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Supporting Information

Chemical synthesis and antigenic activity of a phosphatidylinositol mannoside epitope from *Mycobacterium Tuberculosis*

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Experimental Section

For the oligosaccharides of compounds, the M/M'/I/G notation used for the ¹H and ¹³C assignments on NMR spectra is as follow:



Trimethylsilyl chloride (16.28 ml, 25.7 mmol) was added to a solution of methyl- α -D-glucopyranoside **1** (5.00 g, 25.7 mmol) in anhydrous pyridine (25 mL) at 0 °C under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed quickly with water, brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to afford **2** (11.9 g, 96 % yield). ^[1]

Rf = 0.89 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.14-0.2 (m, 4 × 9H, Si(CH₃)₃), 3.38 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.45-3.52 (m, 2H), 3.57-3.63 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.83 (m, 3H), 4.64 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 4.5 Hz, H-1).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.9 and 1.3 (C-Si), 1.4 (C-Si), 54.9 (OCH₃), 61.9 (C-6), 71.5, 72.0, 73.9, 74.9, 100.0 (C-1).



C21H24O6

M = 372.1573

Methyl 3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-α-D-glucopyranoside 4

To an ice-cold solution of **2** (4.83 g, 0.01 mol) and benzaldehyde (3 mL, 0.03 mol) in anhydrous dichloromethane, a solution of iron(III) chloride hexahydrate (0.135 g, 0.005 mol) in acetonitrile (2 mL) was added dropwised. The reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour, followed by triethlysilane (1.8 mL, 0.011 mol) was added and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After consumption of the starting material, tetrabutylammonium fluoride TBAF (4 mL of a 1M solution in THF) was added and the reaction mixture was continued stirring at room temperature for 1 hour. The solution was diluted with ethyl acetate and neutralized with a saturated NaHCO₃ solution. The organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1) to give the expected compound **4** (2.4g, 65% yield). ^[1]

Rf = 0.26 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 2:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +81.1 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 2.32 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, OH), 3.48 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.67 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4), 3.73-3.77 (m, 1H, H-2), 3.78 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, H-6), 3.83 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-3), 3.84-3.89 (m, 1H, H-5), 4.32 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, H-6), 4.84 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, H-1), 5.6 (s, 1H, H-benzylidene).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ 55.4 (OCH₃), 62.6 (C-5), 69.0 (C-6), 72.4 (C-2), 74.8 (CH₂Ph), 78.9 (C-3), 81.9 (C-4), 99.9 (C-1), 101.3 (*C*-benzylidene).



3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-α-D-glucopyranoside 5

Imidazole (0.626 g, 9.2 mmol) and tert-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (1.1 g, 7.3 mmol) were added to a solution of **4** (2.29 g, 6.1 mmol) in DMF (20 mL), the mixture was strirred at 45°C overnight and the progress of reaction was monitored by TLC. After consumption of the starting material, a saturated NH₄Cl solution (20 mL) was added to the reaction mixture. The organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford **5** (4.37 g, 100% yield).

Rf = 0.41 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 10:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +17.8 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.11 and 0.12 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.94 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 3.46 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.62 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4), 3.62 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, H-6), 3.79 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.8 Hz, H-2), 3.84-3.92 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.90 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-3), 4.31 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.5 Hz, H-6), 4.68 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 3.8 Hz, H-1), 5.57 (s, 1H, H-benzylidene). ¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -4.9 and -4.4 (C-Si), 18.2 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 25.8 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 55.5 (OCH₃), 62.5 (C-5), 69.2 (C-6), 73.7 (C-2), 75.3 (CH₂Ph), 78.9 (C-3), 82.3 (C-4), 101.2 (C-1), 101.3 (C-benzylidene). HRMS C₄₄H₄₄O₇SK : Calcd. [M + K]⁺ 525.2075, Found 525.2285.



C27H40O6Si

M = 488.2594

Methyl 3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-α-D-glucopyranoside 6

To a stirred solution of **5** (7.57g, 15.6 mmol) in THF solution (46.7 mL of 1M BH₃ solution in THF, 46.7 mmol), anhydrous cobalt(II) chloride CoCl₂ (6.01 g, 46.7 mmol) was added at 0 °C under argon. The blue reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for another 2 hours, then diluted with excess ethyl acetate and the dundissolved cobalt salt was removed by filtration through a Celite pad. The filtrate was treated with aqueous NaBH₄ (0.4 equiv.) by stirring in a two-phase condition, and the resulting black precipitate was filtered off. The organic phase was washed with a saturated NaHCO₃ solution, water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1) to give compound **6** (7.62g, 100% yield).

Rf = 0.30 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +66.3 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.12 and 0.14 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.95 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 3.43 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.55 (dd, 1H, ³J = 10.0 Hz, ³J = 10.0 Hz, H-4), 3.68-3.73 (m, 2H, H-6), 3.75 (d, 1H, ³J = 3.5 Hz, H-2), 3.78-3.83 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.90 (dd, 1H, ³J = 9.0 Hz, ³J = 9.0 Hz, H-3), 4.66 (d, 1H, ³J = 3.5 Hz, H-1), 4.63 and 4.97 (2d, 2H, ²J = 11.0 Hz, Bn), 4.85 (dd, 2H, ²J = 11.0 Hz, ²J = 11.0 Hz, Bn).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -4.7 and -4.4 (C-Si), 18.1 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 25.8 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 55.2 (OCH₃), 61.9(C-6), 70.8 (C-5), 74.1 (C-2), 74.9 and 75.5 (CH₂Ph), 77.5 (C-4), 82.5 (C-3), 100.3 (C-1), 127.3, 127.5, 127.8, 128.0, 128.2, 128.4, 138.2, 138.9.

Anal. Calcd for C₂₇H₄₀O₆Si (488.3) : C, 66.36; H, 8.25. Found: C, 66.01; H, 8.45. HRMS C₂₇H₄₀O₆SiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 511.2492, Found 511.2497.



M = 528.2543

Methyl

6-O-acetyl-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-α-D-hex-5-enopyranoside 8

Sulfur trioxide pyridine 12.95 complex (2.06)mmol) and g, N,N-Diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) (4.43 mL) were added to a solution of 6 (1.81g 23.7 mmol) in anhydrous dicholoromethane (40 mL) at 0 °C under argon. After stirring for 10 minutes, DMSO (4 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for another 2 hours, then quenched with water and the water phase was extracted with Et₂O and washed with brine. The combined organic phase was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford crude aldehyde 7 (2.4g) as a yellow oil which was used directly in the next step. The yellow oil was dissolved in anhydrous acetonitrile (30 mL), to which K₂CO₃ (1.78 g, 12.4 mmol) and acetic anhydride (2 mL) were added, and the suspension was heated to refluxing for 12 hours under argon. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with Et₂O, washed with a saturated NaHCO₃ solution, brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1) to give compound 8 (1.2g, 62% yield).

