Transition Metals-rich Mesoporous Silica and their enhanced Catalytic Property

Baowang Lu,* Katsuya Kawamotoa

Graduate School of Environmental and Life Science, Okayama University,

3-1-1Tsushima-naka, Kita-ku, Okayama-shi, Okayama, 700-8530, Japan.

Tel: +81-86-2518842, E-mail: baowanglu@okayama-u.ac.jp

Synthesis producer:

The synthesis of Ni-rich mesoporous silica (Si/Ni = 5) was carried out as follows.

(1) Nickel (Ni) ammonia (NH₃) complex ions was prepared using 1.77 g of $Ni(NO_3)_2 \bullet 6H_2O$ and 2.4 g of NH₃ solution (28 wt%).

(2) 3.52 g of Surfactant C_{16} TMABr was dissolved in 400 g of water and 400 g of methanol, and then 4.62 g of TMOS was added at room temperature. After stirring for 30 min, the above transition metal ammonia complex ions was added, then aged 24 h under a static condition. The white solid product obtained was filtered, washed thoroughly with deionized water, dried overnight at room temperature, and calcined at 550 °C for 10 h.

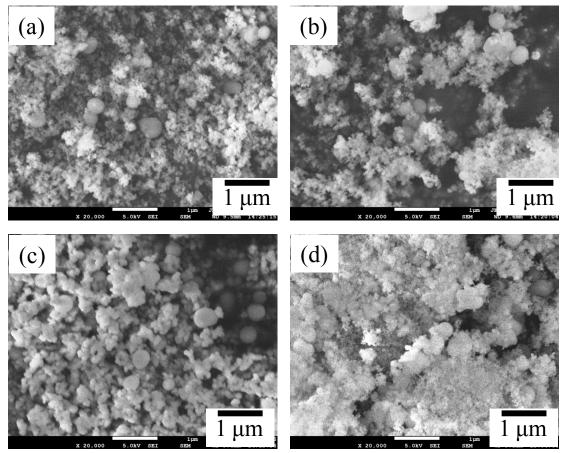


Figure 1S. SEM images of M-MCM-41 with Si/M mole ratio of 5. (a) Ni-MCM-41, (b) Cu-NCM-41, (c) Zn-MCM-41, (d) Co-MCM-41.

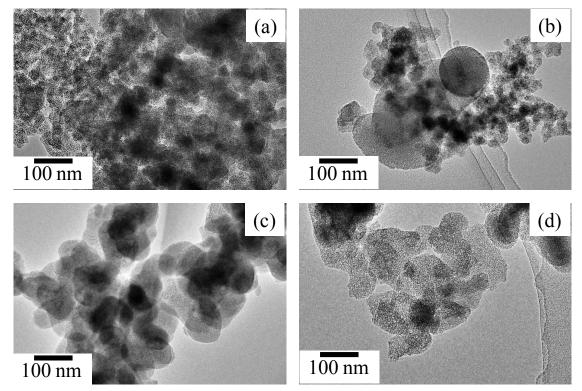


Figure 2S. TEM images of M-MCM-41 with Si/M mole ratio of 5. (a) Ni-MCM-41, (b) Cu-NCM-41, (c) Zn-MCM-41, (d) Co-MCM-41.