

Supporting Information

Where to place the positive muon in the Periodic Table?

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Table of contents

Page 3: Table S1- The optimized exponents of the electronic [4s1p] basis set for both protonic and muonic species.

Page 4: Table S2- The results of the ab initio NEO-CI/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] calculations on the muonic species. The symbol “ K_x ” stands for the total kinetic energy of muons, and “corr. Energy” is the electronic correlation energy computed as the energy difference between total energies of NEO-HF/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] and NEO-CI/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] computational levels. All results are offered in atomic units.

Page 5: Table S3- The protonic/muonic contribution of selected topological indices computed at the LCPs derived from the topological analysis performed using NEO-HF/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] wavefunction. The symbol “ ρ_x ” stands for the one-particle protonic/muonic density, “Lap. ρ_x ” for the Laplacian of the one-particle protonic/muonic density, “ G_x ” for the protonic/muonic Lagrangian kinetic energy density, and “ H_x ” for the protonic/muonic Hamiltonian energy density (see text for details). The mass-scaled quantities have been derived by dividing each quantity to the mass of proton/ μ^+ . All results are offered in atomic units.

Page 6: Table S4- The protonic/muonic contribution of selected topological indices computed at the (3, -3) CPs in the hydrogen/ μ^+ atomic basins derived from the topological analysis performed using NEO-HF/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] wavefunction. The symbol “ ρ_x ” stands for the one-particle protonic/muonic density, “Lap. ρ_x ” for the Laplacian of the one-particle protonic/muonic density, “ G_x ” for the protonic/muonic Lagrangian kinetic energy density (see text for details). The mass-scaled quantities have been derived by dividing each quantity to the mass of proton/ μ^+ . All results are offered in atomic units.

Page 7: Table S5- Selected topological indices computed at the LCPs and the (3, -3) CPs in μ^+ atomic basins derived from the topological analysis using NEO-CI/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] wavefunction. The symbol “ Γ ” stands for the Gamma density, “Lap. Γ ” for the Laplacian of the Gamma density, “ G ” for the combined Lagrangian kinetic energy density, “ H ” for the combined Hamiltonian energy density, “M-LCP” and “LCP-X” for the lengths of the line paths linking each of (3, -3) CPs located in the M (central atoms) and X basins to the LCP, respectively, and “TF” for the topological floppiness index (see text for details). All results are offered in atomic units.

Page 8: Figure S1- The MGs of the protonic species: a) LiH, (b) BeH₂, (c) BH₃, (d) CH₄, (e) NH₃ and (f) H₂O. The FH molecule has just a single (3, -3) CP very near to the fluorine nucleus thus it has no MG at the considered computational level. The purple and green spheres are the (3,-3) CPs and LCPs, respectively, while the black line are the line paths, i.e. gradient paths, connection the (3, -3) CPs and LCPs. The (3, -3) CPs at (or very near) to the central nuclei have not been depicted for clarity of the shapes. Except from HCl molecule that has a MG similar to LiH molecule, the congener species containing central atoms from the third row of the PT have exactly the same MG depicted in this figure.

Page 9: Figure S2- The MGs of the muonic species: (a) $Li\mu$, (b) $Be\mu_2$, (c) $B\mu_3$, (d) $C\mu_4$, (e) $N\mu_3$. The purple and green spheres are the (3,-3) CPs and LCPs, respectively. The (F^- , μ^+) and (O^{2-} , $2\mu^+$) species have just a single (3, -3) CP very near to the fluorine and oxygen nuclei thus they have no MG at the considered computational level. The purple and green spheres are the (3,-3) CPs and LCPs, respectively, while each white line is one of the gradient paths on the interatomic surface. The blue spherical mesh is an iso-density surface of the muonic one-particle density, $\rho_\mu(\vec{q})=10^{-3} au$.

Table S1- The optimized exponents of the electronic [4s1p] basis set for both protonic and muonic species.