Rf = 0.45 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -31.3 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 and 0.13 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.93(s, 9H, t-Bu),

2.19 (s, 3H, OAc),3.53 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.80-3.88 (m, 2H), 3.98-4.01 (m, 1H, H-4), 4.82(d, 1H, ${}^{3}J$ = 3.0 Hz, H-1), 7.18(d, 1H, ${}^{3}J$ = 3.0 Hz, H-6). ¹³C NMR (75MHz, CDCl₃): δ -4.7 and 4.4 (C-Si), 18.2 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 20.6 (*C*H₃CO), 25.8 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 56.3 (OCH₃), 73.3 (C-2), 74.4 and 75.5 (CH₂Ph), 77.9 (C-4), 81.8 (C-3), 101.8(C-1), 123.0(C-6), 127.4, 127.7, 127.8, 127.9, 128.0, 128.3, 128.4, 128.5,

135.5 (C-5), 137.7, 138.7, 167.3 (CO, acetate).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₉H₄₀O₇Si (528.2) : C, 65.88; H, 7.63. Found: C, 65.74; H, 7.65.



1-O-acetyl-4,5-di-O-benzyl-3-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-6-oxo-myo-inositol 9

To a solution of **8** (1.2 g, 2.27 mmol) in 50 mL mixture of aceton-water (4:1), mercuric acetate (5.93 g, 18.61 mmol) was added at 0°C under argon. The reaction was stirred for 1 hour, a aqueous saturated NaCl solution (3 mL) was then added, and the mixture was stirred overnight. The reation mixture was filtered through a Celite pad to remove the yellow solid, the filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with a saturated NaCl solution, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Toluene/EtOAc = 9:1) to give compound **9** (0.74 g, 64% yield).

Rf = 0.16 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 4:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -39.6 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.11 and 0.14 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.94 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 2.29 (s, 3H, OAc), 2.61 (s, 1H, OH), 3.91 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4), 4.09 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-3), 4.18 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.0 Hz, H-5), 4.22 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-2), 5.27 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-1). ¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -4.5 and -4.9 (C-Si), 18.0 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 20.6 (*C*H₃CO), 25.8 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 72.2 (C-2), 72.9 (C-3), 73.5 (CH₂Ph), 74.7(C-1), 75.9 (CH₂Ph), 82.3 (C-4), 83.5 (C-5), 127.5, 127.6, 127.9, 128.2, 128.3, 128.4, 137.3, 138.3, 169.9 (C-acetate), 197.8 (C-6).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₈O₇Si (514.2) : C, 65.34; H, 7.44. Found: C, 65.18; H, 7.36. HRMS C₂₈H₃₈O₇SiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 537.2285, Found 537.2287.



1-O-acetyl-4,5-di-O-benzyl-3-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-myo-inositol A

To a solution of sodium triacetoxyborohydride in a mixed solvent of CH₃CN-HOAc (1:1, 8 mL) was added a solution of **9** (0.26 g 0.5 mmol) in anhydrous CH₃CN (5 mL) via syringe over 5 minutes at 0°C under argon. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour at room temperature and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After consumption of the starting material, the mixture was quenched with water and the water phase was extracted with Et₂O, the combined organic phase was washed with a saturated NaHCO₃ solution, brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Toluene/EtOAc = 4:1) to give compounds A (1.2 g, 93% yield) and **10** (0.05g, 7% yield)

Date for compound A:

Rf = 0.16 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -11.6 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 and 0.14 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.93 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 2.19 (s, 3H, OAc), 3.39 (t, ³J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.74-3.81 (m, 2H, H-3 and

H-4), 4.06 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J$ = 3.0 Hz, ${}^{3}J$ = 3.0 Hz, H-2), 4.14(dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J$ = 10.0 Hz, ${}^{3}J$ = 10.0 Hz, H-6), 4.81 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J$ = 10.5 Hz, ${}^{3}J$ = 3.0 Hz, H-1). 13 C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -4.8 and -4.5 (C-Si), 18.0 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 21.1 (*C*H₃CO), 25.8 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 70.5 (C-6), 71.1 (C-2), 72.8 (C-1), 73.5 (C-4), 75.6 and 75.7 (CH₂Ph), 81.6 (C-3), 83.1 (C-5), 127.3, 127.4, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 128.6, 138.4, 138.5, 170.8

(C-acetate).

MS (TOF): $m/z = 539.3 [M + Na]^+$.

Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₄₀O₇Si (516.2) : C, 65.09; H, 7.80. Found: C, 65.12; H, 7.81. HRMS C₂₈H₄₀O₇SiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 539.2441, Found 539.2438.



3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-1,2-O-(1-methoxyethylidene)-β-D-mannopyranose 11

Acetic anhydride (54 ml, 571 mmol) was added to a solution of D-mannose (15 g, 83 mmol) in anhydrous pyridine (75 ml) at r.t. and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction was quenched with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with aqueous HCl solution (1M) and then with saturated NaHCO₃, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give a yellow oil which was used directly in the next step. The yellow oil was dissolved in anhydrous dichloromethane (80 mL), To the solution were added I₂ (25.234 g, 99.6 mmol) and triethylsilane (16 mL, 99.6 mmol). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 2 hours and cooled to r.t. To the reaction mixture were sequentially added lutidine (38 mL, 83 mmol) and methanol (20 mL, 498 mmol). The reaction was left to stir overnight at rt. The reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated Na₂S₂O₃ solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with saturated NaHCO₃, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was

chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether / EtOAc = 3:1) to afford **11** as a yellow oil.

Rf = 0.23 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1)

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.69 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.01, 2.03 and 2.08 (3s, 9H, OAc), 3.23 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.65 (ddd, 1H, ³*J* = 10.5 Hz, ³*J* = 4.8 Hz, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-5), 4.01 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 12.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-6), 4.19 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 12.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.8 Hz, H-6), 4.56 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-2), 5.11 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, H-3), 5.24 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 10.5 Hz, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, H-4), 5.46 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-1).



 $C_9H_{16}O_7$ M = 236.0896 1,2-*O*-(1-methoxyethylidene)- β -D-mannopyranose **12**

A freshly preparerd sodium methoxide solution (30 mL, 0.5 M in methanol) was added to a solution of **11** (13 mg, 0.013 mmol) in methanol (100 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. The methanol was removed in vacuo and the residue was extracted by dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 2:1) to give compound **12**. Rf = 0.40 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 2:1)

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.65 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.25 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.3 Hz, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-5), 3.29 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.6 (t, 1H, ³*J* = 9.3 Hz, H-4), 3.72 (m, 2H, H-6, H-3), 3.85 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 12.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-6), 4.48 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 3.9 Hz, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-2), 5.46 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 2.4 Hz, H-1).



