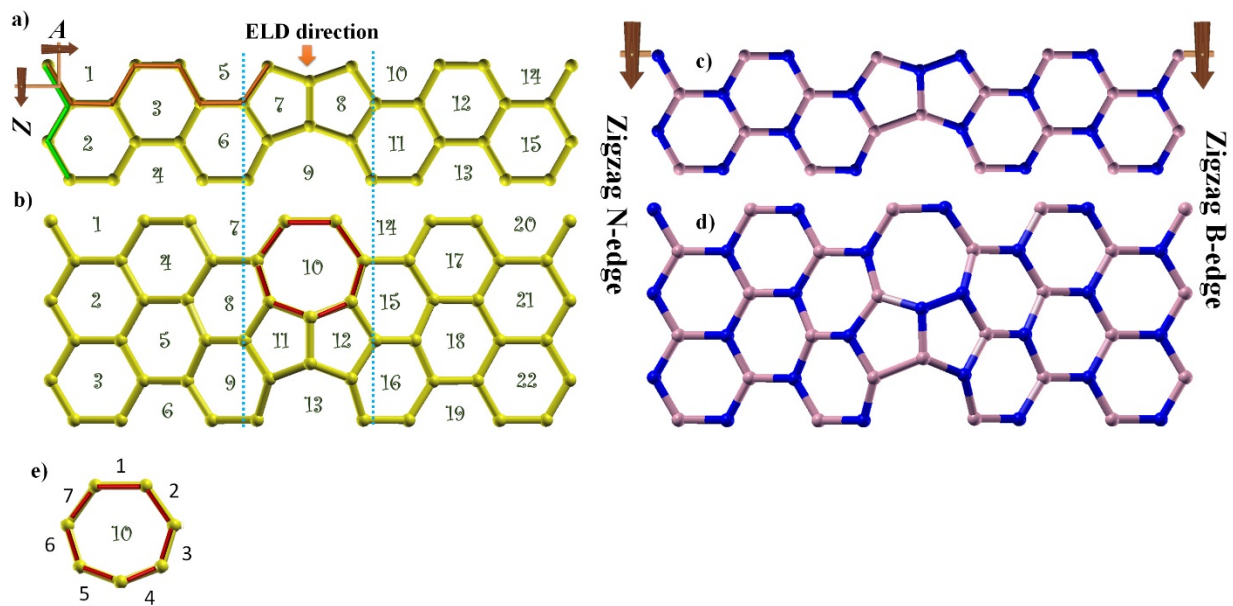


Figure. 3S: Electronic band structures of (a) G sheet along with VEBS and CEBS states and (b) *h*-BN sheet along with VEBS and CEBS states, total density of states for G sheet (projected density of state of 2p orbitals C atoms (inset)) (c) and (d) for *h*-BN sheet (projected density of state of 2p orbitals of B and N atoms (inset)), EPS plots mapped onto electron density values with isodensity values of 0.004 a.u. of (e) G sheet and (f) *h*-BN sheet.

