

Supplementary Information

Photocatalytic performance of TiO₂-zeolite templated carbon composite in organic contamination degradation

Waleeporn Donphai,^{a,b} Takashi Kamegawa,^{a,c} Metta Chareonpanich,^b Khanin Nueangnoraj,^d Hirotomo Nishihara,^d Takashi Kyotani,^d Hiromi Yamashita^{*,a,e}

^a Division of Materials and Manufacturing Science, Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka University, 2-1 Yamadaoka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan.

^b Department of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Kasetsart University, Bangkok 10900, Thailand.

^c Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Research Center, Osaka Prefecture University, 1-2 Gakuencho, Nakaku, Sakai, Osaka 599-8570, Japan.

^d Institute of Multidisciplinary Research for Advanced Materials, Tohoku University, 2-1-1, Katahira, Aoba-ku, Sendai 980-8577, Japan.

^e Elements Strategy Initiative for Catalysts and Batteries (ESICB), Kyoto University, Katsura, Kyoto 615-8520, Japan.

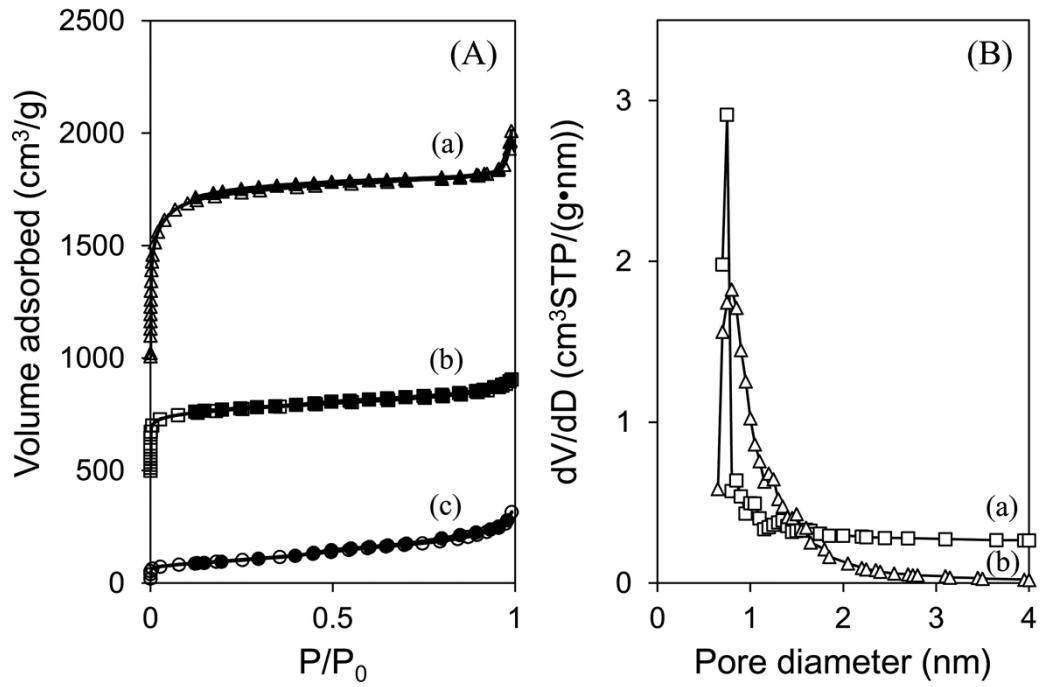


Fig. S1 (A) Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm and (B) pore size distribution curve of each catalyst ((a) TiO_2 -ZTC, (b) TiO_2 -AC, and (c) TiO_2).

