### **Electronic Supplementary Information**

# A Designed Bithiopheneimide-Based Conjugated Polymer for

## Organic Photovoltaic with Ultrafast Charge Transfer at

# Donor/PC71BM Interface: Theoretical Study and Characterization

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**Table S1.** The first singlet excitation energies *E* and the corresponding (maximum) absorption wavelength  $E_{\lambda}$  of **1** (n=2) calculated by different functionals PBE0 and CAM-B3LYP with the 6-31G(d) basis set compared with the experimental value.

	PBE0	CAM-B3LYP	Exp.
E/eV	2.03	2.40	1.75
$E_{\lambda}$ /nm	610	517	603

**Table S2.** The HOMO energy (eV) of 1 (n=1) calculated by different functionals B3LYP, PBE0, and BHandHLYP with the 6-31G(d) basis set compared with its experimental value.

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	B3LYP	PBE0	BHandHLYP	Exp.
НОМО	-5.21	-5.47	-6.15	-5.43

**Table S3.** Calculated the excitation energies (*E*) and oscillator strengths (*f*) for  $1/PC_{71}BM$  and  $4/PC_{71}BM$  (n=1) heterojunctions at TD-CAM-B3LYP/6-31G(d) level.

		1/PC <sub>71</sub> BM	4/PC <sub>71</sub> BM		
	E/eV (nm)	f	E/eV (nm)	f	
$S_1$	2.26 (550)	0.0083	2.26 (549)	0.0079	
$S_2$	2.43 (511)	0.0410	2.35 (527)	0.2969	
$S_3$	2.59 (479)	0.0496	2.43 (511)	0.0511	
$S_4$	2.65 (468)	0.0345	2.59 (479)	0.0489	
$S_5$	2.70 (460)	0.0795	2.65 (468)	0.0358	
$S_6$	2.70 (458)	0.0363	2.70 (460)	0.0790	
$S_7$	2.71 (457)	0.0220	2.71 (458)	0.0824	
$S_8$	2.79 (444)	0.0024	2.71 (457)	0.0196	
$S_9$	2.80 (444)	0.0014	2.79 (444)	0.0015	
$S_{10}$	2.82 (440)	1.0833	2.80 (443)	0.0031	
$S_{11}$	2.84 (436)	0.0026	2.85 (435)	0.0003	
$S_{12}$	2.97 (417)	0.0022	2.97 (417)	0.0016	
$S_{13}$	2.98 (415)	0.0014	2.99 (414)	0.0048	
$S_{14}$	3.00 (413)	0.0067	3.01 (412)	0.0085	
$S_{15}$	3.03 (409)	0.0092	3.03 (410)	0.7813	
$S_{16}$	3.05 (407)	0.0058	3.05 (404)	0.0102	
$S_{17}$	3.08 (403)	0.0002	3.08 (403)	0.0005	
$S_{18}$	3.09 (401)	0.0015	3.09 (401)	0.0014	
$S_{19}$	3.12 (397)	0.0040	3.12 (397)	0.0034	
$S_{20}$	3.15 (394)	0.0057	3.14 (395)	0.0023	

**Table S4.** Calculated  $V_{DA}$  (eV) of inter-CT excited states for  $1/PC_{71}BM$  and  $4/PC_{71}BM$  (n=1).

	$S_{1\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{2\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{3\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{4\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{13\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{14\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{15\leftarrow0}$	$S_{16\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{19\leftarrow 0}$	$S_{20\leftarrow0}$
1/PC <sub>71</sub> BM					0.019	1.074	0.595	0.820	1.475	1.439
4/PC <sub>71</sub> BM	0.679		0.998	0.515					0.550	0.130



**Figure S1.** The absorption spectra for 1 (n=2) calculated by two different functionals with its experimental absorption spectrum.



**Figure S2.** Optimized geometries for 1-5 (n=1) calculated at the PBE0/6-31G(d) level with the dihedral angles between D and A moieties marked with red circles.



**Figure S3.** Simulated absorption spectra and related oscillator strengths of 1-4 (n=2, the dotted line represents the experimental value of 1 in the top part).



**Figure S4.** Charge density difference maps for  $1/PC_{71}BM$  heterojunction at the TD-CAM-B3LYP/ 6-31G(d)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) level, where the orange and green colors correspond to the decrease and increase in electron density, respectively.



**Figure S5.** Charge density difference maps for  $4/PC_{71}BM$  heterojunction at the TD-CAM-B3LYP/ 6-31G(d)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) level, where the orange and green colors correspond to the decrease and increase in electron density, respectively.