<i>Proton</i>	Li	Be	B	C	N	O	F
S	6.863	8.531	10.158	10.554	10.490	7.889	8.161
S	1.449	1.884	2.351	2.487	2.460	1.633	1.732
S	0.372	0.492	0.630	0.707	0.717	0.469	0.534
S	0.106	0.134	0.178	0.213	0.242	0.140	0.151
P	0.345	0.742	0.981	1.105	0.772	0.687	0.829
μ^+							
S	3.537	4.406	5.165	3.604	4.016	4.455	3.858
S	0.967	1.310	1.653	0.894	1.047	1.214	1.011
S	0.286	0.412	0.533	0.271	0.340	0.399	0.350
S	0.090	0.121	0.164	0.068	0.099	0.121	0.099
P	0.308	0.727	0.878	0.950	0.691	0.652	0.787
<i>Proton</i>	Na	Mg	Al	Si	P	S	Cl
S	6.189	6.903	7.633	8.284	8.489	8.848	9.884
S	1.279	1.447	1.624	1.795	1.864	1.977	2.327
S	0.320	0.360	0.411	0.461	0.493	0.528	0.623
S	0.091	0.100	0.121	0.142	0.163	0.177	0.215
P	0.253	0.477	0.482	0.559	0.546	0.561	0.549
μ^+							
S	3.240	3.733	4.069	4.432	4.272	4.548	5.606
S	0.864	1.039	1.150	1.284	1.238	1.364	1.818
S	0.248	0.302	0.338	0.385	0.391	0.436	0.551
S	0.078	0.089	0.108	0.128	0.147	0.162	0.201
P	0.234	0.464	0.430	0.516	0.474	0.494	0.492

Table S2- The results of the ab initio NEO-CI/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] calculations on the muonic species. The symbol “ K_x ” stands for the total kinetic energy of muons, and “corr. Energy” is the electronic correlation energy computed as the energy difference between total energies of NEO-HF/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] and NEO-CI/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] computational levels. All results are offered in atomic units.

	Active space	Number of the used determinants	Energy	K_x	virial ratio	corr. Energy
Li	(2,5)	25	-7.8920	0.0385	2.0007	0.0002
Be	(4,6)	225	-15.5664	0.0845	2.0003	0.0003
B	(6,7)	1225	-26.0754	0.1339	2.0006	0.0012
C	(8,8)	4900	-39.7722	0.1810	2.0005	0.0006
N	(6,6)	400	-55.8881	0.1355	2.0005	0.0012
O	(8,8)	4900	-75.8512	0.0891	2.0021	0.0133
F	(8,8)	4900	-99.9603	0.0428	2.0018	0.0110
Na	(2,5)	25	-162.2887	0.0371	2.0008	0.0004
Mg	(4,6)	225	-200.5385	0.0791	2.0006	0.0001
Al	(6,7)	1225	-243.3367	0.1246	2.0002	0.0007
Si	(8,8)	4900	-290.8410	0.1701	2.0002	0.0006
P	(6,6)	400	-342.1709	0.1262	2.0000	0.0002
S	(8,8)	4900	-398.5028	0.0822	2.0001	0.0014
Cl	(8,8)	4900	-460.0010	0.0394	2.0000	0.0021

Table S3- The protonic/muonic contribution of selected topological indices computed at the LCPs derived from the topological analysis performed using NEO-HF/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] wavefunction. The symbol “ ρ_x ” stands for the one-particle protonic/muonic density, “Lap. ρ_x ” for the Laplacian of the one-particle protonic/muonic density, “ G_x ” for the protonic/muonic Lagrangian kinetic energy density, and “ H_x ” for the protonic/muonic Hamiltonian energy density (see text for details). The mass-scaled quantities have been derived by dividing each quantity to the mass of proton/ μ^+ . All results are offered in atomic units.

<i>Proton</i>						
	ρ_x	Lap. ρ_x	mass-scaled ρ_x	mass-scaled Lap. ρ_x	G_x	H_x
Li	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Be	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
B	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
C	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
N	0.007	10.351	0.000	0.006	0.001	0.001
O	2.316	723.883	0.001	0.394	0.093	0.006
F	--	--	--	--	--	--
Na	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mg	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Al	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Si	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
P	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
S	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Cl	0.000	0.021	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
μ^+						
	ρ_x	Lap. ρ_x	mass-scaled ρ_x	mass-scaled Lap. ρ_x	G_x	H_x
Li	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Be	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
B	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
C	0.058	9.817	0.000	0.048	0.009	0.003
N	1.554	9.176	0.008	0.045	0.076	-0.065
O	--	--	--	--	--	--
F	--	--	--	--	--	--
Na	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mg	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Al	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Si	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
P	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
S	0.019	3.821	0.000	0.019	0.003	0.002
Cl	0.379	21.764	0.002	0.106	0.028	-0.002

Table S4- The protonic/muonic contribution of selected topological indices computed at the (3, -3) CPs in the hydrogen/ μ^+ atomic basins derived from the topological analysis performed using NEO-HF/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] wavefunction. The symbol " ρ_x " stands for the one-particle protonic/muonic density, "Lap. ρ_x " for the Laplacian of the one-particle protonic/muonic density, " G_x " for the protonic/muonic Lagrangian kinetic energy density (see text for details). The mass-scaled quantities have been derived by dividing each quantity to the mass of proton/ μ^+ . All results are offered in atomic units.

