

## Supporting Information

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## 1. Experimental section

**General procedures:** All experiments were performed under dry argon gas using standard Schlenk techniques. Toluene, benzene, di-*n*-butylether and *n*-heptane were dried over Na/K respectively LiAlH<sub>4</sub> and stored under argon-atmosphere. C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> was dried over Na/K and stored over activated molecular sieve (3 Å). (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)Ga was prepared according to literature procedure.<sup>[1]</sup> SbCl<sub>3</sub> was sublimed prior to use, LiAlH<sub>4</sub>, PH<sub>3</sub> and AsH<sub>3</sub> were used as purchased.

<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>31</sup>P NMR-spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV II 300 MHz and AV III HD 300 MHz relative to the tetramethylsilane standard. IR-spectra were recorded on a Bruker Alpha FT-IR with a diamond ATR (500-4000 cm<sup>-1</sup>). Elemental analyses were performed on an ELEMENTAR vario Microcube and the content is reported in %. The TGA/DSC were performed on a DSC-TGA 3 from METTLER TOLEDO. X-ray crystallographic data were collected on a Bruker D8 Quest diffractometer using monochromatic Mo-Kα radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ) and a PHOTON 100 detector. Multi-scan and numerical absorption corrections were applied using the SADABS program.<sup>[2,3]</sup> The solution of the structure was performed with intrinsic phasing with the SHELXT-2015 solution program, while for the structure refinement with full-matrix least-squares against  $F^2$  the SHELXL-2015 or SHELXL-2018 packages were used, both within either the OLEX<sup>2</sup> or SHELXLE environments.<sup>[4-7]</sup> All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters. The hydrogen atoms at the carbon atoms were refined using the “riding model” approach with isotropic displacement parameters 1.2 times (1.5 times for terminal methyl groups) of that of the preceding carbon atom. More details regarding the refinements of individual structures are given in the next section. The hydrogen atoms at the Ga and Sb atoms were refined using appropriate distance restraints. CCDC 2053170 (**1**), 2053171 (**2**) 2053167 (**3**), 2053168 (**4**) and 2053169 (**5**) contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this publication. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via [www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures](http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures).

**Synthesis of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(PH<sub>2</sub>) (**1**).** A constant PH<sub>3</sub> gas flow was passed through a solution of 0.18 g (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)Ga (0.37 mmol, 1 eq) in 10 mL toluene at -20 °C. The reaction was stopped after the former yellow solution was discoloured. Excess of PH<sub>3</sub> was removed from the solution and toluene was removed *in vacuo*. The obtained colourless solid was dissolved in 10 mL *n*-heptane and centrifugation to remove traces of insolvable contamination. Subsequently the solution was concentrated to 1 mL. Storage at -32 °C afforded colourless blocks of **1** in a yield of 0.095 g (0.18 mmol, 49%).

**Elemental analysis** calcd: for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>44</sub>GaN<sub>2</sub>P: C, 66.81; H, 8.51; N, 5.37. Found: C, 66.41; H, 8.427; N, 5.51. **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 0.46 (d, 2H, PH<sub>2</sub>,  $^1J_{HP} = 175.5 \text{ Hz}$ ), 1.14

(d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.17 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.29 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.44 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.57 (s, 6H,  $\beta$ -CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.31-3.43 (m, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.81 (s, 1H,  $\gamma$ -CH), 6.00 (d, 1H, GaH, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HP</sub> = 25.4 Hz), 7.05-7.12 (m, 6H, Aryl-H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 23.3, 24.2, 24.5, 24.6, 26.4, 28.2, 29.0 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 96.0 ( $\gamma$ -CH), 124.3, 124.7, 127.2, 128.1, 141.3, 143.3, 144.9 (Aryl-C), 169.1 (NCCH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>31</sup>P{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (121.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = -286.0 (s). <sup>31</sup>P NMR (121.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = -286.0 (td, <sup>1</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> = 174.8 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>PH</sub> = 25.3 Hz). IR (ATR)  $\nu$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>) = 3034, 3023, 2959, 2923, 2865, 2283 (P-H), 1828 (GaH), 1554, 1519, 1457, 1440, 1384, 1316, 1259, 1177, 1103, 1053, 1019, 934, 904, 866, 801, 795, 754, 713, 632, 600, 576, 521, 438.

**Synthesis of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(AsH<sub>2</sub>) (2).** The synthesis of **2** was carried out similar to **1** with a constant AsH<sub>3</sub>-gas flow at 0 °C. 0.137 g (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)Ga (0.28 mmol) afforded 0.097 g of **2** (0.17 mmol, 61%) as colourless blocks from *n*-heptane at -32 °C.

**Elemental analysis** calcd.(%) for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>44</sub>GaN<sub>2</sub>As: C, 61.61; H, 7.85; N, 4.96. Found: C, 61.51; H, 8.021; N, 5.35. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = -0.16 (s, 2H, AsH<sub>2</sub>), 1.14 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.17 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.7 Hz), 1.30 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.43 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.57 (s, 6H,  $\beta$ -CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.29-3.46 (m, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.82 (s, 1H,  $\gamma$ -CH), 6.33 (s, 1H, GaH), 7.05-7.12 (m, 6H, Aryl-H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 23.4, 24.2, 24.6, 24.8, 26.4, 28.2, 29.1 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 96.0 ( $\gamma$ -CH), 124.2, 124.7, 127.2, 128.1, 141.4, 143.1, 145.0 (Aryl-C), 169.1 (NCCH<sub>3</sub>). IR (ATR)  $\nu$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>) = 3055, 3022, 2959, 2923, 2864, 2080 (AsH), 1823 (GaH), 1552, 1519, 1458, 1439, 1384, 1316, 1259, 1176, 1098, 1017, 934, 865, 795, 753, 713, 648, 614, 517, 437.

**Synthesis of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(SbH<sub>2</sub>) (3).** The following synthesis was performed under exclusion of light. A solution of 2 g SbCl<sub>3</sub> in 10 mL *n*Bu<sub>2</sub>O was added dropwise to a solution of 0.5 g LiAlH<sub>4</sub> in 70 mL *n*Bu<sub>2</sub>O at -30 °C. Immediately, evolution of gas and formation of elemental antimony was observed. The formed gases SbH<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub> were removed *in vacuo* and passed through a cooling trap at -40 °C to remove traces of *n*Bu<sub>2</sub>O. SbH<sub>3</sub> was collected in a second trap at -196°C. This cooling trap was separated after the reaction was stopped and connected to a schlenk tube with gas inlet pipe containing 0.183 g of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)Ga in 20 mL of toluene. The cooling trap was warmed to -78°C and the gas was passed through the schlenk tube at -50 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly warmed up while the reaction was completed after room temperature was reached. Toluene was removed *in vacuo* and the

remaining solid extracted with *n*-heptane and centrifuged. Colourless blocks of **3** were obtained at -32 °C in a yield of 0.166 g (0.27 mmol, 73%).

**Elemental analysis** calcd.(%) for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>44</sub>GaN<sub>2</sub>Sb C, 56.90; H, 7.25; N, 4.58. Found: C, 57.35; H, 7.102; N, 4.77. **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = -1.50 (s, 2H, SbH<sub>2</sub>), 1.13 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.17 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.32 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.41 (d, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.58 (s, 6H,  $\beta$ -CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.36 (hept, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>2</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 4.84 (s, 1H,  $\gamma$ -CH), 7.05-7.12 (m, 7H, GaH and Aryl-H). **<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR** (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 23.5, 24.2, 24.8, 26.4, 28.2, 29.3 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 96.2 ( $\gamma$ -CH), 124.2, 124.8, 127.2, 128.1, 141.8, 142.7, 145.3 (Aryl-C), 169.2 (NCCH<sub>3</sub>). **IR (ATR)**  $\nu$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>) = 3066, 3056, 3020, 2960, 2923, 2865, 1845 (GaH), 1816 (SbH), 1552, 1520, 1458, 1437, 1383, 1317, 1231, 1177, 1101, 1054, 1018, 935, 864, 796, 757, 723, 714, 641, 605, 588, 522.0, 449, 431. **TGA**: decomposition at 273.70 °C.

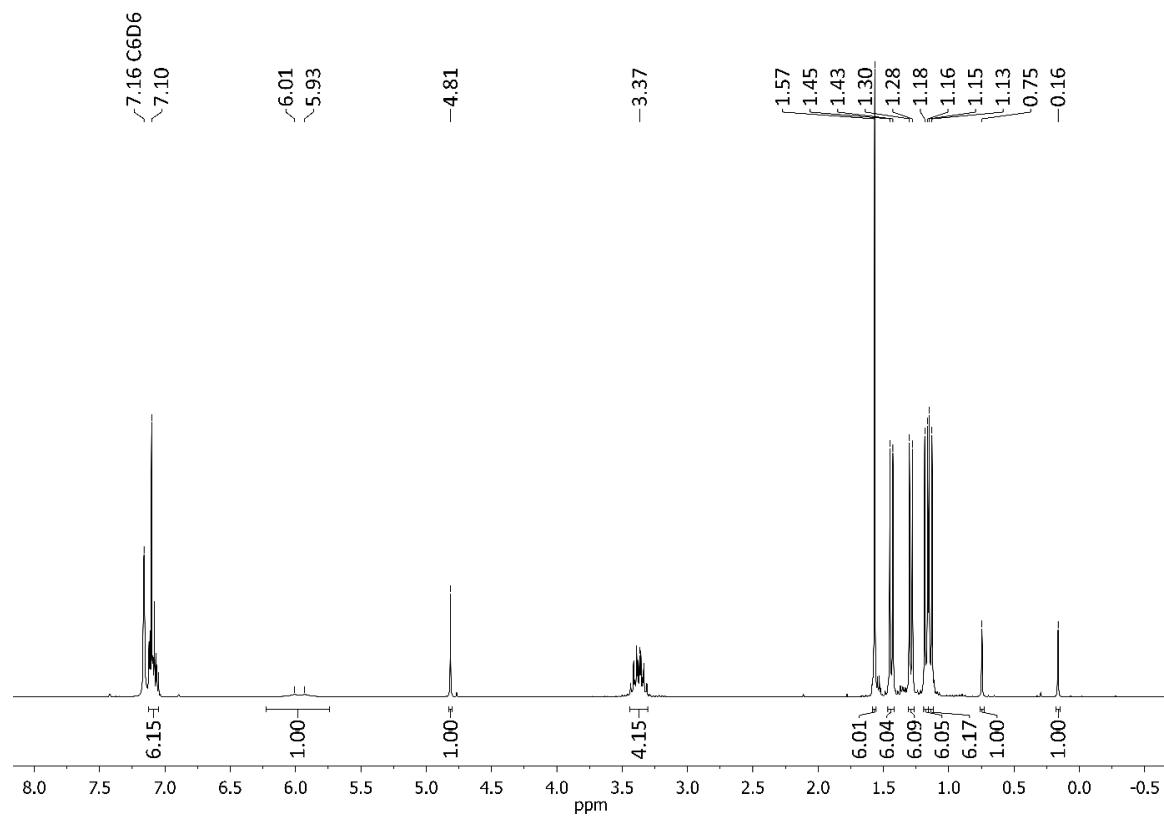
**Synthesis of {(Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH}<sub>2</sub>(AsH) (4).** 0.07 g (0.12 mmol, 1 eq) of **2** were added to a solution of 0.06 g (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)Ga (0.12 mmol, 1 eq) in 4 mL toluene. The solution was stirred over night and the solvent subsequently removed. The remaining colourless solid was extracted with *n*-heptane and centrifuged. Colourless blocks of **4** in a yield of 0.052 g (0.05 mmol, 41%) were obtained from benzene at 6 °C.

**Elemental analysis** calcd.(%) for C<sub>58</sub>H<sub>85</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>N<sub>4</sub>As: C, 66.18; H, 8.14; N, 5.32. Found: C, 65.92, H, 7.567; N, 4.75. **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = -2.10 (s, 1H, AsH), 0.96 (d, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.7 Hz), 1.09 (d, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.17 (d, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.26 (d, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.9 Hz), 1.43 (s, 12H,  $\beta$ -CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.11 (hept, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 3.39 (hept, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 7.0 Hz), 4.73 (s, 2H,  $\gamma$ -CH), 6.01 (s, 2H, GaH), 6.98-7.04 (m, 8H, Aryl-H), 7.10-7.12 (m, 4H, Aryl-H). **<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR** (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 23.7, 23.8, 24.3, 25.0, 27.5, 27.9, 29.3 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 95.9 ( $\gamma$ -CH), 123.8, 124.3, 126.8, 18.1, 142.4, 143.1 144.8 (Aryl-C), 168.4 (NCCH<sub>3</sub>). **IR (ATR)** = 3068, 2960, 2925, 2865, 2094 (AsH), 1861 (GaH), 1815, 1585, 1548, 1521, 1456, 1438, 1392, 1315, 1259, 1176, 1096, 1054, 1015, 935, 859, 796, 759, 718, 681, 643, 603, 588, 523, 454, 439.

