

**Supplementary Information**

**Thermal expansion and dimensionality of the hydrogen bond network:**

**a case study on dimorphic Oxalic acid**

Suman Bhattacharya\*,<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry. 605014, India

Sl. No	Title	Page No.
1	<b>Experimental</b>	1
2	<b>Figure S1:</b> Thermal ellipsoid plots of $\alpha$ -C2 and $\beta$ -C2 at different temperatures.	2
3	<b>Table S1:</b> Crystallographic Information table of $\alpha$ -C2 and $\beta$ -C2 at different temperatures.	3
4	<b>Table S2:</b> Hydrogen bond geometry parameters of $\alpha$ -C2 and $\beta$ -C2 at different temperatures.	5
5	<b>Table S3:</b> (a) C···O interaction distances in $\alpha$ -C2 distances at different temperatures. (b) C···O and O···O interaction distances in $\beta$ -C2 distances at different temperatures.	6
6	<b>Figure S2:</b> Density Vs Temperature plot of $\alpha$ -C2 and $\beta$ -C2.	6
7	<b>Reference</b>	

## **Experimental**

### **Generation of the C2 polymorphs**

Crystalline Oxalic acid dihydrate was purchased from Loba Chemie. and used without further purification. Diffraction quality single crystals of  $\alpha$ -C2 were produced by sublimation of crystalline Oxalic acid dihydrate under high vacuum<sup>S1</sup>.

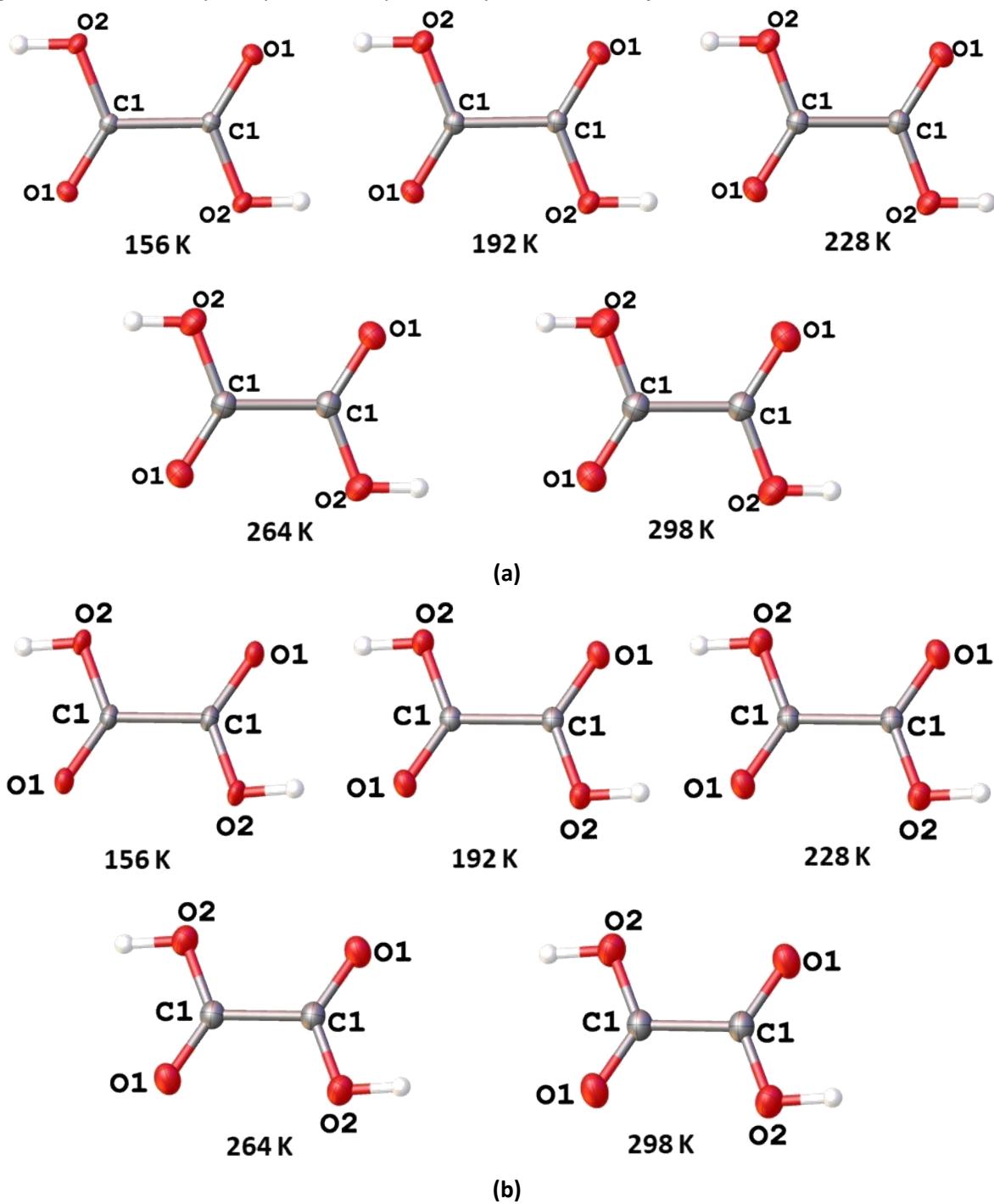
### **Variable temperature single-crystal diffraction data collection**

