

Electrospun Artificial Periosteum loaded with DFO Contributes to Osteogenesis via the TGF- β 1/Smad2 Pathway

Rui Shi^a, Jingshuang Zhang^a, Kun Niu^b, Weiyang Li^a, Ni Jiang^b, Jianlin Li^b, Qingsong Yu^{b,*}, Chengai Wu^{a,*}

a. Beijing Institute of Traumatology and Orthopaedics, Beijing Jishuitan Hospital, Beijing 100035
China

b. Beijing Laboratory of Biomedical Materials, Beijing University of Chemical Technology, Beijing
100029, China

*Corresponding authors: Chengai Wu (wuchengai@jst-hosp.com.cn) and Qingsong Yu
(yuqs@mail.buct.edu.cn)

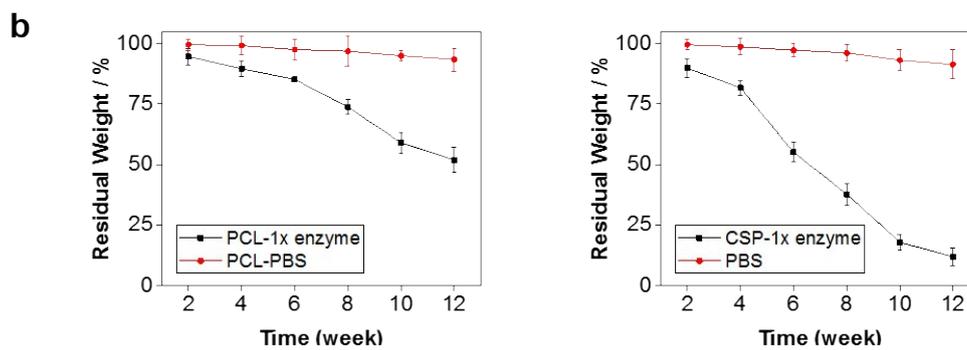
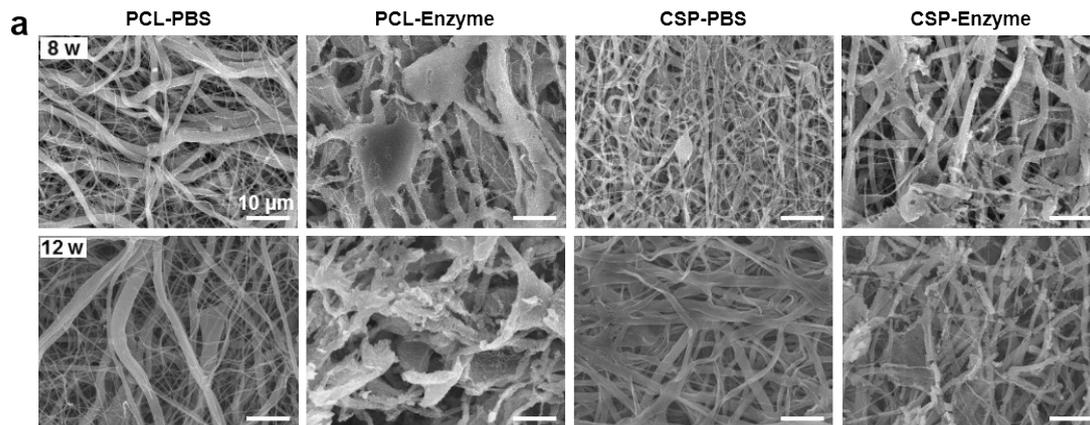


Figure S1. Properties of the artificial periosteum. a. Representative SEM micrographs of various membranes after degradation for 8 and 12 weeks in PBS or 1× enzyme solution (5 μg/mL). b. Mass loss curves of the artificial periosteum. n = 3

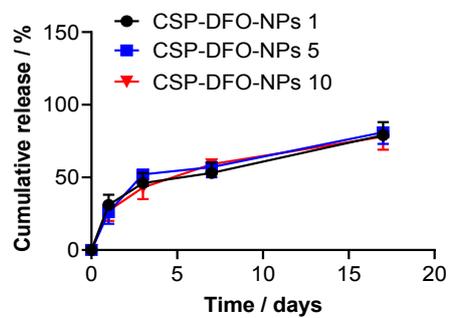


Figure S2. The influence of drug loading content on the drug release profiles of the artificial periosteum. 1.0g of DFO 1, DFO 5 and DFO 10 which contains 6.6, 32.8 and 65.7 mg of DFO were used for the drug release study with 10× lipase solution. n=3