M = 506.2305

3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2-O-(1-methoxyethylidene)-β-D-mannopyranose 13

Sodium hydride (60% dispersion in mineral oil, washed two times with petroleum ether) (23.39 g, 581 mmol) was added in portions to a solution of **12** (19.6 g, 83 mmol) in DMF (55 mL) at 0°C under argon. The resulting suspension was stirred for 30 minutes, and benzyl bromide (44 mL, 374 mmol) in dry DMF (20 mL) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, quenched with methanol and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1) to give compound **13** in 70% yield over four steps.

Rf = 0.64 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 2:1)

¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.62 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.29 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.43 (ddd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.0 Hz, H-5), 3.73 (m, 2H, H-6, H-3), 3.93 (t, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, H-4), 4.40 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 4.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.0 Hz, H-2), 4.94-4.52 (m, 6H, CH₂Ph), 5.37 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 3.0 Hz, H-1).



 $C_{31}H_{36}O_6S$ M = 536.2233

Ethyl 2-O-acetyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside 14

To a stirred suspension of 13 (5 g, 10 mmol) and 4 Å molecurar sieves (0.5 g) in

anhydrous acetonitrile (20 mL), ethanethiol (4 mL, 54 mmol) was added via syringe, mercury(II) bromide (0.73 g, 2 mmol) was then added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and quenched with water, filtered through Celite. The Celite pad was washed with ethyl acetate, the organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 7:2) to give pure α -anomer **14** (3.23 g, 60% yield).^[2]

Rf = 0.84 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 2:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +81 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (250MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.36 (t, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, SCH₂CH₃), 2.25 (s, 3H, OAc), 2.61 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 3.66 and 3.83 (ddd, 2H, ²*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-6), 3.89 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.5 Hz, H-3), 3.93 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4), 4.50 (m, 1H, H-5), 4.86-4.43 (6H, m, CH₂Ph), 5.32 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-1), 5.43 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 3.5 Hz, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-2).



C44H44O7S

M = 716.2808

Ethyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-1-thioα-D-mannopyranoside **B1**

A freshly preparerd sodium methoxide solution (30 mL, 0.5 M in methanol) was added to a solution of **14** (13.90 g, 0.026 mol) in methanol (100 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. The methanol was removed in vacuo and the

residue was extracted by dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give a yellow oil. Without purification, pyridine (4 mL) was added to a solution of the crude in anhydrous dichloromethane (60 mL), followed 9-Fluorenylmethyl chloroformate (Fomc-Cl) (10.06 g, 0.039 mol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was quenched with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether / dichloromethane = 1:2) to afford **B1** (13.87 g, 75% yield over two steps).

Rf = 0.42 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 4:1)

 $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25} = +37.7 \ (c = 1.0, \, {\rm CH}_2{\rm Cl}_2)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.33 (t, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, SCH₂CH₃), 2.65 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 3.76 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-6), 3.89 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.5 Hz, H-6), 4.04 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, H-4), 4.20-4.26 (m, 1H, H-5), 4.30 (t, 1H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, H-Fmoc), 5.32 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-2), 5.48 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-1).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ 14.9 (SCH₂CH₃), 25.5 (SCH₂CH₃), 46.6 (CH-Fmoc), 68.9 (C-6), 70.3 (CH₂-Fmoc), 71.9 (CH₂Ph), 72.0 (C-5), 74.6 (C-4), 74.6 (C-2), 75.3 (CH₂Ph), 78.6 (C-3), 82.1 (C-1), 154.9 (CO-Fmoc).

HRMS C₄₄H₄₄O₇SNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 739.2706, Found 739.2709.



C29H42O7Si

M = 530.2700

3,4-di-O-benzyl-6-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-1,2-O-(1-methoxyethylidene)-

 β -D-mannopyranose **15**

tert-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (TBDMSCI) (1.81 g, 0.012mol) was added to a solution of **12** (2.48 g, 0.01mol) and imidazole (2.14g, 0.03 mol) in anhydrous DMF (25 mL) at 0°C under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed quickly with water, brine, dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo. The residue in DMF was added sodium hydride (60% dispersion in mineral oil, washed two times with petroleum ether) (1.47 g, 36.84 mmol) in portions at 0°C under argon. The resulting suspension was stirred for 30 minutes, and benzyl bromide (2.5 mL, 21.2 mmol) in dry DMF (2 mL) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, quenched with methanol and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo. The residue in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 4:1) to give compound **15** (2.54 g, 46% yield).

Rf = 0.55 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1)

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 (s, 6H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.93 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 1.76(s, 3H, CH₃), 3.25 (ddd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.5 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-5), 3.33 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.74 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 4.0 Hz, H-3), 3.84 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-6), 3.96 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.5 Hz, H-6), 4.02 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ⁴*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-6), 4.02 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-1). HRMS C₂₉H₄₂O₇SiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 553.2598, Found 553.2610.



Ethyl 2-O-acetyl-3,4-di-O-benzyl-6-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-1-thio-

α -D-mannopyranoside **16**

To a stirred suspension of **15** (2.47 g, 4.65mmol) and 4 Å molecurar sieves (0.5 g) in anhydrous acetonitrile (20 mL), ethanethiol (1.86 mL, 25.11 mmol) was added via syringe, mercury(II) bromide (0.20 g, 0.56 mmol) was then added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and quenched with water, filtered through Celite. The Celite pad was washed with ethyl acetate, the organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 9:1) to give compound **16** (1.88g, 72% yield).

Rf = 0.66 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +78.2 \ (c = 1.2, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 and 0.12 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.95 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 1.30 (t, 3H, ³J = 7.5 Hz, SCH₂CH₃), 2.17 (s, 3H, OAc), 2.55-2.73 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 3.85 (dd, 1H, ³J = 11.5 Hz, ³J = 1.5 Hz, H-3), 3.91-4.04 (m, 3H, H-6, H-5, H-4), 5.29 (d, 1H, ³J = 1.0 Hz, H-1), 5.43 (d, 1H, ³J = 2.0 Hz, H-2).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.3 and -5.1 (C-Si), 14.9 (SCH₂CH₃), 18.3 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 21.1(*C*H₃CO), 25.3 (S*C*H₂CH₃), 25.9 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 62.3 (C-6), 70.8, 71.9 (CH₂Ph), 73.1, 75.2 (CH₂Ph), 78.5, 82.1, 170.4 (*C*-acetate).

HRMS C₃₀H₄₄O₆SSiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 583.2526, Found 583.2526.





A freshly prepared sodium methoxide solution (3 mL, 0.5 M in methanol) was added to a solution of **20** (1.78 g, 3.17 mmol) in methanol (20 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and monitored by TLC. The methanol was removed in vacuo and the residue was extracted by dichloromethane, washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 9:1) to give compound **21** (1.63g, 99% yield).