A good diffraction quality crystal of  $\alpha$ -C2 was chosen and considered for variable temperature single crystal diffraction measurements. The crystal is mounted on the diffractometer and slowly cooled to 156 K. Five sets of data were collected at temperatures 156 K, 192 K, 228 K, 264 K and 298 K. The temperature was controlled by cryojet using a liquid nitrogen flow. At every temperature, the crystal is maintained for 15 min under the liquid N<sub>2</sub> flow to allow proper temperature equilibration, before the commencement of the data collection. The cell parameters at different temperatures are used for calculation of the thermal expansion coefficients using the PASCAL program<sup>S2</sup>. The cell parameters for the  $\beta$ -C2 phase were obtained from the cif files deposited in CCDC by Saha and coworkers<sup>S3</sup> regarding their report on alternation in thermal expansion coefficient of aliphatic dicarboxylic acids.

### **X-Ray crystallography**

X-ray crystal data were collected on Xcalibur Eos, Oxford Diffraction Ltd. with Mo-K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ). Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented with SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm was applied<sup>S4</sup>. Structure solution and refinement were performed with SHELXS<sup>S5</sup> and SHELXL<sup>S6</sup>, respectively. The hydrogen atoms of the carboxylic acid group have been placed from refinement with any restraint.

**Figure S1:** Thermal ellipsoid plot at 50% probability of (a)  $\alpha$ -C2 (b)  $\beta$ -C2



**Table S1a:** Crystallographic details of  $\alpha$ -C2 at different temperatures

<b>Identification code</b>	<b><math>\alpha</math>-C2-156</b>	<b><math>\alpha</math>-C2-192</b>	<b><math>\alpha</math>-C2-228</b>	<b><math>\alpha</math>-C2-264</b>	<b><math>\alpha</math>-C2-298</b>
Empirical formula	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
Formula weight	90.04	90.04	90.04	90.04	90.04
Temperature/K	156(2)	192(2)	228(2)	264(2)	298(2)
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	orthorhombic	orthorhombic	orthorhombic	orthorhombic
Space group	Pbca	Pbca	Pbca	Pbca	Pbca
a/ $\text{\AA}$	6.4914(5)	6.5045(6)	6.5224(11)	6.5399(11)	6.5678(8)
b/ $\text{\AA}$	6.0556(5)	6.0640(6)	6.0741(8)	6.0841(7)	6.0983(7)
c/ $\text{\AA}$	7.8020(5)	7.8072(9)	7.8268(12)	7.8385(12)	7.8715(8)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90	90	90	90	90
$\beta/^\circ$	90	90	90	90	90
$\gamma/^\circ$	90	90	90	90	90
Volume/ $\text{\AA}^3$	306.69(4)	307.94(5)	310.08(8)	311.89(8)	315.27(6)
Z	4	4	4	4	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}$ mg/mm <sup>3</sup>	1.95	1.942	1.929	1.917	1.897
m/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.201	0.2	0.199	0.198	0.196
F(000)	184	184	184	184	184
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.44 × 0.4 × 0.38	0.44 × 0.4 × 0.38			
Reflections collected	1063	814	823	834	872
Independent reflections	355 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0076$ $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0107$	353 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0064$ $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0087$	352 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0068$ $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0107$	354 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0072$ $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0108$	367 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0077$ $R_{\text{sigma}} = .0080$
Data/restraints/parameters	355/0/32	353/0/32	352/0/32	354/0/33	367/0/33
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.109	1.173	1.126	1.122	1.105
Final R indexes [ $ I  \geq 2\sigma(I)$ ]	$R_1 = 0.0259$ , $wR_2 = 0.0661$	$R_1 = 0.0266$ , $wR_2 = 0.0668$	$R_1 = 0.0284$ , $wR_2 = 0.0683$	$R_1 = 0.0263$ , $wR_2 = 0.0644$	$R_1 = 0.0254$ , $wR_2 = 0.0661$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0273$ , $wR_2 = 0.0672$	$R_1 = 0.0287$ , $wR_2 = 0.0684$	$R_1 = 0.0299$ , $wR_2 = 0.0692$	$R_1 = 0.0277$ , $wR_2 = 0.0652$	$R_1 = 0.0281$ , $wR_2 = 0.0671$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e $\text{\AA}^{-3}$	0.47/-0.21	0.45/-0.18	0.49/-0.18	0.42/-0.15	0.43/-0.13
<b>CCDC Nos</b>	<b>1854360</b>	<b>1854359</b>	<b>1854358</b>	<b>1854357</b>	<b>1854356</b>

