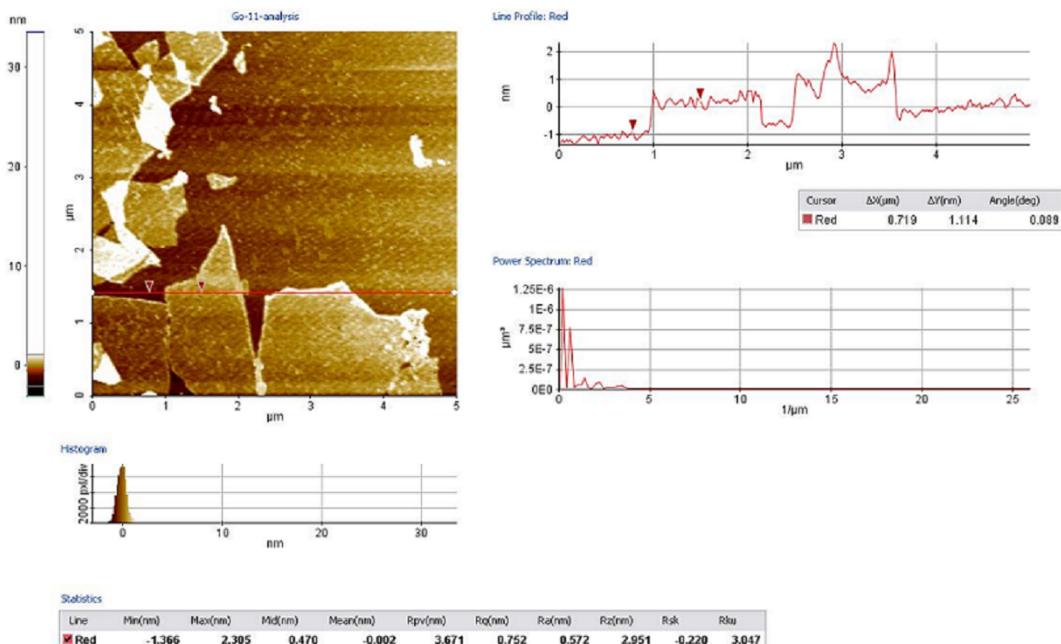


## Supplementary Information

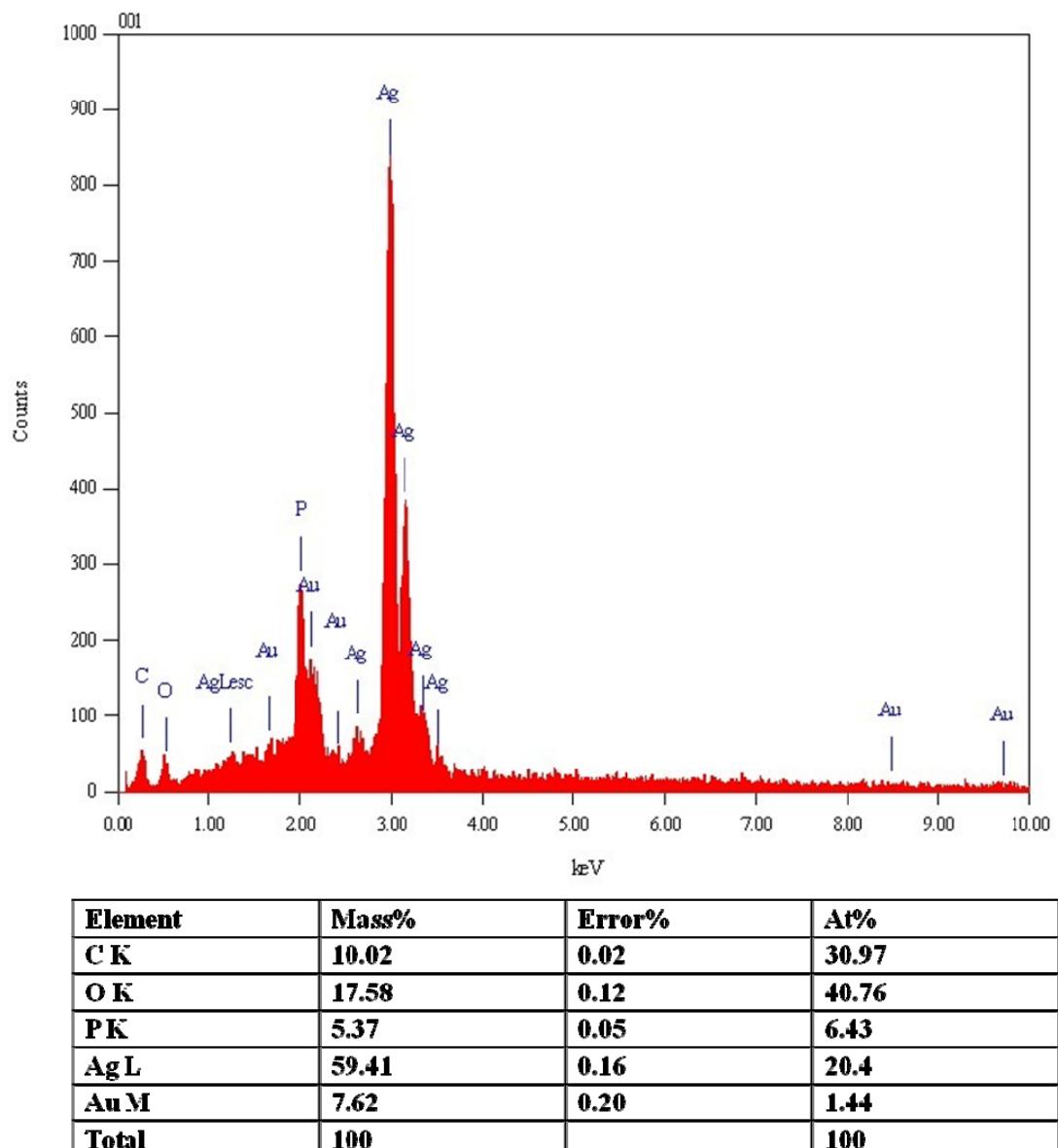
### Graphene Oxide Enwrapped Ag<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> Composite: Towards a Highly Efficient and Stable Visible-Light-Induced Photocatalyst for Water Purification