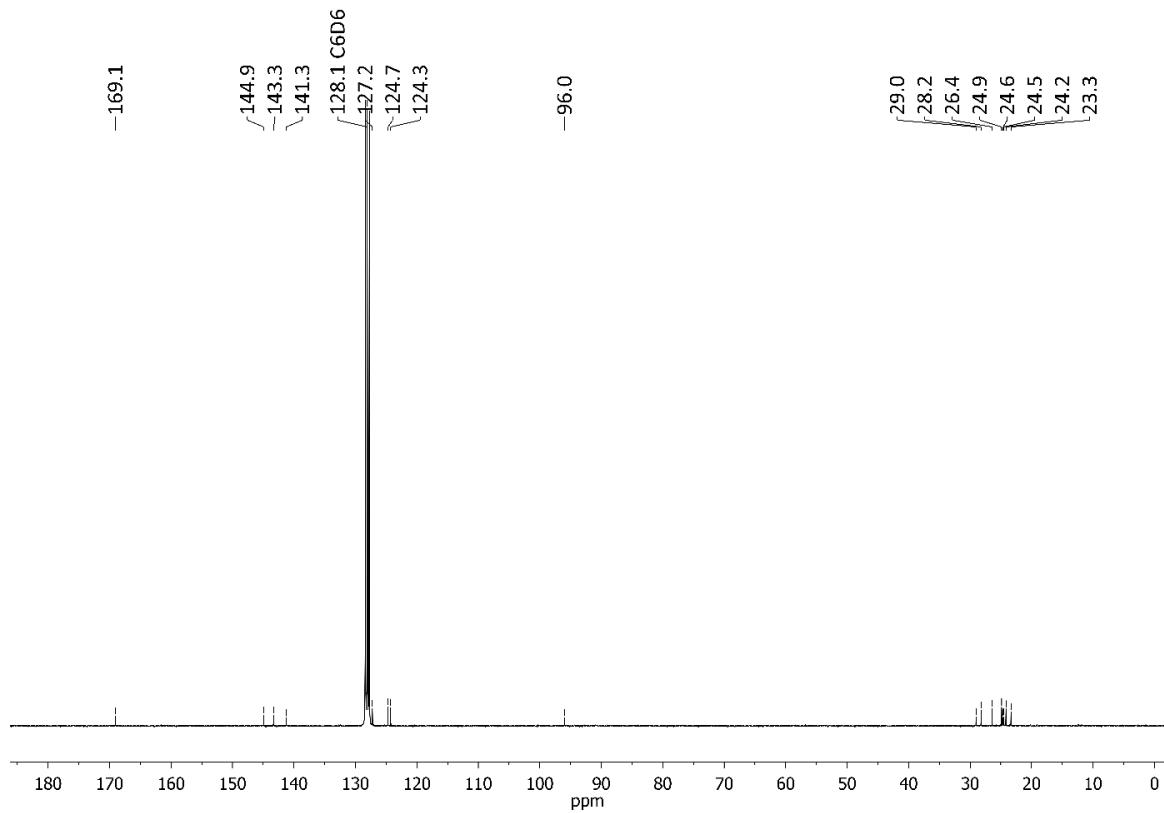
**Synthesis of {(Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH}<sub>2</sub>(SbH) (5).** 0.093 g (0.15 mmol, 1 eq) of **3** was added to a solution of 0.06 g (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)Ga (0.15 mmol, 1 eq) in 5 mL toluene. The solution was stirred over night and the solvent removed. The remaining yellow solid was extracted with *n*-heptane and centrifuged. Light yellow blocks of **5** in a yield of 0.09 g (0.08 mmol, 55%) were obtained from benzene at 6 °C.

**Elemental analysis** calcd.(%) for C<sub>58</sub>H<sub>65</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>N<sub>4</sub>Sb: C, 63.36; H, 7.79; N, 5.10. Found: C, 62.73; H, 7.750; N, 5.23. **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = -4.62 (s, 1H, SbH), 0.94-1.01 (br, m, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>) 1.09 (d, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.7 Hz), 1.18 (d, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.8 Hz), 1.30-1.35 (br, m, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.47 (br, s, 12H,  $\beta$ -CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.13 (hept, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, <sup>3</sup>J<sub>HH</sub> = 6.7 Hz), 3.30-3.41 (br, m, 4H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.75 (s, 2H,  $\gamma$ -CH), 6.43 (s, 2H, GaH), 7.01-7.07 (m, 8H, Aryl-H), 7.12-7.14 (m, 4H, Aryl-H). **<sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR** (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm) = 23.9, 24.2, 24.3, 24.5, 24.9, 25.6, 27.4, 27.9, 28.4, 29.5 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 96.0 ( $\gamma$ -CH), 123.8, 124.3, 124.7, 126.8, 142.6, 142.9, 145.0 (Aryl-C), 168.5 (NCCH<sub>3</sub>). **IR (ATR) v (cm<sup>-1</sup>)** = 3058, 3013, 2960, 2924, 2865, 1891, 1852 (GaH), 1803 (SbH), 1584, 1548, 1519, 1437, 1392, 1313, 1252, 1175, 1098, 1055, 1016, 934, 858, 796, 758, 730, 669, 641, 598, 583, 521, 453, 437. **TGA (°C)**: 247.47.

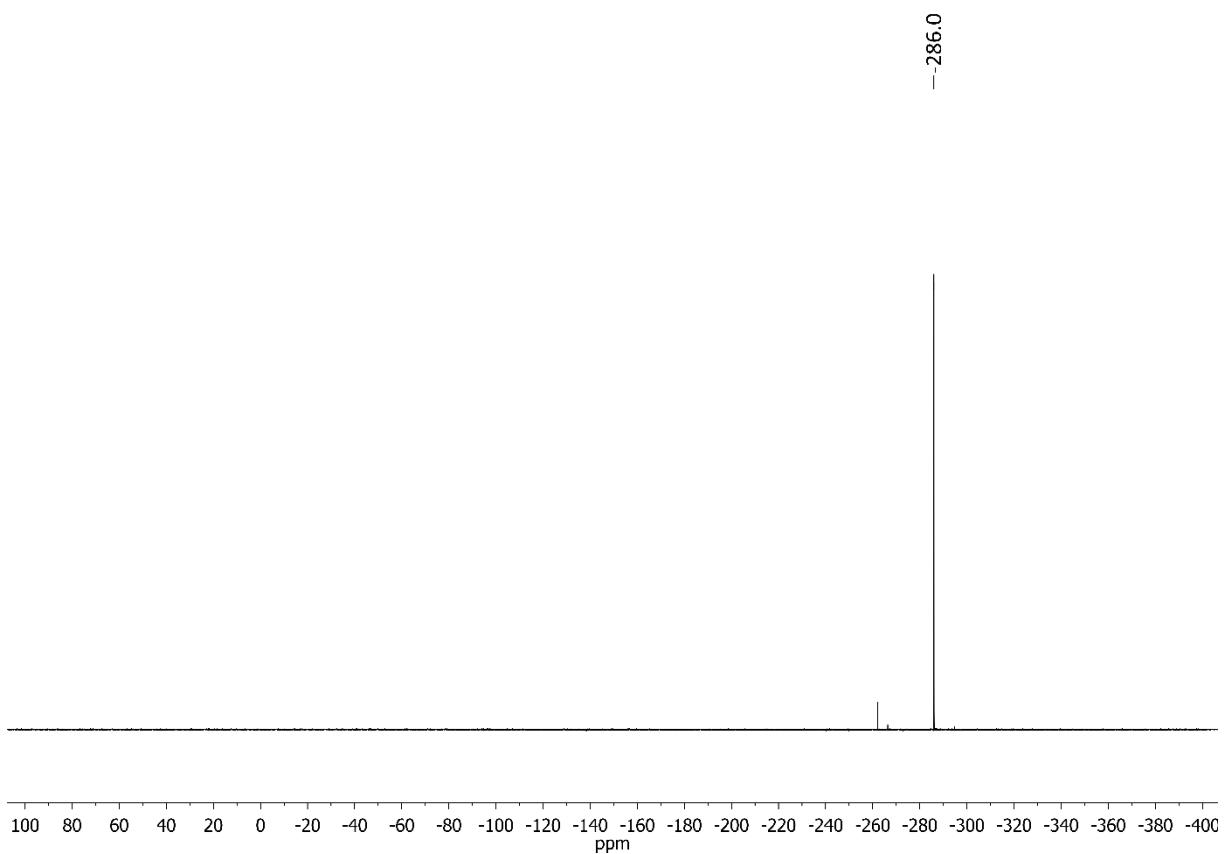
## 2. Experimental spectra TGA



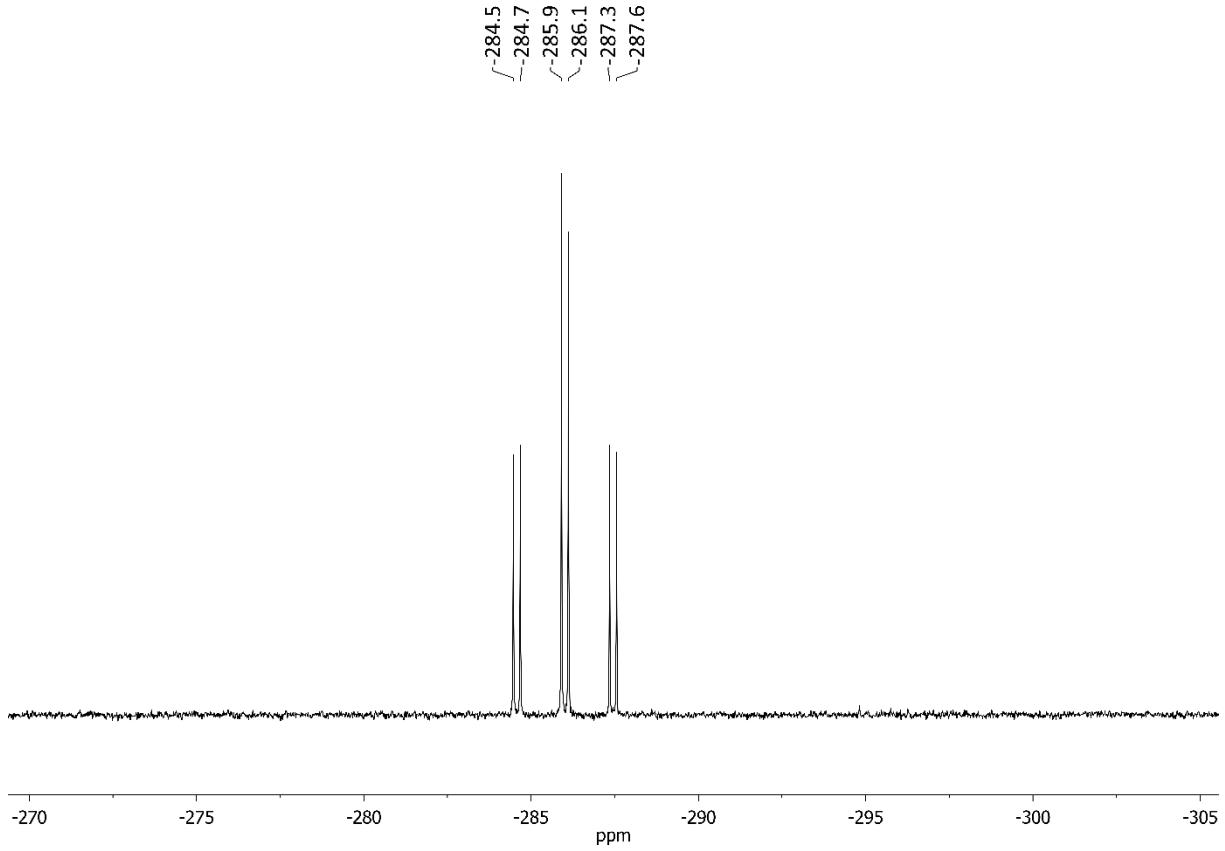
**Figure S1.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(PH<sub>2</sub>) (**1**).



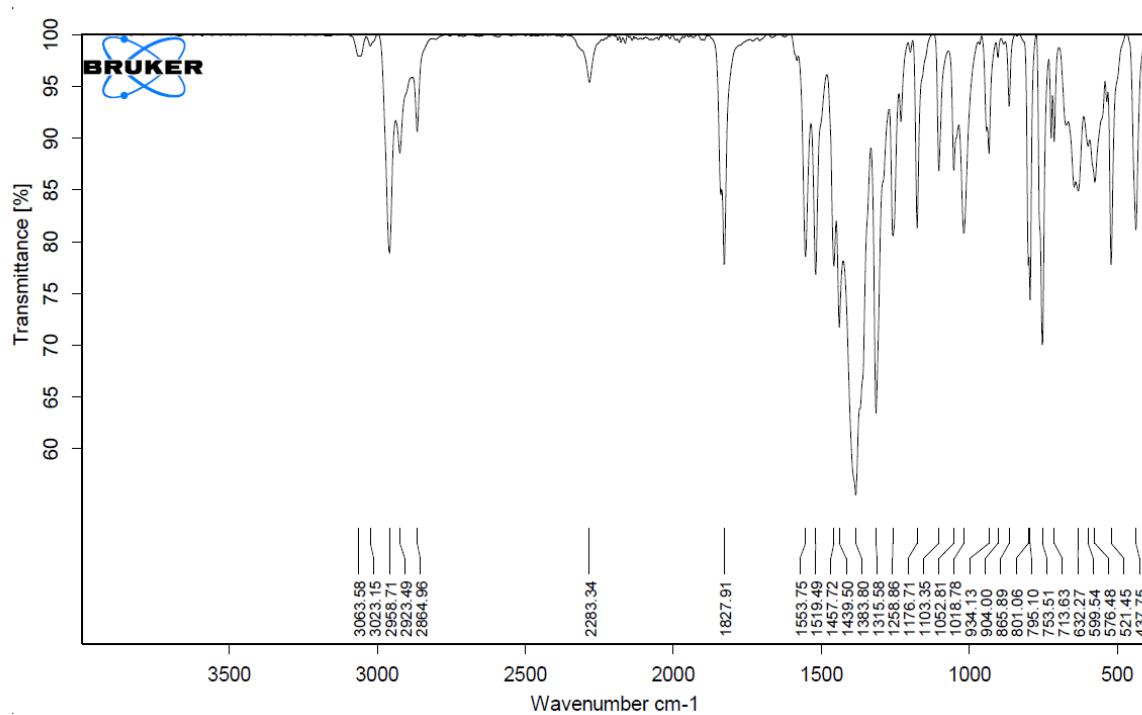
**Figure S2.** <sup>13</sup>C-{<sup>1</sup>H}-NMR spectrum (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(PH<sub>2</sub>) (**1**).