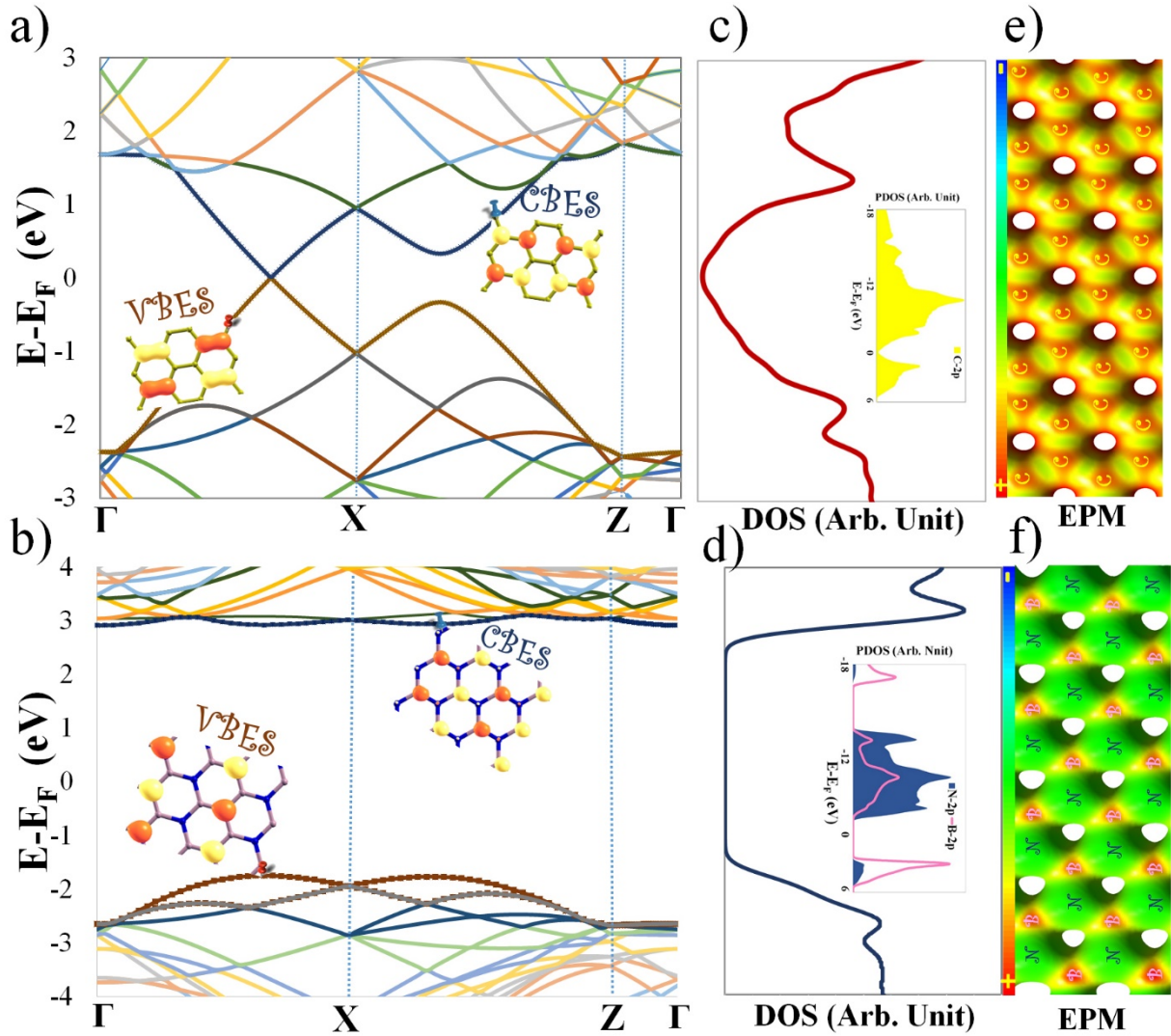


Figure. 4S: Conductance as a function of the energy (the Fermi energy E_F is set to zero) for the O-I and H-I structures.

