

Selective dehydrogenation of aromatic alcohols photocatalyzed by Pd-deposited CdS-TiO₂ in aqueous solution using visible light

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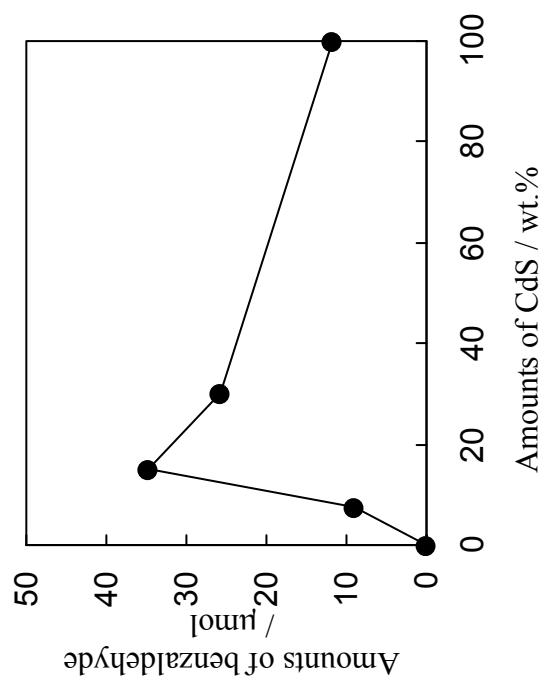


Figure S1 Effect of CdS amounts (χ wt.%) on the formation of benzaldehyde for the dehydrogenation of benzyl alcohol. Reaction conditions: $0.4\text{Pd}/x\text{CdS-TiO}_2$ catalyst (50 mg); benzyl alcohol (50 μmol); argon (1 atm); blue LED ($\lambda_{\text{max}} = 460$ nm, ca. 10 mW/cm 2); reaction time (2h).

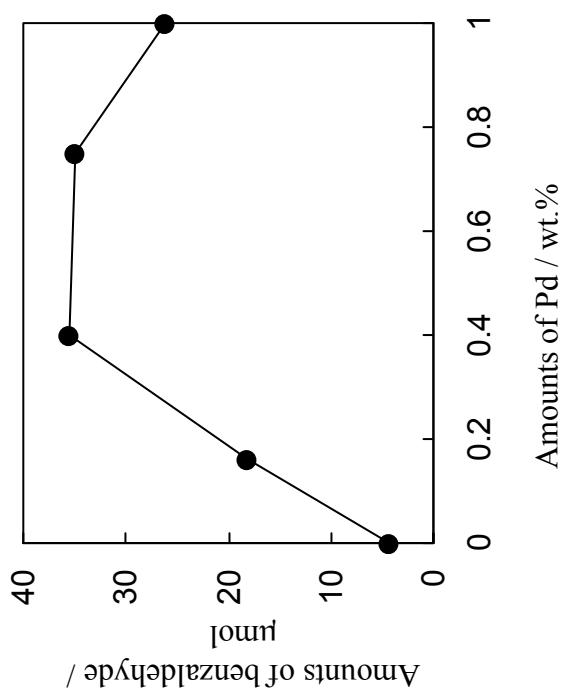


Figure S2 Effect of Pd amounts (Y wt.%) on the formation of benzaldehyde for the dehydrogenation of benzyl alcohol. Reaction conditions: γ Pd/15CdS-TiO₂ catalyst (50 mg); benzyl alcohol (50 μmol); argon (1 atm); blue LED ($\lambda_{\text{max}} = 460$ nm, ca. 10 mW/cm²); reaction time (2h).

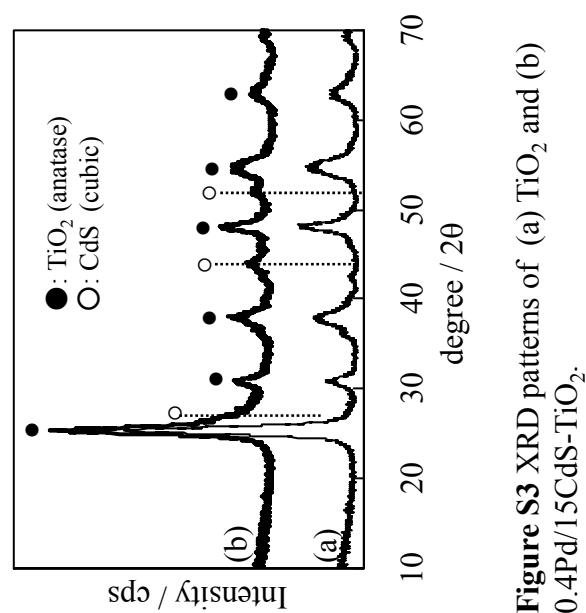


Figure S3 XRD patterns of (a) TiO_2 and (b) $0.4\text{Pd}/15\text{CdS}-\text{TiO}_2$.

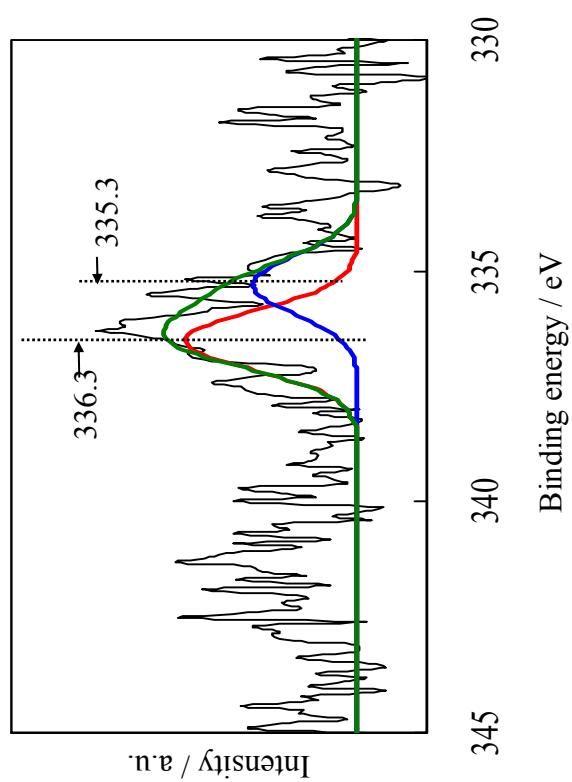


Figure S4 XPS spectrum of the Pd 3d_{5/2} peaks of 0.4Pd/15CdS-TiO₂. The spectrum can be deconvoluted into two gauss functions peaked at 336.3 and 335.3 eV.