Rf = 0.45(Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +126.6 \ (c = 1.8, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 and 0.12 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.95 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.32 (t, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, SCH₂CH₃), 2.54-2.75 (m, 3H, OH, SCH₂CH₃), 3.84 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, H-4), 3.87-3.94 (m, 3H, 2 × H-6, H-3), 4.06 (ddd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5Hz, ³*J* = 3.5Hz, ³*J* = 3.5Hz, H-5), 4.11 (br s, 1H, H-2), 5.39 (s, 1H, H-1). ¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.3 and -5.2 (C-Si), 14.7 (SCH₂CH₃), 18.3 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 24.6 (SCH₂CH₃), 25.9 (C(CH₃)₃), 62.6 (C-6), 69.9, 72.2 (CH₂Ph), 72.9, 74.6, 75.1 (CH₂Ph), 80.5, 82.9, 170.4 (C-acetate).

HRMS C₂₈H₄₂O₅SSiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 541.2420, Found 541.2425.



 $C_{43}H_{52}O_7SSi$ M = 740.3203

Ethyl

3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-2-*O*-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-1-t hio-α-D-mannopyranoside **B2**

A freshly prepared sodium methoxide solution (3 mL, 0.5 M in methanol) was added to a solution of 20 (1.78 g, 3.17 mmol) in methanol (20 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and monitored by TLC. The methanol was removed in vacuo and the residue was extracted by dichloromethane, washed with water, dried over MgSO4, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in anhydrous dichloromethane (30 mL), Pyridine (1 mL) was added, and followed 9-Fluorenylmethyl chloroformate (Fmoc-Cl) (1.21g, 4.68 mmol) was added to this solution. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was quenched with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 8:1) to afford **B2** (1.94g, 86% yield).

Rf = 0.66 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +44.1 \ (c = 1.2, \text{ CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 and 0.14 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.95 (s, 9H, t-Bu), 1.31 (t, 3H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, SCH₂CH₃), 2.65 (m, 2H, SCH₂CH₃), 3.87 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-6), 3.93-4.08 (m, 4H, H-3, H-4, H-6, H-5), 4.27 (t, 1H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, H-Fmoc), 5.30 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-2), 5.40 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-1).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.3 and -5.1 (C-Si), 14.9 (SCH₂CH₃), 18.3 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 25.3 (SCH₂CH₃), 25.9 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 46.7 (CH-Fmoc), 62.4 (C-6), 70.1 (*C*H₂-Fmoc), 71.9 (CH₂Ph), 73.3 (C-5), 74.5 (C-4), 74.6 (C-2), 75.3 (CH₂Ph), 78.6 (C-3), 81.8 (C-1), 154.9 (CO-Fmoc).

MS (TOF): $m/z = 763.3 [M + Na]^+$.

HRMS C₄₃H₅₂O₇SSiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 763.3101, Found 763.3099.



C70H78O14Si

M = 1170.5161

1-O-acetyl-4,5-di-O-benzyl-3-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-6-O-[3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-2-

O-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-α-D-mannopyranosyl]-

D-myo-inositol 20

Compounds **A** (0.12 g, 0.232 mmol) and **B1** (0.183 g, 0.255 mmol) were coevaporated from dry dichloromethane and dried under high vacuum for 30 minutes and then flushed with argon. Anhydrous dichloromethane (3 mL) was added followed by 3 Å molecular sieves, NIS (0.063 g, 0.278 mmol) was added and the reaction was cooled to -20 °C, TMSOTf (23.2 μ L, 0.0232 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring at -20 °C for 2 hours, the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with phosphate buffer (PH=7), and the mixture was filtered through a small column of Celite. The Celite was washed with dichloromethane, a saturated Na₂S₂O₃ solution was added to the filtrate and it turned to colorless. The organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with dichloromethane, then the combined organic phase was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1) to give compound **20** (0.174 g, 64% yield).

Date for compound 20:

Rf = 0.40 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +0.9 (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (4 00MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.10 and 0.14 (2s, 2 × 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.94 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 2.16 (s, 3H, OAc), 3.32 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 12.5 Hz, ³*J* = 1.0 Hz, H-6M), 3.37 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 12.5 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-6M), 3.41 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, H-5I), 3.77 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-3I), 3.85 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4I), 3.99 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 3.0 Hz, H-3M), 4.00-4.05 (m, 1H, H-5M), 4.06 (dd, 1H,

 ${}^{3}J = 2.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2I), 4.09 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, H-4M), 3.90 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 10.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 10.0$ Hz, H-6I), 4.88 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 11.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, H-1I), 5.15 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 2.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2M), 5.41 (d, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 1.5$ Hz, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -4.7 and -4.6 (C-Si), 17.9 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 21.1 (*C*H₃CO), 25.8 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 46.5 (CH-Fmoc), 68.2 (C-6M), 70.3 (CH-Fmoc), 71.0 (C-5M), 71.6 (C-2I), 71.7 (CH₂Ph), 73.0 (C-3I), 73.3 (CH₂Ph, C-2M), 74.2 (C-4M, C-1I), 74.4 (C-6I), 75.0 (CH₂Ph), 75.6 (CH₂Ph), 75.7 (CH₂Ph), 77.7 (C-3M), 81.0 (C-5I), 82.3 (C-4I), 97.9 (C-1M), 154.8 (CO-Fmoc), 171.7(C-acetate).

MS (TOF): $m/z = 1193.6 [M + Na]^+$.

HRMS C₇₀H₇₈O₁₄SiNa : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 1193.5059, Found 1193.5063.



$C_{111}H_{124}O_{21}Si_{2}$

M = 1848.8174

1-*O*-acetyl-2-*O*-[3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-2-*O*-(9-fluorenylmeth yloxycarbonyl)-α-D-mannopyranosyl]-4,5-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-[3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-α-D-mannopyranosyl]-3-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-*myo*-inositol **21**

Compounds 20 (100 mg, 0.085 mmol) and B2 (81.6 mg, 0.112 mmol) were

coevaporated from dry dichloromethane and dried under high vacuum for 30 minutes and then flushed with argon. Anhydrous dichloromethane (2 mL) was added followed by 3 Å molecular sievess, NIS (29 mg, 0.129 mmol) was added and the solution was cooled to -20 °C, TMSOTf (8.6 μ L, 0.0086 mmol) was added dropwise. After stirring at -20 °C for 2 hours, the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, the reaction was quenched with phosphate buffer (pH=7), and the mixture was filtered through a small column of Celite. The Celite was washed with dichloromethane, a saturated Na₂S₂O₃ solution was added to the filtrate and it turned to colorless. The organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with dichloromethane, then the combined organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 8:1) to give compound **21** (70 mg, 82% yield).