**Table S1b:** Crystallographic details of  $\beta$ -C2 at different temperatures\*

Identification code	$\beta\text{-C2-156}$	$\beta\text{-C2-192}$	$\beta\text{-C2-228}$	$\beta\text{-C2-264}$	$\beta\text{-C2-298}$
Empirical formula	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_4$	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_4$	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_4$	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_4$	$\text{CO}_2\text{H}_{0.25}$
Formula weight	90.04	90.04	90.04	90.05	90.05
Temperature/K	156.00(10)	192.00(14)	228.00(14)	264.00(14)	298(2)
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	Monoclinic	monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	$\text{P}2_1/\text{c}$	$\text{P}2_1/\text{c}$	$\text{P}2_1/\text{c}$	$\text{P}2_1/\text{c}$	$\text{P}2_1/\text{c}$
a/ $\text{\AA}$	5.3170(15)	5.3369(9)	5.3333(12)	5.3385(15)	5.3266(13)
b/ $\text{\AA}$	5.9435(12)	5.9570(6)	5.9723(8)	5.9978(14)	6.0126(10)
c/ $\text{\AA}$	5.3988(14)	5.4144(9)	5.4187(11)	5.4376(15)	5.4456(13)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
$\beta/^\circ$	116.21(3)	116.18(2)	115.99(3)	116.12(3)	115.80(3)
$\gamma/^\circ$	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
Volume/ $\text{\AA}^3$	153.06(7)	154.47(4)	155.14(5)	156.33(7)	157.01(6)
Z	4	4	4	4	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}} \text{mg/mm}^3$	1.954	1.936	1.927	1.913	1.904
m/ $\text{mm}^{-1}$	0.200	0.200	0.199	0.196	0.195
F(000)	89.0	92.0	92.0	89.0	89.0
Crystal size/ $\text{mm}^3$	$0.42 \times 0.38 \times 0.18$	$0.42 \times 0.38 \times 0.18$			
2 $\theta$ range for data collection	10.86 to 58.28°	8.52 to 58.44°	10.9 to 57.6°	8.5 to 58.04°	8.5 to 57.18°
Index ranges	-6 ≤ h ≤ 6, -8 ≤ k ≤ 5, -6 ≤ l ≤ 6	-5 ≤ h ≤ 6, -8 ≤ k ≤ 7, -7 ≤ l ≤ 7	-6 ≤ h ≤ 6, -8 ≤ k ≤ 7, -7 ≤ l ≤ 7	-6 ≤ h ≤ 7, -7 ≤ k ≤ 7, -7 ≤ l ≤ 6	-6 ≤ h ≤ 7, -8 ≤ k ≤ 7, -7 ≤ l ≤ 6
Reflections collected	732	764	749	789	776
Independent reflections	346 R(int) = 0.0262	349 R(int) = 0.0077	348 R(int) = 0.0095	362 R(int) = 0.0082	356 R(int) = 0.0071
Data/restraints/parameters	346/0/32	349/0/32	348/0/32	362/0/32	356/0/32
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	1.109	1.095	1.070	1.146	1.119
Final R indexes [ $ I  \geq 2\sigma( I )$ ]	$R_1 = 0.0559$ , $wR_2 = 0.1440$	$R_1 = 0.0303$ , $wR_2 = 0.0802$	$R_1 = 0.0320$ , $wR_2 = 0.0859$	$R_1 = 0.0400$ , $wR_2 = 0.1048$	$R_1 = 0.0342$ , $wR_2 = 0.0859$
<b>CCDC Nos</b>	<b>929767</b>	<b>929768</b>	<b>929769</b>	<b>929770</b>	<b>929771</b>

