Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Analytical Methods. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2020

# Supporting Information

### Electrochemical nucleation and growth of Pt nanoflower particles on reduced

#### graphite oxide for electrooxidation of glucose

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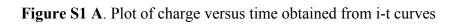
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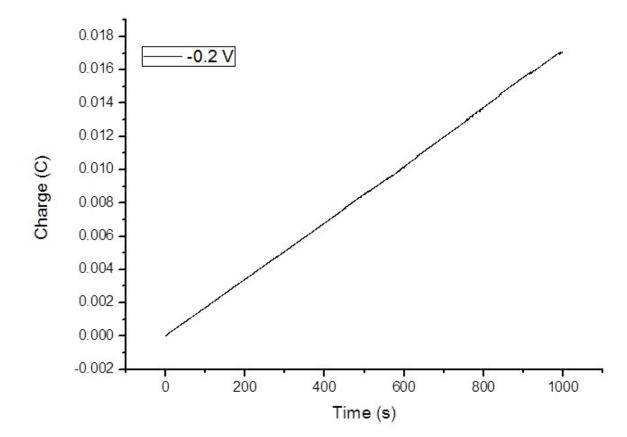
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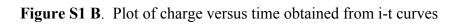
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Number	Description	Page Number
S1 A, B & C	Plot of charge vs. Time	2-4
S2 A, B & C	SEM images of GO (A), rGO (B) and TEM (C) images of rGO nano sheet	5-7
<b>S2</b>	EDX spectra of PtNFP-Rgo/GCE	8







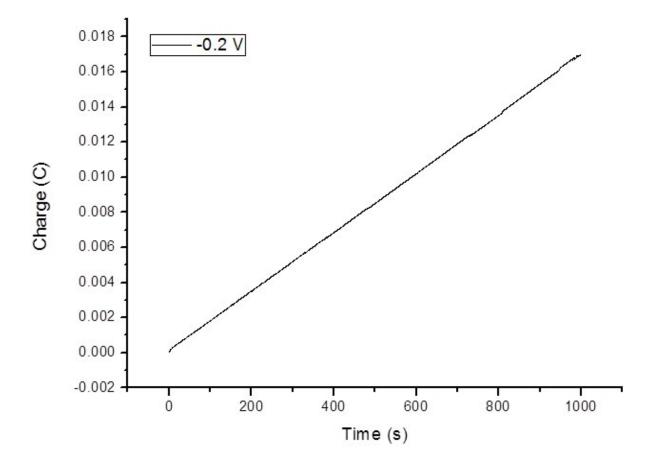
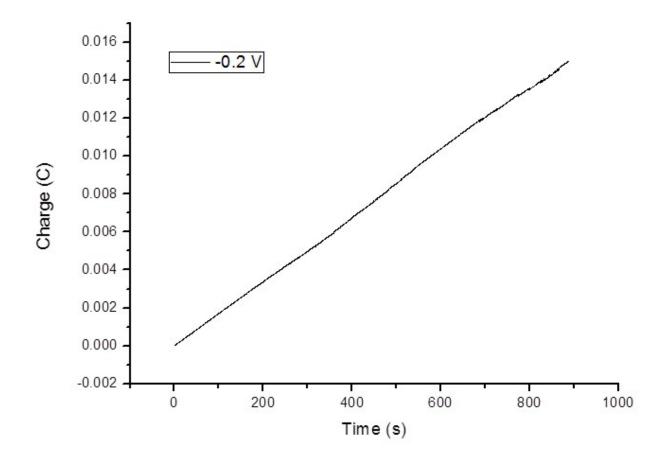


Figure S1 C. Plot of charge versus time obtained from i-t curves



**Figure S1 (A), B and (C).**Presents Pt loading on ECRGO/GCE was determined by charge integrated during the Pt deposition. <sup>[1]</sup> The charge for the deposition of Pt was 0.0488 C corresponding to the Pt loading of 24.68 µg for 2890 s at -0.2 V

 $m = Q \times M/F \times Z$ 

 $m = 0.0488 \ge 195.08 / 96500 \ge 4$ 

m= 24.68 μg of Pt

Figure S2 (A)

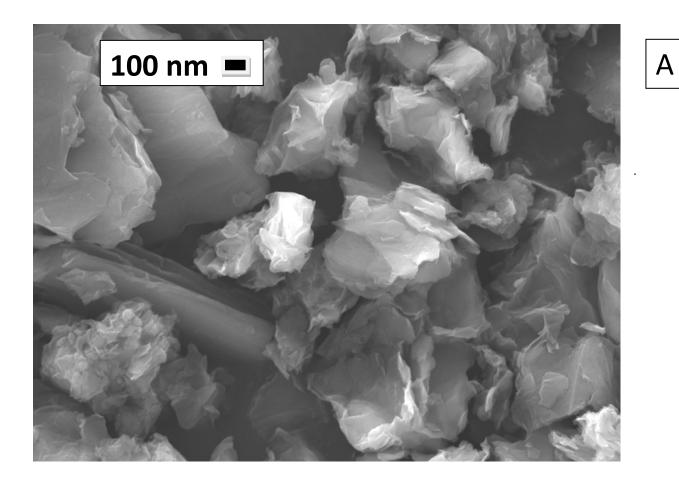


Figure. S2 (A) SEM image of as-synthesized GO film.