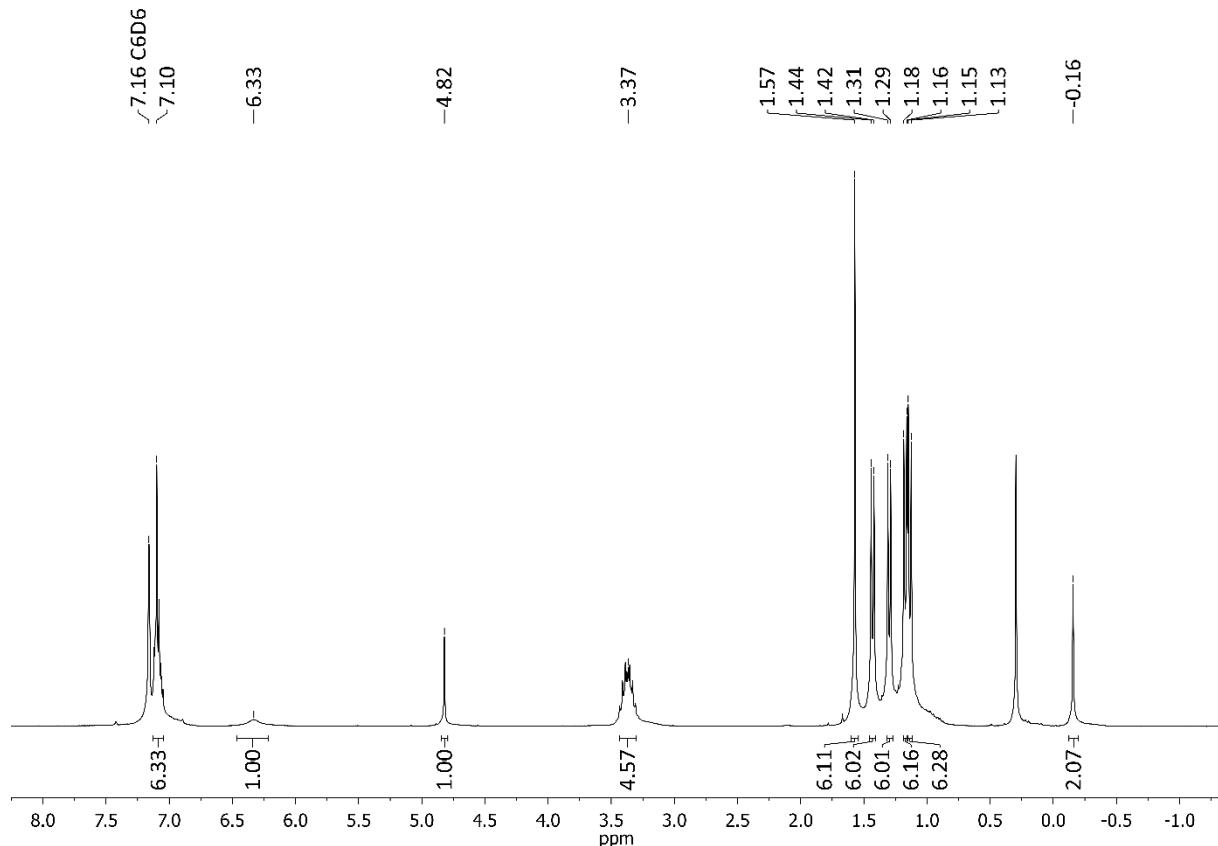
**Figure S3.**  $^{31}\text{P}-\{\text{H}\}$ -NMR spectrum (121.5 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ , 25 °C) of  $(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}(\text{PH}_2)$  (**1**).



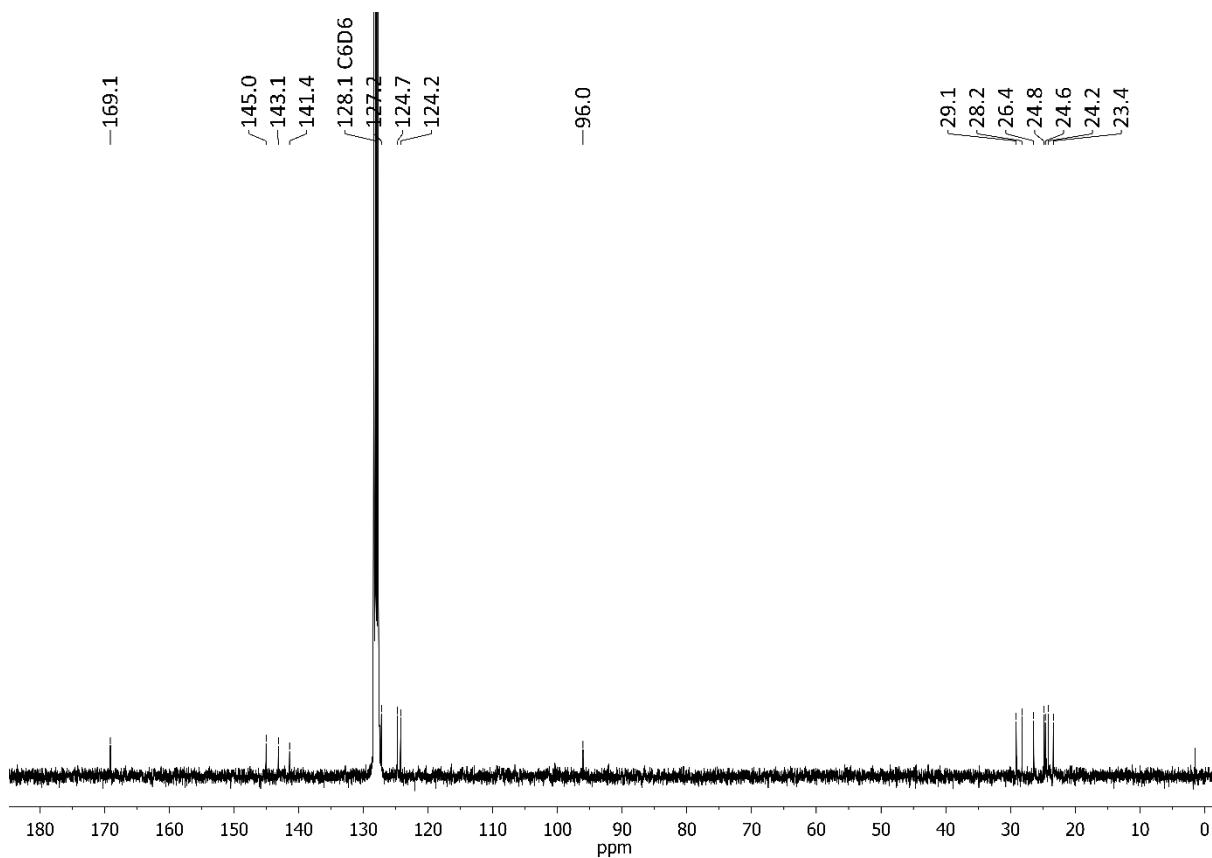
**Figure S4.**  $^{31}\text{P}$ -NMR spectrum (121.5 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ , 25 °C) of  $(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}(\text{PH}_2)$  (**1**).



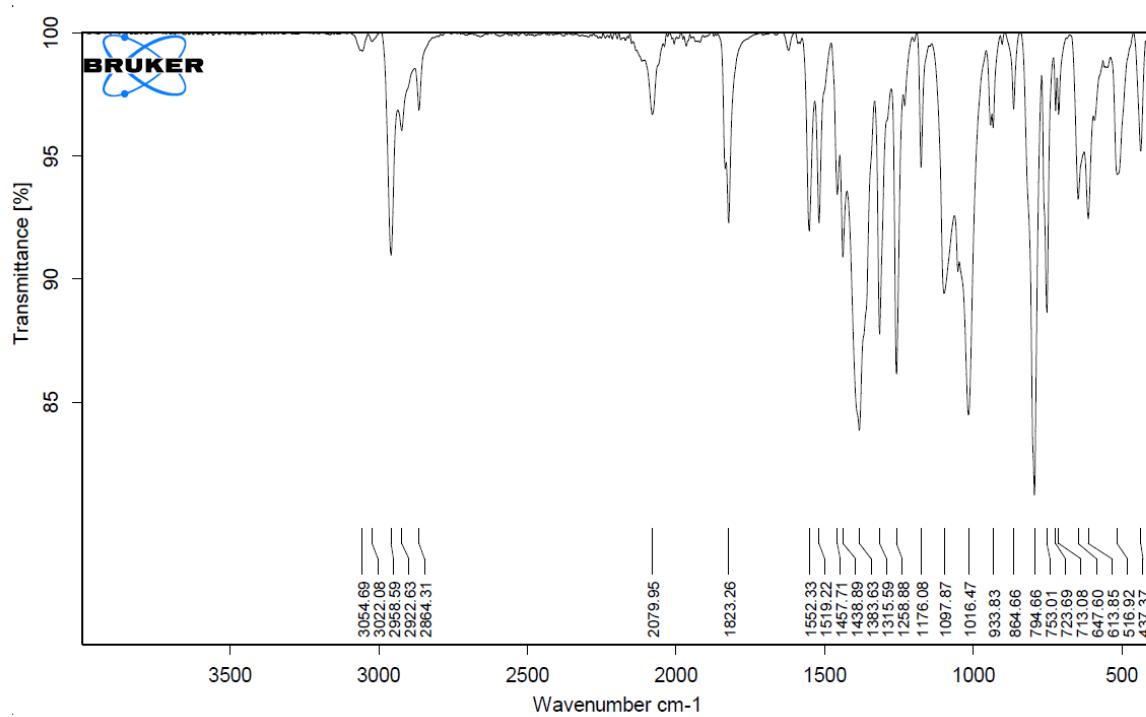
**Figure S5.** AT-IR spectrum of  $(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}(\text{PH}_2)$  (**1**).



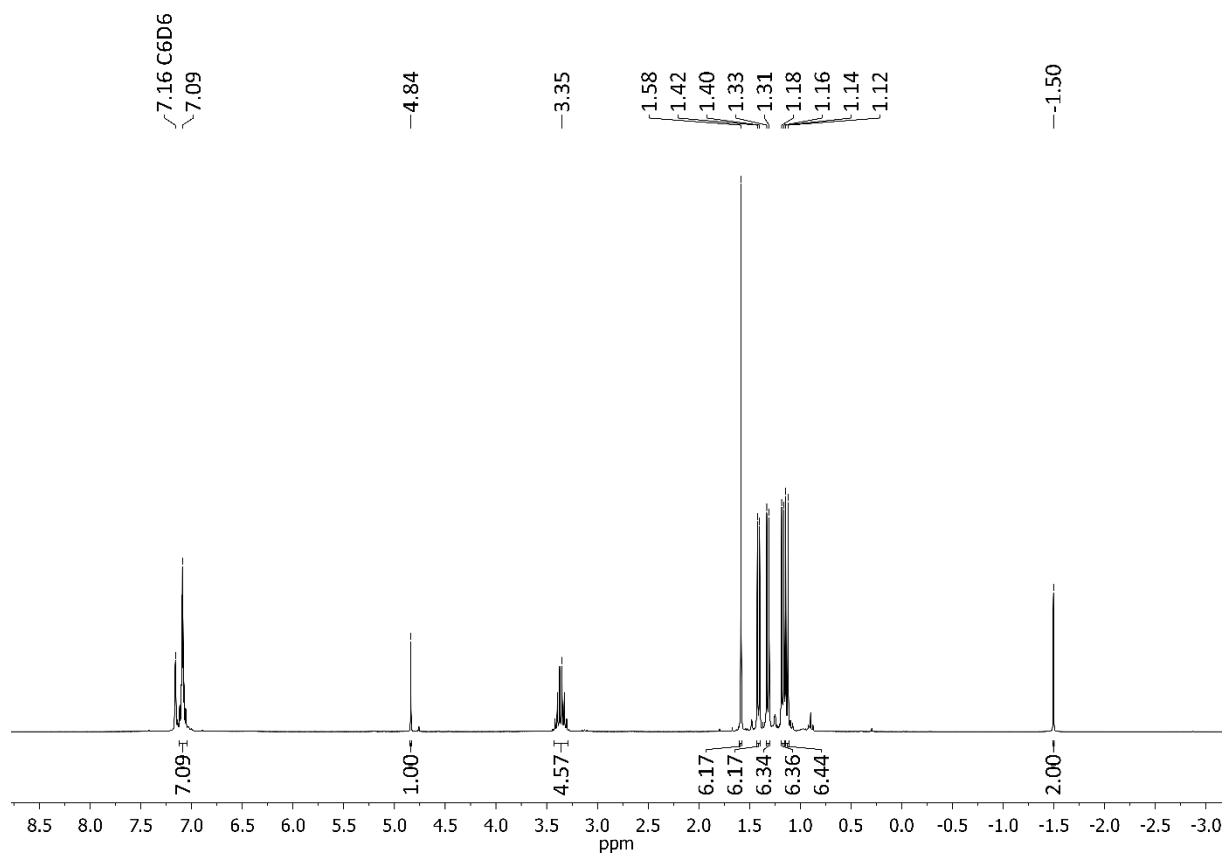
**Figure S6.**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of  $(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}(\text{AsH}_2)$  (**2**).



