

Hydrothermal synthesis of *Auricularia auricula* Derived Nitrogen, Phosphorus-doped Carbon Dots and Application in Ag(I), 4-Nitrophenol Detection and Bioimaging

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Table S1 Effects of different reaction times and reaction temperature on the quantum yields of *Aa* N,P-CDs

Temperature (°C) Time (h)	160	180	200	220	240
2	1.28	1.44	1.68	1.71	1.76
6	1.81	2.03	2.20	2.43	2.61
8	2.42	2.41	5.19	5.38	5.62
12	3.66	3.72	7.25	6.53	5.64
24	4.08	4.83	6.31	5.84	4.71

Table S2 Park equation of 4-NP detection by *Aa* N,P-CDs

4-NP concentration(μM)	<i>A_{ex}</i>	<i>A_{em}</i>	<i>F_{cor}/F_{obsd}</i>
0	0.266	0.088	1.482
5	0.319	0.095	1.530
10	0.376	0.103	1.624
15	0.393	0.097	1.683
20	0.439	0.103	1.709
25	0.484	0.105	1.753

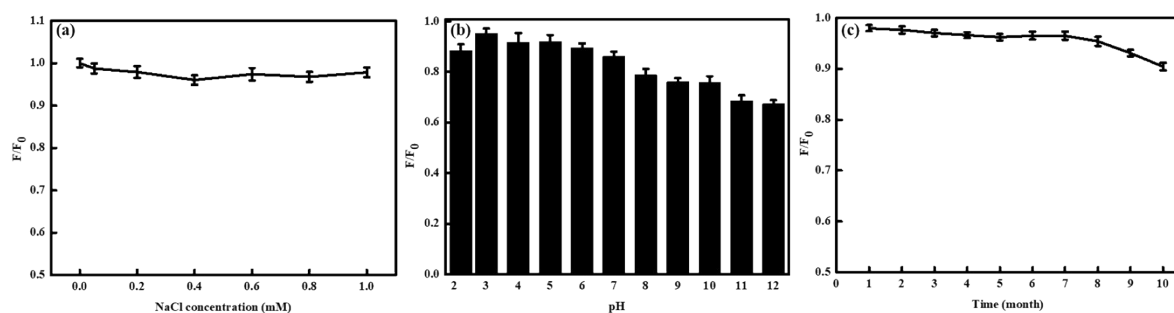


Fig. S1 Fluorescence intensity of *Aa* N,P-CDs at different NaCl concentrations ranging from 0 to 1 M (a), pH value from 2.2 to 12 (b) and time (c)

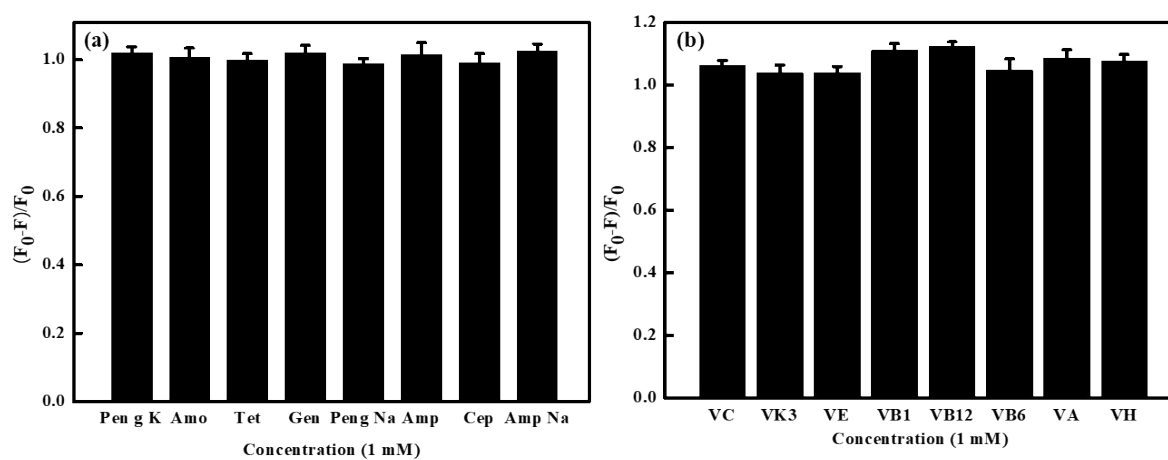


Fig. S2 Fluorescence quenching efficiency of antibiotics (a) and vitamins (b) to the *Aa* N,P-CDs