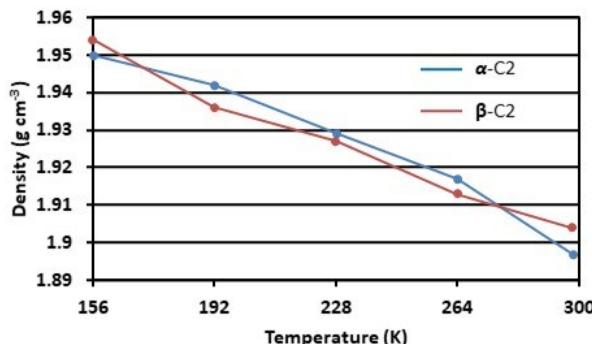
\*Information retrieved from Supplementary information of the paper<sup>S3</sup> and CSD.

**Table S2:** Hydrogen bond geometry parameters of (a)  $\alpha$ -C2 (b)  $\beta$ -C2

	$\alpha$ -C2-156	$\alpha$ -C2-192	$\alpha$ -C2-228	$\alpha$ -C2-264	$\alpha$ -C2-298
O2-H2 $\cdots$ O1	2.685(1) 1.88(2) 152(2)	2.689(1) 1.87(2) 153(2)	2.696(1) 1.89(2) 152(9)	2.702(1) 1.89(1) 153(1)	2.714(1) 1.92(2) 152(2)
(a)					
	$\beta$ -C2-156	$\beta$ -C2-192	$\beta$ -C2-228	$\beta$ -C2-264	$\beta$ -C2-298
O2-H2 $\cdots$ O1	2.665(2) 1.77(3) 176(3)	2.676(2) 1.78(3) 176(2)	2.676(2) 1.76(3) 176(2)	2.680(2) 1.75(3) 175(2)	2.674(2) 1.72(3) 174(2)
(b)					

**Table S3:** (a) C $\cdots$ O interaction distances in  $\alpha$ -C2 distances at different temperatures. (b) C $\cdots$ O and O $\cdots$ O interaction distances in  $\beta$ -C2 distances at different temperatures.

	$\alpha$ -C2-156	$\alpha$ -C2-192	$\alpha$ -C2-228	$\alpha$ -C2-264	$\alpha$ -C2-298
C1 $\cdots$ O1	2.853(1)	2.862(2)	2.874(1)	2.885(2)	2.899(2)
C1 $\cdots$ O1	2.844(1)	2.853(1)	2.862(1)	2.874(2)	2.889(2)
(a)					
	$\beta$ -C2-156	$\beta$ -C2-192	$\beta$ -C2-228	$\beta$ -C2-264	$\beta$ -C2-298
C1 $\cdots$ O1	2.861(1)	2.871(1)	2.878(1)	2.891(2)	2.903(2)
C1 $\cdots$ O1	2.986(1)	2.996(1)	3.006(1)	3.018(2)	3.027(2)
O1 $\cdots$ O2	3.152 (2)	3.164 (2)	3.178 (2)	3.194 (2)	3.212 (2)
(b)					

**Figure S2:** Density Vs Temperature plot of  $\alpha$ -C2 and  $\beta$ -C2.**Reference:**

- S1. J. L. Derissen and P. H. Smith, *Acta Crystallogr. Sect. B*, 1974, **30**, 2240–2242.  
 S2. M.J. Cliffe and A.L. Goodwin, *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 2012, **45**, 1321–1329.  
 S3. S. Bhattacharya, V. G. Saraswatula and B. K. Saha, *Cryst. Growth Des.*, 2016, **16**, 277–284.  
 S4. CrysAlisPro Agilent Technologies Version 1.171.37.31 (release 14-01-2014 CrysAlis171 .NET) (compiled Jan 14 2014, 18:38:05)  
 S5. G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Crystallogra. Sect A*, 2008, **64**, 112–122.  
 S6. G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Crystallogra. Sect. C*, 2015, **71**, 3–8.