Date for compound **21**:

Rf = 0.58 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +8.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.05, 0.10, 0.12, 0.15 (4s, 4 × 3H, SiCH₃), 0.91 and 0.98 (2s, 2 × 9H, *t*-Bu), 2.06 (s, 3H, OAc), 3.20-3.34 (m, 2H, H-6M), 3.71 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-3I), 3.79 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4I), 3.84-3.89 (m, 1H, H-6M'), 3.89-3.94 (m, 1H, H-5M), 3.97 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5Hz, ³*J* = 3.0 Hz, H-3M), 4.06-4.13 (m, 5H, H-6M', H-5M', H-3M', H-4M, H-2I), 4.18 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, H-6I), 4.25 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, ³*J* = 7.5 Hz, H-4M'), 4.89 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-1I), 5.08 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-1M'), 5.13 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 6.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-2M), 5.30 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-2M'), 5.41 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-1M).

¹³CNMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.4, -4.9, -4.5, -4.4 (C-Si), 18.3 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 20.8 (*C*H₃CO), 25.9 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 26.2 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 46.6 and 46.7 (CH-Fmoc), 61.7 (C-6M'), 68.1 (C-6M), 69.9 and 70.2 (CH₂-Fmoc), 71.7 (CH₂Ph), 71.8 (CH₂Ph), 72.2 (C-3I), 72.7(C-2M'), 72.9 (C-2M), 73.3 (C-5M), 73.3 (CH₂Ph), 73.5 (C-4M'), 74.0 (C-4M), 74.9 (C-1I), 75.0 (CH₂Ph), 75.5 (CH₂Ph), 75.7 (C-6I), 75.9 (CH₂Ph), 77.2 (C-5M'),

77.8 (C-3M), 78.9 (C-3M', C-2I), 81.4 (C-5I), 81.6 (C-4I), 98.1(C-1M), 99.3 (C-1M'),

154.8 (CO-Fmoc), 171.8(C-acetate).

MS (TOF): $m/z = 1849.9 [M + H]^+$.

HRMS C₁₁₁H₁₂₄O₂₁Si₂Na : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 1871.8071, Found 1871.8060.



C81H104O17Si2

M = 1404.6812

1-*O*-acetyl-2-*O*-[3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-α-D-mannopyranosyl] -4,5-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-[3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl]-3-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimet hylsilyl)-D-*myo*-inositol **22**

Triethylamine (150 μ L) was added to a solution of **21** in anhydrous THF (1.5 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours, then the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 3:1) to give **22** (43 mg, 72% yield).

Rf = 0.25 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 2:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +41.9 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3)$

¹H NMR (4 00MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.05, 0.09, 0.10 (3s, 12H, SiCH₃), 0.89 and 0.93 (2s, 2 × 9H, *t*-Bu), 2.15 (s, 3H, OAc), 3.19 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 1.0 Hz, H-6M), 3.26 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 11.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-6M), 3.40 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-5I), 3.69 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-3I), 3.78 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4I), 3.79-3.85 (m, 1H, H-6M'), 3.86-3.96 (m, 6H, H-5M', H-4M', H-3M, H-3M), 3.86-3.96 (m, 6H, H-5M', H-4M', H-3M), 3.86-3.96 (m, 6H, H-5M'), H-4M', H-3M, H-3M,

H-5M, H-2M, H-3M'), 4.00 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 11.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, H-6M'), 4.02-4.09 (m, 2H, H-4M, H-2I), 4.10-4.19 (m, 2H, H-2M', H-6I), 4.86-4.91 (m, 1H, H-1I), 5.06 (d, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 1.0$ Hz, H-1M'), 5.24 (d, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 1.0$ Hz, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.3, -5.0, -4.5, -4.4 (C-Si), 18.3 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 21.1 (*C*H₃CO), 25.9 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 26.2 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 61.9 (C-6M'), 68.1 (C-6M), 68.6, 68.7, 71.2, 72.0 (CH₂Ph), 72.2, 72.6, 73.2 (CH₂Ph), 73.5, 73.9, 74.9 (CH₂Ph), 75.1 (CH₂Ph), 75.3 (CH₂Ph), 75.5, 75.6, 75.8 (CH₂Ph), 77.4, 79.1, 79.9, 81.6, 99.9 (C-1M), 100.4 (C-1M'), 170.2 (C-acetate).

MS (TOF): $m/z = 1427.7 [M + Na]^+$.

HRMS $C_{81}H_{104}O_{17}Si_2Na$: Calcd. $[M + Na]^+$ 1427.6710, Found 1427.6735.



M = 1644.7962

1-*O*-acetyl-2-*O*-[2-*O*-benzyloxymethyl-3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl) -α-D-mannopyranosyl]-4,5-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-[2-*O*-benzyloxymethyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benz yl-α-D-mannopyranosyl]-3-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-*myo*-inositol **23**

Benzyl chloromethyl ether (BOMCl) (20.8 μ L, 0.15 mmol) was added to a mixture of N,N-Diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA) (31.2 μ L, 0.18 mmol), tetrabutylammonium iodide (2.2 mg, 0.006 mmol) and **22** (42 mg, 0.03 mmol) in anhydrous THF (100 μ L) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours, then the solvents were removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column

chromatography (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1) to give 23 (27 mg, 55% yield).

Rf = 0.50 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +46.6 (c = 0.89, CHCl_3)$

¹H NMR (4 00MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.04, 0.07, 0.08, 0.10 (4s, 4 × 3H, SiCH₃), 0.92 and 0.93 (2s, 2 × 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.85 (s, 3H, OAc), 3.20 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 10.8 Hz, ³*J* = 1.0 Hz, H-6M), 3.30 (dd, 1H, ²*J* = 10.8 Hz, ³*J* = 2.5 Hz, H-6M), 3.37 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-5I), 3.68 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 2.0 Hz, H-3I), 3.76 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-4I), 3.83-4.08 (m, 9H, H-6M', H-5M', H-3M', H-3M, H-4M, H-5M, H-2M, H-2M', H-2I), 4.16 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, ³*J* = 9.0 Hz, H-6I), 4.27 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, (m, 1H, H-1I), 5.25 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.5 Hz, H-1M'), 5.35 (d, 1H, ³*J* = 1.9 Hz, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.4, -5.1, -4.6, -4.4 (C-Si), 18.3 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 18.5 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 20.4 (*C*H₃CO), 25.9 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 26.3 (*C*(*C*H₃)₃), 61.9 (C-6M'), 65.4, 68.4 (C-6M), 69.2, 69.4, 71.9, 72.1, 72.3, 73.0, 73.1, 73.9 (C-4M'), 74.3, 74.5, 74.8, 75.2, 75.3, 75.4, 75.8, 76.9, 78.3, 78.6, 79.1, 81.5, 81.6, 94.1 and 95.7 (*OC*H₂O), 98.8 (C-1M), 100.3 (C-1M'), 170.6 (*C*-acetate).