<i>Proton</i>					
	ρ_x	Lap. ρ_x	mass-scaled ρ_x	mass-scaled Lap. ρ_x	G_x
Li	45.865	-11077.238	0.025	-6.033	0.002
Be	51.142	-13280.651	0.028	-7.233	0.012
B	53.973	-14523.018	0.029	-7.910	0.031
C	53.189	-14156.223	0.029	-7.710	0.058
N	49.438	-12481.559	0.027	-6.798	0.098
O	40.599	-8789.329	0.022	-4.787	0.167
F	--	--	--	--	--
Na	43.594	-10178.548	0.024	-5.544	0.001
Mg	47.237	-11635.055	0.026	-6.337	0.004
Al	50.201	-12876.353	0.027	-7.013	0.009
Si	51.513	-13440.669	0.028	-7.321	0.018
P	50.480	-12991.807	0.027	-7.076	0.024
S	48.011	-11944.087	0.026	-6.505	0.035
Cl	44.354	-10454.663	0.024	-5.694	0.047
<i>μ^+</i>					
	ρ_x	Lap. ρ_x	mass-scaled ρ_x	mass-scaled Lap. ρ_x	G_x
Li	6.154	-389.551	0.030	-1.891	0.001
Be	6.900	-471.295	0.033	-2.288	0.006
B	7.210	-506.642	0.035	-2.459	0.014
C	6.792	-456.767	0.033	-2.217	0.030
N	5.566	-319.477	0.027	-1.551	0.057
O	--	--	--	--	--
F	--	--	--	--	--
Na	5.822	-355.201	0.028	-1.724	0.000
Mg	6.358	-411.323	0.031	-1.997	0.002
Al	6.764	-455.903	0.033	-2.213	0.004
Si	6.887	-469.778	0.033	-2.280	0.008
P	6.659	-443.918	0.032	-2.155	0.011
S	6.184	-391.846	0.030	-1.902	0.016
Cl	5.420	-313.201	0.026	-1.520	0.024

Table S5- Selected topological indices computed at the LCPs and the (3, -3) CPs in μ^+ atomic basins derived from the topological analysis using NEO-CI/[6-311+g(d)/4s1p:1s] wavefunction. The symbol “ Γ ” stands for the Gamma density, “Lap. Γ ” for the Laplacian of the Gamma density, “G” for the combined Lagrangian kinetic energy density, “H” for the combined Hamiltonian energy density, “M-LCP” and “LCP-X” for the lengths of the line paths linking each of (3, -3) CPs located in the M (central atoms) and X basins to the LCP, respectively, and “TF” for the topological floppiness index (see text for details). All results are offered in atomic units.

	LCP					(3, -3)					
	Γ	Lap. Γ	G	H	G/ Γ	Γ	Lap. Γ	G	M-LCP	LCP-X	TF
Li	0.034	0.120	0.031	-0.001	0.934	0.191	-3.678	0.001	1.396	1.791	0.177
Be	0.086	0.091	0.068	-0.046	0.792	0.228	-4.593	0.007	1.128	1.496	0.378
B	0.165	-0.384	0.077	-0.173	0.467	0.254	-5.106	0.018	1.040	1.280	0.650
C	0.231	-0.871	0.031	-0.248	0.133	0.262	-4.702	0.042	1.554	0.520	0.883
N	0.262	-1.640	0.107	-0.517	0.410	0.266	-3.915	0.082	1.657	0.196	0.987
O	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
F	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Na	0.027	0.096	0.024	0.000	0.866	0.177	-3.326	0.000	1.951	1.812	0.155
Mg	0.047	0.164	0.046	-0.005	0.986	0.201	-3.919	0.002	1.693	1.664	0.234
Al	0.074	0.188	0.074	-0.027	0.999	0.220	-4.391	0.005	1.514	1.590	0.335
Si	0.109	0.130	0.105	-0.073	0.961	0.231	-4.607	0.010	1.387	1.505	0.472
P	0.150	-0.196	0.101	-0.150	0.671	0.227	-4.380	0.015	1.357	1.396	0.661
S	0.180	-0.513	0.024	-0.153	0.136	0.218	-3.979	0.025	1.947	0.629	0.824
Cl	0.189	-0.675	0.051	-0.220	0.270	0.204	-3.376	0.037	2.037	0.389	0.925