Figure S2 B

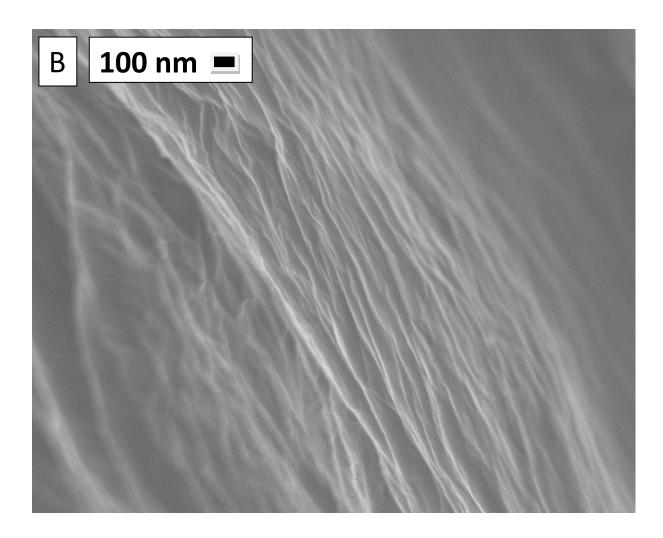


Figure. S2 (B) SEM image of electrochemically synthesized rGO

## Figure S2 (C)

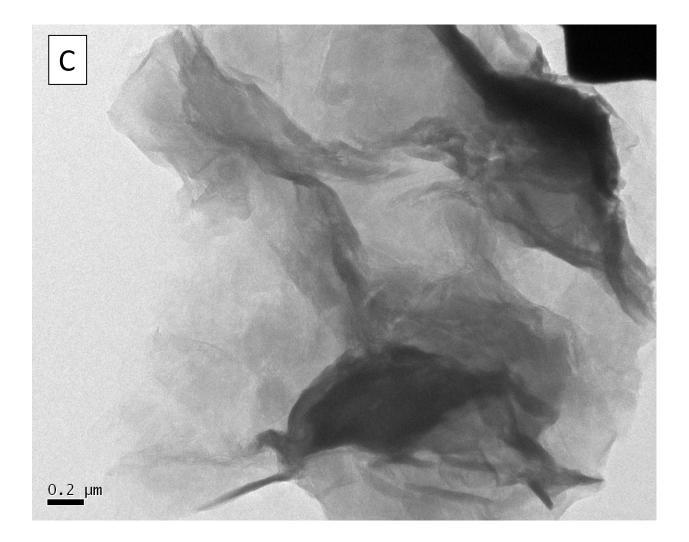
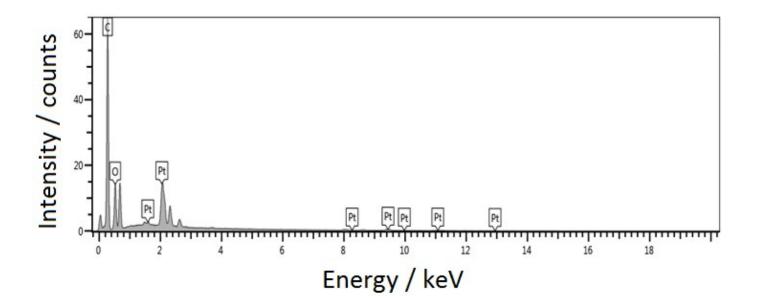


Figure. S2 (C) TEM image of electrochemically reduced GO to rGO sheet.

Figure S3.



**Figure S3**. EDX spectra of electrodeposited PtNFPs at -0.2 V in 1.0 mM  $H_2PtCl_6 + 0.5M H_2SO_4$  electrolyte solution.

#### Reference

1. Kuo, C-W.; Huang, L-M.; Wen, T-C.; Gopalan, A., Enhanced electrocatalytic performance for methanol oxidation of a novel Pt-dispersed poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene)–poly (styrene sulfonic acid) electrode. *J. Power Sources* **2006**, *160*, 65-72.