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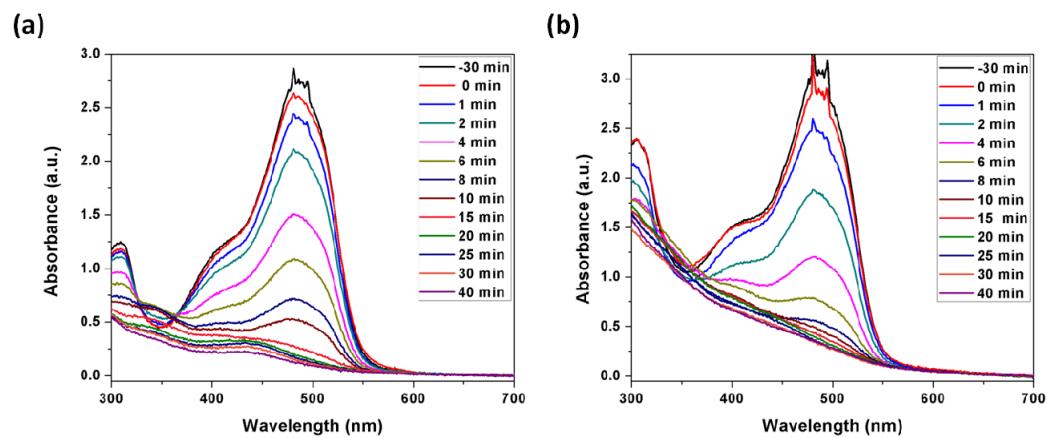
<sup>a</sup> School of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, Block N1, Nanyang Avenue, Singapore 639798  
Corresponding Email: [JCLIU@ntu.edu.sg](mailto:JCLIU@ntu.edu.sg); [DDSSUN@ntu.edu.sg](mailto:DDSSUN@ntu.edu.sg)



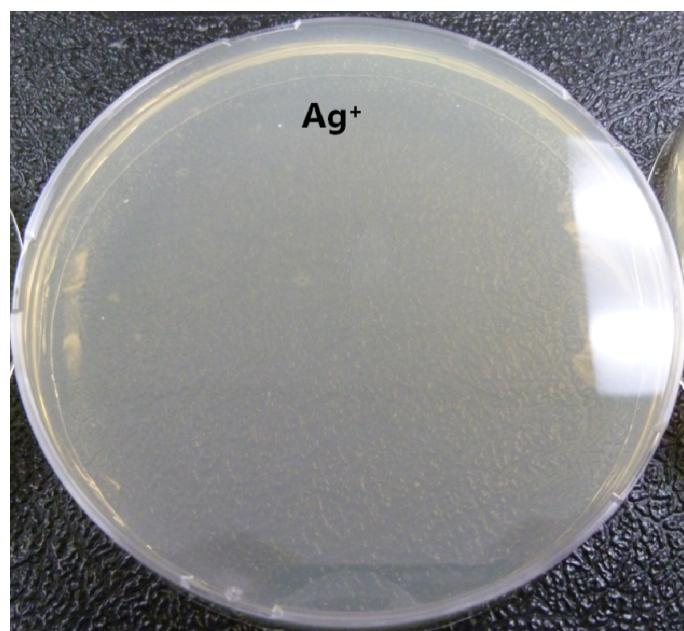
**Fig. S1:** AFM image of single-sheet graphene oxide.



**Fig. S2:** EDS spectra and element contents of GO-Ag<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> composite. The Au peaks in the spectra are because of Au coating for sample preparation.



**Fig. S3:** Typical real-time absorption spectra of AO7 dye during the photodegradation process over bare  $\text{Ag}_3\text{PO}_4$  (a),  $\text{GO}-\text{Ag}_3\text{PO}_4$  composite (b) under visible-light irradiation. The black curves marked as -30 min is the absorption spectra detected from the original AO7 solution before the dark adsorption experiment.



**Fig. S4:** Image of *E.coli* colonies on an agar plate incubated with Ag<sup>+</sup>. (Ag<sup>+</sup> concentration: 4.5 ppm, initial bacterial concentration: ~10<sup>7</sup> cfu/mL)