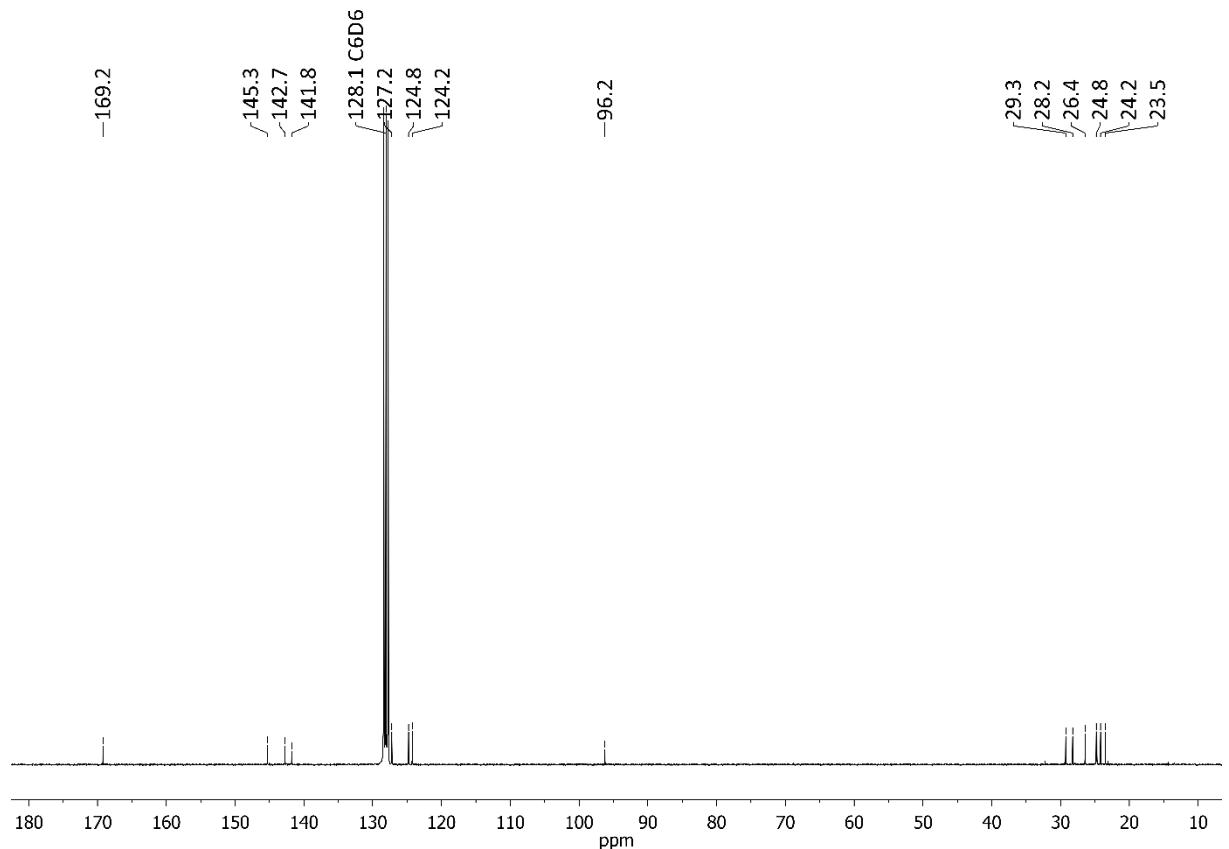
**Figure S7.**  $^{13}\text{C}$ - $\{{}^1\text{H}\}$ -NMR spectrum (75.5 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ , 25 °C) of  $(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}(\text{AsH}_2)$  (**2**).



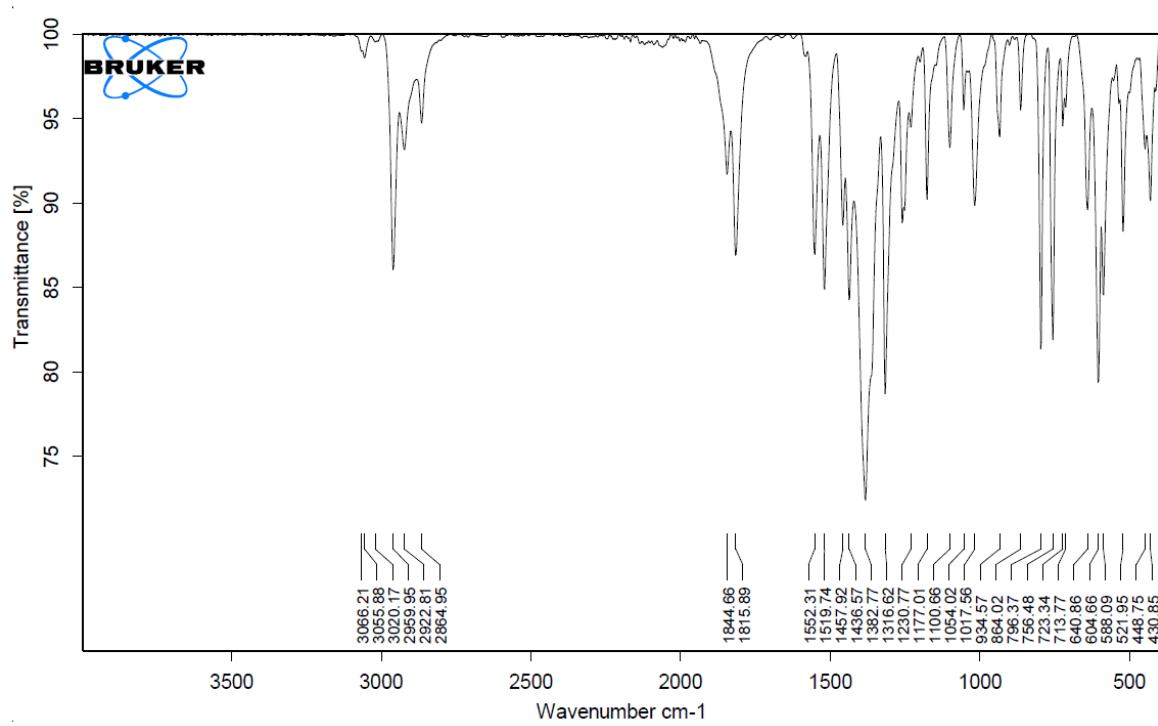
**Figure S8.** AT-IR spectrum of  $(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}(\text{AsH}_2)$  (**2**).



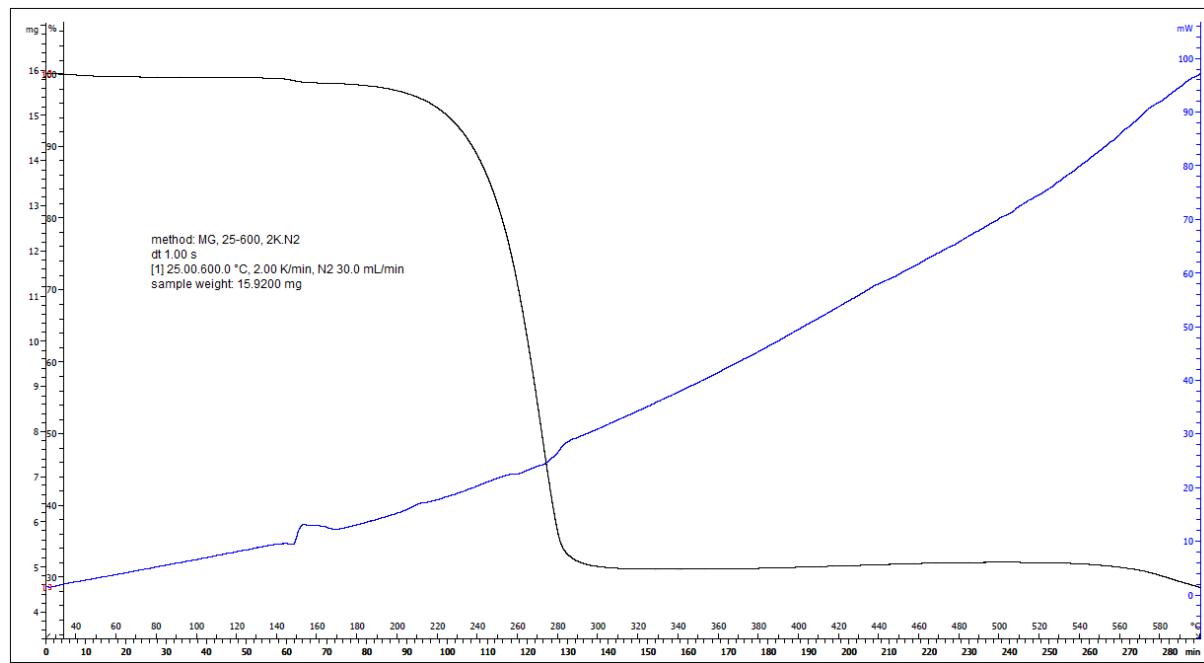
**Figure S9.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(SbH<sub>2</sub>) (**3**).



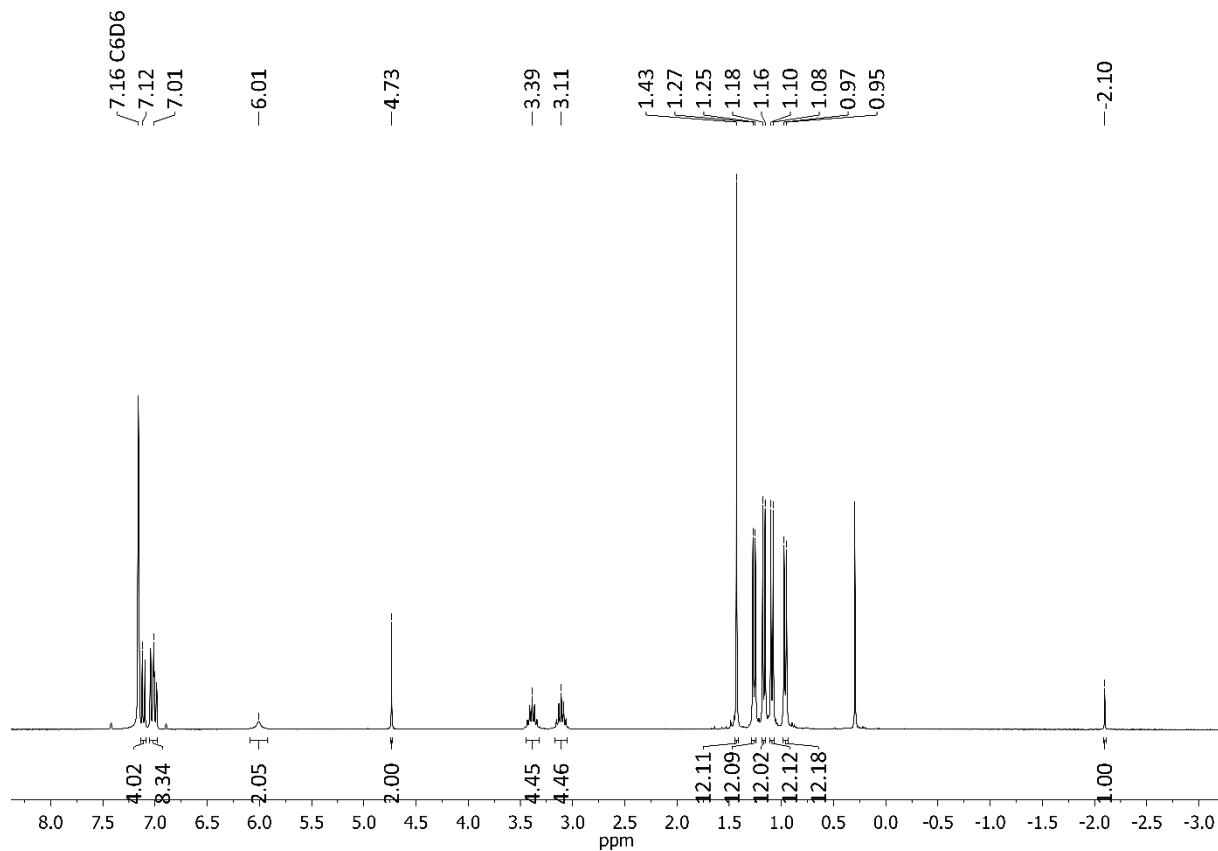
**Figure S10.** <sup>13</sup>C-{<sup>1</sup>H}-NMR spectrum (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(SbH<sub>2</sub>) (**3**)