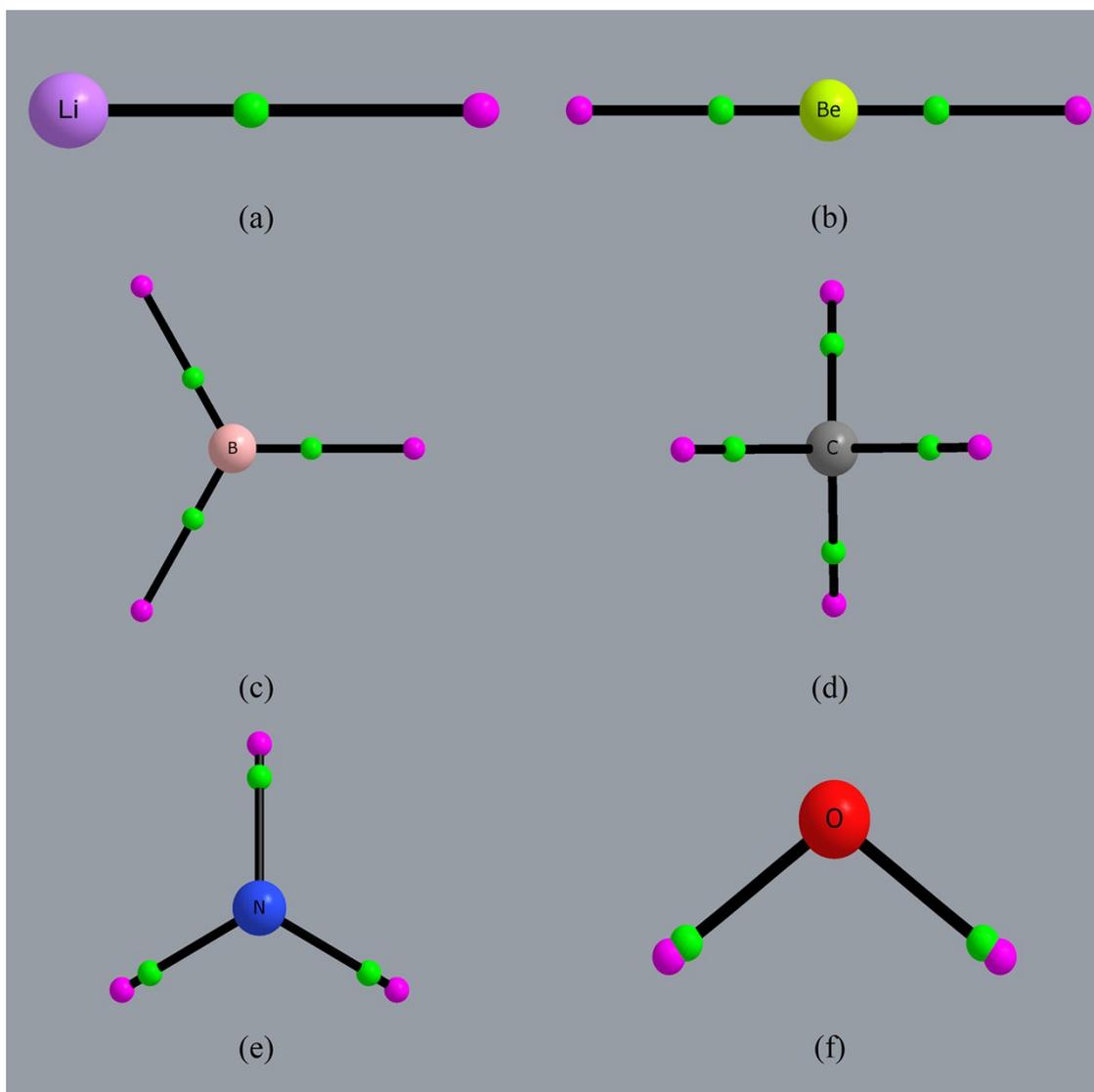


Figure S1- The MGs of the protonic species: a) LiH, (b) BeH₂, (c) BH₃, (d) CH₄, (e) NH₃ and (f) H₂O. The FH molecule has just a single (3, -3) CP very near to the fluorine nucleus thus it has no MG at the considered computational level. The purple and green spheres are the (3,-3) CPs and LCPs, respectively, while the black line are the line paths, i.e. gradient paths, connection the (3, -3) CPs and LCPs. The (3, -3) CPs at (or very near) to the central nuclei have not been depicted for clarity of the shapes. Except from HCl molecule that has a MG similar to LiH molecule, the congener species containing central atoms from the third row of the PT have exactly the same MG depicted in this figure.