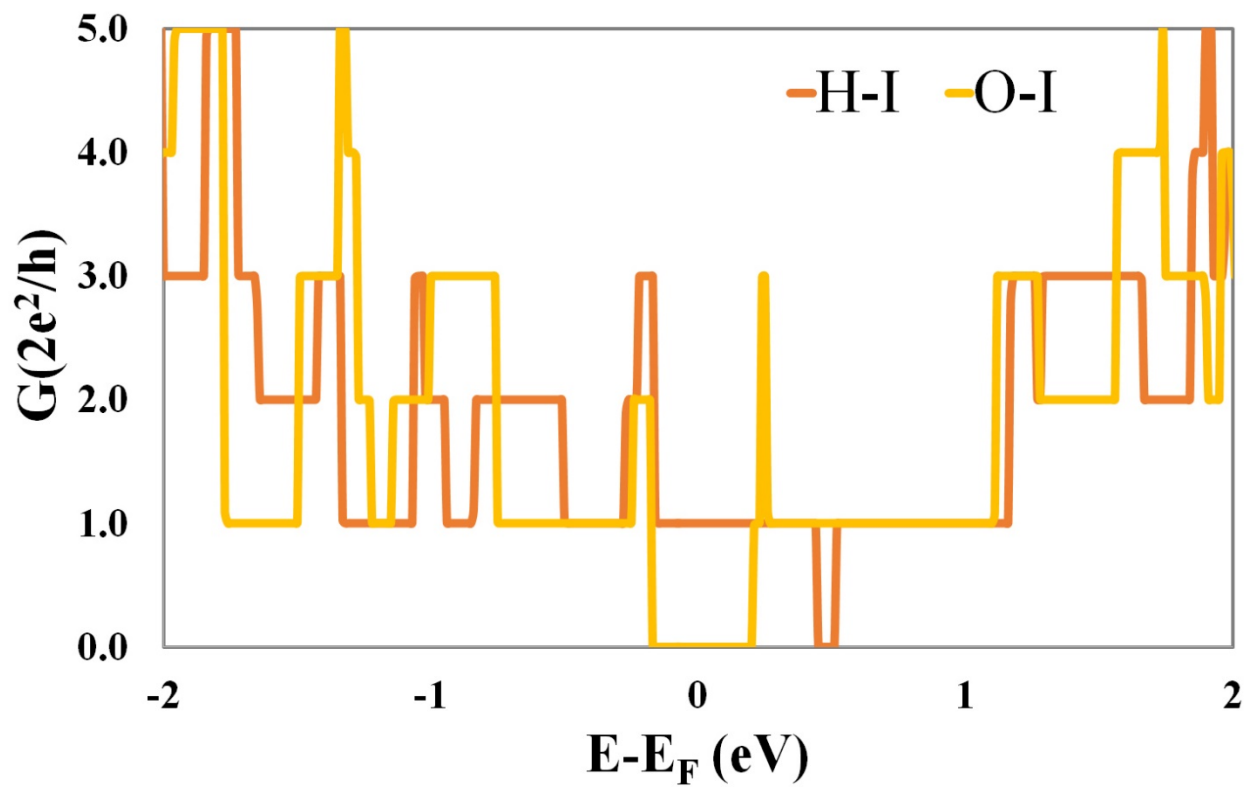


Figure. 5S. Length of the circumscribing rings in (a) O-I and (b) H-I structures.

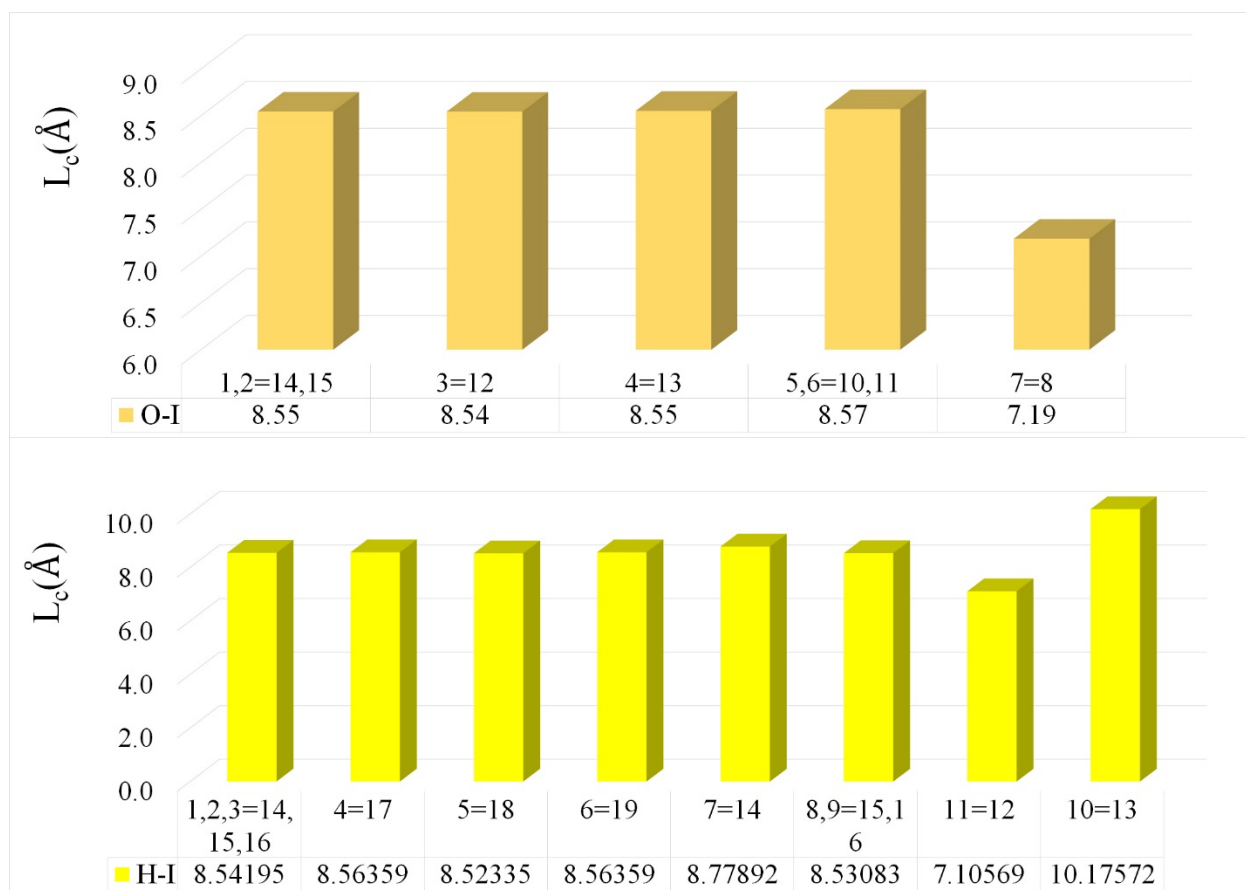


Figure 6S. Relative cohesive energy per atom with respect to pristine graphene sheet (Counterpart of O-I and its BN-doped structures), band gap and full relaxed unit cells of G sheet and its different BN-doped structures in two *A* and *Z* directions.