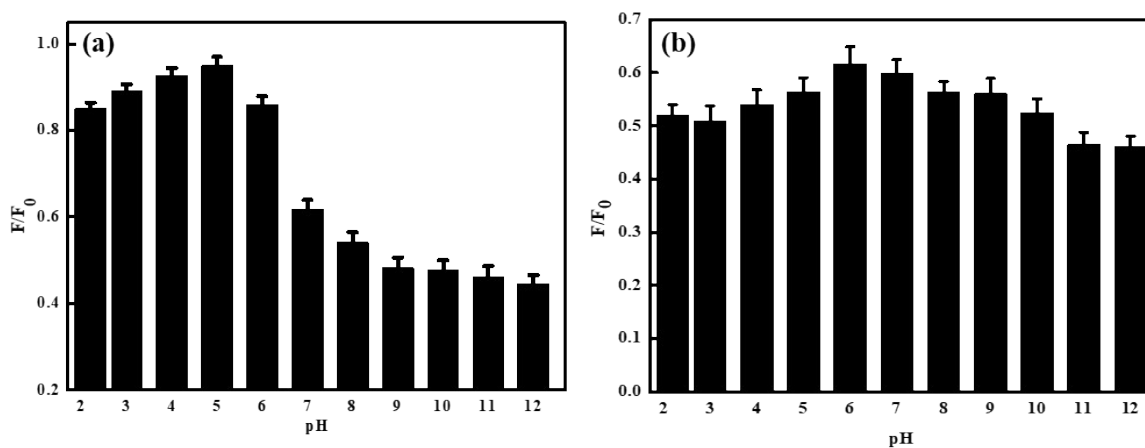


Fig. S3 Effect of sample pH value on the detection of 4-NP (a) and Ag(I) (b)

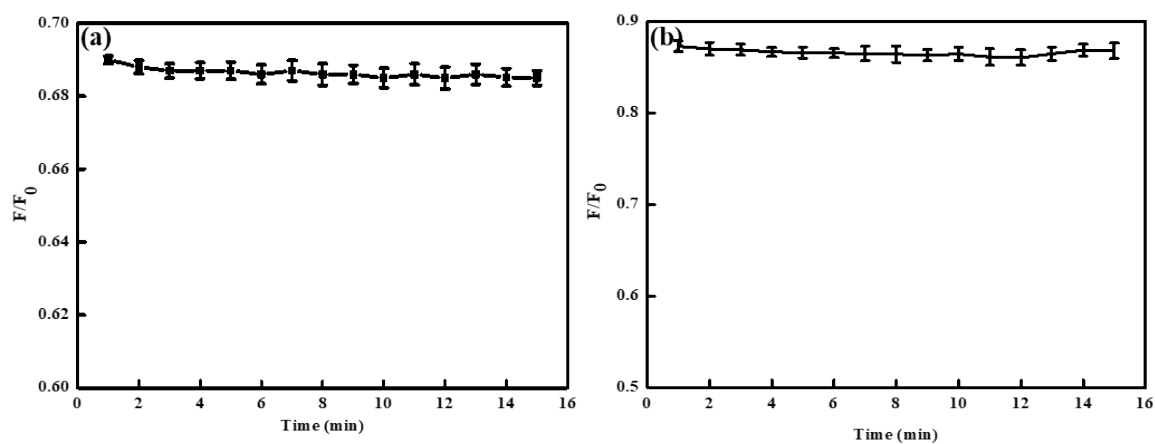


Fig. S4 Effect of reaction time on the detection of 4-NP (a) and Ag(I) (b)

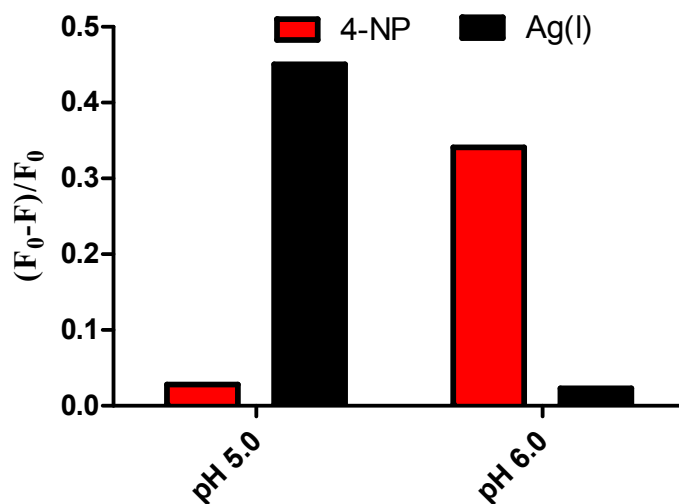


Fig. S5 Simultaneous detection of 4-NP and Ag(I) with the prepared Aa N,P-CDs at different pH value

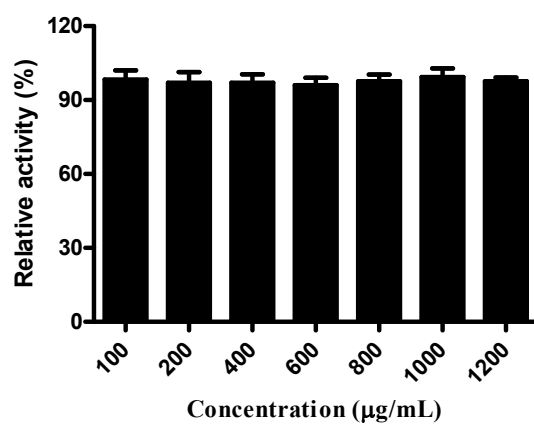


Fig. S6 U2OS cell viability from MTT assays with different Aa N,P-CDs concentration after 24 h incubation