HRMS C₉₇H₁₂₀O₁₉Si₂Na : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 1667.7860, Found 1667.7849.



2-O-[2-O-benzyloxymethyl-3,4-di-O-benzyl-6-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-α-D-mann

opyranosyl]-4,5-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-[2-*O*-benzyloxymethyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-α-D-man nopyranosyl]-3-*O*-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-*myo*-inositol **24**

A freshly preparerd sodium methoxide solution (1 mL, 0.5 M in methanol) was added to a solution of **23** (26 mg, 0.016 mmol) in methanol (2 mL) at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes and monitored by TLC. The methanol was removed in vacuo and the residue was extracted by dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 9:1) to give compound **24** (25 mg, 99% yield).

Rf = 0.52 (Petroleum ether /EtOAc = 5:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +0.42 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.03, 0.08, 0.10, 0.11 (4s, 4 × 3H, SiCH₃), 0.91 and 0.94 (2s, 2 × 9H, *t*-Bu), 3.30-3.58 (m, 4H), 3.59-3.75 (m, 3H), 3.78-3.92 (m, 4H), 3.92-4.10 (m, 5H), 4.11-4.29 (m, 3H), 5.34 (s, 1H, H-1M'), 5.41 (s, 1H, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ -5.3, -5.0, -4.6, -4.5 (C-Si), 18.3(*C*(CH₃)₃), 25.9 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 26.1 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 62.2 (C-6M'), 69.3 (C-6M), 69.6, 70.9, 71.8, 71.9, 72.0, 73.0, 73.3, 74.1, 74.8, 74.9, 75.2, 78.6, 79.3, 80.1, 81.5, 94.7 and 94.9 (OCH₂O), 95.6 (C-1M), 100.5 (C-1M').

MS (TOF): $m/z = 1625.9 [M + Na]^+$.

HRMS C₉₅H₁₁₈O₁₈Si₂Na : Calcd. [M + Na]⁺ 1625.7754, Found 1625.7722.



Sodium (2R)-2,3-di-O-benzyl-glyceryl 1-hydrogenphosphonate building block C

To a solution of imidazole (1.83g, 26.9 mmol) in anhydrous toluene (30 mL) was added triethylamine (2.1 ml, 15.3 mmol) and phosphorus trichloride (0.8 ml, 9 mmol) at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 minutes. Then a solution of (s)-(-)-2,3-dibenzyloxy-1-propanol **17** (0.10 g, 0.15 mmol) in anhydrous toluene (1 mL) was added dropwise at 0 °C over 30 minutes, the reaction mixture was stirred for another 3 hours, quenched with an aqueous Py-H₂O (4:1, 25 mL) solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was washed with 6M HCl solution, 10M NaOH aq solution. The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (dichloromethane/methanol = 3:1) to give compound **C** (0.4 g, yield 77%). ^[3]

Rf = 0.1 (dichloromethane/methanol = 10:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +3.2 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ 3.59 (dd, 1H, ²*J*_{3,3} = 10.5 Hz, ³*J*_{3,2} = 5.5 Hz, H-3G), 3.66 (dd, 1H, ²*J*_{3,3} = 10.5 Hz, ³*J*_{3,2} = 4.0 Hz, H-3G), 3.76-3.85 (m, 1H, H-2G), 3.99 (ddd, 1H, ²*J*_{1,1} = 11 Hz, ³*J*_{P,H} = 7.5 Hz, ³*J*_{1,2} = 5.0 Hz, H-1G), 6.70 (d, 1H, ¹*J*_{P,H} = 618 Hz, H-P).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ 63.3 (d, ²*J*_{*P*-*C*} = 4.5 Hz, C-1G), 69.3 (C-3G), 72.2 and 73.4 (CH₂Ph), 77.2 (d, ³*J*_{*P*-*C*} = 7.2 Hz, C-2G).

³¹P NMR (121 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ = -5.62

HRMS C₁₇H₂₀NaO₅P : Calcd. [M - Na]⁻ 335.1048, Found 335.1045.



$C_{112}H_{136}NaO_{23}PSi_2 \\$

M = 1958.8646

Sodium [(2*R*)-2,3-di-*O*-benzyl-glycerol]

2-O-[2-O-benzyloxymethyl-3,4-di-O-benzyl-6-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-α-D-mann

opyranosyl]-4,5-di-O-benzyl-6-O-[2-O-benzyloxymethyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-α-D-man

nopyranosyl]-3-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-D-myo-inositol 1-phosphate 25

Compounds **24** (20 mg , 0.012 mmol) and building block **C** (12.8 mg, 0.036 mmol) were coevaporated from dry dichloromethane and dried under high vacuum for 30 minutes and then flushed with argon. Anhydrous pyridine (1 mL) was added followed by 4 Å molecular sieves, pivaloyl chloride (15 μ L, 0.12 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred at room temperature for another 2 hours. A solution of iodine (15 mg, 0.06 mmol) in 98% pyridine (1 mL) was added dropwise, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour. The mixture was filtered through a small column of Celite. The Celite was washed with dichloromethane, a saturated Na₂S₂O₃ solution was added to the filtrate and it turned to colorless. The organic phase was separated and the water phase was extracted three times with dichloromethane, then the combined organic phase was washed with water, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (dichloromethane/methanol = 15:1) to give compound **25** (20 mg, yield 85%).

Rf = 0.42 (dichloromethane/methanol = 15:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +15.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3)$

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ -0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.06 (4s, 4 × 3H, SiCH₃), 0.86 and 0.87 (2s, 2 × 9H, *t*-Bu), 3.15-3.31 (m, 3H, H-6M, H-6M', H-5I), 3.42-3.62 (m, 4H, H-3G, H-3I, H-3M), 3.68-3.78 (m, 3H, H-4M, H-2G, H-4I), 3.80-4.15 (m, 10H, H-6M', H-5M', H-4M', H-5M, H-3M', H-2I, H-1I, H-1G), 4.15-4.20 (m, 1H, H-6I), 4.28-4.34 (m, 2H, H-2M, H-2M'), 5.39 (s, 1H, H-1M'), 5.58 (s, 1H, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ -5.6, -5.3, -4.8, -4.7 (C-Si), 18.1 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 18.2 (*C*(CH₃)₃), 25.8 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 26.0 (C(*C*H₃)₃), 61.9 (C-6M'), 65.8 (C-1G), 68.6 (C-6M), 69.7 (C-3G, C-3I), 71.5 (C-5M), 72.3 (C-3M, C-3M'), 72.9 (C-4M', C-4M), 73.3 (C-5M'), 74.5 (C-6I, C-1I), 77.1 (C-2G), 78.9 (C-1G), 79.2 (C-2I), 81.4 (C-5I), 81.9 (C-4I), 93.2 and 93.9 (OCH₂O), 98.4 (C-1M), 100.7 (C-1M').

