

## Supporting Information

for

### **Asymmetric hydrogenation by RuCl<sub>2</sub>(R-Binap)(dmf)<sub>n</sub> encapsulated in silica-based nanoreactors**

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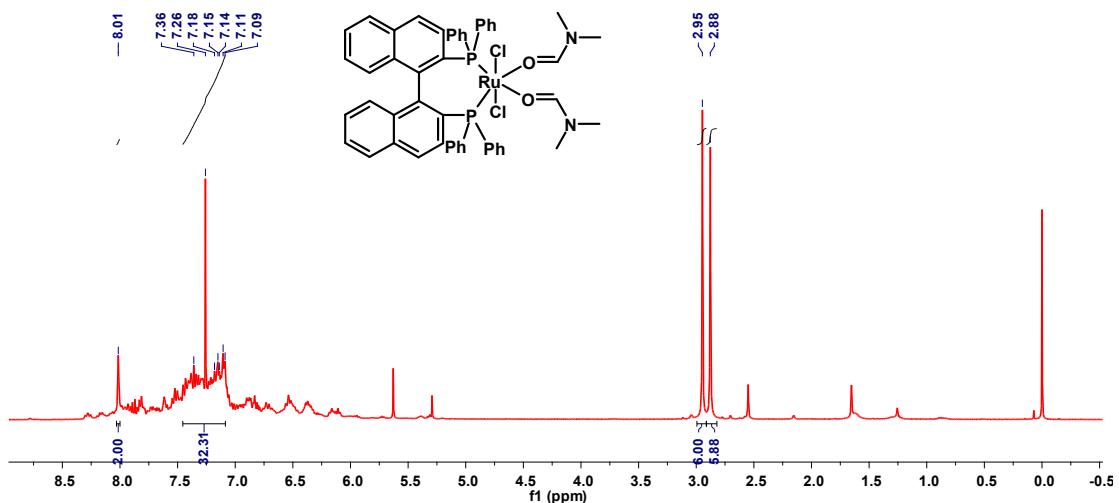


Figure S1. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of RuCl<sub>2</sub>(R-Binap)(dmf)<sub>n</sub> (n=2) performed under inert atmosphere using degassed CDCl<sub>3</sub> as solvent.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 298K, TMS): 8.01 (s, 2H, carbonyl H), 7.36-7.09 (m, 32H, aromatic H), 2.95 (s, 6H, -CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.88 (s, 6H, -CH<sub>3</sub>).

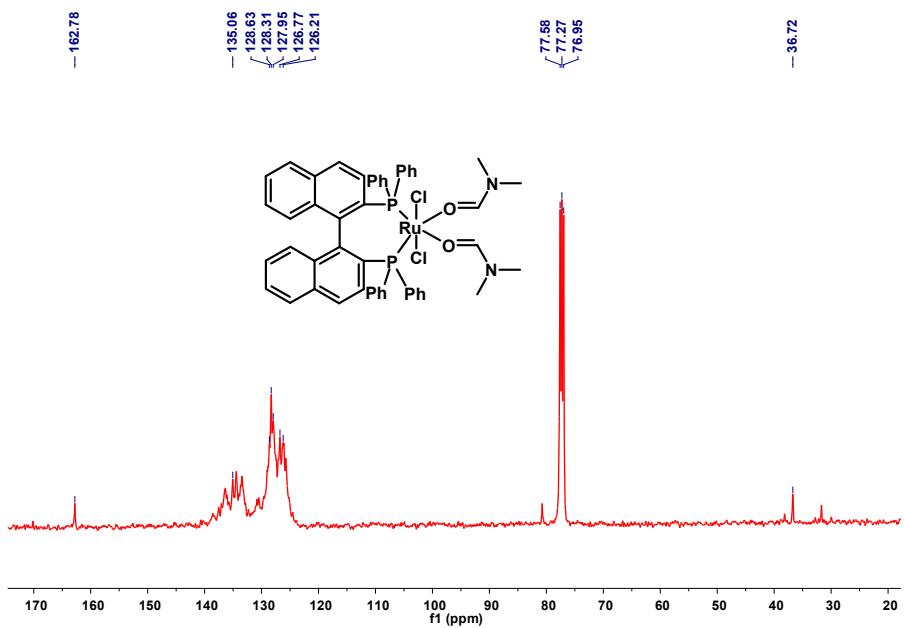


Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum of RuCl<sub>2</sub>(R-Binap)(dmf)<sub>n</sub> (n=2) performed under inert atmosphere using degassed CDCl<sub>3</sub> as solvent.