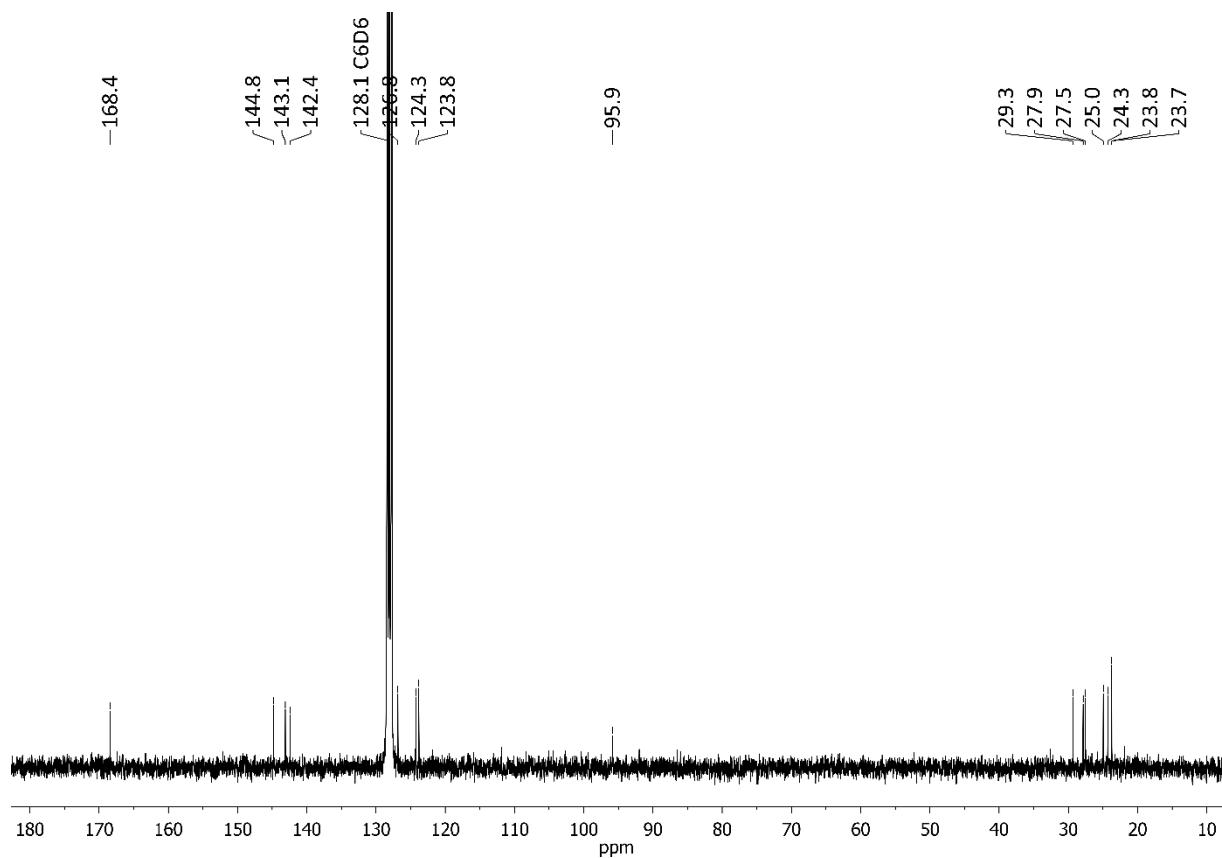
**Figure S11.** AT-IR spectrum of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(SbH<sub>2</sub>) (**3**).



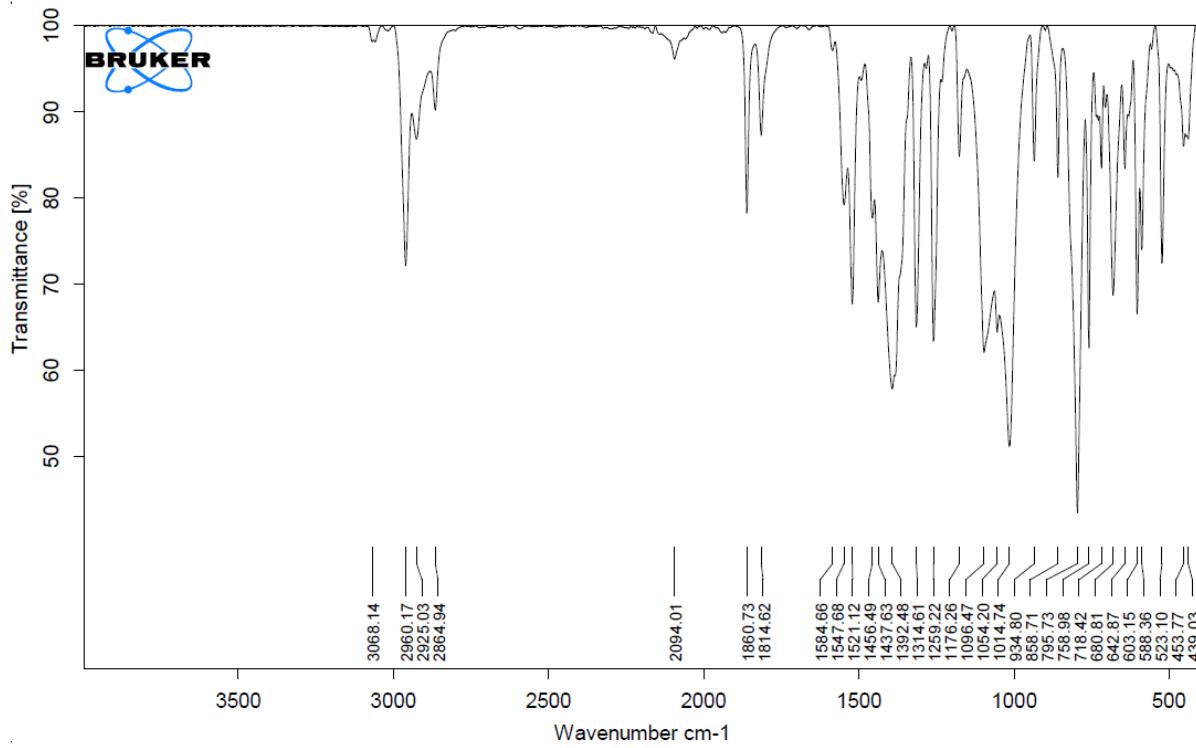
**Figure S12.** DSC-TGA of (Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH(SbH<sub>2</sub>) (**3**). Black: TGA; blue: DSC.



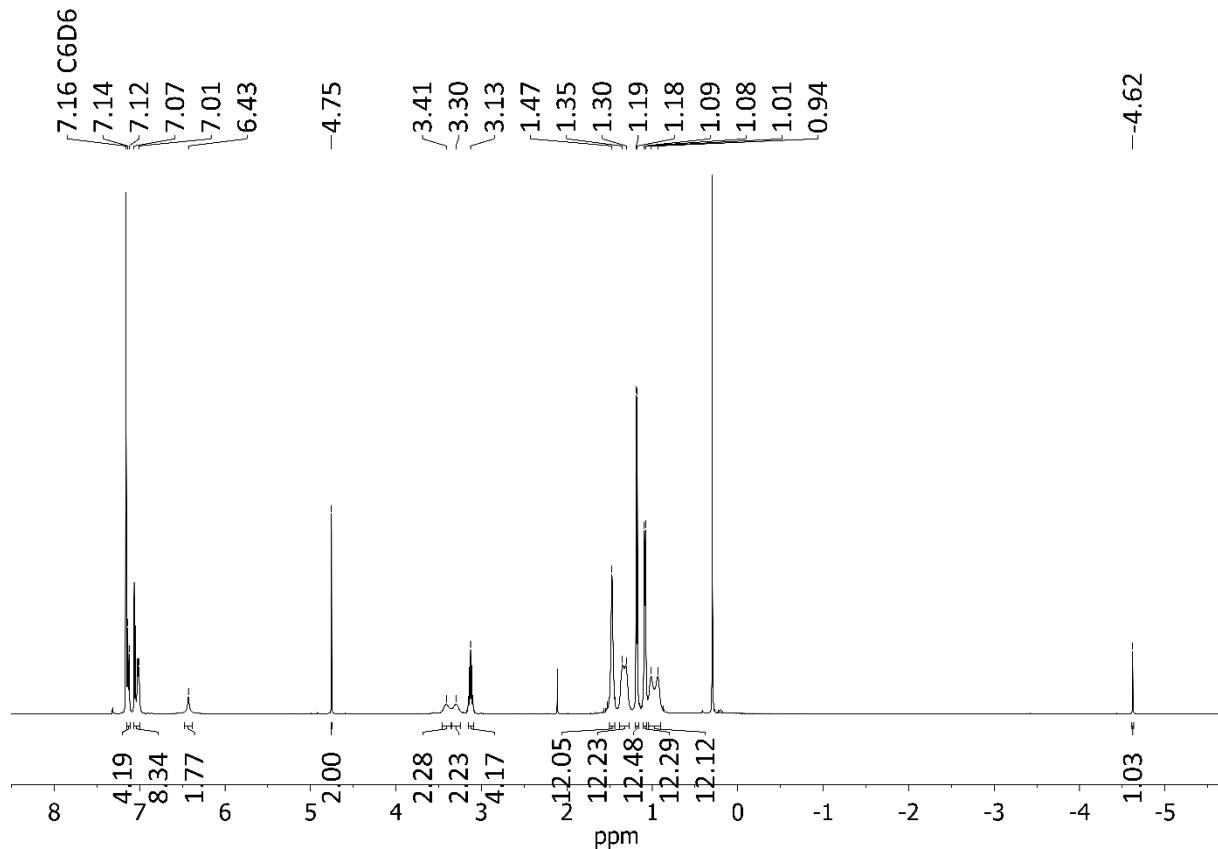
**Figure S13.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of [(Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH]<sub>2</sub>(AsH) (**4**).



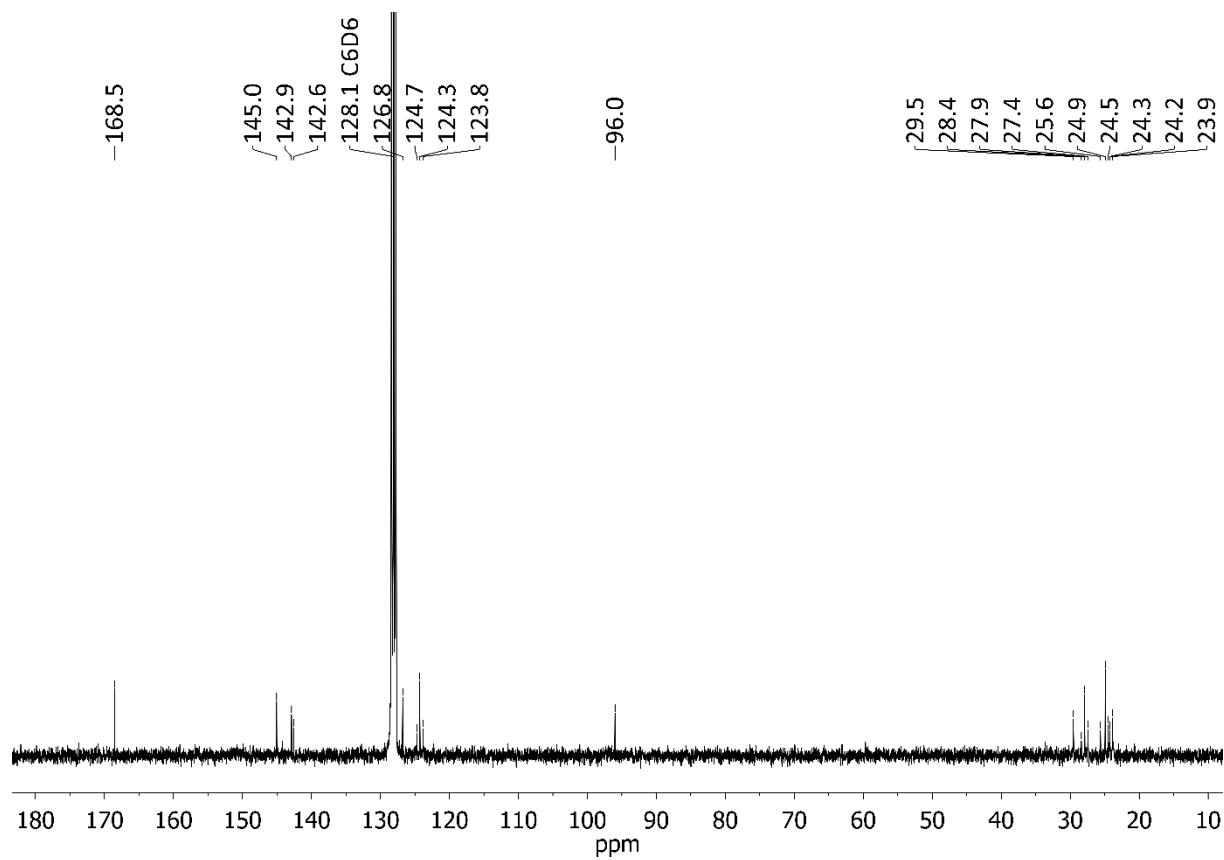
**Figure S14.** <sup>13</sup>C-{<sup>1</sup>H}-NMR spectrum (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of [(Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH]<sub>2</sub>(AsH) (**4**).