³¹P NMR (162MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ = -0.38

HRMS C₁₁₂H₁₃₆O₂₃PSi₂ : Calcd. [M - Na]⁻ 1935.8749, Found 1935.8761.



C100H108NaO23P

M = 1730.6917

Sodium [(2R)-2,3-di-O-benzyl-glycerol]

2-*O*-(2-*O*-benzyloxymethyl-3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-4,5-di-*O*-benzyl-6-*O*-(2-*O*-benzyloxymethyl-3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-D-*myo*-inositol 1-phosphate **26**

TBAF (20 μ L, 20 mmol) was added to a solution of **25** (7.8 mg, 4 mmol) in anhydrous THF (0.2 mL) and the mixture was sirred at 40°C for 24 hours, then the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (dichloromethane/methanol = 10:1) to give **26** (5.8 mg, 85% yield).

Rf = 0.12 (dichloromethane/methanol = 15:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +14.2 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ 3.25-3.33 (m, 3H, H-6M, H-5I), 3.47-3.60 (m, 3H, H-3I, H-3G), 3.60-3.70 (m, 2H, H-4I, H-5M), 3.74 (dd, 1H, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, ³*J* = 9.5 Hz, H-4M), 3.77-3.85 (m, 1H, H-2G), 3.89-3.96 (m, 2H, H-3M, H-3M'), 3.99-4.30 (m, 8H, H-4M', H-5M', H-6M', H-6I, H-1G, H-2M'), 4.33-4.38 (m, 1H, H-2M), 4.46-4.51 (m, 1H, H-1I), 4.52-4.55 (m, 1H, H-2I), 5.49 (s, 1H, H-1M'), 5.61 (s, 1H, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ 62.0 (C-2G), 65.4 (C-6M'), 69.2 (C-6M), 70.3 (C-5M), 70.9 (C-3G, C-3I), 72.9 (C-5M'), 73.0 (C-4M'), 73.1 (C-6I, C-2M', C-2M, C-1I), 75.0 (C-4M), 75.9 (C-2I), 78.0 (C-3M), 78.9 (C-1G), 79.1 (C-3M'), 81.5 (C-5I), 81.9 (C-4I), 93.7 and 94.0 (OCH₂O), 98.5 (C-1M and C-1M'). ³¹P NMR (161MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): $\delta = -1.48$

MS (TOF): $m/z = 1707.9 [M - Na]^{-}$.

HRMS C₁₀₀H₁₀₈O₂₃P: Calcd. [M - Na]⁻ 1707.7019, Found 1707.7015.



C132H168NaO25P

M = 2207.1510

2-O-(2-O-benzyloxymethyl-3,4-di-O-benzyl-6-O-palmitoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-4,

5-di-O-benzyl-6-O-(2-O-benzyloxymethyl-3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-

3-O-palmitoyl-D-myo-inositol

1-phosphate 27

To a solution of **26** (5 mg, 0.00257 mmol) in toluene (0.5 mL), palmitic acid (1.3 mg, 5.14 mmol), 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (0.63 mg, 5.14 mmol) and N,N'-Dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) (1.06 mg, 5.14 mmol) were added at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (dichloromethane/methanol = 15:1) to give **27** (5 mg, 89% yield).

Rf = 0.40 (dichloromethane/methanol = 15:1)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +8.9 \ (c = 1.0, \text{CHCl}_3)$

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ 0.85 (t, 6 H, ³*J* = 6.4 Hz, CH₃), 1,24 (brs, 52H, CH₂), 1.91-2.12 (m, 2H, I-COO-CH₂), 2.12-2.18 (m, 2H, M-COO-CH₂), 3.28-3.41 (m, 3H, H-6M, H-5I), 3.49-3.56 (m, 1H, H-3G), 3.59-3.65 (m, 1H, H-3G), 3.78 (t, 1H, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, ³*J* = 10.0 Hz, H-4I), 3.81-3.87 (m, 1H, H-2G), 3.92-4.17 (m, 9 H, H-3M, H-3M', H-4M, H-4M', H-5M, H-5M', H-6M', H-6I), 4.27-4.32 (m, 1H, H-1I), 4.33-4.36 (m, 1H, H-2M'), 4.46-4.49 (m, 2H, H-2M, H-2I), 5.48 (s, 1H, H-1M'), 5.73 (s, 1H, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ 13.8 (CH₃), 29.6 (CH₂), 29.1, 29.2, 29.3, 29.4, 29.5, 29.6, 34.0 (CH₂), 34.1 (CH₂), 68.5 (C-6M, C-6M'), 70.8 (C-3G), 71.2 (C-2G), 71.3 (C-3I), 71.5 (C-4M, C-4M'), 72.9 (C-5M, C-5M'), 73.0 (C-1I, C-2M', C-2M, C-6I), 77.1 (C-2I), 78.0 (C-3M, C-3M'), 79.0 (C-1G), 79.8 (C-4I), 81.5 (C-5I), 94.0 and 94.1 (OCH₂O), 98.8 (C-1M), 100.0 (C-1M'), 172.8 (COO), 174.1 (COO).

³¹P NMR (161MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1): δ = -0.74

MS (TOF): $m/z = 2184.2 [M - Na]^{-}$.

HRMS C₁₃₂H₁₆₈O₂₅P : Calcd. [M- Na]⁻ 2184.1611, Found 2184.1639.



C53H98NaO23P

M = 1156.6134

Sodium [(2R)-glycerol]

2-O-(6-O-palmitoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-6-O-(α-D-mannopyranosyl)-3-O-palmitoy l-D-*myo*-inositol 1-phosphate Ac₂PIM₂

20% Pd(OH)₂/C (0.5 mg) was added to a solution of **27** (1 mg, 0.9 mmol) in mixed solvent methanol and ethyl acetate (1:1, 0.5 mL) under 1 atm H₂. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours and the solvents were removed in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/MeOH/H₂O = 8:3:0.5) to give Ac₂PIM₂ (0.4 mg, 80% yield).