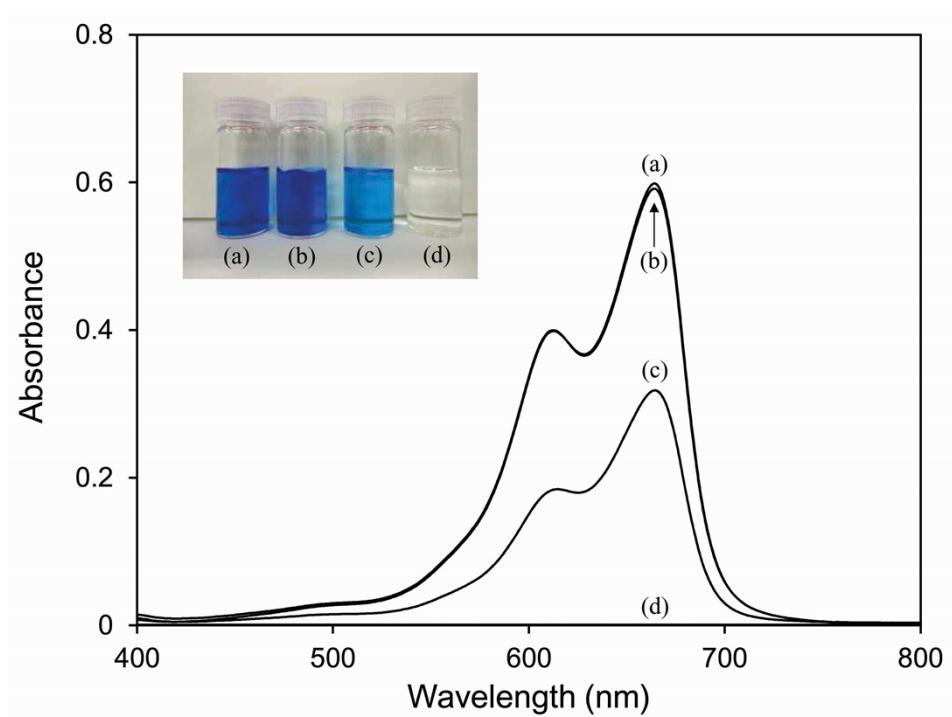


Fig. S2 UV-vis absorption spectra before and after methylene blue (MB) adsorption on different catalysts under dark condition: (a) initial methylene blue solution (concentration of 0.3 mM), (b) TiO₂ powder, (c) TiO₂-AC, and (d) TiO₂-ZTC. Inset shows photographic images of MB solutions.

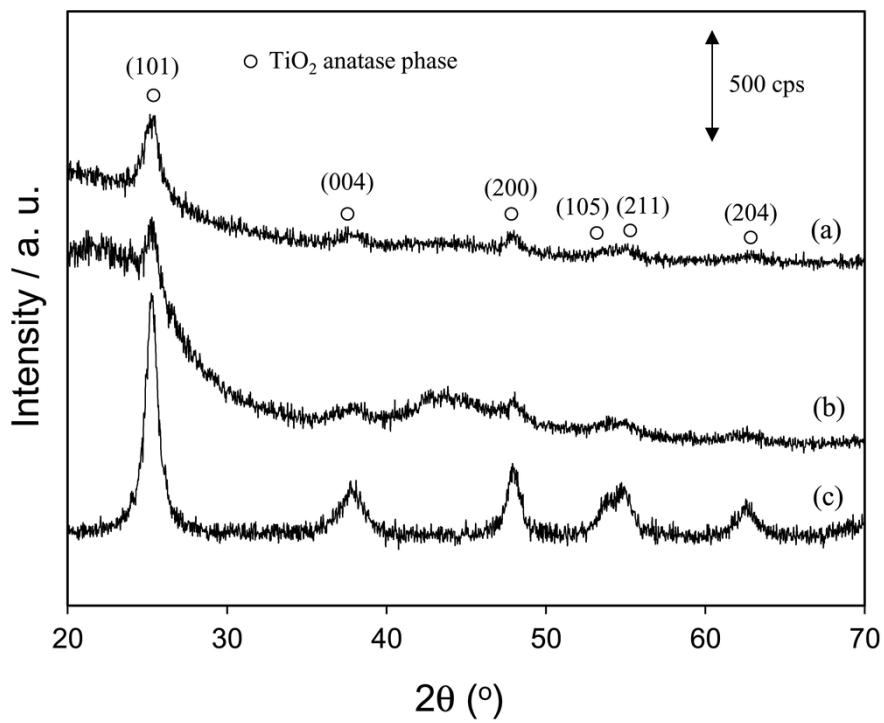


Fig. S3 XRD pattern of each catalyst: (a) TiO_2 -ZTC, (b) TiO_2 -AC, and (c) TiO_2 .