<sup>13</sup>C-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 298K): 162.78 (s, C=O), 135.06 (s, C-P), 128.63-126.21 (m,

aromatic C), 36.72 (s, CH<sub>3</sub>)

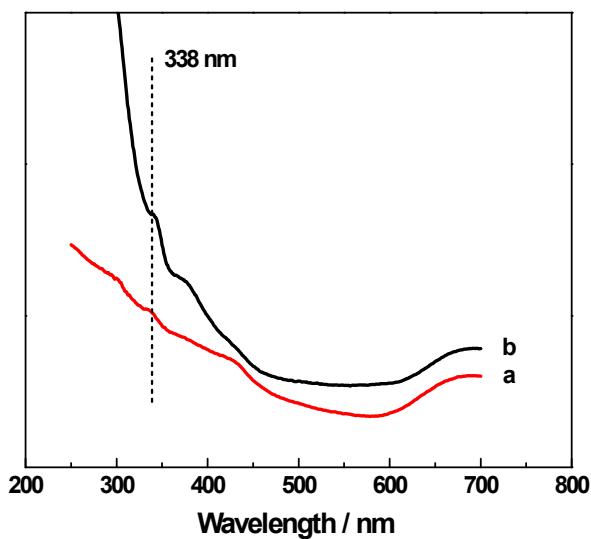
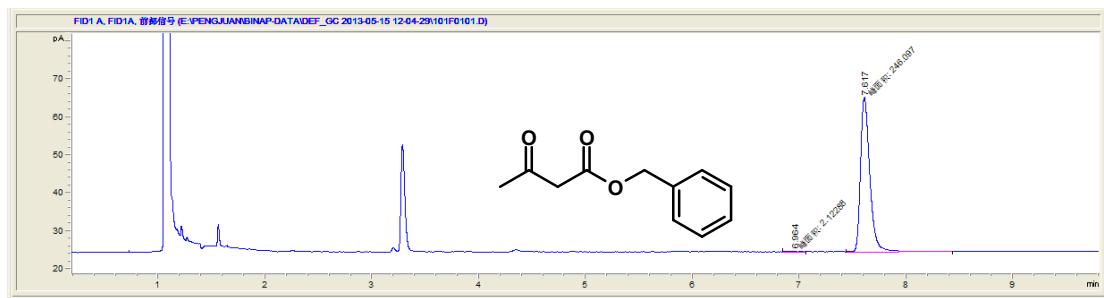
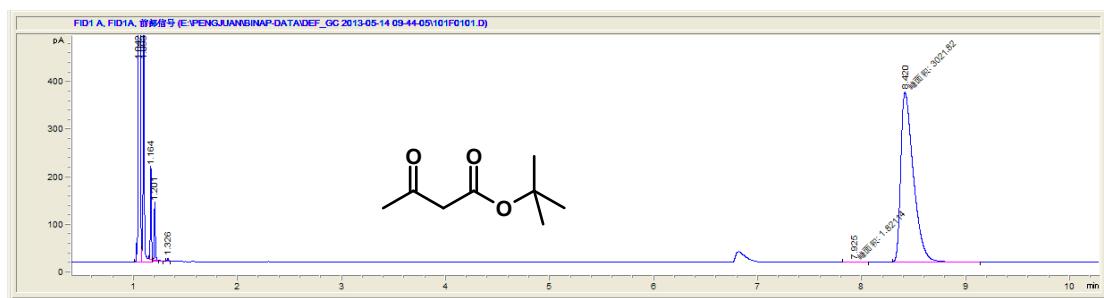
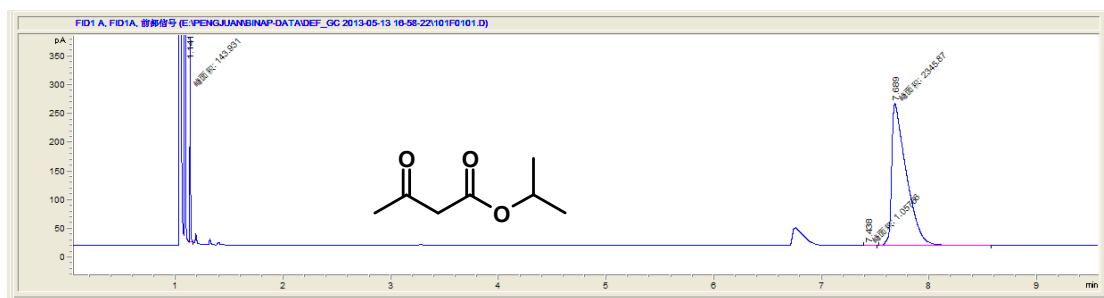
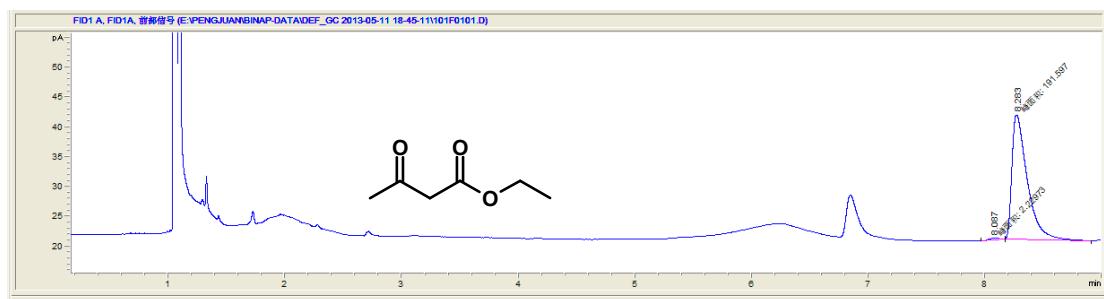
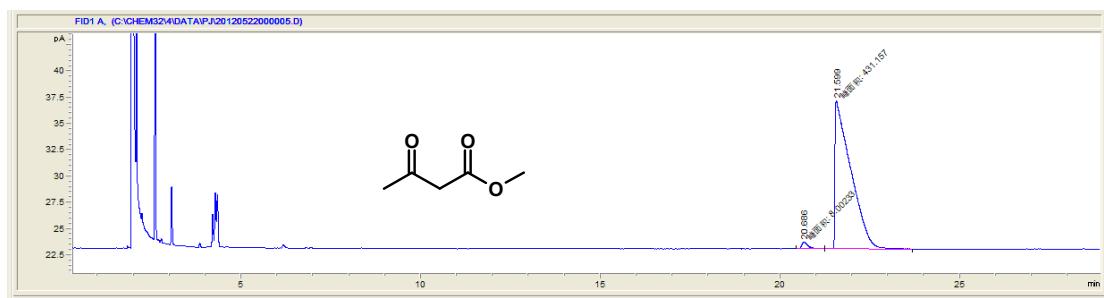