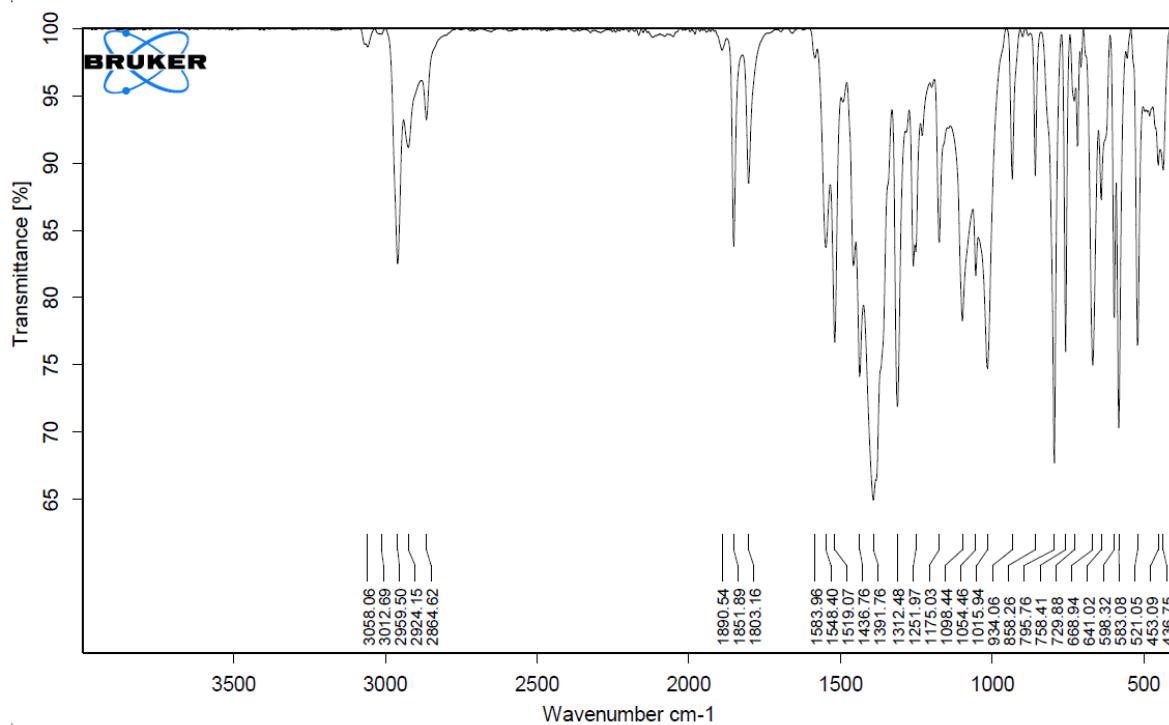
**Figure S15.** AT-IR spectrum of  $[(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}]_2\text{AsH}$  (**4**).



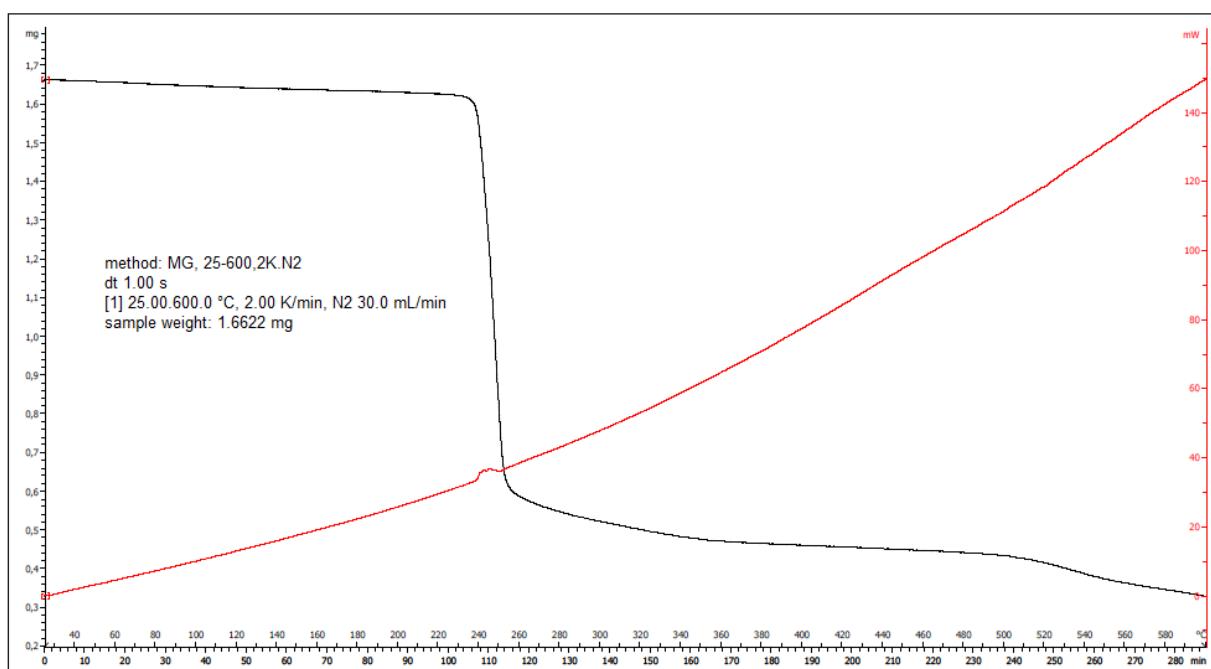
**Figure S16.**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum (300 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of  $[(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}]_2(\text{SbH})$  (**5**).



**Figure S17.** <sup>13</sup>C-{<sup>1</sup>H}-NMR spectrum (75.5 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>, 25 °C) of [(Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH]<sub>2</sub>(SbH) (**5**).



**Figure S18.** AT-IR spectrum of [(Dipp<sub>2</sub>NacNac)GaH]<sub>2</sub>(SbH) (**5**).



**Figure S19.** DSC-TGA of  $[(\text{Dipp}_2\text{NacNac})\text{GaH}]_2(\text{SbH})$  (**5**). Black: TGA; red: DSC.

### 3. Crystallographic details

**Refinement of 2 and 3:** both crystal structures exhibit a mild positional disorder of As and Sb atoms respectively, which is justified by different positions of the attached hydrogen atoms making an angle between the disordered  $M\text{-H}$  ( $M = \text{As}, \text{Sb}$ ) species close to  $90^\circ$  and which leads to essentially identical configuration of the molecule. The distance between the disordered atoms equals 0.387(14) and 0.496(12) Å (two symmetry independent molecules in the As compound) or 0.116(2) Å (the Sb compound). It should be noted that in case of compound **1** the phosphorus atoms were found to describe the corresponding electron density peaks not fully satisfactorily even if various disorder models were applied. However, the other analytical techniques (NMR, IR, elemental analyses) show strong evidence of the high purity of the compound. So far the best model was obtained by using a single phosphorus atom at the highest density peak. Further investigation and a better model will be reported elsewhere.

**Refinement of 4 and 5:** Both compounds crystallize in the space group  $P1$  forming pseudo-merohedrally twinned crystals so that the apparent space group is  $C2$ . The compounds contain two symmetry independent molecules in the unit cell. The molecules in each case contain a non-crystallographic inversion centre, which results in the disorder of the Ga–Sb–Ga and Ga–As–Ga parts (in case of the Sb compound the disorder in one of the two symmetry independent molecules is resolved via twin refinement). Interestingly, although the Checkcif algorithm suggested a strong evidence of pseudosymmetry and a tentative space group  $C2/c$ , a corresponding refinement led to very poor models and much higher residual electron density. Although a 2-fold rotation, an inversion center and a  $c$ -glide plane correspond very well to the atom coordinates, the different occupancies of the disordered As/Sb and Ga atoms destroy the corresponding symmetry elements. Inspection of the reciprocal space clearly shows that there are very strong reflections present which are against the  $c$ -glide plane extinction condition. It should be noted that the structure model of compound **4** contains four residual peaks of a yet unknown origin with a magnitude of 1.08...1.44 e/A at the distances of 2.26...2.40 Å from Ga<sub>2</sub>A, Ga<sub>2</sub>B, Ga<sub>4</sub>A, Ga<sub>4</sub>B and lying approximately within the planes of Ga–As–Ga, which could not be unambiguously assigned to any plausible atom (a few attempts led to an unstable refinement with unphysical isotropic displacement parameters). Interestingly, a compound **5** could also be obtained either with similar peaks or without them depending on yet not identified conditions. More details will be reported elsewhere.

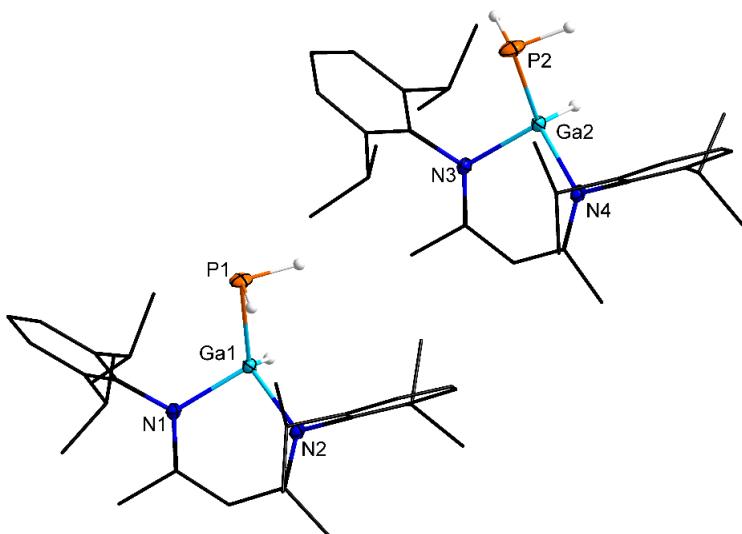
**Table S1:** Crystallographic data of compounds **1-3**.

	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>
Empirical formula	$\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{44}\text{GaN}_2\text{P}$	$\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{44}\text{GaN}_2\text{As}$	$\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{44}\text{GaN}_2\text{Sb}$
$M [\text{g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}]$	521.35	565.30	612.13
Crystal colour and habitus	colourless block	colourless plate	colourless block
Crystal size [mm]	0.490 x 0.210 x 0.204	0.454 x 0.219 x 0.064	0.426 x 0.407 x 0.346
$T [\text{K}]$	100	100	100
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group (No.)	$P2_1/c$ (14)	$P2_1/c$ (14)	$P2_1/c$ (14)
$a [\text{\AA}]$	18.1045(11)	18.1546(10)	17.1395(9)
$b [\text{\AA}]$	9.6018(6)	9.6556(5)	10.0131(5)
$c [\text{\AA}]$	33.3947(19)	33.4172(19)	18.1242(9)
$\beta [{}^\circ]$	90.8880(10)	91.133(2)	105.326(2)
$V [\text{\AA}^3]$	5804.5(6)	5856.7(6)	2999.9(3)

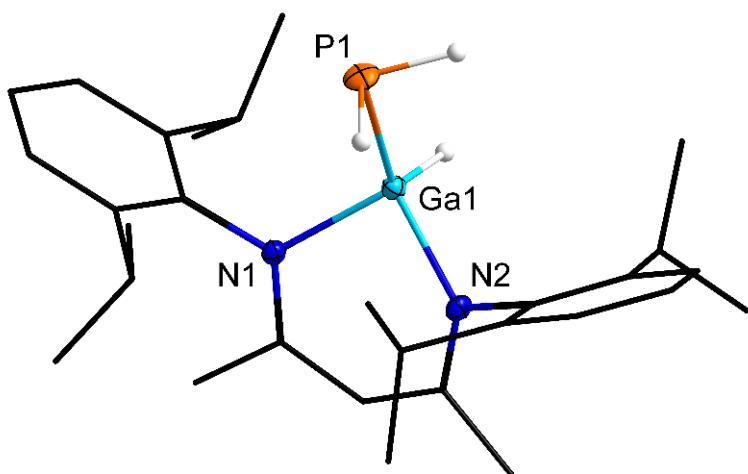
<i>Z</i>	8	8	4
<i>D</i> <sub>calc</sub> [g·cm <sup>-3</sup> ]	1.193	1.282	1.355
$\mu$ [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	1.021	2.079	1.816
F(000)	2224.0	2366.3	1256.0
2θ range for data collection [°]	4.414 to 59.328	4.392 to 61.184	4.66 to 59.462
Reflections collected	140725	156482	96904
Independent reflections	16395	17991	8511
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub> , <i>R</i> <sub>σ</sub>	0.0386, 0.0236	0.0396, 0.0231	0.0329, 0.0168
Data/restraints/parameters	16395/6/640	17991/12/664	8511/1/329
<i>R</i> <sub>1</sub> [ $>2\sigma(I)$ , all data]	0.0389, 0.0526	0.0300, 0.0420	0.0229, 0.0300
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub> [ $>2\sigma(I)$ , all data]	0.0945, 0.1008	0.0617, 0.0653	0.0516, 0.0540
<i>S</i> (all data)	1.049	1.044	1.037
$\Delta\rho_{\text{final}}$ (max/min) [e·Å <sup>-3</sup> ]	1.43/-0.67	0.47/-0.34	0.48/-0.39

**Table S2:** Crystallographic data of compounds **4** and **5**.

	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
Empirical formula	C <sub>58</sub> H <sub>85</sub> AsGa <sub>2</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>58</sub> H <sub>85</sub> SbGa <sub>2</sub> N <sub>4</sub>
<i>M</i> [g·mol <sup>-1</sup> ]	1052.65	1099.48
Crystal colour and habitus	colourless block	yellow block
Crystal size [mm]	0.292 × 0.213 × 0.116	0.215 × 0.212 × 0.136
<i>T</i> [K]	100	100
Crystal system (No.)	<i>P</i> 1 (1)	<i>P</i> 1 (1)
Space group	Triclinic	Triclinic
<i>a</i> [Å]	14.2902(12)	14.3990(7)
<i>b</i> [Å]	14.2980(12)	14.4137(7)
<i>c</i> [Å]	14.8863(12)	14.9394(7)
$\alpha$ [°]	85.241(2)	85.495(2)
$\beta$ [°]	85.225(2)	85.477(2)
$\gamma$ [°]	64.920(2)	64.209(2)
<i>V</i> [Å <sup>3</sup> ]	2741.4(4)	2779.6(2)
<i>Z</i>	2	2
<i>D</i> <sub>calc</sub> [g·cm <sup>-3</sup> ]	1.275	1.314
$\mu$ [mm <sup>-1</sup> ]	1.621	1.484
F(000)	1112.0	1148.0
2θ range for data collection [°]	4.070 to 63.166	4.522 to 63.182
Reflections collected	183469	96707
Independent reflections	36653	35068
<i>R</i> <sub>int</sub> , <i>R</i> <sub>σ</sub>	0.0312, 0.0249	0.0351, 0.0515
Data/restraints/parameters	36653/187/1295	35068/105/1278
<i>R</i> <sub>1</sub> [ $>2\sigma(I)$ , all data]	0.0247, 0.0276	0.0316, 0.0400
<i>wR</i> <sub>2</sub> [ $>2\sigma(I)$ , all data]	0.0591, 0.0606	0.0562, 0.0588
<i>S</i> (all data)	1.017	0.997
$\Delta\rho_{\text{final}}$ (max/min) [e·Å <sup>-3</sup> ]	1.45/-0.32	0.56/-0.58



**Figure S20:** Both independent molecules in the unit cell of compound **1**. All hydrogen atoms on carbon are omitted for clarity. Carbon atoms are shown in the *wires and stick* model. Thermal ellipsoids represent a 50% probability level.