Rf = 0.15 (EtOAc/MeOH/H₂O = 8:3:0.5)

¹H NMR (700MHz, CD₃OD): $\delta 0.85$ (t, 6H, ${}^{3}J = 7.0$ Hz, CH₃), 1,32 (brs, 48H, CH₂), 1.60-1.72 (m, 4H), 2.36-2.39 (m, 2H, M-CH₂), 2.39-2.49 (m, 2H, I-CH₂), 3.32-3.35 (m, 1H, H-6I), 3.59 (dd, 1H, ${}^{2}J = 11.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 5.5$ Hz, H-3G), 3.59 (dd, 1H, ${}^{2}J = 11.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 5.0$ Hz, H-3G), 3.70 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, H-4M'), 3.72 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, H-4M), 3.74 (dd, 1H, ${}^{2}J = 11.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 5.0$ Hz, H-6M), 3.76 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.5$ Hz, H-4I), 3.80 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 3.5$ Hz, H-3M), 3.76 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 10.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.5$ Hz, H-4I), 3.80 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, H-6M), 3.88 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.5$ Hz, H-5I), 3.96-4.02 (m, 2H, H-1G), 4.03 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 3.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 1.5$ Hz, H-2M), 4.04-4.07 (m, 2H, H-5M, H-5M'), 4.15 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 3.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 1.5$ Hz, H-2M'), 4.26 (ddd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 9.0$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.0$ Hz, H-1I), 4.29 (dd, 1H, ${}^{2}J = 11.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 5.5$ Hz, H-6M'), 4.33 (dd, 1H, ${}^{2}J = 11.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, H-6M'), 4.48 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, H-2I), 4.81 (dd, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 10.5$ Hz, ${}^{3}J = 2.5$ Hz, H-3I), 5.12 (d, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 1.5$ Hz, H-1M'), 5.29 (d, 1H, ${}^{3}J = 1.5$ Hz, H-1M).

¹³C NMR (100MHz, CD₃OD): δ 12.2 (CH₃), 24.0 (CH₂), 28.5 (CH₂), 33.0 (CH₂-M), 33.1 (CH₂-I), 61.0 (C-6M), 61.7 (C-3G), 63.0 (C-6M'), 65.7 (C-1G), 66.6 (C-4M, C-4M'), 69.7 (C-2M'), 69.8 (C-2M), 70.4 (C-3M), 70.6 (C-3M', C-4I), 70.9 (C-2G), 71.2 (C-3I), 72.1 (C-5M), 72.6 (C-5M'), 73.0 (C-6I), 74.8 (C-2I), 76.6 (C-1I), 78.0 (C-5I), 100.8 (C-1M), 101.5 (C-1M'). 173.2 (COO), 174.2 (COO).

³¹P NMR (121MHz, CD₃OD): $\delta = 0.40$

MS (TOF): $m/z = 1133.5 [M - Na]^{-}$.

HRMS C₅₃H₉₈O₂₃P : Calcd. [M- Na]⁻ 1133.6237, Found 1133.6238.

Evaluation of antigenic activity

APCs (THP-1-CD1b cells) were pulsed for 4 h with different acyl forms of Ac_nPIMs (PIM₂, PIM₆, natural Ac₄PIM₂, natural Ac₃PIM₂, natural Ac₂PIM₂, synthetic Ac₂PIM₂, **Figure 3B**). After washing, APCs were plated (THP-1-CD1b, 5×10^4 /well) and co-cultured overnight with T cells (5×10^4 /well). Culture supernatants were then harvested, and cytokine release was measured by standard ELISA using antibodies specific for interferon- γ (IFN- γ).

^[1] Bourdreux, Y.; Lemetais, A.; Urban, D.; Beau, J.-M., Iron(iii) chloride-tandem catalysis for a one-pot regioselective protection of glycopyranosides. *Chemical Communications* **2011**, *47* (7), 2146-2148.

^[2] Düffels, A.; Green, L. G.; Ley, S. V.; Miller, A. D., Synthesis of High-Mannose Type Neoglycolipids: Active Targeting of Liposomes to Macrophages in Gene Therapy. *Chemistry – A European Journal* **2000**, *6* (8), 1416-1430.

^[3] Liu, X.; Stocker, B. L.; Seeberger, P. H., Total Synthesis of Phosphatidylinositol Mannosides of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. *Journal of the American Chemical Society* **2006**, *128* (11), 3638-3648.





 13 C NMR of Compound 4 (100MHz, CDCl₃)

jwaD0173.3.fid C13_DECOUPLE_H1 WJ 24

















¹H NMR of Compound 6 (400MHz, CDCl₃)

¹H NMR of Compound 8 (400MHz, CDCl₃)

jepC0227.1.fid H1_N0_INT CM 40



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR of Compound 8 (100MHz, CDCl₃)

jepC0227.2.fid C13_DECOUPLE_H1 WJ 37





¹H NMR of Compound 9 (400MHz, CDCl₃)

jepD0119.1.fid H1_N0_INT WJ 39





Jepboll9.2. fid Cl3_DECOUPLE_HI WJ 39 BnO_____OOAC BnO_____BNO____OAC



¹H NMR of building block A (400MHz, CDCl₃)

jwaD0171.2.fid H1_NO_INT WJ 157-3



180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 fl (ppm)

¹H NMR of building block **B1** (400MHz, CDCl₃)

bfeH0005,1.fid BF 66_1 Day_H1_no_int_MED CDC13 /x/av300pas/ex_ipbs_puzo b.ferrie 3



¹³C NMR of buiding block **B1** (100MHz, CDCl₃)

jwaD0293.8.fid C13_DECOUPLE_H1 BF 101





¹H NMR of Compound 16 (400MHz, CDCl₃)



 13 C NMR of Compound 16 (100MHz, CDCl₃)

jwaD0293.5.fid C13_DECOUPLE_H1 WJI 166





¹H NMR of building block **B2** (400MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR of building block **B2** (100MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR of Compound **20** (400MHz, CDCl₃)

jwaD0177.1.fid H1_N0_INT WJ 190



¹H NMR of Compound 21(400MHz, CDCl₃)



 ^{13}C NMR of Compound 21 (100MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR of Compound 22 (400MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR of Compound 23 (400MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR of Compound **23** (100MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR of Compound 24 (400MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR of Compound **24** (100MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR of building block C (300 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)



¹³C NMR of building block C (100 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)

jwaD0242.5.fid C13_DECOUPLE_H1 WJ 181



³¹P NMR of building block C (121 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)

jepC0258.3.fid P31_DECOUPLE_H1 WJ 71



5.62

50 240 230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -4 f1 (ppm)

¹H NMR of compound **25** (400 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)



¹³C NMR of Compound **25** (75 MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)



¹H NMR of compound 27 (400MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)



¹³C NMR of Compound **27** (100MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)



³¹P NMR of Compound **27** (161MHz, CDCl₃/CD₃OD:3/1)



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170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	80	70 f1 (ppm)	60	50	40	30	20	10	0	-10	-20	-30

¹H NMR of synthetic Ac_2PIM_2 (600MHz, CD₃OD)



5.2 5.0 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2 4.0 3.8 3.6 3.4 3.2 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.8 fl (ppm)

¹³C NMR of synthetic Ac₂PIM₂ (600MHz, CD₃OD)



0.40

³¹P NMR of synthetic Ac₂PIM₂ (121MHz, CD₃OD)

IPrandi WJ92/101 WJ92



105 100 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 -5 -10 -15 -20 f1 (ppm)

HRMS of synthetic Ac₂PIM₂