Figure S3. UV-vis diffused reflectance spectrum of (a) solid catalyst RuCl<sub>2</sub>(R-Binap)(dmf)<sub>n</sub> @C-FDU-12 and UV-vis spectrum of (b) RuCl<sub>2</sub>(R-Binap)(dmf)<sub>n</sub> dissolved in dichloromethane.



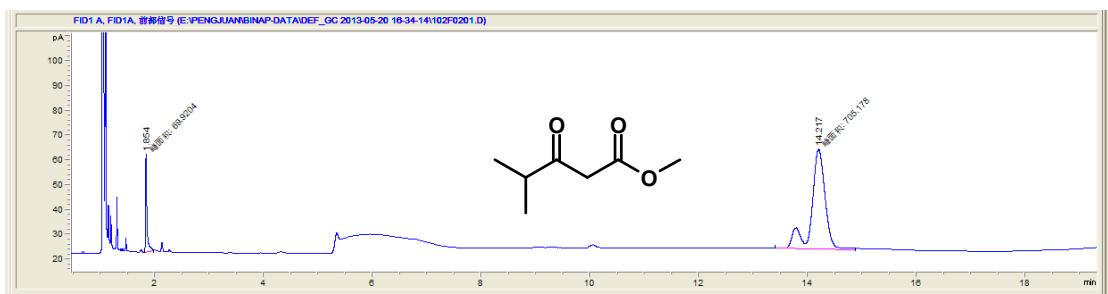
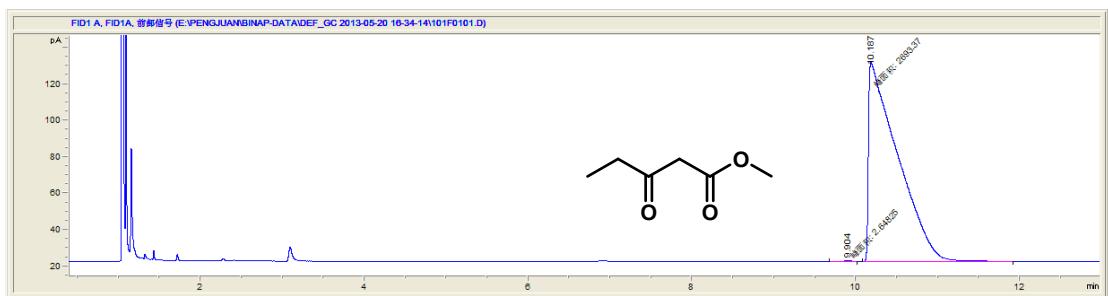


Figure S4. The GC spectra of the corresponding products of various  $\beta$ -keto esters