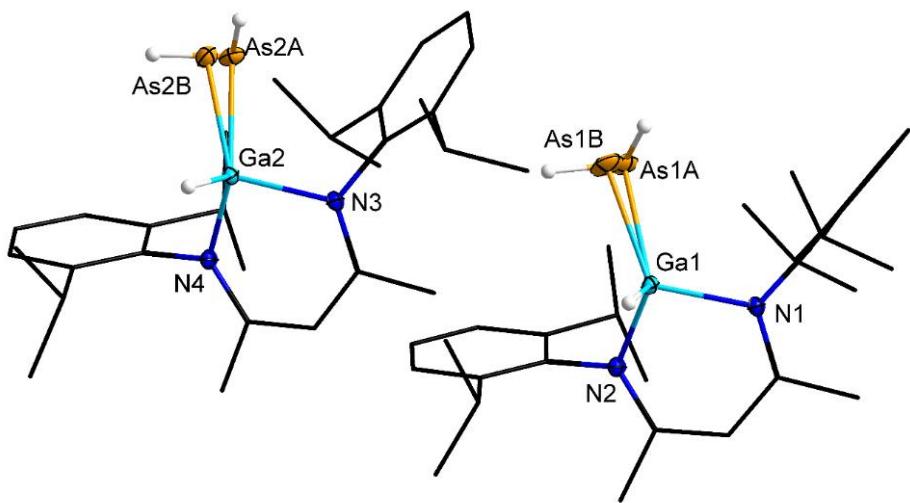
**Figure S21:** Molecular structure of **1**. Disordered parts are omitted for clarity.

**Table S3:** Bond length ( $\text{\AA}$ ) for **1**.

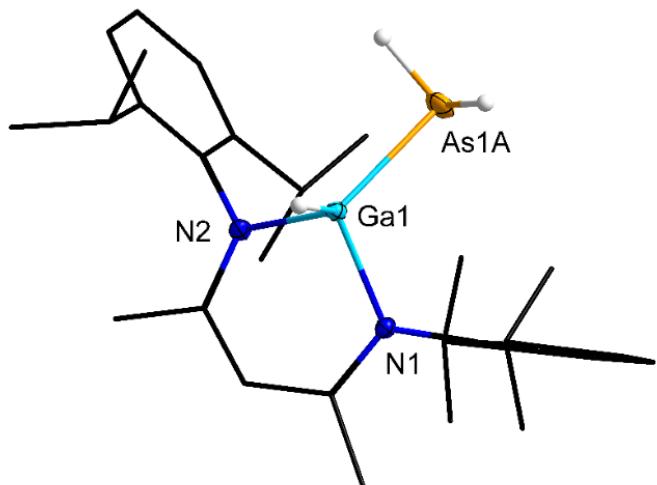
Ga1	N2	1.9541(14)		C42	C43	1.510(2)
Ga1	N1	1.9577(14)		C44	C45	1.409(2)
Ga1	P1	2.3442(5)		C45	N4	1.326(2)
Ga2	N3	1.9542(14)		C45	C46	1.511(2)
Ga2	N4	1.9548(14)		C47	C48	1.404(2)
Ga2	P2	2.3387(5)		C47	C52	1.411(2)
C1	C2	1.532(3)		C47	N4	1.447(2)
C2	C5	1.516(2)		C48	C49	1.397(2)
C2	C3	1.535(3)		C48	C53	1.522(3)
C20	C21	1.375(3)		C49	C50	1.378(3)



C36	C35	C34	120.98(17)		C7	C6	C5	121.07(16)
C35	C36	C37	119.76(17)		C6	C7	C8	119.94(16)
C36	C37	C38	121.68(17)		C7	C8	C9	121.21(17)
C37	C38	C33	118.18(16)		C8	C9	C4	118.35(16)
C37	C38	C39	118.70(16)		C8	C9	C10	119.40(16)
C33	C38	C39	123.09(16)		C4	C9	C10	122.24(16)
C38	C39	C40	112.11(16)		C9	C10	C11	111.76(16)
C38	C39	C41	109.81(16)		C9	C10	C12	110.54(17)
C40	C39	C41	110.06(17)		C11	C10	C12	109.36(16)
N3	C42	C44	123.47(15)		N1	C13	C15	123.51(15)
N3	C42	C43	119.60(15)		N1	C13	C14	119.18(15)
C44	C42	C43	116.92(15)		C15	C13	C14	117.30(15)
C42	C44	C45	128.24(15)		C13	C15	C16	128.14(16)
N4	C45	C44	123.49(15)		N2	C16	C15	123.17(16)
N4	C45	C46	120.38(15)		N2	C16	C17	119.91(15)
C44	C45	C46	116.13(15)		C15	C16	C17	116.92(15)
C48	C47	C52	121.12(15)		C23	C18	C19	121.35(15)
C48	C47	N4	119.59(15)		C23	C18	N2	118.61(15)
C52	C47	N4	119.08(15)		C19	C18	N2	119.94(15)
C49	C48	C47	118.31(17)		C20	C19	C18	117.93(17)
C49	C48	C53	118.82(16)		C20	C19	C24	119.43(17)
C47	C48	C53	122.86(15)		C18	C19	C24	122.61(15)



**Figure S22:** Both independent molecules in the unit cell of compound **2**. All hydrogen atoms on carbon are omitted for clarity. Carbon atoms are shown in the *wires and stick* model. Thermal ellipsoids represent a 50% probability level. Arsenic atoms were refined with split positions 0.91 : 0.09 (As1A, As1B) and 0.87 : 0.13 (As2A, As2B).



**Figure S23:** Molecular structure of **2**. Disordered parts are omitted for clarity.

**Table S5:** Bond length ( $\text{\AA}$ ) for **2**.

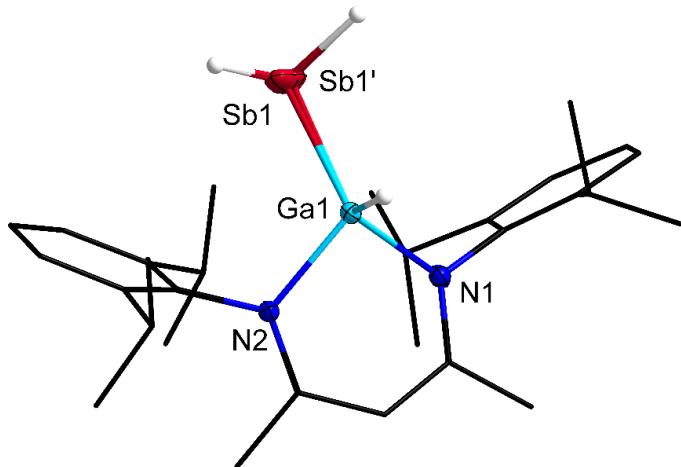
Ga1	N2	1.9567(11)		C42	C44	1.4016(18)
Ga1	N1	1.9582(11)		C42	C43	1.5077(19)
Ga1	As1B	2.401(7)		C44	C45	1.4078(18)
Ga1	As1A	2.4163(6)		C45	N4	1.3259(17)
Ga2	N4	1.9585(11)		C45	C46	1.5085(19)
Ga2	N3	1.9590(11)		C47	C52	1.406(2)
Ga2	As2B	2.373(3)		C47	C48	1.4065(19)
Ga2	As2A	2.4218(6)		C47	N4	1.4461(16)
C1	C2	1.534(2)		C48	C49	1.397(2)
C2	C5	1.5184(19)		C48	C53	1.517(2)
C2	C3	1.535(2)		C49	C50	1.379(2)

C20	C21	1.378(2)		C50	C51	1.381(2)
C20	C19	1.399(2)		C51	C52	1.3974(19)
C21	C22	1.377(2)		C52	C56	1.521(2)
C22	C23	1.394(2)		C53	C55	1.531(3)
C23	C18	1.4079(19)		C53	C54	1.532(2)
C23	C27	1.518(2)		C56	C58	1.523(2)
C24	C19	1.516(2)		C56	C57	1.525(2)
C24	C25	1.526(2)		N1	C13	1.3326(17)
C24	C26	1.532(2)		N1	C4	1.4394(17)
C27	C28	1.520(3)		N2	C16	1.3283(17)
C27	C29	1.526(3)		N2	C18	1.4438(17)
C30	C31	1.532(2)		C4	C5	1.4074(18)
C31	C34	1.5184(19)		C4	C9	1.4082(18)
C31	C32	1.539(2)		C5	C6	1.3949(19)
C33	C34	1.4078(18)		C6	C7	1.383(2)
C33	C38	1.4110(19)		C7	C8	1.385(2)
C33	N3	1.4394(16)		C8	C9	1.3973(19)
C34	C35	1.3969(19)		C9	C10	1.5189(19)
C35	C36	1.388(2)		C10	C12	1.529(2)
C36	C37	1.383(2)		C10	C11	1.532(2)
C37	C38	1.3933(19)		C13	C15	1.4018(19)
C38	C39	1.5218(18)		C13	C14	1.5054(19)
C39	C40	1.531(2)		C15	C16	1.4065(19)
C39	C41	1.535(2)		C16	C17	1.5067(19)
C42	N3	1.3303(17)		C18	C19	1.399(2)

**Table S6:** Bond angles ( $^{\circ}$ ) for **2**.

N2	Ga1	N1	95.22(5)		C49	C48	C53	118.91(13)
N2	Ga1	As1B	113.85(17)		C47	C48	C53	122.97(12)
N1	Ga1	As1B	117.7(3)		C50	C49	C48	121.24(14)
N2	Ga1	As1A	112.92(4)		C49	C50	C51	120.13(14)
N1	Ga1	As1A	109.25(5)		C50	C51	C52	121.04(14)
N4	Ga2	N3	95.68(5)		C51	C52	C47	118.26(13)
N4	Ga2	As2B	114.48(7)		C51	C52	C56	118.99(13)
N3	Ga2	As2B	116.2(3)		C47	C52	C56	122.73(12)
N4	Ga2	As2A	113.45(3)		C48	C53	C55	110.91(15)
N3	Ga2	As2A	105.20(6)		C48	C53	C54	112.36(13)
C5	C2	C1	110.33(12)		C55	C53	C54	109.36(14)
C5	C2	C3	112.03(12)		C52	C56	C58	112.40(13)
C1	C2	C3	110.49(13)		C52	C56	C57	110.93(12)
C21	C20	C19	120.99(15)		C58	C56	C57	109.79(14)
C22	C21	C20	120.00(14)		C13	N1	C4	121.31(11)
C21	C22	C23	121.57(15)		C13	N1	Ga1	118.37(9)
C22	C23	C18	117.72(14)		C4	N1	Ga1	119.66(8)
C22	C23	C27	120.21(14)		C16	N2	C18	121.34(11)
C18	C23	C27	122.07(13)		C16	N2	Ga1	118.46(9)
C19	C24	C25	112.64(14)		C18	N2	Ga1	119.65(8)
C19	C24	C26	110.57(14)		C42	N3	C33	123.00(11)
C25	C24	C26	110.06(14)		C42	N3	Ga2	120.22(9)
C23	C27	C28	111.52(16)		C33	N3	Ga2	116.77(8)
C23	C27	C29	112.71(15)		C45	N4	C47	122.42(11)
C28	C27	C29	109.60(15)		C45	N4	Ga2	120.51(9)
C34	C31	C30	111.39(12)		C47	N4	Ga2	116.60(8)
C34	C31	C32	110.50(12)		C5	C4	C9	120.97(12)
C30	C31	C32	110.72(12)		C5	C4	N1	119.59(12)