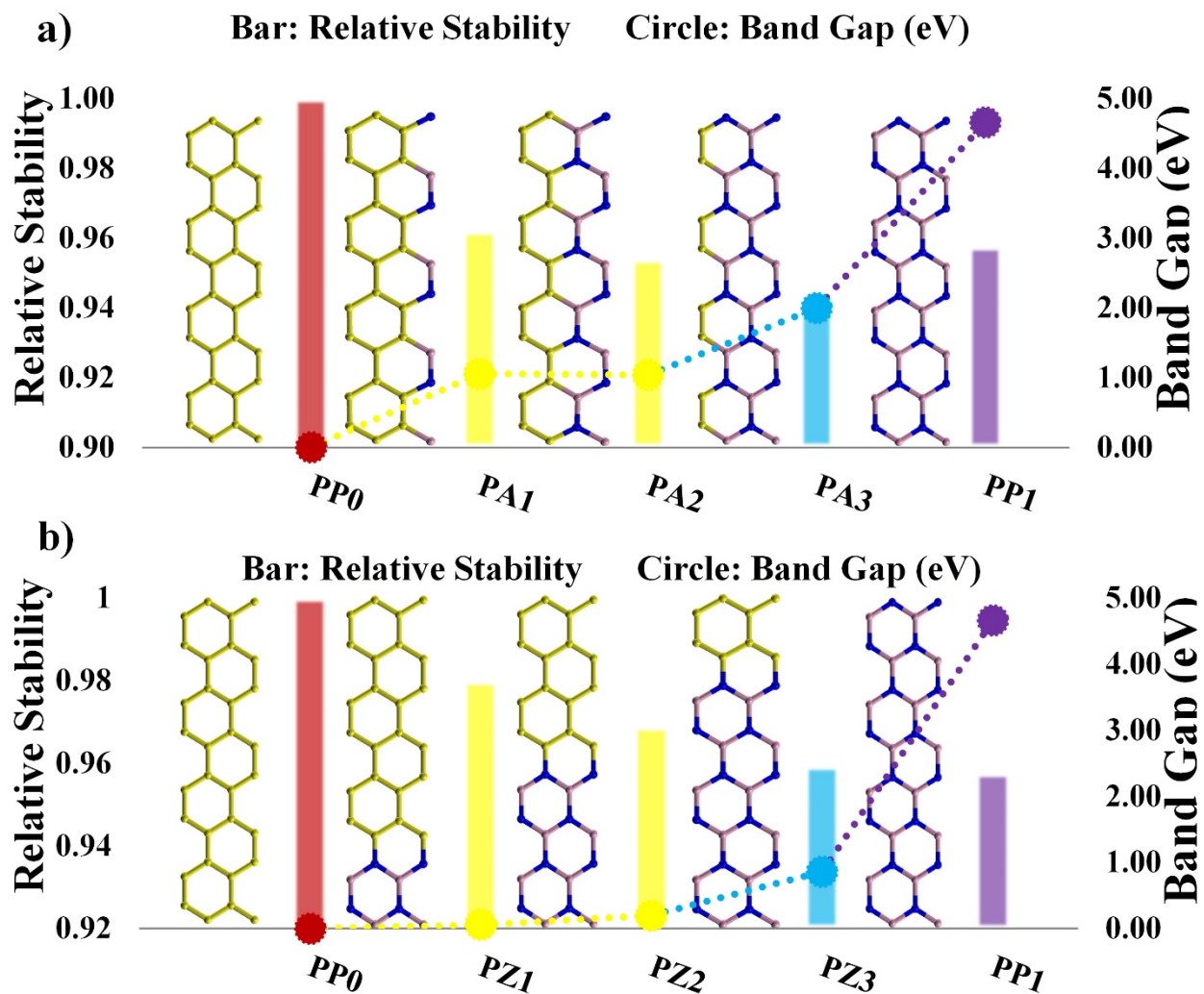


Figure 7S. Relative cohesive energy per atom with respect to pristine graphene sheet (Counterpart of H-I and its BN-doped structures), band gap and full relaxed unit cells of G sheet and its different BN-doped structures in two *A* and *Z* directions.