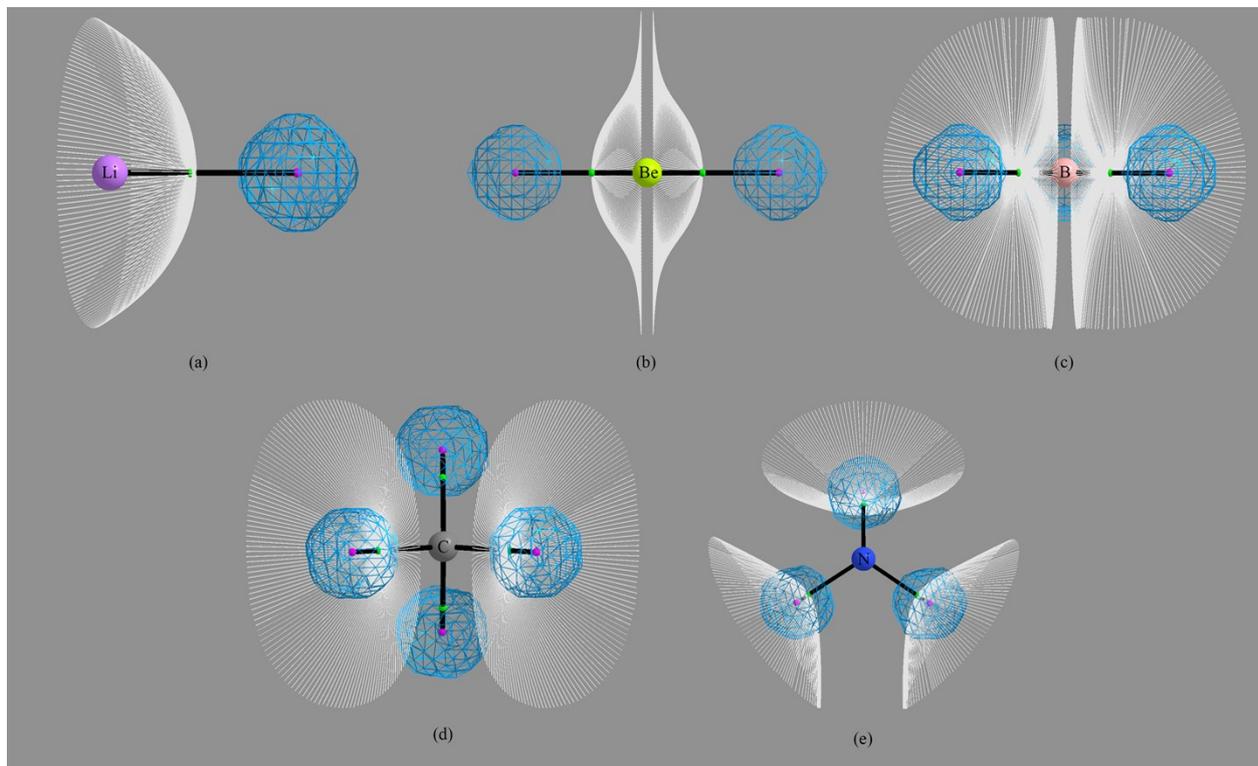


Figure S2- The MGs of the muonic species: (a) $Li\mu$, (b) $Be\mu_2$, (c) $B\mu_3$, (d) $C\mu_4$, (e) $N\mu_3$. The purple and green spheres are the (3,-3) CPs and LCPs, respectively. The (F^-, μ^+) and $(O^{2-}, 2\mu^+)$ species have just a single (3, -3) CP very near to the fluorine and oxygen nuclei thus they have no MG at the considered computational level. The purple and green spheres are the (3,-3) CPs and LCPs, respectively, while each white line is one of the gradient paths on the inter-atomic surface. The blue spherical mesh is an iso-density surface of the muonic one-particle density, $\rho_\mu(\vec{q})=10^{-3} au$.