C34	C33	C38	120.84(12)		C9	C4	N1	119.35(11)
C34	C33	N3	119.24(12)		C6	C5	C4	118.44(12)
C38	C33	N3	119.62(11)		C6	C5	C2	119.39(12)
C35	C34	C33	118.56(13)		C4	C5	C2	122.15(12)
C35	C34	C31	119.04(12)		C7	C6	C5	121.32(13)
C33	C34	C31	122.39(12)		C6	C7	C8	119.68(13)
C36	C35	C34	121.12(13)		C7	C8	C9	121.31(13)
C37	C36	C35	119.52(13)		C8	C9	C4	118.27(12)
C36	C37	C38	121.69(13)		C8	C9	C10	119.21(12)
C37	C38	C33	118.22(12)		C4	C9	C10	122.48(12)
C37	C38	C39	118.39(12)		C9	C10	C12	110.72(13)
C33	C38	C39	123.36(12)		C9	C10	C11	111.84(13)
C38	C39	C40	112.49(12)		C12	C10	C11	109.22(13)
C38	C39	C41	109.53(12)		N1	C13	C15	123.35(12)
C40	C39	C41	110.12(12)		N1	C13	C14	119.40(12)
N3	C42	C44	123.48(12)		C15	C13	C14	117.24(12)
N3	C42	C43	119.47(12)		C13	C15	C16	128.19(12)
C44	C42	C43	117.05(12)		N2	C16	C15	123.18(12)
C42	C44	C45	128.40(12)		N2	C16	C17	119.79(12)
N4	C45	C44	123.45(12)		C15	C16	C17	117.03(12)
N4	C45	C46	120.11(12)		C19	C18	C23	121.46(13)
C44	C45	C46	116.44(12)		C19	C18	N2	120.03(12)
C52	C47	C48	121.21(12)		C23	C18	N2	118.37(12)
C52	C47	N4	119.21(12)		C18	C19	C20	118.22(13)
C48	C47	N4	119.37(12)		C18	C19	C24	122.70(12)
C49	C48	C47	118.11(13)		C20	C19	C24	119.07(13)



**Figure S24:** Molecular structure of **2**. All hydrogen atoms on carbon are omitted for clarity. Carbon atoms are shown in the *wires and stick* model. Thermal ellipsoids represent a 50% probability level. Antimony atoms were refined with split positions 0.5 : 0.5.

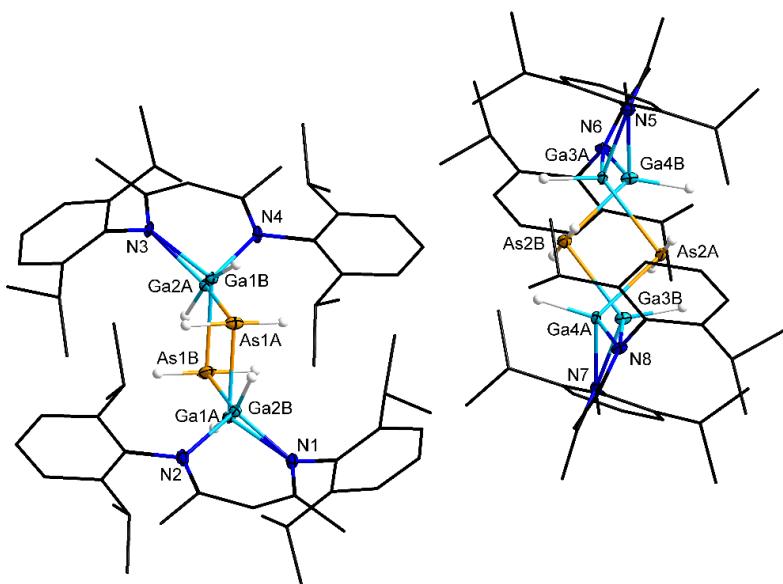
**Table S7:** Bond length (Å) for **3**.

Sb1	Ga1	2.6189(19)		C27	C29	1.524(2)
Ga1	N2	1.9656(11)		C27	C28	1.537(2)
Ga1	N1	1.9565(12)		C6	C11	1.405(2)
Ga1	Sb1'	2.600(2)		C6	C7	1.404(2)
N2	C3	1.3215(17)		C20	C21	1.381(2)
N2	C18	1.4387(17)		C11	C15	1.516(2)

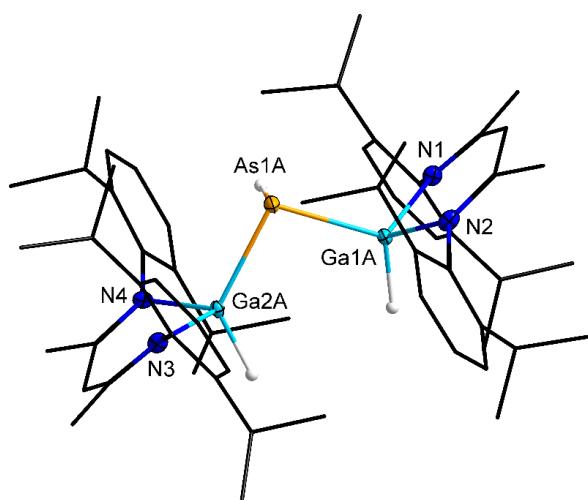
N1	C1	1.3330(17)		C11	C10	1.394(2)
N1	C6	1.4420(17)		C12	C7	1.516(2)
C3	C2	1.4050(19)		C12	C13	1.533(2)
C3	C5	1.5074(19)		C12	C14	1.534(2)
C1	C2	1.4002(19)		C22	C21	1.380(2)
C1	C4	1.5054(19)		C7	C8	1.398(2)
C18	C19	1.404(2)		C24	C25	1.529(2)
C18	C23	1.406(2)		C24	C26	1.530(2)
C19	C20	1.396(2)		C8	C9	1.374(3)
C19	C24	1.517(2)		C15	C16	1.518(2)
C23	C27	1.525(2)		C15	C17	1.523(3)
C23	C22	1.398(2)		C10	C9	1.382(3)

**Table S8:** Bond angles ( $^{\circ}$ ) for **3**.

N2	Ga1	Sb1	112.49(6)		C23	C27	C28	110.73(13)
N2	Ga1	Sb1'	110.74(6)		C29	C27	C23	112.93(14)
N1	Ga1	Sb1	111.89(5)		C29	C27	C28	109.00(14)
N1	Ga1	N2	94.34(5)		C11	C6	N1	118.66(13)
N1	Ga1	Sb1'	114.08(5)		C7	C6	N1	119.93(13)
C3	N2	Ga1	120.36(9)		C7	C6	C11	121.39(13)
C3	N2	C18	122.82(11)		C21	C20	C19	120.96(15)
C18	N2	Ga1	116.45(8)		C6	C11	C15	121.55(13)
C1	N1	Ga1	119.34(9)		C10	C11	C6	118.07(15)
C1	N1	C6	119.46(11)		C10	C11	C15	120.38(15)
C6	N1	Ga1	120.67(9)		C7	C12	C13	108.94(13)
N2	C3	C2	123.13(13)		C7	C12	C14	113.72(15)
N2	C3	C5	120.09(12)		C13	C12	C14	110.05(14)
C2	C3	C5	116.78(12)		C21	C22	C23	121.24(15)
N1	C1	C2	123.64(12)		C6	C7	C12	122.12(13)
N1	C1	C4	119.45(12)		C8	C7	C6	117.89(15)
C2	C1	C4	116.90(12)		C8	C7	C12	119.84(14)
C1	C2	C3	127.72(13)		C19	C24	C25	110.22(15)
C19	C18	N2	118.69(12)		C19	C24	C26	112.64(14)
C19	C18	C23	121.79(13)		C25	C24	C26	110.92(15)
C23	C18	N2	119.29(12)		C22	C21	C20	120.28(14)
C18	C19	C24	122.03(13)		C9	C8	C7	121.31(16)
C20	C19	C18	117.98(14)		C11	C15	C16	112.99(15)
C20	C19	C24	119.93(14)		C11	C15	C17	111.42(15)
C18	C23	C27	122.49(12)		C16	C15	C17	109.57(16)
C22	C23	C18	117.60(14)		C9	C10	C11	121.10(16)
C22	C23	C27	119.87(13)		C8	C9	C10	120.09(15)



**Figure S25:** Both independent molecules in the unit cell of compound **4**. All hydrogen atoms on carbon are omitted for clarity. Carbon atoms are shown in the *wires and stick* model. Thermal ellipsoids represent a 50% probability level. Arsenic atoms were refined with split positions 0.9 : 0.1 (As1A, As1B) and 0.7 : 0.3 (As2A, As2B).



**Figure S26:** Molecular structure of **4**. Disordered parts are omitted for clarity.

**Table S9:** Bond length ( $\text{\AA}$ ) for **4**.

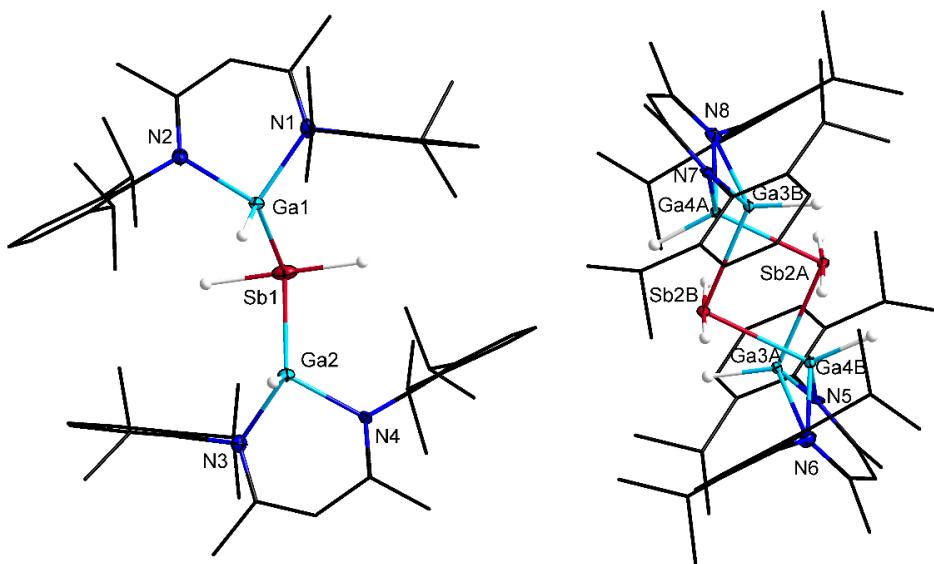
C1	N1	1.293(7)		C67	C68	1.414(9)
C1	C2	1.441(7)		C68	C69	1.365(9)
C1	C4	1.551(7)		C69	C73	1.525(8)
C2	C3	1.446(7)		C70	C72	1.528(9)
C3	N2	1.296(7)		C70	C71	1.569(9)
C3	C5	1.530(7)		C73	C75	1.507(10)
C6	C11	1.385(8)		C73	C74	1.537(8)







C72	C70	C71	108.5(5)		N1	Ga2B	As1B	113.9(4)
C72	C70	C65	111.3(5)		N5	Ga3A	N6	93.5(2)
C71	C70	C65	109.7(5)		N5	Ga3A	As2A	115.57(15)
C75	C73	C69	112.0(6)		N6	Ga3A	As2A	111.59(15)
C75	C73	C74	109.1(6)		N8	Ga4A	N7	94.3(2)
C69	C73	C74	108.5(5)		N8	Ga4A	As2A	109.55(16)
C81	C76	N6	122.6(4)		N7	Ga4A	As2A	114.48(14)
C81	C76	C77	118.8(5)		Ga4A	As2A	Ga3A	97.38(4)
N6	C76	C77	118.5(5)		N7	Ga3B	N8	91.5(2)
C78	C77	C76	119.2(6)		N7	Ga3B	As2B	115.61(18)
C78	C77	C82	122.4(6)		N8	Ga3B	As2B	110.53(18)
C76	C77	C82	118.4(5)		N6	Ga4B	N5	95.6(2)
C77	C78	C79	122.1(6)		N6	Ga4B	As2B	107.46(18)
C78	C79	C80	119.5(6)		N5	Ga4B	As2B	113.03(19)
C81	C80	C79	119.7(6)		Ga4B	As2B	Ga3B	97.63(11)



**Figure S27:** Both independent molecules in the unit cell of compound 5. All hydrogen atoms on carbon are omitted for clarity. Carbon atoms are shown in the wires and stick model. Thermal ellipsoids represent a 50% probability level. Antimony atoms were refined with split positions 0.65 : 0.35.

**Table S11:** Bond length (Å) for 5.

C1	N1	1.344(10)		C65	C66	1.321(12)
C1	C2	1.401(11)		C65	C70	1.570(11)
C1	C4	1.500(11)		C66	C67	1.441(14)
C2	C3	1.422(11)		C67	C68	1.387(14)
C3	N2	1.332(9)		C68	C69	1.395(12)
C3	C5	1.484(11)		C69	C73	1.519(11)
C6	C11	1.375(11)		C70	C71	1.501(13)
C6	C7	1.412(12)		C70	C72	1.550(12)
C6	N1	1.490(9)		C73	C75	1.527(14)
C7	C8	1.394(12)		C73	C74	1.540(12)
C7	C12	1.508(13)		C76	N6	1.379(11)
C8	C9	1.384(15)		C76	C81	1.412(11)
C9	C10	1.314(15)		C76	C77	1.448(10)
C10	C11	1.466(11)		C77	C78	1.343(13)







#### 4. References for supporting information

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